EAST PARK ENERGY

East Park Energy

EN010141

Environmental Statement

Volume 2 – Technical Appendices

Appendix 6-7: Site B Trial Trench Evaluation Final Report

Document Reference: EN010141/DR/6.2

Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009: Regulation 5(2)(a)

April 2026

Version P02

EAST PARK ENERGY

Planning Act 2008

Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009

Environmental Statement
Volume 2 – Technical Appendices

Appendix 6-7: Site B Trial Trench Evaluation Final Report

APFP Regulation Reference:	Regulation 5(2)(a)
Planning Inspectorate Scheme Reference:	EN010141
Application Document Number:	EN010141/DR/6.2
Author:	AOC Archaeology Ltd

Version	Date	Status
P01	September 2025	DCO Submission
P02	April 2026	Deadline 2

© AXIS P.E.D. Ltd 2025. All rights reserved.

This document and its accompanying documents contain information which is confidential and is intended only for the use of the client. If you are not one of the intended recipients any disclosure, copying, distribution or action taken in reliance on the contents of the information is strictly prohibited.

Unless expressly agreed, any reproduction of material from this document must be requested and authorised in writing from AXIS P.E.D. Ltd. Authorised reproduction of material must include all copyright and proprietary notices in the same form and manner as the original and must not be modified in any way. Acknowledgement of the source of the material must also be included in all references.

East Park Energy, Area B, Bedfordshire: Archaeological Trial Trench Evaluation

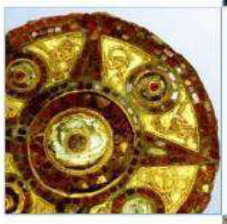
Final Report

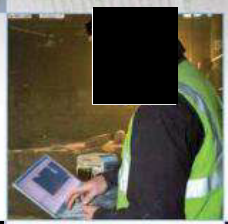
National Grid Reference: TL 09449 63555

AOC Project No: 80210

Site Code: BEDFM 2024.23








AOC Archaeology Group

ARCHAEOLOGY | HERITAGE | CONSERVATION

© AOC ARCHAEOLOGY GROUP 2026

East Park, Areas B, Bedfordshire:
Archaeological Trial Trench Evaluation Final Report

On Behalf of:	**RNA Energy Ltd** **16 Stratford Place,** **London W1C 1BF**
National Grid Reference (NGR):	**TL 09449 63555**
AOC Project No:	**80210**
OASIS ID:	**aocarcha1-542361**
Prepared by:	[redacted]
Illustration by:	[redacted]
Date:	**April 2026**

This document has been prepared in accordance with AOC standard operating procedures.

Author: [redacted]	**Date: April 2026**
Approved by: [redacted]	**Date: April 2026**
Draft/Final Report Stage: Draft	**Date: April 2026**

Enquiries to: AOC Archaeology Group
Unit 3
Goulds Close,
Chancerygate Business Centre
Denbigh West
Milton Keynes
MK1 1QE

Tel. 020 8843 7380
Fax. 020 8892 0549
e-mail. miltonkeynes@aocarchaeology.com

www.**aocarchaeology**.com

AOC Archaeology Group

Contents

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY		13
1	INTRODUCTION	14
2	SITE LOCATION, TOPOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY	14
3	ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL BACKGROUND	15
4	PROJECT AIMS	16
5	METHODOLOGY	17
6	RESULTS	18
7	FINDS	195
8	POTENTIAL CONTRIBUTION TO SEPCIFIC OBJECTIVES	200
9	DISCUSSION	202
10	CONCLUSIONS	205
11	PUBLICATION AND ARCHIVE DESPOSITION	206
12	BIBLIOGRAPHY	207
13	APPENDICES	213
Appendix A: Context Inventory		213
Appendix B: Specialist Reports		382
Appendix C: OASIS Form		444
Appendix D: Figures		447

Figures

Figure 1	Site Location Plan
Figure 2	Site Overview
Figure 3.2	Area B01, B02, Trenching Results
Figure 3.3	Area B03, B04, B05, B06. B07, Trenching Results
Figure 3.4	Area B08, B09, B10, Trenching Results
Figure 3.5	Area B11, B12, B13, B14, Trenching Results
Figure 3.6	Area B15, B16, B17, B18, B19, B20, Trenching Results
Figure 3.7	Area B21, B22, B23, B24, B30. B31, Trenching Results
Figure 3.8	Area B25, B26 B27, Trenching Results
Figure 3.9	Area B28, B29, Trenching Results
Figure 3.10	Trenches 186-188, 196: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.11	Trenches 189, 191: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.12	Trenches 194-195, 197-200: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.13	Trenches 192-194, 198, 201-203: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.14	Trenches 201-204, 206, 209: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.15	Trenches 207-208, 211: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.16	Trenches 212-216: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.17	Trenches 217-221: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.18	Trenches 221-223, 226: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.19	Trenches 223-226: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.20	Trenches 227-228: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.21	Trenches 229-231: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.22	Trenches 233-234, 240: Archaeological Results

Figure 3.23 Trenches 232, 241-242, 248: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.24 Trenches 235-236, 239: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.25 Trenches 237-239: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.26 Trenches 239-240, 244-246: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.27 Trenches 241, 243-244: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.28 Trenches 245-247, 249, 257: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.29 Trenches 251, 253. 258: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.30 Trenches 259-262: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.31 Trenches 290-293: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.32 Trenches 294-297: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.33 Trenches 298-300: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.34 Trenches 263-265, : Archaeological Results
Figure 3.35 Trenches 266, 269: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.36 Trenches 267-268, 281: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.37 Trench 270: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.38 Trenches 271-272: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.39 Trenches 273-275: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.40 Trenches 276-279: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.41 Trenches 280 & 283: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.42 Trenches 282-284: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.43 Trenches 285-289: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.44 Trenches 301-302: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.45 Trenches 303-305: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.46 Trenches 306-309: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.47 Trenches 310-311: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.48 Trenches 312-314: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.49 Trenches 313-315: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.50 Trenches 319-320: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.51 Trenches 321-322: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.52 Trench 323: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.53 Trenches 324-325: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.54 Trench 326: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.55 Trenches 327, 329: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.56 Trenches 328, 331-333: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.57 Trenches 330, 334: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.58 Trenches 335-336: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.59 Trenches 337,342: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.60 Trenches 338,347: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.61 Trenches 339-343: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.62 Trenches 334-345: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.63 Trenches 346-347: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.64 Trenches 350-352: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.65 Trenches 352-353, 358: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.66 Trenches 349, 354-355: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.67 Trenches 356, 362-363: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.68 Trenches 357-358: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.69 Trenches 359-360: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.70 Trenches 360-361, 365: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.71 Trenches 363-364: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.72 Trenches 367-368: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.73 Trenches 369-370: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.74 Trenches 371-372: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.75 Trenches 373-375: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.76 Trenches 388-391, 397: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.77 Trenches 391-392, 396-397: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.78 Trenches 393-396: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.79 Trenches 400-403: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.80 Trenches 401-402, 411-412: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.81 Trenches 398-399, 404-405: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.82 Trenches 406-409: Archaeological Results

Figure 3.83 Trenches 403, 409, 422-423: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.84 Trenches 410-411, 417, 424: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.85 Trenches 413-415: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.86 Trenches 418-419: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.87 Trench 420, 425-426: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.88 Trench 427-430, 439: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.89 Trench 429-432: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.90 Trench 437-439: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.91 Trench 440-444: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.92 Trench 447-448: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.93 Trenches 450-452, 454-455: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.94 Trenches 452-454, 456: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.95 Trenches 455-457: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.96 Trenches 458: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.97 Trenches 459-460: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.98 Trenches 376-377, 383-384: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.99 Trenches 381-383: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.100 Trenches 385-387: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.101 Trenches 379, 380: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.102 Trenches 461-462, 470-479: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.103 Trenches 463-464: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.104 Trenches 465, 467-469, 480: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.105 Trenches 481-482, 494-495: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.106 Trenches 483-484, 492: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.107 Trenches 486, 491: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.108 Trenches 487-490, 498-499: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.109 Trenches 490-493: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.110 Trenches 496-497: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.111 Trenches 499-503: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.112 Trenches 504-507: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.113 Trenches 507-511: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.114 Trenches 512-517: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.115 Trenches 518-521: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.116 Trenches 521-522: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.117 Trenches 523-527: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.118 Trenches 526-529: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.119 Trenches 530, 532: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.120 Trenches 531-532, 605: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.121 Trenches 532-535: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.122 Trenches 536-538: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.123 Trenches 544-545: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.124 Trenches 546-547: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.125 Trenches 539-541: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.126 Trenches 542-543: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.127 Trenches 548-549, 553-555: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.128 Trenches 550, 552-553: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.129 Trenches 553-557: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.130 Trenches 560-562, 565: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.131 Trenches 558-559, 566-568: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.132 Trenches 563, 907, 608: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.133 Trenches 564, 571-574: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.134 Trenches 569-570, 577-578: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.135 Trenches 574-576, 584: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.136 Trenches 579-583, 589: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.137 Trenches 586-588: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.138 Trenches 590-593: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.139 Trenches 594-598, 600: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.140 Trenches 597-599, 602-603: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.141 Trenches 601-604, 606: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.142 Trenches 609-611: Archaeological Results

Figure 3.143 Trench 612: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.144 Trenches 613-615: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.145 Trenches 616-617, 620-621: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.146 Trenches 617-620: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.147 Trenches 622-626: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.148 Trenches 626-631: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.149 Trenches 632-637, 648: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.150 Trenches 638-639, 644, 646: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.151 Trenches 640-642: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.152 Trenches 647, 649, 654-658: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.153 Trenches 645-646, 650-651: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.154 Trenches 651-653, 659: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.155 Trenches 659-663: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.156 Trenches 666, 669: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.157 Trenches 664-665: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.158 Trenches 667-669: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.159 Trenches 670-675: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.160 Trenches 673-676: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.161 Trenches 677-680: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.162 Trenches 3001-3002, 3004: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.163 Trenches 3002-3003, 3005-3006: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.164 Trenches 3007-3008, 3010-3011: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.165 Trenches 3009-3010, 3012-3013: Archaeological Results
Figure 3.166 Trenches 3014-3015: Archaeological Results
Figure 4.1 Trench 193 Excavated Features
Figure 4.2 Trench 194 Excavated Features
Figure 4.3 Trench 194 Excavated Features
Figure 4.4 Trench 195 Excavated Features
Figure 4.5 Trench 196 Excavated Features
Figure 4.6 Trench 197 Excavated Features
Figure 4.7 Trench 198 Excavated Features
Figure 4.8 Trench 200 Excavated Features
Figure 4.9 Trench 201 Excavated Features
Figure 4.10 Trench 201 Excavated Features
Figure 4.11 Trench 207 Excavated Features
Figure 4.12 Trench 210 Excavated Features
Figure 4.13 Trench 210 Excavated Features
Figure 4.14 Trench 211 Excavated Features
Figure 4.15 Trench 211 Excavated Features
Figure 4.16 Trench 211 Excavated Features
Figure 4.17 Trench 213 Excavated Features
Figure 4.18 Trench 213 Excavated Features
Figure 4.19 Trench 220 Excavated Features
Figure 4.20 Trench 223 Excavated Features
Figure 4.21 Trench 225 Excavated Features
Figure 4.22 Trench 229 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.23 Trench 236 Excavated Features
Figure 4.24 Trench 236 Excavated Features
Figure 4.25 Trench 243 Excavated Features
Figure 4.26 Trench 243 Excavated Features
Figure 4.27 Trench 243 Excavated Features
Figure 4.28 Trench 266 Excavated Features
Figure 4.29 Trench 268 Excavated Features
Figure 4.30 Trench 277 Excavated Features
Figure 4.31 Trench 279 Excavated Features
Figure 4.32 Trench 280 Excavated Features
Figure 4.33 Trench 291 Excavated Features
Figure 4.34 Trench 297 Excavated Features
Figure 4.35 Trench 300 Excavated Features
Figure 4.36 Trench 352 Excavated Feature

Figure 4.37 Trench 357 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.38 Trench 358 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.39 Trench 359 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.40 Trench 365 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.41 Trench 368 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.42 Trench 368 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.43 Trench 370 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.44 Trench 371 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.45 Trench 393 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.46 Trench 393 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.47 Trench 393 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.48 Trench 398 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.49 Trench 407 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.50 Trench 409 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.51 Trench 427 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.52 Trench 427 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.53 Trench 428 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.54 Trench 428 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.55 Trench 438 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.56 Trench 438 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.57 Trench 438 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.58 Trench 445 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.59 Trench 449 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.60 Trench 452 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.61 Trench 453 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.62 Trench 376 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.63 Trench 377 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.64 Trench 378 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.65 Trench 379 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.66 Trench 379 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.67 Trench 383 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.68 Trench 387 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.69 Trench 387 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.70 Trench 478 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.71 Trench 482 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.72 Trench 484 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.73 Trench 484 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.74 Trench 484 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.75 Trench 484 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.76 Trench 485 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.77 Trench 490 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.78 Trench 490 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.79 Trench 492 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.80 Trench 492 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.81 Trench 492 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.82 Trench 494 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.83 Trench 494 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.84 Trench 495 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.85 Trench 496 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.86 Trench 496 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.87 Trench 496 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.88 Trench 496 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.89 Trench 497 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.90 Trench 497 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.91 Trench 497 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.92 Trench 502 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.93 Trench 506 Excavated Features
Figure 4.94 Trench 507 Excavated Features
Figure 4.95 Trench 512 Excavated Features
Figure 4.96 Trench 512 Excavated Features

Figure 4.97 Trench 513 Excavated Features
Figure 4.98 Trench 513 Excavated Features
Figure 4.99 Trench 514 Excavated Features
Figure 4.100 Trench 514 Excavated Features
Figure 4.101 Trench 516 Excavated Features
Figure 4.102 Trench 516 Excavated Features
Figure 4.103 Trench 516 Excavated Features
Figure 4.104 Trench 516 Excavated Features
Figure 4.105 Trench 516 Excavated Features
Figure 4.106 Trench 517 Excavated Features
Figure 4.107 Trench 517 Excavated Features
Figure 4.108 Trench 519 Excavated Features
Figure 4.109 Trench 519 Excavated Features
Figure 4.110 Trench 519 Excavated Features
Figure 4.111 Trench 520 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.112 Trench 520 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.113 Trench 520 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.114 Trench 521 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.115 Trench 521 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.116 Trench 522 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.117 Trench 522 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.118 Trench 523 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.119 Trench 523 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.120 Trench 524 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.121 Trench 525 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.122 Trench 525 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.123 Trench 525 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.124 Trench 526 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.125 Trench 526 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.126 Trench 527 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.127 Trench 527 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.128 Trench 528 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.129 Trench 529 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.130 Trench 529 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.131 Trench 529 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.132 Trench 605 Excavated Features
Figure 4.133 Trench 532 Excavated Features
Figure 4.134 Trench 535 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.135 Trench 536 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.136 Trench 536 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.137 Trench 537 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.138 Trench 548 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.139 Trench 548 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.140 Trench 548 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.141 Trench 548 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.142 Trench 549 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.143 Trench 551 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.144 Trench 554 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.145 Trench 554 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.146 Trench 554 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.147 Trench 556 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.148 Trench 557 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.149 Trench 557 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.150 Trench 557 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.151 Trench 557 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.152 Trench 563 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.153 Trench 563 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.154 Trench 567 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.155 Trench 568 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.156 Trench 582 Excavated Feature

Figure 4.157 Trench 582 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.158 Trench 587 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.159 Trenches 587 & 588 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.160 Trenches 587 & 588 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.161 Trench 609 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.162 Trench 618 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.163 Trench 619 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.164 Trench 621 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.165 Trench 625 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.166 Trench 626 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.167 Trench 627 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.168 Trench 628 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.169 Trench 629 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.170 Trench 629 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.171 Trench 629 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.172 Trench 629 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.173 Trench 630 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.174 Trench 634 Excavated Features
Figure 4.175 Trench 634 Excavated Features
Figure 4.176 Trench 635 Excavated Features
Figure 4.177 Trench 645 Excavated Features
Figure 4.178 Trench 645 Excavated Features
Figure 4.179 Trench 662 Excavated Features
Figure 4.180 Trench 663 Excavated Feature
Figure 4.181 Trench 3014 Excavated
Figure 5.1 Area B01 Rep Sections
Figure 5.2 Area B02 Rep Sections
Figure 5.3 Area B02 Rep Sections
Figure 5.4 Area B03 Rep Sections
Figure 5.5 Area B03 Rep Sections
Figure 5.6 Area B04 Rep Sections
Figure 5.7 Area B07 Rep Sections
Figure 5.8 Area B08-10 Rep Sections
Figure 5.9 Area B011 Rep Sections
Figure 5.10 Area B012 Rep Sections
Figure 5.11 Area B013 Rep Sections
Figure 5.12 Area B014 Rep Sections
Figure 5.13 Area B015-20 Rep Sections
Figure 5.14 Area B015-20 Rep Sections
Figure 5.15 Area B015-20 Rep Sections
Figure 5.16 Area B015-20 Rep Sections
Figure 5.17 Area B021-25 Rep Sections
Figure 5.18 Area B021-25 Rep Sections
Figure 5.19 Area B021-25 Rep Sections
Figure 5.20 Area B021-25 Rep Sections
Figure 5.21 Area B026 Rep Sections
Figure 5.22 Area B027 Rep Sections
Figure 5.23 Area B030-31 Rep Sections
Figure 5.24 Area B25 Rep Sections
Figure 5.25 Area B28 & B29 Rep Sections
Figure 5.26 Area B28 & B29 Rep Sections
Figure 6.1 Area B01 Feature Sections
Figure 6.2 Area B02 Feature Sections
Figure 6.3 Area B04 Feature Sections
Figure 6.4 Area B05 Feature Sections
Figure 6.5 Area B011 Feature Sections
Figure 6.6 Area B012 Feature Sections
Figure 6.7 Area B013 Feature Sections
Figure 6.8 Area B014 Feature Sections
Figure 6.9 Area B015-20 Feature Sections

Figure 6.10 Area B015-20 Feature Sections
Figure 6.11 Area B015-20 Feature Sections
Figure 6.12 Area B015-20 Feature Sections
Figure 6.13 Area B015-20 Feature Sections
Figure 6.14 Area B015-20 Feature Sections
Figure 6.15 Area B021-25 Feature Sections
Figure 6.16 Area B021-25 Feature Sections
Figure 6.17 Area B021-25 Feature Sections
Figure 6.18 Area B026 Feature Sections
Figure 6.19 Area B027 Feature Sections
Figure 6.20 Area B030-31 Feature Sections
Figure 6.21 Area B28 & B29 Feature Sections

Plates

Plate 1: Ditch [19303] in Trench 193, looking east
Plate 2: Ditch [19411] in Trench 194, looking southwest
Plate 3: Pit [19407] = [19409] in Trench 194, looking north
Plate 4: Slot [19409] in Trench 194, looking east
Plate 5: Slot [19405] in Trench 194, looking northwest
Plate 6: Ditch [19503] in Trench 195, looking southeast
Plate 7: Ditch [19603] in Trench 196, looking west
Plate 8: Ditch [19703] in Trench 197, looking east (photo board has wrong context)
Plate 9: Ditch [19803] in Trench 198, looking west
Plate 10: Ditch [20004] in Trench 200, looking east
Plate 11: Ditch [20103] in Trench 201, looking northwest
Plate 12: Ditch [20105] in Trench 201, looking northwest
Plate 13: Pit [20703] in Trench 207, looking northeast
Plate 14: Ditch [21008] in Trench 210, looking east
Plate 15: Ditches [21005] and [21003] in Trench 210, looking north
Plate 16: Ditch [21103] Trench 211, looking northeast
Plate 17: Ditch [21105] Trench 211, looking northeast
Plate 18: Ditch [21107] Trench 211, looking southwest
Plate 19: Ditches [21303] and [21305] in Trench 213, looking south
Plate 20: Ditch [21307] in Trench 213, looking northeast
Plate 21: Gully [22004] in Trench 220, looking northwest
Plate 22: Ditch [225004] in Trench 225, looking southeast
Plate 23: Pit [22907] in Trench 229, looking north
Plate 24: Gully [236012] in Trench 236, looking north
Plate 25: Ditch [236010] truncating ditch [236008] in Trench 236, looking north
Plate 26: Ditch [24305] in Trench 243, looking northeast
Plate 27: Ditch [26604], looking north
Plate 28: Gully [26804], looking northwest
Plate 29: Stakehole [29004], looking west southwest
Plate 30: Pit [29704], looking west
Plate 31: Ditch [30004], looking north
Plate 32: Pit [35305] and posthole [35206], looking north
Plate 33: Ditch [35704], looking west
Plate 34: Pit [35904] (forefront) with ditch [35908] (background) and pit [35906] to the west, looking north
Plate 35: Ditch [36804], looking east
Plate 36: Ditch [3004], looking northwest
Plate 37: Ditch [37008] truncated by pit [37010], looking south
Plate 38: Pit [37104], looking north
Plate 39: Pit [39310] truncating ditch [39312], looking east
Plate 40: Pit [39805], looking north
Plate 41: Pit [40004], looking north
Plate 42: Ditch [40704], looking south
Plate 43: Pit [40904], looking northwest

Plate 44: Palaeochannel [42712], looking west
Plate 45: Palaeochannel [42708], looking south
Plate 46: Ditch [42805], looking northeast
Plate 47: Ditch [43814], looking southeast
Plate 48: Pit [44504], looking south
Plate 49: Ditch [44905], looking northwest
Plate 50: Post hole [45304], looking northwest
Plate 51: Post hole [47810], looking south (wrong number on photo board)
Plate 52: Ditch [37706], looking west
Plate 53: Ditch [37904], looking west
Plate 54: Ditch [37907], looking west
Plate 55: Ditch [38304], looking south
Plate 56: Ditch [38706], looking southeast
Plate 57: Pit [48204], looking southwest
Plate 58: Pits [48419] and [48419] truncating gully [48423], looking north
Plate 59: Pits [48415] and [48416], looking northeast
Plate 60: Deposit (49006) in Trench 490, looking west
Plate 61: Pit [49212] truncating [49222], looking north
Plate 62: Ditch [49227] truncating ditch [49224], looking north
Plate 63: Ditches [49206], [49211] and [49208], looking northwest
Plate 64: Ditches [49615] and [49617], looking west
Plate 65: Ditch [4965] and pit [49607], looking east
Plate 66: Ditch [49627] and pit [49629], looking north
Plate 67: Ditch [49709], truncated by ditch [49708] (left) and ditch [49710] (right), looking west
Plate 68: Ditch [50204], looking west
Plate 69: Ditch [50707], looking west
Plate 70: Ditch [51208], looking north
Plate 71: Ditch [51205], looking north
Plate 72: Post-hole [51315], looking northeast
Plate 73: Gully [51407], looking northeast
Plate 74: Ditch [51416], truncated by ditch [51413] (center) and ditch [51410] (right), looking south
Plate 75: Ditch [51625], truncated by ditch [51622], [51628] and ditch [51630], looking west
Plate 76: Slot in pit [51633] = [52638], looking east
Plate 77: Ditch [51617] truncating ditch [51619], looking west
Plate 78: Ditch [51904] truncating pit [51907], looking northwest
Plate 79: Ditch [51919], looking southeast
Plate 80: Pit [51910], looking south
Plate 81: Ditch [52018], looking southeast
Plate 82: Posthole [52006], looking east
Plate 83: Pit [52104], looking northeast
Plate 84: Ditch [52119] and terminus [52121], looking northwest
Plate 85: Ditch terminus [52204], looking northeast
Plate 86: Ditch [52208], looking north
Plate 87: Ditch [52306], looking north
Plate 88: Ditch [52508], looking north
Plate 89: Pits [52605] and [52607], looking south
Plate 90: Pit [52706], looking northwest
Plate 91: Gully [52904], looking northeast
Plate 92: Ditch [53206], looking west
Plate 93: Ditch [59703], looking northwest
Plate 94: Pit [60507], looking west
Plate 95: Pit [54903], looking west
Plate 96: Ditch [55103], looking east
Plate 97: Ditch [55403], looking north
Plate 98: Gully [55603], looking southeast
Plate 99: Ditch or furrow [55703], looking south
Plate 100: Ditch [56305], looking west
Plate 101: Deposit (56707 / 56708), looking west
Plate 102: Ditch [58203], looking southwest
Plate 103: Ditch [58708], looking east

Plate 104: Ditch [58703], looking west
Plate 105: Terminae [58806] and [55803], looking east
Plate 106: Ditch [60903], looking north
Plate 107: Ditch [618006], looking east
Plate 108: Ditch [62105], looking south
Plate 109: Ditch [625105], looking west
Plate 110: Mid-excavation of ditch [62917] showing human bone, looking east
Plate 111: Ditch [62917], looking southeast
Plate 112: Ditch [62905], looking east
Plate 113: Ditches [63005] and [63007], looking north
Plate 114: Ditch [63411], looking north
Plate 115: Ditch [63406], looking northwest
Plate 116: Ditch [63507], looking northwest
Plate 117: Ditch [63504], looking northwest
Plate 118: Ditch [63505], looking south
Plate 119: Posthole [66206], looking south
Plate 120: Posthole [66204], looking south
Plate 121: Pit [66304], looking east
Plate 122: Ditch [301402], looking northwest
Plate 123: Ditch [301403], looking northwest
Plate 124: Furrow [67903] looking north

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This document has been prepared on behalf of RNA Energy Ltd to support a proposal for the proposed East Park Energy comprising a new ground-mounted solar photovoltaic energy generating station and an associated on-site Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) on land to the north-west of St Neots, Cambridgeshire (the Scheme).

The works were undertaken to assess the presence or absence of archaeological remains, depth, condition and significance as suggested by the geophysical survey previously undertaken by AOC Archaeology (AOC 2024a). A Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) was prepared by AOC Archaeology (AOC 2024b), which detailed the scope and methodology of the archaeological evaluation. The works were conducted by AOC Archaeology in accordance with current and best practices, standards, and guidelines. The works were monitored by the Historic England (HE) Inspector for Ancient Monuments and Senior Archaeologist at Bedfordshire Borough Council (BBCC).

The evaluation at Area B comprised the excavation of trenches across 31 Sub-Areas of Area B (B01 – B31). Of the 510 trenches excavated, 119 yielded archaeological evidence while 391 remined negative. Modern truncations in the form of field drains and plough scars were indicative of agricultural practices occurring across the areas, however generally, preservation of archaeological features was moderate, with the depth the archaeological features were recorded at being fairly consistent, with on average 0.14m of subsoil (where present) and 0.24m of topsoil over lying the activity.

The archaeological remains found during the trial trenching evaluation in Area B shows evidence of archaeological activity in Areas (B01, B02, B04, B05, B11-B15, B17-B20, B21, B23, B26-B29 and B31). Most of the features range in date from the Late Iron Age to the Early Roman period, with a localised number of features relating to post-medieval agricultural practices. Discrete residual flint debitage flakes indicate the presence prehistoric activity in the local landscape, possibly dating from the Neolithic period onwards.

The archaeological evaluation has revealed agricultural activity and likely modest rural occupation activity mainly spanning from the Late Iron Age the Romano-British period. The activity, exemplified by ditches, gullies, pits and rectilinear enclosures, as well as limited curvilinear enclosures. The rectilinear enclosure may be associated with rural settlement or agricultural activity or both. The south of Area B18 contained a vast amount of archaeological evidence is representative of a Romano-British ladder settlement comprising multiple rectilinear and curvilinear enclosures. One ditch in Trench 629 in Area 27 e contained a fragmented human skull likely represented a structured deposit which is common in the early Roman period. Additionally, two presumed prehistoric roundhouses were recorded in Area B28.

Post-medieval activity was exemplified by field systems, including pre and post ordnance survey field boundaries as well as furrows, with a concentration of the latter in Area B31.

Overall, the findings provide valuable insights into land use over time, with pre-Roman Iron Age and Early Roman agricultural activity and settlement, and post-medieval agricultural activity spread throughout Area B. Area B preserves evidence of rural settlement from the Late Iron Age through the Roman conquest, with Roman pottery indicating modest, scattered domestic activity. Also, residual finds likely indicate earlier activity in the surrounding landscape, dating to as early prehistoric period.

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 This report details the results of an archaeological trial trench evaluation undertaken in support of a planning proposal for the development of new ground-mounted solar photovoltaic energy generating station and an associated on-site Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) on land to the north-west of St Neots, Cambridgeshire. The entire scheme measures approximately 768 ha and is subdivided into East Park Areas A to D, between the counties of Cambridgeshire and Bedfordshire (Figure 1).

1.2 This report focuses on the results of the pre-determination stage of trenching in Area B within the central part of the scheme. The evaluation in Area B, which was centred at National Grid Reference (NGR): TL 09449 63555, was carried out across 32 fields within farmland between Pertenhall, to the northwest and Green End, Little Staughton, Bedfordshire (Figure 2). The scope of the evaluation in Area B was set out in the Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) by AOC Archaeology (AOC 2024a). Area B is located within the administrative area of Bedford Borough Council which is advised on archaeological matters by the Bedford Borough Council Historic Environment Team (BBHET).

1.3 The geophysical survey, undertaken by AOC Archaeology 2023-2025 identified anomalies which have been targeted during the archaeological trial trenching in Area B (AOC 2024b). The survey revealed eight foci of archaeological activity within Area B, which were thought most likely to represent well-structured settlement systems with double ditch trackways, enclosure systems and possible funerary activity. The results of the geophysical survey in Area B are further discussed below.

1.4 The works were conducted by AOC Archaeology in accordance with current best practice, standards and guidelines, including the professional standards issued by the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA), specifically the Standard and Universal Guidance for Archaeological Field Evaluation (CIfA 2023a, 2023b). The works were monitored by the Bedford Borough Council Historic Environment Team (BBHET).

1.5 The results of the evaluation will be used to formulate an appropriate archaeological mitigation strategy for the proposed development site, if one is required. With the decision coming from the Local Planning Archaeologist and LPA.

2 SITE LOCATION, TOPOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY

2.1 The site, which measures 62.21 ha, is located within agricultural land to the southwest of Great Staughton, and north and northwest of Little Staughton. The site is located to the south of Staughton Road, north of Westend, east and west of Green End, and east of the B660.

2.2 The British Geology Survey (BGS) (2025) identifies the solid geology of the site as Oxford Clay Formation. BGS mapping of superficial geology shows a diversity of deposits. The superficial deposits recorded within the Scheme Boundary are more variable and include large areas of river terrace (sands and gravels) and sinuous areas of alluvial deposits (clays and silts) in the northern halves of Area B. There are also isolated areas of Diamicton of the Oadby Formation that is recorded as extending within the southern part of Area B.

2.3 River terrace and alluvial deposits are recorded along the routes of minor watercourses including an unnamed brook which run on a northeast to southwest alignment through Area B.

2.4 The fields within Area B are set between 30m and 45m above Ordnance Datum (aOD), with those in the western half forming part of a downward slope, whilst those towards the eastern and northern edge are generally flatter.

2.5 The land use within the Scheme has a generally open character and comprises arable farmland with fields divided by drainage ditches (or in some places bound by the River Kym or its associated brooks) with mature hedgerows and mature trees also generally bounding the fields. There are also around blocks of woodland, surrounded by fields, within Area B.

3 ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

3.1 Initial desk-based assessment work, including review of relevant HERs and the NHLE, map regression, aerial photograph and LiDAR review and archival research as well as walkover survey and initial setting assessment site visits were undertaken in summer 2022 and the historic environment baseline and results of the desk-based research were summarised in the Scoping Report, submitted in 2023. The archaeological background for Area B below is drawn from the Cultural Heritage and Archaeology Chapter of the Scoping Report and asset numbers in this part refer to that document (RNA Energy Ltd 2023). The assets numbers below have can be consulted in the Scoping Report (*Ibid.)*

Area B

3.2 The heritage assets identified within Area B include cropmarks interpreted as the remains of a Bronze Age and/or Iron Age ring ditch (Asset 279); as well as an Iron Age and/or Romano-British enclosures and settlements (Assets 218, 219, 237, 273, 274 & 275).

3.3 Three buildings, all of which likely date from at least the post-medieval period (Assets 186, 322 & 738) and several extraction pits (centred Assets 338 and 346) have also been recorded within Area B.

3.4 A number of findspots (Assets 740-749) including an Anglo-Saxon coin, as well as medieval and post-medieval metal items (largely coins) have been reportedly recovered during metal detecting activities within Area B.

3.5 The Bedford Borough HER also records one of the historic routes within the parish of Keysoe (Asset 858) running on the alignment of the B660 in the western part of Area B along with the recorded location of a former milestone (Asset 455). It also records a no longer extant route that ran through the parish of Little Staughton (Asset 861), running on a curving west to east alignment between Keysoe and Green End, which appears to survive as the line of some of the field boundaries in the southern part of Area B. These recorded post-medieval routes in the parish of Little Staughton that run through Area B also include the extant routes of Little Staughton Road and Staughton Road.

3.6 National Mapping Project data also records areas of ridge and furrow (Assets 817, 818, 826 and 829) and former boundary banks (centred Assets 819, 821 to 825 and 827 to 828). The site visit confirmed that most of these features appear to have been levelled with the exception of a low rise identified along a field boundary within the centre northern area of Area B which may correlate to Asset 822 and extant earthwork remains of an area of ridge and furrow in the southeastern corner of Area B (centred Asset 829).

Geophysical Survey (AOC 2024)

3.7 The results of the 2024 geophysical survey of East Park Area B are summarised below:

Area B

3.8 Eight main focussed areas of activity were identified within Area B, which most likely represent well-structured settlement systems with double ditch trackways, enclosure systems and possible funerary activity in the form of barrows. Some of the anomalies thought to be indicative of prehistoric settlement correlate with HER recorded cropmarks (Assets 219 and 275) in the southern part of Area B.

3.9 The survey also identified a circular area of relatively magnetically quiet response which could be natural or could relate to the location of a former gravel pit (Asset 340); along with a spread of dipolar anomalies that are considered likely to relate to extraction activities in the northern part of Area B.

3.10 Linear positive anomalies that correlate to field boundaries on historic mapping were identified across Area B and modern and historic agricultural practices have also been recorded in form of historic ridge and furrows regimes, modern ploughing, and drains. Further possible archaeological anomalies are recorded within Area B in forms that could not be more confidently interpreted due to being inconsistent or slightly ephemeral. One of these ephemeral anomalies appears to be in the vicinity of D-shaped enclosure cropmarks recorded in the HER (centred Asset 217). These anomalies are fully described within the geophysical survey report.

4 PROJECT AIMS

4.1 The principal object of the evaluation exercise is to establish the character, nature, date, condition and significance of the archaeological resource within Area B and to define the nature and extent of any avoidance or mitigation works that may be required.

4.2 The evaluation should also seek to clarify the nature and extent of existing disturbance and intrusions and hence assess the degree of archaeological survival of buried deposits and any surviving structures of archaeological significance.

4.3 The aims of the archaeological evaluation were based on the archaeological potential and geophysical anomalies as identified and laid out in the WSI (AOC 2024a). These are defined by the Design Brief prepared by the Bedford Borough Council Historic Environment Team (BBC & CHET 2024) and the East of England Regional Research Framework (2021).

4.4 The aims of the archaeological evaluation are defined as being:

- To establish the presence/absence of archaeological remains within Area B;
- To determine or confirm the approximate date or date range of the remains, by means of artefactual or other evidence;
- To assess the depth, condition and significance of the buried remains present within the Area B;
- To record any archaeological remains encountered;
- To determine the degree of complexity of the horizontal and/or vertical stratigraphy present;

- To determine the extent of previous truncations of the archaeological deposits;
- To provide further information as to the significance of the assets to the archaeological advisors at CHET; and
- To make available to interested parties the results of the investigation.

4.5 The specific aims of the archaeological evaluation are defined as being:

- To validate the results of the geophysical survey;
- To investigate the areas of archaeological activity indicated by the geophysical survey within Area B;
- To determine the character and composition of any structural remains;
- To determine the date, function and nature of any cut features;
- To identify any in-situ internal or external surfaces present.;
- To retrieve datable material when available;
- Are any in situ remains of roads or tracks present?;
- Are any alluvial or colluvial deposits present?;
- Are any palaeosols, old land surfaces or palaeochannels present?;
- To investigate the areas with no recorded archaeological anomalies within Area B to test whether there is a greater level of archaeology than indicated in the geophysical survey?
- Is there any variation of date or function of the remains across the Area B. Are any activity zones present?; and
- To determine how the results of the evaluation can contribute to the East of England Regional Research Framework (2021). In particular to topics related to Roman Towns, Infrastructure and Finds Studies.

4.6 The final aim is to make public the results of the investigation, subject to any confidentiality restrictions.

5 METHODOLOGY

5.1 The archaeological evaluation was conducted according to the detailed methodology laid out in the approved WSI (AOC 2024b) which had been outlined in the Brief produced by Bedford Borough Council Historic Environment Team (BBHET), issued in May 2024 (BBC & CHET 2024). Additionally, a WSI addendum was completed for Sub-Areas B25 and B29 (AOC 2025).

5.2 The WSIs outlined a proposed 519 trenches to be excavated across Area B which equated to the below:

- High Development Impact Areas = 37 trenches (c.3.5% of c.9.53 hectares)
- Area of Archaeological Activity = 40 trenches (c.2.5% of c.14.38 hectares)
- Archaeology Activity 30m buffer = 86 trenches (c.3 to 4% of c.26.07 hectares)
- Areas with no activity = 356 trenches (c.1.5% of c.204.70 hectares)

5.3 In total 510 trenches were excavated across Area B during the evaluation. Nine trenches were not excavated due to onsite constraints (e.g. ecology, utilities).

5.4 The trenches were positioned to an accuracy of ± 100mm of the specified trench location using survey-grade Trimble DGPS. Prior to excavation the trench area was surveyed using a CAT 4+.

5.5 The trenches were opened by a mechanical excavator under the supervision of a competent member of AOC staff. Excavation occurred in successive spits down to the first significant archaeological horizon, or natural substratum, whichever was encountered first. All trenches, and any archaeological features found were recorded using AOC's pro-form context and trench record sheets and surveyed to be tied to the national grid using a Trimble GPS. An accession number (BEDFM 2024.23) was issued by Bedfordshire Borough Council (BBC) and used as a site code.

6 RESULTS

Introduction

6.1 The evaluation of Area B was carried between March 2025 and December 2025. Area B is divided into 31 sub-areas (Sub-Areas B01 to B31). A total of 510 trenches were opened. Of the 510 trenches, 119 contained archaeological features. The following sub-areas contained no archaeological features:

- Three trenches in Sub-Area B03 (Trenches 253, 259 & 260),
- Three trenches in Sub-Area B06 (Trenches 316-318),
- Eight trenches in Sub-Area B07 (Trenches 319-326),
- Twelve trenches in Sub-Area B08 (Trenches 312-315 & 327-334),
- Four trenches in Sub-Area B09 (Trenches 335-338),
- Nine trenches in Sub-Area B10 (Trenches 339-347),
- Three trenches in Sub-Area B16 (Trenches 458, 459 & 460),
- Four trenches in Sub-Area B22 (Trenches 544-547),
- Nineteen trenches in Sub-Area B24 (Trenches 539-543 and 594-608).
- Thirteen trenches in Sub-Area B25 (Trenches 3001-3013)
- Six trenches in Sub-Area B30 (Trenches 664-669).

Sub-Area B01

6.2 A total of 31 trenches measuring 50m x 1.8m were excavated in B01, numbered Trench 186 to Trench 216. A range of archaeological features were encountered in twelve out of the 31 trenches (Trenches 193-198, 200, 201, 207, 210, 211 & 213). The naturally-lain deposits ranged from orangish brown silty clay to orangish brown sandy clay. The natural geology was recorded at heights of between 33.79m aOD and 39.90m aOD. No subsoil was recorded in Sub-Area B01. The topsoil consisted of mid greyish brown silty clay in depth from 0.17m and 0.40m.

Sub area B01 Positive Trenches

Trench 193 (Figures 4.1, 5.1 & 6.1)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(19301)	0.20m	35.59m	Compact, mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(19302)	N/A	35.39m	Compact, mid orangish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.3 Trench 193 was located towards the northeast corner of B01 and was orientated north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 193 comprised compact mid, orangish brown, silty clay (19302) which lay at a height of 35.39m aOD. The natural geology in this trench was cut by northwest to southeast shallow ditch [19303] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had a northeast steeply sloping sides and southwest gradually sloping side to a rounded a flat base and measured 0.70m in width and 0.23m in depth (Plate 1). This ditch had a single fill comprised hard mid greyish brown sandy clay (19304) containing 13 pottery sherds of southern British 'Belgic' grog-tempered ware dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD. (Appendix B).



Plate 1: Ditch [19303] in Trench 193, looking east

6.4 The feature and the naturally-lain deposits in Trench 190 were overlain by 0.20m thick topsoil comprising compact mid greyish brown silty clay (19301).

Trench 194 (Figures 4.2 – 4.3, 5.1 & 6.1)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(19401)	0.26m	36.25m	Compact, mid greyish brown, sandy clay topsoil
(19402)	N/A	35.99m	Mid, orange, brown, sandy clay natural geology

6.5 Trench 194 was located to the west of Trench 193 and was orientated northwest to southeast and it targeted geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 194 comprised mid, orange brown, sandy clay (19402) which lay at a height of 35.99m aOD. The natural geology in Trench 194 was cut by three features: ditch [19411], pit [19407] = [19409] and curvilinear feature [19403] = [19405].

6.6 The south-easternmost feature of the trench was ditch [19411], which had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.47m in width by 0.34m deep (Plate 2). The ditch had a single fill entailing firm mid greyish brown silty clay (19412) containing one sheep or goat bone fragment, 20 Roman pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st Century AD and flint (Appendix B). The ditch aligned with a linear geophysical anomaly extending beyond the trench to the southwest before turning southeast. This anomaly, along with another returning linear anomaly, appears to form part of a square enclosure.



Plate 2: Ditch [19411] in Trench 194, looking southwest

6.7 An elongated oval pit, approximately 23 metres to the northwest of ditch [19411] and oriented east–west and was investigated in slots [19409] and [194707] (Plates 3-4). The pit had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 2.40m in length by 0.46 to 0.52m in width by 0.13m deep. Slot [19407] had a single fill comprising compact dark brownish black sandy clay (19408) containing 133 sherds of southern British 'Belgic' grog-tempered ware dating to the 1st century AD, animal bone fragment, seven cereal caryopses, one hazel nut shell, four fragments of oak charcoal, three fragments of cherry charcoal, two fragments of ash charcoal and one fragment of beech charcoal (Appendix B). Also recovered from fill (19408) were four residual flint debitage flakes, indicating the presence of prehistoric activity in the local landscape. Slot [19409] had a single fill comprising compact mid greyish brown with occasional rounded pebbles (19410) also containing charcoal, 23 southern British 'Belgic' grog-tempered ware dating to the 1st century AD and possible flue tile (Appendix B).



Plate 3: Pit [19407] = [19409] in Trench 194, looking north

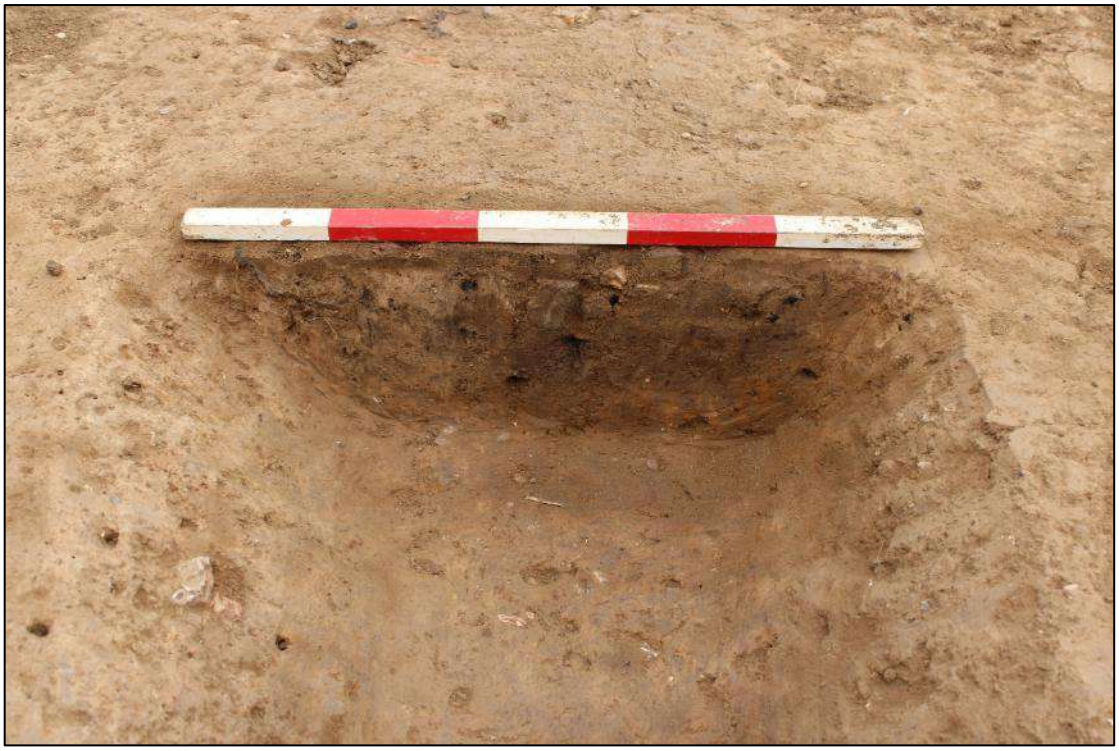


Plate 4: Slot [19409] in Trench 194, looking east

6.8 Approximately 1.75m to the northwest was a curvilinear feature which continued beyond the northern extent of the trench. This curvilinear feature was investigated in slots [19403] and [19405] (Plate 5). This feature had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 5.15m in length by 0.33m to 0.38m in width by 0.07m to 0.18m deep. The fill of this curvilinear feature comprised compact mid greyish brown sand clay (19404 = 19403). Fill (19406) of slot [19405] contained 323 sherds of southern British 'Belgic' grog-tempered ware dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, nodules of clay rich sandy soil, possibly heat affected, and two fragments of cherry oak (Appendix B).



Plate 5: Slot [19405] in Trench 194, looking northwest

6.9 The features in Trench 194 were overlain by 0.26m thick compact, mid greyish brown, sandy clay topsoil (19401). The geophysical anomaly present at the northwest of the trench was not apparent within the trench.

Trench 195 (Figures 4.4, 5.1 & 6.1)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(19501)	0.20m	38.63m	Loose to compact, mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(19502)	N/A	38.43m	Compact mid orangish brown silty clay natural geology

6.10 Trench 195 was located to the northwest of Trench 194 and was orientated northeast to southwest, targeting geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 195 comprised compact mid orangish brown silty clay (19502) which lay at a height of 38.43m aOD. The natural geology was cut by north-north-west to south-south-east ditch [19503] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had a gradually sloping northeast side and a steeply sloping southwest side to a rounded base, and measured over 1.80m in length by 2.30m in width by 0.27m deep (Plate 6). This linear feature had two fills; a primary fill comprising compact mid greyish yellow sandy clay (19504) with occasional rounded and angular stones containing one pig bone fragment; and upper fill consisting of compact mid yellowish brown sandy clay (19505) containing two pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the first century AD and one fragment of elm charcoal (Appendix B).



Plate 6: Ditch [19503] in Trench 195, looking southeast

6.11 The stratigraphic sequence was capped by 0.20m of thick loose to compact, mid greyish brown, silty clay (19501). Within the trench, the geophysical anomalies were not apparent, however the presence of the ditch feature may represent activity connected to the anomalies.

Trench 196 (Figures 4.5, 5.1 & 6.1)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(19601)	0.25m	38.89m	Compact, mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(19602)	N/A	38.64m	Compact mid orangish brown silty clay natural geology

6.12 Trench 196 was located to the northwest of Trench 195 and was orientated north to south. The trench targeted geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 196 comprised compact mid orangish brown silty clay (19602) which lay at a height of 38.64m aOD. The natural geology was cut by a west-north-west to east-south-east shallow ditch [19603] which was recorded in the centre of Trench 196, had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m by 0.24m in width by 0.18m deep (Plate 7). This linear feature had a single fill comprising compact mid brownish orange sandy clay (19604) with occasional medium angular stones and nodules of sandy iron-rich concretions. This fill contained six fragments of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to Romano-British period and c two residual flint debitage flakes, suggesting prehistoric activity within the surrounding landscape (Appendix B). Also recovered from this fill was one caryopsis of wheat. The ditch was aligned with a

geophysical anomaly that continued beyond the extent of the trench and appears to be part of a partial sub-circular enclosure, likely dating from the Late Iron Age onwards based on associated finds.



Plate 7: Ditch [19603] in Trench 196, looking west

6.13 The feature in Trench 196 and the natural geology was overlain by a 0.25m thick compact, mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil (19601).

Trench 197 (Figures 4.6, 5.1 & 6.1)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(19701)	0.3m	39.54m	Friable mid greyish brown sandy clay topsoil
(19702)	N/A	39.24m	Friable light yellowish brown clayey sand natural geology

6.14 Trench 197 was located to the centre of B01 and was orientated northeast to southwest, targeting geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 197 comprised friable light yellowish brown clayey sand (19702) which lay at a height of 39.24m aOD. The natural geology was cut by northwest to southeast ditch [19703] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had moderately sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.07m in width by 0.25m deep (Plate 8). This linear feature had a sole fill comprising compact mid brownish grey silty sand with occasional small sub-angular stones (19704).



Plate 8: Ditch [19703] in Trench 197, looking east (photo board has wrong context)

6.15 The stratigraphic sequence was capped by 0.30m thick friable mid greyish brown sandy clay topsoil (19701). The ditch within the trench corresponded with a geophysical anomaly in the centre of the trench, however the other anomalies the trench targeted where not apparent in the trench.

Trench 198 (Figures 4.7, 5.1 & 6.1)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(19801)	0.24m	37.86m	Compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(19802)	N/A	37.62m	Compact mid orangish brown silty clay natural geology

6.16 Trench 198 was located within the centre of B01 and was orientated northwest to southeast, targeting geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 198 comprised compact mid orangish brown silty clay (19802) which lay at a height of 37.62m aOD. The natural geology in Trench 198 was cut by east to west orientated ditch [19803] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had gradually sloping sides to a uneven to flat base, and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.35m in width by 0.33m deep (Plate 9). This linear feature had three fills; a primary fill comprising firm brownish yellowish silty clay with frequent small stones (19806) containing one fragment of horse or donkey bone and 232 fragments of unidentified mammal bone; a secondary fill entailing friable mid greyish yellow sandy clay (18905) containing two residual prehistoric debitage flakes, eight pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the

1st century AD, two cattle bones, 27 unidentified mammal bones and one cattle bone; and an upper fill consisting of friable mid greyish brown sandy clay (19804) containing four residual prehistoric debitage flakes, 133 Romano-British pottery sherds dating from the Late 3rd to the 4th century AD, two cattle bones, four hare or rabbit bones, two sheep or goat bones, 42 unidentified mammal bones, one barley caryopsis, two wheat caryopses, five cereal caryopses, one dock achene, one fragment of oak charcoal, one roundwood of cherry charcoal, one fragment and four roundwoods of apple-type charcoal, four fragments of oak charcoal and one roundwood of blackthorn(Appendix B). Fill (19804) was truncated by a field drain. The debitage flakes recovered from ditch [19803] likely represent a general background of prehistoric activity in the local landscape.



Plate 9: Ditch [19803] in Trench 198, looking west

6.17 The stratigraphic sequence was capped by 0.24m thick compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (19801). The ditch within the trench did not correspond with any of the geophysical anomalies; the anomaly present at the northwest end of the trench was not apparent.

Trench 200 (Figures 4.8, 5.1 & 6.1)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(20001)	0.25m	40.15m	Compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(20002)	N/A	39.9m	Compact mid orangish brown silty clay natural geology

6.18 Trench 200 was located to the central west of B01 and was orientated northwest to southeast, targeting geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 200 comprised compact mid orangish brown silty clay (20002) which lay at a height of 39.9m aOD. The natural geology was cut by ditch [20004], orientated northeast to southwest (Plate 10). Ditch [20004] had a steeply sloping northwest side and a moderately sloping southeast side to a concave base, and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.90m in width by 0.42m deep. This linear feature had two fills; a primary fill comprising compact dark brown grey sandy clay (20005) with occasional sub-angular small pebbles containing seven pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, and five fragments of red brick dating from the post-medieval to the modern periods; and an upper fill comprising compact dark orange brown silty clay (20003) containing no finds (Appendix B). This ditch aligned with a linear geophysical anomaly that extended beyond the trench and formed part of a square enclosure located to the southwest. The brick is probably residual and represents disturbance associated with farming activity.



Plate 10: Ditch [20004] in Trench 200, looking east

6.19 The ditch and natural geology was overlain by 0.25m thick compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (20001).

Trench 201 (Figures 4.9-4.10, 5.1 & 6.1v)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(20101)	0.25m	36.37m	Friable greyish brown sandy clay topsoil
(20102)	N/A	36.12m	Friable light yellowish brown sandy clay natural geology

6.20 Trench 201 was located to the central east of B01 and was orientated northeast to southwest, targeting geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 201 comprised friable light yellowish brown sandy clay (20102) which lay at a height of 36.12m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 201 were cut by two west-north-west to east-south-east orientated linear features. Ditch [20103] was the north-easternmost feature in the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base, and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.80m in width by 0.65m deep (Plate 11). This feature had a single fill comprising compact dark greyish brown sandy silt (20104) with frequent small stones and pebbles containing one residual debitage flake, 77 sherds of southern British '*Belgic'* grog-tempered ware dating from the 1st century to the 1st century AD (Appendix B). The debitage flake recovered from ditch [20103] represent rare blade-like debitage flakes consistent with the systematic cores of the Neolithic period, potentially the early Neolithic, suggest the presence of early prehistoric activity within the surrounding landscape.

6.21 Approximately 11m to the southwest of ditch [20103] was ditch [20105] which had gradually sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.30m in width by 0.25m deep (Plate 12). This ditch had a single fill entailing compact dark greyish brown sandy silt (20106).

6.22 The two ditches recorded in the trench aligned with two geophysical anomalies which continued beyond the extent of the trench and formed a partial square enclosure.



Plate 11: Ditch [20103] in Trench 201, looking northwest



Plate 12: Ditch [20105] in Trench 201, looking northwest

6.23 The features in this trench were overlain by 0.25m thick friable greyish brown sandy clay topsoil (201060.

Trench 207 (Figure Figures 4.11, 5.1 & 6.1)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(20701)	0.26m	36.25m	Friable mid greyish brown sandy clay topsoil
(20702)	N/A	35.99m	Friable mid yellowish brown sandy clay natural geology

6.24 Trench 207 was located in the central south area of B01 and was orientated northeast to southwest. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 207 comprised friable mid yellowish brown sandy clay (20702) which lay at a height of 35.99m aOD. The natural geology in this trench was cut by circular pit [20703] which had steeply sloping sides to a flattish base and measured 0.75m in diameter by 0.17m deep (Plate 13). This feature, had two fills; a primary fill comprising firm flint and gravel mixed with mid orangish brown sandy silt (20704) containing six prehistoric debitage flakes, likely residual, and 20 fragments of oak charcoal ; and a secondary fill entailing soft blackish brown dark sandy silt (20705) containing charcoal flecks and no finds (Appendix B).



Plate 13: Pit [20703] in Trench 207, looking northeast

6.25 The stratigraphic sequence was capped by 0.26m thick friable mid greyish brown sandy clay topsoil (20701).

Trench 210 (Figure Figures 4.12 – 4.13, 5.1 & 6.1)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(21001)	0.33 m	39.06m	Mid greyish brown sandy clay topsoil
(21002)	N/A	38.73m	Mid orangish brown sandy clay natural geology

6.26 Trench 210 was located to the central west of B01 and was orientated north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 210 comprised yellow mid orangish brown sandy clay (21002) which lay at a height of 38.73m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by two features: ditches [21003] and [21008].

6.27 The northernmost feature in the trench was west-north-west to east-south-east orientated ditch [21008] which continued beyond the limits of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.10m in width by 0.19m deep (Plate 14). This feature had a primary fill comprising firm dark greyish brown silty clay (21007) with frequent small and large stones.



Plate 14: Ditch [21008] in Trench 210, looking east

6.28 Approximately 12.5m to the south was northwest to southeast ditch [21005] which continued beyond the western extent of the trench but was truncated by ditch [21003] to the east (Plate 15). Ditch [21005] had gradually sloping sides to a bowl shaped base and measured over 0.81m

in length by 0.60m in width by 0.15m deep. The single fill of this feature entailed moderately lose dark greyish brown silty clay (21006) containing no finds.

6.29 Ditch [21003] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, truncated ditch [21005], had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.20m in width by 0.17m deep (Plate 15). The primary fill of ditch [21003] consisted of a moderately loose dark greyish brown silty clay (21004) containing eight pottery sherds dating from the 1st century to the 1st century AD, two cattle bones, 16 unidentified mammal bones, one sheep or goat bones, two fragments of oak charcoal, one blackthorn charcoal fragment and one fragment of birch charcoal(Appendix B). This ditch also contained three residual debitage flakes which indicated the presence of prehistoric activity within the local landscape. This feature aligned with a geophysical anomaly that continued to the east in a southwest to northeast orientation to then turned towards the southwest.



Plate 15: Ditches [21005] and [21003] in Trench 210, looking north

6.30 The stratigraphic sequence was capped by 0.33m thick mid greyish brown sandy clay topsoil (21001).

Trench 211 (Figure Figures 4.14 - 4.16, 5.1 & 6.1)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(21101)	0.32m	37.38m	Mid greyish brown sandy clay topsoil
(21102)	N/A	37.06m	Mid orangish brown sandy clay natural geology

6.31 Trench 211 was located towards the central south of B01 and was orientated northwest to southeast, targeting geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 211 comprised mid orangish brown sandy clay (21102) which lay at a height of 37.06m aOD. The natural geology was cut by two northeast to southwest orientated ditches: [21103], [21105] and [21107].

6.32 Ditch [21103], which was located along the southeastern edge of the trench, had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.63m in width by 0.20m deep (Plate 16). This feature had a primary fill comprising compact mid orangish brown sandy clay (21104) containing charcoal fragments and four pottery sherds dating from 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).



Plate 16: Ditch [21103] Trench 211, looking northeast

6.33 Approximately 21m to the northwest was northeast to southwest orientated ditch [21105] which had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.84m in width by 0.50m deep (Plate 17). This feature had a single fill entailing firm dark greyish brown

silty clay (21106) containing 64 southern British '*Belgic'* grog tempered pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, 40 unidentified mammal bones, 11 sheep or goat bones(Appendix B).

6.34 Ditches [21103] and [21105] h aligned with linear geophysical anomalies continuing beyond the trench and forming a sub-rectangular enclosure.



Plate 17: Ditch [21105] Trench 211, looking northeast

6.35 Northeast to southwest ditch [21107] was located along the northwestern edge of the trench (Plate 18). This ditch feature had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.40m in width by 0.50m deep. The single fill of ditch [21107] comprised compact mid greyish brown sandy clay (21108) containing six pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD and one cattle bone (Appendix B). The ditch aligned with a linear geophysical anomaly that extended beyond the extent of the trench.



Plate 18: Ditch [21107] Trench 211, looking southwest

6.36 The stratigraphic sequence was capped by a 0.32m thick topsoil comprising mid greyish brown sandy clay (21101) which contained one residual flint debitage flakes suggesting prehistoric activity in the surrounding area (Appendix B).

Trench 213 (Figure 4.17, 5.1 & 6.1))

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(21301)	0.26m	39.26m	Mid greyish brown sandy clay yopsoil
(21302)	N/A	39m	Mid orange brown sandy clay natural geology

6.37 Trench 213 was located towards the southwestern area of B01 and was orientated west-north-west to east-south-east. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 213 comprised mid orange brown sandy clay (21302) which lay at a height of 39m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in the trench were cut by ditch [21307] and sub-oblong pit [21305] which had a very shallow sloping east side to a potentially flat base and measured 0.55m in diameter by 0.11m deep (Plate 19). This feature had a single fill of moderately lose orangish brown silty clay (21306). Oblong pit [21303] truncated the west edge of pit [21305] and contained a single fill of loose mid greyish brown silty clay (21304) which contained one fragment of cattle bone (Appendix B).



Plate 19: Ditches [21303] and [21305] in Trench 213, looking south

6.38 Ditch [21307] followed a northeast to southwest route across the northwest edge of the west-north-west to east-south-east edge of Trench 213 (Plate 20). It had steeply sloping and stepped sides to a flattish base, measure over 1.8m in length by 1.70m in width by 0.29m deep. This possible curvilinear feature had a single fill comprising firm dark greyish brown silty clay (21308) containing 18 unidentified mammal bones (Appendix B). This ditch aligned with a geophysical anomaly which continued beyond the extent of the trench and formed part of a part curvilinear and part sub-rectangular enclosure.



Plate 20: Ditch [21307] in Trench 213, looking northeast

6.39 The stratigraphic sequence was capped by 0.26m thick mid greyish brown sandy clay topsoil (21301).

Sub-Area B02

6.40 A total of 38 trenches measuring 50m x 1.8m were excavated in Sub-Area B02, numbered 217-251,257 and 258. A range of archaeological features were encountered in six out of the 38 trenches (Trenches 220, 223, 225, 229, 236, and 243). The naturally-lain deposits consisted of a mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand. The natural geology was recorded a heights of between 37.23m aOD and 33.08m aOD. Generally the trenches had a subsoil of orange, brown sandy silt varying in depth from 0.50m to 0.11m. The topsoil consisted of a mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand in depths from 0.18m and 0.34m.

6.41 The geophysical anomalies within B02 were not apparent within any of the trenches which targeted them. Instead, a small number of archaeological features were recorded in 'blank' trenches.

Sub area B02 Positive Trenches

Trench 220 (Figures 4.19, 5.2, 5.3 & 6.2))

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(220001)	0.34m	33.92m	Mid brown silty loam topsoil
(220002)	0.50m	33.58m	Orange, brown sand silt with gravel subsoil
(220003)	n/a	33.08m	Yellow brown sandy gravel natural

6.42 Trench 220 was located towards the northeast of B02 and was oriented northwest-north-east to south-south-west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 220 comprised yellow brown sandy gravel (220001) which lay at a height of 33.92m aOD.

6.43 Trench 220 contained one gully [220004] which cut the naturally-lain deposits in the north-north-east edge of the trench (Plate 21). Gully [220004] had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.35m in width by 0.11m in depth. This gully continued beyond the extent of the trench. This feature had a single fill of compact brownish black clayey silt (220005) which contained no finds.



Plate 21: Gully [22004] in Trench 220, looking northwest

6.44 The gully and the naturally-lain deposits in the trench were overlain by 0.5m thick orange, brown sand silt with gravel subsoil (220002) which in turn was overlain by a 0.34m topsoil comprising mid brown silty loam topsoil (220001).

Trench 223 (Figures 4.20, 5.2 & 6.2)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(223001)	0.30m	34.30m	Mid brown silty loam topsoil
(223002)	0.28m	34m	Orange, brown sand silt with gravel subsoil
(223003)	N/A	33.72m	Yellow brown sandy gravel natural

6.45 Trench 223 was located towards the northwest of B02 and was orientated north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 220 comprised yellow brown sandy gravel (223003) which lay at a height of 33.72m aOD. Only one feature cut the naturally-lain deposits in Trench 223, ditch [223004] which was on an east-north-east to south-west-south orientation located in the northern edge of the trench. This feature, which continued beyond the limits of the trench to the northwest and seemed to terminate within the trench to the southeast, had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and it measured 1.06m in width by 0.23m deep. The primary fill of ditch [223004] entailed firm yellowish brown clayey silt (223005) which contained no finds.

6.46 The ditch and the naturally-lain deposit in this trench were overlain by 0.28m thick orange, brown sand silt with gravel subsoil (223002) which in turn was overlain by 0.30m thick mid brown silty loam topsoil (223001).

Trench 225 (Figures 4.21, 5.2 & 6.2)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(225001)	0.20m	35.07m	Mid brown silty loam topsoil
(225002)	0.20m	34.87m	Orange, brown sand silt with gravel subsoil
(225003)	N/A	34.67m	Yellow brown sandy gravel natural

6.47 Trench 225 was located to the southwest of Trench 223 and was orientated north-north-east to south-south-west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 225 comprised yellow brown sandy gravel (225003) which lay at a height of 34.67m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by west-north-west to east-south-east orientated ditch gully [225004] which was located in the centre of the trench (Plate 22). This feature continued beyond the trenches' western boundary and terminated to the east. The ditch had steeply sloping sides to a uneven base and measured 1.30m in depth by 1.30m deep. This linear feature had two fills; a primary fill consisting of plastic

mid yellowish brown clayey silt (225005) containing no finds; and an upper fill of plastic dark black silty clay (225006) containing no finds.

6.48 Overlaying the naturally-lain deposits and the ditch was a 0.20m thick orange, brown sand silt with gravel subsoil (225002) which in turn was overlain by a 0.20m thick mid brown silty loam topsoil (225001).



Plate 22: Ditch [225004] in Trench 225, looking southeast

Trench 229 (Figures 4.22, 5.2 & 6.2)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(229001)	0.18m	36.27m	Greyish brown, clayey silt topsoil
(229002)	N/A	36.09m	Yellow brown, sandy clay natural geology

6.49 Trench 229 was located to the south of Trench 225 and was east to west orientated. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 229 comprised yellow brown, sandy clay (229002) which lay at 36.09m aOD. Trench 229 contained two archaeological features that cut the naturally-lain deposits: gully [22904] and pit [22907].

6.50 The eastern most feature was a north-north-east to south-south-west orientated gully [22904] which continued beyond the limits of the trench. This feature had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured 0.47m in width by 0.22m deep. This gully had a primary fill of firm dark greyish brown silty clay (22903) containing no finds. Gully [22904] was cut by a small sub-

circular possible post hole [22909] with a concave base and measuring 0.06m diameter by 0.04m deep. This feature had a single fill of loose grey silty sand (22908) containing no finds .

6.51 Approximately 8m to the east of gully [22904] was circular pit [22907] which had gradually sloping sides and measured 2.20m by 0.55m by 0.50m deep (Plate 23). This feature had two fills; a primary fill of firm dark blackish grey silty clay (22906) containing six fragments of heat affected stone, 10 residual flint debitage flakes, 96 British pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD , five fragments of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British period, one cattle bone fragment, one dog or fox bone fragment, one pig bone fragment, one sheep or goat fragment, one caryopsis of emmer or spelt, eight fragments of oak charcoal, one roundwood of cherry charcoal, one roundwood of hazel charcoal; and an upper fill of firm light greyish brown sandy clay (22905) containing one fragment of heat affected stone, 2 residual flint debitage flakes, 60 Romano-British pottery sherds dating to the 1st century AD, three fragments of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British period, nine cattle bones, 113 unidentified mammal bones, three pig bone fragments, five fragments of oak charcoal, three roundwoods of apple-type chacoal and two roundwoods of hazel charcoal (Appendix B). The flint debitage flakes suggest a general prehistoric background in the local landscape.



Plate 23: Pit [22907] in Trench 229, looking north

6.52 Capping the sequence in Trench 229 was a 0.18m thick greyish brown, clayey silt topsoil (229001).

Trench 236 (Figures 4.23 - 4.24, 5.2 & 6.2)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(236001)	0.27m	37.61m	Mid greyish brown silty sand topsoil
(236002)	0.11m	37.34m	Mid orange, brown silty sand subsoil
(236003)	N/A	37.23m	Dark orange, brown silty sand natural geology

6.53 Trench 236 was located to the central east of B02 and was north to south orientated. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 236 comprise dark orange, brown silty sand (236003) which lay at a heigh of 37.23m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by three features: two post holes [23604] & [23606] and two gullies [23608] & [236012].

6.54 The southernmost feature in Trench 236 was north-north-east to south-south-west orientated gully [236008] continued beyond the limits of the trench. This feature had an undulating base and measured over 5m in length by 0.8m in width and 0.08m deep. This gully had a single fill of soft mid greyish brown silty sand (236009) which contained no finds. Gully [236008] was truncated by east to west orientated ditch [236010] which also continued beyond the limits of the trench (Plate 25). This linear feature had moderately sloping sides to an undulating base and measured over 1.8m in length by 1.07m in width by 0.06m deep. This ditch had a single fill of soft mid orangish brown silty sand (236011) which contained no finds .

6.55 Approximately 10m to the north was north-north-east to south-south-west gully [236012] which also continued beyond the trench (Plate 24). This linear feature had steeply sloping sides to a fat base and measured over 4.3m in length by 1.04m in width by 0.23m deep. This gully had a sole fill of soft mid orangish brown sandy clay (2360013) containing no finds.

6.56 Approximately 5.5m to the north of gully [236012] were two circular post holes with flat bases [236004] & [236006]. Post hole [236004], which measured 0.25m in length by 0.22m in width by 0.11m deep, had a single fill of firm dark greyish brown silty sand (236005). Post hole [236006], which measured 0.30m in diameter by 0.14m deep, had a single fill of firm mid brownish grey silty sand (236007). Both post holes contained no finds.



Plate 24: Gully [236012] in Trench 236, looking north



Plate 25: Ditch [236010] truncating ditch [236008] in Trench 236, looking north

6.57 Overlying the natural geology and the archaeological features in Trench 236 was a 0.11m thick mid orange, brown silty sand subsoil (236002) which in turn was capped by 0.27m thick mid greyish brown silty sand topsoil (236001).

Trench 243 (Figures 4.25 – 4.27, 5.2 & 6.2)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(243001)	0.25m	35.52m	Mid brownish black clayey silt topsoil
(243002)	0.16m	35.27m	Mid yellowish brown silty clay subsoil
(243003	N/A	35.11m	Mid reddish brown silty clay natural geology

6.58 Trench 243 was located to the southwest of B02 and was orientated north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 243 comprise mid reddish brown silty clay which lay at 35.11m aOD. The naturally-lain deposit in this trench was cut by three features: three ditches [24305], [24307] & [24309], all of which continued beyond the limits of the trench.

6.59 The southernmost feature was the north-north-east to south-southwest oriented ditch [24309] which had vertical sides to an irregular base and measured 0.64m in width by 0.45m deep. This feature had a single fill of firm dark yellowish brown silty clay (24308) which contained no finds.

6.60 North-north-east to south-south-west orientated ditch [24307] was located just over 10m to the north of ditch [24309]. Ditch [24307] had vertical sides to a flat base and measured 0.66m in width by 0.24m deep. This linear feature had a single fill of firm dark yellowish brown silty clay (24306) containing no finds.

6.61 Approximately 10m to the north was north-north-east to south-south-west orientated ditch [24305] which had vertical sides to a flat base and measured 0.65m n width by 0.28m deep (Plate 26). This linear feature had a single fill comprising firm dark yellowish brown silty clay (24304) containing 16 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).

6.62 Overlying the natural geology and features within the trench was a 0.16m thick mid yellowish brown silty clay subsoil (243002) which in turn was overlain by a 0.25m thick mid brownish black clayey silt topsoil (243001).



Plate 26: Ditch [24305] in Trench 243, looking northeast

Sub-Area B04

6.63 A total of 27 trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B04, numbered 263-288. Five of the 27 trenches contained archaeological features (Trenches 266, 268, 277, 279 & 280). The naturally-lain deposits ranged from mid light brownish yellow sandy clay, to dark reddish brown silty sand, and mid brownish yellow clayey silt. The natural geology was recorded at heights between 36.46m aOD and 36.92m aOD. The topsoil consisted of a silty clay, varying in depth from 0.23m to 0.30m.

6.64 No geophysical anomalies were present within B04, however a small number of archaeological features were recorded in 'blank' trenches that had not been identified within the geophysical survey.

Sub area B04 Positive Trenches

Trench 266 (Figures 4.28, 5.5 & 6.3)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(26601)	0.25m	36.17m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(26602)	N/A	35.92m	Light brownish yellow, sandy clay natural geology

6.65 Trench 266 was located to the east of B04 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 266 comprised light brownish yellow, sandy clay (68903) which lay at a height of 35.92m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 266 are cut by pit [26604] and ditch [26606].

6.66 Pit [26604] was sub-circular feature recorded in the western part of the trench immediately to the west of a land drain. This feature had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.19m in length to 0.06m in width by 0.9m deep. This pit had a single fill of firm dark blackish grey silty clay (26603) containing five roundwoods of oak charcoal (Appendix B).

6.67 Northeast to southwest orientated ditch [26606] was located in the eastern part of the trench and it continued beyond the limits of excavation. This linear feature had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured 1.06m in width by 0.29m deep (Plate 27). The ditch was filled by a single deposit comprising compact mid brownish black silty clay (26605) containing no finds. This linear feature was interpreted as a field boundary as it correlates with a northeast to southwest orientated field boundary depicted in the 1888-1912 OS map, which is also aligned with ditches [27704], [27904] and [28004].

6.68 Overlying the natural geology and features in the trench, was a 0.25m thick mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (26601).



Plate 27: Ditch [26604], looking north

Trench 268 (Figure Figures 4.29, 5.5 & 6.3)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(26801)	0.34m	36.67m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(26802)	N/Am	36.33m	Light reddish yellow silty clay natural geology

6.69 Trench 268 was located towards the eastern edge of B04 and was north to south orientated. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 268 comprised light reddish yellow silty clay (26802) which lay at a height of 36.33m aOD. The natural-lain deposits were cut by northwest to southeast orientated gully [26804] which had steeply sloping sides to a flat base. This linear feature, which continued beyond the trench, was truncated by a land drain along the northeast edge. This gully contained a single fill comprising a firm mid yellowish brown silty clay (26803) containing no finds.



Plate 28: Gully [26804], looking northwest

6.70 Overlaying the naturally-lain deposits and the feature in Trench 268 was a 0.34m thick mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (26801).

Trench 277 (Figures 4.30 & 5.5)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(27701)	0.30m	37.22m	Mid brownish black sandy silt topsoil
(27702)	N/A	36.92m	Dark reddish brow silty sand natural geology

6.71 Trench 277 was located to the west of B04 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in trench comprised dark reddish brown silty sand (27702) which lay at a height of 36.920m aOD. One roughly east to west orientated linear feature [27704] cut the naturally-lain deposits in the southern part of the trench. Linear feature [27704], which continued beyond the extent of the trench, correlates with a northeast to southwest orientated field boundary depicted in the 1888-1912 OS map, which is also aligned with ditches [26606] (in which it was investigated), [27904] and [28004].

6.72 Overlaying the naturally-lain deposits and the feature was 0.30m thick mid brownish black sandy silt topsoil (27701).

Trench 279 (Figures 4.31 & 5.5)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(27901)	0.25m	36.90m	Mid brownish grey silty clay topsoil
(27902)	N/A	36.65m	Mid brownish yellow clayey silt natural geology

6.73 Trench 279 was located to the east of Trench 277 and was oriented west-north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 279 comprised mid brownish yellow clayey silt (27902) which lay at a height of 26.65m aOD. One roughly east to west orientated linear feature [27904] cut the naturally-lain deposits in the southern part of the trench. Linear feature [27904], which continued beyond the extent of the trench, correlates with a northeast to southwest orientated field boundary depicted in the 1888-1912 OS map, which is also aligned with ditches [26606] (in which it was investigated), [27704] and [28004].

6.74 The feature in Trench 279 and the natural geology were overlain by topsoil (27901) comprising a 0.25m thick mid brownish grey silty clay topsoil.

Trench 280 (Figures 4.32 & 5.5)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(28001)	0.23m	36.69m	Mid blackish grey silty clay topsoil
(28002)	N/A	36.46m	Mid yellowish brown clayey silt natural geology

6.75 Trench 280 was located to the eat of Trench 279 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 280 comprised mid yellowish brown clayey silt (28002) which lay at a height of 36.46m aOD. One northeast to southwest orientated linear feature [28004] cut the naturally-lain deposits in the eastern part of the trench. Linear feature [28004], which continued beyond the extent of the trench, correlates with a northeast to southwest orientated field boundary depicted in the 1888-1912 OS map, which is also aligned with ditches [26606] (in which it was investigated), [27704] and [27904].

6.76 The feature and the natural geology were overlain by topsoil (28001) comprising a thick mid blackish grey silty clay topsoil.

Sub-Area B05

6.77 A total of 25 trenches were excavated in Sub-Area B05, numbered 258, 261, 262, and 290-311. Three of the 25 trenches contained archaeological features (Trenches 290, 297 & 300). The naturally-lain deposits consisted of mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand. The natural geology was recorded a heights of between 36.33m aOD and 37.45m aOD. The topsoil in all the trenches consisted of a mid greyish brown clayey silt, varying in depth from 0.27m to 0.32m.

6.78 No geophysical anomalies were present within B05, however a small number of archaeological features were recorded in 'blank' trenches that had not been identified within the geophysical survey.

Sub area B05 Positive Trenches

Trench 290 (Figures 4.33, 5.6 & 6.4)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(29001)	0.32m	36.65m	Mid greyish brown clayey silt topsoil
(29002)	N/A	36.33m	Mid reddish brown silty clay natural geology

6.79 Trench 290 was located to the northwest corner of B05 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 290 comprised of mid reddish brown sand (29002) which lay at a height of 36.33m aOD. One small circular stakehole [29004] cut the naturally-lain deposits in the northern portion of the trench (Plate 29). This feature had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured 0.24m in length by 0.13m in width by 0.21m deep. This stakehole had a single fill comprising compact dark brownish black clayey sand (29003) containing no finds.



Plate 29: Stakehole [29004], looking west southwest

6.80 Overlying the natural geology and feature within the trench, was a 0.32m thick mid greyish brown clayey silt topsoil (29001).

Trench 297 (Figures 4.34, 5.6 & 6.4)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(29701)	0.32m	37.49m	Mid greyish brown clayey silt topsoil
(29702)	N/A	37.17m	Mid reddish brown clayey sand natural geology

6.81 Trench 297 was located to the northeast of B05 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 297 comprised mid reddish brown clayey sand (29702) which lay at a height of 37.17m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut in the northern portion of Trench 297 by a sub-circular pit [29704] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured more than 0.37m in length by 0.24m in width by 0.16m deep (Plate 30). This feature, which continued beyond the western boundary of the trench, had a primary fill of firm dark brownish yellow silty clay (29703) containing no finds.



Plate 30: Pit [29704], looking west

6.82 The naturally-lain deposits and the feature in Trench 297 were overlain by a 0.32m thick mid greyish brown clayey silt topsoil (29701).

Trench 300 (Figures 4.35, 5.6 & 6.4)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(30001)	0.27m	37.72m	Mid greyish brown sandy silt topsoil
(30002)	N/A	37.45m	Mid reddish brown silty clay natural geology

6.83 Trench 300 was located to the central north of B05 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 300 comprised mid reddish brown silty clay (30002) which lay at a height of 37.45m aOD. Two features comprising two ditches [30004] & [30006] were recorded cutting the naturally-lain deposits (68703) in western portion of the trench.

6.84 Both ditches were north to south orientated and continued beyond the extent of the trench. Ditch [30006], was the westernmost feature in the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.62m in width and 0.26m deep. This feature had a primary fill of compact dark brownish black sand (30005) containing no finds. Approximately 11m to the east was ditch [30004] which had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.34m in width by 0.12m deep. This feature had a single fill comprising compact mid yellowish brown silty clay (30003) containing no finds.



Plate 31: Ditch [30004], looking north

6.85 The naturally-lain deposit and the features in this trench were overlain by a 0.27m thick mid greyish brown sandy silt topsoil (30001).

Sub-Area B11

6.86 A total of 28 trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B11, numbered 348-375Eight of the 28 trenches contained archaeological features (Trenches 352, 357, 358, 359, 365, 368, 370 & 371). The naturally-lain deposits generally comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay. The natural geology was recorded at heights between 37.59m and 49.91. A small number the trenches of the trenches had subsoil comprising compact greyish brown silty clay, varying in depth from 0.10m to 0.23m. The topsoil consisted of loose mid greyish brown silty clay, varying in depth from 0.14m to 0.32m.

6.87 The geophysical anomalies within the south of B11 were not apparent within the trenches which targeted them. Instead, a small number of archaeological features were recorded in ‘blank’ trenches across the area.

Sub area B11 Positive Trenches

Trench 352 (Figures 4.36, 5.9 & 6.5)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(35201)	0.20m	40.79m	Loose mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(35202)	0.15m	40.59m	Compact Mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(35203)	N/A	40.44m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.88 Trench 352 was located to the east of B11 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 352 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (35203) which lay at a height of 40.44m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by two feature in the centre of the trench: pit [35205] and post hole [35206] (Plate 32).

6.89 Subcircular pit [35205] had moderately sloping sides to an irregular base and measured 0.70m in diameter and 0.10m deep. This feature had a single fill of firm dark greyish brown silty clay (35204) containing ten fragments of oak charcoal (Appendix B). Immediately to the south was circular post hole [35206] which had vertical sides to a concave base and measured 0.17m in length by 0.10m in width by 0.11m deep. The primary fill of this feature consisted of compact dark brownish black silty clay (35207) containing no finds.

6.90 The naturally-lain deposits and the features in the trench were overlain by a 0.15m thick subsoil comprising compact mid greyish brown silty clay (35202) which in turn was capped by a 0.20m thick loose mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (35201).



Plate 32: Pit [35305] and posthole [35206], looking north

Trench 357 (Figures 4.37, 5.9 & 6.5)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(35701)	0.30m	39.73m	Loose mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(35702)	N/A	39.43m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.91 Trench 357 was located to the central west of B11 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 357 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (35702) which lay at a height of 39.43m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in the trench were cut by ditch [35704] which was orientated northwest to southeast, had steeply sloping sides to a rounded but very uneven base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.73m in width by 0.38m deep (Plate 33). This ditch, which continued beyond the trench, had a primary fill of firm dark brownish grey sandy clay one glass sherd and an iron nail (35703). This ditch possibly aligns with a post-medieval field boundary, as depicted on the 1888–1912 OS map. A single glass body shard dating from the late 19th to the 20th centuries was retrieved from this ditch (Appendix B).

6.92 Overlaying the feature and naturally-lain deposits in Trench 357 was a 0.30m thick loose mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (35701).



Plate 33: Ditch [35704], looking west

Trench 358 (Figure 4.38, 5.9 & 6.5)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(35801)	0.25m	39.46m	Loose mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(35802)	N/A	39.21m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.93 Trench 358 was located to the east of Trench 357 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 358 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (35802) which lay at a height of 39.21m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 358 were cut by northeast to southwest ditch [35804] which continued beyond the trench. The ditch was truncated by a land drain on its west side and its southeast side continued beyond the extent of the trench. The base of this feature was flat and it was 0.34m in deep. The primary fill of the ditch comprised firm dark brown sandy clay (35803) containing no finds. This ditch correlated to a field boundary depicted on the 1888-1912 OS map. This field boundary followed a northwest to southeast alignment in Trench 357, where it corresponded with ditch [35704], before turning to a northeast to southwest alignment in Trench 358, where it aligned with ditch [35804]. Together, these features formed part of a post-medieval rectangular enclosed field.

6.94 The feature and naturally-lain deposits in Trench 358 was overlain by a 0.25m thick loose mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (35801).

Trench 359 (Figures 4.39, 5.9 & 6.5)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(35901)	0.25m	41.70m	Loose mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(35902)	N/A	41.45m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.95 Trench 359 was located on the central eastern edge of B11 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 359 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (35902) which lay at a height of 41.45m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by four features in the northern edge of the trench: ditch [35908] and pits [35904], [35906] & [35910] (Plate 34).

6.96 The northernmost feature of the trench was northwest to southeast orientated ditch [35908] which continued beyond the extent of the trench. This feature had moderately sloping sides to a concave base and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.70m in width by 0.25m deep. The ditch had a single fill of loose mid greyish brown silty clay (35907) containing no finds.

6.97 Immediately to south was a small cluster of three pits. Pit [35906] was recorded approximately 0.4m to the south of ditch [35908]. Small Sub-circular pit [35906] had steeply sloping sides to a concave base and measured 0.40m in diameter by 0.15m deep. This feature had a single fill of loose mid greyish brown silty clay (35905) containing no finds. Due to its small size it is possible that this feature is a post hole rather than a pit.

6.98 Approximately 1m to the southeast was sub-circular pit [35904] which had moderately to steeply sloping sides to a concave base and measured 0.36m in diameter and 0.10m deep. This feature had a single fill of loose mid greyish brown silty clay (35905) containing no find.

6.99 Approximately 1m to the south was circular pit [35910] which had gradually sloping sides to a concave base and measured 0.45m in length by 0.20m in width by 0.08m deep. This features was filled by a single fill comprising compact mid greyish brown silty clay (35911) containing no finds.



Plate 34: Pit [35904] (forefront) with ditch [35908] (background) and pit [35906] to the west, looking north

6.100 The features in Trench 359 were overlain by a 0.25m thick loose mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (35901).

Trench 365 (Figures 4.40, 5.9 & 6.5))

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(36501)	0.30m	41.19m	Loose mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(36502)	0.15m	40.89m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(36503)	N/A	40.74m	Compact dark greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.101 Trench 365 was located in the centre of B11 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 365 comprised compact dark greyish brown silty clay (36503) which lay at a height of 40.74m aOD. The naturally-lain deposit in Trench 365 were cut by two features: ditch [36505] and pit [36507].

6.102 The easternmost feature in the trench was shallow sub-circular pit [36507] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 1.05m in length by 0.40m in width by 0.18m deep. The primary fill of this feature comprised firm dark yellowish brown silty clay (36506) with

no finds. Approximately 5m to the west was north-north-east to south-south-west orientated ditch [36505] which continued beyond the extent of the trench but was not excavated.. The primary fill of this ditch comprised firm dark greyish brown silty clay (36504) containing no finds. This linear feature correlated to a field boundary depicted on the 1888-1912 OS map.

6.103 The naturally-lain deposits and the features in the trench were overlain by a 0.15m thick compact light greyish brown silty clay subsoil (36502) which in turn was overlain by a 0.30m thick topsoil comprising loose mid greyish brown silty clay (36501).

Trench 368 (Figures 4.41 – 4.42, 5.9 & 6.5)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(36801)	0.26m	41.83m	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(36802)	0.30m	41.57m	Dark yellowish brown silty clay subsoil
(36807)	N/A	41.27m	Light yellowish brow silty clay natural geology

6.104 Trench 368 was located in the centre of B11 to the south of Trench 365 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 368 comprised light yellowish brow silty clay (36807) which lay at a height of 41.27m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 368 are cut by three features which continued beyond the extent of the trench: gullies [38604] & [36806] and ditch [36908].

6.105 The northernmost feature in the trench is curvilinear ditch [36808] which was approximately southwest to northeast aligned, measures over 1.5m in length by 1.4m in width by 0.38m deep, and has near vertical sides to a rounded base. This feature has a primary fill of compact greyish brown sandy clay (36809) containing no finds.

6.106 Approximately 12m to the south of the ditch was northwest to southeast orientated gully [36804] which had steeply sloping sides to a concave and flat base, and measured 0.60m in width by 0.16m deep (Plate 35). This gully had a single fill of loose mid greyish brown silty clay (36803) containing no finds.

6.107 Approximately 8m to the south was almost east to west aligned gully [36806] which had steeply sloping sides to a concave base and measured 0.42m in width by 0.12m deep. This feature contained a single fill of loose mid greyish brown silty clay (36805) containing no finds .

6.108 The features and naturally-lain geology in Trench 368 were overlain by a 0.30m thick dark yellowish brown silty clay subsoil (36802), which in turn was overlain by a topsoil comprising 0.26 firm mid greyish brown silty clay (36801).



Plate 35: Ditch [36804], looking east

Trench 370 (Figures 4.43, 5.9 & 6.5)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(37001)	0.25m	42.35m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(37002)	N/A	42.10m	Light brownish yellow, sandy clay natural geology

6.109 Trench 370 was located to the southwest of B11 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 370 comprised light brownish yellow, sandy clay (37002) which lay at a height of 42.10m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by three features in the central part of the trench: pit [37006], ditch [37004] & ditch [37008].

6.110 The northernmost feature was sub-circular pit [37006] which had very gradually sloping sides to an almost flat base and measured 0.50m in length by 0.30m in width by 0.12m deep (Plate 36). This feature had a single fill of firm light greyish silty clay (37005) containing four residual flint debitage flakes, 55 British pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, two fragments of ash charcoal and one fragment of cherry charcoal (Appendix B).



Plate 36: Ditch [3004], looking northwest

6.111 Immediately to the south was curvilinear feature [37004] which had gradually sloping sides to an irregular base and measured 0.90m in width by 0.16m deep (Plate 37). This ditch continued beyond the eastern extend of the trench and contained a single fill of firm greyish brown silty clay (37003) containing stones and flints ().

6.112 To the south was east to west orientated ditch [37008] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, and measured over 1.80m in length, 0.80m in width and 0.17m deep. This linear feature had a single fill comprising firm dark brownish yellow silty clay (38007) containing one residual flint debitage flake (Appendix B). Sub-circular pit [37010] truncated the western end of ditch [37008], had gradually sloping sides to a flattish base. It measured over 0.70m in length by 0.35m in width by 0.30m deep. The primary fill of this pit was firm dark blackish grey silty clay (37009) containing six fragments of apple-type charcoal, three fragments of oak charcoal one fragment of ash charcoal, five residual flint debitage flakes, 29 British pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).

6.113 The debitage flakes recovered from pits [37006] and [37010] and ditch [37008] suggest the presence of prehistoric activity within the local landscape.

6.114 The features and naturally-lain deposits in the trench were overlain by a 0.25m thick mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (37001).



Plate 37: Ditch [37008] truncated by pit [37010], looking south

Trench 371 (Figures 4.44, 5.9 & 6.5))

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(37101)	0.25m	42.60m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(37102)	0.15m	42.35m	Dark brownish yellow silty clay subsoil
(37103)	N/A	42.20m	Light brownish yellow, sandy clay natural geology

6.115 Trench 371 was located to the south of B11 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 371 comprised light brownish yellow, sandy clay (37103) which lay at a height of 42.20m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 371 were cut by circular pit [37105] which had gradually sloping sides on its west side but not visible from west of the trench. This pit, which had a rounded base and measured 1.2m in length by 0.55m in width by 0.34m deep, had a single fill of firm dark grey silty clay (37104) containing some charcoal flecks, one fragment of heat affected stone, three residual prehistoric flint debitage flakes, 13 fragments of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British periods, one oat caryopsis, 47 caryopses of bread or club wheat, seven caryopses of wheat, two caryopses of cereal, one pea seed, one bedstraw seed, four fragments and one roundwood of oak charcoal, three roundwoods of cherry charcoal and two fragments of blackthorn (Appendix B). The flint debitage flakes likely represent general prehistoric background within the surrounding landscape.

6.116 Overlaying the naturally-lain deposits and the pit in Trench 371 was a 0.15m thick dark brownish yellow silty clay subsoil (37102) which in turn was overlain by a 0.25m thick topsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay (37101).

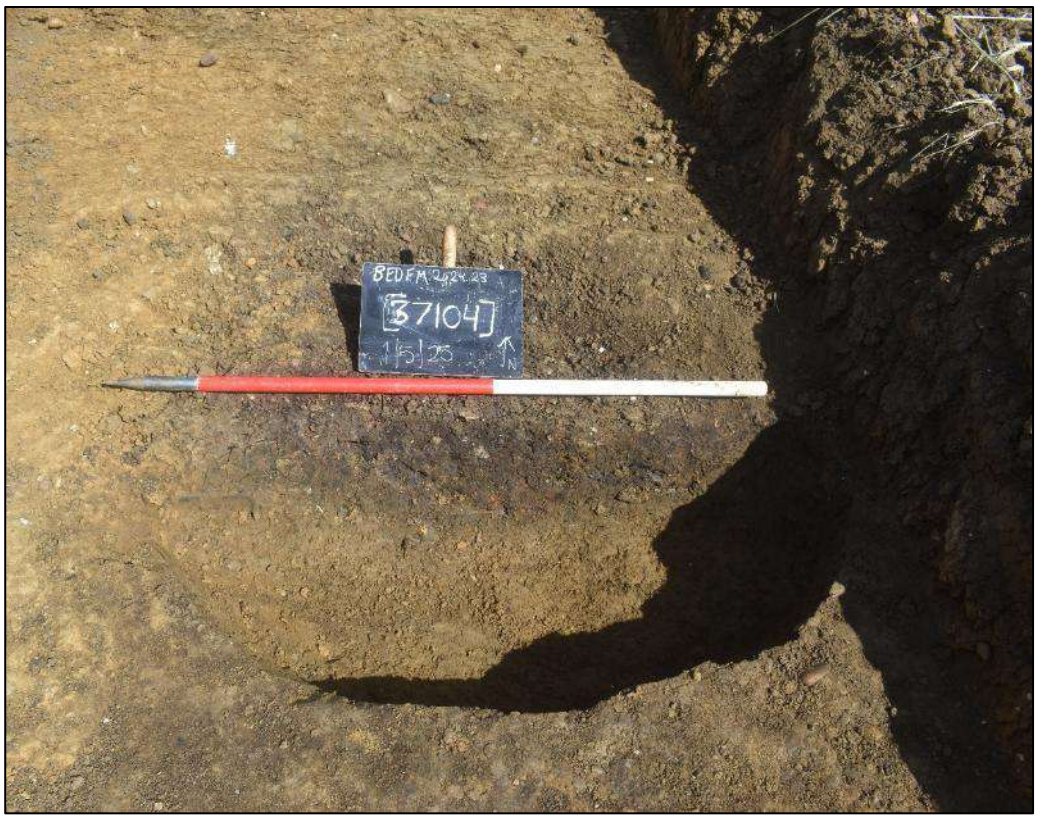


Plate 38: Pit [37104], looking north

Sub-Area B12

6.117 A total of 11 trenches were excavated in Sub-Area B12, numbered 388-397. One of the 11 trenches contained archaeological features (Trench 393). The naturally-lain deposits across B12 comprised mid yellowish brown silty clay recorded at heights between 38.72m and 41.65m aOD. Subsoil comprising mid yellowish brown clayey silt was only recorded in Trench 388 and recorded at 38.82m aOD. The topsoil consisted of mid greyish brown clayey silt varying in depth from 0.20m to 0.28m.

6.118 The geophysical anomalies within the east of B12 were tested by Trench 393 and archaeological features corresponded with the geophysical anomalies in this area, whilst the 'blank trenches' proved to be negative of archaeology.

Sub area B12 Positive Trenches

Trench 393 (Figures 4.45 – 4.47, 5.10 & 6.6) *Table of stratigraphic sequence*

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(39301)	0.24m	41.28m	Mid greyish brown clayey silt topsoil
(393202)	0.23m	41.05m	Mid yellowish brown silty clay natural geology

6.119 Trench 393 was located towards the east of B12 and was oriented north to south, targeting geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 393 comprised mid yellowish brown silty clay (39302) which lay at a height of 41.05m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by four features: two ditches [39303] & [39306], gully [39308] and pit [39310].

6.120 The southernmost most feature in this trench was ditch [39303] which continued beyond the trench on an east to west alignment. This ditch had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 1.80m in length by 0.90m in width by 0.43m deep. The primary fill of this feature comprised compact greyish brown silty clay (39304) containing 24 fragments of pottery dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, one cattle bone fragment, 26 unidentified mammal bone fragments, two pig bone fragments, four sheep or goat bone fragments and one emmer or spelt glume (Appendix B).

6.121 Approximately 11m to the north of ditch [39303], ditch [39312] continued beyond the extent of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a flattish base and measured over 1.8m in length by 1.6m in width by 0.22m deep (Plate 39). This feature had a single fill consisting of firm dark blackish grey silty clay (39311) containing one unworked fragment of burnt flint, 25 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD and nine fragments of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British periods (Appendix B). Ditch [39312] was truncated on south side by pit [39310] which continued beyond the eastern extent of the trench, had moderately sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.8m by 1.6m in width by 0.47m. This feature had a primary fill of firm mid greyish yellow silty clay (39309) containing One fragment of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British periods (Appendix B).



Plate 39: Pit [39310] truncating ditch [39312], looking east

6.122 To the north of ditch [39312] was an east to west orientated gully [39308] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had gradually sloping sides to an uneven base and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.30m in width by 0.13m deep. This gully had a single fill of compact mid greyish black sandy clay (39307) containing no finds.

6.123 The northernmost feature of Trench 393 was a ditch [39306] which continued beyond the extent of the trench following an east to west route. The ditch had gradually sloping sides to an irregular base and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.60m in width by 0.07m deep. This ditch had a single fill of firm mid greyish brown silty clay (39305) containing one residual prehistoric flint debitage flake, eleven southern British 'Belgic' grog tempered pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, and nine unidentified mammal bones (Appendix B). The debitage flake recovered from ditch [39306] suggest the presence of prehistoric activity in the vicinity.

6.124 Ditches [39303], [39306] and [39312] aligned with the geophysical anomalies which suggest an enclosure of curvilinear features.

6.125 The features and naturally-lain deposits in the trench were overlain by a 0.24m thick mid greyish brown clayey silt topsoil (39301).

Sub-Area B13

6.126 A total of 29 trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B13, numbered 398-426. Four of the 29 trenches contained archaeological features (Trenches 398, 400, 407 & 409). The naturally-lain deposits across B13 generally comprised mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand. The naturally-lain deposits were recorded at heights between 37.39 and 40.52. The topsoil generally consisted of mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt. The topsoil had varying depths from 0.17m to 0.29m.

6.127 The geophysical anomalies within the west of B13 were tested by Trench 407 and archaeological features corresponded with one of the geophysical anomalies, but not all were apparent. The 'blank trenches' across the area proved to be negative of archaeology.

Sub area B13 Positive Trenches

Trench 398 (Figures 4.48, 5.11 & 6.7)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(39801)	0.22m	38.99m	Dark brownish black sandy silt topsoil
(39802)	N/A	38.77m	Dark reddish brown clayey silt natural geology

6.128 Trench 398 was located in the northwest of B13 and oriented approximately east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 398 comprised dark reddish brown clayey silt (39802) which lay at a height of 38.77m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by two features in the easternmost part of Trench 398: gully [39803] and pit [39805].

6.129 The easternmost feature of the trench was sub-circular pit [39805] which had steeply sloping sides to an irregular base and measured 0.40m in length by 0.23m in width by 0.23m deep (Plate 40). This feature had one fill of compact mid brownish yellow silty clay (39806) containing one unworked fragment of burnt flint (Appendix B).

6.130 Approximately 3.40m to the west was northwest to south east gully [39803] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.50m in width by 0.10m deep. This linear feature had a single fill of compact mid brownish yellow sandy clay (39804) containing no finds.

6.131 The features in Trench 398 were overlain by a 0.22m thick dark brownish black sandy silt topsoil (39801).



Plate 40: Pit [39805], looking north

Trench 400 (Figures 5.11 & 6.7)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(40001)	0.24m	37.88m	Mid greyish brown sandy silt topsoil
(40002)	N/A	37.64m	Mid reddish brown silty clay natural geology

6.132 Trench 400 was located to the centre north of B13 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 400 comprised mid reddish brown silty clay (40002) which lay at a height of 37.64m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by a small sub-circular pit [40004] located in the eastern edge of the trench (not illustrated in plan). This feature had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured approximately 0.37m in length by 0.24m in width by 0.15m deep. This feature had a single fill of firm light yellow silty clay (40003).

6.133 The naturally-lain deposits and the feature in Tench 400 was overlain by a 0.21m thick topsoil comprising dark brownish black sandy silt (40001).



Plate 41: Pit [40004], looking north

Trench 407 (Figures 4.49, 5.11 & 6.7)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(40701)	0.21m	39.01m	Dark brownish black sandy silt topsoil
(40702)	N/A	38.80m	Dark reddish brown clayey silt natural geology

6.134 Trench 407 was located to the west of B13 and was oriented southwest to northeast, targeting geophysical anomalies which align with one linear feature recorded within the trench. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 407 comprised dark reddish brown clayey silt (40702) which lay at a height of 38.80m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by east to west aligned ditch [40704] which extended beyond the extent of the trench. Ditch [40704] had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.33m in length by 1m in width by 0.34m deep (Plate 42). This linear feature had one fill comprising compact mid yellowish brown silty sand (30703) containing two fragments of heat affected sandstone, two unworked fragments of burnt flint and two residual flint debitage flakes reflecting prehistoric activity in the area(Appendix B). The geophysical survey suggest that the ditch continuing beyond the trench follows a curvilinear route forming part of a subcircular enclosure.

6.135 The other geophysical anomalies that Trench 407 targeted were not apparent within the trench when excavated.

6.136 The linear feature in Trench 407 was overlain by a 0.21m thick topsoil consisting of dark brownish clack sandy silt (40701).



Plate 42: Ditch [40704], looking south

Trench 409 (Figures 4.50, 5.11 & 6.7)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(40901)	0.26m	39.35m	Mid greyish brown sandy silt topsoil
(40902)	N/A	39.09m	Mid reddish brown silty clay natural geology

6.137 Trench 409 was located to the east of Trench 407 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 409 comprised mid reddish brown silty clay (40902) which lay at a height of 39.09m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by two features in the south part of the trench: gully [40906] and pit [40904].

6.138 The southernmost feature of the trench was oval pit [40904] which had fairly straight sides to a concave base and measured 0.49m in diameter by 0.24m deep. This feature had a primary fill of loose plastic dark brown silty clay (40903) containing no finds.



Plate 43: Pit [40904], looking northwest

6.139 Approximately 9m to the north was gully [40906] which continued beyond the extent of the trench following a northeast to southwest route. This linear measured 0.38m in ditch and 0.18m deep and contained a single fill consisting of loose plastic dark yellowish brown silty clay (40905) containing no finds.

6.140 The features and naturally-lain geology within Trench 409 were overlain by a 0.26m thick topsoil comprising mid greyish brown sandy silt (40901).

Sub-Area B14

6.141 A total of 24 trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B14, numbered 427-449. Five of the 23 trenches contained archaeological features (Trenches 427, 428, 438, 445, 449). The naturally-lain deposits comprised a variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel. The naturally-lain deposits across B14 were recorded at heights between 35.63m aOD and 38.97m aOD. A colluvial deposit comprising light brownish yellow clayey sand and a firm mid yellowish brown sandy clay was recorded across Sub-Area B14. The colluvium had varying depths between 0.07m and 0.14m. The topsoil entailed compact greyish brown sandy clay, varying in depths from 0.19m to 0.26m.

6.142 The geophysical anomalies within B14 were tested and archaeological features corresponded with the geophysical anomalies in the majority of the site, but not in the eastern area were it was interpreted that the geophysical anomalies may have been due to varying geologies and the presence of utilities. The ‘blank trenches’ across the area proved to be negative of archaeology.

Sub area B14 Positive Trenches

Trench 427 (Figures 4.51 – 4.52, 5.12 & 6.8)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(42701)	0.26m	38.41m	Compact mid greyish brown, sandy clay topsoil
(42702)	0.2m	38.15m	Compact light brownish yellow, clayey sand colluvium
(42703)	N/A	37.95	Compact orangey brown, sandy clay and gravel natural geology

6.143 Trench 427 was located in the northwestern corner of B14, was oriented north to south and targeted geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 427 comprised compact orangey brown, sandy clay and gravel (42703) which lay at a height of 37.95m aOD. The natural geology was cut by four linear features which continue beyond the extent of the trench: gullies [42704] and [42706], and possible palaeochannels [42708] and [42712]. Parts of the eastern boundary of Trench 427 were extended to further investigates linear features [42708] and [42712].

6.144 The northernmost feature in the trench was north-north-east to south-south-west orientated linear feature [42712] which had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 2.8m in length by 1.2m in width by 0.20m deep (Plate 44). This feature had a single fill comprising compact dark greyish brown silty sandy clay (22711) containing no finds. This feature was interpreted as a palaeochannel as the rounded stones within the fills and the silty nature of the fills suggest the presence of water. However, other origins such as a drainage ditch cannot be ruled out. The geophysical survey shows an east to west linear feature in the area although it does not follow the same alignment as linear feature [42712].

6.145 Approximately 2.60m to the south was northeast to southwest linear feature [42708] which had sloping sides to an irregular base and measured over 3.80m in length by 3.70m in width by 0.72m deep (Plate 45). This feature had two fills: a primary fill of a friable light brownish yellow sandy clay (42710) containing one residual prehistoric flint debitage flake; and a secondary fill consisting of a friable dark brownish yellow silty clay (42709) containing two unidentified mammal bones, one roundwood of apple-type charcoal, one roundwood of cherry charcoal and one fragment of oak charcoal((Appendix B). This deep linear feature was interpreted as a palaeochannel or drainage ditch.



Plate 44: Palaeochannel [42712], looking west



Plate 45: Palaeochannel [42708], looking south

6.146 Approximately 8.80m to the south was northeast to southwest orientated gully [42706] with shallow sides to an uneven base and measuring over 2m in length by 1.25m in width by 0.25m deep. This feature had a single fill of compact light greyish yellow silty clay (42707) containing no finds.

6.147 Approximately 4.70m to the south was northwest to southeast orientated gully [42704] which had gradually sloping edges to a concave base. The single fill of this feature comprised a compact yellowish brown sandy clay (42705) containing no finds.

6.148 The fills of the above features suggest that they were all naturally infilled. The geophysical survey shows a series of linear anomalies to the east and south east of the trench, some of which seem to be forming sub-rectangular. As such it cannot be entirely discounted that the features in Trench 427 were part of an enclosure. These geophysical anomalies continue into Trenches 428 and 438.

6.149 The features in the trench were overlain by a 0.20m thick compact light brownish yellow, clayey sand colluvium (42702) which in turn was overlain by a 0.26m thick topsoil comprising compact mid greyish brown, sandy clay (42701).

Trench 428 (Figures 4.53 – 4.54, 5.12 & 6.8)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(42801)	0.22m	37.95m	Compact mid greyish brown, sandy clay topsoil
(42808)	0.1M	37.73m	Compact light brownish yellow, clayey sand colluvium
(42802)	N/A	37.63m	Compact orangey brown, sandy clay and gravel natural geology

6.150 Trench 428 was located to the east of Trench 427 and was oriented north to south, targeting geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 428 comprised compact orangey brown, sandy clay and gravel natural geology (42802) which lay at a height if 37.63m aOD. The natural geology was cut by two features which continue beyond the extent of the trench: gully [42803] and ditch [42805].

6.151 The northernmost feature in the trench was west-north-west to south-east-south orientated gully [42803] which had gradually sloping sides to a concave base and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.87m in width by 0.22m deep. This linear feature had a single fill comprising compact mid greyish brown silty clay (42804) containing no finds. Gully [42803] continues beyond the extent of the trench and it aligned with a geophysical anomaly. This was interpreted as an enclosure gully or small ditch, likely agricultural.

6.152 Approximately 10m to the south was north-east to southwest orientated ditch [42805] which had gradually sloping sides to a flattish and concave base (Plate 46). This linear feature had two fills: a primary fill of compact mid yellowish brown sandy clay (42806) containing no finds, and an upper fill comprising compact mid greyish brown silty clay (42807) containing no finds . This

feature was interpreted as an agricultural enclosure ditch. Ditch [42805] aligns with a geophysical linear anomaly which follows a northeast to southwest route to then turn into a northwest to southeast alignment forming a sub-rectangular enclosure.



Plate 46: Ditch [42805], looking northeast

6.153 Both features in Trench 428 seem to relate to the enclosures shown in the geophysical survey located to the east and the west of the trench and likely associated with the features in Trenches 427 and 438.

6.154 Overlying the naturally-laid deposits and features in the trench was a 0.10m thick colluvial deposit comprising compact light brownish yellow, clayey sand (42808) which was overlain by 0.22m thick compact mid greyish brown, sandy clay topsoil (42801).

Trench 438 (Figures 4.55 – 4.57, 5.12 & 6.8)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(43801)	0.23m	38.87 m	Compact mid greyish brown, sandy clay topsoil
(43802)	N/A	38.64 m	Compact mid yellowish brown, sandy clay natural geology

6.155 Trench 438 was located to the south of Trench 427 and 428. It was oriented northeast to southwest, targeting geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 438

comprised compact mid yellowish brown, sandy clay (43803) which lay at a height of 38.64m aOD. The natural geology was cut by four features: pits [43804] and [43807] and ditches , [43812] and [43814]. All these features except for pit [43804] continued beyond the extent of the trench.

6.156 The southernmost feature in Trench 438 was irregular shaped pit [43804] which had been heavily truncated by modern activity and measured 0.16m in length by 0.12m in width by 0.02m deep. The single fill of this feature comprised firm compact bluish black mottled mid red silty clay (43803) containing frequent charcoal flecks , occasional CBM fragment, two cattle bone fragments and one pottery sherd dating from the mid 1st century AD to the 2nd century AD (Appendix B).

6.157 Approximately 1m to northeast of pit [43804] was northwest to southeast orientated gully [43811] which had gradually sloping sides to a concave base and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.60m in width by 0.20m deep. This feature had a single fill of compact firm greyish yellowish brown mottled blue silty clay and silty gravel (43810) containing occasional charcoal flecks, 20 unidentified mammal bone fragments and one pottery sherd dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B). This gully was interpreted as a drainage gully due to the silting and natural infilling.

6.158 Approximately 2.60m to the northeast was west-north-west to east-south-east pit [43807] which had steeply sloping sides to a concave base and measured over 0.56m by 0.95m by 0.61m deep. This feature was filled by a single deposit consisting of firm dark yellowish grey silty clay (43808) containing six Romano-British pottery sherds dating to the 1st century AD and one horse or donkey bone fragment (Appendix B). This pit was truncated by linear feature [43805] which had steeply sloping sides to an irregular concave base and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.45m in width by 0.17m deep. This ditch had a single fill of firm mid yellowish brown silty clay (43806) containing charcoal flecks and two pottery fragments dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B). According to the geophysical survey, this ditch continued beyond Trench 438, continuing east-south-eastward along the same alignment, but curved towards the east-north-east outside the trench. It then turned following a north-north-east route, to then turn again following an east-south-east trajectory to re-enter Trench 438, where it correlated with ditch [43812].

6.159 Approximately 10m to the northeast was west-north-west to east south-east ditch [43812] which had steeply sloping sides to a flattish base and measured over 1.8m in width by 1.23m in width by 0.41m deep. This feature had a primary fill comprising hard mid greyish brown silty clay (43813) containing one unidentified mammal bone fragment and seven Romano-British pottery sherds dating to the 1st century AD (Appendix B). According to the geophysical survey, this ditch continued beyond Trench 438, continuing east-south-eastward along the same alignment, but curved towards the east-north-east outside the trench. It then turned following a south-south-west route, to then turn again following an east-south-east trajectory to re-enter Trench 438, where it correlated with ditch [43807].

6.160 At the northeast of the trench, was west-north-west to east-south-east orientated ditch [43814] which had steeply sloping sides to an irregular and flattish base and measured over 1.8m in length by 1m in width by 0.46m deep (Plate 47). This ditch had a single fill of firm mid greyish yellow sandy clay (43815) containing nine pottery dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B). This linear feature was interpreted as a boundary enclosure ditch.

The geophysical survey shows how this ditch follows a curvilinear route beyond the extent of the trench and it forms a rounded sub-rectangular enclosure with other linear features to the north of the trench.



Plate 47: Ditch [43814], looking southeast

6.161 The stratigraphic sequence is capped by a 0.23m thick compact mid greyish brown, sandy clay topsoil (43801).

Trench 445 (Figures 4.58, 5.12 & 6.8)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(44501)	0.21m	38.23 m	Compact mid greyish brown, sandy clay topsoil
(44502)	N/A	38.02 m	Compact, mid orangey brown clay natural geology

6.162 Trench 445 was located to the central south of B14, was oriented north to south and targeted geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 445 comprised compact, mid orangey brown clay (44502) which lay at a height of 38.02m aOD. The natural geology was cut by an irregular shaped pit [44504] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to an irregular base and measured over 0.17m in length by 0.70m in width by 0.17m deep. The single fill of this feature consisted of a soft dark black greyish brown clay

(44503) containing 20 unworked fragments of burnt flint, one cattle bone fragment, seven unidentified mammal bone fragments, 31 fragments of pottery dating from the 1st century BC to the Late 1st century AD, 140 fragments of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British periods, four oat caryopses, two spelt glume, one emmer or spelt caryopsis, 22 emmer or spelt glumes, one emmer or spelt fork, seven wheat caryopses, 22 cereal caryopses, two poppy achenes, one pea seed, three vetch seeds, one pea or vetch seed, on cf. blackthorn stone, three bedstraw seeds, one grass family cartopsis and 12 dock achenes(Appendix B).



Plate 48: Pit [44504], looking south

6.163 The naturally-lain deposits and pit in the trench was overlain by a 0.21m thick compact mid greyish brown, sandy clay topsoil (44501).

Trench 449 (Figures 4.59, 5.12 & 6.8)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(44901)	0.23m	36.79m	Compact mid greyish brown, sandy clay topsoil
(44902)	0.10m	36.56m	Firm mid yellowish brown, sandy clay colluvium
(44903)	N/A	36.46m	Dark orangey brown, sandy gravel natural geology

6.164 Trench 4449 was oriented northeast to southeast. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 449 comprised dark orangey brown, sandy gravel (449033) which lay at a height if 36.46m aOD. The natural geology was cut by east to west orientated linear feature [44905] in the southwest edge of Trench 449 (Plate 49). This feature had a north steeply sloping side and a south gradually sloping side to a flattish concave base, and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.64m in width by 0.15m deep. This linear feature was filled by a single deposit of compact light yellowish brown sandy clay (44904) containing no finds. This feature represents the possible remains of an enclosure ditch which was part of the geophysical anomalies present in this area of B14.



Plate 49: Ditch [44905], looking northwest

6.165 The naturally-lain deposits and the linear feature in Trench 449 was overlain by 0.10m thick firm mid yellowish brown, sandy clay colluvial deposit (44902) which in turn was overlain by 0.23m topsoil comprised compact mid greyish brown, sandy clay (44901).

Sub-Area B15

6.166 A total of eight trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B15, numbered 450-457. Two of the eight trenches contained archaeological features (Trenches 452 & 453). The naturally-lain deposits across B15 comprised generally moderately compact light greyish brown silty clay, although two trenches had compact mid greyish yellow silty clay. The naturally-lain deposits were recorded at heights between 40.56m aOD and 42.88m aOD. The subsoil generally consisted of moderately compact dark brown silty clay, although two trenches had compact dark brownish grey silty clay. The depth of the subsoil depths varied between 0.07m and 0.25m. The topsoil entailed friable mid greyish brown silty clay varying in depths from 0.09m to 0.2m.

6.167 No geophysical anomalies were targeted within this area.

Sub area B15 Positive Trenches

Trench 452 (Figures 4.60, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(45201)	0.16m	41.09m	Friable medium greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(45202)	0.07m	40.93 m	Moderately compact dark brown, silty clay subsoil
(45203)	N/A	40.86m	Moderately compact light greyish brown silty clay

6.168 Trench 452 was located in the central north of B15 and was oriented approximately east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 452 comprised moderately compact light greyish brown silt (45203) which lay at a height if 40.86m aOD. The natural geology was cut by a sub-circular post-hole [45204] which had vertical sides to an uneven base and measured 0.22m in length by 0.15m in width by 0.13m deep. This feature had a single fill of friable dark brownish black clayey silt containing (45205) no finds.

6.169 The post hole and naturally-lain deposits in Trench 452 were overlain by a 0.07m thick moderately compact dark brown silty clay subsoil (45202) which in turn was overlain by a 0.16m thick topsoil comprising friable medium greyish brown silty clay (45201).

Trench 453 (Figures 4.61, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(45301)	0.10m	41.08m	Friable medium greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(45302)	0.20m	40.98m	Moderately compact dark brown, silty clay subsoil
(45303)	N/A	40.78m	Moderately compact light greyish brown silty clay

6.170 Trench 453 was located in the northeast corner of B15 and was oriented approximately west-south-west to east-north-east. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 453 comprised moderately compact light greyish brown silt (45303) which lay at a height of 40.78m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by potential posthole [45304] which had vertical sides to a flat base and measured 0.26m in length by 0.14m in width by 0.21m deep. This posthole had a single fill comprising friable mid greyish brown silty clay (45305) containing no finds.



Plate 50: Post hole [45304], looking northwest

6.171 The post hole and naturally-lain deposits in Trench 453 were overlain by a 0.2m thick moderately compact dark brown silty clay subsoil (45302) which in turn was overlain by a 0.10m thick topsoil comprising friable medium greyish brown silty clay (45301).

Sub-Area B17

6.172 A total of 20 trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B17, numbered 461-480. One of the twenty trenches contained archaeological features (Trenches 478). The naturally-lain deposits across B17 generally comprised moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay. The naturally-lain deposits were recorded at heights between 44.85m aOD and 57.53m aOD. The subsoil generally consisted of moderately compact mid greyish brown silty clay, although one trench contained compact mid yellowish brown silty clay. The depths of the subsoil depths varied between 0.10m and 0.18m. The topsoil entailed friable moderately compact mid greyish brown silty clay, although other variations included compact and friable mid greyish brown silty clay and mid brownish black clayey silt. The topsoil depths varied between depths from 0.07m to 0.23m.

6.173 No geophysical anomalies were targeted within this area

Sub area B17 Positive Trenches

Trench 478 (Figures 4.70, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(47801)	0.11m	51.32m	Compact mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(47802)	0.13m	51.21m	Moderately compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil
(47803)	N/A	51.08m	Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.174 Trench 478 was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 478 comprised moderately compact light greyish brown silty clay (47803) which lay at a height if 51.08m AOD. The natural geology was cut by a sub-circular post-hole [47810] which had vertical sides to an flat base and measured 0.40m in length by 0.15m in width by 0.10m deep (Plate 51). This feature had a single fill of friable mid grey brown silt clay (47811) which containing no finds. Three furrows were also present in this trench.



Plate 51: Post hole [47810], looking south (wrong number on photo board)

6.175 The post hole and naturally-lain deposits were overlain by a 0.13m thick moderately compact grey brown silty clay subsoil (47802) which in turn was overlain by a 0.11m thick topsoil comprising friable medium greyish brown silty clay (47801).

Sub-Area B18

6.176 A total of 35 trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B18, numbered 376-387 and 481-503. Sixteen of the 35 trenches contained archaeological features (Trenches 376-379, 383, 387, 482, 484, 485, 490, 492, 494-497 and 502). The naturally-lain deposits across B18 generally comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay, although the natural was yellowish brown in Trenches 492, 493 and 495. The naturally-lain deposits were recorded at heights between 50.30m aOD and 68.76m aOD. The subsoil generally comprised compact mid greyish brown silty clay, although variations included compact mid reddish brown silty clay and mid brownish black clayey silt. The subsoil varied in depth from 0.50m to 0.20m. The topsoil comprised a variation between compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay, varying in depths from 0.11m to 0.32m.

6.177 The geophysical survey identified linear and curvilinear anomalies within B18 potentially representing a ladder settlement located approximately 3.4km to the southwest of the Roman Settlement Scheduled Monument (Historic England List Entry Number: 1491190). This probable settlement was targeted by six trenches which resulted in being positive of archaeological features: Trenches 484, 490, 492, 496, 497, and 502.

Sub area B18 Positive Trenches

Trench 376 (Figures 4.62, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(37601)	0.12m	54.07m	Moderately compact mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(37602)	0.18m	53.95m	Compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil
(37603)	N/A	53.77m	Compact light greyish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.178 Trench 376 was located in the northeast corner of B18 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 376 comprised compact light greyish brown, silty clay (37603) which lay at a height of 53.77m aOD.

6.179 Gully [37604] cut the naturally-lain deposit in the southern portion of Trench 376 and was an east-north-east to west-south-west orientated gully, which continued beyond the extent of the trench. It had gradually sloping sides to an uneven base and measured 0.35m in width by 0.12m deep. This feature had a single fill of firm mid greyish brown silty clay (37605) containing no finds. A former field boundary depicted in the 1888-1912 OS map crossed Trench 376 although it did not align with ditch [37704].

6.180 The gully and the naturally-lain deposits were overlain by a 0.18m thick subsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay (37602) which in turn was overlain by a 0.12m thick moderately compact mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil (37601).

Trench 377 (Figures 4.63, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(37701)	0.14m	55.53m	Moderately compact mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(37702)	0.17m	55.39m	Compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil
(37703)	N/A	55.22m	Compact light greyish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.181 Trench 377 was located to the north of B18 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 377 comprised compact light greyish brown, silty clay (37703) which lay at a height if 52.22m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by two features located in the easter part of Trench 377: ditch terminus [37704] and ditch [37706].

6.182 The easternmost feature in the trench was north-north-east to south-south-west ditch terminus [37704] which continued beyond the southern extent of the trench and terminated to the north. This shallow linear feature had gradually sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1m in length by 0.20m in width by 0.03m deep. This feature had a single fill of mid reddish brown dense silty clay (37705) containing no finds.

6.183 Immediately to the northwest of ditch terminus [37704] was west-south-west to east-north-east aligned ditch [37706] which continued beyond the extent of the trench (Plate 52). This feature had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base, and measured over 1m in length by 0.90m width by 0.12m deep. This ditch had a single fill of firm mid greyish brownish black silty clay (37707) containing no finds. Ditch [37706] correlates with a west-south-west to east-north-east orientated field boundary depicted in the 1888-1912 OS map, which is also aligned with a series of ditches beyond the trench: ditches [37804] and [37909]. This former field boundary also crossed Trenches 376 and 380 although it did not align with any features.

6.184 The features and the naturally-lain deposits in Trench 377 were overlain by a 0.17m thick compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil (37702) which in turn was overlain by a 0.14m thick topsoil comprising moderately compact mid greyish brown, silty clay (37701).



Plate 52: Ditch [37706], looking west

Trench 378 (Figures 4.64, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(37801)	0.14m	55.2m	Moderately compact mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(37802)	0.1om	55.06m	Compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil
(37803)	N/A	54.92m	Compact light greyish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.185 Trench 378 was located in the north of B18 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 378 comprised compact light greyish brown, silty clay (37803) which lay at a height if 54.92m AOD. The natural geology was cut by west-south-west to east-north-east orientated ditch [37804] which continued beyond the extent of the trench and measured over 1.8m in length, by 0.54m in width by 0.14m deep. This ditch had a moderately sloping north side and a steeply sloping south side to a flat base. The primary fill of ditch [37804] comprised a firm grey silty clay (37805) containing no finds. Ditch [37804] correlates with a west-south-west to east-north-east orientated field boundary depicted in the 1888-1912 OS map, which is also aligned with a series of ditches beyond the trench: ditches [37704] and [37909]. This former field boundary also crossed Trenches 376 and 380 although it did not align with any features.

6.186 The feature and the naturally-lain deposits in Trench 378 were overlain by a 0.10m thick subsoil mid greyish brown, silty clay (37802) which in turn was capped by a 0.14m thick moderately compact mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil (37801).

Trench 379 (Figures 4.65 – 4.66, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(37901)	0.23m	54.11m	Moderately compact mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(37902)	0.15m	53.88m	Compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil
(37903)	N/A	53.73	Compact light yellow brown, silty clay natural geology

6.187 Trench 379 was located in the northeast corner of B18, was oriented north to south, and targeted geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 379 comprised compact light yellow brown, silty clay natural (37903) which lay at a height of 53.73m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 379 were cut by three features: ditches [37904], [37907] and [37909], all of which continued beyond the extent of the trench.

6.188 The northern most feature in the trench was east to west orientated ditch [37904] which had steeply loping sides, although stepped on its south side, to an uneven base and measured 1.44m in width by over 1.8m in length by 0.28m deep (Plate 53). This linear feature had two fills; a primary fill of loose mid greyish brown silty clay (37906) with gravel and medium sized flint which contained 23 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, two discoidal snail shell fragment, one *helix aspersum* shell fragment, one horse or donkey bone fragment and five unidentified mammal bones; and an upper fill comprising loose dark greyish brown silty clay (37905) containing two Romano-British pottery sherds dating from the mid-1st century to the 2nd century AD, and one cattle bone fragment (Appendix B).

6.189 Immediately to the south was east to west ditch [37907] which had steeply sloping sides, although stepped on its south side, to a concave base, and measured 3.14m in with by over 1.80m in length by 0.40m deep (Plate 54). This linear feature had a single fill of friable mid greyish brown silty clay (37908) with pebbles and small rocks which contained 14 pottery sherds dating from the 13th century to the 14th century and one oyster shell fragment (Appendix B).



Plate 53: Ditch [37904], looking west



Plate 54: Ditch [37907], looking west

6.190 Approximately 17m to the south in the centre of Trench 379 was roughly east to west aligned ditch [37909], had near vertical sides to an uneven base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.83m in width by 0.10m deep. The primary fill of this feature comprised friable mid greyish brown silty clay (37910) with occasional small angular stones containing no finds . The ditch correlated with a west-south-west to east-north-east orientated field boundary depicted in the 1888-1912 OS map, which is also aligned with a series of ditches beyond the trench: ditches [37704] and [37804].

6.191 The features and naturally-lain deposits within Trench 379 were overlain by a 0.15m thick subsoil entailing compact mid greyish brown silty clay (37902) which in turn was overlain by a moderately compact mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil (37901).

6.192 Whilst this feature targeted a geophysical anomaly, this was not apparent in the trench. Instead, archaeological features were present which did not appear as anomalies in the survey.

Trench 383 (Figures 4.67, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(38301)	0.14m	58.7m	Compact mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(38302)	0.15m	58.56m	Moderately compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil
(38303)	N/A	58.41m	Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.193 Trench 383 was located in the central north of B18 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 383 comprised moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay (38303) which lay at a height if 58.41m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in the western edge of Trench 383 were cut by north to south orientated ditch [38304] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.43m in width by 0.20m deep (Plate 55). This linear feature had a single fill comprising plastic dark brownish black clayey silt (38305) with frequent charcoal and frequent poorly sorted stones. The 1888-1912 OS map depicts a north to south field boundary crossing the centre of Tench 383, although it does not align with ditch [38304].

6.194 The naturally geology and the feature in Trench 383 are overlain by a 0.1t5m thick moderately compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil (38302) which in turn is overlain by a 0.14m thick compact mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil (38301).



Plate 55: Ditch [38304], looking south

Trench 387 (Figures 4.68 – 4.69, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(38701)	0.15m	58.46m	Mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(38702)	0.13m	58.31m	Mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil
(38703)	N/A	58.18m	Moderately compact Light greyish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.195 Trench 387 was located in the northwest of B15 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 387 comprised moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay (38703) which lay at a height of 58.18m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 387 were cut by two features: ditch terminus [38704] and gully [38706].

6.196 North-west-north to south-east-south orientated gully [38706] was located in the northernmost part of the trench and it continues beyond the extent of trench. This linear feature had sharply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 0.91m in length by 0.43m in width by 0.10m deep. The gully had a single fill of compact mid brownish black silty clay with occasional medium rounded stones (38707) containing no finds.



Plate 56: Ditch [38706], looking southeast

6.197 Approximately 21m to the north was east to west orientated ditch terminus [38705] which terminated to the east and continued beyond the extent of the trench to the west. The linear featured had a rounded terminus, near vertical sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.50m in length by 1.09m in width by 0.08m deep. This ditch terminus had a single fill of plastic dark brownish black clayey silt (38705) with poorly sorted stones containing frequent charcoal fragments and no finds .

6.198 Overlaying the natural geology and features in Trench 387 was a 0.13m thick mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil (38702) which in turn was overlain by 0.15m thick mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil (38701).

Trench 482 (Figures 4.71, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(48201)	0.26m	61.61m	Compact mid reddish brown, silty clay topsoil
(48202)	0.11m	61.35m	Compact mid reddish brown, silty clay subsoil
(48203)	N/A	61.24m	Compact mid yellowish brown silty clay natural geology

6.199 Trench 482 was located to the northwest of B18 and was oriented northwest to south east. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 478 comprised moderately compact mid yellowish brown silty

clay (48203) which lay at a height of 61.24m AOD. The natural geology in Trench 482 was cut by one feature comprising a sub-circular pit [48204] located in the southern edge of the trench with gradually sloping sides to a flat and slightly rounded base (Plate 57). This feature measured 1.54 by 1.40m by 0.22m deep, and it had a single fill consisting of firm brownish yellow silty clay (48205) containing no finds.



Plate 57: Pit [48204], looking southwest

6.200 The natural geology and the feature in Trench 482 was overlain by a 0.11m thick subsoil entailing compact mid reddish brown, silty clay (48202) which in turn was overlain by a 0.26m thick compact mid reddish brown, silty clay topsoil (48201).

Trench 484 (Figures 4.72 – 4.75, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(48401)	0.25m	63.29m	Friable mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(48402)	0.06m	63.04m	Compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil
(48403)	N/A	62.98	Compact mid greyish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.201 Trench 484 was located in the central north of B18 and was oriented northwest to southeast. It targeted an area very busy with geophysical linear and curvilinear anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 484 comprised compact mid greyish brown, silty clay (48403) which lay at a

height if 62.98m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 484 were cut by eight features: gullies [48404], [48408], [48406] and [48411], ditches [48412] and [48423], and pits [48415] and [48416].

6.202 The northernmost feature within the trench was an east–west oriented gully [48408], which aligned with a geophysical anomaly. This anomaly extended beyond the eastern edge of the trench as a curvilinear feature, re-entering the trench further south. It also continues beyond the western boundary of the trench, where it terminates toward the west-southwest. This feature had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.8m in length 0.60m wide by 0.18m deep. The gully had a single fill consisting of firm plastic mid to dark greyish brown clayey silt (48409) with infrequent small stones containing no finds.

6.203 Gully [48406] was located approximately 3m to the south, measuring over 2m in length by 0.37m in width by 0.12m deep, with gradually sloping sides to a rounded base. This gully, which correlated with an sub-circular geophysical anomaly inconsistent with its shape, continued beyond the extent of the trench and had as single fill comprising firm plastic mid greyish brown clayey silt (48407) with occasional small stones containing no finds.

6.204 Approximately 8.4 m to the south were linear gullies [48411] and [48423], along with the terminus of gully [48404]. These features were interpreted as parts of the same curvilinear ditch, likely forming a sub-circular or sub-curvilinear enclosure, in conjunction with geophysical anomalies extending beyond the western edge of the trench. The westernmost part of the curvilinear was gully [48411] which had gradually sloping sides to a uneven base and measured over 3m in length by 0.26m in width by 0.07m deep. This linear feature had a single fill comprising firm hard mid greyish brown clayey silt (49410) with frequent small well-rounded stones containing one pottery sherd dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD(Appendix B). The central part of the curvilinear feature was gully [48423] which had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured 0.50m in width by 0.50m deep. This feature had a single fill entailing firm mid to dark greyish brown clayey silt (48424) with frequent medium round stones containing four cattle bone fragments, 14 unidentified mammal bone fragments and two sheep or goat bone fragments (Appendix B). The southernmost part of the curvilinear gully was curvilinear gully terminus [48404] which had a rounded end on its southeastern side, had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured approximately 1.8m in length by 0.37m in width by 0.09m deep. This feature had a single fill of friable mid greyish brown silty clay (48405) with angular medium stones containing 12 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, two cattle bone fragments, four discoidal snail shell fragments, and 42 unidentified mammal bone fragments(Appendix B). Curvilinear [48404] = [48411] = [48423] was truncated on its eastern side and from above by pit [48421] (Plate 58).

6.205 Pit [48421] which had steeply sloping sides to an uneven base was truncated by pit [48419]. This feature was filled by firm dark greyish black clayey silt (48422) with infrequent medium rounded stones which contained two round woods of apple-type charcoal, 22 pottery sherds dating from the Middle to the Late Iron Age and one fragment of unidentified mammal bone (Appendix B). Pit [48421] was in turn cut by from above by sub circular pit [48419] which continued beyond the eastern extent of the trench and was aligned with a geophysical survey, had gradually sloping sides to an uneven base and measured over 1.15m by over 0.49m by 0.17m deep. This pit had a single fill of friable mid greyish brown clayey silt (48420) with infrequent small sub-rounded stones containing no finds.



Plate 58: Pits [48419] and [48419] truncating gully [48423], looking north

6.206 Approximately 10m to the south of the curvilinear feature was northwest to southeast orientated ditch [48412] which extended beyond the extent of the trench and aligned with a geophysical anomaly that extended to the northeast and to the southwest. This feature had moderately sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.8m in length by 1.55m in width by 0.66m deep. This ditch had two fills; a primary fill consisting of soft and friable mid yellowish brown silty clay (48413) with small to medium angular and rounded stones which contained six pottery sherds dating from the Middle to the Late Iron Age, one cattle bone fragment, one pig bone fragment, two sheep or goat bone fragments and 13 fragments of unidentified mammal bone; and an upper fill comprising soft dark blueish grey silty clay (48414) with small to medium angular and rounded stones containing charcoal fragments, ten pottery sherds dating from the Middle to the Late Iron Age, six cattle bone fragments, one dog bone fragment, 127 unidentified mammal bone fragments and four sheep or goat bone fragments(Appendix B).

6.207 Further approximately 12m to the south was northeast to south west orientated linear and sub-circular feature [48415] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had gradually sloping sides and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.63m in width by 0.20m deep. This feature, which was interpreted as a ditch or a pit, had a single fill of firm mid greyish yellowish brown silty clay (48417) containing no finds.

6.208 Immediately to the south and separated from feature [48415], was large pit [48416] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had gradually sloping sides to a flat base, and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.68m in width by 0.25m deep (Plate 59). This feature was filled by firm dark yellowish brown silty clay (48418) containing no finds.



Plate 59: Pits [48415] and [48416], looking northeast

6.209 Overlying the naturally-lain deposits and features within the trench was a 0.06m thick compact mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil (48402), which in turn was overlain by a 0.25m thick friable mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil (48401).

Trench 485 (Figures 4.76, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(48501)	0.16m	62.22m	Friable mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(48502)	0.17m	62.06m	Compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil
(48503)	N/A	61.89m	Compact light yellowish brown silty clay natural geology

6.210 Trench 485 was located to the east of Trench 484 and was orientated northwest to southeast. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 485 comprised compact light yellowish brown silty clay (48503) which lay at a height of 61.89m aOD. The natural geology was cut by northeast to southwest shallow linear feature [48504] in the centre of Trench 484. This linear feature, interpreted as a furrow, continued beyond the extent of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base, measured over 1.8m in length by 0.66m in width 0.35m deep. This possible furrow had a single fill of compact mid yellowish brown silty clay (48505) with small angular stones containing no finds.

6.211 The feature and natural geology in Trench 485 was overlain by 0.17m compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil (48502) which in turn was overlain by 0.16m topsoil comprising friable mid greyish brown, silty clay (48501).

Trench 490 (Figures 4.77 – 4.78, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(49001)	0.44m	61.79	Friable mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(49002)	0.11m	61.35	Compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil
(49003)	N/A	61.24	Compact light greyish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.212 Trench 490 was located in the centre of B18 and was oriented north to south with an east to west extension in the south end of the trench. The extension was excavated to further investigate [49004]. Trench 490 targeted an area very busy with geophysical linear and curvilinear anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 490 comprised compact light greyish brown, silty clay (49003) which lay at a height of 61.24m aOD. The natural geology was cut by ditch [49004] which followed a northeast to southwest route across the trench. This feature was recorded in plan to avoid further disturbance. The linear feature had single fill of soft mid greyish brown silty clay (49005) containing no finds in plan. Ditch [49004], which aligned with a north-north-east to south-south-west orientated geophysical anomaly, was overlain by a soft and firm dark black brown silty clay spread (49006) containing one fragment of birch charcoal, four fragments of oak charcoal, four roundwoods of apple-type charcoal, two roundwoods of cherry charcoal, five unworked fragments of burnt flint, two residual prehistoric flint debitage flakes, 37 Romano-British pottery sherds dating from the 4th century, 15 fragments of fried clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British period, two fragments of Roman CBM, four bank or field vole bone fragments, one bird bone fragment one cattle bone fragment, one common shrew bone fragment, two discoidal shell fragments, one dog or fox bone fragment, 25 frog or toad bone fragments, six unidentified mammal bone fragments, two mouse bone fragments, three mouse or vole bone fragments, four *oxychilidae sp*. fragments, 25 micro-mammal bone fragments, three sheep or goat bone fragments, six vole bone fragments, two water vole bone fragments, one wood mouse bone fragment, 23 oat caryopses, two barley caryopses, five bread or club wheat caryopses, 30-99 glumes of spelt, 41 caryopses emmer or spelt, less than 100 glumes of emmer or spelt, one fork of emmer or spelt, 266 wheat caryopses, one fragment of hazel nut shell, 31 cereal caryopses, one pea or vetch seed, two grass family caryopses, one knotgrass achene, one cf. clovers seed, one hulled barley caryopsis, more than 10 glumes of emmer, one seed of knapweed, one seed of fat-hen, one black bindweed achene, one grass family caryopsis, 14 dock achenes and two indet achenes(Appendix B) (Plate 60). The flint debitage flakes indicate the presence of prehistoric activity in the local landscape.

6.213 Overlying the feature and deposits in the trench was 0.11m thick compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil (49002) which in turn was overlain by friable mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil (49001).



Plate 60: Deposit (49006) in Trench 490, looking west

Trench 492 (Figures 4.79 – 4.81, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(49201)	0.26m	64.35m	Friable mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(49202)	0.16m	64.09m	Mid yellowish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.214 Trench 492 was located in the centre of B18 and was oriented west-south-west to east-north-east. Trench 492 was located with an area very busy with geophysical linear and curvilinear anomalies. The middle and west-south-west portions of the trench were extended to further investigate features. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 492 comprised mid yellowish brown, silty clay natural geology (49203) which lay at a height of 64.09m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 492 were cut by seven features: gullies [49204] and [49206], ditches [49211], [49214], [49216], [49224] and possible pit [49222].

6.215 The east-north-easternmost feature in the trench was east to west orientated gully [49204] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had gradually sloping sides to an undulating base and measured over 4m in length by 0.60m in width by 0.04m deep. This gully had a single

fill of hard friable mid brownish sand clay (49203) with frequent stones containing no finds . This linear feature targeted a sub-circular geophysical anomaly.

6.216 Just over 5m to the west was north to south orientated ditch [49216] which had gradually sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.83m in width by 0.23m deep. This linear feature had a single fill consisting of firm mid greyish brown silty clay (49217) with frequent small to medium sub-rounded stones.. Immediately to the west was north to south orientated ditch [49214] which had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.83m in width by 0.43m deep. This linear feature had a single fill of firm plastic mid greyish brown clayey silt (49215) with chalk and frequent sub-rounded small to medium stones containing eight pottery sherd dating from the Middle to the Late Iron Age, 38 cattle bone fragments, one *cepaea sp.* fragment, one discoidal snail shell fragment, one donkey or horse bone fragment, 149 unidentified mammal bone fragments, one red deer bone fragments, and 15 sheep or goat bone fragments (Appendix B). Both ditches [49214] and [49216] corelate with a north to south orientated linear geophysical anomaly which continues beyond the extent of the trench and seems to be associated with a series of enclosures.

6.217 Roughly 8m to the southwest was a probable irregular shaped pit [49222] which had vertical sides to a flat base and measured over 2m by over 0.85m by 0.26m deep. This feature had a single fill comprising firm dark black greyish with chalky inclusions (49220) containing 21 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, eight cattle bone fragments, one horse or donkey bone fragment, 29 unidentified mammal bone fragments, three pig bone fragments and four sheep or goat bone fragments (Appendix B). This irregular shaped feature was continued beyond the northern edge of the trench and was truncated by ditch [49212], ditch [49227] and gully [49208].

6.218 North-north-west to south-south-east ditch [49212] truncated the western side of possible pit [49222] (Plate 61). Ditch [49212] ended in a rounded terminus, which was not excavated, to the south and continued beyond the northern extent of the trench following a route towards the north-north-west to then curve towards the northeast as shown by the geophysical survey. This likely curvilinear feature had a gradually sloping west side and a steeply sloping east side to a rounded base and measured over 2.8m in length by 2.50m in width by 0.62m deep. This feature had three fills; a primary fill of firm dark brownish black silty clay (49223) containing no finds; a secondary fill comprising firm dark yellowish black silty clay with many chalky stones and flint (49218) containing pottery sherds and possibly worked flint; and an upper fill consisting of firm dark blueish greyish black mottled with white flecks of chalky stone (49213) containing 87 Romano-British pottery sherds dating to the 4th century, one fragment of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British period, one fragment of Roman *tegula,* 23 cattle bone fragments, 17 discoidal snail shell fragments, one horse or donkey bone fragment, 267 unidentified mammal bone fragments, one pig bone fragment, 14 sheep or goat bone fragments, one emmer or spelt caryopsis, two wheat caryopses, five roundwoods of apple-type charcoal, two fragments of elm charcoal, two fragments of birch charcoal and one fragment of oak charcoal(Appendix B). Fill (49213) also contained one single shard of glass, likely dating to the Romano-British period. Additionally, three Romano-British metal artefacts were recovered from this fill: two iron hobnails (RFs 49202a; 49202b); one unidentified iron object; and a copper alloy Nummus of the House of Valentinian; Reece Period 19; dated to AD364-378.

6.219 Approximately 5.5m to the west was southeast to northwest orientated ditch [49224] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by over 0.92m in width by 0.41m deep. The geophysical survey depicts how the linear feature continued beyond the extent of the trench and was associated with sub-rectangular and sub-circular geophysical anomalies. Ditch [49224] had two fills; a primary fill of firm and friable mid greyish brown silty clay (49226) with infrequent small stones containing pottery sherds and fragments of animal bones; and an upper fill of firm light greyish brown clayey silt (49225) with occasional small stones containing charcoal fragments.

6.220 Cutting the eastern side of ditch [49224] was northwest to southeast orientated ditch [49227] which also continued beyond the trench and aligned with the geophysical linear anomaly associated with an enclosure system (Plate 62). This linear feature had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 2m in length by 0.92m in width by 0.32m deep. The ditch had three fills; a primary fill comprising firm to friable dark greyish brown clayey silt (49230) with rare small stones and chalk fragments containing pottery sherds and animal bone fragments; a secondary fill consisting of firm to friable mid to dark greyish brown silty clay (49229) with frequent medium stones and chalk fragments containing pottery sherds and animal bone fragments; and an upper fill entailing firm to compact mid greyish brown clayey silt (49228) with frequent medium stones and chalk fragments.



Plate 61: Pit [49212] truncating [49222], looking north



Plate 62: Ditch [49227] truncating ditch [49224], looking north

6.221 Approximately 8.66m to the west was northwest to southeast orientated ditch [49211] which continued beyond the extent of the trench and aligned with geophysical linear anomalies to the south linked with a system of enclosures. This linear feature had convex sides to a flat base and measured over 4m in length by 0.83m in width by 0.60m deep (Plate 63). This ditch had two fills; a primary fill comprising friable mid yellowish grey silty clay (49210) with frequent chalk gravel containing charcoal flecks and no finds; and an upper fill of firm to friable dark greyish brown silty clay with frequent rounded chalk gravel (49209) containing 20 southern British pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, two *candidula sp.* fragments, one cattle bone fragment, two sheep or goat bone fragments, one terrestrial snail shell fragment, five fragments of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British period, one fragment of Roman CBM, five roundwoods of apple-type charcoal, four roundwoods of cherry charcoal, one fragment of ash charcoal and one cereal caryopsis Appendix B). Fill (49209) also contained one single shard of possible Romano-British glass.

6.222 Cutting ditch [49211] was northwest to southeast orientated gully [49208] which had straight sides and measured over 3.80m in length by 0.30m in width by 0.2m in depth. This gully had a single fill of firm to compact light yellowish grey silty clay (49207) with frequent chalky gravel, occasional pinkish flecks of CBM and rare large angular sandstones containing six unidentified mammal bone fragments, two pig bone fragments and two sheep or goat bone fragments (Appendix B).



Plate 63: Ditches [49206], [49211] and [49208], looking northwest

6.223 Roughly 0.70m to the southwest was northwest to southeast orientated gully [49206] which continued beyond the extent of the trench and was aligned to the south with the geophysical linear anomaly associated with ditch [49211]. This linear feature had convex sides to a rounded base and measured over 5m in length by 0.63m in width by 0.2m deep (Plate 63). The gully was filled by a single deposit comprising compact mid to dark grey silty clay (49205) with frequent chalk gravel.

6.224 Overall, the finds recovered from this trench represent domestic waste relating to a nearby settlement of Romano-British date.

6.225 Overlying the natural geology and features within the trench was a 0.26m thick topsoil comprising friable mid greyish brown, silty clay (49201) containing two unidentified fragments of iron (RFs 49201a and 49201b) (Appendix B).

Trench 494 (Figures 4.82 – 4.83, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(49401)	0.33m	64.13m	Friable mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(49402)	0.12m	63.88m	Compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil
(49403)	N/A	63.68m	Compact light greyish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.226 Trench 494 was located to the west of B18 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 494 comprised moderately compact light greyish brown silty clay (49403) which lay at a height if 63.68m AOD.

6.227 The natural geology was cut by two features located in the western edge of the trench: possible [49404] and furrow [49406]. The northernmost feature was east-north-east to west-south-west possible ditch [49404] had gradually sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 2m in length by 0.80m in width by 0.07m deep. This linear feature which extended beyond the limits of the trench, and had a single fill of compact mid reddish brown clayey silt (49405) with occasional small and medium stones containing two Roman pottery sherds dating from the mid 1st century AD to the Early 2nd century AD, one of which was a body sherd of amphora imported from *Baetica, likely* representing a Dressel 20 amphorae, used for exporting Spanish olive oil (Appendix B). Also recovered from this ditch was a Romano-British iron nail (RF 49401) associated with fasteners or fittings.

6.228 Over 12m to the south was northeast to southwest orientated furrow [49406] which had gradually sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 2m in length by 1.50m in width by 0.08m. This linear feature, which, continued beyond the extent of the trench, had a single fill of compact mid reddish brown clayey silt (49407) with small and medium stones and flint containing no finds.

6.229 Overlying the feature and deposits in the trench was 0.11m thick compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil (49402) which in turn was overlain by friable mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil (49401) containing one cereal caryopsis (Appendix B).

Trench 495 (Figures 4.84, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(49501)	0.22m	62.94m	Compact mid brownish black clayey silt topsoil
(49502)	0.05m	62.72m	Mid greyish brown, clayey silt subsoil
(49503)	N/A	62.67m	Yellowish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.230 Trench 495 was located to the northeast of B18 and was oriented northwest to southeast. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 495 comprised yellowish brown, silty clay (49503) which lay at a height of 62.67m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits are cut by northeast to southwest orientated furrow [49504] in the centre of Trench 495. This linear feature, which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had gradually sloping sides to an irregular base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.95m in length by 0.2m deep. The single fill comprised firm mid greyish brown clayey silt (49505) with minor chalk inclusions contained no finds, and was interpreted as a furrow. This furrow contained one fragment of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British period (Appendix B) suggesting that the CBM is residual and has been redeposited as a result of modern farming practices or the feature is an earlier ditch rather than a furrow.

6.231 The feature and the natural geology in Trench 495 were overlain by a 0.05m thick subsoil entailing mid greyish brown, clayey silt (49502), which in turn was overlain by a 0.22m thick compact mid brownish black clayey silt topsoil (49401).

Trench 496 (Figures 4.85 – 4.88, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(49601)	0.22m	62.94m	Compact mid brownish black clayey silt topsoil
(49602)	0.05	62.72m	Mid greyish brown, clayey silt subsoil
(49603)	N/A	62.67m	Yellowish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.232 Trench 496 was located towards the southwest of B18 and was oriented north to south. Trench 496 was located within an area very busy with geophysical linear and curvilinear anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 496 comprised yellowish brown, silty clay natural (49603) which lay at a height of 62.67m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 496 are cut by nine

features: ditches [49611], [49630], [49632], gullies [49605], [49615], [49617], [49619], [49625] and [49627].

6.233 The natural geology in the southernmost edge of the trench was cut by northeast to southwest orientated gully [49611] which continued beyond the extent of the trench (Plate 64). This feature aligned with a series of discontinuous curvilinear anomalies identified in the geophysical survey, likely representing part of a broader system of enclosures. This curvilinear feature had concave sides to a rounded base and measured over 2.70m in length by 1.30m in width by 0.63m deep. This gully had three fills; a primary fill of firm mid yellowish brown clayey silt (49410) with moderate chalk inclusions containing no finds; and a secondary fill comprising firm mid greyish brown clayey silt (49609) with rare chalk inclusions containing no finds; and an upper fill entailing firm mid greyish brown sandy silt (49608) with very rare chalk inclusions containing 30 pottery sherds dating from the Middle to the Late Iron Age as well as, 11 cattle bone fragments, 47 unidentified mammal bone fragments, four pig bone fragments, 14 sheep or goat bone fragments and charcoal fragments (Appendix B).

6.234 Just over 5m to the north was east to west orientated gully [49615] which extended beyond the extent of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a concave base and measured 0.15m in width by over 1.8m in length by 0.07m deep (Plate 64). This feature had a single fill of soft mid greyish brown silty clay (49614) containing no finds.

6.235 Immediately to the north of gully [49615] was north-north-east to south-southwest gully [49617] = [49619] which consisted of rounded gully terminus [49617] and gully slot [49619] to the north which was truncated by east to west orientated gully [49621]. The gully terminus [49617] had a steeply sloping profile to an uneven base and measured 0.15m in width by 0.17m deep. The gully terminus had a soft mid greyish brown silty clay (49616) containing no finds. Gully slot [49619] had an uneven base a measured 0.30m width by 0.05m deep and had a single fill comprising soft mid greyish brown silty clay (49618) containing no finds. Gully [49617] =[49610] has a square terminus to the north.



Plate 64: Ditches [49615] and [49617], looking west

6.236 East to west orientated gully [49621] cut gully [49619] and continued beyond the extent trench. This linear feature had a steeply sloping south side to a concave base and measured over 1.80m in width by 0.40m in width by 0.08m deep. This feature had a single fill of soft mid greyish brown silty clay (49620) containing no finds.

6.237 Further to the north was east to west orientated gully [49605] which aligned with a geophysical anomaly that continued beyond the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a concave base and measure over 1.8m in length by 0.15m in width by 0.32m deep (Plate 65). This gully, which was truncated on its north side by pit [49607], had a single fill comprising soft dark greyish brown silty clay (49604) containing 13 pottery sherds dating from the Middle to Late Iron Age within the 4th century AD, one roundwood of cherry charcoal, one cattle bone fragment, four unidentified mammal bone fragments and five sheep or goat bone fragments(Appendix B).

6.238 The northern side of gully [49605] was cut by sub-circular pit [49607] which had near vertical sides to a flat base and measured 1.12m in length by 0.80m in width by 0.44m deep (Plate 65). This pit had a single fill comprising soft mid greyish brown silty clay (49606) containing six pottery sherds dating from the Middle to the Late Iron Age as well as charcoal, seven unidentified mammal bone fragments, two pig bone fragments and two sheep or goat bone fragments(Appendix B).



Plate 65: Ditch [4965] and pit [49607], looking east

6.239 Approximately 17m to the north, in the northern portion of the trench, was east to west orientated ditch [49634]. This feature aligned with a linear geophysical anomaly that extended beyond the trench in a west-north-west to east-south-east direction. The geophysical survey shows feature [49634] connected to a series of linear anomalies forming several rectangular enclosures surrounding smaller sub-circular ones. This ditch had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1.99m in length by 0.91m in width by 0.76m deep. The single fill of this feature comprised friable dark greyish brown clayey silt (49635) with occasional sub-angular medium and small stones containing one residual flint debitage flake, 112 pottery sherds dating from the Middle to the Late Iron Age, one *candidula sp.* fragment, 10 cattle bone fragments, six discoidal snail shell fragments, 59 unidentified mammal bone fragments, one oyster shell fragment, one pig bone fragment, 19 sheep or goat bone fragments, six roundwoods of cherry charcoal, four roundwoods of apple-type charcoal, one barley caryopsis, one emmer or spelt caryopsis, three glumes of emmer or spelt, 12 wheat caryopses, 10 cereal caryopeses, one caryopsis of cf. bromes, one sedge nutlet, seven fat-hen seeds, one black bindweed achene, one seed of bedstraw, 13 field gromwell nutlets, one grass family caryopsis, one knotgrass achene and two dock achenes (Appendix B). The flint debitage flake suggests the presence of prehistoric activity in the vicinity. This fill also contained three worked bone objects (RF 46901, RF 46902 and RF 46903), each comprising a sheep/goat or deer metatarsal, the shaft highly polished on all four faces. The medial and lateral sides have engraved grooves at the proximal and distal ends of the shaft on the medial and lateral sides positioned opposing one another. These finds reflect the remains of Romano-British waste relating to domestic or industrial processes from a nearby settlement.

6.240 Roughly 7.80m to the north of ditch [49634] was west-north-west to south-east-south orientated gully [49630] which aligned with the geophysical anomalies forming a rectangular enclosure associated with ditch [49634]. Gully [49630] had steeply sloping sides to a concave and rounded

base which measured over 1.8m in length by 1.32m in width by 0.51m deep. This gully had three fills; a primary fill comprising firm to compact mid yellowish brown clayey silt (49631) with frequent small rounded stone and chalk containing no finds; a secondary fill of compact to firm mid yellowish brown clayey silt (49632) with frequent small rounded stones and chalk containing no finds; and an upper fill entailing consisting of compact mid to dark brownish black clayey silt (49633) with chalk inclusions containing 61 pottery sherds dating to the mid 1st century AD, one fragment of Roman CBM, seven cattle bone fragments, one dog bone fragments one horse or donkey bone fragments, 91 unidentified mammal bone fragments, two pig bone fragments and nine sheep or goat bone fragments(Appendix B).

6.241 In the northernmost part of Trench 496 was curvilinear gully [49625] = [49627] which aligned with a geophysical anomaly extending beyond the trench as part of a partial sub-circular enclosure. This linear feature, which had steeply sloping sides to a concave and uneven base, measured over 4.75m in length, from 0.30m to 0.40m in width, and from 0.05m to 0.07m deep. This gully had a sole fill of soft mid greyish brown silty clay (49624) in slot [49625] and (49626) in slot [49627] which contained no finds.

6.242 The southern section of the gully [49625] was truncated by west-north-west to east-south-east orientated gully [49623]. It had steeply sloping sides to an uneven base and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.4m in width by 0.15m deep. This gully had a single fill comprising soft mid greyish brown silty clay (49622) containing five unidentified mammal bones, one sheep or goat bone fragments and four pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).

6.243 The western side of the northern section of the gully [49627] was truncated by pit [49629] which extended beyond the western extent of Trench 496 (Plate 66). This pit-like feature had gradually sloping sides to a concave base and measured 1.63m in width by over 0.45m in width by 0.24m deep. This pit had a single fill of soft mid greyish brown silty clay (49628) containing no finds.



Plate 66: Ditch [49627] and pit [49629], looking north

6.244 Overlying the natural geology and features within the trench was a 0.05m thick mid greyish brown, clayey silt subsoil (49602) which in turn was overlain by a 0.22m thick topsoil comprising compact mid brownish black clayey silt (49601).

Trench 497 (Figures 4.89 – 4.91, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(49701)	0.18m	65.5m	Mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(49702)	0.05m	65.32m	Compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil
(49703)	N/A	65.27m	Compact mid greyish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.245 Trench 497 was located towards the central south of B18 and was oriented north to south. Trench 497 was located with an area very busy with geophysical linear and curvilinear anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 497 comprised compact mid greyish brown, silty clay (49703) which lay at a height of 65.27m aOD. The natural geology was cut by ditches [49704], [49707] and [49709].

6.246 The southernmost feature in Trench 497 was ditch [49707] which had slightly gradual sloping north side and a quite steeply sloping south side to a bowl-shaped base and measured over

1.80m in length by 1.25m in width by 0.45m deep. This linear feature aligned with a curvilinear geophysical anomaly which extends beyond the extent of the trench to form a large curvilinear enclosure which is associated with a rectangular enclosure that encompassed linear features [49630] and [49634] in Trench 496 to the southwest. Ditch [49607] had a single fill of firm to friable dark blackish brown sandy clay (49706) with stones containing 22 Romano-British pottery sherds dating from the mid to the late 2nd century AD, three cattle bone fragments, 29 unidentified mammal bone fragments, two sheep or goat bone fragments and six fragments of Roman CBM (Appendix B).

6.247 Approximately 14m to the north was ditch [49709] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.8m in length by over 0.80m in width by 0.42m deep. This linear feature had a single fill of compact mid yellowish brown with white chalk flecks (49712) containing five Romano-British pottery sherds dating to the early 2nd century AD and animal bone fragments (Appendix B).

6.248 Ditch [49708] and ditch terminus [49710] truncated ditch [49709] (Plate 67). The southern side of ditch [49709] was cut by east to west orientated ditch [49708] which aligned with a linear geophysical anomaly which continued beyond the extent of the trench associated with several linear anomalies which in turn formed part of a series of enclosures, one of which is associated with a rectangular enclosure that encompassed linear features [49630] and [49634] in Trench 496 to the southwest. Ditch [49708] had a single fill of compact mid greyish brown silty clay (49711) with frequent angular stones and flint containing 102 pottery sherds dating to the 2nd century AD, two fragments of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British period, nine fragments of Roman *tegula*, 25 cattle bone fragments, one *cepaea hortensis* fragment, one *cepaea sp*.fragment, six *cochlicopidae sp*. fragment, 11 disco, 26 *hellicellanae sp.* fragment, idal snail shell fragment, 84 unidentified unidentified mammal bone fragments, four *oxyloma pfeifferi* fragments, nine oyster shell fragments, 32 sheep or goat bone fragments, and one hulled barley caryopsis, as well as two iron nails (RFs 3 and 4) (Appendix B). Almost all the pottery sherds were Romano-British, except for a fragment of imported *Lezoux samian* ware. Also recovered from fill (49711) four Romano-British iron objects: an unidentified object (RF 49703); and three nails (RFs 49702, 49701a and 49701b) associated with fasteners or fixings. The northern side of ditch [49709] was east to west orientated ditch terminus [49710] which terminated to the east and extended beyond the western extent of Trench 497. Ditch terminus [49610] had moderately sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.56m in width by 0.31m deep. The single fill of this linear feature comprised compact mid yellowish brown silty clay (49713) with infrequent small rounded and sub-angular stones containing animal bone fragments and one pottery sherd dating from the mid-14th century to the 15th century (Appendix B).



Plate 67: Ditch [49709], truncated by ditch [49708] (left) and ditch [49710] (right), looking west

6.249 Overlying the natural geology and the features in the trench was a 0.05m thick compact mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil (49702) which in turn was overlain by a 0.18m thick mid greyish brown silty clay (49701).

Trench 502 (Figures 4.92, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(50201)	0.22m	66.58m	Mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil
(50202)	0.05m	66.36m	Moderately mid greyish brown, silty clay subsoil
(50203)	N/A	66.31m	Compact light greyish brown, silty clay natural geology

6.250 Trench 502 was located to the south of B18 and was oriented north to south. Trench 502 was located with an area very busy with geophysical linear and curvilinear anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 502 comprised compact light greyish brown, silty clay (50203) which lay at a height of 66.31m aOD.

6.251 The natural geology was cut by east to west orientated ditch [50204] which was aligned with linear geophysical anomaly which extended beyond the trench and was associated with a series of enclosures. This features had a gradually sloping sides with a rounded base and measured over 1.8m in length by a 0.56m in width by 0.18m deep (Plate 68). The ditch had a single fill comprising friable mid yellowish brown silty clay (49705) with occasional small stones and chalk fragments containing no finds .



Plate 68: Ditch [50204], looking west

6.252 The feature and naturally-lain deposits in the trench were overlain by a 0.05m thick subsoil consisting of moderately mid greyish brown silty clay (50202) which in turn was overlain by a 0.22m thick mid greyish brown, silty clay topsoil (50201).

Sub-Area B19

6.253 A total of 19 trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B19, numbered 504-522. Eleven of the 19 trenches contained archaeological features (Trenches 506, 507, 512-514, 516, 517, and 519-522). The naturally-lain deposits across B19 comprised moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions. The natural geology was recorded at heights between 55.41m aOD and 68.24m aOD. The subsoil comprised moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay. The subsoil varied in depth from 0.04m to 0.14m. The topsoil comprised moderately compact to compact mid greyish brown silty clay, varying in depths from 0.12m to 0.26m.

6.254 The geophysical survey identified linear and curvilinear anomalies within B19 likely representing a ladder settlement located approximately 3.2km to the southwest of the Roman Settlement Scheduled Monument (Historic England List Entry Number: 1491190). This probable settlement was targeted by five trenches containing archaeological features: Trenches 512, 516, 519, 420 and 521.

Sub-Area B19 Positive Trenches

Trench 506 (Figures 4.93, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(50601)	0.17m	62.93m	Moderately compact to compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(50602)	0.07m	62.76m	Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(50603)	N/A	62.69m	Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay natural

6.255 Trench 506 was located in the northeast of B19 and oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 506 comprised moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay (50603) which lay at a height if 62.69m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by northwest to southeast orientated gully [50605] which extended beyond the extent of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.45m in width by 0.07m deep. This linear feature had a single fill of hard and friable grey, yellow brown clay (50604) with medium chalk and flint fragment inclusions containing no finds.

6.256 The feature and the natural geology in the trench were overlain by a 0.07m thick moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil (50602) which in turn was overlain by a 0.17m thick topsoil comprising moderately compact to compact mid greyish brown silty clay (50601).

Trench 507 (Figures 4.94, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(50701)	0.15m	62.87m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(50702)	0.07m	62.72m	Mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(50703)	N/A	62.65m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.257 Trench 507 was located in the northeast of B19 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 507 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay natural (50703)

which lay at a height of 62.65m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in this trench were cut by two features: east to west orientated ditch [50707] and circular post-hole [50705].

6.258 Ditch [50707] was located in the centre of Trench 507 and continued in both directions beyond the extent of the trench. This linear feature had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.50m in width by 0.46m deep. This ditch had a single fill of soft mid greyish brown silty clay (50706) with frequent medium chalk and flint fragments containing 16 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, one cattle bone fragment and one unidentified mammal bone fragment (Appendix B).



Plate 69: Ditch [50707], looking west

6.259 Roughly 5.80m to the north was post hole [50705] which had sharply sloping sides to a U-shaped base and measured 0.27m in diameter by 0.10m deep. This circular feature had a single fill of hard and friable grey, yellow brown clay (50704) with medium chalk and flint fragments containing one wheat caryopsis (Appendix B).

6.260 The features and naturally-lain deposit in Trench 507 were overlain by a 0.07m thick mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil (50702) which in turn was overlain by a 0.15m thick topsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay (50701)

Trench 512 (Figures 4.95 – 4.96, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(51201)	0.2m	63.2 m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(51202)	0.11m	63m	Moderately compact light greyish brow silty clay subsoil
(51203)	N/A	62.89m	Orangish silty clay natural geology

6.261 Trench 512 was located in the centre north of B19 and was oriented west-north-west to east south-east. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 512 comprised orangish silty clay (51203) which lay at a height of 62.89m aOD. Trench 512 targeted geophysical linear and curvilinear anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 512 were cut by three features: gully [51205], and ditches [51208] and [51210].

6.262 Ditch [51208] had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.8m in length by 1.07m in width by 0.64m deep (Plate 70). This linear feature had two fills; a primary fill of firm mid grey, yellow slightly silty clay (51207) with occasional chalk flecks containing no finds; and an upper fill of firm mid brownish yellow silty clay (51206) with occasional sub-angular and sub-wounded chalk fragments and stones containing three pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).

6.263 Approximately 9.50m to the east was ditch [51210] which aligned with a linear geophysical anomaly that continue beyond the limits of the trench following a north to south route, although it turns to a northwest to southeast orientation about 50m to the north. This feature had steeply sloping sides to a slightly concave base and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.12m in width by 0.35m deep. The single fill of ditch [51210] comprised firm mid brownish yellow silty clay (52109) with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded small and medium stones, occasional chalk flecking, 12 *candidula sp.* fragments, one oyster shell fragment, nine terrestrial snail shell fragments and one pottery sherd dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).

6.264 Approximately 16m to east was north-north-east to south-south-west gully [51205] which aligned with a curvilinear geophysical anomaly which continued beyond the extent of the trench representing a partial circular enclosure. This feature had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.90m in length by 0.74m in width by 0.22m deep (Plate 71). This gully had a single fill entailing compact and friable mid greyish brown silty clay (51204) with rare small stones containing four residual flint debitage flakes, one pottery sherd dating from the 1st century BC to the first century AD, one roundwood of blackthorn charcoal, one sheep or goat bone fragment (Appendix B). The flint debitage flakes are suggestive of prehistoric activity within the local landscape.



Plate 70: Ditch [51208], looking north



Plate 71: Ditch [51205], looking north

6.265 The features and natural geology within Trench 512 were overlain by 0.11m thick moderately compact light greyish brow silty clay subsoil (51202) which in turn was overlain by 0.20m thick topsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay (51201).

Trench 513 (Figures 4.97 – 4.98, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(51301)	0.12m	63.52m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(51302)	0.08m	63.4m	Mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(51303)	N/A	63.32m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.266 Trench 513 was located to the central northwest of B19 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 513 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (51303) which lay at a height of 63.32m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 513 were cut by three features: ditches [51306] and post holes [51310] and [51312].

6.267 The northernmost feature in the trench was circular post hole [51310] which had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured 0.36m in length by 0.16m in width by 0.15m deep (Plate 72). This feature had a single fill of hard and friable dark, grey brown clay (51309) containing charcoal fragments and no finds. Around 0.95m to the southwest of post hole [51310] was another circular post hole [51312] which had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured 0.26m in length by 0.18m in width by 0.09m deep. This feature had a single fill comprising firm and friable mid orangish brown silty clay (51311) with rare small flint containing one pottery sherd dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).



Plate 72: Post-hole [51315], looking northeast

6.268 Approximately 7.8m to the south was east to west orientated ditch [51306] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a concave base and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.34m in width by 0.49m deep. This linear feature had two fills: a friable to firm mid grey yellow silty clay (51305) with occasional small sub-angular to sub-rounded stones and chalk fragments containing no finds; and an upper fill comprising a friable dark brownish yellow silty clay (51304) with occasional stones, chalk, rare charcoal inclusions, 113 pottery sherds dating from the late 1st century to the early 2nd century AD, two cattle bone fragments, two discoidal snail shell fragments, 10 unidentified mammal bone fragments, one roundwood of apple-type charcoal and one cereal caryopsis(Appendix B).

6.269 Further to the south was east-to west orientated ditch [51307] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, measured over 1.80m, 0.66m wide, 0.07m deep and had gradually sloping sides onto a concave base. This linear feature had a single fill comprising compact light yellowish brown silty clay (51308) containing no finds.

6.270 The features within Trench 513 were overlain by 0.08m thick mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil (51302) which in turn was overlain by 0.12m thick topsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay (51301).

Trench 514 (Figures 4.99 – 4.100, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(51401)	0.17m	63.5m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay
(51402)	0.11m	63.33m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(51403)	N/A	63.22m	Orangish yellow clay natural geology

6.271 Trench 514 was located to the east of Trench 513 and was oriented west-north-west to east-south-east. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 514 comprised orangish yellow clay (51403) which lay at a height of 63.22m aOD. The natural geology in Trench 513 was cut by pit [51405], gully [51407] and ditch [51416].

6.272 In the centre of the trench was discrete circular pit [51405] which had very gradual sides to a rounded base and measured 0.34m in length by 0.27m in width by 0.03m deep. This pit had a single fill comprising friable to firm mid orangish brown silty clay (51404) containing no finds.

6.273 Approximately 12m to the west was northwest to southeast gully [51407] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had gradually sloping sides to a bowl-shaped base and measured over 3.50m in length by 0.55m in width by 0.18m deep (Plate 73). This shallow gully had a single fill comprising friable light greyish brown sandy clay (51406) containing no finds.

6.274 In the west edge of Trench 514 just over 2m to the west of gully [51407], was north to south orientated ditch [51416] which continued beyond the extent of the trench and likely aligned with the linear geophysical anomaly and ditch slot [51210] in Trench 512 further north. Linear feature [51416] had a steeply sloping east side to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.45m in width by over 0.58m deep (Plate 74). It contained two fills; primary fill comprising soft dark yellowish brown clayey silt (51415) with rare chalk fragments; and upper fill of firm light brownish grey clayey silt (51414) with rare chalk flecks containing one pottery sherd dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).



Plate 73: Gully [51407], looking northeast

6.275 Ditch [51416] was cut by north to south orientated ditch [51413] which had a steeply sloping west side to a flat base and measured over 1.8m in length by over 0.91m in width by 0.52m deep (Plate 74). This linear feature had two fills; a primary fill comprising soft mid yellowish brown clayey silt (51412) with occasional chalk flecks and river pebbles containing no finds; and an upper fill of firm light grey, brown clayey silt (51411) with frequent chalk fragments and stone containing no finds.

6.276 The eastern side of ditch [51413] was cut by north to south orientated ditch [51410] which had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1.8m in length by a 1.01m in width by 0.17m deep (Plate 74). This linear feature which extended beyond the extent of the trench had two fills; a primary fill of firm light brownish yellow silty clay (51409) with rare chalk flecks containing no finds; and an upper fill of firm greyish brown clayey silt (51408) with some chalk flecking containing 33 pottery sherds dating from the mid 1st to the second centuries AD and one unidentified bone fragment (Appendix B).



Plate 74: Ditch [51416], truncated by ditch [51413] (center) and ditch [51410] (right), looking south

6.277 Overlying the natural geology and features within the trench was subsoil comprising 0.11m thick compact light greyish brown silty clay (51402) which in turn was capped by a 0.17m thick compact light greyish brown silty clay topsoil.

Trench 516 (Figures 4.101 – 4.105, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(51601)	0.26m	63.02m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(51602)	0.06m	62.76m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(51603)	N/A	62.70m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.278 Trench 516 was located in the centre of B19 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 516 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (51603) which lay at a height of 62.70m aOD. Trench 516 targeted geophysical linear and curvilinear anomalies. The naturally-lain deposit in this trench were cut by nine features: ditches [51606], [51611], [51613] and 51625]; pits [51604] and [51633] = [51638]; ditch terminus [51619]; gully [51615]; and posthole [51609].

6.279 In the northern edge of Trench 516 was east-north-east to west-south-west orientated probable drainage ditch [51613] which had continued beyond the extent of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a concave base, and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.6m in width by 0.34m deep. This ditch, aligned with a linear geophysical anomaly that continued beyond the trench, and had a single fill of soft mid greyish brown silty clay (51614) containing no finds.

6.280 Approximately 6m to the south was east to west orientated gully [51615] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had moderately sloping sides to an uneven base and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.42m in width by 0.12m deep. This gully had a single fill of firm light greyish brown silty clay (51616) containing no finds.

6.281 Approximately 6.5m to the south was east to west orientated ditch [51611] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had a moderately to gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.8m in length by 0.73m in width by 0.19m deep. This ditch had a single fill comprising moderately loose mid orangey brown silty clay (51612) with frequent chalk and flint fragments, again, containing no finds.

6.282 Just over 7m to the south was east to west orientated ditch [51625] which aligned with a linear geophysical anomaly which continued beyond the limits of the trench and was associated with a sub-circular enclosure part of an overall settlement. This feature was truncated on both sides, had a flattish base and measured over 1.80m in length by over 0.30m in width by 0.54m deep (Plate 75). The ditch had two fills; a primary fill of soft mid greyish brown silty clay (51627) with frequent medium angular stones containing 47 discoidal snail shell fragments, six *helicella itala* fragments, seven *hellicellanase sp*. fragments and one sheep or goat bone fragment; and an upper fill comprised of soft mid greyish orangey brown silty clay (51626) with frequent medium angular stones containing no finds. Both fills were interpreted as naturally infills (Appendix B).

6.283 Ditch [51625] was truncated to the south by ditch [51622] and to the north by ditch [51628]. Ditch [51622] had moderately sloping sides and measured over 1.8m in length by 2.94m in width over 0.67m deep (Plate 75). This feature had two fills; a primary fill of soft mid greyish brown silty clay (51632) containing no finds; and an upper fill comprising soft dark greyish brown silty clay (51623) with frequent medium angular chalk stones containing one residual flint debitage flake, 19 pottery sherds dating to the 1st century AD, five cattle bone fragments, 360 conical snail shell fragments, two dog bone fragments, 32 unidentified mammal bone fragments, one red deer bone fragment, two sheep or goat bone fragments, 360 terrestrial snail shell fragments and entire pottery vessel (RF 51601) which was initially interpreted as a potential cremation urn although its fill comprised very compacted light brownish grey clayey loam and showed no evidence of cremated bone, burnt material or finds (Appendix B).

6.284 To the north of [51625], east to west orientated ditch [51628] truncated it. This ditch had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by over 0.70m in width by 0.50m deep (Plate 75). This feature had a single fill of comprising soft mid orangey brown silty clay (51629) with frequent angular chalk stones containing two Romano-British pottery sherds dating to 1st century AD, two cattle bone fragments, two horse or donkey bone fragments and 11 unidentified mammal bone fragments (Appendix B).

6.285 Truncating ditch [51628] to the north, was east to west ditch [51630] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had moderately sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.57m in width by 0.28m deep (Plate 75). This linear feature had a single fill

entailing soft mid orangish brown silty clay (51631) containing 10 *hellicella itala* fragments and one hulled barley caryopsis (Appendix B).



Plate 75: Ditch [51625], truncated by ditch [51622], [51628] and ditch [51630], looking west

6.286 Immediately to the south of the intercutting ditches was circular post hole [51609] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base which measured roughly 0.20m in diameter by 0.05m deep. This posthole had a single fill of friable dark greyish brown silty clay with rare small angular stones (51610) containing no finds.

6.287 In the southern portion of the trench approximately 4m to the south of posthole [51609] was an elongated pit with rounded ends which was excavated in two slots: [51638] to the north and [51633] to the south (Plate 76). This feature had gradually sloping sides to an undulating and rounded base and measured 3.20m in length by from 0.53m to 1.16m in length by from 0.30m to 0.34m deep. Southern slot [51633] had two fills; a primary fill of friable light yellowish brown silty clay (51635) with rare small chalk and flint fragments containing no finds; and an upper fill of friable mid yellowish brown silty clay (51634) containing rare small sized stones, flint, chalk two residual flint debitage flakes, seven pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, one cattle bone fragment, 13 unidentified mammal bone fragments flint and an iron nail (RF 51602). The northern slot [51638] had two fills; a primary fill comprising friable to compact dark greyish brown silty clay (51637) containing CBM; and an upper fill comprising friable to compact brown clay (51636) containing no finds .



Plate 76: Slot in pit [51633] = [52638], looking east

6.288 Roughly 1m to the south was oval pit [51604] with concave sides onto a concave base and measuring 0.52m in diameter by 0.12m deep. This pit had a single fill of soft mid greyish brown silty clay (51605) containing no finds.

6.289 Immediately to the south was ditch terminus [51619] which had gradually sloping sides to a concave base and measured over 0.50m in length by 0.75m in width by 0.32m deep (Plate 77). This feature had a single fill comprising friable mid yellowish brown silty clay (51620) with rare small pebble sized chalk stones containing no finds. This was truncated by east to west orientated ditch [51617] continuing beyond the extent of the trench. This ditch had gradually sloping sides to a concave base and measured over 1.80m in length by 2.44m in length by 0.21m deep. This linear feature had two fills; a primary fill comprising friable light brownish yellow silty clay (51621) with rare small chalk pebbles containing no finds; and an upper fill of friable light yellowish brown silty clay (41618) containing two pottery sheds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD and CBM (Appendix B).



Plate 77: Ditch [51617] truncating ditch [51619], looking west

6.290 The southernmost feature in Trench 516 was northwest to southeast ditch [51606] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had gradually sloping sides onto a slightly pointed base and measured over 3.90m in length by 1.1m in width by 0.47m deep. The ditch had two fills: a basal fill comprising friable light yellowish brown silty clay (51608) with frequent chalk inclusions, one unidentified mammal bone; and an upper fill consisting of friable mid yellowish brown silty clay (51607) with frequent large rounded and sub-angular pebbles and cobbles containing two pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, one unidentified mammal bone fragment and one sheep or goat bone fragment (Appendix B).

6.291 The flint debitage flakes recovered from ditches [51622] and [51633] reflect a general local prehistoric background.

6.292 The natural geology and features within the trench were overlain by a 0.06m thick compact light greyish brown silty clay subsoil (51602) and the stratigraphic sequence was capped by a 0.26m thick topsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay (51601).

Trench 517 (Figures 4.106 – 4.107, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(51701)	0.19m	64.4m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(51702)	0.05m	64.21m	Mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(51703)	N/A	64.16m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.293 Trench 517 was located to the west of Trench 516 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 517 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (51703) which lay at a height of 64.16m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 517 are cut by gullies [51704] and [51707].

6.294 Gully [51704], oriented northwest to southeast, was situated in the northernmost part of the trench. It extended beyond the western edge of the trench and terminated in a rounded end to the southeast. This gully had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 2.20m in length by 0.40m in width by 0.12m deep. This linear feature had a single fill comprising friable mid orangish brown silty clay (51705) with frequent medium angular stones containing no finds.

6.295 Over 34m to the north in the northern section of the trench was northeast to southwest orientated gully [51707] which extended beyond the extent of the trench, had moderately to steeply sloping sides to a rounded base, and measured over 2m in length by 0.79m in width 0.29m deep. This gully had a single fill of compact mid orangish silty clay (51706) containing no finds.

6.296 The fills of both gullies were interpreted as a result of natural infilling. While the gullies did not correspond with any geophysical anomalies, their plan form suggests they may have been part of an outer circular enclosure surrounding the curvilinear anomaly targeted by Trench 516, although this cannot be demonstrated at this stage.

6.297 The features and the naturally-lain deposits in Trench 517 were overlain by a 0.05m thick mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil (51702) which in turn was overlain by a 0.19m thick topsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay (51701).

Trench 519 (Figures 4.108 – 4.110, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(51901)	0.18m	66.05m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(51902)	0.05m	65.87m	Moderately compact mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(51903)	N/A	65.82m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.298 Trench 519 was located in the southern centre of B19 and was oriented northeast to southwest. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 519 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (51903) which lay at a height of 65.82m aOD. Trench 519 targeted geophysical linear and curvilinear anomalies. The natural geology in Trench 519 was cut by eight features: ditches [51919], [51916] and [51918], pits [51907], [51913] and [51910], gully [51911] = [51927], and post hole [51924].

6.299 Sub-circular large pit [51907] was located in the northeast edge of the trench, extended beyond the limits of the trench and was truncated by ditch [51904] to the west (Plate 78). This feature measured over 1.8m in diameter by 0.31m deep and had a single fill of soft mid brownish grey silty clay (51908) with rare small angular stones .North-north-west to south-southeast orientated ditch [51904] cut the western side of pit [51907] in the northeastern and was aligned with a curvilinear geophysical anomaly that extended beyond the limits of the trench and formed part of a partial sub-circular enclosure. This curvilinear feature had steeply sloping sides to a round base and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.96m in width by 0.42m deep. The single fill comprised soft mid blueish grey silty clay (51905).



Plate 78: Ditch [51904] truncating pit [51907], looking northwest

6.300 Approximately 9.60m to the southwest was northwest to southeast ditch [51919] which was aligned with a geophysical anomaly that extends beyond the extent of the trench representing a partial circular enclosure within a larger partial circular enclosure. This feature had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 2m in length by 1m to 1.5m in width by 0.75m deep (Plate 79). This ditch had four fills; a primary fill comprising soft mid greyish brown with yellow specks silty clay (51923) containing no finds ; a secondary fill of soft dark greyish brown silty clay (51922) containing five roundwoods of blackthorn charcoal, two fragments of birch charcoal, one fragment of oak charcoal, one roundwood of apple-type charcoal, one fragment of ash charcoal, one pig bone fragment, four sheep or goat bone fragments, three unidentified mammal bone fragments, charcoal as well as 73 pottery sherds dating from the Middle to the Late Iron Age; a tertiary fill entailing soft mid yellowish brown silty clay (51921) with chalk and flint inclusions containing animal bone fragments; and an upper fill of firm light yellowish brown silty clay (51920) with chalk inclusions containing one pottery sherd dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD two fragments of cattle bone and ten unidentified mammal bone fragments (Appendix B).

6.301 Approximately 1.60m to the southwest of ditch [51919] was circular posthole [51924] which had steeply sloping sides to an uneven base and measured 0.34m in length by 0.19m in width by 0.12m deep. This posthole had a single fill of firm mid greyish brown clayey silt (51925) with frequent medium sub-angular stones containing no finds.



Plate 79: Ditch [51919], looking southeast

6.302 About 3.75m to the southwest was north to south ditch [51916] which continued beyond the southern limit of the trench and terminated in a rounded end to the north. This feature is aligned with a curvilinear anomaly which extends beyond the trench and seems to represent a partial circular enclosure within a larger partial circular enclosure. The ditch terminus had a single fill comprising medium dark grey, brown clay (51915) with rare small to medium possible red ochre fragments, chalk fragments and stones. This fill contained one residual flint debitage flake, 22 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, nine unidentified mammal bones, two sheep or goat bone fragments and charcoal (Appendix B). The flint debitage flake suggest the presence of prehistoric activity within the local landscape.

6.303 Approximately 3.6m to the southwest of ditch terminus [51916] was sub-oval pit [51913] which had gradually sloping sides to a round base and measured 0.87m in length by 0.4m in width by 0.11m deep. The single fill comprised friable mid greyish brown silty clay (51914) containing no finds. The survey and the geophysical survey suggest that pit [51913] was located within the enclosure associated with ditch terminus [51916].

6.304 Just over 2m to the southwest was an east to west aligned gully that extended beyond the northwestern limit of the trench and terminated in a rounded end to the southeast. It was excavated in two slots: western slot [51927] and eastern slot [51911]. The linear had gradually sloping sides to a bowl-shaped and rounded base and measured over 3.80m in length by 0.15 to 0.25m in width by 0.05m to 0.07m deep. Slot [51911] was the rounded terminus. The single fill of the slot [51927] comprised compact mid brownish brown silty clay (51926) with no finds and the single fill of terminus [51911] consisted of friable mid greyish brown silty clay (51912) containing no finds.

6.305 Approximately 1,5m to the south was circular pit [51910] had moderately sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.61m in length by0.46m in width by 0.08m deep (Plate 80). This

pit had a single fill comprising hard dark grey, brown clay (51909) with rare small chalk fragments containing no finds.



Plate 80: Pit [51910], looking south

6.306 In the southwest edge of Trench 519 was northwest to southeast orientated ditch [51918] which aligned with a curvilinear linear geophysical anomaly which continued beyond the extent of the trench representing a large partial circular enclosure. This ditch had steeply slopping sides to a U-shaped base and measured over 1.8m in length by 1.03m in width by 0.68m deep. The single fill of this ditch comprised compact mid brownish grey slightly silty clay (51917) containing one Romano-British iron link from a two-link snaffle-bit, nine pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, 14 cattle bone fragments, one horse or donkey bone fragments, 79 unidentified mammal bone fragments and occasional charcoal fragments (Appendix B).

6.307 Overlying the natural geology and features within the trench was a 0.05m thick moderately compact mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil (51902) and the stratigraphic sequence was capped by a 0.18m thick topsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay (51901) containing two rejoining fragments belonging to a possible loom weight or perhaps a fishing line/net sinker. (Appendix B).

Trench 520 (Figures 4.111 – 4.112, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(52001)	0.2m	65.33m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(52002)	0.07m	65.13m	Mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(52003)	N/A	65.06m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.308 Trench 520 was located towards the southeast of B19 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 520 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (52003) which lay at a height of 65.06m aOD. Trench 520 targeted geophysical linear and curvilinear anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 520 were cut by nine features: postholes [52006], [52008], [52010], [52012]; ditches [52004], [52016] and [52018]; and gullies [52014] and [52022].

6.309 The northernmost feature in Trench 520 was northwest to southeast orientated ditch [52018] which aligned with linear geophysical anomalies extending beyond the trench and part of a series of rectangular and circular enclosures. Ditch [52018] had moderately sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.96m in width by 0.34m deep (Plate 81). This linear feature had two fills; a primary fill of soft dark brownish clack silty clay (52019) with occasional small to medium angular stones containing pottery sherds; and an upper fill comprising soft mid greyish brown silty clay (52020) with occasional medium angular stones containing ten pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD and one unidentified mammal bone fragment (Appendix B).



Plate 81: Ditch [52018], looking southeast

6.310 To the south of ditch [52018] were a cluster of three circular post holes which may represent a structure within an enclosure as they were positioned in a consistent alignment, with regular spacing between them. Immediately to the south of the ditch was posthole [52012] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.28m in diameter by 0.04m deep. This posthole had a single fill of friable mid yellowish brown silty clay (52012) containing no finds. Approximately 1.36m to the southwest was posthole [52010] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.20m diameter by 0.03m deep. This posthole had a single fill comprising friable mid yellowish brown silty clay (52011) containing no finds. Approximately 1.36m to the southwest was posthole [52008] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.10m in diameter by 0.04m deep. This pothole had a single fill of friable mid yellowish brown silty clay (52009) containing no finds.

6.311 Approximately 0.87m to the southeast of posthole [52008] was large posthole or pit [52006] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.45m in diameter and 0.07m deep (Plate 82). This circular feature had a single fill comprising friable mid yellowish brown with occasional black flecking silty clay (52007) with rare chalk, charcoal inclusions and one pottery sherd dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B). This may be a pit or a large posthole related to the above cluster of postholes. The presence of charcoal could suggest the presence of a burnt wooden post.



Plate 82: Posthole [52006], looking east

6.312 Approximately 7.60m to the south was east to west orientated gully [52014] and east to west orientated ditch [52016] which may represent a double linear feature that aligns with a linear geophysical anomaly extending beyond the extent of the trench and associated with a larger partial rectangular enclosure. Gully [52014] had moderately sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.30m in width by 0.12m deep. The gully had a single fill comprising friable dark greyish brown silty clay (52015) with occasional medium angular stones containing fuel ash slag, five residual flint debitage flakes, 33 Romano-British pottery sherds dating to the 1st century AD, one fragment of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British period, one cattle bone fragment, two discoidal snail shell fragments, 18 unidentified mammal bone fragments, one pig bone fragment and two sheep or goat bone fragments (Appendix B). The flint debitage flake reflects prehistoric activity in the surrounding landscape.

6.313 Immediately to the south was ditch [52016] which had moderately sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.66m in width by 0.17m deep. The ditch had a single fill comprising soft dark greyish brown silty clay (52017) with occasional medium stones containing 18 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, five fragments of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British period, one cattle bone fragment, six unidentified mammal bone fragments and six sheep or goat bone fragments (Appendix B). Fill (52017) also contained two fragments of unclassified slag, possibly slag cake, representing the well-weathered and degraded residual remains of ironworking activities taking place elsewhere in the vicinity of Trench 520.

6.314 About 7.50m to the south was east to west orientated gully [52022] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a u-shaped base and measured over 1.8m in

length by 0.47m in width by 0.21m deep. This gully had a single fill entailing compact brownish yellow sandy clay (52021) containing no finds.

6.315 In the southernmost part of the trench was ditch [52004] which extended beyond the western extent of the trench and terminated in a rounded end to the east. This ditch terminus had a single fill of friable dark yellowish brown silty clay (52005) with frequent small to medium pebbles and stones containing seven pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, and one unidentified mammal bone fragment (Appendix B).

6.316 Overlying the naturally geology and features within the trench was a 0.07m thick subsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay (52002) which in turn was overlain by a 0.20m thick mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (42001).

Trench 521 (Figures 4.114 – 4.115, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(52101)	0.18m	67.25m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(52102)	0.04m	67.07m	Compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(52103)	N/A	67.03m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.317 Trench 521 was located towards the south of B and was oriented northeast to southwest. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 521 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (52103) which lay at a height 0f 67.03m aOD. Trench 521 targeted geophysical linear and curvilinear anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 521 were cut by four features: pit [52104], and ditches [52106], [52115], and [52119].

6.318 In the northwest edge of the trench was sub-circular pit [52104] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.65m in length by 0.26m in width by 0.17m deep (Plate 83). This feature had a single fill comprising firm dark greyish brown clayey silt (52105).



Plate 83: Pit [52104], looking northeast

6.319 Just over 11m to the south was east to west orientated ditch [52106] which aligned with a linear geophysical anomaly that extended beyond the extent of the trench and turn south to re-entre the trench and align with ditch [52119]. Ditch [52106] had a moderately sloping south side to a flat base and measured over 1.8m in length by over 0.59m in width by 0.48m deep. This linear feature had three fills; a primary fill of firm dark greyish brown clayey silt (52109) containing animal bone fragments; a secondary fill comprising firm md yellowish brown clayey silt (52108) containing no finds; and an upper fill entailing firm friable dark greyish brown clayey silt (52107) containing 15 Romano-British pottery sherds dating to the 1st century AD, one cattle bone fragment, 13 unidentified mammal bone fragments, one pig bone fragment and seven sheep or goat bone fragments(Appendix B). The north side of this feature was truncated by ditch [52110] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had moderately sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.91m in width by 0.25m deep. This feature had a single fill of firm dark greyish brown clayey silt (52111) containing three cattle bone fragments, two unidentified mammal bone fragments and one sheep or goat bone fragment (Appendix B).

6.320 In the southern portion of Trench 521 approximately 7.3m to the southwest of ditch [52106] was north to south orientated ditch [52119] which extended beyond the limits of the trench and seemed to be associated with ditch [52106] as suggested by the geophysical survey. Ditch [52119] had a gradually sloping west side to a rounded base and measured over 1.8m in length by over 1.22m in width by 0.48m deep (Plate 84). This linear feature had a single fill comprising firm dark greyish brown clayey silt (52120) with frequent medium sub-rounded stones containing 12 Romano-British pottery sherds, one cattle bone fragment, four unidentified mammal bone fragments and one sheep or goat bone fragments (Appendix B). The eastern side of this ditch was truncated by ditch terminus [52121] which continued beyond the north limit of the trench and terminated in a rounded end to the south. Ditch terminus [52121] had

moderately sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 0.90m in length by 0.70m in width by 0.30m deep. This fill had a single fill comprising firm dark greyish clayey silt (52122) containing three pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).



Plate 84: Ditch [52119] and terminus [52121], looking northwest

6.321 In the south-westernmost part of the trench was west-northwest to east-southeast ditch [52115] which aligned with a geophysical anomaly which extended beyond the extent of the trench and turned to form a partial square enclosure associated with ditches [52119] and [52106] to the northeast. Ditch [52115] had a gradually sloping southwest side to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by over 1.30m in width by 0.63m deep. Ditch [52115] contained three fills; a primary fill of friable light brownish grey silty clay (52118) containing animal bone fragments; a secondary fill of friable mid greyish brown with yellowish brown silty clay (52117) containing pottery sherds and animal bone fragments; and an upper fill comprising friable mid yellowish brown silty clay (52116) containing no finds. Ditch [52112] cut the northeastern side of ditch [52115] and extended beyond the extent of the trench. Ditch [52112] had moderately sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.50m in width by 0.40m deep. This feature had two fills; a primary fill comprising soft light greyish brown silty clay (52114) containing no finds; and an upper fill entailing soft mid greyish brown silty clay (52113) containing no finds.

6.322 The naturally-lain deposits and the features within the trench were overlain by a 0.04m thick subsoil comprising compact mid greyish brown silty clay (52102) which in turn was overlain by a 0.18m thick mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (52101).

Trench 522 (Figures 4.116 – 4.117, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(52201)	0.17m	68.24m	Dark greyish brown silty topsoil
(52202)	0.20m	68.07m	Dark greyish brown silty subsoil
(52203)	N/A	67.87m	Orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions natural geology

6.323 Trench 522 was located at the south of B19 and was oriented west-northwest to east-southeast. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 522 comprised orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions (52203) which lay at a height of 67.87m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 522 were cut by six features: ditches [52204], [52208], and [52211]; postholes [52213] and [52215]; and pit [52206].

6.324 In the east-south-easternmost part of the trench was northwest to southeast orientated ditch [52204] which continued beyond the east-south-eastern corner of the trench and terminated in a rounded end to the northwest. This linear feature had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 2m in length by 0.60m in width by 0.24m deep (Plate 85). This ditch terminus had a single fill of friable mid greyish brown silty clay (52205) containing seven pottery sherds dating from the Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age, 15 unidentified mammal bone fragments and two pig bone fragments (Appendix B).



Plate 85: Ditch terminus [52204], looking northeast

6.325 A further 2.87m to the west was circular posthole [52213] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.49m in length by 0.44m in width by 0.18m deep. This circular feature had a single fill of friable dark greyish brown silty clay (52214) containing no finds.

6.326 Approximately 2.70m to the west was north to south orientated ditch [52211] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had moderately to steeply sloping sides to a concave base and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.10m in width by 0.23m deep. This linear feature had a single fill comprising soft mid greyish silty clay (52212) containing 36 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, one cattle bone fragment, two horse or donkey bone fragments, five unidentified mammal bone fragments, four sheep or goat bone fragments, two roundwoods of cherry charcoal and one fragment of oak charcoal(Appendix B). This fill also contained six pieces of unclassified iron slag, representing the well-weathered and degraded residual remains of ironworking activities taking place elsewhere in the vicinity of Trench 522.

6.327 Approximately 4.30m to the west of ditch [52211] was sub-circular pit [52206] which had moderately sloping side and an uneven base and measured 1.53m in length by 0.51m in width by 0.28m deep. The pit had a single fill comprising firm dark yellowish brown clayey silt (52207) with medium sub-rounded stones containing ten unidentified mammal bone fragments (Appendix B).

6.328 About 16m to the west was circular posthole [52215] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.30m in length by 0.20m in width by 0.10m deep. This circular feature had a single fill of friable mid greyish brown silty clay (52216) containing no finds.

6.329 The west-north-westernmost feature in the trench was north-east-north to south-west-south ditch [52208] which continued beyond the limits of the trench, had moderately sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 1m in width by 0.32m deep (Plate 86). This ditch had a two fills: a basal fill comprising friable dark greyish brown silty clay (52209) containing 21 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD; and an upper fill consisting of friable mid greyish brown silt clay (52210) containing pottery sherds, one cattle bone fragment and one unidentified mammal bone fragment (Appendix B).



Plate 86: Ditch [52208], looking north

6.330 Overlying the natural geology and features within the trench was dark greyish brown silty subsoil (52202) which in turn was overlain by a 0.17m thick dark greyish brown silty topsoil (52201).

6.331 Although this trench did not target geophysical anomalies as it was located outside of the area surveyed, many features were recorded within the trench showing that the activity present in B19 continues to the south.

Sub-Area B20

6.332 A total of seven trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B20, numbered 523-529, all of them containing archaeological features. The naturally-lain deposits across B20 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay. The natural geology was records at heights between 60.66m aOD and 64.42m aOD. The subsoil generally comprised moderately compact dark greyish brown silty clay. The subsoil varied in depth from 0.06m to 0.11m. The topsoil comprised mid greyish brown silty clay varying in depths from 0.15m to 0.40m.

Sub area B20 Positive Trenches

Trench 523 (Figures 4.118 – 4.119, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(52301)	0.19m	60.96m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(52302)	0.11m	60.77m	Moderately compact dark greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(52303)	N/A	60.66m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.333 Trench 523 was located in the northwest corner of B20 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 523 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (52303) which lay at a height of 60.66m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by post hole [52305] and gully [52306].

6.334 Gully [52306], orientated north to south, was located along the eastern edge of the trench and extended beyond its limits. This feature aligned with gully [52405] in Trench 524 to the south of Trench 523. This linear feature had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.65m in width by 0.10m deep (Plate 87). The single fill of this feature comprised soft dark greyish brown silty clay (52307) with frequent medium to small angular stones, with occasional charcoal fragments and no finds.

6.335 In the western portion of the trench was sub-circular posthole [52304] which had gradually to moderately sloping sides to an uneven base and measured 0.24m in diameter by 0.04m deep. This feature had a single fill of soft dark greyish brown silty clay (52304).



Plate 87: Ditch [52306], looking north

6.336 The features and natural geology in the trench were overlain by a 0.11m thick moderately compact dark greyish brown silty clay subsoil (52302) which in turn was overlain by a 0.19m thick topsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay (52301).

Trench 524 (Figures 4.120, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(52401)	0.15m	62.99m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(52402)	0.09m	62.84m	Moderately compact dark greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(52403)	N/A	62.75m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.337 Trench 524 was located to the south of Trench 523 and was oriented west-southwest to east-northeast. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 524 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (52403) which lay at a height of 62.75m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by north to south orientated gully [52405] which continued beyond the extent of Trench 524 and aligns with gully [52306] in Trench 523 to the north. This ditch had steeply sloping sides to a concave base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.80m in width by 0.35m deep. The single fill of this linear feature comprised soft mid greyish brown silty clay (52404) with occasional small to medium chalk fragments, small to medium flint fragments, one pottery sherd dating

from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, one cattle bone fragment and nine unidentified mammal bone fragments (Appendix B).

6.338 Overlying the natural geology and feature in the trench was a 0.09 thick moderately compact dark greyish brown silty clay subsoil (52402) which in turn was overlain by a 0.15m thick topsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay (52401).

Trench 525 (Figures 4.121 – 4.123, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(52501)	0.22m	63.86m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(52502)	0.06m	63.64m	Moderately compact dark greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(52503)	N/A	63.58m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.339 Trench 525 was located towards the southwest of B20 and oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 523 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (52503) which lay at a height of 63.58m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by three features: posthole [52505], ditch [52508] and gully [52506]. Both the ditch and gully corresponded with thin linear geophysical anomalies.

6.340 North to south gully [52506] was the westernmost feature of the trench and continued beyond its limits. This feature had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.70m in width by 0.18m deep. The single fill of this feature comprised firm dark brown silty clay (52507) with scarce pieces of flint containing no finds.

6.341 In the centre of the trench was ditch [52508] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had moderately sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.96m in width by 0.37m deep (Plate 88). This ditch had a single fill of friable dark greyish brown silty clay (52509) containing two cattle bone fragments, 61 unidentified mammal bone fragments and two pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).

6.342 Just over 15m to the east in the eastern portion of Trench 525 was circular posthole [52505] that had an undulating base and measured 0.26m in diameter by 0.05m deep. This posthole had a single fill comprising friable dark brown clayey silt (52504) containing charcoal flecks and no finds.

6.343 Overlying the natural geology and feature in the trench was a 0.09 thick moderately compact dark greyish brown silty clay subsoil (52502) which in turn was overlain by a 0.15m thick topsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay (52501).



Plate 88: Ditch [52508], looking north

Trench 526 (Figures 4.124 – 4.125, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(52601)	0.24m	64.45m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(52602)	0.07m	64.21m	Moderately compact dark greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(52603)	N/A	64.14m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.344 Trench 526 was located at the south of B20 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 526 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (52603) which lay at a height of 64.14m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by ditch [52609] and irregular shaped feature [52605].

6.345 North to south orientated ditch [52609] was located along the western edge of the trench and continued beyond its limits. This linear feature had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 2.33m in width by 0.32m deep. The ditch had two fills; a primary fill comprising friable mid greenish brown silty clay (52611) containing no finds; and an upper fill of comprising friable dark greyish brown silty clay (52610) containing three incomplete Romano-British iron nails (RFs 52601a-c), 67 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, one *cepaea sp.* fragment, 99 discoidal snail shell fragments,

one micro-mammal bone fragment, one mussel bone fragment, one pig bone fragment, two sheep or goat bone fragments, one bread club or wheat caryopsis, two wheat caryopses two cereal caryopses, nine fragments of oak charcoal and one roundwood of apple-type charcoal (Appendix B).

6.346 Approximately 15m to the east was irregular shaped feature [52605] which continued beyond the southern extent of the trench (Plate 89). The east side of the feature was not visible as it had been truncated by a field drain and its west side had been truncated by pit [52607]. This feature which had an uneven base contained a single fill comprising firm light greyish brown silty clay (52604) with occasional small to medium chalk fragments. Pit [52607] cut the western side of irregular shaped feature [52605] and was only visible in section. It had steeply sloping sides to a concave base and measured over 0.90m in length by 0.30m in width by 0.20m deep. This feature was filled by a single deposit comprising soft dark greyish brown silty clay (52608) with occasional small to medium chalk



Plate 89: Pits [52605] and [52607], looking south

6.347 The natural geology and features within the trench were overlain by 0.07m thick moderately compact dark greyish brown silty clay subsoil (52602) which in turn was overlain by 0.24m thick topsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay (52601).

Trench 527 (Figures 4.126 – 4.127, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(52701)	0.19m	64.7m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(52702)	0.09m	64.51m	Mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(52703)	N/A	64.42m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.348 Trench 527 was located to the north of Trench 526 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 527 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (52703) which lay at a height of 64.42m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in the trench were cut by four features: gullies [52704] and [52711], pit [52706], and possible furrow [52708].

6.349 The southernmost feature in Trench 527 was east to west orientated gully [52704] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80min length by 0.80m in width by 0.28m deep. This ditch had a single fill of firm dark yellowish brown silty clay (52705) with occasional fragments of stone and flint.

6.350 Approximately 3.5m to the north was sub-circular pit [52706] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.59m in length by 0.55m in width by 0.13m deep (Plate 90). This feature had a single fill comprising firm dark yellowish brown silty clay (52707) containing no finds.

6.351 About 11m to the north was east to west orientated gully [52711] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had very steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.20m in width by 0.20m deep. This linear feature had a single fill comprising friable dark greyish brown silty clay (52710) with occasional angular stones.

6.352 Approximately 9m to the north in the northern portion of the trench was east to west orientated linear feature [52708] which extended beyond the extent of the trench and was interpreted as a possible furrow. This feature had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.82m in width by 0.24m deep. This feature had a single fill entailing firm dark yellowish brown silty clay (52709) containing no finds.

6.353 Overlying the natural geology and the features within the trench was 0.09m thick subsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil (52702) which in turn was overlain by a 0.19m thick mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (52701).

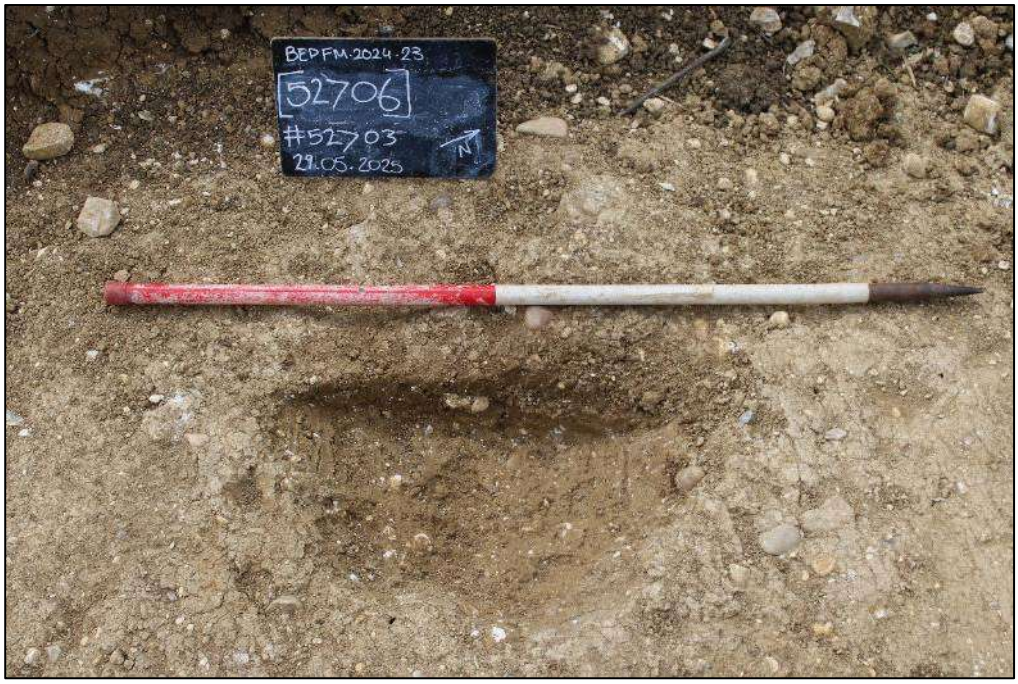


Plate 90: Pit [52706], looking northwest

Trench 528 (Figures 4.128, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(52801)	0.19m	63.58m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(52802)	0.08m	63.39m	Mid greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(52803)	N/A	63.31m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.354 Trench 528 was located in the northeast corner of B20 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 528 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (52803) which lay at a height of 63.31m aOD. The natural geology was cut by irregular shaped feature [52804] in the eastern portion of the trench. This feature, which was interpreted as a possible pit, had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.45m in diameter by a 0.21m deep. The possible pit had a single fill comprising compact reddish orangish brown silt (52805) containing no finds.

6.355 The feature and the naturally-lain deposits in the trench were overlain by a 0.08m thick subsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty clay (52802) which in turn was overlain by a 0.19m thick mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (52801).

Trench 529 (Figures 4.129 – 4.131, 5.13 - 5.16 & 6.9 – 6.14)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(52901)	0.4m	62.41m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(52902)	0.11m	62.01m	Moderately compact dark greyish brown silty clay subsoil
(52903)	N/A	61.90m	Compact light greyish brown silty clay natural geology

6.356 Trench 529 was located on the eastern side of B20 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 529 comprised compact light greyish brown silty clay (52903) which lay at a height of 61.90m aOD. The natural geology was cut by five features: gullies [52904], [52906], [52910] and [52912]; and posthole [52908].

6.357 Along the northern edge of the trench was northeast to southwest orientated gully [52906] which extended beyond the extent of the trench, had moderately sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 3.3m in length by 0.56m in width by 0.24m deep. This gully had a single fill of firm plastic dark greyish brown clayey silt (52907) with occasional small sub-rounded stones

6.358 Approximately 6.80m to the south was east to west orientated gully [52910] which extended beyond the extent of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.34m in width by 0.12m deep. This feature had a single fill of loose dark brown sandy silt (52911) containing one pottery sherd dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).

6.359 Approximately 4.20m to the south was circular posthole [52908] which had moderately sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.37m in length by 0.27m in width 0.28m deep. This circular feature had a single fill comprising friable dark orangey silty sandy clay (52909) containing no finds.

6.360 About 12m to the south in the southern portion of the trench was northeast to southwest orientated gully [52904] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had moderately sloping sides to a rounded base (52905) and measured over 2.50m in length by 0.40m in width by 0.12m deep (Plate 91). This linear feature had a single fill of firm dark brown silty clay (52905) containing no finds.



Plate 91: Gully [52904], looking northeast

6.361 Approximately 2m to the south was east to west orientated gully [52912] which continued beyond the extent of the trench and measured over 1.80mm in length by 0.56m in width by 0.10m in depth. This feature had a single fill of mid greyish brown silty clay (52913) containing no finds.

6.362 The features and natural geology in Trench 529 were overlain by a 0.11m thick moderately compact dark greyish brown silty clay subsoil (52902) which in turn was overlain by a 0.40m thick mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (52901).

Sub-Area B21

6.363 A total of 10 trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B21, numbered 530-538 and 605. Five of the 10 trenches (Trenches 532, 535-537 & 605) contained archaeological features. The naturally-lain deposits consisted of mid grey, brown silty clay, recorded a heights of between 35.57m aOD and 38.07m aOD. The topsoil in all the trenches consisted of mid grey, brown silty clay, varying in depth from 0.24m to 0.26m.

Sub area B21 Positive Trenches

Trench 532 (Figures 4.133, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(53201)	0.25m	37.53m	Mid grey, brown silty clay topsoil
(53202)	N/A	37.28m	Firm mid to dark yellow brown sandy clay natural geology

6.364 Trench 532 was located in the centre of B21 and was north-north-east to south-south-west orientated. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 532 comprised firm mid to dark yellow brown sandy clay (53202) which lay at a height of 37.28m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by two east to west aligned liner features [53203] & [53206] in the central part of Trench 532.

6.365 Linear feature [53203], which was interpreted as a furrow, had steeply sloping sides to an irregular base and measured 1.1m in width by 0.24m deep. This feature had a single fill of firm dark yellow brown silty clay (53204) containing no finds.

6.366 Approximately 2.30m to the southwest was linear feature [53206] which had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 1.45m in width by 0.25m wide (Plate 92). This feature, which was interpreted as a ditch, had a single fill of firm mid greyish brown silty clay (53207).

6.367 The sequence was capped by a 0.25m thick mid grey brown silty clay (53201).



Plate 92: Ditch [53206], looking west

Trench 535 (Figures 4.134, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(53501)	0.26m	36.61m	Mid grey, brown silty clay topsoil
(53502)	N/A	36.35m	Firm mid to dark yellow brown sandy clay natural geology

6.368 Trench 535 was located on the northeastern edge of B21 and was oriented north-north-west to south-south-east, targeted geophysical anomalies, although they did not align with the feature recorded in the trench. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 535 comprised firm mid to dark yellow brown sandy clay (69703) which lay at a height of 36.35m aOD.

6.369 The natural-lain deposits were cut by east to west aligned furrow [53503] in the northern portion of the trench. This furrow which continued beyond the limits of the trenched and measured roughly 2m in width, was not further investigated.

6.370 The naturally-lain deposits and feature within the trench was overlain by a 0.26m thick mid grey, brown silty clay topsoil (53501).

Trench 536 (Figures 4.135 – 4.136, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(53601)	0.25m	36.07m	Mid grey, brown silty clay topsoil
(53602)	N/A	35.82m	Firm mid to dark yellow brown sandy clay natural geology

6.371 Trench 536 was located on the northeastern edge of B21 and was orientated north to south, targeting geophysical anomalies which aligned with furrows [53607] and [53603]. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 536 comprised firm mid to dark yellow brown sandy clay (53602) which lay at a height of 35.82m aOD.

6.372 The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 536 were cut by three roughly east to west aligned furrows which continued beyond the extent of the trench; furrow [53607] located in the northernmost part of the trench and measuring approximately 0.85m in width; furrow [53605] located approximately 7.70m to the south of furrow [53607] and measuring roughly 2.15m in width; and furrow [53603] located in the south edge of the trench approximately 27m to the south of furrow [53605] and measuring roughly 0.95m in width. None of the furrows in Trench 536 were further investigated.

6.373 Overlaying the furrows and natural geology in Trench 536 was a 0.25m thick mid grey, brown silty clay topsoil (53601) which contained three peg tiles dating from the medieval to the post-medieval periods (Appendix B).

Trench 537 (Figures 4.137, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(53701)	0.24m	35.81m	Mid grey, brown silty clay topsoil
(53702)	N/A	35.57m	Firm mid to dark yellow brown sandy clay natural geology

6.374 Trench 537 was located in the north east corner of B21 and was orientated west-south-west to east-north-east, target geophysical anomalies which did not aligned with the feature recorded in the trench. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 537 comprised firm mid to dark yellow brown sandy clay (53702) which lay at a height of 35.57m aOD.

6.375 The naturally-lain deposits were cut by northeast to southwest orientated linear feature [53703] in the centre of Trench 537. This linear feature, which continued beyond the limits of the trench, was interpreted as a possible furrow or gully. This shallow linear feature had gradually sloping sides to an uneven base and measured over 2.3m in length by 1.4m in width by 0.25m deep

(Plate 93). The single fill comprised a firm mid greyish brown silty clay (53704) containing no finds.



Plate 93: Ditch [59703], looking northwest

6.376 Thes linear feature and natural geology in Trench 357 was overlain by a 0.24m thick mid grey, brown silty clay topsoil (53701).

Trench 605 (Figures 3.120, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(60501)	0.24m	38.31m	Mid grey, brown silty clay topsoil
(60502)	N/A	38.07m	Firm mid to dark yellow brown sandy clay natural geology

6.377 Trench 605, which located in the centre of B21 and was orientated northeast to southwest, and targeted geophysical surveys with some of them aligning with the features in the trench. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 605 comprised firm mid to dark yellow brown sandy clay (60502) which lay at a height of 38.07m aOD.

6.378 Two features were recorded to cut the naturally-lain deposit in the north-easternmost part of Trench 605. The north-easternmost feature in the trench was pit [60505] which continued beyond the northern boundary of the trench. This circular pit had gradually sloping sides to a concave base and measured over 0.52m in diameter by 0.11m deep (Plate 94). The pit had a

single fill of compact mid greyish brown clayey silt (60506) with charcoal flecks containing no finds. Its eastern edge was truncated by ditch [60503]. This ditch had steeply sloping sides to semi regular flat base and measured over 2.85m in length by 1.07m in width by 0.35m deep. The ditch had a single fill comprising compact mid brownish grey clayey silt (60504) with charcoal flecks and containing one peg tile dating from the medieval to the post-medieval periods, one horse or donkey bone fragment and 26 unidentified mammal bone fragments and CBM (Appendix B).

6.379 Approximately 2.75m to the southwest was ditch [60507] which was west-north-west to east-south-east orientated and continued beyond the limits of the trench. This curvilinear shallow feature had a semi regular flat base and measured over 3.06m in length by 0.79m in width by 0.15m deep. This feature had a single fill of compact mid dark brownish grey clayey silt (60508) with occasional charcoal flecks containing nine medieval pottery sherds and seven unidentified mammal bone fragments(Appendix B).

6.380 The natural geology and features in Trench 605 were overlain by a 0.24m thick mid grey, brown silty clay topsoil (60501). The features in Trench 605 were interpreted as being part of an agricultural enclosure.



Plate 94: Pit [60507], looking west

Sub-Area B23

6.381 A total of 46 trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B23, numbered 548-593. Twelve of the 46 trenches (Trenches 548, 549, 551, 554, 556, 557, 563, 567, 568 582, 587 & 588) contained archaeological features. The naturally-lain deposits consisted of dark yellow brown sandy clay. The natural geology was recorded at heights of between 29m aOD and 39m aOD. The topsoil in all the trenches consisted of mid grey, brown silty clay, varying in depth from 0.24m to 0.26m.

Sub-Area B23 Positive Trenches

Trench 548 (Figures 4.138 – 4.142, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(54801)	0.24m	31.32m	Mid grey, brown silty clay topsoil
(54802)	N/A	31.08m	Firm dark yellow brown very sandy clay natural geology

6.382 Trench 548 was located to the north of B23 and was oriented northeast to southwest. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 548 comprised firm dark yellow brown very sandy clay (54802) which lay at a height of 31.08m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in this trench were cut by four north-west to southeast orientated linear features interpreted as furrows [54803, 54805, 54807 & 54809]. These furrow, which were not further investigated, continued beyond the extent of the trench and generally measured between 3m and 4m in width, except for furrow [54807] which measured approximately 9m in width. All these furrows had a single fill comprising of friable light greyish brown sandy clay (54804, 54806, 54808 & 54810).

6.383 The furrows and natural geology, which was heavily truncated by plough activity, were overlain by a 0.24m thick topsoil comprising mid grey brown silty clay (54801).

Trench 549 (Figures 4.142, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(54901)	0.20m	31.45m	Mid grey, brown silty clay topsoil
(54902)	N/A	31.25m	Firm dark yellow brown very sandy clay natural geology

6.384 Trench 549 was located in the north of B23 and was oriented west-south-west to east-north-east. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 549 comprise firm dark yellow brown very sandy clay (54902) which lay at a height of 31.25m aOD.

6.385 Only one feature cut through the naturally-lain deposit in Trench 549; pit [54903] which was recorded in the west-south-western portion of the trench (Plate 95). This shallow circular pit had gradually sloping sides to an irregular concave base and measured 0.84m in diameter by 0.16m

deep. This feature contained two fills; a primary fill of compact mid greyish brown silty clay (54905) containing frequent charcoal flecks, and an upper fill of friable mid brownish grey clayey silt (54904) with frequent charcoal flecks.

6.386 The natural-deposits and the pit were overlain by a friable, mid yellowish brown clay subsoil (76002) which in turn was sealed by a 0.27m thick mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil .



Plate 95: Pit [54903], looking west

Trench 551 (Figures 4.143, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(55101)	0.27m	30.84m	Mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(55102)	N/A	30.57m	Mid orange, brown silty sand natural geology

6.387 Trench 551 was located in the northeast of B23 and was orientated north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 551 comprised mid orange, brown silty sand (55102) which lay at a height of 30.57m aOD.

6.388 The naturally-lain deposits were cut by a east to west orientated linear feature [55103] in the northern portion of Trench 551. This east to west orientated linear feature, which continued beyond the extent of the trench, was interpreted as a ditch that had moderately sloping sides to

a uneven base and measured 1.8m in width by 0.38m deep (Plate 96). This ditch had three fills; a primary fill of hard light yellowish brown clayey silt (55106); a secondary fill of firm mid greyish brown silty clay (55105) containing one pottery sherd dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD and five fragments of peg tile dating from the medieval to the post-medieval periods; and an upper fill of friable light greyish brown sandy clay (55104) containing one residual prehistoric flint debitage flake, one fragment of Roman *tegula* and one incomplete Romano-British nail (Appendix B).



Plate 96: Ditch [55103], looking east

6.389 The naturally-lain deposits and the ditch were overlain by a greyish brown silty clay topsoil (55101).

Trench 554 (Figures 4.144 - 4.146, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(55401)	0.24m	31.83m	Mid grey, brown silty clay topsoil
(55402)	N/A	31.59m	Firm dark yellow brown very sandy clay natural geology

6.390 Trench 554 was located in the northwest of B23 and was orientated east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 554 comprised firm dark yellow brown very sandy clay (55402) which lay at a height of 31.59m aOD. Five linear features cut the naturally-lain deposits in Trench 554

and continue beyond the extent of the trench; two ditches [55403 & 55406], and three furrows [55408, 55410 & 5512].

6.391 The easternmost feature in the trench was northeast to southwest orientated ditch [55406] which had gradually sloping sides to a bowl shaped base and measured 1.19m in width by 0.25m deep. This ditch had a single fill of compact light brownish grey sandy clay (55405).

6.392 Approximately 6m to the west was north to south orientated furrow [55408] which measured 2.50m in width.

6.393 Approximately 8.7m to the west was north to south orientated shallow ditch [55403] which had gradually sloping sides to a uneven base and measured 3m in width by 0.24m deep (Plate 97). This ditch had a single fill of firm mid greyish brown clayey silt (55404) containing six fragments of peg tile dating from the medieval to the post-medieval periods(Appendix B).



Plate 97: Ditch [55403], looking north

6.394 Roughly 7.5m to the north to south orientated furrow [55410] and a further 6.5m to the west was north to south orientated furrow [55412]. The three furrows, which were not further investigated, had a single fill comprising of friable light greyish brown sandy clay (55409, 55411 & 55413).

6.395 The features and the naturally-lain deposits in Trench 554 were overlain by a 0.24 mid grey, brown silty clay topsoil (55401).

Trench 556 (Figures 4.147, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(55601)	0.24m	32.62m	Friable mid grey-brown silty clay topsoil
(55602)	N/A	32.36m	Mid orange-brown silty sand natural geology

6.396 Trench 556 was located towards the northwest of B23 and was orientated north-west-north to south-east-south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 556 comprised mid orange-brown silty sand (55602) which lay at a height of 32.36m aOD. Linear feature [55603] cut the naturally-lain deposits in the south-east-southernmost part of the trench. This feature, which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had gradually sloping sides to a concave base and measured 0.69m in width by 0.11 deep (Plate 98). The single fill of the gully consisted of a compact mid greyish brown silty clay (55604) with occasional charcoal flecks. This northwest to southeast shallow linear was interpreted as a gully, likely truncated by ploughing activities.



Plate 98: Gully [55603], looking southeast

6.397 Overlying the natural geology and the feature within the trench, was a 0.24m thick friable mid grey-brown silty clay topsoil (55601).

Trench 557 (Figures 4.149 - 4.151, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(55701)	0.30m	32.22m	Friable mid grey-brown silty clay topsoil
(55707)	0.11	31.92	Compact mid to dark yellow-brown sandy clay colluvium
(55702)	N/A	31.81	mid orange-brown silty sand natural gelogy

6.398 Trench 557 was located to the northwest of B23 and was orientated west-south-west to east-north-east. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 557 comprised mid orange-brown silty sand (55702) which lay at a height of 31.81m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 577 were cut by six linear features which continued beyond the extent of the trench: ditches [55703] and [55706], and furrows [55708], [55710], [55712] & [55714]. The furrows, which were not further investigated exhibit an approximate north–south orientation and are aligned parallel to each other. These features had a single fill comprising of friable light greyish brown sandy clay (55309, 55711, 55713 & 55715).

6.399 Two north to south orientated ditches were recorded approximately in the centre of the trench. Ditch [55703] had gradually sloping sides to a uneven base and measure 3.1m in width by 0.24m deep (Plate 99). This linear had a single fill of firm mid greyish brown clayey silt (55704) containing occasional charcoal flecks and two glass fragments belonging to drink bottles dating the mid-18th to the early 19th centuries (Appendix B). This linear feature [55703] was interpreted as a possible furrow.



Plate 99: Ditch or furrow [55703], looking south

6.400 North to south orientated ditch [55706] had very gradually sloping sides to a bowl shaped base and measured 1.47m in width by 0.23m deep. This feature had a single fill of friable mid brownish grey sandy clay (55705) containing no finds. The ditch was interpreted as a possible continuation of ditch [55406] in Trench 554. The location of the features in a similar alignment and placed parallel to each other suggest an agricultural origin likely ridge or furrow.

6.401 Overlaying the naturally-lain deposits and the features within the trench was a 0.11m thick compact mid to dark yellow-brown sandy clay (55707) which in turn was covered by a 0.30m thick topsoil comprising friable mid grey-brown silty clay (55701).

Trench 563 (Figures 4.152 - 4.153, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(56301)	0.21m	35.23m	Compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(56302)	N/A	35.02m	Compact dark yellow-brown clay natural geology

6.402 Trench 563 was located to the central east of B23 and was orientated northwest to southeast, targeting geophysical anomalies. A portion of the southeast part of the trench was not excavated to avoid breaking a path way within the field. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 563

comprised compact dark yellow-brown clay (56302) which lay at a height of 35.02m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 563 were cut by two linear features which continued beyond the limits of the trench: gully [56303] and furrow [56305].

6.403 North to south orientated gully [56303] had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured 0.80m in width and 0.24m deep. This shallow gully had a single fill of hard light brown yellow silty clay (56304) containing two residual flint debitage flakes likely reflecting a general background of prehistoric activity in the local landscape (Appendix B).



Plate 100: Ditch [56305], looking west

6.404 North to south orientated furrow [56305] had gradually sloping sides to an uneven base and measured 2.2m in width by 0.25m deep (Plate 100). The single fill of this furrow comprised a firm light greyish brown clayey silt (56306).containing one fragment of heat affected sandstone and five residual fragments of Roman CBM (Appendix B).

6.405 Overlying the natural geology and the features in the trench, was a 0.21m thick compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (56301).

Trench 567 (Figures 4.154, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(56701)	0.25m	34.03m	Compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(56702)	0.30m	33.78m	Soft mid yellow grey sandy clay colluvium
(56703)	0.22	33.48m	Soft dark yellow brown sandy clay colluvium
(56704)	N/A	33.26m	Mid yellow brown and yellow grey sandy clay with patches of mid orange-brown sand natural geology

6.406 Trench 567 was orientated west-north-west to east-south-east. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 567 comprised mid yellow brown and yellow grey sandy clay with patches of mid orange-brown sand (56704) which lay at a height of 33.26m aOD. To the south-east of the trench a deposit was investigated which was irregular in plan and measured 3.2m in width and 0.25m deep (Plate 101). The deposit was very compact mid blueish grey sandy clay (56707) containing animal bone, glass and CBM (Appendix B). This feature was interpreted as a modern dumped material which was also seen in Trench 568.

6.407 The dump deposit and naturally-lain deposits in the trench were overlain by a 0.22m thick soft dark yellow brown sandy clay colluvium (567030), which was in turn overlain in a small portion of the trench by a consolidation layer (56705) comprising a 0.26m thick compact and friable dark grey brown silty clay containing 15 unworked fragments of unworked flint, 48 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, one tanged knife (Bulk 56705) one fragment of ceramic field drain dating from the post-medieval to the modern periods, three unidentified mammal bone fragments, one micro-mammal bone fragment, five oat caryopses, three barley caryopses, 88 bread or club wheat caryopses, 38 wheat caryopses, six cereal caryopses, 24 fragments of hazel nut shell, three vetch seeds, one pea or vetch seed, one blackthorn stone, one dock achene , three roundwoods of apple-type charcoal, three fragments of oak charcoal, two roundwoods of hazel charcoal, one roundwood of birch charcoal and one roundwood of field maple charcoal (Appendix B). The field drain fragments are likely residual and a result of a later truncation or modern farming practices. The tanged knife represents a form used during the Roman, medieval and post-medieval periods and as such it cannot be dated typologically.

6.408 Next in the stratigraphic sequence was another colluvial deposit of soft mid yellow grey sandy clay (56702), 0.30m thick. The stratigraphic sequence was capped by a 0.25m thick compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (56701).



Plate 101: Deposit (56707 / 56708), looking west

Trench 568 (Figures 4.155, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(56801)	0.26m	34.24m	Friable mid grey brown, silty clay topsoil
(56802)	0.30m	33.98m	Soft mid yellow grey sandy clay colluvium
(56808)	0.20m	34.68m	Mid yellow brown and yellow grey sandy clay colluvium
(56809)	N/A	34.48m	Mid yellow brown and yellow grey sandy clay, patches mid orange-brown sand natural geology

6.409 Trench 568 was located to the south of Trench 567 and was orientated east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 568 comprised mid yellow brown and yellow grey sandy clay, patches mid orange-brown sand (56809) which lay at a height of 34.48m aOD.

6.410 In the centre of the trench a deposit was investigated which was irregular in plan and measured 4.2m in width and more than 0.5m deep. The deposit was mostly compact dark grey blue clay (56806) containing no finds but had lenses of mid greyish brown sandy clay (56804) containing

two residual flint debitage fragments, one possible *trichia striolata* fragment, four discoidal mammal bone fragments, one micro-mammal bone fragment, one pig bone fragment, one cereal caryopsis and one dock achene (Appendix B). This feature was interpreted as a modern dumped material mixed with paleochannel material, which was also seen in Trench 567. It was interpreted that this deposit may be associated with the geophysical anomalies recorded in this part of B23.

6.411 The deposits in this trench were overlain by a 0.20m thick mid yellow brown and yellow grey sandy clay colluvium (56808) which in turn was overlain in part of the trench by a likely consolidation layer comprising friable dark grey brown silty clay (56807) containing one unidentified iron fragment, five unworked fragments of burnt flint, 74 pottery sherds dating from the 9th to the 11th centuries, 32 caryopses of oat, two hull barley caryopses, four barley caryopses, 296 bread or club wheat caryopses, 137 wheat caryopses, 14 cereal caryopses 48 hazel nut shell fragments, 33 vetch seeds, five pea or vetch seeds, one blackthorn stone, one fat-hen seed, one wild carrot fruit, 10 bedstraw seeds, 17 dock achenes, three roundwoods of cherry charcoal, two round woods of apple-type charcoal, two roundwoods of birch charcoal, one roundwood of field maple charcoal, one roundwood of hazel charcoal and one roundwood of oak charcoal(Appendix B).

6.412 Next in the stratigraphic sequence was a 0.30m thick soft mid yellow grey sandy clay colluvium (56803) which in turn was covered by a o.26m thick topsoil of friable mid grey brown, silty clay (56801).

Trench 582 (Figures 4.156 – 4.157, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(58201)	0.21m	37.89m	Compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(58202)	N/A	37.68m	Compact dark yellow-brown clay natural geology

6.413 Trench 582 was located towards the south of B23 and was orientated north-north-west to south-south-east, targeting geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 582 comprised compact dark yellow-brown clay (58201) which lay at a height of 37.68m aOD. Two features cut the naturally-lain deposits within the trench; ditch [58203] in the centre of the trench, and ditch [58207] in the southeast part of the trench.

6.414 East-north-east to west-south-west orientated ditch [58203] continued beyond the limit of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to an uneven base, and measured 2.58m in width by 0.50m deep (Plate 102). This ditch had three fills: a primary fill of friable dark greyish clack clayey silt (58206) containing one prehistoric residual flint debitage, pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, two fragments of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British period, eight cattle bone fragments, 17 unidentified mammal bone fragments, one pig bone fragment and one sheep or goat bone fragment; a secondary fill of hard light greyish brown silty clay (58205) containing 23 Romano-British pottery sherds dating

to the 1st century, one cattle bone fragment, two unidentified mammal bone fragments and one sheep or goat bone fragment; and an upper fill of firm mid brownish black silty clay (58204).

6.415 Linear feature [58207] continued beyond the western boundary of the trench and had a rounded terminus to the east. This shallow linear feature, which was interpreted as a gully, had a flat base and measured over 0.45m in length by 1m in width by 0.08m deep. The gully had a single fill of firm mid greyish brown clayey silt (58208) containing no finds.

6.416 Both features recorded in the trench corresponded with geophysical anomalies in this area, likely representing a series of sub-square enclosures.

6.417 The features and the naturally-lain deposits in this trench are overlain by a 0.21m thick topsoil (58201) which comprised compact mid greyish brown silty clay and contained 11 post-medieval pottery sherds (Appendix B).



Plate 102: Ditch [58203], looking southwest

Trench 587 (Figures 4.158 – 4.160, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(58701)	0.21m	38.78m	Compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(58702)	N/A	38.57m	Compact, dark yellow brown clay natural geology

6.418 Trench 587 was located to the south of B23 and was north to south orientated, targeting geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 587 comprised a compact, dark yellow brown clay (58702) which lay at a height of 38.57m aOD. Four feature cut the naturally-lain deposits within Trench 587: two gullies [58712] & [58706] and two ditches [58708] & [58703].

6.419 The northernmost feature was the trench is ditch [58708] which was east to west orientated within the trench. It is detected by the geophysical survey as a curving linear that continues beyond the trench's eastern boundary (Plate 103). This feature had sharply steeply sloping sides to an irregular base, measured 1.46m in width by 0.60m deep, and was heavily truncated by modern ploughing. This ditch had three fills: a basal fill of plastic light greyish green clayey silt (58711) containing no finds; a secondary fill of friable light greyish brown silty clay (58710) containing one roundwood of apple-type charcoal, one residual flint debitage flake, frequent oyster shells, 87 pottery sherds dating to the 1st century AD, one cattle bone fragment, one horse or donkey bone fragment, four unidentified mammal bone fragments and one possible worked stone; and an upper fill of firm dark greyish brown silty clay (58709) containing seven Romano-British pottery sherds dating to the 1st century AD and animal bone (– Appendix B).



Plate 103: Ditch [58708], looking east

6.420 Approximately 20m to the south was gully [58706] which had steeply sloping sides to a concave base and measured 0.77m by 0.18m deep. Whilst this feature was east to west orientated within the trench it followed a curvilinear route towards the south beyond the trench's eastern boundary. This feature also continued beyond the western extent of the trench. The shallow gully had a single fill of firm dark brownish black silty clay (58707) containing two residual flint debitage flakes Appendix B).

6.421 Approximately 4.5m to the south was ditch [58703] which, as suggested by the geophysical survey, continued beyond the extent of the trench following an east to west alignment (Plate 104). This feature correlates with ditch [58808] in Trench 588. This ditch had gradually sloping sides to a concave base and measured 1.72m in width by 0.44m deep. The ditch had two fills: a primary fill of friable light brownish yellow sandy clay (58705) containing two heat affected cobble fragments, three pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, worked flint which was possibly heat affected; and an upper fill of firm mid brownish black clayey silt (58704) containing one fragment of blackthorn charcoal, five unworked fragments of burnt flint, four residual flint debitage flakes, one cattle bone fragment, two horse or donkey bone fragments, five unidentified mammal bone fragments, one pig bone fragment and one sheep or goat bone fragment, 29 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD and one cereal caryopsis (Appendix B). This ditch likely formed an enclosure with ditch [58706].



Plate 104: Ditch [58703], looking west

6.422 Approximately 5.5m to the south was gully [58712] which continues beyond the extent of the trench and according to the geophysical survey followed a curvilinear route to the south west and likely correlates with linear [58803] in Trench 588. This gully had gradually sloping sides to an uneven base and measured 1.56m in width and 0.23m deep. This gully had a single fill of firm mid yellowish brown clayey silt (58713) containing occasional charcoal and 20 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).

6.423 The features recorded in the trench corresponded with geophysical anomalies in this area, likely representing a series of sub-square enclosures dating from the Late Iron Age to the early Romano-British period based on finds recovered from the features.

6.424 Overlying the natural geology and the features within the trench, was a 0.21m thick compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (58701).

Trench 588 (Figures 4.158 – 4.160, 5.17 - 5.20 & 6.15 – 6.17)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(58801)	0.23m	38.67m	Compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil
(58802)	N/A	38.44m	Compact, mid yellow brown clay natural geology

6.425 Trench 588 was located to the west of Trench 587 and was orientated north to south, targeting geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 588 comprised a compact, mid yellow brown clay (58802) which lay at a height of 38.44m aOD. Three linear feature *terminae* [58808], [58806] and [58803] cut the naturally-lain deposit in Trench 588.

6.426 The northernmost feature in the trench was ditch terminus [58808] which terminated on its western side, although the geophysical shows that it continues beyond the trench's western boundary. This discrepancy is likely due to heavy ploughing activity in the area. The geophysical survey shows how ditch [58808] continues beyond the eastern extent of the trench and it likely correlates with ditch [58703] in Trench 587. Ditch [58808] had gradually sloping sides to a concave base and measured 1.08m in width by 0.35m deep. The single fill of this feature comprised firm mid brownish black silty clay (58809) containing infrequent charcoal flecks.

6.427 Approximately 11m to the south were two gully *terminae* [58806] and [55803] which continued beyond the extent of the trench following a curvilinear route and likely correlating with gully [58712] in Trench 587 (Plate 105). Both gullies were recorded as northeast to southwest linear features within the trench. The south west gully terminus [58803], which terminated to the northeast, had gradually sloping sides to a pointed base and measured 1.30m width by 0.42m deep. This feature had two fills: a primary fill of friable light greyish brown silty clay (58805) containing seven Romano-British pottery sherds dating to the 1st century AD; and an upper fill of firm dark brownish black silty clay (58804) containing nine pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD and two sheep or goat bone fragments (Appendix B). Immediately to the north east was gully terminus [58806] which terminated to the southwest. This gully had gradually sloping sides to a concave base and measured 2m in width by 0.29m deep. The single fill of this ditch comprised firm mid brownish black silty clay (58807) containing one sheep or goat bone fragment, five pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD and heat affected CBM (Appendix B)). The excavation proved that both gullies terminated, which would suggest an entrance to an enclosure, although it is possible that that both features represents one feature that has been heavily truncated by modern ploughing activity.



Plate 105: Terminae [58806] and [55803], looking east

6.428 The features recorded in the trench corresponded with geophysical anomalies in this area, likely representing a series of sub-square enclosures. From the pottery retrieved, a tentative interpretation of Iron Age has been given for these features.

6.429 Overlying the natural geology and the features within the trench, was a 0.23m thick compact mid greyish brown silty clay topsoil (58801).

Sub-Area B26

6.430 A total of seven trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B26, numbered 609-615. One of the seven trenches contained archaeological features (Trench 609). The naturally-lain deposits generally consisted of orangish brown sandy gravelly silt and gravelly sand. The natural geology was recorded a heights of between 30.68m aOD and 38.18m aOD. The topsoil generally consisted of dark brown silty clay, although Trench 614 had silty gravels. The topsoil varied in depth from 0.25m to 0.35m.

Sub-Area B26 Positive Trenches

Trench 609 Figures 4.161, 5.21 & 6.18)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(60900)	0.31 m	31.19 m	Friable brown silty loam topsoil
(60901)	N/A	30.88 m	Orangish brown sandy gravelly silt natural geology

6.431 Trench 609 was located in the west of B26 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 609 comprised orangish brown sandy gravelly silt (60901) which lay at a height of 30.88m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in this trench were cut by north to south orientated ditch [60902] which continued beyond the trench, had gently sloping sides to a concave base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.92m in width by 0.20m deep (Plate 106). This feature had a single fill comprising firm mid greyish brown sandy clay (60903) containing two residual flint debitage flakes likely reflecting the presence of prehistoric activity in the local landscape (Appendix B).



Plate 106: Ditch [60903], looking north

6.432 The feature and the naturally-lain deposits in Trench 609 were overlain by a 0.31m thick topsoil comprising friable brown silty loam (60900).

Sub-Area B27

6.433 A total of sixteen trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B27, numbered 616-631. Nine of the sixteen trenches contained archaeological features (Trenches 618, 619, 621 & 625-630). The naturally-lain deposits consisted of reddish brown silty sand, orange sandy gravel, orange gravelly sand, yellowish sand, yellow orange sandy clay, and yellowish brown clayey sand. The natural geology was recorded at heights of between 30.13m aOD and 30.74m aOD. The subsoil ranged from orangish brown to yellow brown sandy clay and silty sand and it varied in depth from 0.03m and 0.12m. The topsoil ranged from grey brown silt to brownish black sandy silt and varied in depth from 0.15m to 0.35m.

Sub-Area B27 Positive Trenches

Trench 618 (Figures 4.162, 5.22 & 6.19)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(618001)	0.35m	30.5m	Loose mid grey, brown silt topsoil
(618002)	0.1m	30.15m	Loose mid orange, brown silty gravel subsoil
(618003)	N/A	30.05m	Loose orange gravelly sand natural geology

6.434 Trench 618 was located in the northeast corner of B27 and was oriented northwest to southeast. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 618 comprised loose orange gravelly sand (618003) which lay at a height of 30.05m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by ditches [618006] and [618008] which were located along the western edge of the trench.

6.435 The north-easternmost feature in the trench was west-north-west to east-south-east orientated ditch [618006] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 2.40m in length by 2.02m in width by 0.52m deep (Plate 107). This feature had two fills; a primary fill comprising orange brown gravel (618005) containing no finds; and an upper fill comprising compact grey brown silty gravel (618004).

6.436 Approximately 11m to the southwest was north to south orientated ditch [618008] which continued beyond the extent of the trench and aligned with ditch [61905] in Trench 619 to the south of Trench 618. This ditch had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1.80m in length by 2.40m in width by 0.62m deep. This ditch had a single fill of firm brown grey silty clay (618009) with field drain at the bottom of the fill. This linear feature was probably a field boundary later utilised for a field drain which was present at the base.

6.437 The features and natural geology in Trench 618 were overlain by a 0.10m thick subsoil comprising loose mid orange, brown silty (618002) which in turn was overlain by a 0.35m thick loose mid grey, brown silt topsoil (618001).



Plate 107: Ditch [618006], looking east

Trench 619 (Figures 4.163, 5.22 & 6.19)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(61901)	0.15 m	30.68m	Mid greyish brown clayey silt topsoil
(61902)	0.07 m	30.53m	Mid brownish black silty sand subsoil
(61903)	N/A	30.46m	Mid reddish brown silty sand natural geology

6.438 Trench 619 was located to the south of Trench 618 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 619 comprised mid reddish brown silty sand natural (61903) which lay at a height of 30.46m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in this trench were cut by linear feature [61905] which continued beyond the extent of the trench and aligned with ditch [618006] in Trench 618 to the north. This trench was not further excavated as it was the same as ditch [618006]. Ditch [61905] measured over 1.80m in length by 1.80m in width and had a single fill of compact mid greyish brown silty clay (61904).

6.439 Ditch [61905] and natural geology was overlain by a 0.07m thick subsoil which comprised mid brownish black silty sand (61902) which in turn was overlain by a 0.15m thick mid greyish brown clayey silt (61901).

Trench 621 (Figures 4.164, 5.22 & 6.19)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(62101)	0.25m	30.79m	Mid brownish grey sandy silt topsoil
(62102)	0.1	30.54m	Mid greyish brown silty sand subsoil
(62103)	N/A	30.44m	Mid reddish brown silty sand natural geology

6.440 Trench 621 was located in the centre of B27 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 621 comprised mid reddish brown silty sand (62103) which lay at a height of 30.44m aOD (Plate 108). The naturally-lain deposits in this trench were cut by north-north-west to south-south-east orientated gully [62105] which continued beyond the limits of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.50m in width by 0.20m deep. This gully had a single fill comprising loose dark brown sand (62104) containing no finds.



Plate 108: Ditch [62105], looking south

6.441 Overlying the natural geology and feature within the trench was 0.1m thick subsoil comprising mid greyish brown silty sand (62102) which in turn was overlain by 0.25m thick mid brownish grey sandy silt topsoil (62101).

Trench 625 (Figures 4.165, 5.22 & 6.19)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(62501)	0.29m	30.81m	Mid brownish black sandy silt topsoil
(62502)	0.13 m	30.52m	Mid brownish black sandy silt subsoil
(62503)	N/A	30.39 m	Mid reddish brown silty sand natural geology

6.442 Trench 625 was located in the centre of B27 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 625 comprised mid reddish brown silty sand (62503) which lay at a height of 30.39m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in this trench were cut by east to west orientated ditch [62505] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a flat base, measured over 1.80m in length by 1.56 in width by 0.60m deep (Plate 109). This feature had one fill comprising compact greyish brown silty clay (62504) containing no finds.



Plate 109: Ditch [625105], looking west

6.443 Overlying the natural geology and feature within the trench was 0.13m thick subsoil comprising mid greyish brown sand silt (62502) which in turn was overlain by 0.29m thick mid brownish black sandy silt topsoil (62501).

Trench 626 (Figures 4.166, 5.22 & 6.19)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(62601)	0.30m	30.77m	Mid brownish black sandy silt topsoil
(62602)	N/A	30.47m	Mid yellowish brown clayey sand natural geology

6.444 Trench 626 was located to the west of B27 and was oriented northwest to southeast. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 626 comprised mid yellowish brown clayey sand subsoil (62602) which lay at a height of 30.47m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in this trench were cut by east to west orientated ditch [62604] located in the northern portion of the trench. This linear feature, which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 2.15m in width by 0.89m deep. This feature had a single fill comprising compact mid greyish brown clayey silt (62603) with frequent small pebbles and stones.

6.445 Overlying the natural geology and feature within the trench was capped by 0.30m thick mid brownish black sandy silt topsoil (62601).

Trench 627 (Figures 4.167, 5.22 & 6.19)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(62701)	0.31m	30.93m	Mid brownish black sandy silt topsoil
(62702)	N/A	30.62m	Mid yellowish brown clayey sand natural geology

6.446 Trench 627 was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 627 comprised mid yellowish brown clayey sand (62702) which lay at a height of 30.62 m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in this trench were cut by east to west orientated ditch [62706] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 1.30m in length by 0.30m deep. This ditch was filled by a single deposit comprising firm dark grey silty clay (62705) with frequent small to large stones and contained two pottery sherds dating from the Middle to the Late Iron Age and fragments of animal bone (Appendix B). The ditch was recut [62704] to the south and had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.95m in width by 0.19m deep. The recut had a single fill entailing firm dark blackish grey silty clay (62703) with small stones and pebbles.

The ditch and recut aligned with a geophysical anomaly that continued beyond the western limit of the trench associated with a series of linear anomalies.

6.447 Overlying the natural geology and feature within the trench was mid brownish black sandy silt topsoil (52701).

Trench 628 (Figures 4.168, 5.22 & 6.19)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(628001)	0.25m	30.93m	Compact mid grey, brown silt topsoil
(628002)	0.07m	30.68m	Compact orange, brown sandy clay subsoil
(628003)	N/A	30.61m	Compact orange clayey sand natural geology

6.448 Trench 628 was located to the south of B27 and was oriented northeast to southwest. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 628 comprised compact orange clayey sand (628003) which lay at a height of 30.61m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in this trench were cut by north-north-east to south-south-west orientated ditch [628005] located in the centre of the trench and continuing beyond its limits. This feature had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 1.80m in length by 2m in width by 0.46m deep. This feature had a single fill comprising compact dark grey silty clay (628004) containing no finds.

6.449 The feature and natural geology in the trench was overlain by a 0.07m thick compact orange, brown sandy clay subsoil (628002) which was in turn overlain by a 0.25m thick compact mid grey, brown silt topsoil (628001).

Trench 629 (Figures 4.169 – 4.172, 5.22 & 6.19)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(629001)	0.21m	31m	Compact mid grey, brown silt topsoil
(629002)	0.06m	30.79m	Compact orange, brown sandy clay subsoil
(629003)	N/A	30.73m	Compact orange clayey sand natural geology

6.450 Trench 629 was located in the south of B27 and was oriented north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 629 comprised compact orange clayey sand (629003) which lay at a height of 30.73m aOD. This trench targeted geophysical anomalies. The naturally-lain deposits in

Trench 629 were cut by six features: ditches [629005] and [62907]; possible ditch [629017]; possible tree pit [629021] and gullies [629011] and [629019].

6.451 A possible linear feature [629017], likely extending in a northwest to southeast direction beyond the limits of Trench 629, was identified along the trench's southern edge. Due to its location at the southern end, feature [629017] was interpreted as a possible ditch, although alternative interpretations cannot be ruled out. The feature exhibited very steep sides and an uneven base, with the southwest edge appearing slightly stepped. It measured over 1.80m in length, more than 1.26m in width, and approximately 0.50m in depth (Plate 110 and 111). It contained a single fill consisting of firm to friable dark greyish, brown silty clay (629016) with occasional angular stones, large sub-rounded stones, 10 roundwoods of apple-type charcoal, two roundwoods of birch charcoal, two roundwoods of cherry charcoal, four roundwoods, heat affected large sandstone cobbles, six unworked fragments of burnt flint, two residual prehistoric flint debitage flakes, 26 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, 18 fragments of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British period, lumps onon-magnetic vitrified reside, nine cattle bone fragments, 150 unidentified mammal bone fragments, one pig bone fragment, eight sheep or goat bone fragments, four fragments of oak charcoal one wheat caryopsis (Appendix B). Within this fill, a disarticulated human skull (529020) was recovered, positioned facing the base of the ditch [629017] and was surrounded by large rocks. Additional finds from the fill included six pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD and fragments of animal bone, including a mandible and ribs (Appendix B). The human remains recovered only included fragments of the cranium, with no mandible. It is most probable that the skull represents a secondary burial. The lack of cutmarks on the retrieved portions of the temporal suggests that the skull was skeletonized and the mandible detached when the skull was moved. The apparent placed nature of the skull with the surrounding stones and animal jaw suggests that this may represent part of a structured deposit as discussed in Appendix B below.



Plate 110: Mid-excavation of ditch [62917] showing human bone, looking east



Plate 111: Ditch [62917], looking southeast

6.452 Approximately 4.80m to the north was east to west orientated gully [629019] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured over 0.80m in length by 0.48m in width by 0.20m deep. This feature had a single fill comprising compact mid brownish black clayey sand (629018) with very frequent large stones. This fill contained two fragments of oak charcoal, one fragment of apple-type charcoal, likely heat affected stones and 16 pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD(Appendix B).

6.453 About 11m to the north was an irregular shaped feature [529021] interpreted as a 0.13m deep possible tree pit filled by a sole deposit comprising firm patchy grey brown silty clay (629012) containing no finds.

6.454 Pit [629013] towards the centre of the trench, had steeply sloping sides to a flat base and measured 1.50m in length by 1.20m in width by 0.43m in depth. This possible pit had two fills; a primary fill as a result of subsidence from the edge comprising firm dark blue black clay (529014) containing no finds; and an upper fill consisting of firm grey clayey silt (529015) containing no finds.

6.455 To the north, in the centre of the trench, was east to west gully [629011] which continued beyond the extent of the trench, had moderately to steeply sloping sides to a rounded base, and measured over 1.80m in length by 0.50m in width by 0.15m deep. This linear feature had a single fill entailing firm mid grey silty clay (629010) containing one pottery sherd dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).

6.456 Approximately 4m to the north was east to west orientated ditch [62907] which was aligned with a discrete linear geophysical anomaly which extended beyond the extent of the trench. This linear feature had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in length by 2.74m in width by 0.92m deep. This ditch had three fills; a primary fill consisting of smooth dark blue black clay (629008) containing one pottery sherd dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, one cattle bone fragment and eight unidentified mammal bone fragments ; a secondary fill comprising loose mid orange grey gravel (629009) containing no finds; and an upper fill entailing firm mid grey silty clay (629006) containing non-magnetic vitrified residue, and two pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).

6.457 East to west ditch [62905] was located along the northern edge of Trench 629 and it continued beyond its extent. This feature had steeply sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 1.80m in width by 1.04 in width by 0.42m deep (Plate 112). The sole fill of this ditch comprised a firm mid grey silty clay (629004) containing no finds.



Plate 112: Ditch [62905], looking east

6.458 The natural geology and features within the trench were overlain by a 0.06, thick compact orange, brown sandy clay subsoil (629002) which in turn was overlain by a 0.21m thick compact mid grey, brown silt topsoil (629001).

Trench 630 (Figures 4.173, 5.22 & 6.19)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(63001)	0.18m	30.99m	Compact mid grey, brown silt topsoil
(63002)	0.07m	30.81m	Compact orange, brown sandy clay subsoil
(63003)	N/A	30.74m	Compact orange clayey sand natural geology

6.459 Trench 630 was located in the south of B27 and was oriented east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 630 comprised compact orange clayey sand (63003) which lay at a height of 30.74m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits in this trench were cut by roughly north to south orientated ditches [63005] and [63009] which both continued beyond the extent of the trench.

6.460 Ditch [63009] was located along the north-western edge of Trench 630, had a steeply sloping east side, a moderately sloping west side to a concave base, and measured over 2m in length

by over 0.60m in width by 0.25m deep. It contained a single fill comprising loose plastic yellowish grey silty clay (63008) with occasional small sub-angular stones containing no finds. This ditch was truncated by ditch [63011] which cut the west side of the ditch. Ditch [63011] had an moderately sloping east side and a moderately sloping west side to an irregular base, and measured over 2m in length by 0.90m in width by 0.25m deep. This feature had a single fill entailing loose plastic yellowish grey silty clay (63010) with occasional small sub-angular stones containing no finds.

6.461 Almost immediately to the south was ditch [63005] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 2m in length by over 0.70m in width by 0.40m deep (Plate 113). This feature had a single fill comprising compact mid greyish brown clayey silt (52904) with some small stones and gravel containing no finds. The east side of this ditch was truncated by ditch [63007] which had gradually sloping sides to a rounded base and measured over 2m in length by 0.90m in width by 0.35m deep. This ditch was filled by a single deposit consisting of compact mid greyish brown silty clay (63006) containing no finds.

6.462 Next in the stratigraphic sequence was a 0.07m thick subsoil comprising compact orange, brown sandy clay (63002) which in turn was overlain by a 0.18m thick compact mid grey, brown silt topsoil (63001).



Plate 113: Ditches [63005] and [63007], looking north

Sub-Area B28

6.463 A total of 32 trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B28, numbered 632-663. Five of the 32 trenches contained archaeological features (Trenches 634, 635, 645, 662 & 663). Evidence of ridge of furrow was also present in Trenches 643 and 639.

6.464 The naturally-lain deposits generally consisted of brown sandy clay recorded a heights of between 30.60m aOD and 34.28m aOD. While subsoil was not present in Sub-Area B28, mid yellow brown sandy clay colluvium was recorded in Trenches 632-636, 649, 662 and 663, varying in depth from 0.04m to 0.23m. The stratigraphic sequence was capped by grey brown silty clay topsoil, varying in depth from 0.17m to 0.36m.

Sub-Area B28 Positive Trenches

Trench 634 (Figures 4.175, 5.25 & 6.22)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(63401)	0.24m	30.97m	Friable mid grey brown silty clay topsoil
(63402)	0.23m	30.73m	Firm mid yellow brown sandy clay colluvium
(63403)	N/A	30.50m	Compact light yellow brown sandy clay natural geology

6.465 Trench 634 was located in the northwest corner of B28 immediately to the south of Trench 634 and was orientated north to south. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 63403 comprised yellow brown sandy clay (63403) which lay at a height of 30.50m aOD. Trenches 634 and 635 were positioned to target enclosures recorded as series of rectilinear and curvilinear geophysical anomalies in the northwest corner of B28.

6.466 The natural deposits in Trench 634 were cut by northwest to southeast orientated ditches [63406] and [63411]. These features correspond with a rectilinear geophysical anomaly that extended beyond the limits of the trench and is interpreted as part of a square enclosure. The base of these ditches, were not investigated due to health and safety constraints.

6.467 Located along the northern edge of the trench was ditch [63411] which measured over 1.80m long by 5.32m wide by over 1.04m deep, had moderately sloping sides (Plate 114). This linear feature had two fills: basal fill comprising firm sandy clay (63412) containing nine pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B); and upper fill consisting of firm sandy clay (63413) containing finds.

6.468 The northernmost features in Trench 634 was ditch [63406] which measured over 1.80m long by 4.20m wide by over 1m deep and had moderately sloping sides (Plate 115). This linear feature had four fills: basal fill comprising compact and soft dark greyish blueish brown silty clay (63407) containing one fragment of birch charcoal and one fragment of oak charcoal (Appendix B); secondary fill consisting of soft mid greyish brown silty clay (63408) containing 11 unidentified mammal bone fragments, two sheep or goat bone fragments and pottery sherds; tertiary fill comprising compact mid yellowish brown silty clay (63409) containing no finds; and upper fill consisting of compact mid greyish brown silty clay (63410) containing one fragment of heat affected sandstone, four fragments of oak charcoal, three roundwoods of cherry charcoal, two fragments of apple-type charcoal, one fragments of birch charcoal, five unidentified

mammal bone fragments, three fragments of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British period, and 32 pottery sherds dating from the Middle to the Late Iron Age (Appendix B).

6.469 Next in the stratigraphic sequence was 0.23m thick mid yellow brown sandy clay colluvium (63402) which in turn was overlain by 0.24m thick grey brown silty clay topsoil (63401).



Plate 114: Ditch [63411], looking north



Plate 115: Ditch [63406], looking northwest

Trench 635 (Figures 4.176, 5.25 & 6.22)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(63501)	0.32	30.94	Friable mid grey brown silty clay topsoil
(63502)	0.17	30.62	Firm mid yellow brown sandy clay colluvium
(63502)	N/A	30.45	Compact light yellow brown sandy clay natural geology

6.470 Trench 635 was located along the northern edge of the northwest corner of B28 and was orientated east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 635 comprised yellow brown sandy clay (63503) which lay at a height of 30.45m aOD. Trenches 634 and 635 were positioned to target enclosures recorded as series of rectilinear and curvilinear geophysical anomalies in the northwest corner of B28. However, the presence of archaeology was only confirmed along one of the geophysical anomalies in Trench 635.



Plate 116: Ditch [63507], looking northwest

6.471 Cutting the natural deposits along the west edge of the trench was northwest to southeast orientated ditch [63507] that continued beyond the extent of the trench, measured over 1,80m long by 2.07m wide by 0.75m deep and had steeply sloping sides to an irregular base (Plate 116). This linear feature had three fills: basal fill consisting of firm dark grey brown clay silt (63506) containing a one sherd of Middle to Late Iron Age pottery and one sherd of pottery

dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B); secondary fill comprising firm dark brown yellow silty clay (63505) containing pottery sherds; and upper fill consisting of light grey brown silty clay (63504) containing no finds.

6.472 Next in the stratigraphic sequence was 0.17m thick yellow brown sandy clay colluvium (63502) which in turn was overlain 0.32m thick grey brown silty clay topsoil (63501).

Trench 645 (Figures 4.177 – 4.178, 5.25 & 6.22)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(64501)	0.28m	34.25m	Friable mid grey brown silty clay
(64502)	N/A	33.97m	Firm mid yellow brown sandy clay

6.473 Trench 645 was located almost in the centre of B28 and was orientated east to west. This trench was positioned to target two circular curvilinear geophysical anomalies likely representing two round houses. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 645 comprised yellow brown sandy clay (64502) which lay at a height of 33.97m aOD.

6.474 The natural deposits in this trench were cut by northwest to southeast ditch [64504] and northeast to southwest oriented ditch [64505].Each linear feature corresponded with two parallel circular curvilinear geophysical anomalies which extended beyond the trench limits and were likely indicative of two round houses.

6.475 The westernmost circular anomaly was tested with ditch [64503] which measured over 1.80m long and wide by 0.39m deep and had gradually sloping sides onto a concave base (Plate 117). This linear feature had one fill comprising light yellow grey sandy clay, compact, frequent stone and gravel (64503) containing no finds.

6.476 The eastern circular anomaly was tested with ditch [64505] which measured over 1.80m long by 3.36m wide by over 0.82m deep and had steeply sloping sides (Plate 118). The base of this ditch was not reached due to health and safety constraints. This ditch had two fills: a primary fill consisting of very compact dark orangey grey silty clay (64507) containing two residual flint debitage flakes, possibly worked; and an upper fill comprising very compact silty clay (64506) containing one residual flint debitage flake (Appendix B). The debitage flakes suggest prehistoric activity in the area.

6.477 The stratigraphic sequence was capped by a 0.28m thick grey brown clay topsoil (64501).



Plate 117: Ditch [63504], looking northwest



Plate 118: Ditch [63505], looking south

Trench 662 (Figures 4.179, 5.25 & 6.22)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(66201)	0.26m	31.92m	Friable mid grey brown silty clay topsoil
(66202)	0.09m	31.66m	Firm mid yellow brown sandy clay colluvium
(66202)	N/A	31.57m	Compact light yellow brown sandy clay natural geology

6.478 Trench 662 was located in the southwest portion of B28 immediately to the east of Trench 663 and was east to west orientated. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 662 comprised light yellow brown sandy clay (66203) which lay at a height of 31.57m aOD. The naturally-lain deposits were cut by post holes [66204] and [66206], which were located in the eastern portion of the trench.

6.479 The easternmost feature was sub-circular posthole [66206] which measured 0.49m by 0.41m by 0.09m deep and had gradually sloping sides to a concave base (Plate 119). This feature had a single fill comprising firm mid greyish brown silty clay (66207) containing no finds.



Plate 119: Posthole [66206], looking south

6.480 Immediately to the west was sub-circular posthole [66204] which measured 0.61m by 0.63m by 0.13m deep and had gradually sloping sides to an uneven base (Plate 120). This feature had a sole fill of light grey brown silty clay (66205) with abundant small and medium stone and containing no finds. This posthole seemed to be packed with stones.



Plate 120: Posthole [66204], looking south

6.481 Next in the stratigraphic sequence was 0.09m thick colluvium consisting of mid yellow brown sandy clay (66202) which in turn was overlain by 0.26m thick grey brown silty clay topsoil (66201).

Trench 663 (Figures 4.180, 5.25 & 6.22)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(66301)	0.21	31.18m	Friable mid grey brown silty clay topsoil
(66302)	0.19	30.97m	Firm mid yellow brown sandy clay colluvium
(66303)	N/A	30.78m	Compact light yellow brown sandy clay natural geology

6.482 Trench 663 was located along the southwest corner of B28 and was north to south orientated. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 663 comprised light yellow brown silty clay (66303) which lay at a height of 30.78m aOD.

6.483 The natural deposits in this trench were cut by sub circular pit [66304] which measured 0.70m by 0.32m by 0.32m deep and had gradually sloping sides onto a concave base (Plate 121). This feature had a single fill comprising firm light grey brown silty clay (66305) containing four unidentified mammal bone fragments, one sheep or goat bone fragments, one cattle bone fragment and 11 unidentified mammal bone fragments and 17pottery sherds dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD (Appendix B).



Plate 121: Pit [66304], looking east

6.484 Next in the stratigraphic sequence was 0.19m colluvium consisting of firm mid yellow brown sandy clay (66302) which in turn was overlain by 021m thick friable mid grey brown silty clay.

Sub-Area B29

6.485 Two trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B29, numbered 3014 and 3015. Of both trenches, only Trench 3014 contained archaeological features.

6.486 The naturally-lain deposits generally consisted of yellow brown sandy clay with occasional subrounded small stones recorded a heights of between 29.97m aOD and 30.72m aOD. Subsoil was not present in B29 and the stratigraphic sequence was capped by soft dark brown silt topsoil, varying in depth from 0.32m to 0.32m.

Sub-Area B29 Positive Trenches

Trench 3014 (Figures 4.181, 5.26 & 6.21)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(301401)	0.32m	30.88m	Soft dark brown silt topsoil
(301400)	N/A	30.56m	Yellow brown sandy clay with occasional subrounded small stones natural geology

6.487 Trench 3014 was located in the northwest portion of B29 and was orientated northeast to southwest. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 3014 comprised yellow brown sandy clay (301400) which lay at a height of 30.56m aOD. The natural deposits in Trench 3014 were cut by ditches [301402] and [301403] which both extended beyond the limits of the trench.

6.488 In the eastern portion of the trench was northwest to south orientated ditch [301402] which measured over 1.80m long by 0.55m wide by 0.18m deep and had a single fill comprising light orange brown sit clay (301404) containing one unworked fragment of burnt flint and three residual flint debitage flakes (Plate 122) (Appendix B).



Plate 122: Ditch [301402], looking northwest

6.489 In the western portion of the trench was north to south orientated ditch [301403] which measured over 1.80m long by 1.20m wide by 0.37m deep (Plate 123). This linear feature had a single fill consisting of light orange brown sit clay (301405) containing two pottery sherds

dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD and one fragment of fired clay dating from the Late Iron Age to the Romano-British period (Appendix B).



Plate 123: Ditch [301403], looking northwest

6.490 Capping the stratigraphic sequence was 0.32m thick soft dark brown silt topsoil (301401 containing one residual flint debitage flake (Appendix B)

Sub-Area B31

6.491 A total of eleven trenches were excavate in Sub-Area B31, numbered 670-680. Five of the eleven trenches contained archaeological features (Trenches 673, 675, 677, 678 & 679).

6.492 The naturally-lain deposits ranged from firm dark brown sandy clay to firm greyish yellow sandy clay. The natural geology was recorded a heights of between 29.72m aOD and 30.62m aOD. No subsoil was recorded in this Sub-Area B31. The topsoil mainly consisted of firm dark grey brown clay loam and varied in depth from 0.10m to 0.58.

Sub-Area B31 Positive Trenches

Trench 673 (Figures 3.160, 5.23 & 6.20)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(67301)	0.50m	29.92m	Firm, dark grey, brown, clay loam topsoil
(67300)	N/A	29.42m	Firm, mid brownish yellow, sandy clay natural geology

6.493 Trench 673 was located in the centre east of B31 and was east to west orientated. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 673 comprised mid brownish yellow, sandy clay natural geology (67300) which lay at a height of 29.42m aOD. Five north to south orientated furrows cut the naturally-lain deposits in Trench 673 and continued beyond the extent of the trench: [67303], [67304], [67405], [67306], and [67307]. These feature, which measured over 1.80m in length and between 1.90m and 2.90m in width, were not excavated as furrow [67903] was fully investigated in Trench 679. Furrows were also recorded in Trenches 675, 677 and 678.

6.494 The stratigraphic sequence was capped by a 0.50m thick firm, dark grey, brown, clay loam topsoil (67301).

Trench 675 (Figures 3.160, 5.23 & 6.20)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(67501)	0.31m	30.03m	Firm, dark grey, brown, clay loam topsoil
(67500)	N/A	29.72m	Firm, mid greyish yellow, sandy clay natural geology

6.495 Trench 675 was located in the west of B31 and was orientate east to west. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 675 comprised firm, mid greyish yellow, sandy clay (67500) which lay at a height of 29.72m aOD. Two north to south orientated furrows cut the naturally-lain deposits of Trench 675 and continued beyond the trench: [67502] and [67503]. These features, which measured over 1.80m in length between 0.55m and 1.85m in width, were not excavated as furrow [67903] was fully investigated in Trench 679. Furrows were also recorded in Trenches 673, 677 and 678.

6.496 The stratigraphic sequence was capped by a 0.31m thick firm, dark grey, brown, clay loam topsoil (67501).

Trench 677 (Figures 3.161, 5.23 & 6.20)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(67701)	0.23m	30.02m	Firm, dark grey, brown, clay loam topsoil
(67700)	N/A	29.79m	Firm, greyish yellow, sandy clay natural geology

6.497 Trench 677 was located in the centre of B31 and was north to south orientated. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 677 comprised Firm, greyish yellow, sandy clay (67700) which lay at a height of 29.79m aOD. Two north to south orientated linear features cut the naturally-lain deposits in Trench 677 and continued beyond the extent of the trench: furrows [67702] and [67703]. These features, were not excavated as furrow [67903] was fully investigated in Trench 679. Furrows were also recorded in Trenches 673, 675 and 678.

6.498 The stratigraphic sequence was capped by a 0.23m thick firm, dark grey, brown, clay loam topsoil (67701).

Trench 678 (Figures 3.161, 5.23 & 6.20)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(67800)	0.24m	30.06m	Firm, mid greyish yellow sandy clay topsoil
(67801)	N/A	29.82m	Firm, dark greyish brown, clayey loam natural geology

6.499 Trench 678 was located to the south of B31 and was east to west orientated. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 678 comprised firm, dark greyish brown, clayey loam (67801) which lay at a height of 29.82m aOD. Three north to south orientated furrows cut the naturally-lain deposits of Trench 678 and continued beyond the trench: [67702], [67703] and [67504]. These features, which measured over 1.80m in length between 1m and 1.80m in width, were not excavated as furrow [67903] was fully investigated in Trench 679. Furrows were also recorded in Trenches 673, 675, and 677.

6.500 The stratigraphic sequence was capped by a 0.25m thick firm, mid greyish yellow sandy clay topsoil (67800).

Trench 679 (Figures 3.161, 5.23 & 6.20)

Table of stratigraphic sequence

Context No.	Thickness (max)	Height of Deposit (aOD) (centre point)	Description/Interpretation
(67901)	0.27m	30.05m	Firm, dark greyish brown claye loam topsoil
(67900)	N/A	29.78m	Firm, greyish yellow, sandy clay natural geology

6.501 Trench 679 was located towards the southwest of B31 and was east to west orientated. The naturally-lain deposits in Trench 679 comprised firm, greyish yellow sandy clay (67900) which lay at a height of 29.78m aOD. Five north to south orientated furrows cut the naturally-lain deposits in Trench 679, continued beyond the extent of the trench and measured over 1.80m in length by between 1.65 and 4.65m in width: [67903].[67904], [67905], [67906] and [67907]. The majority of these furrow were truncated by field drains following the same alignment.

6.502 Furrow [67903], which was sample excavated, had gradually sloping sides to a flat base and measured 1.60m in width by 0.33m deep (Plate 114). This feature had single fill comprising firm to friable dark blueish grey sandy clay (67902) containing no finds. Furrows were also recorded in Trenches 673, 675, and 677 and 678.

6.503 The stratigraphic sequence was capped by a 0.27m thick firm, dark greyish brown claye loam topsoil (67901).



Plate 124: Furrow [67903] looking north

7 FINDS

7.1 The finds have been assessed by respective specialists in their class, and the specialist reports are included in Appendix B. The main findings of these reports are summarised below. Each specialist has provided recommendations for further work to be done on the material, as well as recommendations for discard of material of low significance. Following acceptance of the report, discard of finds will be carried out as per the specialists' recommendations with the agreement of the LPA's Lead Planning Archaeologist.

The Animal Bone Assemblage

7.2 A moderate assemblage of 3351 refitted fragments were recovered, of which 1224 were identified to species or family.

7.3 Approximately 17% of the assemblage had been gnawed, indicating delayed burial of some contexts. Evidence for butchery and burning were minimal, though the samples from pit [44505] produced c.50 small, indeterminate burnt and calcined bone fragments.

7.4 There were no obvious deposits of primary butchery, skin-processing or craft-working waste, though Roman ditch [49634] produced two sheep/ goat metapodials with polished shafts, and Roman ditch [49214], a red deer antler fragment with saw marks on the beam. It is notable that ditch [49214] also produced a large part of a cattle skull including both horncores and the occipital, with evidence of skinning. Primary contexts are implied by an unfused cattle radius recovered alongside the associated epiphysis in Roman feature [49222] (49220) and three associated bone groups (ABGs). Iron Age/ Roman ditch [49708] (49711) included a sheep partial skeleton (vertebra, pelvis, radius and hind limbs) with evidence of disarticulation; and Roman pit [49212] (49213) the right hind leg (tibia and tarsals). Both may represent the processing of an animal in a single episode, and/ or the symbolic use of animals or animal parts. Another ABG was recovered from Roman possible paleochannel (49006) comprising a dog/ fox foot (distal metapodial and two first phalanges), which may be a disturbed dog burial, result from skinning waste, or have been used as a talisman.

7.5 The assemblage has good potential to provide information relating to diet, economy and status of those living in the area, though limited to local significance and possible comparison with other sites in the area, depending on the resolution that can be produced from further dating.

The Prehistoric and Roman Pottery Assemblage

7.6 The evaluation recovered a total of 2987 sherds (19868g) of prehistoric and Roman pottery, principally comprised of Late Iron Age to late 1st/early 2nd century AD sherds, likely with a focus on consumption in the pre-Roman Late Iron Age to Conquest-period, but also with a sporadic, relatively rare incidence of late Roman (4th century AD) sherds, typically in ditches and associated with substantive residual sherds from the Late Iron Age/early Roman period. The assemblage is in a relatively highly fragmented condition, with a modest incidence of diagnostic sherds. The Late Iron Age to Early Roman pottery includes sparse 'native' hand-made wares, principally shell-tempered jars, including a single Scored Ware jar. The assemblage is dominated by 'Belgic' grog-tempered vessels, both hand-made and wheel-made, principally necked bowls, with sparse storage jars, jars and a beaker, while associated shell-tempered wares are almost entirely comprised of channel-rim, lid-seated jars. Other Early Roman vessels are rare but include coarse ware bowls with a s-profile and a narrow-neck jar, isolated distinctive jars from the industries at Godmanchester and Horningsea, and a single

heavily mortarium from Verulamium. The late Roman pottery is principally distinguished by Lower Nene Valley colour-coated ware and Oxford red-slipped ware, but also includes black-burnished ware, sandy grey ware, and shell-tempered jars with everted triangular bead rims (indistinguishable by fabric from their early Roman counterparts). The Late Iron Age to Early Roman pottery is relatively sparsely distributed with a single concentration of 499 small sherds (1359g) in Trench 194, with modest groups of more substantive and diagnostic sherds in Trenches 492, 496 and 497, as well as Trenches 198, 513 and 587

7.7 The Roman pottery presents a relatively sparse distribution of sherds, principally in ditches and is dominated by a mix of 1st century AD utilitarian vessels, principally necked bowls and lid-seated jars in grog-tempered 'Belgic' ware (SOB GT) and shell-tempered ware, supplemented by limited quantities of hand-made Middle to Late Iron Age vessels, that likely continued as contemporary jars in the 1st centuries BC/AD. The activity likely spans the Roman Conquest period, extending to some extent to the late 1st/early 2nd centuries AD, when low quantities of local Roman coarse wares, as well as rare samian ware, mortaria and amphoroa have a limited impact on consumption patterns. This pattern of consumption is consistent with modest status rural domestic occupation but based on the limited magnitude of the diagnostic groups does not appear to include any primary rubbish/dump deposits, rather the casual disposal or clearing of waste material. The presence of a sparse scatter of late Roman sherds, including fine wares from the Lower Nene Valley and Oxford industries is likely derivative from nearby nucleated settlement (the Scheduled Monument area), where urban occupation of that period subsequently developed.

The Post-Roman Pottery Assemblage

7.8 The evaluation recovered 29 sherds (289g) of medieval pottery and five sherds (115g) of post-medieval pottery. The medieval sherds include fabric types that span the Saxo-Norman to 15th centuries although consistent with consumption pattern in the region, do not form a homogenous group and are limited to slightly abraded non-diagnostic body sherds, likely re-distributed through agricultural processes.

The Ceramic Building Materials and Fired Clay Assemblage

7.9 The evaluation recovered a total of 231 fragments (277g) of fired clay and 28 fragments (278g) of Roman CBM, with 31 fragments (458g) of medieval to post-medieval peg tile, and 8 fragments (301g) of post-medieval to modern brick and drain, entirely in a very highly fragmented and abraded condition. The negligible presence of Roman CBM suggests there was not a building in the near vicinity with a ceramic roof, and that either the Roman CBM had a secondary function in hearths or similar features, or that a simple building had a limited tiled component, such as a porch or threshold. The medieval to post-medieval CBM, principally peg tile, was almost entirely recovered from topsoil and furrow contexts, and was likely re-deposited through agricultural processes. Isolated fragments of engineering brick and field drain likely represent components of Victorian to modern drainage features that were subsequently truncated by deep ploughing and distributed in the topsoil.

The Struck and Burnt Flint Assemblage

7.10 The evaluation recovered 88 pieces (462g) of struck flint and 71 very small fragments (79g) of burnt flint. The prehistoric struck flint included a thumbnail scraper, characteristic of the early Bronze Age date and often associated with Beaker pottery, but un-stratified in this assemblage.

The small debitage flakes, likely reflect a general background of prehistoric activity in the local landscape, and include a low quantity of blade-like flakes potentially produced in the Neolithic period, but principally comprise broad-squat flakes that may have been removed from un-systematic or discoidal cores in the late Neolithic to early Bronze Age.

7.11 The bulk of the struck flint is comprised of a sparse scatter of small broad-squat debitage flakes, approximately of even proportions of tertiary and un-corticated flakes and exhibiting a high incidence of patinated flakes that reflects a high degree of re-deposition and weathering. Only a single flake from topsoil (301401) exhibits distinctive dorsal scars indicative of removal from a discoidal core, while seven flakes in pit [22907] were likely removed from a single core but are not cross-fitting. The remaining debitage flakes are likely the bi-product of the reduction of un-systematic cores, potentially in the late Neolithic to early Bronze Age, if not later, but do not merit any further comment.

The Macroplant and Charcoal Assemblage

7.12 A total of 74 bulk samples were collected from a series of ditches, pits, gullies, hearths, postholes and a paleochannel.

7.13 There were more than 1591 carbonised macroplants, which included more than 1361 cereal, two poppy (Papaver sp.) seeds, 74 fragments of nut shell, 49 pulses, three fruits, and 102 weeds. These finds were recovered from 25 contexts, with concentrations of macroplant noted in four features: pit [44504], paleochannel [49006], deposit (56705) and deposit (56807). Preservation of the macroplants ranged from poor to good, but most were recorded as adequate.

7.14 A total of 235 charcoal fragments (120.65g) were identified from 38 samples. The species were field maple (Acer campestre L.), birch (Betula sp.), hazel (Corylus avellana L.), beech (Fagus sylvatica L.), ash (Fraxinus sp.), apple-type (Maloideae sp.), cherry (Prunus sp.), blackthorn (Prunus spinosa L.), oak (Quercus sp.), and elm (Ulmus sp.). The assemblage was identified as oak (42%), apple-type (24%), cherry (15%), birch (6%), blackthorn (5%), hazel (3%), ash (3%), field maple (1%), and elm (1%), with a single fragment of beech. The roundwood was composed of apple-type (20%), cherry (12%), blackthorn (4%), hazel (3%), oak (3%), birch (2%), and field maple (1%). Preservation of the charcoal ranged from poor to good, and while most fragments were described as adequately preserved, some were friable and oxidised.

7.15 All the cereals recovered were cultivated in England during the Roman and later periods. Wheats, including bread/club wheat, emmer and spelt dominated the assemblage, with smaller quantities of oats and barley also noted. When it came to the wheat assemblage, there were spatial differences. Two poppy seeds came from pit [44504]. Poppy seeds are known to have been sprinkled on bread and used as medicine in the Roman period (Dickson and Dickson 2000, 118). Pulses were exploited in Britain since the Bronze Age, and although they did not become dietary staples until the Medieval period, certain species, such as bitter vetch, are frequently recovered from Roman sites (van der Veen et al 2008). Hazelnut shell was noted in several features. Hazelnuts have been collected as a wild food resource in Britain from the Mesolithic onwards and the shells were often recycled as kindling. Some of the weed species present in the assemblage are edible, such as fat hen, wild carrot, black bindweed, wild radish, and dock. Others, such as bedstraws, sedges, and grasses have been collected from prehistory onwards for use as thatching, flooring, bedding, packing and fuel. A small assemblage of field gromwell was found in ditch [49634], which is a species that was first introduced to Britain in

the Late Bronze Age as an agricultural weed, and has historically been used for dyeing and medicine (Stevens and Fuller 2019, 32).

7.16 The tree species of charcoal recovered are all native and would have grown in the surrounding landscape. Maple, hazel, beech, ash, apple-type, cherry, blackthorn, and elm grow in a variety of landscapes such as hedgerows, scrub, or more open woods. There was no evidence for structural or artefactual burning, and the charcoal from this area derived from domestic fuel debris.

The Glass Assemblage

7.17 A small glass assemblage (Mass: 36.7g) comprising a total of five fragments was recovered.

7.18 Two tiny fragments of likely Romano-British glass (<49201>, <49202>) were recovered from Trench 492, in Sub-Area B18, one from the upper fill (49209) of ditch [49211], and the other from the upper fill (49213) of the curvilinear ditch [49212]. The fragments are both in a light yellow-green fabric, and comprise a thin-walled, curved body shard (<49202>) and a curved teardrop-shaped vertical lip (<49201>), possibly from a small bowl, cup, beaker, flask or similar. The upper fills of both ditches likely reflect the remains of Romano-British occupation associated with a ladder settlement in the area.

7.19 The remaining glass is post-medieval to modern in date, with dark olive green, cylindrical wine/ale bottle body shards (Bulk 55704) dating from between the 1740s and 1820s recovered from the fill (55704) of furrow or ditch [55703], in Sub-Area B23, and a clear and colourless flat-panelled bottle body shard (Bulk 35703) dating from the later 19th to 20th century, that was retrieved from the fill (35703) of a possible post-medieval field boundary [35704], in Sub-Area B11.

The Human Remains Assemblage

7.20 The human remains comprised 10 fragments of human bone, representing the skull of a single individual, recovered from a ditch within Trench 629. Only fragments of the cranial vault were present, and as a result sex and age could not be determined with any certainty.

7.21 The presence of disarticulated human remains within ditches in the Roman period is not unusual, though no formal studies have been done on the phenomenon. The apparent placed nature of the skull with the surrounding stones and animal jaw suggests that this may represent part of a structured deposit as defined by Hill 1995. Structured deposits within ditches are found on between 20-45% of Roman rural sites surveyed by the Roman Rural Settlement Project, depending on period (Smith 2018, 186). Human remains however are an uncommon inclusion, found in only c. 15% of all structured deposits encountered by the Roman Rural Settlement Project (Smith 2018, 189). While the inclusion of human remains within structured deposits is more common in the early Roman period, it occurs through the entirety of the occupation. The head has a variety of ritual associations in both the Iron Age and Roman periods in Britain (Green 2025), and skulls are one of the most commonly encountered disarticulated elements (Green 2024).

The Industrial Material Assemblage

7.22 A small assemblage of industrial materials (Mass: 384.9g) was recovered.

7.23 Evidence for ironworking is limited, consisting of well-weathered and degraded fragments (Q: 8) of a dense, unclassified iron slag (UIS) that were recovered from the fills (52017, 52212) of

the possible Romano-British ditches [52016, 52211] in Trenches 520 and 522, in Sub-Area B19. These fragments display a dense, dark, dull bluish-grey fabric with a reddish-brown surface and have a very slightly vesicular structure. These may represent heavily degraded fragments of smithing hearth or smelting furnace bottoms, although they are too degraded to be certain.

7.24 Trench 629 in Sub-Area B27 produced a number of irregular lumps of an unclassified non-magnetic vitrified residue (<62901>, <62904>, <62905>, <62907>), that were recovered from the single fills (62906, 62916, 62918) of three possible Romano-British linear ditch and gully features [62907, 62917, 62919].

7.25 No in situ ironworking features or working areas were identified within the investigated areas, with all of metalworking waste recovered representing the well-weathered and degraded residual remains of ironworking activities taking place elsewhere, most likely in the vicinity of Trenches 520 and 522 in Sub-Area B19, situated to the east of the Romano-British ladder settlement in B18.

The Metal Finds Assemblage

7.26 A small assemblage of metal artefacts (Mass: 226.8g), comprising objects of ferrous metal (195.71g), copper alloy (2.3g), and lead alloy (28.79g), was recovered.

7.27 The most significant finds within the assemblage are those that are typologically dateable to the Romano-British period. A copper alloy nummus of the House of Valentinian minted between AD 364 and 378 (RF 49203) was recovered from fill (49213) of pit [49212], an iron link from a snaffle-bit (Bulk 51917) came from fill (51917) of ditch [51918] and two iron hobnails (<49202a> and <49202b>) from fill (49213) of pit [49212].

7.28 A tanged knife (Bulk 56705) from deposit [56705] is analogous to a form used during the Roman period but is also similar to forms of medieval and post medieval date (Manning 1985, Goodall 2011), although it cannot be entirely confirmed.

7.29 Overall, these finds represent domestic waste relating to a nearby settlement of Romano-British date with possible evidence of post-medieval or modern dumping of material in an attempt to consolidate an area of waterlogged ground.

7.30 A total of eight nails were recovered. Whilst typologically difficult to date due to the longevity of their forms, all nails appear to derive from features dated to the Roman period and are consistent with forms used during the Roman period.

7.31 A fragment of lead alloy sheet rolled into an S-shape (Bulk U/S) was an unstratified find. Whilst curse tablets written on strips of rolled up lead are well-attested in the Roman period, they generally tend to occur in the vicinity of religious foci and are generally neatly rolled.

7.32 Overall, these finds represent domestic waste relating to a nearby settlement of Romano-British date with possible evidence of post-medieval or modern dumping of material in an attempt to consolidate an area of waterlogged ground.

The Worked Bone Finds Assemblage

7.33 A small assemblage of three worked bone objects (Mass: 43.09g) was recovered.

7.34 The worked bone comprised three worked bone objects (RF 46901, RF 46902 and RF 46903), all of very similar form and all from fill (46935) of ditch [46934]. Two (RF 49601 and RF 49603) appear to be intact. The third (RF 49602) comprises only the proximal end and part of the shaft.

They each comprise a sheep/goat or deer metatarsal, the shaft highly polished on all four faces. The medial and lateral sides have engraved grooves at the proximal and distal ends of the shaft on the medial and lateral sides positioned opposing one another. RF 49603 additionally has grooves on the posterior and anterior faces positioned offset to those on the medial and lateral sides.

7.35 These finds reflect the remains of Romano-British waste relating to domestic or industrial processes from a nearby settlement.

The Worked Stone Assemblage

7.36 An assemblage of 32 pieces of heat-affected stone, worked stone and natural cobble fragments weighing 12819.18g were retrieved.

7.37 All of the heat affected stone was of sandstone lithology, either red, honey-yellow, beige or grey, and derive from beach or river cobbles. Most of the pieces show water erosion and exposure weathering. The heat-affected stone comes primarily from ditch and pit fills.

7.38 The single worked stone item was recovered from topsoil and is formed from two re-joining pieces after a recent break, likely during excavation. It is a small palette-shaped, sub-rectangular stone with a flat basal edge and sides, and a curved top, through which a 6mm diameter hole has been carefully, centrally drilled. It appears to be a small loom weight, or perhaps a fishing line/net sinker. Stone and ceramic loom weights appear to have been common throughout prehistory in Britain, and with shape and size varying over time and culture. Mainly, stone loom weights are larger than this example, with a survey of samples (Shaffrey 2017, 232) indicating the majority weigh between 500-2250g, with only a few examples of 80g or less. Such a small weight may have been used for weaving narrow or small bands or strips, or as weights for the selvedge of a piece of cloth, or for weaving particularly fine threads (Manalova pers. comm.).

8 POTENTIAL CONTRIBUTION TO SEPCIFIC OBJECTIVES

8.1 The following section provides a review of the significance of the results of the trial trench evaluation in relation to the objectives laid out in the WSI (AOC 2024, 2025) which were defined by the East of England Regional Research Framework (2021) and informed by the appropriate Historic England guidance (Historic England 2023, 2024).

Objective	Potential Contribution
To ground truth the results of the geophysical survey. To investigate the areas of archaeological activity indicated by the geophysical survey within Sites A, B, C and D. To investigate the areas with no recorded archaeological anomalies within Sites A, B, C and D in order to test whether there is a greater level	The evaluation in Area B has successfully contributed to this objective in that it has tested the geophysical survey results which had a high success rate with many anomalies representing real archaeology. Areas seemingly devoid of archaeology as suggested by the geophysics, did identify some archaeological features, however these tended to be isolated and low in significance.

Objective	Potential Contribution
of archaeology than indicated in the geophysical survey?	
To determine the character and composition of any structural remains. To determine the date, function and nature of any cut features. To identify any in-situ internal or external surfaces present. To retrieve datable material when available. Are any in situ remains of roads or tracks present? Are any alluvial or colluvial deposits present? Are any palaeosols, old land surfaces or palaeochannels present?	The evaluation has successfully investigated, characterised and dated archaeological features identified across Area B so far. Of the 510 trenches excavated, 119 have yielded archaeological remains. The archaeological features found during the trenching have corresponded with what was expected from the geophysical survey undertaken prior to the evaluation, mainly exemplified by ditches comprising part of rectilinear and curvilinear enclosures, although limited pitting activity and post-holes were also present. Overall, the evidence retrieved from the trenching suggests rural domestic occupation with agricultural use of the land. Datable material, mainly pottery, flint and CBM, indicates that the activity took place generally between the Late Iron Age and the early Romano-British period, and agricultural use of the land beyond into the post-medieval. Two potential prehistoric roundhouses were investigated in Trench 645 in Area B28. Ditch [629017] contained what appeared to be a placed deposit of a mandible of a cattle and a human skull surrounded by large rocks. The human remains recovered only included fragments of the cranium, with no mandible. It is most probable that the skull represents a secondary burial. This type of structured deposit was common in the early Roman period.No *in-situ* internal or external surfaces were recorded No *in-situ* remains of roads or tracks were recorded Isolated colluvial deposits were present in B14, B21, B22, B23, B24 and B28. Possible palaeochannels [42708] and [42712] were recorded in Trench 427 within B14. No palaeosols or old land surfaces were recorded in Area B.

Objective	Potential Contribution
Is there any variation of date or function of the remains across the site. Are any activity zones present?	The archaeology recorded across Area B suggests a landscape utilised for rural occupation and farming in the form of enclosures, mainly dating between the Late Iron Age and early Roman period, with agricultural use of the land beyond into the post-medieval period. Residual flint debitage flakes recovered across the site indicate a general prehistoric background within the local landscape. A comparison of results between all areas of evaluation at East Park (Area A to D) will contribute to this aim and identify variations in date and function of activity across the landscape.
To determine how the results of the evaluation can contribute to the East of England Regional Research Framework (2021). In particular to topics related to Roman Towns, Infrastructure and Finds Studies.	The results of the evaluation across East Park (Area A to D) will contribute to the East of England Regional Research Framework as they will shed light on activity across a landscape bordering Bedfordshire and Cambridgeshire. The results of Area B specifically can contribute to research topics related to Late Iron Age and early Roman period landscape utilisation.

Table 11: Contribution to Objectives

9 DISCUSSION

9.1 The evaluation at Area B, to date, comprised the excavation of trenches across 31 Sub-Areas of Area B (B01 –B31). Of the 510 trenches excavated, 119 yielded archaeological evidence while 391 remined negative. Modern truncations in the form of field drains and plough scars were indicative of agricultural practices occurring across the areas, however generally, preservation of archaeological features was moderate, with the depth the archaeological features were recorded at being fairly consistent, with on average 0.14m of subsoil and 0.24m of topsoil overlying the activity. It should be noted that a number of areas did not contain subsoil with the topsoil directly overlying the natural geology (B01, B03, B04, B05, B06, B09, B10, B13, B21 - B26, B28 & B29). Isolated colluvial deposits were present in B14, B21, B22, B23, B24 and B28.

9.2 Areas B03, B06 to B10, B16, B22, B24, B25 and B30 were negative of archaeology. It was noted that no subsoil was present within areas B03, B06, B09, B10, B22 and B24 with a very limited presence in Areas B07, B08, B25 and B30. This likely indicates that ploughing may have impacted on the preservation of archaeology. However, equally, there may just be an absence of past activity in these areas.

9.3 A range of archaeological features, mainly representing rectilinear and curvilinear enclosures, were recorded in the remaining areas generally dating from the Late Iron Age to the early Romano-British period. Residual flint debitage flakes were retrieved from Areas B01, B02, B11-

B14, B18, B19, B23, B26, B27 and B28. The small debitage flakes, likely reflect a general background of prehistoric activity in the local landscape, and include a low quantity of blade-like flakes potentially produced in the Neolithic period, but principally comprise broad-squat flakes that may have been removed from un-systematic or discoidal cores in the late Neolithic to early Bronze Age.

9.4 In Area B01, the archaeological features were spread across the area and likely represent the heavily truncated remains of agricultural use of the site in the form of enclosure ditches, perhaps for animal husbandry. Some more discrete features were present such as potential waste pits. Dating evidence generally ranging from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD was retrieved from Trenches 193-195, 198 - 201, 210 and 211.

9.5 The geophysical anomalies within Area B02 were not apparent within any of the trenches which targeted them. Instead, a small number of archaeological features were recorded in 'blank' trenches, in the form of ditches and the odd pit and post hole. Dating evidence recovered from Trenches 220, 229 and 243 generally ranged from the 1st century BC to 1st century AD.

9.6 Area B04 was largely negative of archaeological features. No geophysical anomalies were present within B04, however a small number of archaeological features were recorded in 'blank' trenches. All but one of the trenches contained evidence of a field boundary depicted on OS mapping whilst the other feature, a gully, was likely associated with post-medieval agriculture. Aside from historical mapping, no other dating evidence was recovered from Area 04.

9.7 Similarly, Area B05 was largely negative of archaeological features, however a small number of archaeological features were recorded in 'blank' trenches in the form of isolated ditches and the odd pit. Although no dating evidence was retrieved from this area, it is likely that activity was associated with post-medieval agriculture based on the proximity of B04.

9.8 The positive trenches in the north of Area B11 contained archaeological evidence of field boundaries depicted on OS mapping as supported by the presence of glass dating from the 19th to the 20th centuries. Activity recorded within Trench 359 may be earlier prehistoric activity (eg. Bronze Age or early Iron Age) based on the characteristics of some intercutting pits and ditches, however there is no dating evidence to support this theory. Artefacts recovered Trenches 370 and 371 ranged in date from the Late Iron Age to the early Romano-British period.

9.9 The geophysical anomalies in Area B12 proved to be correct with activity recorded only in Trench 393. The dating evidence, together with the identified geophysical anomalies, suggests that activity spanning the Late Iron Age to the early Romano-British period may represent curvilinear animal enclosures, incorporating conduits used to herd and corral livestock within different areas of the site.

9.10 Areas B13 and B14 produced comparable results, with ditches forming enclosure systems across the landscape that may be broadly associated. Geophysical survey indicates that the ditch in Trench 407 formed part of a sub-circular enclosure. Artefacts recovered from Trench 407 in Area B13, and from Trenches 427, 428, 438 and 445 in Area B14, suggest that activity across these areas largely dates to the Late Iron Age and early Romano-British period, Areas B15 to B17 presented very little archaeological evidence, with undated post-hole activity recorded in Trenches 452 and 453 in Area B15 and Trench 475 in Area B17. Since subsoil was present in these areas, a genuine lack of archaeological activity in these areas is suggested.

9.11 The north of Area B18 ccontained evidence of field boundaries depicted on OS mapping whilst the south of the area contained a vast amount of archaeological evidence which was in keeping with what was suggested by the geophysical survey. It has been suggested this activity is representative of a Romano-British ladder settlement comprising multiple rectilinear and curvilinear enclosures, with many ditches present, some of which present multiple phases of use with ditch recuts, as well as more discrete features such as pits. Artefacts recovered from ditches in Trenches 379, 484, 490, 492, 494, 496 and 497 indicate a broad date range spanning the Late Iron Age to the early Romano-British period. The assemblage includes pottery largely dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD, with limited evidence for later activity in the 4th century, as well as material dating as late as the 14th–15th century, which is likely residual. Other finds comprise a 4th-century copper-alloy nummus, Romano-British glass, hobnails, and CBM consistent with a date ranging from Middle to Late Iron Age to the early Romano-British period. Residual prehistoric flint debitage flakes were also recovered from Trenches 490 and 496.

9.12 To the east in Area B19, further archaeological activity was recorded in high quantities, again confirming the geophysical survey results in this area. Ditches and pits were present here also, but the geophysics suggest more curvilinear enclosure to be present here and may suggest a different type of settlement or occupation of this area. The archaeological activity extended into B20 which proved to contain more archaeological features than was suggested by the geophysics (which was blank for B20). This activity was initially interpreted as peripheral, located on the outskirts of a settlement. However, pottery, flint, metalwork and glass recovered from both areas indicate a date spanning the Middle Iron Age to the early Romano-British period, suggesting it may be contemporary with B18.

9.13 The trenches within Areas B21 and B24 23, most likely represented low density agricultural activity in the form of post-medieval boundaries and furrows spread across this area. Additionally, medieval pottery and CBM dating from the medieval to the post-medieval periods were retrieved from a curvilinear feature in Trench 605 in Area B21. Within the south of Area B23, there was an area of enclosure generally dating from the Late Iron Age to the early Romano-British period. Two consolidation layers were recorded in Area B23, one dating from the 9th to the 11th centuries and another dating from the post-medieval to the modern periods.This may represent an attempt to consolidate an area of waterlogged ground.

9.14 Areas B26, B27and B28, similarly represent low density agricultural activity in the form of boundaries and post-medieval furrows spread across this area. However, Trenches 609, 627, 629, 634 and 635 showed evidence of ditches generally dating from the Middle Iron Age to the early Romano-British period. Two presumed prehistoric roundhouses were present in Trench 645 in Area B28. One ditch in Trench 629 in Area B27 contained a fragmented human skull within its fill alongside a large cattle mandible. The presence of disarticulated human remains within ditches in the Roman period is not unusual, though no formal studies have been done on the phenomenon. The apparent placed nature of the skull with the surrounding stones and animal jaw suggests that this may represent part of a structured deposit, which is more common in the early Roman period.

9.15 Of the two trenches in Area B29, only one had archaeological remains in the form of ditches dating from the 1st century BC to the 1st century AD.

9.16 Low density agricultural activity was also recorded across Area B31 exemplified by furrows in Trenches 673, 675, 677, 678 and 679, spanning in date from the medieval to the post-medieval periods.

9.17 Overall, the evidence retrieved from the trenching suggests a landscape utilised for rural occupation between the Late Iron Age and the early Romano-British period, and beyond into the post-medieval with agricultural use of the land.

9.18 The Roman pottery recovered from Area B indicates modest status rural domestic occupation with casual disposal or clearing of waste material. The presence of a sparse scatter of late Roman sherds, including fine wares from the Lower Nene Valley and Oxford industries is likely derivative from nearby nucleated settlement (potentially the Scheduled Monument area), where urban occupation of that period subsequently developed. The limited medieval pottery suggest rural occupation in the local landscape.

9.19 No *in situ* ironworking features or working areas were identified within the investigated areas, with all of the metalworking waste recovered representing the well-weathered and degraded residual remains of ironworking activities taking place elsewhere, most likely in the vicinity of Trenches 520 and 522 in B19, situated to the east of the Romano-British ladder settlement in B18. Metal and worked bone finds retrieved from Area B reflect the remains of Romano-British waste relating to domestic or industrial processes from a nearby settlement. There was no evidence for structural or artefactual burning, and the charcoal from this area derived from domestic fuel debris.

9.20 The trenching results have shown a clear correlation between the features uncovered during the evaluation and the geophysical survey across Area B. Whilst the areas presumed blank by the geophysical survey generally matched the findings within the evaluations, there was a moderate number of archaeological features present in trenches not targeting geophysical anomalies.

9.21 Area B is located approximately 1.2km to the west of Area C. The results of the evaluation of this area have been fully reported elsewhere (AOC 2025). Area Crevealed evidence of Roman activity spanning the post-Conquest period through to the 4th century AD. Notably, a Roman Small Town (Scheduled Monument Historic England List Entry Number 1491190) is situated at the north-eastern edge of Area C, approximately 1.8km east of Area B (Sub-Area B31). The earliest activity recorded within Sub-Areas C01 to C04 comprised enclosure ditches, boundaries and pits dating from the early 1st to mid-2nd century AD. On the basis of the available dating evidence, it is suggested that the activity within Area B largely represents earlier agricultural use of the surrounding landscape, which continued into the 1st century AD, coinciding with the establishment of the Roman town. Post-medieval agricultural activity was also identified within both Areas B and C.

10 CONCLUSIONS

10.1 The archaeological remains found during the trial trenching evaluation in Area B shows evidence of archaeological activity in Areas B01, B02, B04, B05, B11-B15, B17-B20, B21, B23, B26-B29 and B31. Most of the features range in date from the Late Iron Age to the Early Roman period, with a localised number of features relating to post-medieval agricultural practices. Discrete residual flint debitage flakes indicate the presence of earlier prehistoric activity in the local landscape, possibly dating from the Neolithic period onwards.

10.2 The archaeological evaluation has revealed agricultural activity and likely modest rural occupation activity mainly spanning from the Late Iron Age the Romano-British period. The activity, exemplified by ditches, gullies, pits and rectilinear enclosures, as well as limited curvilinear enclosures. The rectilinear enclosure may be associated with rural settlement or agricultural activity or both. The south of Area B18 contained a vast amount of archaeological evidence representative of a Romano-British ladder settlement comprising multiple rectilinear and curvilinear enclosures. One ditch in Trench 629 in Area B27 contained a fragmented human skull likely represented a structured deposit which is common in the early Roman period. Two presumed prehistoric roundhouses were recorded in Area B28.

10.3 Post-medieval activity was exemplified by field systems, including pre and post Ordnance Survey field boundaries as well as furrows, with a concentration of the latter in Area B31.

10.4 Overall, the findings provide valuable insights into land use over time, with pre-Roman Iron Age and Early Roman agricultural activity and settlement, and post-medieval agricultural activity spread throughout Area B. Area B preserves evidence of rural settlement from the Late Iron Age through the Roman conquest, with Roman pottery indicating modest, scattered domestic activity. Also, residual finds likely indicate earlier activity in the surrounding landscape, dating to the earlier prehistoric period.

11 PUBLICATION AND ARCHIVE DESPOSITION

11.1 Copies of the evaluation report will be issued to the Lead Planning Archaeologist at the LPA for comments and approval prior to the production of the final report.

11.2 After a period of time, a copy of the evaluation report will be issued to the local studies library, on the understanding that it will become a public document. A digital copy of the report will also be submitted to the Historic Environment Record and the Archaeology Data Service (ADS). A summary of the findings will be submitted to the ADS (Appendix C – aocarcha1-542361)

11.3 Following consideration of the evaluation results by Lead Planning Archaeologist at the LPA, further publication of the results may be required. In addition, if further stages of archaeological fieldwork are required, publication may be deferred until such time as the project works are substantially complete. The format of any publication shall be commensurate with the importance of the results and be agreed in advance with Lead Planning Archaeologist at the LPA.

11.4 The site archive will comprise all artefacts, environmental samples, written, drawn, and photographic records. It is to be consolidated after completion of the whole project, with records and finds collated and ordered as a permanent record. Archaeological finds rarely have any monetary value, but they are an important course of information for future research, included in museum exhibits and teaching collections. The Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA 2020) and the Society of Museum Archaeologists (SMA 1993) recommend that finds are publicly accessible and that landowners donate archaeological finds to a local museum.

11.5 On completion of the project AOC will discuss arrangements with the developer/landowner for the archive to be deposited with the relevant project archive repository for the project archive. Following completion of the full extent of the fieldwork, the site archive will be prepared in the format agreed with the recipient museum, and according to their guidelines.

11.6 Landowner consent will be required to allow transfer of the finds to the museum. This will require the completion of a Deed of Transfer form accompanied by a Legal Title Consent Request Letter from the Landowner. A complete finds inventory can be provided to the Landowner on request.

11.7 The site archive will be deposited on the completion of the project. It will then become publicly accessible.

11.8 Quantifications of the finds are contained within the respective specialist reports (Appendix B). Each specialist has made recommendations on the need for further work relating to the finds and/or recommendations for discard of material. Following acceptance of the report these recommendations will be carried out with advice and approval from the Lead Planning Archaeologist at the LPA.

12 BIBLIOGRAPHY

ADS (2011) Guides to Good Practice, http://guides.archaeologydataservice.ac.uk/g2gp/Main

ALGAO., (2015). Advice Note for Post-Excavation Assessment, Available from: https://www.algao.org.uk/sites/algao.org.uk/files/2023-07/ALGAO-England-PXA-Advice-Note.pdf [Accessed 10/03/2026]

Andrefsky, W. 2005 Lithics: Macroscopic Approaches to Analysis (2nd edition). Cambridge University Press, Cambridge

AOC Archaeology (2024) East Park Energy Bedford Borough & Cambridgeshire Archaeological Geophysical Survey. Grey lit report draft.

AOC Archaeology (2024) East Park Energy, Cambridgeshire and Bedfordshire: Archaeological Evaluation Written Scheme of Investigation.

AOC Archaeology (2025) East Park Energy, Cambridgeshire and Bedfordshire: Written Scheme of Investigation Addendum for an archaeological evaluation

Barclay, A., Knight, D., Booth, P., Evans, J., Brown, D. & Wood, I. 2016 A Standard for Pottery Studies in Archaeology. Prehistoric Ceramics Research Group/Study Group for Roman Pottery/Medieval Pottery Research Group/Historic England

Bayley, J., (1985). What is ancient technology: an introduction to high temperature processes. In: P. Phillips (ed). The Archaeologist and the Laboratory. CBA Research Report No.58. London: CBA, pp.41-44.

Bayley, J., Dungworth, D., and Paynter, S., (2001). Archaeometallurgy. English Heritage (CBA Guideline 2001: 01).

Bedford Borough Council and Cambridgeshire County Council, 2024. Design Brief for Archaeological Evaluation – East Park Solar.

Bishop, R. (2019) “Experiments on the effects of charring on hazelnuts and their representation in the archaeological record”, Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, Volume 26.

Brickley, M., & McKinley, J. (eds). (2004). Guidelines to the Standards for Recording Human Remains. Southampton: BABAO, Department of Archaeology, University of Southampton.

British Geological Survey (BGS). 2024. Geology of Britain Viewer. Available: http://mapapps.bgs.ac.uk/geologyofbritain /home.html [Accessed October 2023].

Brooks, A and Suchey, S. (1990) 'Skeletal age determination based on the os pubis: a comparison of the Acsádi-Nemeskéri and Suchey-Brooks methods' Human Evolution 5, 227-38

Brothwell, S. (1981). Digging up bones Oxford: Oxford University Press

Brown, D.H. (2011) Archaeological Archives: A guide to best practice in creation, compilation, transfer and curation (Second Edition).

Buckberry, J., and Chamberlain, A. (2002). 'Age estimation from the auricular surface of the Illium, a revised method' American Journal of Physical Anthropology 119, 231-39

Buikstra, J. E., & Ubelaker, D. H. (1994). Standards for data collection from human skeletal remains. Proceedings of a seminar at the Field Museum of Natural History, organized by Jonathan Haas. Fayetteville: Arkansas Archaeological Survey.

Bulleid, A. and Gray, H. St. G., (1911). The Glastonbury Lake Village, a full description of the excavations and the relics discovered, 1892-1907, Glastonbury, Glastonbury Antiquarian Society.

Cappers R.T.J., Bekker R.M. and Jans J.E.A. (2006) *Digital seed atlas of the Netherlands (Barkhuis Publishing and Groningen University Library, Groningen).*

Cambridgeshire County Council (2020), Deposition of archaeological archives in Cambridgeshire, V5

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (2023). Standard for Archaeological Field Evaluation.

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (2023). Universal Guidance for Archaeological Field Evaluation. https://www.archaeologists.net/sites/default/files/Standard%20for%20archaeological%20field%20evaluation.pdf.

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (2020a). Standards and Guidance for the Creation, Compilation, Transfer and Deposition of Archaeological Archives.

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (2020b). Standards and Guidance and Guidelines for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials.

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (2022). Code of Conduct.

Darling, M. (ed.) 1994 *Guidelines for the Archiving of Roman Pottery. The Study Group for Roman Pottery*.

Davies, B., Richardson, B. & Tomber, R. 1994 *The archaeology of Roman London Volume 5: A dated corpus of early Roman pottery from the City of London. CBA Res. Rep. 98*

Department for Housing, Levelling Up and Communities (DHLUC) (2019; updated 2023). National Planning Policy Framework.

Dickson, C. and Dickson. J. (2000) *Plants and People in Ancient Scotland. Stroud: Tempus Publishing Ltd.*

East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Paper No.24, (2011) edited Maria Medlycott. Research and Archaeology Revisited: a revised framework for the East of England

Evans, C.J. 2003 'Romano-British Pottery' in Jones, A. (ed) in *Settlement, Burial and Industry in Roman Godmanchester Excavations in the extra-mural area: The Parks 1998, London Road 1997–8, and other investigations. BAR British Series 346, 42-66*

Evans, J., Macaulay, S., and Mills, P. 2017 *The Horningsea Pottery Industry: A Study of Roman Pottery in Southern Cambridgeshire. East Anglian Archaeology 162*

Evans, J. 2011 'Romano-British Pottery' in Jones, A. (ed.) *Excavations at Little Paxton Quarry, Cambridgeshire, 1992-1998. BAR British Series 545, 214-244*

Falys, C. and Prangle, D. (2015). *'Estimating age of mature adults from the degeneration of the sternal end of the clavicle' American Journal of Physical Anthropology 156(2), 203-14.*

Goodall, I.H., (2011). Ironwork in Medieval Britain: an archaeological study. *The Society for Medieval Archaeology Monograph 31. London: The Society for Medieval Archaeology*.

Grant A 1982 The use of toothwear as a guide to the age of domestic ungulates. In Wilson B, Grigson C and Payne S (eds) *Ageing and Sexing Animal Bones from Archaeological Sites. Oxford: British Archaeological Reports British Series 109 91-108*

Green, E. (2024). *Anatomy of a Ritual: an Examination of Romano-British ritual through the lens of the Nescot College shaft in Ewell, Surrey, England. Unpublished PhD. University of Reading*

Green, E. (2025). '*The body mine: a review of human remains from within Romano-British well and shaft deposits and evidence for multi-stage mortuary practice in first-century AD Surrey'* Britannia 55, 117-44.

Gurney, D, (2003). Standards for Field Archaeology in the East of England', East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 14

Hancocks, A., Evans, J., & Woodward, A. 1998 'The Prehistoric and Roman Pottery', in Ellis, P., Hughes, G., Leach, P., Mould, c., & Sterenberg, J. Excavations Alongside Roman Ermine Street, Cambridgeshire, 1996: *The Archaeology of the A1(M) Alconbury to Peterborough Road Scheme. Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit Monograph. 1/ BAR British Series 276, 34-79*

Hancocks, A. 2003 'Romano-British Pottery' and 'Appendix Table A2: Roman pottery, fabric descriptions (The Parks and London Road)' in Jones, A (ed) *Settlement, Burial, and Industry in Roman Godmanchester. BAR British Series 346/ Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit Monograph 6, 135-155 & 206-209*

Hancocks, A. 2011 'Iron Age Pottery' in Jones, A. (ed.) *Excavations at Little Paxton Quarry, Cambridgeshire, 1992-1998. BAR British Series 545, 98-130*

Hather, J. G. (2000) *The identification of the Northern European Woods: a guide for archaeologists and conservators. London: Routledge*.

Healy, F. 1988 The Anglo-Saxon Cemetery at Spong Hill, North Elmham, Part VI: *Occupation during the Seventh to Second Millennium BC. East Anglian Archaeology No. 39*

Hill, J. (1995). *Ritual and Rubbish in the Iron Age of Wessex Oxford: BAR*.

Historic England (2010) Waterlogged Wood: Guidelines on the Recovery, Sampling, Conservation and Curation of Waterlogged Wood.

Historic England (2015a). Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment: The MoRPHE Project Managers' Guide.

Historic England (2015b). Digital Image Capture and File Storage Guidelines for Best Practice

Historic England (2015c) Environmental Archaeology: A guide to the theory and practice of methods, from sampling and recovery to post-excavation.

Historic England (2018a). The Role of the Human Osteologist in an Archaeological Fieldwork Project. Swindon: Historic England.

Historic England (2018b) Waterlogged Organic Artefacts: Guidelines on their Recovery, Analysis and Conservation.

Hurst, J. 1956 'Saxo-Norman pottery in East Anglia, Part I' *Proceedings of the Cambridge Antiquarian Society 49, 43-70*

Huckerby E. and Graham F. (2009) 'Waterlogged and Charred Plant Remains' in Howard-Davis, C. *The Carlisle Millennium Project. Volume 2: Finds. Oxford: Oxbow Books, 926-93.*

Jacomet, S. (2006) *Identification of cereal remains from archaeological sites. (2nd ed) Archaeobotany Lab IPAS, Basel University*.

Kenward, H. K., Hall, A.R. and Jones, A.K.G (1980) *A tested set of techniques for the extraction of plant and animal macrofossils from waterlogged archaeological deposits. Science and Archaeology 22, 3-15.*

Kilmurry, K. 1980 *The Pottery Industry of Stamford, Lincolnshire c.AD 850-1250. British Archaeological Reports British Series 84, (Oxford)*

Knüsel, C. and Outram, A. 2004. 'Fragmentation: the zonation method applied to fragmented human remains from archaeological and forensic contexts' Environmental Archaeology 9(1), 85-98.

Lauwerier R 1988 *Animals in Roman Times in the Dutch Eastern River Area.* Amersfoort: ROB Nederlandse Oudheden 12

Linford, J. (2009*) A concise guide to trees. Baker and Taylor (UK) Ltd, Bicester, Oxfordshire*.

Lovejoy, C. Meindl, R., Pryzbeck, T.,and Barton, T. (1985) '*Chronological metamorphosis of the auricular surface of the ilium: A new method for the determination of adult skeletal age at death'* American Journal of Physical Anthropology 68, 15-28

Lyman L 1994 *Vertebrate Taphonomy. Cambridge*: Cambridge University Press

Major, H., (1982). 'Iron Age triangular loomweights' in Priddy, D. (ed), *'Work of the Essex County Council Archaeology Section 1981*', Essex Archaeol. Hist. 14, 117-22.

Manning, W.H., (1985). *Catalogue of the Romano-British Iron Tools, Fittings, and Weapons in The British Museum*, London: British Museum Publications Limited.

McDonnell, G., (1994). The Slag Report. In: B. Ballin-Smith, ed. Howe: *Four Millennia of Orkney Prehistory. Excavations 1978-82. Society of Antiquaries of Scotland Monograph Series 9. Edinburgh: Society of Antiquaries, pp. 228-234.*

McKinley, J. (2004). 'Compiling a skeletal inventory: disarticulated and co-mingled remains' in Brickley, M., and McKinley, J. (eds.) *Guidelines to the Standards for Recording Human Remains. Reading: BABAO, 14-17.*

Mitchell, P., & Brickley, M. (eds). (2018). *Updated Guidelines to the Standards for Recording Human Remains: Chartered Institute for Archaeologists.*

Museum of London (1994). Archaeological site Manual (3rd edition).

Mynard, D., (1979). *Stone Weights from the Rivers Great Ouse, Ouzel, Nene and Tove. Records of Bucks*, Vol. XXI, 1979, pp 11-28.

Payne S 1973. *Kill-off patterns in sheep and goats: The mandibles from Asvan Kale. Anatolian Studies XXIII: 281-303*

Perrin, R. 1996 'The Roman Pottery' in *Mackreth, D.F. Orton Hall Farm: A Roman and Early Anglo-Saxon Farmstead. East Anglian Archaeology 76, 114-204*

Perrin, R. 1999 'Roman Pottery from Excavations at and near to the Roman Small Town of Durobrivae, Water Newton*, Cambridgeshire, 1956-58'. Journal of Roman Pottery Studies 8*

Phenice, T. (1969). 'A newly developed visual method of sexing the os pubis' American Journal of Physical Anthropology 30(2), 297-301.

Poulter, H., (2021). *A Discussion on the Position of Weaving in the Society of Prehistoric Britain.* https://exarc.net/issue-2021-2/at/position-weaving-society-prehistoric-britain [accessed 4/2/2026]

Renfrew, J. M. (1993) 'Roman Britain' in Renfrew, J.M., *A Taste of History 10,000 years of food in Britain. English Heritage, pp. 51–94.*

RESCUE & ICON (2001). First Aid for Finds. (3rd ed).

Schweingruber, F. H. (1990). *Microscopic wood anatomy. Birmensdorf.*

Seager-Smith, R. *2005 A Romano-British rural site at Eaton Socon, Cambridgeshire: Specialist Report – Pottery. Wessex Archaeology https://www.wessexarch.co.uk/sites/default/files/49013_eaton-socon-pottery.pdf*

Seeley, F. & Drummond-Murray, J. 2005 *Roman Pottery Production in the Walbrook Valley: Excavations at 20-28 Moorgate, City of London, 1998-2000. MOLAS Monograph 25*

Serjeantson D 1996 The animal bones. In Needham S and Spence T (eds) *Refuse and Disposal at Area 16 East Runnymede: Runnymede Bridge Research Excavations.* London: British Museum Press 2 194-223

Shaffrey, R., (2017). A Reinvestigation of British Stone Loomweights in Shaffrey, R. (ed) *Written in stone: papers on the function, form and provenancing of Prehistoric Stone objects in memory of Fiona Roe, Highfield Press, pp. 229- 248*.

Smith, A. (2018). 'Religion and the rural population' in Smith, A., Allen, M., Brindle, T., Fulford, M., Lodwick, L., Rohnbogner, *A. Life and Death in the Countryside of Roman Britain London: Society for the Promotion of Roman Studies, 120-204.*

Society of Museum Archaeologists (1993) Selection, Retention and Dispersal of Archaeological Collections: Guidelines for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland.

Spoerry, P. 2008 *Ely Wares. East Anglian Archaeology 122, (Cambridgeshire County Council)*

Spoerry, P. 2016, *The Production and Distribution of Medieval Pottery in Cambridgeshire East Anglian Archaeology 159*

Stace, C. (2010). *New Flora of the British Isles. 3rd Edition. Cambridge University Press*.

Starley, D., (2000). Metalworking Debris. In: K. Buxton and C. Howard-Davis, eds. *Brementenacum: Excavations at Roman Ribchester 1980, 1989-1990. Lancaster: Lancaster Imprints Series No.9, pp. 337-47.*

Stevens, C. and Fuller, D., 2019. 'The fighting flora: an examination of the origins and changing composition of the weed flora of the British Isles' in Lightfoot, E., Liu, X., and Fuller, D. (eds) *Far from the Hearth: Essays in Honour of Martin K. Jones. Cambridge: McDonald Institute for Archaeological Research, pp. 23-37.*

Sutton, A., Lyons, A., & Hudak, E. 2021 *The Lower Ouse Valley Pottery Industry: Interim report on the kiln groups from A14 Brampton West and West of Ouse (version 1). MOLA Headland Infrastructure (unpublished report).*

Thompson, I. 1982 *Grog-tempered 'Belgic' Pottery of South-eastern England. BAR British Series 108 (i-iii)*

Tomber, R. and Dore, J. 1998, *The National Roman Fabric Reference Collection, Museum of London, London*

United Kingdom Institute for Conservation (1983). Conservation Guidelines No. 2.

von den Driesch A 1976 A Guide to the Measurement of Animal Bones from Archaeological Sites. Cambridge, Massachusettes: Harvard University Press

van der Veen, M. (2022) 'All change on the land? Wheat and the Roman to Early medieval transition in England', Medieval Archaeology 66:2, pp 304–42

Walker, P. (2005). 'Greater sciatic notch morphology: sex, age, and population differences' American Journal of Physical Anthropology 127(4), 385-91.

13 APPENDICES

Appendix A: Context Inventory

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
186	18601		Compact, mid greyish-brown, silty clay	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
186	18602		Compact, mid orange brown, silty clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
187	18701		Compact, mid greyish brown, silty clay	0.35	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
187	18702		Compact, mid orange brown, silty clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
188	18801		Compact, mid grey brown, silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
188	18802		Compact, mid orange brown, silty clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
189	18901		Compact, mid greyish brown, silty clay	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
189	18902		Compact, orange brown, silty clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
190	19001		Mid greyish brown, sandy clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
190	19002		Mid orange brown, sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
191	19101		Compact, mid greyish brown, silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
191	19101		Compact, mid orange brown, silty clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
192	19201		Friable, mid greyish brown, silty clay	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
192	19202		Friable, light yellowish brown, clayey sand	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
193	19301		Compact, mid greyish brown, silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
193	19302		Compact, mid orange brown, silty clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
193	19303	19303	Cut of shallow ditch, truncated on north side by field drain . Sharp cut at top with regular slightly stepped sides, sharper regular cut at base on the NE side and gradual of cut on the SW side.	0.23	> 1.8	0.7
193	19304	19303	Hard, mid, greyish brown, sandy clay with frequent medium, sized stones	0.23	> 1.8	0.7
194	19401		Compact, mid greyish brown, sandy clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
194	19402		Mid, orange brown, sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
194	19403	19403	E-W orientated, Curvilinear, gradual break of slope at top with gradually sloping sides, gradual break of slope at base with a regular rounded base. N.B. Total length of feature =4.96m	0.07	> 0.7	0.21

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
194	19404	19403	Compact, mid greyish brown sandy clay with occ. amounts of medium sized angular shaped stones	0.07	> 0.7	0.21
194	19405	19405	E-W orientated, Curvilinear, sharp break of slope at top with gradually sloping concave sides, gradual break of slope at base with a regular rounded base. N.B. Total length of feature =4.96m	0.18	> 1	0.35
194	19406	19405	Compact, mid greyish brown sandy clay with frequent amounts of CBM sherds and rare amounts of angular flint stones	0.18	> 1	0.35
194	19407	19407	NE-SW orientated, Linear (Oval pit), gradual break of slope at top with gradually sloping sides, gradual break of slope at base with a regular rounded base.	0.13	0.65	0.36
194	19408	19407	Compact, dark bluish, brownish black, sandy clay with rare amounts of angular flint stones	0.13	0.65	0.36
194	19409	19409	NE-SW orientated, Linear (Oval pit), gradual break of slope at top with gradually sloping sides, gradual break of slope at base with a regular rounded base. Overcut	0.13	0.61	0.52
194	19410	19409	Compact, mid greyish brown with black flecks, sandy clay with rare amounts of gravel	0.13	0.61	0.52
194	19411	19411	NE-SW orientated Linear, sharp break of slope at top with steep sloping stepped sides, gradual break of slope at base with a regular rounded base.	0.34	> 2	0.97
194	19412	19411	Firm, mid greyish brown silty clay with rare small sub-angular stones and very rare charcoal.	0.34	> 2	0.97
195	19501		Loose to compact, mid greyish brown, silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
195	19502		Compact mid orangish brown silty clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
195	19503	19503	NE-SW orientated linear with rounded gradual to vertical sloping sides onto a concave base.	0.27	> 2	2.03
195	19504	19503	Upper fill of ditch [19503]: a compact mid greyish yellow sandy clay with infrequent stone inclusions.	0.17	> 2	2.03
195	19505	19503	Basal fill of ditch [19503]: a compact mid yellowish brown sandy clay with frequent small stones and rare angular flint.	0.1	> 2	2.03
196	19601		Compact, mid greyish brown, silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
196	19602		Compact mid orangish brown silty clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
196	19603	19603	NW-SE orientated linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.18	> 2	0.42
196	19604	19603	Filll of ditch [19603]: a compact mid brownish orange sandy clay with occasional medium angular stones.	0.18	> 2	0.42
197	19701		Friable mid greyish brown sandy clay	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
197	19702		Friable light yellowish brown clayey sand	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
197	19703	19703	NW-SE orientated linear with moderate sloping sides onto a flat base.	0.25	> 1.8	1.07
197	19704	19703	Fill of ditch [19703]: a compact mid brownish grey silty clay with occasional sub-angular small stones.	0.25	> 1.8	1.07
198	19801		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
198	19802		Compact mid orangish brown silty clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
198	19803	19803	NE-SW orientated linear with moderate sloping sides onto an uneven base.	0.33	1.35	1.2
198	19804	19803	Upper fill of ditch [19803]: a friable mid greyish brown sandy clay with frequent small stones and flint.	0.12	1.35	1.2
198	19805	19803	Fill of ditch [19803]: a friable mid greyish yellow sandy clay with moderate stone and bone inclusions.	0.13	1.35	1.2
198	19806	19803	Basal fill of ditch [19803]: a firm brownish yellow silty clay with frequent small and large stone inclusions. Animal mandible and other bones recovered.	0.08	1.35	1.2
199	19901		Friable mid greyish brown sandy clay	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
199	19902		Friable mid greyish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
200	20001		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
200	20002		Compact mid orangish brown silty clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
200	20003	20004	Upper fill of ditch [20004]: a compact dark orangeish brown silty clay.	0.19	> 1.8	1.9
200	20004	20004	NE-SW orientated linear with a steep NW and moderate SE side onto a concave base.	0.42	> 1.8	1.9
200	20005	20004	Basal fill of ditch [20004]: a compact dark brownish grey sandy clay with occasional sub-angular small stone inclusions.	0.23	> 1.8	1.9

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
201	20101		Friable greyish brown sandy clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
201	20102		Friable light yellowish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
201	20103	20103	NE-SW orientated linear with steeply sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.65	> 1.8	1.8
201	20104	20103	Fill of ditch [20103]: a compact dark greyish brown sandy silt with frequent small stone inclusions.	0.65	> 1.8	1.8
201	20105	20105	NE-SW orientated linear with gradual sloping sides onto a flat base.	0.25	> 1.8	1.3
201	20106	20105	Fill of ditch [20105]: a compact dark greyish brown sandy silt with frequent small stone inclusions. Pot inclusions.	0.25	> 1.8	1.3
202	20201		Friable mid greyish brown sandy clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
202	20202		Friable light yellowish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
203	20301		Friable mid greyish brown sandy clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
203	20302		Friable light yellowish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
204	20401		Compact mid grey brown silty clay	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
204	20402		Compact mis orangish brown silty clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
205	20501		Friable mid greyish brown sandy clay	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
205	20502		Friable light yellowish brown sandy clay	0.08	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
206	20601		Friable mid greyish brown sandy clay	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
206	20602		Friable light yellowish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
207	20701		Friable mid greyish brown sandy clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
207	20702		Friable mid yellowish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
207	20703	20703	Circular in plan with concave sides onto a rounded base.	0.17	0.75	0.75
207	20704	20703	Stone lining of hearth.	0.06	0.55	0.55
207	20705	20703	Fill of hearth [20703]: a soft dark blackish brown sandy silt with very frequent charcoal inclusions.	0.11	0.75	0.75
208	20801		Friable greyish brown sandy clay	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
208	20802		Friable light yellowish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
209	20901		Friable greyish brown sandy clay	0.4	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
209	20902		Friable yellowish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
210	21001		Mid greyish brown sandy clay	0.33	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
210	21002		Mid orangish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
210	21003	21003	NE-SW orientated linear ditch with gradual sloping sides onto a flat base.	0.17	> 1.8	1.2
210	21004	21003	Fill of ditch [21003]: a moderately loose dark greyish brown silty clay with frequent small to medium stone inclusions with bone and pot.	0.17	> 1.8	1.2
210	21005	21005	NW-SE orientated linear with gradual sloping sides onto a bowl-shaped base.	0.15	> 1.8	0.8
210	21006	21005	Fill of ditch [21005]: a moderately loose dark greyish brown silty clay with rare small stone and charcoal inclusions.	0.15	> 1.8	0.8
210	21007	21008	Fill of ditch [21008]: a firm dark greyish brown silty clay with frequent small and large stone inclusions.	0.19	> 1.8	1.1
210	21008	21008	N-S orientated curvilinear with gradual sloping sides onto a flat base.	0.19	> 1.8	1.1
210	21009		Greyish yellow silty clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
211	21101		Mid greyish brown sandy clay	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
211	21102		Mid orangish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
211	21103	21103	NE-SW linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.2	> 1.8	0.63
211	21104	21103	Fill of ditch [21103]: a compact mid greyish brown sandy clay with frequent charcoal inclusions.	0.2	> 1.8	0.63
211	21105	21105	NW-SE curvilinear with vertical sides onto a rounded base.	0.5	> 1.8	0.84
211	21106	21105	Fill of ditch [21105]: a firm dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional small stones, flint, bone and pot inclusions.	0.5	> 1.8	0.84
211	21107	21107	NE-SW orientated linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.5	> 1.8	1.4
211	21108	21107	Fill of ditch [21107]: a compact mid greyish brown sandy clay with frequent charcoal inclusions.	0.5	> 1.8	1.4
212	21201		Mid greyish brown sandy clay	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
212	21202		Mid orangish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
213	21301		Mid greyish brown sandy clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
213	21302		Mid orangish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
213	21303	21303	E-W orientated oblong pit with concave sides onto a bowl shaped base.	0.17	0.69	0.77
213	21304	21303	Fill of pit [21303]: a moderately loose mid greyish brown silty clay with frequent stone and rare charcoal and animal bone inclusions.	0.17	0.69	0.77

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
213	21305	21305	E-W orientated oblong pit with very shallow sides onto a probable flat base. Truncated by [21303].	0.11	0.77	0.55
213	21306	21305	Fill of pit [21305]: a moderately loose light orangeish brown silty clay with frequent stone, charcoal and animal bone inclusions.	0.11	0.77	0.55
213	21307	21307	NE-SW orientated curvilinear with gradual sloping sides onto an uneven base.	0.29	> 1.8	0.5
213	21308	21307	Fill of ditch [21307]: a firm dark greyish brown silty clay with rare bone and frequent small stone inclusions.	0.29	> 1.8	0.5
214	21401		Mid greyish brown sandy clay	0.29	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
214	21402		Mid orangish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
215	21501		Mid greyish brown sandy clay	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
215	21502		Mid orangish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
216	21601		Mid greyish brown sandy clay	0.37	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
216	21602		Mid orangish brown sandy clay	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
217	21701		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
217	21702		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
217	21703		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
218	21801		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
218	21802		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.16	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
218	21803		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
219	21901		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
219	21902		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.44	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
219	21903		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
220	22001		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.34	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
220	22002		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.5	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
220	22003		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
220	22004	22004	A possible irrigation gully.	0.11	> 0.89	0.35
220	22005	22004	A sterile deposit, likely formed through natural silting.	0.11	> 0.89	0.35

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
221	22101		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
221	22102		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.33	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
221	22103		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
222	22201		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
222	22202		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
222	22203		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
223	22301		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
223	22302		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
223	22303		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
223	22304	22304	Function is unclear, suggested it may be a possible paleochannel.	0.23	> 0.89	1.06
223	22305	22304	A likely natural occurring fill.	0.23	> 0.89	1.06
224	22401		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.38	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
224	22402		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
224	22403		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
225	22501		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
225	22502		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
225	22503		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
225	22504	22504	West-north-west to east-south-east orientated ditch gully	0.47	> 2.10	1.3
225	22505	22504	Uppermost	0.29	> 2.10	1.3
225	22506	22504	lowermost	0.18	> 2.10	1.3
226	22601		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
226	22602		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
226	22603		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
227	22701		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.29	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
227	22702		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
227	22703		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
227	22704		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
228	22801		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
228	22802		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
228	22803		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
229	22901		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
229	22902		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
229	22903	22904	Primary fill of firm dark greyish brown silty clay	0.22	> 0.67	0.47
229	22904	22904	North-north-east to south-south-west orientated gully	0.22	> 0.67	0.47
229	22905	22907	Primary fill of Pit [22907]. Contained bone and glass.	0.54	> 2.2	0.55
229	22906	22907	Upper fill of Pit [22907]. Contained bone.	0.16	> 2.2	0.55

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
229	22907	22907		0.7	> 2.2	0.55
229	22908	22909	Single fill of loose grey silty sand	0.04	0.06	0.06
229	22909	22909	Posthole	0.04	0.06	0.06
230	23001		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
230	23002		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
230	23003		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
231	23101		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
231	23102		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.06	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
231	23103		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
232	23201		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
232	23202		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
233	23301		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.35	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
233	23302		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
234	23401		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.35	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
234	23402		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
235	23501		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.35	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
235	23502		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
235	23503		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
236	23601		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
236	23602		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
236	23603		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
236	23604	23604	Posthole	0.11	0.25	0.22
236	23605	23604	Single fill of firm dark greyish brown silty sand	0.11	0.25	0.22
236	23606	23606	Posthole	0.14	0.3	0.3

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
236	23607	23606	Single fill of firm mid brownish grey silty sand	0.14	0.3	0.3
236	23608	23608	Modern	0.08	> 5	0.8
236	23609	23608	Modern	0.08	> 5	0.8
236	23610	23610	Modern	0.06	> 1.8	1.07
236	23611	236010	Modern	0.06	> 1.8	1.07
236	23612	23612	Possible modern boundary feature	0.23	> 4.3	1.04
236	23613	23612	Sole fill of soft mid orangish brown sandy clay	0.23	> 4.3	1.04
237	23701		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.42	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
237	23702		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
237	23703		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
238	23801		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.36	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
238	23802		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
238	23803		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
239	23901		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
239	23902		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
239	23903		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
240	24001		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
240	24002		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
241	24101		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.16	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
241	24102		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
242	24201		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
242	24202		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
243	24301		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
243	24302		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.16	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
243	24303		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
243	24304	24305	Single fill comprising firm dark yellowish brown silty clay	0.28	> 1.1	0.65
243	24305	24305	North-north-east to south-south-west orientated ditch	0.28	> 1.1	0.65
243	24306	24307	Single fill of firm dark yellowish brown silty clay	0.24	> 0.75	0.66
243	24307	24307	North-north-east to south-south-west orientated ditch	0.24	> 0.75	0.66
243	24308	24309	Single fill of firm dark yellowish brown silty clay	0.4	> 1.8	0.69
243	24309	24309	North-north-east to south-southwest oriented ditch	0.4	> 1.8	0.69
244	24401		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
244	24402		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
245	24501		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
245	24502		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
246	24601		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
246	24602		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
246	24603		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
247	24701		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
247	24702		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
248	24801		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
248	24802		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
249	24901		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
249	24902		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
250	25001		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
250	25002		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
251	25101		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
251	25102		Orange, brown sandy silt	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
251	25103		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
257	25701		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
257	25702		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
258	25801		Mix of mid brown silty loam, greyish brown, clayey silt, brownish black silty clayey silt and mid greyish brown silty sand	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
258	25802		Mix of yellow brown sandy gravel and sandy clay, mid reddish silty clay, and dark orange, brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
253	25301		Mid brownish black sandy silt	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
253	25302		Mid yellowish brown sand with greyish green clay aptches	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
259	25901		Mid brownish black sandy silt	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
259	25902		Mid reddish brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
260	26001		Mid greyish brown sandy sily	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
260	26002		Mid greyish brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
263	26301		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
263	26302		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
264	26401		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
264	26402		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
265	26501		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
265	26502		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
266	26601		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
266	26602		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
266	26603	26604	Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.09	0.19	0.06
266	26604	26604	Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.09	0.19	0.06
266	26605	26606	Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.29	> 1.6	0.8
266	26606	26606	Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.29	> 1.6	0.8
267	26701		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.29	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
267	26702		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
268	26802		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
268	26803	26804	Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.08	> 1.8	0.32
268	26804	26804	Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.08	> 1.8	0.32
269	26901		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.34	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
269	26902		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
270	27001		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
270	27002		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
271	27101		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
271	27102		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
272	27201		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
272	27202		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
273	27301		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
273	27302		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
274	27401		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
274	27402		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
275	27501		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
275	27502		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
276	27601		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
276	27602		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
277	27701		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
277	27702		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
277	27703	22704	Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.29	> 1.6	1
277	27704	27704	Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.29	> 1.6	1

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
278	27801		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
278	27802		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
279	27901		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
279	27902		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
279	27903	27904	Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.29	> 1.6	1
279	27904	27904	Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.29	> 1.6	1
280	28001		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
280	28002		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
280	28003	28004	Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.29	> 1.6	1
280	28004	28004	Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.29	> 1.6	1
281	28101		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
281	28102		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
282	28201		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.29	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
282	28202		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
283	28301		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
283	28302		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
284	28401		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
284	28402		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
285	28501		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
285	28502		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
286	28601		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
286	28602		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
287	28701		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
287	28702		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
288	28801		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
288	28802		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
289	28901		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
289	28901		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
289	28902		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
261	26101		Mid greyish brown clayey silt	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
261	26102		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
262	26201		Mid greyish brown clayey silt	0.35	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
262	26202		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
290	29001		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
290	29002		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
290	29003	29004	Single fill comprising compact dark brownish black clayey sand	0.21	0.24	0.15

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
290	29004	29004	Circular stakehoe	0.21	0.24	0.15
291	29101		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.36	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
291	29102		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
292	29201		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
292	29202		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
293	29301		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
293	29302		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
294	29401		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
294	29402		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
295	29501		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
295	29502		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
296	29601		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
296	29602		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
297	29701		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
297	29702		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
297	29703	29704	Single fill of firm dark brownish yellow silty clay	0.16	0.37	0.24
297	29704	29704	Sub-circular pit	0.16	0.37	0.32
298	29801		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
298	29802		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
299	29901		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.33	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
299	29902		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
300	30001		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
300	30002		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
300	30003	30004	single fill comprising compact mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.12	> 1.80	0.39

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
300	30004	30004	North to south orientated ditch	0.12	> 1.80	0.39
300	30005	30006	Single fill of compact dark brownish black sand	0.26	> 0.99	0.62
300	30006	30006	North to south orientated ditch	0.26	> 0.99	0.62
301	30101		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
301	30102		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
302	30201		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
302	30201		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
303	30301		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
303	30302		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
304	30401		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
304	30402		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
305	30501		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
305	30502		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
306	30601		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
306	30602		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
307	30701		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
307	30702		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
308	30801		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
308	30802		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
309	30901		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
309	30902		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
310	31001		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
310	31002		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
311	31101		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
311	31102		Mid reddish brown silty clay and clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
316	31601		Mid brownish blackish clayey silt	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
316	31602		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
317	31701		Mid brownish blackish clayey silt	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
317	31702		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
318	31801		Mid brownish blackish clayey silt	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
318	31802		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
319	31901		Dark Brown silty sand	0.29	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
319	31902		Dark brown clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
319	31903		Yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
320	32001		Dark Brown silty sand	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
320	32002		Dark brown clay	0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
320	32003		Yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
321	32101		Dark Brown silty sand	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
321	32102		Dark brown clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
321	32103		Yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
322	32201		Dark Brown silty sand	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
322	32202		Dark brown clay	0.08	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
322	32203		Yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
323	32301		Dark Brown silty sand	0.42	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
323	32302		Yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
324	32401		Dark Brown silty sand	0.4	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
324	32402		Yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
325	32501		Dark Brown silty sand	0.34	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
325	32502		Yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
326	32601		Dark Brown silty sand	0.35	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
326	32602		Yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
312	31201		Compact greyish brown clay	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
312	31202		Yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
313	31301		Compact greyish brown clay	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
313	31302		Yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
314	31401		Compact greyish brown clay	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
314	31402		Yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
315	31501		Compact greyish brown clay	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
315	31502		Yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
327	32701		Compact greyish brown clay	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
327	32702		Yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
328	32801		Compact greyish brown clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
328	32802		Yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
329	32901		Compact greyish brown clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
329	32902		Yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
330	33001		Greyish brown clay	0.33	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
330	33002		Light yellowish brown silty clay	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
330	33003		Yellow sandy clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
331	33101		Compact greyish brown clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
331	33102		Yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
332	33201		Compact greyish brown clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
332	33202		Yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
333	33301		Compact greyish brown clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
333	33302		Yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
334	33401		Compact greyish brown clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
334	33402		Yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
335	33501		Mid greyish brown loose clay	0.37	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
335	33502		Mid yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
336	33601		Mid greyish brown loose clay	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
336	33602		Mid yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
337	33701		Mid greyish brown loose clay	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
337	33702		Mid yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
338	33801		Mid greyish brown loose clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
338	33802		Mid yellowish brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
339	33901		Greyish borwn loose clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
339	33902		Yellowish brown clay with greyish brown mottling	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
340	34001		Greyish borwn loose clay	0.43	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
340	34002		Yellowish brown clay with greyish brown mottling	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
341	34101		Greyish borwn loose clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
341	34102		Yellowish brown clay with greyish brown mottling	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
342	34201		Greyish borwn loose clay	0.36	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
342	34202		Yellowish brown clay with greyish brown mottling	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
343	34301		Greyish borwn loose clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
343	34302		Yellowish brown clay with greyish brown mottling	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
344	34401		Greyish borwn loose clay	0.38	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
344	34402		Yellowish brown clay with greyish brown mottling	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
345	34501		Greyish borwn loose clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
345	34502		Yellowish brown clay with greyish brown mottling	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
346	34601		Greyish borwn loose clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
346	34602		Yellowish brown clay with greyish brown mottling	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
347	34701		Greyish borwn loose clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
347	34702		Yellowish brown clay with greyish brown mottling	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
348	34801		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
348	34802		Greyish brown silty clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
348	34803		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
349	34901		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
349	34902		Greyish brown silty clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
349	34903		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
350	35001		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
350	35002		Greyish brown silty clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
350	35003		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
351	35101		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
351	35102		Greyish brown silty clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
351	35103		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
352	35201		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
352	35202		Greyish brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
352	35203		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
352	35204	35205	Single fill of firm dark greyish brown silty clay	0.1	0.7	0.7
352	35205	35205	Sub-circular pit	0.1	0.7	0.7
352	35206	35206	Circular post hole	0.11	0.17	0.1

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
352	35207	35206	Single fill of firm dark greyish brown silty clay compact dark brownish black silty clay	0.11	0.17	0.1
353	35301		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
353	35302		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
354	35401		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
354	35402		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
355	35501		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
355	35502		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
356	35601		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
356	35602		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
357	35701		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
357	35702		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
357	35703	35704	Single fill of firm dark brownish grey sandy clay	0.43	> 1.80	0.73

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
357	35704	35704	Northwest to southeast orientated ditch	0.43	> 1.80	0.73
358	35801		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
358	35802		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
358	35803	35804	Firm dark brown sandy clay	0.39	> 0.84	0.74
358	35804	35804	Northeast to southwest orientated ditch	0.39	> 0.84	0.74
359	35901		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
359	35902		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
359	35903	35904	Single fill of loose mid greyish brown silty clay	0.1	0.36	0.36
359	35904	35904	Sub-circular pit	0.1	0.36	0.36
359	35905	35906	Single fill of loose mid greyish brown silty clay	0.15	0.4	0.4
359	35906	35906	Sub-circular pit	0.15	0.4	0.4
359	35907	35908	Single fill of loose mid greyish brown silty clay	0.25	> 1.8	0.7

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
359	35908	35908	A possible enclosure ditch	0.25	> 1.8	0.7
359	35910	35910	Circular pit	0.08	0.45	0.2
359	35911	35910	Single fill comprising compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.08	0.45	0.2
360	36001		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
360	36002		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
361	36101		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
361	36102		Greyish brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
361	36103		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
362	36201		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
362	36202		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
363	36301		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
363	36302		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
364	36401		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
364	36402		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
365	36501		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
365	36502		Greyish brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
365	36503		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
365	36504	36505	Firm dark greyish brown silty clay	0.25	> 1.80	1.1
365	36505	36505	North-north-east to south-south-west orientated ditch	0.25	> 1.80	1.1
365	36506	36507	Firm dark yellowish brown silty clay	0.18	1.05	0.4
365	36507	36507	Sub-circular pit	0.18	1.05	0.4
366	36601		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
366	36602		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
367	36701		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
367	36702		Greyish brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
367	36703		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
368	36801		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
368	36802		Greyish brown silty clay	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
368	36803	36804	Single fill of loose mid greyish brown silty clay	0.16	> 1.80	0.6
368	36804	36804	Northwest to southeast orientated gully	0.16	> 1.80	0.6
368	36805	36806	Single fill of loose mid greyish brown silty clay	0.12	> 1.80	0.72
368	36806	36806	East to west aligned gully	0.12	> 1.80	0.72
368	36807		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
368	36808	36808	Curvilinear ditch	0.38	> 1.5	1.4
368	36809	36808	Single fill of compact greyish brown sandy clay	0.38	> 1.5	1.4
369	36901		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
369	36902		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
370	37001		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
370	37002		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
370	37003	37004	Curvilinear feature	0.16	> 1.80	0.9
370	37004	37004	Single fill of firm greyish brown silty clay	0.16	> 1.80	0.9
370	37005	37006	Single fill of firm light greyish silty clay	0.12	0.5	0.3
370	37006	37006	Sub-circular pit	0.12	0.5	0.3
370	37007	37008	Single fill comprising firm dark brownish yellow silty clay	0.17	> 1.80	0.8
370	37008	37008	East to west orientated ditch	0.17	> 1.80	0.8
370	37009	37010	Single fill of firm dark blackish grey silty clay	0.3	0.7	0.35
370	37010	37010	Sub-circular pit	0.3	0.7	0.35
371	37101		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
371	37102		Greyish brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
371	37103		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
371	37104	37105	Single fill of firm dark grey silty clay	0.34	1.2	0.55
371	37105	37105	Circular pit	0.34	1.2	0.55
372	37201		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
372	37202		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
373	37301		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.31	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
373	37302		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
374	37401		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
374	37402		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
375	37501		Loose mid greyish brown silty clay,	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
375	37502		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
388	38801		Mid greyish brown clayey silt	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
388	38802		Mid yellowish brown clayey silt	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
388	38803		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
389	38901		Mid greyish brown clayey silt	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
389	38902		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
390	39001		Mid greyish brown clayey silt	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
390	39002		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
391	39101		Mid greyish brown clayey silt	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
391	39102		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
392	39201		Mid greyish brown clayey silt	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
392	39202		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
393	39301		Mid greyish brown clayey silt	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
393	39302		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
393	39303	39303	East to west aligned ditch	0.43	> 1.8	0.9
393	39304	39303	Compact greyish brown silty clay	0.43	> 1.8	0.9
393	39305	39306	Single fill of firm mid greyish brown silty clay	0.07	> 1.8	0.6
393	39306	39306	East to west orientated ditch	0.07	> 1.8	0.6
393	39307	39308	Single fill of compact mid greyish black sandy clay	0.13	> 1.8	0.3
393	39308	39308	East to west orientated gully	0.13	> 1.8	0.3
393	39309	39310	Single fill of firm mid greyish yellow silty clay	0.47	> 1.8	1.6
393	39310	39310	Cut of pit	0.47	> 1.8	1.6
393	39311	29312	Single fill consisting of firm dark blackish grey silty clay	0.22	> 1.8	1.6
393	39312	39312	Cut of ditch	0.22	> 1.8	1.6
394	39401		Mid greyish brown clayey silt	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
394	39402		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
395	39501		Mid greyish brown clayey silt	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
395	39502		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
396	39601		Mid greyish brown clayey silt	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
396	39602		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
397	39701		Mid greyish brown clayey silt	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
397	39702		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
398	39801		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
398	39802		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
398	39803	39803	West was northwest to south east gully	0.1	> 1.8	0.5
398	39804	39803	Single fill of compact mid brownish yellow sandy clay	0.1	> 1.8	0.5
398	39805	39805	Sub-circular pit	0.23	0.4	0.25

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
398	39806	39805	Single fill of compact mid brownish yellow silty clay	0.23	0.4	0.25
399	39901		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
399	39902		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
400	40001		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
400	40002		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
400	40003	40004	Single fill of firm light yellow silty clay	0.15	0.37	0.24
400	40004	40004	Sub-circular pit	0.15	0.37	0.24
401	40101		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
401	40102		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
402	40201		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
402	40202		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
403	40301		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
403	40302		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
404	40401		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
404	40402		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
405	40501		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
405	40502		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
406	40601		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
406	40602		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
407	40701		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
407	40702		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
407	40703	40704	East to west aligned ditch	0.34	1.33	1
407	40704	40704	Compact mid yellowish brown silty sand	0.34	1.33	1
408	40801		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
408	40802		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
409	40901		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
409	40902		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
409	40903	40904	Fill of loose plastic dark brown silty clay	0.24	0.49	0.49
409	40904	40904	Oval pit	0.24	0.49	0.49
409	40905	40906	Single fill consisting of loose plastic dark yellowish brown silty clay	0.18	> 2	0.38
409	40906	40906	Cut of gully	0.18	> 2	0.38
410	41001		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
410	41002		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
411	41101		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
411	41102		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
412	41201		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
412	41202		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
413	41301		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
413	41302		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
414	41401		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.29	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
414	41402		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
415	41501		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
415	41502		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
416	41601		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
416	41602		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
417	41701		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
417	41702		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
418	41801		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
418	41802		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
419	41901		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.29	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
419	41902		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
420	42001		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
420	42002		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
421	42101		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
421	42102		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
422	42201		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
422	42202		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
423	42301		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
423	42302		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
424	42401		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.29	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
424	42402		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
425	42501		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
425	42502		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
426	42601		Mid greyish brown sandy silt with variations of brownish black sandy silt and clayey silt as well of greyish brown sandy silt, silty sand and clay silt.	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
426	42602		Mid reddish brown silty sand with other variations of reddish brown silty sand, silty clay, clayey silt and clayey sand as well as yellowish brown silty clay and silty sand.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
427	42701		Compact greyish brown sandy clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
427	42703		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
427	42704	42704	cut of gully: a E-W running ditch with gentle edges onto a concave base	0.1	71.8	0.7
427	42705	42704	fill of gully [42704]: a compact yellowish brown sandy clay with frequent gravel inclusions.	0.1	71.8	0.7
427	42706	42706	cut of gully: a NE-SW running linear with shallow sides onto an uneven base.	0.25	> 2	1.25
427	42707	42706	fill of gully [42706]: a compact light greyish yellow silty clay with very frequent well-sorted sub-angular stones.	0.25	> 2	1.25
427	42708	42708	cut of paleochannel: a NE-SW running channel or ditch with moderately sloping sides and an irregular base.	0.72	3.8	3.7
427	42709	42708	fill of paleochannel [42708]: a friable dark brownish yellow silty clay with occasional poorly sorted medium and large stones.	0.6	3.8	3.7

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
427	42710	42708	fill of paleochannel [42708]: a friable light brownish yellow sandy clay with very frequent well sorted stones.	0.36	3.8	3.7
427	42711	42712	fill of possible paleochannel [42712]: a compact dark greyish brown silty sandy clay with frequent small-medidum rounded stones.	0.2	2.8	1.2
427	42712	42712	cut of possible paleochannel: an E-W running channel with steep sides and a flat base.	0.2	2.8	1.2
428	42801		Compact greyish brown sandy clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
428	42802		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
428	42803	42803	cut of enclosure gully: an E-W running linear with gradual sides onto a concave base.	0.22	1.8	0.87
428	42804	42803	fill of gully [42803]: a compact mid greyish brown silty clay with minimal small-medium stones.	0.22	1.8	0.87
428	42805	42805	cut of enclosure ditch: a NE-SW running linear with gradual sides and a flattish concave base.	0.18	2.1	1.12
428	42806	42805	basal fill of enclosure ditch [42805]: a compact mid yellowish brown sandy clay with occasional stones	0.14	2.1	1.12
428	42807	42805	upper fill of enclosure ditch [42805]: a compact mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional stones.	0.08	2.1	1.12
428	42808		COLLUVIUM: light brownish yellow, clayey sand, occasional small-medium stones, compact	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
429	42901		Compact greyish brown sandy clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
429	42902		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
429	42903		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
430	43001		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
430	43002		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
430	43003		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
431	43101		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
431	43102		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
431	43103		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
432	43201		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
432	43202		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
433	43301		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
433	43302		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
433	43303		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
			yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel			
434	43401		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
434	43402		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
434	43403		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
435	43501		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
435	43502		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
435	43503		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
436	43601		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
436	43602		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
437	43701		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
437	43702		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
438	43801		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
438	43802		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
438	43803	43804	Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish	0.02	0.16	0.1

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
			yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel			
438	43804	43804	Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.02	0.16	0.1
438	43805	43805	Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.17	1.8	0.45
438	43806	43805	Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.17	1.8	0.45
438	43807	43807	Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.61	0.95	0.56
438	43808	43807	Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.61	0.95	0.56
438	43810	43811	Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.2	1.8	0.6

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
438	43811	43811	Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.2	1.8	0.6
438	43812	43812	Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.41	1.8	1.23
438	43813	43812	Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.41	1.8	1.23
438	43814	43814	Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.46	1.8	1.2
438	43815	43814	Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.46	1.8	1.2
439	43901		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
439	43902		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
			yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel			
440	44001		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
440	44002		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
441	44101		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
441	44102		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
442	44201		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
442	44202		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
443	44301		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
443	44302		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
444	44401		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
444	44402		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
445	44501		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
445	44502		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
445	44503	44504	Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish	0.47	1.7	0.7

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
			yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel			
445	44504	44504	Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.47	1.7	0.7
446	44601		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
446	44602		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
447	44701		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
447	44702		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
448	44801		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
448	44802		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
449	44901		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
449	44902		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
449	44903		Variation between compact orangey brown sandy clay and gravel, compact yellowish brown sandy clay, compact mid yellowish green with brownish yellow mottling sandy clay, compact dark orangey brown sandy gravel and mid brownish yellow mottled dark yellowish green clay with gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
449	44904	44905	fill of linear [44905]: a compact light yellowish brown sandy clay with frequent small-medium stone inclusions.	0.15	1.8	0.64
449	44905	44905	cut of linear: an E-W running gully with steep and gradual edges onto a concave base.	0.15	1.8	0.64
450	45001		Friable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
450	45002		Moderately compact dark brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
450	45003		Moderately compact light greyish brown silty clay, although two trenches had compact mid greyish yellow silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
451	45101		Friable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
451	45102		Moderately compact dark brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
451	45103		Moderately compact light greyish brown silty clay, although two trenches had compact mid greyish yellow silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
452	45201		Friable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.16	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
452	45202		Moderately compact dark brown silty clay	0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
452	45203		Moderately compact light greyish brown silty clay, although two trenches had compact mid greyish yellow silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
452	45204	45204	Sub-circular post-hole	0.13	0.08	0.08
452	45205	45204	Moderately compact light greyish brown silt	0.13	0.08	0.08
453	45301		Friable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
453	45302		Moderately compact dark brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
453	45303		Moderately compact light greyish brown silty clay, although two trenches had compact mid greyish yellow silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
453	45304	45304	cut of potential posthole	0.21	0.07	0.07

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
453	45305	45304	fill of posthole [45303]. mid greyish brown, silty clay, friable. no finds.	0.21	0.07	0.07
454	45401		Friable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
454	45402		Moderately compact dark brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
454	45403		Moderately compact light greyish brown silty clay, although two trenches had compact mid greyish yellow silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
455	45501		No trench sheet for this	0.08	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
455	45502		No trench sheet for this	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
455	45502		No trench sheet for this	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
456	45601		Friable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
456	45602		Moderately compact dark brown silty clay	0.16	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
456	45603		Moderately compact light greyish brown silty clay, although two trenches had compact mid greyish yellow silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
457	45701		Friable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
457	45702		Moderately compact dark brown silty clay	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
457	45703		Moderately compact light greyish brown silty clay, although two trenches had compact mid greyish yellow silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
458	45801		Medium greyish brwn silty clay	0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
458	45802		Medium greyish brown silty clay	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
458	45803		Light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
459	45901		Medium greyish brwn silty clay	0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
459	45902		Medium greyish brown silty clay	0.05	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
459	45903		Light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
460	46001		Medium greyish brwn silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
460	46002		Medium greyish brown silty clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
460	46003		Light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
461	46101		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.12	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
461	46102		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.16	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
461	46103		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
462	46201		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
462	46202		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
462	46203		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
463	46301		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.16	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
463	46302		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
463	46303		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
464	46401		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
464	46402		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
464	46403		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
465	46501		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
465	46502		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
465	46503		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
466	46601		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.12	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
466	46602		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.12	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
466	46603		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
467	46701		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.08	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
467	46702		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
467	46703		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
468	46801		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
468	46802		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
468	46803		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
469	46901		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.16	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
469	46902		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
469	46903		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
470	47001		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
470	47002		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
470	47003		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
471	47101		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
471	47102		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
471	47103		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
472	47201		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
472	47202		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
472	47203		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
473	47301		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
473	47302		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
473	47303		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
474	47401		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
474	47402		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
474	47403		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
475	47501		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
475	47502		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
475	47503		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
475	47504		Water-filled deposit: light greyish brown, silty clay	NFE	4	WHOLE TRENCH
476	47601		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.12	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
476	47602		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
476	47603		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
477	47701		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
477	47702		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
478	47801		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
478	47802		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
478	47803		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
478	47804	47804	Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	0.1	> 1.8	0.75
478	47805	47804	fill of furrow [47804]: a friable mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional sub-rounded stone inclusions	0.1	> 1.8	0.75
478	47806	47806	cut of furrow: a N-S oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto an uneven base.	0.1	> 1.8	0.9
478	47807	47806	fill of furrow [47806]: a friable mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional sub-rounded stone inclusions	0.1	> 1.8	0.9
478	47808	47808	cut of furrow: a N-S oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto an uneven base.	0.1	> 1.8	0.8
478	47809	47808	fill of furrow [47808]: a friable mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional sub-rounded stone inclusions	0.1	> 1.8	0.8
478	47810	47810	cut of posthole: sub-circular in plan with steeply sloping sides onto an uneven base.	0.1	> 1.8	0.5
478	47811	47810	fill of posthole [47810]: a friable mid greyish brown silty clay with rare small sub-rounded stone inclusions.	0.1	> 1.8	0.5

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
479	47901		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
479	47902		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
479	47903		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
480	48001		Moderately compact light greyish brown, silty clay	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
480	48002		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
480	48003		Mid yellowish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
376	37601		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.12	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
376	37602		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
376	37603		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.02	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
376	37604	37604	cut of gully: a NE-SW oriented curvilinear with concave sides and uneven base.	0.12	2	0.35
376	37605	37604	filll of gully [57604]: a firm mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional charcoal and rare sub-rounded stones	0.12	2	0.35
377	37701		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
377	37702		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
377	37703		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.03	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
377	37704	37704	cut of ditch:a NE-SW oriented linear - very shallow with flat base.	0.03	1.09	0.26
377	37705	37704	fill of ditch [37704]: a firm mid reddish brown clay with well sorted stone inclusions.	0.03	1.09	0.26
377	37706	37706	cut of ditch: a E-W oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.12	1	0.9
377	37707	37706	fill of ditch [37706]: a firm mid greyish black silty clay.	0.12	1	0.9
378	37801		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
378	37802		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
378	37803		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.02	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
378	37804	37804	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented curvilinear with moderate and steep sloping sides onto a flattish base.	0.14	> 1.8	0.54
378	37805	37804	fill of ditch [37804]: a firm grey silty clay with small chunks of charcoal.	0.14	> 1.8	0.54
379	37901		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
379	37902		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
379	37903		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
379	37904	37904	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented curvilinear with moderate and steep sloping sides onto a flattish base.	0.23	> 1.8	1.52
379	37905	37904	fill of ditch [37804]: a firm grey silty clay with small chunks of charcoal.	0.23	> 1.8	1.52
379	37906	37904	primary fill of ditch [37904]: a loose mid greyish brown silty clay with gravel and flint inclusions.	0.23	> 1.8	1.52
379	37907	37907	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with moderate sloping sides and a concave base.	0.4	> 1.8	2.93
379	37908	37907	fill of ditch [37907]: a friable mid greyish brown silty clay with pebble inclusions.	0.4	> 1.8	2.93
379	37909	37909	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with vertical edges onto an uneven base.	0.1	0.83	0.8
379	37910	37909	fill of ditch [37909]: a friable mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional small angular stones.	0.1	0.83	0.8
380	38001		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
380	38002		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
380	38003		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.06	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
381	38101		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
381	38102		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.16	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
381	38103		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.05	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
382	38201		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.16	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
382	38202		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
382	38203		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.04	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
383	38301		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
383	38302		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
383	38303		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.05	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
383	38304	38304	North to south orientated ditch	0.2	> 2	0.43
383	38305	38304	Plastic dark brownish black clayey silt	0.2	> 2	0.43
384	38401		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
384	38402		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
384	38403		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.02	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
385	38501		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
385	38502		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
385	38503		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.03	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
386	38601		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
386	38602		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
386	38603		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.02	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
387	38701		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
387	38702		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
387	38703		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.03	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
387	38704	38704	East to west orientated ditch terminus	0.08	0.5	0.41

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
387	38705	38704	Single fill of plastic dark brownish black clayey silt	0.08	0.5	0.41
387	38706	38706	South-east-south orientated gully	0.1	0.91	0.43
387	38707	38706	Single fill of compact mid brownish black silty clay	0.1	0.91	0.43
481	48101		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
481	48102		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.02	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
481	48103		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
482	48201		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
482	48202		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
482	48203		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
482	48204	48204	cut of pit: a sub-circular pit with gradual sides onto a slightly rounded base.	0.22	1.4	1.54
482	48205	48204	fill of pit [48204]: a firm mid brownish yellow silty clay with rare stone inclusions.	0.22	1.4	1.54
483	48301		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
483	48302		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.06	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
483	48303		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
484	48401		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
484	48402		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.06	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
484	48403		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
484	48404	48404	cut of ring gully terminus: a N-S curvilinear which curves west and is gradually sloping onto a rounded base.	0.09	0.84	0.37
484	48405	48404	fill of [48404]: a friable mid greyish brown silty clay with angular medium and small stones .	0.09	0.84	0.37
484	48406	48406	cut of drainage gully: a NW-SE oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.12	0.33	0.37
484	48407	48406	fill of gully [48406]: a firm mid greyish brown clayey silt with occasional rounded small stones	0.12	0.33	0.37
484	48408	48408	cut of drainage gully: a NW-SE oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.18	0.7	0.6
484	48409	48408	fill of gully [48408]: a firm mid greyish brown clayey silt with infrequent small rounded stones.	0.18	0.7	0.6
484	48410	48411	fill of gully [48411]: a firm mid greyish brown clayey silt with frequent small stones and chalk.	0.07	0.65	0.26

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
484	48411	48411	cut of gully: a NE-SW oriented linear with gradual sloping sides and uneven base.	0.07	0.65	0.26
484	48412	48412	cut of ditch: a NE-SW oriented linear with moderately sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.66	2.17	1.55
484	48413	48412	primary fill of ditch [48412]: a friable mid yellowish brown silty clay with small and medium stone inclusions.	0.18	2.17	1.55
484	48414	48412	secondary fill of ditch [48412]: a soft dark blueish grey silty clay with stones and frequent charcoal.	0.47	2.17	1.55
484	48415	48415	cut of gully: a NE-SW oriented linear with gradual sloping sides and a somewhat rounded base.	0.2	1.17	> 0.63
484	48416	48416	cut of ditch/pit: a NE-SW oriented pit or linear with gradual sloping sides and a flat base. Truncated by FD.	0.25	> 0.78	> 0.68
484	48417	48415	fill of gully [48415]: a firm mid greyish brown silty clay.	0.2	1.17	> 0.63
484	48418	48416	fill of gully [48416]: a firm dark yellowish brown silty clay.	0.25	> 0.78	> 0.68
484	48419	484819	cut of probable gully: a N-S oriented linear with gradual sloping sides and an uneven base.	0.16	0.63	0.17
484	48420	48419	fill of gully [48419]: a friable mid greyish brown clayey silt with infrequent small stones.	0.16	0.63	0.17
484	48421	48421	cut of ring gully truncated by [48419]: a NW-SE oriented linear with steep sides onto an uneven base.	0.3	0.59	0.3
484	48422	48421	fill of gully [48421]: a firm dark greyish black clayey silt with infrequent stones and chalk.	0.3	0.59	0.3

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
484	48423	48423	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with steep sides onto a flat base.	0.23	0.59	0.5
484	48424	48423	fill of ditch [48423]: a firm mid greyish brown clayey silt with frequent rounded stones and chalk. Truncated by [48421].	0.23	0.59	0.5
485	48501		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.16	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
485	48502		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
485	48503		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
485	48504	48504	cut of furrow: a NW-SE oriented linear with steep edges onto an uneven base	0.03	> 1	0.6
485	48505	48504	fill of [48504]: a compact mid yellowish brown silty clay with small angular stones.	0.03	> 1	0.6
486	48601		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.16	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
486	48602		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
486	48603		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
487	48701		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
487	48702		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.05	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
487	48703		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
488	48801		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.33	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
488	48802		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.06	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
488	48803		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
489	48901		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.29	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
489	48902		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
490	49001		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.44	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
490	49002		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
490	49003		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
490	49004	49004	Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	NFE	14	0.75
490	49005	49004	fill of ditch [49004]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay	NFE	14	0.75
490	49006		deposit/possible paleochannel: a soft to firm dark blackish brown silty clay with rare flint inclusions.	0.18	> 22	> 11

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
491	49101		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
491	49102		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
491	49103		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
492	49201		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
492	49202		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
492	49203	49204	Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.04	> 3	0.6
492	49204	49204	cut of gully: a NW-SE oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto an undulating base. Terminal end.	0.04	> 3	0.6
492	49205	49206	fill of gully [49206]: a compact mid grey silty clay with frequent stone inclusions and some CBM.	0.2	7	0.2
492	49206	49206	cut of gully: a NW-SE oriented linear with convex sides onto a rounded base.	0.2	7	0.2
492	49207	49208	fill of gully or possible posthole [49208]: firm light yellowish grey silty clay with chalk, stone and CBM inclusions.	0.2	> 1.35	0.25
492	49208	49208	cut of gully or possible posthole: a possible linear or pit with sharp sides onto a flat base.	0.2	> 1.35	0.25
492	49209	49211	upper fill of [49211]: a friable dark greyish brown silty clay with pot, bone and CBM inclusions.	0.55	3.7	1

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
492	49210	49211	lower fill of [49211]: a friable mid yellowish grey silty clay with charcoal and stone inclusions.	0.05	3.7	1
492	49211	49211	cut of ditch: a NW-SE oriented linear with convex sides and a flat base.	0.6	3.7	1
492	49212	49212	cut of pit: a sub-circular pit with a gradual W side and a steep/stepped side to E onto a slightly rounded base.	0.96	> 9	> 2.6
492	49213	49212	fill of pit [49212]: a firm dark blueish black silty clay mottled with chalk and flint inclusions	0.26	> 9	> 2.6
492	49214	49214	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with steep sloping sides onto a flat base.	0.43	1.14	0.83
492	49215	49214	fill of ditch [49214]: a firm mid greyish brown clayey silt with frequent stones and chalk.	0.43	1.14	0.83
492	49216	49216	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a flat base.	0.23	1.2	0.83
492	49217	49216	fill of ditch [49216]: a firm dark yellowish brown silty clay with chalk, stone and flint inclusions. some pot recovered.	0.23	1.2	0.83
492	49218	49212	fill of [49212]: a firm dark yellowish brown silty clay with chalk, stone and flint inclusions	0.28	1.76	0.85
492	49219	49221	fill of [49221]: a firm dark brownish black silty clay.	0.1	0.58	0.18
492	49220	49222	fill of [49222]: a firm dark blackish grey silty clay with chalk inclusions	0.26	0.2	0.85
492	49221	49221	cut of pit: sub-circular in plan with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.1	0.58	0.18

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
492	49222	49222	cut of irregular feature: irregular on plan with vertical sides onto a flat base.	> 0.26	> 0.2	> 0.85
492	49223	49212	fill of [49212]: a firm dark brownish black silty clay.	0.14	0.97	0.36
492	49224	49224	cut of ditch: a NW-SE oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.41	0.92	0.41
492	49225	49224	fill of [49224]: a firm light greyish brown clayey silt with occasional moderately sorted small stones and chalk.	0.31	0.92	0.41
492	49226	49224	fill of [49224]: a firm mid greyish brown silty clay with infrequent small stones.	0.1	0.92	0.41
492	49227	49227	cut of ditch: a NW-SE oriented linear with steep sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.82	1.53	0.92
492	49228	49227	fill of [49227]: a firm mid greyish brown clayey silt with frquent medium stones and chalk.	0.42	1.53	0.92
492	49229	49227	fill of [49227]: a firm dark greyish brown silty clay with medium stones and chalk	0.18	1.53	0.92
492	49230	49227	fill of [49227]: a firm dark greyish brown silty clay with medium stones and chalk	0.22	1.53	0.92
492	49231	49231	cut of pit:	NFE	0.54	0.26
493	49301		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
493	49302		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
493	49303		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
494	49401		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
494	49402		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
494	49403		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
494	49404	49404	cut of ditch: a NE-SW oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a flat base.	0.07	0.9	0.38
494	49405	49404	fill of [49404]: a compact mid reddish brown clayey silt with occasional small and medium stones	0.07	0.9	0.38
494	49406	49406	cut of furrow: a NE-SW oriented linear with sloping sides onto a flat base.	0.08	1.03	0.95
494	49407	49406	fill of furrow: a compact mid reddish brown clayey silt with stone and flint inclusions	0.08	1.03	0.95
495	49501		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
495	49502		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.05	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
495	49503		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
495	49504	49504	cut of furrow: a NE-SW oriented linear with concave sides and an irregular base.	0.2	> 2	1.1

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
495	49505	49504	fill of furrow: a firm mid greyish brown clayey silt with chalk inclusions.	0.2	> 2	1.1
496	49601		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
496	49602		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
496	49603		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
496	49604	49605	fill of gully [49605]: a soft dark greyish brown silty clay.	0.32	> 1.8	0.4
496	49605	49605	cut of gully: an E-W linear with moderately sloped sides onto a concave base.	0.32	> 1.8	0.4
496	49606	49607	fill of pit [49607]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay with some charcoal inclusions. pot and bone recovered.	0.44	0.9	0.9
496	49607	49607	cut of pit: sub-circular in plan with vertical sides and a flat base.	0.44	0.9	0.9
496	49608	49611	upper fill of [49611]: a firm mid greyish brown sandy silt with rare chalk inclusions.	0.55	> 1.8	1.15
496	49609	49611	fill of [49611]: a firm mid greyish brown with rare chalk inclusions.	0.15	> 1.8	1.15
496	49610	49611	primary fill of [49611]: firm mid yellowish brown clayey silt with chalk inclusions	0.1	> 1.8	1.15
496	49611	49611	cut of ditch: a NW-SE oriented curvilinear with concave sides and a rounded base.	0.6	> 1.8	1.15

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
496	49613	49613	cut of gully terminus: an E-W oriented linear (terminal slot) with gradual sloping sides and a concave base.	0.15	> 1.8	0.45
496	49614	49615	fill of [49615]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay.	0.07	> 1.8	0.15
496	49615	49615	cut of gully: an E-W linear with moderately sloped sides onto a concave base.	0.07	> 1.8	0.15
496	49616	49617	fill of [49617]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay	0.17	> 1.8	0.5
496	49617	49617	cut of discrete: unknown shape in plan with moderate sloping sides onto an uneven base.	0.17	> 1.8	0.5
496	49618	49619	fill of [49619]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay.	0.05	> 1.8	0.3
496	49619	49619	cut of gully: an E-W linear with moderately sloped sides onto an uneven base.	0.05	> 1.8	0.3
496	49620	49621	fill of [49621]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay	0.08	> 1.8	0.3
496	49621	49621	cut of gully: an E-W oriented linear with moderately sloped sides onto a concave base.	0.08	> 1.8	0.3
496	49622	49623	fill of [49623]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay.	0.15	> 1.8	0.35
496	49623	49623	cut of curvilinear: a curvilinear feature with moderately sloped sides onto an uneven base.	0.15	> 1.8	0.35
496	49624	49625	fill of [49625]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay.	0.07	> 1.8	0.4

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
496	49625	49625	cut of gully: an E-W oriented linear with moderately sloped sides onto an uneven base.	0.07	> 1.8	0.4
496	49626	49627	fill of [49627]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay.	0.05	> 1.8	0.15
496	49627	49627	cut of gully: a N-S oriented linear with concave sides and a concave base.	0.05	> 1.8	0.15
496	49628	49629	fill of [49229]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay.	0.24	> 1.8	0.35
496	49629	49629	cut of curvilinear: a curvilinear feature with gradual sloped sides onto a concave base.	0.24	> 1.8	0.35
496	49630	49630	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with steep sides onto a concave base.	0.51	1	0.8
496	49631	49630	primary fill of ditch [49630]: a firm mid yellowish brown clayey silt with frequent stones and chalk inclusions	0.07	1	0.8
496	49632	49630	fill of ditch [49630]: compact mid yellowish brown clayey silt with frequent stones and chalk inclusions	0.07	1	0.8
496	49633	49630	upper fill of ditch [49630]: a compact mid brownish black claeye silt with large stones and occasional chalk inclusions. pot and glass recovered.	0.45	1	0.8
496	49634	49634	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with steeply sloping sides and a flat base.	0.76	2	0.91
496	49635	49634	fill of ditch: a friable dark greyish brown clayey silt with occasional sub-angular stones	0.76	2	0.91
497	49701		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
497	49702		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.05	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
497	49703		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
497	49704	49205	fill of [49705]: a firm mid greyish brown silty clay with chalk, flint and stone inclusions.	0.3	> 1.8	0.73
497	49705	49705	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with concave sides and a concave base.	0.3	> 1.8	0.73
497	49706	49207	fill of [49707]: a firm dark blackish brown sandy clay with stone inclusions and pot, CBM and bone recovered.	0.45	1.06	0.83
497	49707	49707	cut of ditch : an E-W oriented linear with gradual and steep sides onto a bowl shaped base.	0.45	1.06	0.83
497	49708	49708	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded concave base.	0.52	> 1.8	0.64
497	49709	49709	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded concave base.	0.42	> 1.8	0.29
497	49710	49710	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with moderately sloping sides onto a rounded concave base.	0.31	0.6	0.3
497	49711	49708	fill of [49708]: a compact mid-greyish brown silty clay with stone inclusions.	0.52	> 1.8	0.64
497	49712	49709	fill of [49709]:a compact mid yellowish brown silty clay with infrequent chalk inclusions. pot recovered	0.42	> 1.8	0.29
497	49713	49710	fill of [49710]: a compact mid yellowish brown silty clay with chalk and flint inclusions.	0.31	0.6	0.3

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
498	49801		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
498	49802		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
498	49812	49613	Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.15	> 1.8	0.45
499	49901		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
499	49902		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.05	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
499	49903		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
500	50001		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
500	50002		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.05	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
500	50003		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
501	50101		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
501	50102		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.04	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
501	50103		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
502	50201		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
502	50202		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	0.05	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
502	50203		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
502	50204	50204	cut of gully: an E-W oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.18	> 1.8	0.56
502	50205	50204	fill of [50204]: a friable mid yellowish brown silty clay with small stone and chalk inclusions.	0.18	> 1.8	0.56
503	50301		Compact and fireable mid greyish brown silty clay	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
503	50302		Compact light greyish brown silty clay,	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
504	50401		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
504	50402		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.12	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
504	50403		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
505	50501		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
505	50502		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
505	50503		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
506	50601		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
506	50602		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
506	50603		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
506	50604	50605	fill of [50605]: a hard greyish brown clay with chalk and flint inclusions.	0.07	0.97	0.45
506	50605	50605	cut of gully: a NW-SE running linear with steep sides onto a flat base.	0.07	0.97	0.45
507	50701		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
507	50702		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
507	50703		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
507	50704	50705	fill of posthole [50705]: a friable mid blackish brown silty clay with stone and chalk inclusions	0.1	0.27	0.27
507	50705	50705	cut of posthole: a circular pit with sharp U-shaped sides onto a V-shaped base.	0.1	0.27	0.27

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
507	50706	50707	fill of ditch [50707]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay with chalk and flint inclusions.	0.46	2.05	0.94
507	50707	50707	cut of ditch: an E-W running linear with rounded sides onto a concave base.	0.46	2.05	0.94
508	50801		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
508	50802		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
508	50803		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
509	50901		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
509	50902		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
510	51001		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
510	51002		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
511	51101		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
511	51102		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
512	51201		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
512	51202		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
512	51203		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
512	51204	51205	fill of ditch [51205]: a compact mid greyish brown silty clay with rare small stone inclusions	0.22	0.94	0.48
512	51205	51205	cut of ditch: a N-S running linear with concave sides onto a rounded base.	0.22	0.94	0.48
512	51206	51208	fill of ditch [51208]: a firm mid brownish yellow silty clay with chalk and stone inclusions.	0.38	1.8	1.07
512	51207	51208	lower fill of ditch [51208]: a firm mid greyish yellow silty clay with chalk inclusions.	0.26	1.8	1.07
512	51208	51208	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with moderately sloped sides onto a rounded base.	0.64	1.8	1.07
512	51209	51210	fill of ditch [51210]: a firm mid brownish yellow silty clay with occasional stones, chalk and charcoal inclusions	0.35	1.8	1.12
512	51210	51210	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with concave sides and a concave base.	0.35	1.8	1.12
513	51301		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.12	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
513	51302		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.08	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
513	51303		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
513	51304	51306	fill of ditch [51306]: a friable dark brownish yellow silty clay with occasional stones, chalk and rare charcoal inclusions.	0.35	1.8	1.34
513	51305	51306	lower fill of ditch [51306]: a friable mid greyish yellow silty clay with occasional stones and chalk inclusions	0.35	1.8	1.34
513	51306	51306	cut of boundary ditch: an E-W oriented linear with concave sides onto a concave base.	0.49	1.8	1.34
513	51307	51307	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a concave base.	0.07	1.8	0.66
513	51308	51307	fill of ditch [51307]: a compact light yellowish brown silty clay with rare flint and stone inclusions.	0.07	1.8	0.66
513	51309	51310	fill of ditch [51310]: a hard dark greyish brown clay with charcoal inclusions.	0.15	0.16	0.36
513	51310	51310	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with steep sides onto a flat base.	0.15	0.16	0.36
513	51311	51312	fill of ditch [51312]: hard dark yellowish brown clay with charcoal inclusions.	0.09	0.26	0.18
513	51312	51312	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with steep sides onto a flat base.	0.09	0.26	0.18
514	51401		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
514	51402		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
514	51403		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
514	51404	51405	fill of posthole [51405]: a firm mid orangeish-brown silty clay with rare small flint inclusions.	0.03	0.24	0.24
514	51405	51405	cut of posthole: a circular feature with gradual concave sides onto a rounded base.	0.03	0.24	0.24
514	51406	51407	fill of gully [51407]: a friable light greyish brown sandy clay with infrequent flint inclusions.	0.18	> 1.8	0.55
514	51407	51407	cut of gully: a NW-SE oriented gully with concave sides onto a bowl-shaped base.	0.18	> 1.8	0.55
514	51408	51410	upper fill of ditch [51410]: a firm greyish brown clayey silt with chalk and stone inclusions.	0.08	> 1.8	1.01
514	51409	51410	basal fill of ditch [51410]: a firm light brownish yellow silty clay with rare chalk flecks	0.09	> 1.8	1.01
514	51410	51410	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with shallow straight edges onto a flat base.	0.17	> 1.8	1.01
514	51411	51413	upper fill of ditch [41413]: a firm light greyish brown clayey silt with chalk and stone inclusions. Truncated by [51410].	0.35	> 1.8	0.91
514	51412	51413	basal fill of ditch [51413]: a soft mid yellowish brown clayey silt with chalk and pebble inclusions.	0.17	> 1.8	0.91
514	51413	51413	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with rounded sides onto a flat base.	0.52	> 1.8	0.91
514	51414	51416	upper fill of ditch: a firm light brownish grey clayey silt with rare chalk and charcoal inclusions.	0.37	> 1.8	0.45

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
514	51415	51416	basal fill of ditch: a soft dark yellowish brown clayey silt with rare chalk inclusions.	0.27	> 1.8	0.45
514	51416	51416	cut of drainage ditch: a NNW-SSE oriented linear with steep sides onto a rounded base.	0.58	> 1.8	0.45
515	51501		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
515	51502		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.04	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
515	51503		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
516	51601		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
516	51602		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.06	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
516	51603		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
516	51604	51604	cut of pit: oval in plan with concave sides onto a concave base.	0.12	0.52	0.52
516	51605	51604	fill of pit [51604]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay.	0.12	0.52	0.52
516	51606	51606	cut of ditch: a NW-SE oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a slightly pointed base.	0.47	> 4	1.11

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
516	51607	51606	upper fill of ditch [51606]: a friable mid yellowish brown silty clay with frequent large stone inclusions. possible Saxon pot recovered.	0.33	> 4	1.11
516	51608	51606	basal fill of ditch [51606]: a friable light yellowish brown silty clay with frequent chalk inclusions and rare animal bone.	0.15	> 4	0.4
516	51609	51609	cut of pit: circular in plan with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.05	0.2	0.19
516	51610	51609	fill of pit [51609]: a friable dark greyish brown silty clay with rare stone inclusions.	0.05	0.2	0.19
516	51611	51611	cut of gully: an E-W oriented linear with moderate sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.19	> 1.8	0.73
516	51612	51611	fill of gully [51611]: a moderately loose mid orangeish brown silty clay with frequent chalk inclusions.	0.19	> 1.8	0.73
516	51613	51613	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with concave sides onto a concave base.	0.34	> 1.8	1.6
516	51614	51613	fill of ditch [51613]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay.	0.34	> 1.8	1.6
516	51615	51615	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with concave sides onto an uneven base.	0.12	> 1.8	0.42
516	51616	51615	fill of ditch [51615]: a firm light greyish brown silty clay.	0.12	> 1.8	0.42
516	51617	51617	cut of drainage ditch: an E-W linear with gradual sloping sides onto a concave base.	0.21	> 1.8	2.35
516	51618	51617	upper fill of ditch [41617]: a friable light yellowish brown silty clay with frequent small chalk, flint and stone inclusions.	0.21	> 1.8	2.35

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
516	51619	51619	cut of ditch : a N-S oriented with gradual sloping sides onto a concave base. terminal slot.	0.32	> 0.63	0.8
516	51620	51619	fill of ditch [51619]: a friable mid yellowish brown silty clay with infrequent chalk inclusions.	0.32	> 0.63	0.8
516	51621	51617	basal fill of ditch [51617]: a friable light brownish yellow silty clay with chalk and flint inclusions.	0.06	0.2	2.35
516	51622	51622	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with moderately sloping sides. base not reached - H&S 1.2m from trench top.	> 0.67	> 1.8	2.89
516	51623	51622	upper fill of ditch [51622]: a soft dark greyish brown silty clay with frequent chalk inclusions.	> 0.67	> 1.8	2.89
516	51624	51622	Fill of suspected cremation vessel RF51601	1.8	0.5	0.5
516	51625	51625	cut of ditch: an E-W linear with gradual sloping sides with a rounded base.	0.56	> 1.8	0.58
516	51626	51625	upper fill of ditch [51625]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay with frequent chalk inclusions.	0.42	> 1.8	0.32
516	51627	51625	basal fill of ditch [51625]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay with medium stone inclusions.	0.16	> 1.8	0.16
516	51628	51628	cut of ditch: an E-W linear with gradual sloping sides with a rounded base.	0.38	> 1.8	0.89
516	51629	51628	fill of ditch [51629]: a soft mid orangeish brown silty clay with chalk inclusions. pot and bone recovered.	0.38	> 1.8	0.89
516	51630	51630	cut of ditch: an E-W linear with moderately sloping sides with a rounded base.	0.28	> 1.8	0.54

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
516	51631	51630	fill of ditch [51630]: a soft mid orangeish brown silty clay with frequent angular stone inclusions.	0.28	> 1.8	0.54
516	51632	41622	basal fill of ditch [41622]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay with frequent stone inclusions.	0.42	> 1.8	0.6
516	51633	51633	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a concave base.	0.34	3.23	1.11
516	51634	51633	upper fill of ditch [51633]: a friable mid yellowish brown silty clay with infrequent chalk and flint inclusions.	0.22	3.23	1.11
516	51635	51633	basal fill of ditch [51633]: a friable light yellowish brown silty clay with small chalk and flint inclusions.	0.12	3.23	0.94
516	51636	51638	basal fill of ditch [51638]: a firable dark greenish brown silty clay with chalk and shale inclusions.	0.19	> 1.09	0.6
516	51637	51638	upper fill of ditch [51638]: a friable mid brown silty clay with infrequent stone and shale inclusions.	0.12	0.86	0.34
516	51638	51638	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto an undulating base.	0.3	> 1.09	0.6
517	51701		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
517	51702		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.05	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
517	51703		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
517	51704	51704	cut of gully: an E-W oriented linear with concave sides onto a rounded base.	0.12	> 1.8	1.23

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
517	51705	51704	fill of gully [51704]: a friable mid orangeish brown with frequent medium angular stone inclusions.	0.12	> 1.8	1.23
517	51706	51707	fill of gully {51706]: a compact mid orangeish brown silty clay.	0.29	0.97	0.77
517	51707	51707	cut of gully: a NE-SW linear with concave sides onto a U-shaped base.	0.29	0.97	0.77
518	51801		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
518	51802		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
518	51803		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
519	51901		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
519	51902		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.05	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
519	51903		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
519	51904	51904	cut of ditch: an E-W linear with steeply sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.83	> 1.8	1.8
519	51905	51904	basal fill of ditch [51904]: a soft blueish grey silty clay with occasional stone inclusions. pot and bone recovered.	0.42	> 1.8	1.8

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
519	51906	51904	upper fill of ditch [51904: a soft dark blueish black silty clay with occasional medium angular stone inclusions. pot and bone recovered.	0.32	> 1.8	1.8
519	51907	51907	cut of pit: an irregular shaped feature with concave sides onto an irregular base.	0.31	> 1.8	1.43
519	51908	51907	fill of pit [51907]: a soft mid blueish grey silty clay with rare small angular stone inclusions. pot and bone recovered. Truncated by [51904].	0.31	> 1.8	1.43
519	51909	51910	fill of pit [51910]: a hard dark greyish brown clay with chalk inclusions.	0.08	0.61	0.46
519	51910	51910	cut of pit: an oval shape in plan with shallow sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.08	0.61	0.46
519	51911	51911	cut of ring gully: an E-W oriented curvilinear with gradual sloping sides onto a flattish base.	0.07	> 1.5	0.3
519	51912	51911	fill of ring gully [51911]: a friable mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional medium angular stone inclusions.	0.07	> 1.5	0.3
519	51913	51913	cut of pit: oval in plan with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.11	0.87	0.41
519	51914	51913	fill of pit [51913]: a friable mid greyish brown silty clay with rare small angular stone inclusions.	0.11	0.87	0.41
519	51915	51916	fill of ditch [51916]: a moderately compact dark greyish brown clay with occasional chalk, charcoal and stone inclusions.	0.31	> 1.28	0.5
519	51916	51916	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented curvilinear with steeply sloping sides onto an uneven base. terminal end.	0.31	> 1.28	0.5
519	51917	51918	fill of ring ditch [51918]: a compact mid brownish grey silty clay with frequent animal bone and occasional pottery and charcoal inclusions.	0.68	1.43	1.03

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
519	51918	51918	cut of ring ditch: a NW-SE linear with concave sides onto a U-shaped base.	0.68	1.43	1.03
519	51919	51919	cut of ditch: a NW-SE oriented linear with concave sides onto a concave base.	0.75	> 1.8	1.4
519	51920	51919	upper fill of ditch [51919]: a firm light greyish brown silty clay with occasional chalk inclusions.	0.3	> 1.8	1.4
519	51921	51919	fill of ditch [51919]: a soft mid yellowish brown silty clay with chalk and flint inclusions.	0.2	> 1.8	0.8
519	51922	51919	fill of ditch [51919]: a soft dark greyish brown silty clay with frequent charcoal inclusions.	0.3	> 1.8	1.4
519	51923	51919	basal fill of ditch [51919]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional chalk and flint inclusions.	0.1	> 1.8	0.7
519	51924	51924	cut of posthole: circular in plan with steeply sloping sides onto an uneven base.	0.12	0.34	0.19
519	51925	51924	fill of posthole [51924]: a firm mid greyish brown clayey silt with frequent medium sub-angular stones. large stone at base suggests packing.	0.12	0.34	0.19
519	51926	51927	fill of ditch [51927]: a compact mid brown silty clay with frequent small stone inclusions.	0.05	1.05	0.25
519	51927	51927	cut of drainage ditch: a NW-SE linear with steeply sloping sides onto a bowl-shaped base.	0.05	1.05	0.25
520	52001		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
520	52002		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
520	52003		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
520	52004	52004	cut of ditch: an E-W linear with gradual sloping sides onto a concave base.	0.29	> 0.94	0.97
520	52005	52004	fill of ditch [52004]: a friable dark yellowish brown silty clay with frquent small-medium stone and flint inclusions.	0.29	> 0.94	0.97
520	52006	52006	cut of posthole: sub-circular in plan with gradual sloping sides onto a concave base.	0.07	0.47	0.44
520	52007	52006	fill of posthole [52006]: a friable mid yellowish brown with occasional charcoal and flint inclusions.	0.07	0.47	0.44
520	52008	52008	cut of posthole: sub-circular in plan with gradual sloping sides onto a concave base.	0.04	0.1	0.1
520	52009	52008	fill of posthole [52008]: a friable mid yellowish brown silty clay with rare large stone inclusions.	0.04	0.1	0.1
520	52010	52010	cut of possible posthole: sub-circular in plan with gradual sloping sides onto a concave base.	0.03	0.2	0.2
520	52011	52010	fill of possible posthole [52010]: a friable mid yellowish brown silty clay with infrequent small stones.	0.03	0.2	0.2
520	52012	52012	cut of possible posthole: sub-circular in plan with gradual sloping sides onto a concave base.	0.04	0.3	0.3
520	52013	52012	fill of possible posthole [52012]: a friable mid yellowish brown silty clay with infrequent small stones.	0.04	0.3	0.3
520	52014	52014	cut of gully: an E-W oriented linear with moderately sloping sides onto a rounded flat base.	0.12	> 1.8	0.3

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
520	52015	52014	fill of gully [52014]: a friable dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional medium angular stone inclusions. pot, bone and slag recovered.	0.12	> 1.8	0.3
520	52016	52016	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with moderately sloping sides with a flat base.	0.17	> 1.8	0.66
520	52017	52016	fill of ditch [52016]: a soft dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional medium angular stones.	0.17	> 1.8	0.66
520	52018	52018	cut of ditch: a NW-SE oriented linear with moderately sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.34	> 1.8	0.96
520	52019	52018	basal fill of ditch [52018]: a soft dark blueish black silty clay with occasional small-medium angular stone inclusions. pot recovered.	0.34	> 1.8	0.96
520	52020	52018	upper fill of ditch [52018]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional medium angular stone inclusions. pot recovered.	0.2	> 1.8	0.96
520	52021	52022	fill of gully [52022]: a compact pale brownish yellow sandy clay with frquent stone and flint inclusions.	0.21	> 1.01	0.47
520	52022	52022	cut of gully: a NE-SW oriented linear with concave sides onto a rounded base.	0.21	> 1.01	0.47
521	52101		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
521	52102		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.04	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
521	52103		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
521	52104	52104	cut of pit: sub-circular in plan with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.17	0.65	0.26

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
521	52105	52104	fill of pit [52104]: a firm dark greyish brown clayey silt with rare small stone inclusions.	0.17	0.65	0.26
521	52106	52106	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with moderately sloping sides onto a flat base.	0.48	> 2.10	0.59
521	52107	52106	upper fill of ditch [52106]: a firm dark greyish brown clayey silt with frequent small stone inclusions. pot and bone recovered. Truncated by [52110].	0.21	> 2.10	0.59
521	52108	52106	fill of ditch [52106]: a firm mid yellowish brown clayey silt.	0.05	> 2.10	0.59
521	52109	52106	basal fill of ditch [52106]: a firm dark greyish brown clayey silt with infrequent round stone inclusions.	0.22	> 2.10	0.59
521	52110	52110	cut of ditch: a NW-SE oriented linear with moderately sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.25	0.91	0.6
521	52111	52110	fill of ditch [52110]: a firm dark greyish brown clayey silt with rare small sub-round stone inclusions.	0.25	0.91	0.6
521	52112	52112	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with concave sides onto a flat base.	0.4	> 1.8	1.5
521	52113	52112	upper fill of ditch [52112]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay. bone recovered.	0.22	> 1.8	1.5
521	52114	52112	basal fill of ditch [52112]: a soft light greyish brown silty clay.	0.18	> 1.8	1.5
521	52115	52115	cut of ditch: a NW-SE oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.63	> 1.8	1.3
521	52116	52115	upper fill of ditch [52115]: a friable mid yellowish brown silty clay with frequent flint, chalk and stone inclusions.	0.33	> 1.8	1.3

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
521	52117	52115	fill of ditch [52115]: a friable mid greyish brown silty clay with rare flint, chalk and stone inclusions.	0.14	> 1.8	1.3
521	52118	52115	basal fill of ditch [52115]: a friable light brownish grey silty clay with rare flint and chalk inclusions.	0.16	> 1.8	1.3
521	52119	52119	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.48	> 1.8	1.5
521	52120	52119	fill of ditch [52119]: a firm dark greyish brown clayey silt with frequent medium stone inclusions. Truncated by [52121]	0.48	> 1.8	1.5
521	52121	52121	cut of ditch: a NE-SW oriented linear (terminus) with moderately sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.3	> 0.8	0.71
521	52122	52121	fill of ditch [52121]: a firm dark greyish brown clayey silt with rare medium sub-angular stone inclusions.	0.3	> 0.8	0.71
522	52201		Compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
522	52202		Moderately compact to compact light to mid greyish brown silty clay	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
522	52203		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
522	52204	52204	cut of ditch: a NW-SE oriented linear (terminus) with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.24	1.96	0.62
522	52205	52204	fill of ditch [52204]: a friable mid greyish brown silty clay with rare small and medium stone and flint inclusions. pot and bone recovered.	0.24	1.96	0.62
522	52206	52206	cut of pit: sub-circular in plan with moderately sloping sides onto an uneven base.	0.28	1.53	0.51

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
522	52207	52206	fill of pit: a firm dark yellowish brown clayey silt with rare medium sub-rounded stones. bone recovered.	0.28	1.53	0.51
522	52208	52208	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with moderately sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.32	1.98	1.02
522	52209	52208	basal fill of ditch [52208]: a friable dark greyish brown silty clay with frequent medium-large stone inclusions. pot recovered.	0.2	1.98	1.02
522	52210	52208	upper fill of ditch [52208]: a friable mid greyish brown silrt clay with rare medium stone inclusions. pot and bone recovered.	0.17	1.98	0.91
522	52211	52211	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented curvilinear with concave sides onto a concave base.	0.23	> 1.8	1.1
522	52212	52211	fill of ditch [52211]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional flint and chalk inclusions. pot and bone recovered.	0.23	> 1.8	1.1
522	52213	52213	cut of posthole: circular in plan with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.18	0.52	0.31
522	52214	52213	fill of posthole [52213]: a friable dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional small angular stone inclusions.	0.18	0.52	0.31
522	52215	52215	cut of posthole: circular in plan with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.1	0.3	0.2
522	52216	52215	fill of posthole [52215]: a friable mid greyish brown silty clay with rare small angular stone inclusions.	0.1	0.3	0.2
523	52301		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
523	52302		Moderately compact dark greyish brown silty clay	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
523	52303		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
523	52304	52305	fill of posthole [52305]: a soft dark greyish brown silty clay. pot recovered.	0.04	0.27	0.27
523	52305	52305	cut of posthole: sub-circular in plan with moderately sloping sides onto an uneven base.	0.04	0.27	0.27
523	52306	52306	cut of gully: a N-S oriented linear with gradula sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.1	0.83	0.65
523	52307	52306	fill of gully [52306]: a soft dark greyish brown silty clay with frequent small-medium angular stone and occasional charcoal inclusions	0.1	0.83	0.65
524	52401		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
524	52402		Moderately compact dark greyish brown silty clay	0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
524	52403		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
524	52404	52405	fill of possible boundary ditch [52405]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay with chalk and flint inclusions.	0.35	> 1.8	0.8
524	52405	52405	cut of possible boundary ditch: a N-S oriented linear with moderately steep sloping sides onto a concave base.	0.35	> 1.8	0.8
525	52501		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
525	52502		Moderately compact dark greyish brown silty clay	0.06	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
525	52503		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
525	52504	52505	fill of possible posthole [52505]: a friable dark brown clayey sily with charcoal inclusions.	0.05	0.26	0.26
525	52505	52505	cut of possible posthole: circular in plan with shallow sloping sides onto an undulating base.	0.05	0.26	0.26
525	52506	52506	cut of gully: a N-S oriented linear with gradula sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.18	> 1.8	0.7
525	52507	52506	fill of gully [52506]: a firm dark brown silty clay with rare flint inclusions.	0.18	> 1.8	0.7
525	52508	52508	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with moderately sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.37	> 1.8	0.9
525	52509	52508	fill of ditch [52508]: a friable dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional stone and rare charcoal inclusions. pot and bone recovered.	0.37	> 1.8	0.9
526	52601		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
526	52602		Moderately compact mid greyish brown silty clay	0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
526	52603		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
526	52604	52605	fill of discrete feature [52605]: a firm light greyish brown silty clay with chalk inclusions.	0.25	2.3	1
526	52605	52605	cut of discrete feature: irregular in plan with concave sides onto an uneven base.	0.25	2.3	1

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
526	52606	52607	fill of pit [52607]: a soft mid greyish brown silty clay.	0.2	0.26	0.3
526	52607	52607	cut of pit: not visible in plan but has concave sides onto a concave base. Truncates (52604).	0.2	0.26	0.3
526	52608	52607	upper fill of pit [52607]: a soft dark greyish brown silty clay with chalk and flint inclusions.	0.15	1	0.78
526	52609	52609	cut of ditch: a NE-SW oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a round base.	0.32	> 1.80	2.31
526	52610	52609	upper fill of ditch [52609]: a friable dark greyish brown silty clay with rare chalk, flint and stone inclusions.	0.21	> 1.80	2.31
526	52611	52609	basal fill of ditch: a friable mid greenish brown silty clay with rare flint, stone and chalk inclusions.	0.11	> 1.80	2.31
527	52701		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
527	52702		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
527	52703		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
527	52704	52704	cut of gully: an E-W oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.28	0.94	0.8
527	52705	52704	fill of gully [52704]: a firm dark yellowish brown silty clay with rounded stone and flint inclusions.	0.28	0.94	0.8
527	52706	52706	cut of pit: sub-circular in plan with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.13	0.59	0.55

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
527	52707	52706	fill of pit [52706]: a firm dark yellowish brown silty clay.	0.13	0.59	0.55
527	52708	52708	cut of possible furrow: an E-W oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.24	1.11	0.82
527	52709	52708	fill of possible furrow [52708]: a firm plastic mid greyish brown clayey silt with rare medium sub-rounded stone inclusions.	0.24	1.11	0.82
527	52710	52711	fill of ditch [52711]: a friable dark greyish brown silty clay with rare angular stone inclusions.	0.2	1.11	0.2
527	52711	52711	cut of ditch: an E-W oriented linear with steep sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.2	1.11	0.2
528	52801		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
528	52802		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.08	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
528	52803		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
528	52804	52804	cut of possible pit: oval in plan with steep sides onto a concave base.	0.21	0.45	0.45
528	52805	52804	fill of possible pit [52804]: a compact reddish brown silt with rare stone inclusions.	0.21	0.45	0.45
529	52901		Mid greyish brown silty clay	0.4	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
529	52902		Compact mid greyihs brown silty clay	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
529	52903		Compact light greyish brown silty clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
529	52904	52904	cut of gully: a NE-SW oriented linear with moderately sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.12	1.3	0.4
529	52905	52904	fill of gully [52904]: a firm dark brown silty clay.	0.12	1.3	0.4
529	52906	52906	cut of gully: a NE-SW oriented linear with moderately sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.24	1.72	0.56
529	52907	52906	fill of gully [52906]: a firm dark greyish brown clayey silt with rare small sub-rounded stone inclusions.	0.24	1.72	0.56
529	52908	52908	cut of posthole: circular in plan with moderately sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.28	0.4	0.28
529	52909	52908	fill of posthole [52908]: a friable dark orangeish brown silty clay with frequent medium angular stone inclusions.	0.28	0.4	0.28
529	52910	52910	cut of drainage gully: an E-W oriented linear with steep sides onto a rounded base.	0.12	> 1.8	0.34
529	52911	52910	fill of gully [52910]: a loose dark brown sandy silt with stone inclusions.	0.12	> 1.8	0.34
529	52912	52912	East to west orientated gully	0.11	> 1.8	0.56
529	52913	52912	Single fill of mid greyish brown silty clay	0.11	> 1.8	0.56
530	53001		Mid	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
530	53002		Mid yellow brown sandy clay	0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
530	53003		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
531	53101		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
531	53102		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
532	53201		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
532	53202		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
532	53203	53203	linear feature - thought likely to represent truncated furrow. single plough-disturbed fill, undated.	0.24	> 2	0.96
532	53204	53203	f/o furrow [53203]. deposit appears to be material weathered in mixed with topsoil - probably represent material ploughed into deposit at base of this linear.	0.24	> 2	0.96
532	53206	53206	single fill and disturbed by ploughing action - SW running feature.	0.25	2	1.45
532	53207	53206	f/o furrow [53206]. simliar in compaction and composition to (53204). CBM (pinkish-grey) recovered from fill.	0.25	2	1.45
533	53301		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
533	53302		NATURAL: mid to dark yellow brown, sandy clay, firm, common small to medium rounded and sub-angular stones	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
533	53303	53303	cut of SW-NE running furrow. heavy ploug and machine disturbance.	0.25	2.2	1.5
533	53304	53303	f/o furrow [53303]. pot recovered from fill. firm, dark greyish brown silty clay. rare sell-sorted small sub-rounded stone.	0.25	2.2	1.5
534	53401		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
534	53402		NATURAL: mid to dark yellow brown, sandy clay, firm, common small to medium rounded and sub-angular stones	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
535	53501		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
535	53502		NATURAL: mid to dark yellow brown, sandy clay, firm, common small to medium rounded and sub-angular stones	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
535	53503	53503	not excavated	N/A	N/A	N/A
535	53504	53503	not excavated	N/A	N/A	N/A
536	53601		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
536	53602		Moderately compact to compact light greyish brown silty clay, although a few trenches had a orangish yellow clay with gravel inclusions and an orangish brown clay with gravel inclusions	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
536	53603	53603	not excavated	N/A	N/A	N/A

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
536	53604	53603	not excavated	N/A	N/A	N/A
536	53605	53605	not excavated	N/A	N/A	N/A
536	53606	53605	not excavated	N/A	N/A	N/A
536	53607	53607	not excavated	N/A	N/A	N/A
536	53608	53607	not excavated	N/A	N/A	N/A
537	53701		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
537	53702		NATURAL: mid to dark yellow brown, sandy clay, firm, common small to medium rounded and sub-angular stones	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
537	53703	53703	cut of NE-SW running furrow.	0.25	2.3	1.4
537	53704	53703	f/o furrow [53603]. firm, mid greyish brown, silty clay. freuqent poorly sorted medium sized sub-rounded stones; rare pot sherds, occasional charcoal.	0.25	2.3	1.4
538	53801		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
538	53802		NATURAL: mid to dark yellow brown, sandy clay, firm, common small to medium rounded and sub-angular stones	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
605	60501		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
605	60502		NATURAL: mid to dark yellow brown, sandy clay, firm, common small to medium rounded and sub-angular stones	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
605	60503	60503	cut of ditch filled by (60504), possible agricultural enclosure function due to size of ditch + depth; cuts pit [60505].	0.25	1.14	1.07
605	60504	60503	f/o [60503]. compact mid brownish grey clayey silt. occasional small to medium sub-angular sub-round stones; frequent charcoal flecks throughout. minimal animal bone and one CBM fragment foun in NE corner of slot. Animal bone may further support agricultural enclosure function to ditch. cuts northern edge of pit [60503].	0.25	1.14	1.07
605	60505	60505	cut of pit filled by (60506); northern edge cut by edge of ditch [60503]. function of pit unknown; possibly agricultural in association with potential agricultural enclosure ditch [60503] may be a result of ploughing disturbance of 60503.	0.11	0.52	0.52
605	60506	60505	f/o [60505]. compact mid greyish brown clayey silt; minimal charcoal flecks. likely agricultural function in association with enclosure ditch 60503. no finds.	0.11	0.52	0.52
605	60507	60507	cut of curvilinear shallow ditch filled by singular fill (60508). N edge of curvilinear is irregular in plan and slope, suggesting possible dragging of fill caused by ploughing activities. function of ditch possibly agricultural due to size and depth, including close proximity to feature [60503].	0.15	3.62	0.79
605	60508	60507	f/o [60507]. singular fill of shallow curvilinear [60507]. minimal very fragmented animal bone and minimal frag pottery retained. N edge of linear potentially subject to dragging caused by ploughing disturbance due to irregular shape in plan + shape. Due to ploughing activities fill may only be basal fill remaining.	0.15	3.62	0.79
544	54401		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
544	54402		COLLUVIUM/SUBSOIL: dark yellow-brown sandy clay, soft, rare small non-angular stones	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
544	54403		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown andy clay, compact, rare patches gravel, common small + occasional medium sub-angular + sub-rounded stone, rare large sub-rounded stone, common patches light grey-yellow clay, compact	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
545	54501		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
545	54502		NATURAL: light grey-yellow clay, compact, common patches mid red-brown sand and sandy ?, loose, common small stone (30% sub-angular, 70% sub-rounded)	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
546	54601		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
546	54602		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown andy clay, compact, rare patches gravel, common small + occasional medium sub-angular + sub-rounded stone, rare large sub-rounded stone, common patches light grey-yellow clay, compact	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
547	54701		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
547	54702		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown andy clay, compact, rare patches gravel, common small + occasional medium sub-angular + sub-rounded stone, rare large sub-rounded stone, common patches light grey-yellow clay, compact	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
548	54801		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
548	54802		NATURAL: dark yellow-brown very sandy clay, firm common small + medium stone, occasional patches gravel, rare large stone sub-rounded	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
548	54803	54803	not excavated, only recorded in plan	N/A	2.1	3

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
548	54804	54803	not excavated, only recorded in plan	N/A	2.1	3
548	54805	54805	not excavated, only recorded in plan	N/A	2.1	3
548	54806	54805	not excavated, only recorded in plan	N/A	2.1	3
548	54807	54807	not excavated, only recorded in plan	N/A	2.1	3
548	54808	54807	not excavated, only recorded in plan	N/A	2.1	3
548	54809	54809	not excavated, only recorded in plan	N/A	2.1	3
548	54810	54809	not excavated, only recorded in plan	N/A	2.1	3
549	54901		dark yellow brown sandy clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
549	54902		NATURAL: dark yellow-brown very sandy clay, firm common small + medium stone, occasional patches gravel, rare large stone sub-rounded	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
549	54903	54903	cut of shallow pit containing upper fill (54904) and basal fill (54905). function of pit unknown, possibly agricultural.	0.16	0.84	0.8
549	54904	54903	upper fill of pit [54903]. friable, mid brownish grey, clayey silt. minimal small to medium sub-angular subround stones, frequeny to semifrequent charcoal flecks. no finds recovered. composition + inclusion suggest silting-up of feature.	0.16	0.84	0.8

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
549	54905	54903	lower fill of pit [54903]. compact, mid greyish brown, silty clay. rare small subangular and sub round stones, semifrequeny charcoal flecks. deposit likekly a basal weathering fill due to similar composition to the natural	0.16	0.84	0.8
550	55001		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
550	55002		NATURAL: dark yellow-brown very sandy clay, firm common small + medium stone, occasional patches gravel, rare large stone sub-rounded	0.12	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
551	55101		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
551	55102		NATURAL: mid orange-brown silty sand contained frequent small to medium sub-angular + sub-rounded stones, occasional patches of mid brownish grey clay	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
551	55103	55103	cut of SE-NW running linear, possible plough and machine disturbance.	0.38	> 1.8	1.8
551	55104	55103	f/o linear [55103]. friable, light greyish brown, sandy clay. infrequeny well sorted sub-angular small stones and flints. primary fill of (55103), probably formed later as a siltine deposit. sorting and size of stone inclusion could indicate ploughing or machine disturbance. Animal bone and metal (iron nail) recovered from fill.	0.15	> 1.8	1.8
551	55105	55103	f/o linear [55103] firm mid greyish brown, silty clay. frequent plaster-like material. deposited in southern edge of the linear. possibly Iron Age-Romano British in date because of pinkish plaster-like inclusions. rooting.	0.32	> 1.8	1.8
551	55106	55103	f/o linear [55103]. hard, light yellowish brown, clayey silt. frequent well-sorted sub-angular small flints, rare small fragments of pinkish plaster-like material. appears heavily weathered and the sorting and size of flint inclusions may be deposited because of the porosity of the above fill (55104).	0.28	> 1.8	1.8

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
552	55201		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
552	55202		NATURAL: mid orange-brown silty sand contained frequent small to medium sub-angular + sub-rounded stones, occasional patches of mid brownish grey clay	0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
553	55301		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
553	55302		NATURAL: mid orange-brown silty sand contained frequent small to medium sub-angular + sub-rounded stones, occasional patches of mid brownish grey clay	0.12	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
554	55401		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
554	55402		NATURAL: mid orange-brown silty sand contained frequent small to medium sub-angular + sub-rounded stones, occasional patches of mid brownish grey clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
554	55403	55403	cut of furrow: a NW-SE oriented linear with shallow sides onto an uneven irregular base. appears to be cut by a field drain in plan	0.24	1.8	3
554	55404	55403	fill of furrow [55403]: a firm mid greyish brown, clayey silt. occasional rounded stones, rare charcoal, rare CBM fragments.	0.24	1.8	3
554	55405	55406	f/o ditch [55406]. compact/friable, light brownish grey, sandy clay, flint occasional small well-sorted. bone fragment found near fill, but unclear provenance. most likely to be unstratified. similar to fill (55705).	0.25	1.31	1.19
554	55406	55406	cut of NE-SW running ditch. this may well be a continuation of ditch [55706]. no finds were recovered and the ditch was truncated.	0.25	1.31	1.19
554	55407		COLLUVIUM: mid to dark yellow-brown sandy clay, very rare small stone inclusions, compact	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
554	55408	55408	not excavated, only recorded in plan	N/A	1.8	3
554	55409	55408	not excavated, only recorded in plan	N/A	1.8	3
554	55410	55410	not excavated, only recorded in plan	N/A	1.8	3
554	55411	55410	not excavated, only recorded in plan	N/A	1.8	3
554	55412	55412	not excavated, only recorded in plan	N/A	1.8	3
554	55413	55412	not excavated, only recorded in plan	N/A	1.8	3
555	55501		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
555	55502		Dark yellow brown sandy clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
556	55601		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
556	55602		NATURAL: mid orange-brown silty sand contained frequent small to medium sub-angular + sub-rounded stones, occasional patches of mid brownish grey clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
556	55603	55604	cut of NW-SE gully. shallow gully likely truncated by heavy ploughing activties, resulting in the basal fill remaining. likely agricultural function due to size and location of gully running along scope may suggest drainable function.	0.11	2.16	0.69

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
556	55604	55604	f/o gully [55603]. compact mid greyish brown silty clay. frequent small to medium subangular and subround stones, occasional large subround stones, min charcoal flecks. likely basal weathuring fill as composition and colour are similar to that of the natural, likely truncated by ploughing resulting in only the basal fill remaining. no finds.	0.11	2.16	0.69
557	55701		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
557	55702		NATURAL: mid orange-brown silty sand contained frequent small to medium sub-angular + sub-rounded stones, occasional patches of mid brownish grey clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
557	55703	55703	cut of furrow: a NW-SE oriented furrow with shallow sides onto an uneven base.	0.24	> 1.8	3.1
557	55704	55703	f/o linear [55703]. firm mid greyish brown, clayey silt. infrequeny poorly sorted small and medium sized rounded stones; occasional charcoal; rare glass fragments. bioturbation concentrated on the western/west facing edge of the fill.	0.24	> 1.8	3.1
557	55705	55706	f/o ditch [55706], friable mid brownish grey sandy clay. well-sorted frequent flints of variable size. likely naturally deposited. fill likely same as (55405). no finds.	0.23	1.47	1.7
557	55706	55706	cut of shallow ditch. probably continuation of [55406]. no finds makes it hard to deduce use. the occasional rounded stone could possibly indicate that one time presence of water. ditch is nearly parallel with linear [55703].	0.23	1.47	1.7
557	55707		COLLUVIUM: mid to dark yellow-brown sandy clay, very rare small stone inclusions, compact	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
557	55708	55708	not excavated	N/A	> 1.8	3.1

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
557	55709	55708	not excavated	N/A	> 1.8	3.1
557	55710	55710	not excavated	N/A	> 1.8	3.1
557	55711	55710	not excavated	N/A	> 1.8	3.1
557	55712	55712	not excavated	N/A	> 1.8	3.1
557	55713	55712	not excavated	N/A	> 1.8	3.1
557	55714	55714	not excavated	N/A	> 1.8	3.1
557	55715	55714	not excavated	N/A	> 1.8	3.1
558	55801		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.31	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
558	55802		COLLUVIUM: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, soft, rare small stone sub-rounded	0.35	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
558	55803		NATURAL: mid orange brown sandy clay, firm, patches at NW end generally mid yellow-brown sandy clay, compact	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
559	55901		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
559	55902		COLLUVIUM: dark yellow brown, clay sand, very rare same sub-angular + sub-rounded stones. Firm. Deposit appears likely to represent celuvial	0.16	> 12	0.16

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
			infilling (rest of text is hard to interpret but interpretation continues on trench record)			
559	55903		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, abundant small + medium (sub-angular and sub-round), compact, occasional patches mid red-brown sandy gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
560	56001		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
560	56002		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, compacy, common small + mediim sub-angular + sub-round stone, occasional patches gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
561	56101		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
561	56102		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, compacy, common small + mediim sub-angular + sub-round stone, occasional patches gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
562	56201		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
562	56202		NATURAL: mid orange brown compact sandy grit, very frequent small-medium gravel/sub-angular + sub-rounded stones, mid yellow brown silty clay compact in portions of trench.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
563	56301		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
563	56302		NATURAL: dark yellow-brown clay, compact, common small + medium stone sub-angular and sub-round, occasional patches mid orange-brown sandy gravel.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
563	56303	56303	cut of N-S running gully. no evidence of silting; single fill (56304).	0.24	> 2.16	0.8

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
563	56304	56303	f/o gully [56303]. hard llight brownish yellow, silty clay. frequent poorly sorted sub-rounded stones, occasional charcoal, two pieces of worked flint. likely a sitting deposit during use phase.	0.24	> 2.16	0.8
563	56305	56305	cut of N-S running furrow. bioturbation clear on both edges, rooting present.	0.25	> 1.9	2.2
563	56306	56305	f/o furrow [56305]. firm light greyish brown, clayey silt. infrequent small and large sixed sub-oval and rounded stones; infrequent CBM; rare pot sherds; frequent charcoal. fill formed through a combination of topsoil and natural from ploughing and bioturbation.	0.25	> 1.9	2.2
564	56401		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
564	56402		NATURAL: light yellow greenish grey, compact clay with pretty large + frequent patches of orange brown sandy grit containing very frequent medium and small sub-angular and sub-rounded stones/gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
565	56501		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
565	56502		NATURAL: mid orange brown compact sandy grit, very frequent small-medium gravel/sub-angular + sub-rounded stones, mid yellow brown silty clay compact in portions of trench.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
566	56601		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
566	56602		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, abundant small + medium (sub-angular and sub-round), compact, occasional patches mid red-brown sandy gravel	0.08	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
567	56701		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
567	56702		COLLUVIUM: mid yellow grey sandy clay, soft, rare small sub-angular + sub-rounded stone	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
567	56703		COLLUVIUM: dark yellow brown sandy clay, soft, rare small sub-angular + sub-round stone	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
567	56704		NATURAL: mid yellow brown + yellow grey sandy clay, patches mid orange-brown sand, occasional small + medium round + sub-round stone, rare large sub-round stone, clay firm, sand loose	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
567	56705		CONSOLIDATION DEPOSIT: this deposit, possibly modern, appears to be a dump of material largely from a fire/ashes together with topsoil + stone. Likely to represent dump of material used for consolidation in water-logged area at base of a long slope. friable once broken into otherwise compact. dark grey-brown, silty clay. abundant CBM fragments and charcoal, common small + medium stone (sub-angular)	0.25	> 1.8	13
567	56706	56706	cut of water channel/stream - unclear if this 'cut' represents a single, very irregular channel, or several smaller watercourses; fills characteristic of watercourses/drainage ditch, lack of weathering deposit suggests it was created naturally rather than an excavated man-made feature. Possibly the anomaly noted in the geophysical survey.	0.25	> 1.8	3.2
567	56707	56706	f/o [56706]. attributes of this deposit suggest it is likely, given its context, to represent material accumulated at base of water channel/stream. very compact, mid blue-grey sandy clay. abundant small + medium sub-round stone, rare large sub-round stone, well-sorted.	0.1	> 1.8	3.04
567	56708	56706	f/o [56706]. composition, colour, and inclusions suggest this deposit likely material accumulated within a watercourse or possibly a palaeochannel. Deposit may be same as (56707) with that deposit reflecting heavier/more compacted material at the base of the watercourse/channel.	0.2	> 1.8	3.2

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
567	56709	56709	small, undated possible pit or truncated posthole. not clearly archaeological but feature regular and did not appear to be rooting.	0.1	0.37	0.32
567	56710	56709	f/o pit [56709]. likely a silty deposit at base of potential pit/posthole. friable mid grey-brown silty clay. rare small sub-round stone, poorly sorted. no finds.	0.1	0.37	0.32
568	56801		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
568	56802		COLLUVIUM: mid yellow grey sandy clay, soft, rare small sub-angular + sub-rounded stone	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
568	56803	56803	cut of E-W linear feature which is likely a palaeochannel due to sloping of the base as well as snail shell inclusions.	0.43	> 7.5	1.45
568	56804	56803	f/o palaeochannel [56803]. appears to be relatively waterlogged/saturated. snail shells and worked flint recovered from fill. compact mid greyish brown sandy clay, frequent well-sorted sub-angular stones at west facing section, rare poorly sorted large rounded stones in east fac section, rare snail shells	0.43	> 7.5	1.45
568	56805	56805	cut of river/pond - unclear - appeared linear in limited snapshot of trench. part tested with machine but too deep to excavate safely + water table at 0.5 m below upper part of feature. No hand excavation/recording safe to undertake, photo + basic measurements only	> 0.5	> 1.8	4.2
568	56806	56805	f/o [56805]. deposit characteristics highly reminiscent of river clays and it is thought to be a fall of a channel/river/pond/stream. non-archaeological, homogenous. Compact, dark grey-blue, clay. No hand excavation/recording safe to undertake, photo + basic measurements only	> 0.5	> 1.8	4.2
568	56807		likely same as (56705). likely dump deposit/consolidation deposit. friable, upper horizon compact, dark grey-brown, silty clay. common CBM fragments + charcoal, common small + medium sub-angular stone.	0.2	> 3	11.6

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
568	56808		COLLUVIUM: mid yellow brown + yellow grey sandy clay, patches mid orange-brown sand, occasional small + medium round + sub-round stone, rare large sub-round stone, clay firm, sand loose	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
568	56809		NATURAL: mid yellow brown + yellow grey sandy clay, patches mid orange-brown sand, occasional small + medium round + sub-round stone, rare large sub-round stone, clay firm, sand loose	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
569	56901		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
569	56902		COLLUVIUM: mid yellow grey sandy clay, soft, rare small sub-angular + sub-rounded stone	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
569	56903		COLLUVIUM: dark yellow brown sandy clay, soft, rare small sub-angular + sub-round stone	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
569	56904		NATURAL: mid yellow brown + yellow grey sandy clay, patches mid orange-brown sand, occasional small + medium round + sub-round stone, rare large sub-round stone, clay firm, sand loose	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
570	57001		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
570	57002		mid yellow-brown sandy clay, occasional small sub-angular + sub-round stone. In northern half of trench the natural change to a mid orange yellow-brown sandy clay + gravel, common patches mid yellow-brown sandy clay	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
571	57101		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
571	57102		NATURAL: mid orange yellow-brown, sandy clay, common small + medium sub-angular + sub-round stone, occasional patches mid red-brown sandy grit, rate patches of mid yellow-brown clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
572	57201		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
572	57202		NATURAL: mid orange brown compact sandy grit, very frequent small + medium gravel/subangular + sub-round stones, mid yellow brown silty-clay compact in S portion of trench	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
573	57301		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
573	57302		NATURAL: mid orange brown compact sandy grit, very frequent small + medium gravel/subangular + sub-round stones, mid yellow brown silty-clay compact in S portion of trench	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
574	57401		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.33	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
574	57402		mid yellow brown compact sandy clay, frequent sub-angular + sub-round small and medium stones	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
575	57501		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
575	57502		NATURAL: mid yellow brown clay, compact, occasional small + medium sub-angular + angular stone. occasional patches of mid red-brown sandy grit with frequent gravel.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
576	57601		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
576	57602		NATURAL: mid orange yellow-brown, sandy clay, common small + medium sub-round stone. occasional patches mid red-brown sandy grit	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
577	57701		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
577	57702		NATURAL: mid orange yellow-brown, sandy clay, common small sub-round + sub-angular stone, rare patches mid yellow-brown sandy clay, rare patches mid red-brown sandy grit.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
578	57801		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
578	57802		NATURAL: mid orange yellow-brown, sandy clay, common small sub-round + sub-angular stone, rare patches mid yellow-brown sandy clay, rare patches mid red-brown sandy grit.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
579	57901		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
579	57902		NATURAL: dark yellow-brown sandy clay, rare small + medium sub-rounnd stone, compact, rare patches mid red-brown sandy grit - moving yo common in east half of trench.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
580	58001		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
580	58002		NATURAL: dark yellow brown clay, compact, common small + medium sub-angular, sub-round stone	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
581	58101		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
581	58102		NATURAL: dark yellow-brown clay, compact, common small + medium stone sub-angular and sub-round, occasional patches mid orange-brown sandy gravel.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
582	58201		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
582	58202		NATURAL: dark yellow-brown clay, compact, common small + medium stone sub-angular and sub-round, occasional patches mid orange-brown sandy gravel.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
582	58203	58203	cut of ditch. likely used as a dump for materials (?)	0.5	> 2	2.58
582	58204	58203	upper f/o ditch [85203]. firm mid brownish black, silty clay, disturbed by ploughing. pot sherds recovered from fill --> Iron Age typology. likely a silting deposit in disuse phase based on composition of deposit + spread of inclusions.	0.2	> 2	2.58
582	58205	58203	f/o ditch [85203]. hard light greyish brown silty clay. frequeny sub-rounded moderately sorted stones, animal bones and pot sherds.	0.24	> 2	2.58
582	58206	58203	primary f/o ditch [85203]. friable dark greyish black, clayey silt. pot sherds and animal bones recovered from fill.	0.15	> 2	2.58
583	58301		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
583	58302		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, firm, common small + medium rounded + subrounded stone, very rare large sub-round stone, occasional patches mid red-brown sandy grit. occasional patches small to medium sub-rounded stone, rare patches mid yellow-brown clay, compact (at NW end)	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
584	58401		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
584	58402		NATURAL: mid yellow brown compact silty clay, frequent sub-angular and sub-rounded small to medium stone	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
585	58501		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
585	58502		NATURAL: mid orange yellow-brown, sandy clay, common small + medium sub-round stone. occasional patches mid red-brown sandy grit	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
586	58601		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
586	58602		NATURAL: mid yellow brown clay, compact, occasional small + medium sub-angular + angular stone. occasional patches of mid red-brown sandy grit with frequent gravel.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
587	58701		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
587	58702		NATURAL: dark yellow brown clay, compact, common small + medium sub-angular, sub-round stone	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
587	58703	58703	cut of E-W running ditch. likely represents an enclosure feature - size, even allowing for truncation suggest this, geophys appears to correlate with feature, indicating elements of an enclosure system in this area. Likely associated with [58808].	0.44	> 1.88	1.72
587	58704	58703	upper f/o ditch [58703]. silting fill. colouration + composition of this fill may indicate that is represents a dump deposit in an already largely filled ditch,	0.21	> 1.88	1.72
587	58705	58703	basal f/o [58703]. likely weathering/slumping deposit - shortly after creation of feature.	0.18	> 1.88	1.72
587	58706	58706	cut of linear feature which, given its size + context, is likely to be truncated with an enclosure - part of an agricultural system	0.18	> 2	0.77
587	58707	59706	f/o [38706). likely a silting deposit given composition + inclusions - upper horizon plough disturbed. worked flint recovered from fill.	0.18	> 2	0.77
587	58708	58708	cut of linear shallowing from east to west; appeared likely to be a partial terminus - appears to match geophys anomaly which ends just west of bulk.	0.6	> 1.9	1.41

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
			Likely represents eastern edge of the entrance into an agricultural enclosure.			
587	58709	58708	upper f/o [58708]. silting deposit - colour/composition/inclusion - in use deposit seems likely but may represent material ploughed in after the enclosure had gone out of use.	0.25	> 1.9	1.41
587	58710	58708	secondary f/o [58708]. friable light greyish brown, silty clay. frequent sub-rounded, poorly sorted stones. animal bones and pot were recovered from fill.	0.26	> 1.9	1.41
587	58711	58708	basal fill of [58708] - compaction suggests it had been affected by water; likely drainage of surface water. primary function likely as an enclosure ditch.	0.09	> 1.9	1.41
587	58712	58712	cut of gully. likely associated with |58806] and [58803] - part of curvi-linear enclosure.	0.23	> 1.9	1.41
587	58713	58713	f/o gully [58712]. likely represents weathering deposit at base of truncated linear - based on composition etc. firm, mid yellowish brown, clayey silt. frequency med sorted small sub-angular stones, occasional charcoal, pot sherds in upper part of fill.	0.23	> 1.9	1.41
588	58801		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
588	58802		NATURAL: mid yellow brown clay, compact, occasional small + medium sub-angular + angular stone. occasional patches of mid red-brown sandy grit with frequent gravel.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
588	58803	58803	cut of gully. cut [58803] + [58806] part of same curvilinear feature - due to cut of field drain it appeared initially, in plan, that [58806] was a terminus and that terminus of [58803] had been truncated by FD. excavation indicated that [58803] + [58806]. feature likely associated with [58712].	0.41	> 2.1	1.3

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
588	58804	58803	upper fill of [58803]. firm dark brownish black, silty clay. rare well-sorted sub-angular stones; red and black pot sherds; animal bones recovered; charcoal present. silting deposit.	0.41	> 2.1	1.3
588	58805	58803	primary fill of [58803]. friable light greyish brown silty clay. occasional red and black pot sherds concentrated in northern edge of fill, small sub-angular stones (well-sorted). slump deposit, likely a weathering deposit.	0.11	> 2.1	1.3
588	58806	58806	cut of ditch terminus. cut [58803] + [58806] part of same curvilinear feature - due to cut of field drain it appeared initially, in plan, that [58806] was a terminus and that terminus of [58803] had been truncated by FD. excavation indicated that [58803] + [58806]. feature likely associated with [58712].	0.29	> 0.75	2
588	58807	58806	fill of ditch terminus [58806]. firm mid brownish black silty cly. infrequent medium-sized well--sorted sub-rounded stones. Pot and CBM recovered from fill.	0.29	> 0.75	2
588	58808	58808	cut of E-W ditch terminus. appears to be part of an enclosure.	0.35	> 1	1.08
588	58809	58808	fill of ditch terminus [58808]. firm mid brownish black silty clay. frequent CBM, infrequent charcoal, occasional poorly sorted medium sized rounded stones, rare pot sherds, rare bone fragments. silting deposit.	0.35	> 1	1.08
589	58901		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
589	58902		NATURAL: mid yellow brown clay, compact, occasional small + medium sub-angular + angular stone. occasional patches of mid red-brown sandy grit with frequent gravel.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
590	59001		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
590	59002		NATURAL: mid yellow brown clay, compact, occasional small + medium sub-angular + angular stone. occasional patches of mid red-brown sandy grit with frequent gravel.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
591	59101		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
591	59102		NATURAL: mid yellow brown clay, compact, occasional small + medium sub-angular + angular stone. occasional patches of mid red-brown sandy grit with frequent gravel.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
592	59201		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
592	59202		NATURAL: compact dark yellow-brown clay, common small + rare medium angular rounded and sub-rounded stone.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
593	59301		Mid grey, brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
593	59302		NATURAL: mid yellow brown clay, compact, occasional small + medium sub-angular + angular stone. occasional patches of mid red-brown sandy grit with frequent gravel.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
539	53901		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
539	53902		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, occ small --> large sub-angular + sub-rounded stones, rare chalk flecks + fragments, compact, occasional patches mid red-brown sandy ?, compact, occasional patches mid yellow-brown clay, occasional patches gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
540	54001		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
540	54002		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, occ small --> large sub-angular + sub-rounded stones, rare chalk flecks + fragments, compact, occasional patches mid red-brown sandy ?, compact, occasional patches mid yellow-brown clay, occasional patches gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
541	54101		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
541	54102		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, occ small --> large sub-angular + sub-rounded stones, rare chalk flecks + fragments, compact, occasional patches mid red-brown sandy ?, compact, occasional patches mid yellow-brown clay, occasional patches gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
542	54201		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
542	54202		COLLUVIUM: mid to dark yellow-brown, sandy clay, rare small stone, sub-round + sub-angular, soft	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
542	54203		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, occ small --> large sub-angular + sub-rounded stones, rare chalk flecks + fragments, compact, occasional patches mid red-brown sandy ?, compact, occasional patches mid yellow-brown clay, occasional patches gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
543	54301		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
543	54302		COLLUVIUM: mid to dark yellow-brown, sandy clay, rare small stone, sub-round + sub-angular, soft	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
543	54303		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, occ small --> large sub-angular + sub-rounded stones, rare chalk flecks + fragments, compact, occasional patches mid red-brown sandy ?, compact, occasional patches mid yellow-brown clay, occasional patches gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
594	59401		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
594	59402		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, compact, common small + medium rounded + sub-rounded stone	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
595	59501		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
595	59502		COLLUVIUM: mid yellow brown very sasndy clay, soft, rare small sub-angular stone + chalk flecks	0.12	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
595	59503		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, compact, common small + medium rounded + sub-rounded stone	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
596	59601		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
596	59602		COLLUVIUM: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, very rare small sub-angular stone, soft	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
596	59603		NATURAL: dark grey-yellow clay, firm	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
597	59701		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
597	59702		NATURAL: mid to dark yellow-brown sandy clay, rare small stone + chalk flecks, very rare medium stone	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
597	59703		CONSOLLIDATION: min of medium to large stone, occasional modern bricks	0.15	1.7	2.4
598	59801		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
598	59802		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, compact, common small + medium rounded + sub-rounded stone	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
599	59901		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
599	59902		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, compact, common small + medium rounded + sub-rounded stone	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
600	60001		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
600	60002		COLLUVIUM: mid to dark yellowbrown sandy clay, rare small sub-angular stone	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
600	60003		NATURAL: same as (60802) + patches light yellow-brown firm sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
601	60101		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
601	60102		COLLUVIUM: mid to dark yellowbrown sandy clay, rare small sub-angular stone	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
601	60103		NATURAL: mid yellowbrown sandy clay, compact, occasional small + medium sub-angular + sub-rounded stone, rare gravel patches	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
602	60201		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
602	60202		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, compact, occasional small + medium stone. broadly E-W bands of dark yellow brown sandy gravel and mid yellow-grey clay, compact	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
603	60301		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
603	60302		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, compact, occasional small + rare medium sub-angular + sub-rounded stone	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
604	60401		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
604	60402		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, compact, common small + medium rounded + sub-rounded stone	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
606	60601		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
606	60602		COLLUVIUM: mid to dark yellow-brown sandy clay, friable, very rare small + medium sub-angular stone, thins from west (0.5m avg) to east (0.1m avg).	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
606	60603		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, occasional small + medium sub-angular + sub-round stone, common matches mid grey-yellow clay, occasional patches sub-round gravel + small stones.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
607	60701		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
607	60702		COLLUVIUM: mid to dark yellow-brown sandy clay, friable, very rare small + medium sub-angular stone, thins from west (0.5m avg) to east (0.1m avg).	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
607	60703		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, occasional small + medium sub-angular + sub-round stone, common matches mid grey-yellow clay, occasional patches sub-round gravel + small stones.	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
608	60801		Mid grey brown silty clay	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
608	60802		NATURAL: mid yellow-brown sandy clay, compact, common small + medium rounded + sub-rounded stone	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
3001	300102		mid orange/brown clay	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3001	300103		mid orange silt gravel	0.12	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3002	300201		Dark brown silty clay topsoil	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3002	300202		mid orange clayey silt natural geology	NFE	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3003	300301		Dark brown silt	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3003	300302		mid orange brown silty clay	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3003	300303		mid orange silty clay	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3004	300401		dark brown clayey silt	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3004	300402		mid orange silty clay	0.16	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3006	300601		dark brown clayey silt	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3006	300602		mid orange silt	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3007	300701		dark brown silt	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
3007	300702		mid orange clayey silt	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3008	300801		dark brown silt	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3008	300802		mid orange clayey silt	0.16	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3009	300901		dark brown silt	0.31	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3009	300902		mid yellow orange gravel silt	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3010	301001		dark brown clayey silt	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3010	301002		mid orange brown clayey silt	0.14	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3011	301101		dark brown silt	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3011	301102		mid yellow clayey silt	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3012	301201		dark brown silt	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3012	301202		mid orange dark yellow clayey silt gravel	0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3013	301301		dark brown silt	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
3013	301302		mid yellow orange clay silt	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3003	303301		dark brown silt	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3001	300101		dark brown silt	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
609	60900		Orangish brown sandy gravelly silt	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
609	60902	60902	A ditch feature with no datable evidence. However, may be associated with gravel extraction within the immediate area.	0.2	20	0.92
609	60903	60902	DEPOSIT: Naturally occurring fill of ditch [60902].	0.2	20	0.92
610	61000		Orangish brown sandy gravelly silt	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
610	61001		Friable brown silt	0.35	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
611	61100		Orangish brown sandy gravelly silt	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
611	61101		Dark brown silty clay	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
612	61200		Orangish brown sandy gravelly silt	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
612	61201		Dark brown silty clay	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
613	61300		Orangish brown gravelly sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
613	61301		Brownish grey silt	0.35	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
614	61400		Yellowish brown gravelly sandy silt	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
614	61401		Brown sandy silty gravels	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
615	61500		Yellowish brown sandy silt	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
615	61501		Dark brown silty clay	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
615	61502	61502	Not surveyed. A ditch observed on OS mapping, part of gravel pitting activity within the immediate area.	0.15	8	0.77
615	61503	61502	Not surveyed. within ditch [61502], likley post-medieval in date.	0.15	8	0.77
616	61601		Loose grey brown silt	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
616	61602		Mid range grey gravelly silt	0.03	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
616	61603		Loose orange sandy gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
617	61701		Loose mid grey brown silt	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
617	61702		Firm mid orange brown silty gravel	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
617	61703		Loose orange sandy gravel	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
618	61801		Loose mid grey brown silt	0.35	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
618	61802		Loose mid orange brown silty gravel	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
618	61803		Loose orange gravelly sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
618	61804	61806	upper fill of possible boundary ditch [61806]: a compact greyish brown silty gravel with occasional stone inclusions. bone recovered.	0.51	> 2	2.02
618	61805	61806	basal fill of possible boundary ditch [61806]: a concrete orangeish brown gravel with occasional stone inclusions.	0.48	> 2	2.02
618	61806	61806	cut of possible boundary ditch: a NW-SE oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a flat base.	0.52	> 2	2.02
618	61807	61808	fill of boundary ditch [61808]: a firm brownish grey silty clay with rare stone inclusions.	0.62	> 2	2.4
618	61808	61808	cut of boundary ditch: a NW-SE oriented linear with steep sides onto a flat base.	0.62	> 2	2.4
619	61901		Mid greyish brown clayey silt	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
619	61902		Mid brownish black silty sand	0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
619	61903		Mid reddish brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
619	61904	61905	fill of unexcavated feature [61905]: a compact mid greyish brown silty clay.	N/A	> 1.8	2.4
619	61905	61905	cut of unexcavated feature: a probable NW-SE linear, likely same as [61.808]	N/A	> 1.8	2.4
620	62001		Mid brownish black sandy silt	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
620	62002		Mid reddish brown sandy silt	0.05	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
620	62003		Reddish brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
621	62101		Mid brownish grey sandy silt	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
621	62102		Mid greyish brown silty sand	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
621	62103		Mid reddish brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
621	62104	62105	fill of possible gully [62105]: a loose dark brown sand with rare small stone inclusions.	0.2	> 1.8	0.5
621	62105	62105	cut of possible gully: a NW-SE oriented linear with moderate sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.2	> 1.8	0.5
622	62201		Mid greyish brown sandy silt	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
622	62202		Mid yellowish brown silty sand	0.2	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
622	62203		Mid yellowish brown sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
623	62301		Mid brownish clack sandy silt	0.33	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
623	62302		Mid reddish brown sandy silt	0.12	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
623	62303		Mid reddish brown silty sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
624	62401		Friable mid grey brown silty sand	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
624	62402		Ranging from orangish brown to yellow brown sandy clay and silty sand	0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
624	62403		Reddish brown silty sand, orange sandy gravel, orange gravelly sand, yellowish sand, yellow orange sandy clay, and yellowish brown clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
625	62501		Grey brown silt to brownish black sandy silt	0.29	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
625	62502		Ranging from orangish brown to yellow brown sandy clay and silty sand	0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
625	62503		Cut of treebowl	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
625	62504	62505	fill of possible gully [62105]: a loose dark brown sand with rare small stone inclusions.	0.6	> 1.8	1.62

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
625	62505	62505	cut of possible gully: a NW-SE oriented linear with moderate sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.6	> 1.8	1.62
626	62601		Grey brown silt to brownish black sandy silt	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
626	62602		Reddish brown silty sand, orange sandy gravel, orange gravelly sand, yellowish sand, yellow orange sandy clay, and yellowish brown clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
626	62603	62604	fill of probable drainage ditch: a compact mid greyish brown clayey silt with frequent small stone inclusions.	0.89	> 1.8	2.15
626	62604	62604	cut of probable drainage ditch: a NW-SE oriented curvilinear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.89	> 1.8	2.15
627	62701		Grey brown silt to brownish black sandy silt	0.31	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
627	62702		Reddish brown silty sand, orange sandy gravel, orange gravelly sand, yellowish sand, yellow orange sandy clay, and yellowish brown clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
627	62703	62704	fill of ditch [62704]: a firm dark blackish grey silty clay with small stone inclusions. bone recovered.	0.19	> 1.8	0.95
627	62704	62704	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear (possible recut) with gradual sloping sides and a rounded base.	0.19	> 1.8	0.95
627	62705	62706	fill of ditch [62706]: a firm dark grey silty clay with frequent small and large stone inclusions. Truncated by [62704].	0.3	> 1.8	1.3
627	62706	62706	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with gradual sloping sides and a rounded base.	0.3	> 1.8	1.3
628	62801		Grey brown silt to brownish black sandy silt	0.25	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
628	62802		Ranging from orangish brown to yellow brown sandy clay and silty sand	0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
628	62803		Reddish brown silty sand, orange sandy gravel, orange gravelly sand, yellowish sand, yellow orange sandy clay, and yellowish brown clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
628	62804	62805	fill of drainage ditch [62805]: a compact dark greyish brown sandy clay with stone and iron panning inclusions.	0.4	> 1.8	1.52
628	62805	62805	cut of drainage ditch: a NW-SE oriented linear with steep sides onto a flat base.	0.4	> 1.8	1.52
629	62901		Grey brown silt to brownish black sandy silt	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
629	62902		Ranging from orangish brown to yellow brown sandy clay and silty sand	0.06	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
629	62903		Reddish brown silty sand, orange sandy gravel, orange gravelly sand, yellowish sand, yellow orange sandy clay, and yellowish brown clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
629	62904	62905	fill of boundary ditch [62905]: a firm mid grey silty clay with occasional stone inclusions.	0.42	> 1.8	1.04
629	62905	62905	cut of boundary ditch: an E-W oriented linear with steep sides onto a rounded base.	0.42	> 1.8	1.04
629	62906	62907	upper fill of boundary ditch [62907]: a firm mid grey silty clay with occasional stone inclusions.	0.78	> 1.8	2.74
629	62907	62907	cut of boundary ditch: an E-W oriented linear with steep sides onto a flat base.	0.92	> 1.8	2.74
629	62908	62907	basal fill of boundary ditch [62907]: a smooth dark blueish black clay. bone and pot recovered.	0.16	> 1.8	0.76

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
629	62909	62907	fill of boundary ditch [62907]: a loose mid orangeish grey gravel with stone inclusions.	0.08	> 1.8	0.61
629	62910	62911	fill of gully [62911]: a firm mid grey silty clay with occasional stone inclusions.	0.15	0.5	1
629	62911	62911	cut of gully: an E-W oriented linear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.15	0.5	1
629	62912	62921	probable tree bole: a firm greyish brown silty clay. Truncated by [62913].	0.14	0.18	0.18
629	62913	62913	cut of probable pit: a discrete pit with steep sides onto a flat base. Truncates (62912).	0.43	1.53	1
629	62914	62913	basal fill of probable pit [62913]: a firm dark blueish black clay	0.1	1.53	0.32
629	62915	62913	upper fill of probable pit [62913]: a firm grey clayey silt with occasional stone inclusions	0.36	1.53	0.51
629	62916	62917	fill of ditch [62917]: a firm dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional small stone and rare heat affected stone inclusions. Skull (62920) recovered.	0.5	> 1.8	1.26
629	62917	62917	cut of ditch: a NW-SE oriented linear with steep sides onto a flat base.	0.5	> 1.8	1.26
629	62918	62919	fill of linear [62919]: a compact mid brownish black clayey sand with very frequent burnt stone inclusions and frequent charcoal inclusions.	0.09	> 1.8	0.48
629	62919	62919	cut of ditch: an E-W linear with concave sides onto a rounded base.	0.09	> 1.8	0.48
629	62920	62917	disarticulated human skull recovered from fill (62916). Incomplete neurocranium, post-mortem fractures, surrounded by animal bones incl. jaw and ribs.	N/A	N/A	N/A

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
629	62921	62917	Cut of treebowl	0.14	0.18	0.18
630	63001		Grey brown silt to brownish black sandy silt	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
630	63002		Ranging from orangish brown to yellow brown sandy clay and silty sand	0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
630	63003		Reddish brown silty sand, orange sandy gravel, orange gravelly sand, yellowish sand, yellow orange sandy clay, and yellowish brown clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
630	63004	63005	fill of ditch: a compact mid greyish brown clayey silt with rare small stone and gravel inclusions. Truncated by [63007].	0.4	> 1.8	0.7
630	63005	63005	cut of ditch: a NW-SE oriented curvilinear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base.	0.4	> 1.8	0.7
630	63006	63007	fill of ditch [63007]: a compact mid greyish brown silty clay.	0.35	> 1.8	0.9
630	63007	63007	cut of ditch: a NE-SW oriented curvilinear with gradual sloping sides onto a rounded base. Truncating (63004).	0.35	> 1.8	0.9
630	63008	63009	fill of ditch [63009]: a loose yellowish grey silty clay with occasional small sub angular stone inclusions. Truncated by [63011].	0.25	> 1.8	0.6
630	63009	63009	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with one (W) moderate and one (E) steep side onto a concave base.	0.25	> 1.8	0.6
630	63010	63011	fill of ditch [63011]: a loose yellowish grey silty clay with occasional small sub-angular stone inclusions.	0.25	> 1.8	0.9
630	63011	63011	cut of ditch: a N-S oriented linear with one € moderate straight and one (W) gradual concave side onto an irregular base.	0.25	> 1.8	0.9

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
631	63101		Grey brown silt to brownish black sandy silt	0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
631	63102		Ranging from orangish brown to yellow brown sandy clay and silty sand	0.08	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
631	63103		Reddish brown silty sand, orange sandy gravel, orange gravelly sand, yellowish sand, yellow orange sandy clay, and yellowish brown clayey sand	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
632	63201		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
632	63202		mid yellow brown sandy clay, firm, rare small and medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
632	63203		light yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common small to medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, very rare large sub-rounded stone, occ patches gravel	> 0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
633	63301		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.29	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
633	63302		mid yellow brown sandy clay, firm, rare small and medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone	0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
633	63303		light yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common small to medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, very rare large sub-rounded stone, occ patches gravel	> 0.43	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
634	63401		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
634	63402		mid yellow brown sandy clay, firm, rare small and medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
634	63403		light yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common small to medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, very rare large sub-rounded stone, occ patches gravel	> 0.29	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
634	63406	63406	E/W aligned ditch, may represent a water channel, base not seen, moderate sides	> 1	> 1.9	4.2
634	63407	63406	fill of 63406, dark grey blue silty clay, soft, occ stone and gravel, rare chalk fragments	0.2	> 1.9	> 1.6
634	63408	63406	fill of 63406, mid grey brown silty clay, soft, occ stone and gravel, occ chalk fragments	0.44	> 1.9	0.58
634	63409	63406	fill of 63406, mid yellow brown silty clay, compact, common stone and gravel, common chalk fragments	0.92	> 1.9	2.2
634	63410	63406	fill of 63406, mid grey brown silty clay, compact, occ stone, common chalk fragments	0.92	> 1.9	2.7
634	63411	63411	E/W aligned ditch, may represent a water channel, base not seen, moderate sides	> 1.04	> 1.8	5.32
634	63412	63411	fill of 63411, dark yellow-brown sandy clay, firm, occ stone and gravel	> 0.6	> 1.8	5.01
634	63413	63411	fill of 63411, mid grey brown silty clay, firm, common stone and gravel	0.44	> 1.8	4.82
635	63501		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
635	63502		mid yellow brown sandy clay, firm, rare small and medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
635	63503		light yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common small to medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, very rare large sub-rounded stone, occ patches gravel	> 0.42	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
635	63504	63507	fill of 63507, light grey brown silty clay, firm, abundant stone and gravel	0.36	> 1.8	2.07
635	63505	63507	fill of 63507, dark brown yellow silty clay, firm, occ small stone	0.33	> 1.8	1.94
635	63506	63507	fill of 63507, dark grey brown clay silt, firm, rare small stone	0.19	> 1.8	0.87
635	63507	63507	N/S ditch, steep sides and irregular base	0.75	> 1.8	2.07
636	63601		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.34	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
636	63602		mid yellow brown sandy clay, firm, rare small and medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
636	63603		mid yellow brown sandy clay, compact, rare small and medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, patches mid orange brown sandy clay	> 0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
637	63701		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
637	63702		light yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common small to medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, very rare large sub-rounded stone, occ patches gravel	> 0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
638	63801		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone, thicker deposit than generally seen, may represent topsoil plus a colluvium not identified during initial recording	0.4	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
638	63802		light yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common small to medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, very rare large sub-rounded stone, occ patches gravel, rare patches mid blue and dark yellow brown clay, rare patches mid red brown sandy gravel	> 0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
639	63901		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone, thicker deposit than generally seen, may represent topsoil plus a colluvium not identified during initial recording	0.36	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
639	63902		light yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common small to medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, occ patches gravel and mid yellow grey clay	> 0.08	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
640	64001		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone, thicker deposit than generally seen, may represent topsoil plus a colluvium not identified during initial recording	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
640	64002		light yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common small to medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, occ patches gravel and mid yellow grey clay	> 0.06	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
641	64101		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
641	64102		mid yellow brown sandy clay,compact, common stone and gravel	> 0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
642	64201		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.38	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
642	64202		light yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common small to medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, occ patches gravel and mid yellow grey clay	0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
643	64301		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
643	64302		mid yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common stone and gravel	0.08	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
644	64401		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.18	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
644	64402		mid yellow brown sandy clay, compact, abundant stone and gravel, rare patches dark red-brown sandy gravel	> 0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
645	64501		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
645	64502		mid yellow brown sandy clay, firm, rare small and medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone	> 0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
645	64503	64504	fill of 64504, light yellow grey sandy clay, compact, frequent stone and gravel	0.39	> 1.8	> 1.8
645	64504	64504	SW/NE aligned curvilinear ditch, gradual sides and a concave base	0.39	> 1.8	> 1.8
645	64505	64505	N/S aligned ditch, steep sides, base of cut not reached	0.82	> 1.8	3.36
645	64506	64505	fill of 64505, dark grey brown silty clay, compact, frequent small and medium stone	0.5	> 1.8	3.36
645	64507	64505	fill of 64505, dark yellow grey silty clay, compact, occ stone	0.28	> 1	1.17
646	64601		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
646	64602		mid yellow brown sandy clay, compact, occ patches gravel, occ small and medium stone	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
647	64701		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
647	64702		mid yelow brown sandy caly, compact, abundant small and medium stone	0.08	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
648	64801		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
648	64802		mid orange brown sandy clay, compact, occ stone and gravel	> 0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
649	64901		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.17	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
649	64902		mid brown grey silty clay, friable, rare small stone	0.04	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
649	64903		mid orange brown sandy clay, compact, occ stone and gravel	> 0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
650	65001		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.29	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
650	65002		light yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common small to medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, very rare large sub-rounded stone, occ patches gravel	> 0.08	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
651	65101		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.34	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
651	65102		mid orange brown sandy clay, compact, abundant stone and gravel, occ patched dark red brown sandy clay and gravel	> 0.08	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
652	65201		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.36	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
652	65202		mid orange brown sandy clay, compact, abundant stone and gravel, occ patched dark red brown sandy clay and gravel	> 0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
653	65301		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.31	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
653	65302		mid orange brown sandy clay, compact, abundant stone and gravel, occ patched dark red brown sandy clay and gravel	> 0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
654	65401		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
654	65402		light yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common small to medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, very rare large sub-rounded stone, occ patches gravel	> 0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
655	65501		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
655	65502		light yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common small to medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, very rare large sub-rounded stone, occ patches gravel	> 0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
656	65601		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.34	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
656	65602		mid yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common stone and gravel, occ patches mid yellow brown clay at northern end of trench	> 0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
657	65701		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.29	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
657	65702		mid yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common stone and gravel	> 0.13	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
658	65801		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.34	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
658	65802		mid yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common stone and gravel	> 0.11	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
659	65901		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
659	65902		mid orange brown sandy clay, compact, abundant stone and gravel, occ patched dark red brown sandy clay and gravel	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
660	66001		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.31	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
660	66002		mid orange brown sandy clay, compact, abundant stone and gravel, occ patched dark red brown sandy clay and gravel	> 0.07	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
661	66101		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
661	66102		mid orange brown sandy clay, compact, common gravel and stone, rare patches red brown sandy gravel	> 0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
662	66201		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.26	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
662	66202		mid yellow brown sandy clay, firm, rare small and medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone	0.09	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
662	66203		light yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common small to medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, very rare large sub-rounded stone, occ patches gravel	> 0.12	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
662	66204	66204	sub-circular posthole, gradual sides and uneven base, appeared to be packed with large stone	0.13	0.61	0.63

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
662	66205	66204	fill of 66204, light grey brown silty clay, firm, abundant small and medium stone, common large stone	0.13	0.61	0.63
662	66206	66206	sub-circular posthole, gradual sides and concave base, appeared to be packed with large stones	0.09	0.49	0.41
662	66207	66206	fill of 66204, light grey brown silty clay, firm, abundant small and medium stone, common large stone	0.09	0.49	0.41
663	66301		mid grey brown silty clay, friable, occ small and medium sub-angular stone	0.21	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
663	66302		mid yellow brown sandy clay, firm, rare small and medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone	0.19	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
663	66303		light yellow brown sandy clay, compact, common small to medium sub-angular and sub-rounded stone, very rare large sub-rounded stone, occ patches gravel	> 0.15	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
663	66304	66304	pit, heavily truncated, shallow gradual sides with a concave base	0.07	0.7	0.32
663	66305	66304	fill of 66304, light grey brown silty clay, firm, common large stone, rare small stone	0.07	0.7	0.32
3014	301400		Yellow brown sandy clay	NFE	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3014	301401		Soft dark brown silt	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3014	301402		Cut of NW-SE aligned ditch	0.18	1.8	0.55
3014	301403		Light orange brown sit clay fill of ditch	0.37	1.8	1.2

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
3014	301404	301402	Cut of N-S aligned ditch	0.18	1.8	0.55
3014	301405	301403	Light orange brown sit clay fill of ditch	0.37	1.8	1.2
3015	301500		Yellow brown sandy clay	NFE	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
3015	301501		Soft dark brown silt	0.35	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
664	66401		soft, mid brown silts, with occ. Rooting, occ. small stones	0.22	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
664	66402		firm mid brown green clayey silt (alluvial)	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
664	66403		stiff, grey-yellow clay with bluish patches. (classed as Oxford clay)	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
665	66501		soft mid brown silt	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
665	66502		firm, light brown clayey silt	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
665	66503		yellow brown clay (alluvial clay)	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
666	66600		Fiable, mid greyish, brown, sandy loam	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
666	66601		Firm greyish yellow sandy clay	0.31	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
667	66700		firm, mid grey brown with yellow hue, sandy clay with frequent chalk flecking and fragments	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
667	66701		friable, mid greyish brown sndy loam	0.31	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
668	66800		firm, yellow brown, sandy clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
668	66801		firm mid brownish, clayey loam,	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
669	66900		Firm, light greyish brown with yellow hue, sandy clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
669	66901		Firm, mid brownish grey sandy loam	0.32	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
670	67000		Firm, datk yellow, sandy clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
670	67001		Firm, dark grey brown, clay loam	0.58	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
671	67100		Firm, dark brown, clay/ loam	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
671	67101		Firm, dark grey, clay	0.28	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
672	67200		Firm grye yellow clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
672	67201		Firm, dark grey brown, clay loam	0.45	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
673	67300		Firm, mid brownish yellow, sandy clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
673	67301		Firm, dark greyish brown, clayey loam	0.5	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
673	67302	67302	Cut of furrow	N/A	> 1.8	1.92
673	67303	67303	Cut of furrow	N/A	> 1.8	2.54
673	67304	67304	Cut of furrow	N/A	> 1.8	2.83
673	67306	67306	Cut of furrow	N/A	> 1.8	1.06
673	67307	67307	Cut of furrow	N/A	> 1.8	2.15
674	67400		Firm, mid greyish yellow sandy clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
674	67401		Firm, dark greyish brown, clayey loam	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
675	67500		Firm, mid greyish yellow, sandy clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
675	67501		Firm, dark brownish grey, sandy clay loam	0.31	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
675	67502	67502	Cut of furrow	NFE	> 1.8	1.73

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
675	67503	67503	Cut of furrow	NFE	> 1.8	0.52
676	67600		Firm, mid greyish yellow, sandy clay	0.3	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
676	67601		Firm, brownish grey, clayey loam	0.1	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
677	67700		Firm, greyish yellow, sandy clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
677	67701		Firm, dark greyish brown, clayey loam	0.23	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
677	67702		Firm dark grey brown clay loam	NFE	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
677	67703	67703	Cut of furrow	NFE	29.5	> 2.65
678	67800		Firm, mid greyish yellow sandy clay with occ. patches of blue clay and frequent chalk flecking and S-M sized fragments	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
678	67801		Firm, dark greyish brown, clayey loam	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
678	67802	67802	Cut of furrow	NFE	> 2	1.32
678	67803	67803	Cut of furrow	NFE	> 2	1.01
678	67804	67804	Cut of furrow	NFE	> 2	1.88

Trench	Context	Cut Number (Parent Context)	Context description	Depth (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)
679	67900		Firm, greyish yellow, sandy clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
679	67901		Firm, dark greyish brown claye loam	0.27	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
679	67902	67903	Fill of furrow [67903], firm dark grey blue, sandy clay with occ, chalk flecking	0.26	2	1.22
679	67903	67903	Cut of furrow F/B (67902), sharp cut at top, regular, concave sides with gradual cut towards base and a regular concave base	0.26	2	1.22
679	67904	67903	Cut of furrow	NFE	> 2	2.87
679	67905	67903	Cut of furrow	NFE	> 2	3.31
679	67906	67903	Cut of furrow	NFE	> 2	4.65
679	67907	67903	Cut of furrow	NFE	> 2	2.57
680	68001		Firm, dark greyish brown claye loam	0.24	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH
680	68002		Firm, light greyish yellow sandy clay	N/A	WHOLE TRENCH	WHOLE TRENCH

Appendix B: Specialist Reports

Animal Remains Assemblage

Matilda Holmes

Introduction

A moderate assemblage of 3351 refitted fragments were recovered, of which 1224 were identified to species or family. This report aims to characterise the zooarchaeology, assess the potential for understanding human-animal interactions at the site, and its significance on a local, regional and national level. Further analysis is recommended, with good potential for further excavation to add to the zooarchaeology recovered.

Methodology

Bones were fully recorded and those that could not be identified to species were, where possible, categorised according to the relative size of the animal represented (micro – rat/ vole size; small – cat/ rabbit size; medium – sheep/ pig/ dog size; or large – cattle/ horse size). Sieved samples were collected but because of the highly fragmentary nature of such samples a selective process was undertaken, whereby fragments were recorded only if they could be identified to species and/ or element or showed signs of taphonomic processes. Marine and terrestrial shells were recorded if the apex of terrestrial snails and gastropods and the hinge of bivalve molluscs were present.

Tooth wear and eruption were recorded using guidelines from Grant (1982) and Payne (1973). Bone fusion, metrical data (von den Driesch 1976), anatomy, side, zone (Serjeantson 1996) and any evidence of pathological changes, butchery (Lauwerier 1988) and working were noted. The surface condition of bones was recorded on a scale of 0-5, where 0 is fresh bone and 5, the bone is falling apart (Behrensmeyer in Lyman 1994, 355). Other taphonomic factors included the incidence of burning, gnawing, recent breakage and refitted fragments. Details of Associated Bone Groups (ABGs) were recorded in a separate table.

Quantification of anatomical elements from each context employed two methods: the Number of Individual Specimens (NISP) records all refitted fragments from a single bone/ tooth as one specimen; the Minimum Number of Elements (MNE) records all refitted fragments that could potentially be from a single element as a count of one, taking into account age, side and part of the bone present. Both counts are included in the appendix, but only NISPs are presented in the tables, as the results are similar.

Summary of Findings

Bones were in good to fair condition, but fragmentary, with a sizeable number of refitted fragments and loose teeth (Table 1). Approximately 17% of the assemblage had been gnawed, indicating delayed burial of some contexts. Evidence for butchery and burning were minimal, though the samples from pit 44505 produced c.50 small, indeterminate burnt and calcined bone fragments.

There were no obvious deposits of primary butchery, skin-processing or craft-working waste, though Roman ditch 49634 produced two sheep/ goat metapodials with polished shafts, and Roman ditch 49214 a red deer antler fragment with saw marks on the beam. It is notable that ditch 49214 also produced a large part of a cattle skull including both horncores and the occipital, with evidence of skinning. Primary contexts are implied by an unfused cattle radius recovered alongside the associated epiphysis in Roman feature 49222 (context 49220) and three associated bone groups (ABGs). Iron Age/ Roman ditch 49708 (context 49711) included a sheep partial skeleton (vertebra, pelvis, radius and hind limbs) with evidence of disarticulation; and Roman pit 49212 (context 49213) the right hind leg (tibia and tarsals). Both may represent the processing of an animal in a single episode, and/ or the symbolic use of animals or animal parts. Another ABG was recovered from Roman possible paleochannel (context 49006) comprising a dog/

fox foot (distal metapodial and two first phalanges), which may be a disturbed dog burial, result from skinning waste, or have been used as a talisman.

Iron Age/ Roman

Numerous ditches and two pits produced a few animal remains (Table 2), with larger quantities of identified livestock (ten or more fragments) recovered from ditches 49708 and 21105. The sole identified zooarchaeology from the latter were numerous sheep/ goat teeth, most likely from the head and mandible of one individual. Cattle and sheep/ goats were most common of the main domesticates, though pigs and dogs/ foxes were also present in addition to red deer, hare/ rabbit, and oysters. A large quantity of terrestrial snails were produced from the samples, of which the Helicellinae family prefer dry, open grassland, while Oxyloma pfeifferi is found in damp habitats.

Roman

A substantial assemblage was recovered from Roman features, often as small deposits from numerous features (Table 2), though larger samples were produced from ditches 48412, 49214, 49611, 49630, 49634, 51918, 58203 and 62917, feature 49222 and pits 22907 and 49212. Cattle were slightly more common than sheep/ goats, recovered alongside a few pigs, horses/ donkeys, dogs/ foxes, red deer, micro-mammals (water vole, bank/ field vole, wood mouse and common shrew) and shellfish (oysters and mussels). Numerous terrestrial snail shells were recovered, most being catholic in their preferences, but the Oxychilidae family prefer damp habitats, so it is not unexpected they were present in a paleochannel.

Medieval

Three unidentified fragments were recovered from ditch 49710.

Undated

A few features remain undated (Table 2), none with large zooarchaeological deposits. Cattle, sheep/ goats, pig, horse/ donkey and a few terrestrial snails were recovered. Of note is the inclusion of Helicella itala, indicative of dry, calcareous grassland.

Potential and Significance

The zooarchaeology is in good condition, and provides a large enough sample size from Roman features for further analysis to be worthwhile. Metrical and mortality data (in the form of tooth wear and eruption and long bone fusion), were recorded in enough quantity to allow some consideration of the animal economy, but high fragmentation means that sex data is minimal. Nonetheless, the assemblage has good potential to provide information relating to diet, economy and status of those living in the area, though limited to local significance and possible comparison with other sites in the area, depending on the resolution that can be produced from further dating.

Recommendations

Based on the provisional dating available, and nature of the assemblage as discussed above, it is recommended that the zooarchaeology is subject to full analysis and interpretation to better understand the diet, economy and status of those living in the area in the Roman period.

Recommendations for selection and retention will be made following full analysis.

Timetable for further work

Task	Description	Time(hrs)
Analysis	Tabulate or otherwise illustrate data, including quantification of taxa and anatomical elements, mortality, sex, metrical and taphonomic data	7
Interpretation	Consider the findings in relation to the research themes described above	14
Total		

	Preservation			Total	Bone Modification				Loose: in situ
Period	Good	Fair	Poor		Gnawed	Butchered	Burnt	Refit	teeth
Iron Age/ Roman	32	14	2	48	8	3		6	2.6:1
Roman	170	66	12	248	42	15	4	35	1:1
Undated	12	5	2	19	2			4	2:1

Table 1: Condition and taphonomic factors affecting the bones identified to taxa and/ or element. Teeth included where stated

X

| | | | Hand-collected | | | | | | | | Samples | | | | | | | |

| | | | Hand-collected | | | | | | | | Samples | | | | | | | |

| | | | Hand-collected | | | | | | | | Samples | | | | | | | |

| | | | Hand-collected | | | | | | | | Samples | | | | | | | |

| | | | Hand-collected | | | | | | | | Samples | | | | | | | |

| | | | Hand-collected | | | | | | | | Samples | | | | | | | |

| | | | Hand-collected | | | | | | | | Samples | | | | | | | |

| | | | Hand-collected | | | | | | | | Samples | | | | | | | |

| | | | Hand-collected | | | | | | | | Samples | | | | | | | |

The Prehistoric and Roman Pottery Assemblage

Andrew Peachey

Trial-trench excavations recovered a total of 2987 sherds (19868g) of prehistoric and Roman pottery, principally comprised of Late Iron Age to late 1st/early 2nd century AD sherds, likely with a focus on consumption in the pre-Roman Late Iron Age to Conquest-period, but also with a sporadic, relatively rare incidence of late Roman (4th century AD) sherds, typically in ditches and associated with substantive residual sherds from the Late Iron Age/early Roman period. The assemblage is in a relatively highly fragmented condition, with a modest incidence of diagnostic sherds. The Late Iron Age to Early Roman pottery includes sparse 'native' hand-made wares, principally shell-tempered jars, including a single Scored Ware jar. The assemblage is dominated by 'Belgic' grog-tempered vessels, both hand-made and wheel-made, principally necked bowls, with sparse storage jars, jars and a beaker, while associated shell-tempered wares are almost entirely comprised of channel-rim, lid-seated jars. Other Early Roman vessels are rare but include coarse ware bowls with a s-profile and a narrow-neck jar, isolated distinctive jars from the industries at Godmanchester and Horningsea, and a single heavily mortarium from Verulamium. The late Roman pottery is principally distinguished by Lower Nene Valley colour-coated ware and Oxford red-slipped ware, but also includes black-burnished ware, sandy grey ware, and shell-tempered jars with everted triangular bead rims (indistinguishable by fabric from their early Roman counterparts). The Late Iron Age to Early Roman pottery is relatively sparsely distributed with a single concentration of 499 small sherds (1359g) in Trench 194, with modest groups of more substantive and diagnostic sherds in trenches 492, 496 and 497, as well as trenches 198, 513 and 587 (Table 3).

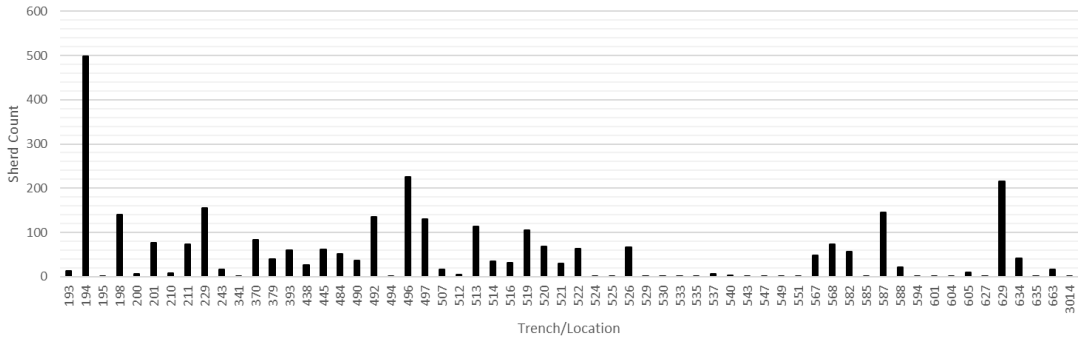


Table 3: Sherd count per trench

Methodology

The pottery was quantified by sherd count and weight (g), with fabrics analysed at x20 magnification and all data entered into a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet that forms part of the site archive; in accordance with the Standard for Pottery Studies in Archaeology (Barclay et al 2016), which complement the guidelines of the Study Group for Roman Pottery (i.e. Darling 2004). Where possible, fabric types have been cross-referenced with the National Roman Fabric Reference Collection (Tomber & Dore 1998), while local or indistinguishable coarse wares were assigned an alpha-numeric code and are fully described in the report, or referenced to major type sites/kiln groups in the area. Samian ware form types refer to the standardised form types/codes outlined in Webster (1996). The pottery fabrics are described below (Table 4) and quantified (Table 5).

Discussion of Pottery Supply

A total of five prehistoric handmade fabric groups and 20 wheel-made Roman fabric groups were identified (Tables 4-5). The prehistoric handmade sherds include seven small body sherds of flint-tempered ware (F1), which are likely of late Bronze Age/early Iron Age date although origins from the Neolithic onward cannot be discounted. However, the bulk of the handmade sherds, principally shell-tempered (S1, S2) with sparse sand-tempered variants (Q1, QG1) have a currency spanning the Middle to Late iron Age and are likely contemporary with 'Belgic' fabrics in the 1st century BC/AD, although as some groups occur in isolation, they may suggest preceding activity. The dominant 1st century BC/AD 'Belgic' fabric (SOB GT) and the wheel made shell-tempered wares (ROB SH) were likely produced locally and are also dominant in Late Iron Age/Transitional groups at Little Paxton, likely pre-dating c.AD60 (Hancocks 2011, 113: Phase 4). The bulk of the remaining Roman fabric types are consistent with the final decades of this period, if not the immediate succeeding decades. These include local coarse wares (GRF1, BSW1, GRS1 & OXS1), rare provenanced coarse wares from the region of eastern England (LOV OX, UNV WH, VER WH & HOR RE) and a single mortaria (VER WH(M). The rare sherds that indicate continuity into the 2nd century AD comprise very rare samian ware imported from central Gaul (LMV SA & LEZ SA2), which are associated with the same range of local coarse wares, as well as white wares from Godmanchester (GOD WH & GOD FW). Broadly considered, this pattern of consumption appears conducive with scattered domestic activity, if not focussed occupation, likely of modest status, from the final decades of the 1st century BC, peaking in the Roman Conquest period, and potentially continuing to the early 2nd century AD.

Fabric Code	Fabric Description
Late Iron Age ('native' hand-made)	
F1	Flint-tempered ware. Orange-brown surfaces over a dark grey core. Inclusions comprise common crushed flint (generally 0.5-3mm, occasionally to 5mm).
S1	Shell-tempered ware (handmade). Common to abundant fossiliferous and plate-like shell (generally 0.5-3mm, occasionally to 5mm)
S2	Fine shell-tempered ware (handmade). Common to abundant shell/limestone (0.25-1.5mm) with occasional quartz (<0.5mm) and flint (<2mm)
Q1	Sand-tempered ware (handmade). Black to dark red-brown surfaces over a very dark grey core, with inclusions of common-abundant, moderately sorted quartz (0.25-0.5mm), sparse fine mica, occasional flint and organics/shell/voids (<5mm).
QG1	Sand-and-grog-tempered ware (handmade). Black to dark grey-brown surfaces over a very dark grey core, with inclusions of common quartz (0.1-0.25mm) and grog (0.5-1.5mm).
Samian ware	
LMV SA	Les Martres-de-Veyre samian ware (Tomber & Dore 1998, 30)
LEZ SA2	Lezoux samian ware 2 (Tomber & Dore 1998, 32)
Romano-British fine ware	
LNV CC	Lower Nene Valley colour-coated ware (Tomber & Dore 1998, 118)
OXF RS	Oxfordshire red-slipped ware (Tomber & Dore 1998, 176)
Coarse ware	
SOB GT	Southern British ('Belgic') grog-tempered ware (Tomber & Dore 1998, 214), wheel-made, oxidised red-orange to dark brown-grey
ROB SH	Romano-British shell-tempered ware 1 (Tomber & Dore 1998, 212), wheel-made with common, moderately sorted shell or voids (0.5-3mm, occasionally larger)
BSW1	Romanising/Black-Surfaced grey ware. Dark grey to black surfaces and core, with oxidised margins. Inclusions comprise poorly-sorted common angular quartz (0.1-0.5mm) with sparse grog (<2mm). A slightly abrasive sandy feel.
GRS1	Sandy grey ware 1. Mid-dark grey surfaces over lighter margins and a mid grey core. Inclusions comprise common quartz (0.1-0.25mm), sparse fine mica and sparse black iron rich grains (0.25-1.5mm). A hard fabric with a slightly abrasive to smooth feel.
LOV OX	Lower Ouse Valley oxidised ware (Sutton et al 2020, 3-4; Hancocks et al 2003, 208: O06.2). Mid orange to orange-brown; inclusions comprise well-sorted common translucent and white sub-rounded quartz (c.0.5mm), sparse black iron ore and occasional limestone (both <0.5mm) and red clay pellets, typically containing visible sand (0.25-1.5mm).

Fabric Code	Fabric Description
OXS1	Oxidised sandy ware. Mid orange; inclusions comprise moderately-sorted common quartz (0.1-0.5mm), sparse shell voids and red iron stone (both 0.5-3mm). A slightly abrasive fabric
VER WH	Verulamium region white ware (Tomber & Dore 1998, 154-5; Seeley and Drummond-Murray 2005, 84; Davies et al 1994, 41)
GOD WH	Godmanchester white sandy ware (Hancocks 2003, 209: P06.1), although a Verulamium source cannot be discounted (Tomber & Dore 1998, 154)
GOD WS	Godmanchester white-slipped ware (Hancocks 2003, 207: G06.1)
GOD FW	Godmanchester fine white ware (Hancocks 2003, 209: P04.1)
UNV WH	Upper Nene Valley white ware 1. Pale-brown to cream surfaces, off-white to pale orange margins and a mid grey core. Inclusions comprise sparse quartz and red/black iron rich grains (<0.5mm) and grog (<2.5mm). A hard fabric with a lumpy to smooth finish.
HOR RE	Horningsea reduced ware (Tomber and Dore 1998, 116; Evans 2017, 52). Mid to dark grey surfaces (white-slipped) with a reduced mid-grey core. Inclusions comprise common quartz (0.1-0.5mm) with sparse limestone and grog/ironstone (generally <2mm) and occasional flint (0.5-5mm)
COL BB2	Colchester black-burnished ware 2 (Tomber & Dore 1998, 131)
Mortaria	
VER WH(M)	Verulamium region white ware mortaria (Tomber & Dore 1998, 154-5; Seeley and Drummond-Murray 2005, 84; Davies et al 1994, 41)
OXF WS(M)	Oxfordshire white-slipped ware mortaria (Tomber & Dore 1998, 176)
Amphorae	
BAT AM2	Baetican (late) amphorae 2 (Tomber & Dore 1998, 85)

Table 4: Fabric codes and descriptions

Fabric	Sherd Count	Weight (g)	R.EVE
F1	7	30	0
S1	135	1209	0.35
S2	48	238	0.05
Q1	51	200	0.05
QG1	138	510	0.1
LMV SA	1	4	0.05
LEZ SA2	1	2	0
LNV CC	20	166	0.17
OXF RS	8	68	0
SOB GT	1701	9158	2.51
ROB SH	704	4720	1.95
BSW1	39	331	0.3
GRS1	75	1142	0.22
LOV OX	37	927	0.25
OXS1	8	68	0
VER WH	1	11	0
GOD WH	1	21	0.1
GOD FW	1	3	0
GOD WS	2	33	0
HOR RE	1	60	0.12
UNV WH	2	114	0
COL BB2	1	71	0
VER WH(M)	3	310	0.15
OXF WS(M)	1	9	0
BAT AM2	1	443	0
Total	*2987*	*19848*	*6.37*

Table 5: Quantification of fabric types

Discussion of Pottery by Fabric Group

Two small plain body sherds of prehistoric flint-tempered fabric F1 were contained in ditch [52204], likely as residual material although they are not associated with any later sherds. This fabric is most consistent with late Bronze Age to early Iron Age ceramics from the region, although closely comparable fabrics were utilized from the Neolithic onwards, including for Middle Neolithic Peterborough Impressed ware from Area A of the East Park Energy site.

The common handmade fabric types feasibly have a currency that spans the Middle to Late Iron Ages, potentially commencing in the 5th century BC, if not earlier, but in this assemblage

appears to represent vessels consumed no earlier than the 1st century BC. The coarse shell-tempered fabric (S1) broadly defines the ceramic style of the handmade vessels, comprised of relatively crude ovoid and barrel- shape jars (or bowls) comparable to vessels recorded at Little Paxton (Hancocks 2011, 102 & 107: figs.3.26.26 & 3.31.93). These S1 jars include examples in ditchs [48412], [49214] and gully [49605]. A further jar with this profile, I ditch [49611], exhibits external scored decoration and is commensurate with the East Midlands Scored Ware tradition that characterizes much of the middle to late Iron Age pottery in the region of the site, including at Little Paxton (Hancocks 2011, 103: fig.3.27.40). The remaining handmade wares likely reflect variations (choices) in using local raw materials and temper, rather than functional variation, and include the same types of jar with plain bodies, including an example in S2 in gully [45421], in Q1 in ditch [49611] and in QG1 in ditch [62917].

The imported samian ware is limited to very rare sherds that reflect a degree of continuity into the early 2nd century AD. Ditch [49709] contained part of a Dr.33 conical cup that was likely manufactured in the early 2nd century AD, while a small flake of LEZ SA2 in ditch [49708] was unlikely to have been imported pre-c.AD120.

The remaining fine ware in the assemblage, which comprises LNV CC and OXF RS, can be attributed to 4th century AD activity on the site, which appears to have deposited material in ditch [19803], gully [49605], pit [49212] and palaeochannel (49006); in each instance in association with greater quantities if Late Iron Age/Early Roman material, which may be residual or imply the features remained open throughout the period. The Lower Nene Valley colour-coated ware included an over-fired shallow plain rim in ditch [19803] and a jar with an out-turned, angular bead rim in palaeochannel (49006), each typical of the 4th century AD (Perrin 1999, 103 & 107: figs.63.234 & 65.279); while the OXF RS also in ditch [19803] comprised the footring of an indeterminate bowl, with the fabric rising in prominence in the region in the latter half of the 4th century AD.

Sherds of ‘Belgic’ grog-tempered ware (SOB GT) are near ubiquitous across the trenches and are the most common coarse ware (Table XX3) and only exhibit a very limited range of form types. Over half of the SOB GT vessels appear to have been necked bowls, but fur to fragmentation the bulk of defined only by everted bead rims with a diameter of c.18-20cm and cannot be assigned a precise type, but are almost entirely wheelmade and consistent with types that dominated in the 1st century AD. Examples in pit [44504] and ditch [51628] exhibited a plain cordon above a strongly rounded shoulder/girth (Thompson 1982, 319: type D2-1), while a single example in ditch [49634] exhibited a rounded plain shoulder cordon (Thompson 1982, 309: type D1-3) and is typically post-Conquest. Two bowls, in ditch 49630] and gully [58803] had deep concave necks with a ridge cordon, above a carinated body (Thompson 1982, 351: type E1-1) and may be classified as ‘cups’ but appear here in the same size range as the other necked bowls. SOB GT drinking vessels appear to be limited to rare beakers, including the down-turned small triangular bead rim of a necked butt beaker in ditch [43812], and a plain barrel-shape butt beaker (Thompson 1982, 507: type G5-1) in ditch [49630] which has glossy black burnished external surfaces and is typically post-Conquest.

SOB GT jars have a fairly ephemeral presence, potentially relative to a preference for shell-tempered cooking pots, but are distinctive in that they are all hand-made (perhaps finished on a slow-wheel), contrasting with the rather higher-quality wheel-made bowls. Notable, the jars include the trumpet pedestal base of an urn in ditch [51622] (SF51601) that while not well-

finished would have been a very prominent vessel type; supplemented by rather more utilitarian plain rim jars with internally thickened rims (Thompson 1982, 235: type C3) in ditches [19803] and [21105], and a channel rim, lid-seated jar (Thompson 1982, 245: type C5-1), the latter of which has a heavily sooted exterior that likely reflects a function as a cooking pot over a hearth. Conversely, the SOB GT also includes sparse evidence for storage jars, which were hand- or coil-built for their robust size and weight. These appear defined by an example in gully [52014] with an everted bead rim, line of stabbing on the shoulder, below which the body has combed surfaces (Thompson 1982, 257: type C6-1), which were introduced in the Late pre-Roman Iron Age but continue for a significant duration in the Roman period, with further rim sherds in ditches [19503], [19803] and [51208].

The SOB GT is clearly complemented and contemporary with the bulk of the common wheel-made shell-tempered ware (ROB SH) (Table XX3), likely produced in the west Cambridgeshire (fen-edge), Ouzel and Nene Valley regions, but caveated by rare late Roman sherds that were likely produced in the Lower Nene Valley or Harrold, Bedfordshire, which cannot be distinguished by fabric alone. The ROB SH is principally comprised of channel-rim, lid-seated jars, typically with relatively thin, plain walls and a consistent rim diameter of c.14-16cm, including examples in ditches [49630], [49634] (x2), [51306], [51410], [55103], [58203] (x2), gully [52014], and pit [44504]. The bulk of these are limited to small rim sherds, but the high incidence of sooting on body sherds suggests they were favoured as cooking pots rather than storage vessels. In contrast, a single contemporary well-finished wide-rimmed jar with a slight bead rim (Thompson 1982, 223: type C1-3) in ditch [49634] has a neatly rilled exterior and no evidence of burning, suggesting it functioned as a storage or serving vessel. Like the SOB GT, the ROB SH includes highly fragmented parts of robust everted bead rims that indicate the presence of long-lived storage vessels in ditch [58203] and gully [52014]. In contrast to these vessels, but demonstration the enduring use of fossilierous clay resources in the region, the rare late Roman sherds include distinctive ROB SH jars with strongly everted rims with triangular, slightly undercut rims that are typical of types that develop in the mid/late 2nd centuries AD, becoming progressively more common through the late 3rd to 4th centuries AD and forming a significant part of the output of the industry at Harrold, Bedfordshire, and also from kilns in the Lower Nene Valley, including examples from ditch [19803] and pit [49212].

The Romanised coarse wares have a tentative and limited presence in the assemblage consistent with the decades immediately following the Roman Conquest in the mid/late 1st century AD when technological innovations were only beginning to take hold in local production (BSW1, GRS1 & OXS1), including in defined industries in the region, such as the Lower Ouse Valley (LOV OX), Upper Nene Valley (UNV WH) and Godmanchester (GOD WH), as well as regionally-traded products from major centers such as Verulamium (VER WH). In total, excluding SOB GT and ROB SH, Romanised coarse wares account for just 5.6% of the assemblage by sherd count (Table 5), and this may include some late Roman GRS1. The BSW1 includes two mid 1st to 2nd century AD bowls that evolved from the 'Belgic' types produced in SOB GT. They include, in ditch [49207] an s-profile bowl with a girth groove, and in ditch [51410] a bowl with an everted bead rim, shallow neck and groove on the shoulder/girth, consistent with types common in contemporary assemblages from the region, including at Orton Hall Farm (Perrin 1996, 126: fig.82.72). The GRS1 is dominated by sherds from a large jar with an out-curving, everted bead rim in ditch [51306], which is comparable to an example at Little Paxton (Hancocks 2011, 239: fig.4.30.2) and in this instance, is highly suspected as a product

of the Horningsea industry at the southern edge of the Fens, complementing a distinct storage jar (below). Conversely the GRS1 in pit [49212] is distinctly late Roman and includes a shallow dish with a grooved rim associated with the everted bead rim of a jar; the former a generic coarse ware product that emerges in the mid/late 3rd century AD and remains common throughout the 4th century AD.

Diagnostic sherds of the provenanced coarse wares are limited to a single vessel per fabric variant, highlighting the limited impact they had on consumption patterns, potentially close to the cessation of the major period of consumption in the late 1st/early 2nd centuries AD. The most prominent of these is a narrow-neck jar in Lower Ouse Valley oxidised ware (LOV OX) in ditch [49708], which has a plain shoulder cordon on a globular body hand appears to have been produced in the late 1st to 2nd centuries AD (Sutton et al 2020, 10: fig.9d). Intriguingly, this is associated with a Godmanchester white ware (GOD WH) jar and a Horningsea ware (HOR RE) storage jar; products of Cambridgeshire industries that surround the fenland. Both are distinctive form types: the GOD WH jar has an everted bifid rim on a short neck with two grooves on the shoulder (Evans 2003, 46: fig.25.6), while the HOR RE has strongly everted, long bead rim covered in white slip, characteristic of that industry, and likely contemporary with the LOV OX narrow-neck jar. The only exception to this pattern is a basal fragment of black-burnished ware 2 (COL BB2) in palaeochannel (49006), which appears to be from a dish with a burnished radial zig-zag pattern on the internal floor, and appears associated with late Roman sherds.

Mortaria are rare in the assemblage but include a late 1st to early 2nd century AD mortar from Verulamium (VER WH(M)) in ditch [51306], while a single body sherd of mortaria from the Oxford industry (OXF WS(M)) was present in ditch [19803], consistent with other late 3rd to 4th century AD sherds in that deposit. The VER WH(M) has a small low internal bead and a long drooping flange, comparable to examples also supplied to Little Paxton (Hancocks 2011, 229: fig.4.25.1), and notably with classic flint trituration grits that have been heavily worn to near smooth prior to the mortar being broken and discarded.

Similar to the mortaria, the specialist transport vessels of amphorae have a negligible presence, limited to a body sherd of an amphora from Baetica, southern Spain (BAT AM2) contained in ditch [49404]. It likely represents a Dressel 20 amphorae, the most common type of amphorae in Roman Britain, used to import olive oil in the mid 1st to mid 3rd centuries AD, and with a myriad of secondary uses.

In conclusion, the Roman pottery presents a relatively sparse distribution of sherds, principally in ditches and is dominated by a mix of 1st century AD utilitarian vessels, principally necked bowls and lid-seated jars in grog-tempered ‘Belgic’ ware (SOB GT) and shell-tempered ware, supplemented by limited quantities of hand-made Middle to Late Iron Age vessels, that likely continued as contemporary jars in the 1st centuries BC/AD. The flourit of activity likely spans the Roman Conquest period, extending to some extent to the late 1st/early 2nd centuries AD, when low quantities of local Roman coarse wares, as well as rare samian ware, mortaria and amphoroa have a limited impact on consumption patterns. This pattern of consumption is consistent with modest status rural domestic occupation but based on the limited magnitude of the diagnostic groups does not appear to include any primary rubbish/dump deposits, rather the casual disposal or clearing of waste material. The presence of a sparse scatter of late Roman sherds, including fine wares from the Lower Nene Valley and Oxford industries is likely

derivative from nearby nucleated settlement (the Scheduled Monument area), where urban occupation of that period subsequently developed.

The limited scope of the assemblage, both in terms of wares and chronology, contrasts with the broader patterns of consumption at nearby substantive rural settlement sites that include contemporary phases of occupation. At Tort Hill West, close to Ermine Street, there is substantial consumption of comparable 'Belgic' and related pottery in the transitional period of c.AD50-75, although clearly some form types in this assemblage continue from the 'Early Belgic Iron Age' period at Tort Hill West, ascribed a date of c.AD20-50 (Hancocks et al 1998, 34 & 77). The apparent decline of consumption apparent in this assemblage appears slightly earlier than at Tort Hill West and may have been a direct response to the Roman Conquest rather than a broad-scale reorganisation of the landscape that followed in that period. The pattern of consumption in this assemblage, as well as the sparse scattering of moderately to highly fragmented sherds in ditches is comparable to the contemporary patterns observed in the Late Iron Age/Transitional (Phase 4) groups at Little Paxton c.4km to the east, dated up to c.AD60 (Hancocks 2011, 111), and also at Haddon, where it is succeeded by Early Roman occupation, including the consumption of Romanised versions of similar lid-seated jars as are present here, which is followed by significant 2nd century AD activity, present as a faint echo in this assemblage. This pattern is also paralleled in Phase 1-2 at Eaton Socon, c.5km to the south-east, where it is a subset of rural occupation that continues to span the Roman period (Seager-Smith 2005, 2-5).

For the purposes of assessment (evaluation), no further recording or analysis is required, but this data should be integrated with any forthcoming from future mitigation on the same site, and potentially adjacent areas. There is the potential for 15-25 prehistoric to Roman vessels to be illustrated.

The Post-Roman Pottery Assemblage

Peter Thompson

The archaeological trial-trenching recovered 29 sherds (289g) of medieval pottery and five sherds (115g) of post-medieval pottery (Table 6), including a small group of 14 sherds (171g) of medieval pottery in ditch [37907], bit otherwise very sparsely scattered in the topsoil/subsoil, furrows and consolidated ground layers. The medieval sherds include fabric types that span the Saxo-Norman to 15th centuries although consistent with consumption pattern in the region, do not form a homogenous group and are limited to slightly abraded non-diagnostic body sherds, likely re-distributed through agricultural processes.

Period	Sherd Count	Weight (g)	Mean sherd weight (g)
Medieval	29	289	9.97
Post-medieval	5	115	23
Total	*34*	*404*	*11.88*

Table 6: Quantification of pottery sherds by period

Methodology

The sherds were examined and recorded according to the 'Standard for Pottery Studies in Archaeology' (Barclay et al 2016; Tables 6 & 7), developed in part from the Medieval Pottery Research Group Guidelines. Fabric codes are those used for the Cambridgeshire medieval pottery type series (Spoerry 2016). All data has been entered into a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet that forms the catalogue of pottery for the archive.

Fabric and date range	Cambs. Fabric Code	Reference or Description	Sherd Count.	Weight (g)	R.EVE
Medieval					
Stamford ware	STAM	(Kilmurry 1980)	1	1	0
St Neots ware	NEOT	(Hurst 1956)	2	24	0
Huntingdon Fen Sandy ware	HUNSFW	(Spoerry 2016, 148 & 158)	9	71	0
Developed Stamford ware	DEST	(Spoerry 2016, 227)	1	8	0
Medieval Shelly ware	MSHW	(Spoerry 2016, 240)	8	57	0
Medieval Ely ware	MEL	(Spoerry 2008)	1	21	0
Bourne-type medieval ware A	BOUA	(Spoerry 2016, 218)	1	5	0
Huntingdon Late Medieval Calcareous ware	HUNCAL	(Spoerry 2016, 243)	5	96	0
Unprovenanced Glazed ware	UPG	Very thin walled; pale orange surfaces with a splash of green glaze; pale grey core; very fine sandy fabric with rare other inclusions of coarser quartz and red iron ore.	1	6	0
Medieval Total			*29*	*289*	*0*
Post-medieval					
Glazed Red earthen ware	GRE	-	5	115	0
Post-medieval Total			*5*	*115*	*0*
Overall Total			*34*	*404*	*0*

Table 7: Quantification of Post-Roman Pottery by sherd number and fabric weight

Discussion

The medieval pottery included a group of 14 body sherds (171g) in ditch [37907], which was comprised of body sherds, likely from cooking pots in local coarse wares, including DNEOT, MSHW and HUNCAL, which suggest they were deposited in the 13th to 14th centuries, potentially scattered from rural occupation in the local landscape. The presence of rare STAM

and NEOT, even as un-stratified material attests to the presence of Saxo-Norman activity in the local landscape, but medieval supply appears expectedly dominated by Huntingdon-region fabrics (HUNFSW, HUNCAL & MSHW), supplemented by sherds from other centres in the fenland associated with pottery production, including Ely and Bourne.

Further work

There is no further work required at the assessment (evaluation) stage. If further data is integrated, the assemblage may be usefully compared with two or three other assemblages from the area.

The Ceramic Building Materials and Fired Clay Assemblage

Andrew Peachey

The archaeological trial-trenching recovered 29 sherds (289g) of medieval pottery and five sherds (115g) of post-medieval pottery (Table 8), including a small group of 14 sherds (171g) of medieval pottery in ditch [37907], bit otherwise very sparsely scattered in the topsoil/subsoil, furrows and consolidated ground layers. The medieval sherds include fabric types that span the Saxo-Norman to 15th centuries although consistent with consumption pattern in the region, do not form a homogenous group and are limited to slightly abraded non-diagnostic body sherds, likely re-distributed through agricultural processes.

Period	Material	Type	Fragment Count	Weight (g)
LIA/Roman	Fired clay	Misc.	231	277
Roman	CBM4	Tegulae	19	224
	CBM5		9	54
Medieval to Post-medieval	CBM1	Peg tile	21	336
	CBM3		10	122
Post-medieval to Modern	CBM2	Engineering brick	1	28
	Misc. red brick	n/a	6	261
	Field drain	n/a	1	12
Total			*298*	*1314*

Table 8: quantification of CBM by period, fabric and type

Roman

The fired clay occurs in a mottled pale brown to dark brown-black, fine silty fabric with sparse inclusions of black iron-rich grains and quartz (both 0.1-0.5mm), sparse fine mica, and occasional chalk (0.5-3mm); consistent with materials typically encountered as part of daub or related packed clay construction. However, the fired clay is limited to small amorphous fragments, representing degraded material, likely derived from structures (small buildings/ovens?) in the near vicinity, and scattered/cleared around an area of occupation. A minor group of 140 very small fragments (86g) was contained in pit [44504], without any discernable function, but otherwise the fired clay was very sparsely scattered.

The Roman CBM occurs in two fabrics (CBM5 & CBM4) that would both have been produced in the local area:

CBM5	Mid orange; inclusions of common quartz (0.1-25-0.5mm) with occasional chalk and flint (generally <3mm, occasionally larger). Slightly abrasive.
CBM4	Pale orange surfaces fading to a mid grey core; inclusions comprise common fine quartz (0.1-0.25mm), sparse dark grey/black iron-rich grains (0.1-0.5mm) and occasional limestone/calcite (0.5-2mm). A hard powdery fabric.

Fabric CBM4 included the flanged edge of a tegula roof tile in pit [49212] with a substantive body fragment of comparable tile present in ditch [55103]; while fabric CBM5 included small body fragments from a single roof tile in ditch [49708]. The negligible presence of Roman CBM suggests there was not a building in the near vicinity with a ceramic roof, and that either the Roman CBM had a secondary function in hearths or similar features, or that a simple building had a limited tiled component, such as a porch or threshold.

Medieval to Post-medieval

The medieval to post-medieval roof (peg) tile was manufactured in two fabrics: CBM1 and CBM3, both with an extensive currency from the 12th century onwards, reflecting the availability of raw materials in the fenland and fen edge area, including the Great Ouse valley:

CBM1	Pale orange to red; contains common to abundant fossiliferous shell or voids (typically 0.5-3mm, occasionally to 5mm).
CBM3	Pale to mid orange; a fine silty fabric with sparse chalk/limestone or voids (0.25-3mm).

The peg tile was present in small fragments, including fragments of both fabrics in ditch [55103], potentially redeposited in a field boundary, with the remainder very sparsely scattered in topsoil and furrow contexts, likely also by agricultural processes (manuring etc.). Isolated fragments of engineering brick and field drain likely represent components of Victorian to modern drainage features that were subsequently truncated by deep ploughing and distributed in the topsoil.

The Struck and Burnt Flint Assemblage

Andrew Peachey

Trial-trench investigations recovered 88 pieces (462g) of struck flint and 71 very small fragments (79g) of burnt flint (Table 9). The struck flint occurred with varying degrees of patination, including heavily patinated (opaque white) fragments as well as a thermal flake utilized to manufacture an end scraper. It is likely very sparsely distributed as residual material in Late Iron Age to Roman features, principally ditches. The prehistoric struck flint included a thumbnail scraper, characteristic of the early Bronze Age date and often associated with Beaker pottery, but un-stratified in this assemblage. The small debitage flakes, likely reflect a general background of prehistoric activity in the local landscape, and include a low quantity of blade-like flakes potentially produced in the Neolithic period, but principally comprise broad-squat flakes that may have been removed from un-systematic or discoidal cores in the late Neolithic to early Bronze Age.

Type	Frequency	Weight (g)
End scraper (on thermal flake)	1	53
Thumbnail scraper	1	9
Debitage (blade-like flakes)	17	46
Debitage (broad-squat flakes)	64	352
Chip/shatter	5	2
Burnt flint	71	79
Total	*159*	*541*

Table 9: Quantification of struck flint by type

Methodology

The flint was quantified by fragment count and weight (g), with all data entered into a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet that will be deposited as part of the archive. Flake type (see 'Dorsal cortex,' below) or implement type, patination, colour and condition were also recorded as part of this data set, along with free-text comments.

The term 'cortex' refers to the natural weathered exterior surface of a piece of flint, and the term 'patination' to the colouration of a flaked surface exposed by human or natural agency. Dorsal cortex is categorised after Andrefsky (2005, 104 & 115) with 'primary flake' referring to those with cortex covering 100% of the dorsal face; 'secondary flake' with 50-99%; 'tertiary' with 1-49% and 'un-corticated' to those with no dorsal cortex. A 'blade' is defined as an elongated flake whose length is at least twice as great as it's breadth, often exhibiting parallel dorsal flake scars (a feature that can assist in the identification of broken blades that, by definition, have an indeterminate length/breadth ratio). Terms used to describe implement and core types follow the system adopted by Healy (1988, 48-9).

Discussion

The struck flint was typically manufactured in mid to dark grey, occasionally to bear black raw material with, where extant, a medium off-white cortex, likely sourced from local superficial river terrace or clay-with-flints deposits, with rare orange-brown pieces also present and potentially sourced from superficial gravels.

Bother f the re-touched implements were recovered as un-stratified material: the former an end scraper on medium-sized elongate thermal flake with simple abrupt retouch around one narrow terminus; the latter a more distinctive thumbnail scraper with abrupt retouch around the edges of a small circular flake, typical of these small implements that are typically associated with beaker pottery and regarded as a chronological marker of the early Bronze Age.

Conclusive evidence for core technology and reduction strategies is very limited, with the rare blade-like debitage flakes consistent with the systematic cores of the Neolithic period, potentially the early Neolithic, although only two flakes from ditch [20103] and topsoil (20601) exhibit parallel dorsal scars that really support this tentative theory. It is notable that these blade-like flakes appear to favour high quality raw material, in particular very dark grey or near black flint; a degree of selection and investment often observed in early Neolithic assemblages in the region.

The bulk of the struck flint is comprised of a sparse scatter of small broad-squat debitage flakes, approximately of even proportions of tertiary and un-corticated flakes and exhibiting a high incidence of patinated flakes that reflects a high degree of re-deposition and weathering. Only a single flake from topsoil (301401) exhibits distinctive dorsal scars indicative of removal from a discoidal core, while seven flakes in pit [22907] were likely removed from a single core but are not cross-fitting. The remaining debitage flakes are likely the bi-product of the reduction of un-systematic cores, potentially in the late Neolithic to early Bronze Age, if not later, but do not merit any further comment.

The small fragments of burnt flint do not exhibit any evidence of being worked before or after exposure to heat, nor do they appear to be a component of a specific process (i.e. pot boilers), rather the incidental biproduct of the inclusion of flint nodules or fragments in hearths and similar installations. There are no significant concentrations of burnt flint in the assemblage, and the very sparse distribution likely represents the scattering of detritus in the general area of occupation.

The macroplant and charcoal Assemblage

Genoveva Dimova (AOC Archaeology Group)

Introduction

Trial-trench investigations recovered 88 pieces (462g) of struck flint and 71 very small fragments (79g) of

In April 2026, a total of 74 samples were submitted for environmental assessment from the archaeological works undertaken by AOC Archaeology at East Park Energy, Area B, Southeast of Great Staughton, Huntingdonshire, Cambridgeshire. The bulk samples were collected from a series of ditches, pits, gullies, hearths, postholes and a paleochannel, believed to date to the Roman period. The ecofacts assessed were carbonised macroplant and charcoal. The aim of this report was to identify the two assemblages to species and to assess their suitability for radiocarbon dating and potential for further study in reference to the East of England Regional Research Framework (2021).

Methodology

This analysis was undertaken in line with published standards and guidelines (CIfA 2014, 2021). The bulk samples were processed at AOC archaeology using a floatation method designed to recover both ecofacts and artefacts (Kenward et al. 1980). The flots were captured in a stack system of 1mm and 300 µm sieves and the residue in a 1mm mesh. The flots were scanned using a stereo microscope at x10-x45 magnifications. The residues were separated using a stack system of 4mm, 2mm and 1mm sieves and each fraction was scanned by eye and with a magnet.

The macrofossils were examined using a Leica stereo microscope at x10–x55 magnifications. Macroplant identifications were confirmed using modern reference material and seed atlases stored at AOC Edinburgh (Cappers et al. 2006; Jacomet 2006). Since preservation was generally poor, when determining the number of cereal remains from each context, the embryo part of the caryopses was counted. The samples were assessed in full except for sample <49003> from paleochannel [49006] and sample <56801> from deposit (56807), which were exceptionally rich in cereal remains, and a 25% sub-sample was extracted for analysis using a riffle box. The large number of glumes recovered from sample <49003> from paleochannel [49006] were very fragile and were therefore semi-quantified. Taxonomy and nomenclature for plants follows Stace (2010). The macroplant results are recorded in table 10.

The charcoal was assessed using bi-focal microscopy at x50-x400 magnifications. The transverse, tangential, and radial sections of each fragment were studied using keys and texts (Schweingruber 1990; Hather 2000). Only charcoal fragments larger than 4mm were identified to species. The scientific name Maloideae and name ‘apple-type’ was used to describe the species from the Malus, Pyrus, Crataegus and Sorbus genera (apple, pear, hawthorn, and rowan) which are all native, or were introduced to Britain in antiquity, and cannot be easily differentiated based on their molecular structure. The charcoal results are recorded in table 11.

The assemblage

The macroplant

There were more than 1591 carbonised macroplants, which included more than 1361 cereal, two poppy (Papaver sp.) seeds, 74 fragments of nut shell, 49 pulses, three fruits, and 102 weeds. These finds were recovered from 25 contexts, with concentrations of macroplant noted in four features: pit [44504], paleochannel [49006], deposit (56705) and deposit (56807). Preservation of the macroplants ranged from poor to good, but most were recorded as adequate.

Cereal

The cereal was composed of 1142 caryopses and more than 209 chaff fragments, identified as oat (Avena sp.), hulled barley (Hordeum vulgare L.), barley (Hordeum sp.), bread/club wheat (Triticum aestivum/compactum L.), emmer (Triticum dicoccum (Schrank) Schübl.), spelt (Triticum spelta L.), emmer/spelt (Triticum dicoccum/spelta sp.) and wheat (Triticum sp.). The most commonly recovered species were wheat (34%) and bread/club wheat (31%), followed by emmer/spelt (19%), oat (5%), spelt (3%), emmer (1%), barley (1%), hulled barley (1%), and cereal (8%). The chaff was identified mostly as emmer and spelt glumes, with two emmer/spelt forks also noted. The assemblage was concentrated in paleochannel [49006], deposit (56705) and deposit (56807), with the rest of the cereal scattered among the excavated features in smaller quantities.

Economically useful species

Two poppy (Papaver sp.) seeds came from pit [44504].

Nuts

There were 74 fragments of hazelnut (Corylus avellana L.) shell recovered from four contexts. The assemblage was concentrated in deposit (56705) from which 24 fragments were found and deposit (56807) with 48 fragments, with individual fragments also coming from ditch [19407] and paleochannel [49006].

Pulses

In total, 49 pulse remains were identified, including two peas (Pisum sp.), 39 vetch (Vicia sp.), and eight pea/vetch (Pisum/Vicia sp.). The pulses were concentrated in deposit (56807) from which 33 vetch and five pea/vetch were found. Smaller quantities of pulses were also noted in four other features: pit [39303], pit [44504], paleochannel [49006], and deposit (56705).

Fruits

A total of three fruits stones were identified as two cherry (Prunus sp.) in deposits (56705) and (56807), and one possible sloe (cf. Prunus spinosa L.) in pit [44504].

Weeds

There were 109 weeds, identified as 49 dock (Rumex sp.), 15 bedstraws (Galium sp.), 13 field gromwell (Lithospermum arvense L.), nine fat-hen (Chenopodium album L.), five grass family (Poaceae sp.), two black bindweed (Fallopia convolvulus L.), one possible bromes (cf. Bromus sp.), one sedge (Carex sp.), one knapweed (Centaurea sp.), one wild carrot (Daucus carota L.), one knotgrass (Polygonum aviculare L.), one wild radish (Raphanus raphanistrum L.), one possible clover (cf. Trifolium sp.), as well as two weeds which could not be identified to species due to poor preservation. The weeds were concentrated in four features: pit [44504], paleochannel [49006], ditch [49634], and deposit (56807), with the rest of the assemblage scattered among five other features in small quantities.

The charcoal

A total of 235 charcoal fragments (120.65g) were identified from 38 samples. The species were field maple (Acer campestre L.), birch (Betula sp.), hazel (Corylus avellana L.), beech (Fagus sylvatica L.), ash (Fraxinus sp.), apple-type (Maloideae sp.), cherry (Prunus sp.), blackthorn (Prunus spinosa L.), oak (Quercus sp.), and elm (Ulmus sp.). The assemblage was identified as oak (42%), apple-type (24%), cherry (15%), birch (6%), blackthorn (5%), hazel (3%), ash (3%), field maple (1%), and elm (1%), with a single fragment of beech. The roundwood was composed of apple-type (20%), cherry (12%), blackthorn (4%), hazel (3%), oak (3%), birch (2%), and field maple (1%). Preservation of the charcoal ranged from poor to good, and while most fragments were described as adequately preserved, some were friable and oxidised.

Modern contamination

Modern contamination was present in all the processed samples and included roots, weeds and insect remains. However, there was no evidence that the archaeological security of any of these features had been noticeably compromised.

Discussion and statement of significance

Cereal

All the cereals recovered from East Park Energy Area B were cultivated in England during the Roman and later periods. Wheats, including bread/club wheat, emmer and spelt dominated the assemblage, with smaller quantities of oats and barley also noted. When it came to the wheat assemblage, there were spatial differences. Large quantities of emmer and spelt glumes and a smaller assemblage of caryopses came from pit [44504] and paleochannel [49006], suggesting that these features contain cereal processing waste. By contrast, bread/club wheat caryopses were noted in large quantities from three features, pit [37105] and deposits (56705) and (56807), but no bread/club wheat chaff was found, indicating that this species was either processed elsewhere or the evidence was not preserved.

This difference could be chronological. Glume wheats, like emmer and spelt, were the wheats most frequently cultivated in prehistoric and Roman England, but a significant change in agriculture occurred between the 5th to mid-7th century when bread/club wheat became the dominant species (van der Veen 2022). Bread/club wheat was treasured due to its milling and baking properties which allow it to produce white bread, a process that removes the most nutritious part of the grain, the bran and the embryo. Consequently, bread/club wheat is typically regarded as a high-status food item (van der Veen 2022).

A small quantity of barley was also noted, indicating this species was exploited, though potentially on a smaller scale as a secondary crop to the wheats. In the absence of chaff, it was impossible to determine whether the small quantities of oats belonged to the wild or cultivated variety. However, oats were used for animal fodder in Roman Britain (Huckerby and Graham 2009, 927) and were widely cultivated in later periods (van der Veen 2022), so it is possible they were grown deliberately at this site.

Once the chronology of this site has been established, it could be possible to determine the agricultural developments that occurred at East Park Energy Area B with more certainty.

Economically useful species

Two poppy seeds came from pit [44504]. Poppy seeds are known to have been sprinkled on bread and used as medicine in the Roman period (Dickson and Dickson 2000, 118). This species is not native to Britain, and, if contemporary with the Romano-British site and not later, it must represent an imported item.

Pulses

Pulses were exploited in Britain since the Bronze Age, and although they did not become dietary staples until the Medieval period, certain species, such as bitter vetch, are frequently recovered from Roman sites (van der Veen et al 2008). While the assemblage is poorly preserved, further study could contribute to a greater understanding of the role of pulses at this site.

Nuts

Hazelnut shell was noted in several features. Hazelnuts have been collected as a wild food resource in Britain from the Mesolithic onwards and the shells were often recycled as kindling. They are frequently recovered from archaeological contexts due to their widespread availability and their robustness, which means they survive the charring process more often than other types of plant material (Bishop 2019). Therefore, the small quantity recovered from

East Park Energy Area B does not point to largescale food processing, storage or roasting of hazelnuts. Instead, it is likely that hazelnuts were available in the surrounding landscape, where they were collected as an additional food source.

Weeds

Some of the weed species present in the assemblage are edible, such as fat hen, wild carrot, black bindweed, wild radish, and dock. Others, such as bedstraws, sedges, and grasses have been collected from prehistory onwards for use as thatching, flooring, bedding, packing and fuel. A small assemblage of field gromwell was found in ditch [49634], which is a species that was first introduced to Britain in the Late Bronze Age as an agricultural weed, and has historically been used for dyeing and medicine (Stevens and Fuller 2019, 32). While it is possible that some of these plants were deliberately grown or collected for these purposes, most of these weeds recovered favour disturbed ground and arable land, making them a common agricultural contaminant. At East Park Energy Area B, they were only found in small quantities intermixed with the cereal assemblage, making it more likely they represent intrusive weeds brought in with the cereal or were species that grew nearby before being accidentally burnt.

Charcoal

The tree species are all native and would have grown in the surrounding landscape. Maple, hazel, beech, ash, apple-type, cherry, blackthorn, and elm grow in a variety of landscapes such as hedgerows, scrub, or more open woods. Birch prefers damp habitats, whereas oak is adaptable to a variety of growing conditions (Linford 2009; Stace 2010).

There was no evidence for structural or artefactual burning, and the charcoal from this area derived from domestic fuel debris. The assemblage was concentrated in four features: ditch [51919], pit [22907], and deposits (56705) and (56807), with the rest of the assemblage scattered among the remaining features in smaller quantities. Deposits (56705) and (56807) also contained large quantities of cereal and hazelnut shell, indicating the disposal of and reworking of hearth waste in these features. A comparatively large assemblage of charcoal identified entirely as oak was recovered from hearth [20703]. Oak is known for burning with a hot steady flame, and it is likely it was selected for fuel in this hearth due to these properties.

Recommended further work

Both the macroplant and charcoal have been fully identified, and further species identifications are not required. If material is needed for radiocarbon dating, the cereal, hazelnut shell, and charcoal are suitable. Where possible oak should be avoided for dating as it is a slow growing species which can prove unreliable. The cereal is mostly poorly preserved, but if samples with a high concentration of cereal are selected, it can be dated if needed.

The ecofact assemblage, while largely poorly preserved, is large and varied in terms of the species represented. Once the assessment of the other areas of investigation has been completed and the chronology of this site has been finalised, it is recommended that a full analysis report is prepared in order to more fully understand the role of plants at East Park Energy and address the research questions raised in the East of England Regional Research Framework.

The ecofact assemblage is stored in a stable and dry condition at AOC Archaeology Group, but once all work is completed it is suitable for discard.

Phase			2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Sample			**19402**	**19601**	**19801**	**22902**	**37101**	**39304**	**44501**	**49001**	**49002**	**49003**	**49201**	**49202**	**49401**	**49601**	**49701**	**50701**	**51301**	**52201**	**52601**	**52901**	**56701**	**56801**	**56802**	**58701**	**62906**
Feature			Ditch	Ditch	Ditch	Pit	Pit	Pit	Pit	PC	PC	PC	PC	Ditch	Topsoil	Ditch	Ditch	Posthole	Ditch	Ditch	Ditch	Gully	Deposit	Deposit	PC	Ditch	Ditch
Cut			19407	19603	19803	22907	37105	39303	44504					49212		49634	49710	50705	51306	52211	52609	52910			56803	58703	62917
Context			19408	19604	19804	22906	37104	39304	44503	49006	49006	49006	49209	49213	49401	49635	49711	50704	51304	51631	52610	52911	56705	56807	56804	58704	62920
Sample vol(L)			40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	20	40	40	40	40	5
% Analysed			100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Species	**Name**	**Part**																									
Crops																											
Avena sp.	Oat	Caryopsis/es					1		4	3		20											5	32			
Hordeum vulgare L.	Hulled barley	Caryopsis/es										1					1			1				2			
Hordeum sp.	Barley	Caryopsis/es			1					2						1							3	4			
T. aestivum/*compactum* L.	Bread/club wheat	Caryopsis/es					47			2		3									1		88	296			
T. dicoccum (Schrank) Schübl.	Emmer	Glume(s)										**															
T. spelta L.	Spelt	Glume(s)							2	5	1	***															
T. dicoccum/*spelta* sp.	Emmer/spelt	Caryopsis/es				1			1	7	2	31		1		1											
T. dicoccum/*spelta* sp.	Emmer/spelt	Glume(s)						1	22	39	4	****				3											
T. dicoccum/*spelta* sp.	Emmer/spelt	Fork(s)							1	1																	

Phase			2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Triticum sp.	Wheat	Caryopsis/es		1	2		7		7	42		224		2		12		1			2		38	137			
Cerealia sp.	Cereal	Caryopsis/es	7		5		2		22	12		19	1		1	10			1		2		6	14	1	1	1
Economically useful species																											
Papaver sp.	Poppy	Achene(s)							2																		
Nuts																											
Corylus avellana L.	Hazel	Shell frag(s)	1									1											24	48			
Vegetables																											
Pisum sp.	Pea	Seed(s)					1		1																		
Vicia sp.	Vetch	Seed(s)							3														3	33			
Pisum/*Vicia* sp.	Pea/vetch	Seed(s)							1	1													1	5			
Fruits																											
Prunus sp.	Cherry	Stone(s)																									
Prunus cf. *spinosa* L.	cf. Blackthorn	Stone(s)							1														1	1			
Weeds																											
cf. Bromus sp.	cf. Bromes	Caryopsis/es														1											
Carex sp.	Sedge	Nutlet(s)														1											
Centaurea sp.	Knapweeds	Seed(s)										1															
Chenopodium album L.	Fat-hen	Seed(s)										1				7								1			
Daucus carota L.	Wild carrot	Fruit(s)																						1			
Fallopia convolvulus L.	Black bindweed	Achene(s)										1				1											

Phase			2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Galium sp.	Bedstraws	Seed(s)					1		3							1									10			
Lithospermum arvense L.	Field gromwell	Nutlet(s)														13												
Poaceae sp.	Grass family	Caryopsis/es							1	2		1				1												
Polygonum aviculare L.	Knotgrass	Achene(s)														1												
Raphanus raphanistrum L.	Wild radish	Pod(s)										1																
Rumex sp.	Dock	Achene(s)			1				12	1		14				2							1	17	1		
cf. Trifolium sp.	cf. Clovers	Seed(s)								1																		
Unknown	Indet	Achene/seed								1		1																

Table 10: Charred Macro

Feature	**Cut**	**Sample no.**	**Context**	**Phase**	**Species**	**Name**	**Frag**	**RW**	**Weight**
Gully	19504	**19401**	19406	2	*Prunus* sp.	Cherry	2		1.02
Ditch	19407	**19402**	19408	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	4		
Ditch	19407	**19402**	19408	2	*Prunus* sp.	Cherry	3		
Ditch	19407	**19402**	19408	2	*Fraxinus excelsior* L.	Ash	2		
Ditch	19407	**19402**	19408	2	*Fagus sylvatica* L.	Beech	1		5.83
Ditch	19503	N/A	19504		*Ulmus* sp.	Elm	1		0.59
Ditch	19603	**19601**	19604	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	1		
Ditch	19603	**19601**	19604	2	*Prunus* sp.	Cherry		1	0.08
Ditch	19803	**19801**	19804	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type	1	4	
Ditch	19803	**19801**	19804	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	4		
Ditch	19803	**19801**	19804	2	*Prunus spinosa* L.	Blackthorn		1	2.18

Feature	Cut	Sample no.	Context	Phase	Species	Name	Frag	RW	Weight
Hearth	20703	**20701**	20704	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	20		8.98
Ditch	21003	**21001**	21004	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	2		
Ditch	21003	**21001**	21004	2	*Prunus spinosa* L.	Blackthorn	1		
Ditch	21003	**21001**	21004	2	*Betula* sp.	Birch	1		0.09
Pit	22907	**22901**	22905	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	5		
Pit	22907	**22901**	22905	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		3	
Pit	22907	**22901**	22905	2	*Corylus avellana* L.	Hazel		2	2.42
Pit	22907	**22902**	22906	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	8		
Pit	22907	**22902**	22906	2	*Prunus* sp.	Cherry		1	
Pit	22907	**22902**	22906	2	*Corylus avellana* L.	Hazel		1	19.71
Pit	26604	**26601**	26603	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak		5	0.09
Pit	35205	**35201**	35204	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	10		0.67
Pit	37010	**37001**	37009	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type	6		
Pit	37010	**37001**	37009	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	3		
Pit	37010	**37001**	37009	2	*Fraxinus excelsior* L.	Ash	1		7.63
Pit	37006	**37003**	37005	2	*Fraxinus excelsior* L.	Ash	2		
Pit	37006	**37003**	37005	2	*Prunus* sp.	Cherry	1		0.54
Pit	37105	**37101**	37104	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	4	1	
Pit	37105	**37101**	37104	2	*Prunus* sp.	Cherry		3	
Pit	37105	**37101**	37104	2	*Prunus spinosa* L.	Blackthorn		2	5.62
Ditch	42708	**42701**	42709	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		1	
Ditch	42708	**42701**	42709	2	*Prunus* sp.	Cherry		1	
Ditch	42708	**42701**	42709	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	1		0.09
Gully	48421	N/A	48422		*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		2	1.61
paelochannel/river course		**49001**	49006	2	*Betula* sp.	Birch	1		0.02
paelochannel/river course		**49003**	49006	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	4		
paelochannel/river course		**49003**	49006	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		4	

Feature	Cut	Sample no.	Context	Phase	Species	Name	Frag	RW	Weight
paelochannel/river course		**49003**	49006	2	*Prunus* sp.	Cherry		2	1.34
paelochannel/river course		**49201**	49209	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		5	
paelochannel/river course		**49201**	49209	2	*Prunus* sp.	Cherry		4	
paelochannel/river course		**49201**	49209	2	*Fraxinus excelsior* L.	Ash	1		2.04
Ditch	49212	**49202**	49213	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		5	
Ditch	49212	**49202**	49213	2	*Ulmus* sp.	Elm	2		
Ditch	49212	**49202**	49213	2	*Betula* sp.	Birch	2		
Ditch	49212	**49202**	49213	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	1		2.14
Gully	48605	N/A	49604		*Prunus* sp.	Cherry		1	0.14
Ditch	49634	**49601**	49635	2	*Prunus* sp.	Cherry		6	
Ditch	49634	**49601**	49635	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		4	3.79
Ditch	51205	**51202**	51204	2	*Prunus spinosa* L.	Blackthorn		1	
Ditch	51205	**51202**	51204	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak			0.04
Ditch	51306	**51301**	51304	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		1	0.08
Ditch	51919	**51901**	51922	2	*Prunus spinosa* L.	Blackthorn		5	
Ditch	51919	**51901**	51922	2	*Betula* sp.	Birch	2		
Ditch	51919	**51901**	51922	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	1		
Ditch	51919	**51901**	51922	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		1	
Ditch	51919	**51901**	51922	2	*Fraxinus excelsior* L.	Ash	1		11.13
Ditch	52211	**52201**	52212	2	*Prunus* sp.	Cherry		2	
Ditch	52211	**52201**	52212	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	1		0.18
Ditch	52609	**52601**	52610	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	9		
Ditch	52609	**52601**	52610	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		1	2
Deposit		**56701**	56705	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		3	
Deposit		**56701**	56705	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	3		
Deposit		**56701**	56705	2	*Corylus avellana* L.	Hazel		2	
Deposit		**56701**	56705	2	*Betula* sp.	Birch		1	

Feature	Cut	Sample no.	Context	Phase	Species	Name	Frag	RW	Weight
Deposit		**56701**	56705	2	*Acer campestre* L.	Field maple		1	12.53
Deposit		**56801**	56807	2	*Prunus* sp.	Cherry		3	
Deposit		**56801**	56807	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		2	
Deposit		**56801**	56807	2	*Betula* sp.	Birch		2	
Deposit		**56801**	56807	2	*Acer campestre* L.	Field maple		1	
Deposit		**56801**	56807	2	*Corylus avellana* L.	Hazel		1	
Deposit		**56801**	56807	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak		1	21.56
Ditch	58703	**58701**	58704	2	*Prunus spinosa* L.	Blackthorn	1		0.02
Ditch	58708	**58702**	58710	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		1	0.02
Ditch	62917	**62901**	62916	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		6	
Ditch	62917	**62901**	62916	2	*Betula* sp.	Birch		2	
Ditch	62917	**62901**	62916	2	*Prunus* sp.	Cherry		2	1.15
Pit?	62913	**62902**	62914	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	1		0.14
Ditch	62919	**62905**	62918	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	2		
Ditch	62919	**62905**	62918	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type	1		0.2
Ditch	62917	**62906**	62920	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	4		0.18
Ditch	62917	**62907**	62916	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type		4	0.51
Ditch		**63401**	63410	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	4		
Ditch		**63401**	63410	2	*Prunus* sp.	Cherry		3	
Ditch		**63401**	63410	2	*Maloideae* sp.	Apple-type	2		
Ditch		**63401**	63410	2	*Betula* sp.	Birch	1		4.19
Ditch		**64502**	64507	2	*Betula* sp.	Birch	1		
Ditch		**64502**	64507	2	*Quercus* sp.	Oak	1		0.1

Table 11: Charcoal

The Glass Assemblage

Andrew Morrison (AOC Archaeology Group)

Introduction

A small glass assemblage (Mass: 36.7g) comprising a total of five fragments was examined in February 2026 following an archaeological trial trenching evaluation undertaken as part of the East Park Energy scheme, within Area B, to the southeast of Pertenhall and northwest of Green End, Little Staughton, Bedfordshire.

The glass was both hand-retrieved in the field as bulk finds and recovered during the post-excavation processing of soil sample retent; hand-retrieved finds are identified by 'Bulk' followed by their context of discovery (e.g., Bulk 55704), and retent finds are identified by their sample number (e.g., (<49201>). Finds were examined macroscopically with the aim of identifying object type, function, and date, and were weighed using a Sartorius digital scale accurate to 0.1g. A summary table of the finds by context has been included as Appendix A (Table 12).

Two tiny fragments of likely Romano-British glass (<49201>, <49202>) were recovered from Trench 492, in Sub-Area B18, one from the upper fill (49209) of linear ditch [49211], and the other from the upper fill (49213) of the curvilinear ditch [49212]. The fragments are both in a light yellow-green fabric, and comprise a thin-walled, curved body shard (<49202>) and a curved teardrop-shaped vertical lip (<49201>), possibly from a small bowl, cup, beaker, flask or similar. The upper fills of both ditches likely reflect the remains of Romano-British occupation associated with a ladder settlement in the area.

The remaining glass is post-medieval to modern in date, with dark olive green, cylindrical wine/ale bottle body shards (Bulk 55704) dating from between the 1740s and 1820s recovered from the fill (55704) of furrow or ditch [55703], in Sub-Area B23, and a clear and colourless flat-paneled bottle body shard (Bulk 35703) dating from the later 19th to 20th century, that was retrieved from the fill (35703) of a possible post-medieval field boundary [35704], in Sub-Area B11.

Recommendations

The likely Romano-British glass (<49201>, <49202>) is recommended for retention due to its likely association with the ladder settlement, while the remaining glass assemblage has a limited potential to contribute to future research and is recommended for discard.

Trench	*Context #*	*Context description*	*Bulk #*	*Sample #*	*Material:*	*Classification:*	*Object:*	*Description:*	*Intact Y/N*	*Quantity:*	*Mass: (g)*	*Period/ century:*
Sub-area B11												
357	35703	Primary fill of possible post-medieval field boundary ditch [35704]	Bulk 35703		Glass	Non-classifiable	Bottle glass	Clear and colourless body shard with a flat panel and curve from a likely flask-shaped bottle	N	1	5.9	Later 19-20 C
Sub-area B18												
492	49209	Upper fill of linear ditch [49211]		<49201>	Glass	Non-classifiable	Rim/ lip shard	Yellow green curved and rounded lip or rim shard from a small vessel	N	1	0.1	Likely Roman
	49213	Upper fill of curvilinear ditch [49212]		<49202>	Glass	Non-classifiable	Vessel shard	Yellow green curved body shard	N	1	0.1	Likely Roman
Sub-area B23												
557	55704	Single fill of linear furrow/ ditch [55703]	Bulk 55704		Glass	Drinks bottle	Wine/ ale	Dark olive-green cylindrical body shards from near the heel. Basal sag.	N	2	30.6	c.1740s – 1820s

Table 12: The glass from East Park Area B by sub-area, trench, and context

Osteoarchaeological Assessment of the Human Remains

Ellen Green (AOC Archaeology Group)

Introduction

This report constitutes a CiFA type 1 assessment of the human remains recovered during the evaluation works at East Park Solar, Area B (BEDFM 2024.23). The human remains comprised 10 fragments of human bone, representing the skull of a single individual, recovered from a ditch within Trench 629. Only fragments of the cranial vault were present, and as a result sex and age could not be determined with any certainty.

Methodology

All contexts containing human bone were sent to the specialist. The skeletal remains were cleaned and recorded following the codes of practice laid out by CIFA (Mitchell and Brickley, 2018), with any fragments of animal bone sent to the zooarchaeologist for analysis. Evidence of weathering (including cracking, bleaching and staining) and any gnawing were also recorded. Bone surface preservation was categorised according to the scale presented in McKinley 2004 (Table 13).

Grade	Description
0	Surface morphology clearly visible with fresh appearance to the bone and no modifications
1	Slight and patchy surface erosion
2	More extensive surface erosion
3	Most of the bone surface is affected by some degree of erosion; general morphology maintained but detail of parts of surface masked by erosion
4	All of bone surface affected by erosive action; general profile maintained and the depth of the modification not uniform across the whole surface
5	Heavy erosion across the whole surface, completely masking normal surface morphology, with some modification of the profile
5+	As Grade 5 but with extensive penetrating erosion resulting in modification of profile

Table 13: Grades for the recording of erosion and abrasion to human bone after McKinley 2004, 16

Determination of biological sex and estimation of age-at-death was carried out using standard methodologies as outlined by Buikstra and Ubelaker (1994) and included (where possible) morphological features known to be sexually dimorphic (Buikstra & Ubelaker 1994; Phenice 1969; Walker 2005). Estimation of age-at-death included recording the stage of degradation of the pubic symphysis (Brooks & Suchey 1990), auricular surface (Lovejoy et al. 1985), sternal clavicular end (Falys & Prangle 2015) and dental attrition (Brothwell 1981).

Disarticulated material was recorded by fragment using a zonation system (Knüsel and Outram 2004) to allow for the calculation of the minimum number of individuals (MNI). Analysis of post-mortem fractures and other taphonomic damage was undertaken where appropriate. Undiagnostic fragments below 5mm were not catalogued. A catalogue of the disarticulated material can be found in Appendix I.

The Burial Context

Ditch [629017] was located in the southern end of Trench 629, and continued beyond the confines of the excavation to the northwest and southeast. The ditch measured at least 1.26m in width (full extent not revealed) and 0.50m in depth and contained what appeared to be a

placed deposit a cattle mandibule and a human skull surrounded by large rocks. The human remains recovered only included fragments of the cranium, with no mandible. It is most probable that the skull represents a secondary burial. The lack of cutmarks on the retrieved portions of the temporal suggests that the skull was skeletonized and the mandible detached when the skull was moved. While the ditch was not picked up by geophysical investigations, it is in line with Ditch [629007] which appears to be forming the corner of an enclosure and may represent the southern extent of the feature.

Osteological Assessment of Disarticulated Remains

The recovered remains comprised ten refit fragments of human skull, comprising an minimum of one individual. Unfortunately, due to the elements recovered neither sex nor age of death could be estimated.

Increased porosity was observed on the endocranial surface of the occipital (Plate 1). Porosity in bone is caused by increased vascularity and is an indicator of health stress, though nothing more specific can be deduced from its presence in this case.

Discussion

The presence of disarticulated human remains within ditches in the Roman period is not unusual, though no formal studies have been done on the phenomenon. The apparent placed nature of the skull with the surrounding stones and animal jaw suggests that this may represent part of a structured deposit as defined by Hill 1995. Structured deposits within ditches are found on between 20-45% of Roman rural sites surveyed by the Roman Rural Settlement Project, depending on period (Smith 2018, 186). Human remains however are an uncommon inclusion, found in only c. 15% of all structured deposits encountered by the Roman Rural Settlement Project (Smith 2018, 189). While the inclusion of human remains within structured deposits is more common in the early Roman period, it occurs through the entirety of the occupation. The head has a variety of ritual associations in both the Iron Age and Roman periods in Britain (Green 2025), and skulls are one of the most commonly encountered disarticulated elements (Green 2024).

Recommendations and Significance

The human remains at East Park Area B are of regional significance, adding to the corpus of human remains within structured deposits and have the potential to inform on ritual practices and ideas of the body within Roman Britain.

No further osteological analysis is recommended for the assemblage, but they should be included within any further publication of the site. As part of contextualization they should be looked at holistically as part of a structured deposit, rather as an isolated deposit of human remains. It is recommended that the remains undergo radiocarbon dating to establish the age of the remains, and investigate the possibility of curation [EG2.1]



Plate 1: Abnormal porosity on the endocranial surface of the occipital. Scale 10 cm

Context	Element	Side	Bone Zone (Knüsel and Outram)	Fusion	Sex	Age	Condition	Post mortem fractures	Pathology	Notes
629020	Occipital	n/a	5	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	old dry bone fractures	abnormal procoity on the cruciform eminence of the occipital	3 fragments
629020	Parietal	r,l	4,3	sagital suture fused	n/a	n/a	2	old dry bone fractures	none	bilateral parital foramen, 6 fragments
629020	Parietal	r	3	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	old dry bone fractures	none	2 fragments
629020	Parietal	r	3	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	old dry bone fractures	none	
629020	Parietal	r	3	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	old dry bone fractures	none	
629020	Parietal	l	4	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	old dry bone fractures	none	4 fragments
629020	Parietal	l	4	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	old dry bone fractures	none	2 fragments
629020	frontal	r	1	ff	n/a	n/a	2	old dry bone fractures	none	2 fragments
629020	frontal	l	2	ff	n/a	n/a	2	old dry bone fractures	none	2 fragments
629020	frontal	r,l	1,2	ff	n/a	n/a	2	old dry bone fractures	none	

Table 14: Disarticulated Remains

The Industrial Material

Andrew Morrison (AOC Archaeology Group

A small assemblage of industrial materials (Mass: 384.9g) was examined in February 2026 following an archaeological trial trenching evaluation undertaken as part of the East Park Energy scheme, within Area B, to the southeast of Pertenhall and northwest of Green End, Little Staughton, Bedfordshire.

The finds were examined macroscopically with the aid of a binocular microscope and were identified using relevant literature and comparanda (e.g., McDonnell 1994, Starley 2000, Bayley et al 2001). The finds were recovered both in the field as bulk finds and during the post-excavation processing of soil sample retent, with bulk finds identified by 'Bulk' followed by their context of discovery (e.g., Bulk 52017), and retent finds identified by their sample number (e.g., <52002>). Finds were weighed using a Sartorius digital scale accurate to 0.1g. The classifications of materials recovered with their associated material abbreviations, along with their weight, are summarised below (Table 15), and a summary table of the material by sub-area, trench, and context has been included as Appendix A (Table 16).

Process	***Material type***	***Weight (g)***
Indicative of ironworking	Dense slag/ unclassified iron slag (UIS)	110.4
Not diagnostic	Fuel-ash slag (FAS)	65.3
	Non-magnetic vitrified residue/ glassy FAS	171.6
Other	Natural soil/ iron concretions	37.6
Total		***384.9***

Table 15: Total quantities of slags and other material (weight g)

Evidence for ironworking is limited, consisting of well-weathered and degraded fragments (Q: 8) of a dense, unclassified iron slag (UIS) that were recovered from the fills (52017, 52212) of the possible Romano-British ditches [52016, 52211] in Trenches 520 and 522, in Sub-Area B19. These fragments display a dense, dark, dull bluish-grey fabric with a reddish-brown surface and have a very slightly vesicular structure. These may represent heavily degraded fragments of smithing hearth or smelting furnace bottoms, although they are too degraded to be certain. They produce both positive and negative magnetic responses, with one fragment displaying a slightly plano-convex cross section.

Materials produced as the result of a pyrotechnic process but that are not diagnostic of a particular activity comprise small fragments of fuel-ash slag (FAS) and irregular lumps of a non-classifiable non-magnetic vitrified residue (NMVR). FAS is the product of the fusing of materials such as sand, stone, ash, and clay due to high temperatures, as found, for instance, within a domestic hearth (Bayley 1985, 41). Small fragments of greyish-white, lightweight and friable vesicular FAS were identified in Trench 520, within the single fill (52015) of a possibly Romano-British linear gully [52014] that makes up part of a double linear feature with ditch [52016].

Trench 629 in Sub-Area B27 produced a number of irregular lumps of an unclassified non-magnetic vitrified residue (<62901>, <62904>, <62905>, <62907>), that were recovered from the single fills (62906, 62916, 62918) of three possible Romano-British linear ditch and gully features [62907, 62917, 62919]. These fragments all display a silicate-rich bluish green-grey glassy fabric with tiny flecks of opaque white, and have a vesicular structure with some elongated voids. The fragments are all non-magnetic and have areas of a more granular structure, taking on a more fuel-ash slag-like appearance in areas. It is unclear as to what type of high temperature pyrotechnic process these are the product of. It is possible that they may represent fragments of vitrified silicate-rich stone, with other fragments of heat-affected stone also recovered from ditch [62917] and gully [62919].

The tiny nodules of clay-rich sandy soil (<19401>) and sandy iron-rich concretions (Bulk 19604) recovered from the fills (19406, 19604) of gully [19405] and ditch [19603] in Trenches 194 and 196, in Sub-Area B01, are naturally occurring within the soils.

No in situ ironworking features or working areas were identified within the investigated areas, with all of metalworking waste recovered representing the well-weathered and degraded residual remains of ironworking activities taking place elsewhere, most likely in the vicinity of Trenches 520 and 522 in Sub-Area B19, situated to the east of the Romano-British ladder settlement in B18.

Recommendations

The finds merit retention with the exception of the fragments of fuel-ash slag (Bulk 52015, <52001>) and the natural soil and iron concretions (Bulk 19604, <19401>), which are recommended for eventual discard.

Trench	*Context #*	*Context description*	*Bulk #*	*Sample #*	*Classification*	*Short description*	*Full description*	*Quantity*	*Magnetic? Y/N*	*Mass: (g)*
Sub-area B01										
194	19406	Single fill of possible IA/ RB curvilinear gully [19405]		<19401>	Natural	Soil	Nodules of clay-rich sandy soil. Possibly slightly heat-affected		N	27.4
196	19604	Single fill of shallow, linear ditch [19603], likely part of a sub-circular enclosure	Bulk 19604		Natural	Iron concretions	Nodules of sandy iron-rich concretions		N	10.2
Sub-area B19										
520	52015	Single fill of linear gully [52014], possibly part of a Roman double linear feature with [52016]	Bulk 52015		Not diagnostic	FAS	Greyish white, lightweight vesicular fragments of friable fuel-ash slag		N	17.8
				<52001>	Not diagnostic	FAS	Greyish white, lightweight vesicular fragments of friable fuel-ash slag		N	47.5
	52017	Single fill of linear ditch [52016], possibly part of a Roman double linear feature with [52014]	Bulk 52017		Ironworking	Dense slag/ UIS	Dark dull bluish grey fabric with reddish orange areas. Dense with a very slightly vesicular structure. Possible slag cake fragment.	1	Y (lightly)	45.6
				<52002>	Ironworking	Dense slag/ UIS	Dark dull bluish grey fabric with reddish orange areas. Very dense with a possible plano-convex section. Possible slag cake fragment.	1	Y	26.3
522	52212	Single fill of possible RB curvilinear ditch [52211]		<52201>	Ironworking	Dense slag/ UIS	Dark dull bluish grey fabric with a reddish-brown surface. Dense with a slightly vesicular fabric.	6	N	38.5
Sub-area B27										
629	62906	Upper fill of possible RB linear boundary ditch [62907]		<62904>	Not diagnostic	NMVR	Irregular lumps with a bluish green-grey silicate-rich glassy fabric containing tiny flecks of opaque white. Vesicular with some elongated voids. Some fragments joining. Possible glassy fuel-ash slag-like material.		N	161.3
	62916	Single fill of possible RB linear ditch [62917] with some heat-affected stone		<62901>	Not diagnostic	NMVR	Small well-worn lumps with a granular to more solid silicate fabric with white fleck inclusions. Possible glassy fuel-ash slag-like material		N	9.3
				<62907>	Not diagnostic	NMVR	Small well-worn lumps with a granular to more solid silicate fabric with white fleck inclusions. Possible glassy fuel-ash slag-like material		N	1.0
	62918	Single fill of possible RB linear gully [62919] with some heat-affected stone		<62905>	Not diagnostic	NMVR	Tiny well-worn bulbous fragment with a granular to more solid silicate fabric with white fleck inclusions. Possible fuel-ash slag-like material	1	N	<0.1

Table 16: The industrial material assemblage from East Park Area B by sub-area, trench, and context)

The Metal Finds Assemblage

Julie Shoemark (AOC Archaeology Group)

A small assemblage of metal artefacts (Mass: 226.8g), comprising objects of ferrous metal (195.71g), copper alloy (2.3g), and lead alloy (28.79g), was examined in March 2026 following the archaeological trial trenching evaluation undertaken as part of the East Park Energy scheme, within Area B, located southeast of Great Staughton, in Huntingdonshire, Cambridgeshire. The finds were examined macroscopically, and with the aid of x-radiography, with the aim of identifying object type, function, and date. Hand-retrieved registered finds are identified by 'RF' followed by their finds number (e.g., RF 1), hand-retrieved bulk finds are identified by 'Bulk' followed by their context of discovery (e.g., Bulk 55104), and finds recovered during environmental processing are identified by their sample number (e.g., <001>). Where more than one object type was present under the same bulk finds or sample number, these have been differentiated by the addition of a letter (e.g., <49202a>a, <49202b>b). Finds were weighed using a Sartorius digital scale accurate to 0.1g. A summary table of the finds by context has been included as Appendix A (Table 17), with an expanded inventory presented as a separate Microsoft Excel spreadsheet. The finds discussed below are all in ferrous metal unless stated as copper alloy or lead alloy.

Phase 2 (Areas B10, B18, B19, B20 and B23)

The assemblage from Phase 2 (Mass: 226.8g), comprised objects of ferrous metal (195.71g), copper alloy (2.3g) and lead alloy (28.79g).

The most significant finds within the assemblage are those that are typologically dateable to the Romano-British period. A copper alloy nummus of the House of Valentinian minted between AD 364 and 378 (RF 49203) was recovered from fill (49213) of pit [49212], an iron link from a snaffle-bit (Bulk 51917) came from fill (51917) of ditch [51918] and two iron hobnails (<49202a> and <49202b>) from fill (49213) of pit [49212].

A tanged knife (Bulk 56705) from deposit [56705] is analogous to a form used during the Roman period but is also similar to forms of medieval and post medieval date (Manning 1985, Goodall 2011). It therefore cannot be dated typologically and was recovered from a consolidation deposit thought to be of modern date. It is, however, possible that that object had been disturbed from its original context and redeposited.

A total of eight nails were recovered. One (RF 49404, <49401>) from fill (49405) of ditch [49404], three (RF 490701a, RF 49701b and RF49702) from fill (49711) of ditch [49708], three (<52601a>, <52601b> and <52601c> from fill (52610) of ditch [52609] and one (Bulk 55104) from fill (55104) of ditch [55103]. Whilst typologically difficult to date due to the longevity of their forms, all nails appear to derive from features dated to the Roman period and are consistent with forms used during the Roman period. Of particular note, are two nails of Manning's (1985) Type 2 (RF 52601a and RF 52601b) from fill (52610) of ditch [52609] which may be more confidently assigned a Roman date based on form. Two additional possible nail shank fragments were recovered, RF 49703 from fill (49711) of ditch [49708] and RF 51602 from fill (51634) of ditch [51633] but were too fragmentary to confirm identification. An incomplete object (Bulk 56807) from deposit (56807) is possibly part of a nail or joiner's dog but is again, too fragmentary for confirmation.

A fragment of lead alloy sheet rolled into an S-shape (Bulk U/S) was an unstratified find. Whilst curse tablets written on strips of rolled up lead are well-attested in the Roman period, they generally tend to occur in the vicinity of religious foci and are generally neatly rolled. Furthermore, strips of rolled or folded sheet lead frequently occur for example used as weights on farm gates, fishing weights or discarded scrap lead. It is therefore considered unlikely that Bulk U/S is a curse tablet, however, confirmation would require unrolling the find to examine the inner face for traces of any inscription.

A heavily corroded fragment (RF 49202) was recovered from fill (49213) of pit [49212]. The X-ray shows traces of a possible perforation and breaks on all edges, however, it retains no diagnostic features. Two small, corroded fragments (RF 49201a and RF 49201b) came from topsoil (49201). The fragments did not refit to one another and neither retained any diagnostic features.

Overall, these finds represent domestic waste relating to a nearby settlement of Romano-British date with possible evidence of post-medieval or modern dumping of material in an attempt to consolidate an area of waterlogged ground.

Recommendations

Of the finds from Phase 2, the coin (RF 49203), snaffle-bit fragment (Bulk 51917), hobnails (49202a; 49202b) and nails (RF 49404, <49401>, RF 490701a, RF 49701b, RF4970, <52601a>, <52601b>, <52601c> and Bulk 55104) are recommended for retention due to their Romano-British association, as well as the knife (Bulk 56705) and unidentified object (RF 49202) which may also be Romano-British in origin.

The remaining finds do not have potential to contribute to future research and are recommended for discard.

Context #	Context description	RF/ Bulk #	Sample #	Material:	Classification:	Object:	Description:	Intact Y/N	Quantity:	Mass: (g)	Period/ century:
B10											
Unstratified											
U/S	U/S	Bulk U/S		Lead alloy	Unidentified	Unidentified	Rolled fragment of sheet lead or lead alloy. Probably alloy given the size to weight ratio. Rolled into an S-shape; cut marks on all visible edges; lots of dents and scratches across entire surface; shiny mid-grey patina suggests not particularly old.	N	1	28.79	Unknown
B18											
Trench 492											
49201	Topsoil	49201a and 49201b		Fe	Unidentified	Two small ferrous fragments; non-refitting; no diagnostic features	Incomplete	N	2	0.46	Unknown
49213	Fill of pit 49212		49202a; 49202b	Fe	Personal adornment	Hobnail	Two hobnails; domed heads on tapering square-sectioned shanks, both terminating in old breaks	N	2	1.43	Roman
49213	Fill of pit 49212	49202		Fe	Unidentified	Unidentified	Incomplete object; irregular shape; slightly concavo-convex; breaks on all edges; X-ray shows possible perforation at one end but unclear;	N	1	89.93	Roman?
49213	Fill of pit 49212	49203		CuA	Coin	Coin	Nummus of the House of Valentinian; Reece Period 19; AD364-378; GLORIA ROMANORVM reverse type depicting emperor advancing left holding standard and dragging captive. Uncertain mint.	Y	1	2.3	Roman
Trench 494											
49405	Fill of ditch 49404		49401	Fe	Fasteners and fittings	Nail	Incomplete nail broken into four refitting fragments; expanded wedge-shaped head on tapering rectangular-sectioned shank missing the tip	N	4	3.54	Roman
Trench 497											
49711	Fill of ditch 49708	49703		Fe	Unidentified	Unidentified	Incomplete possible nail; square-sectioned slightly tapering along length; worn breaks at either end and along long edges	N	1	1.33	Roman
49711	Fill of ditch 49708	49702		Fe	Fasteners and fittings	Nail	Incomplete nail; flat discoidal head on square-sectioned tapering shank which terminates in worn break	N	1	6.24	Roman
49711	Fill of ditch 49708	49701a		Fe	Fasteners and fittings	Nail	Incomplete nail; flat, heavily damaged head on square-sectioned shank terminating in old break	N	1	1.73	Roman
49711	Fill of ditch 49708	49701b		Fe	Fasteners and fittings	Nail	Incomplete nail; square-sectioned tapering shank; old breaks either end	N	1	1.36	Roman

B19											
Trench 516											
51634	Fill of ditch 51633	51602		Fe	Unidentified	Unidentified	Incomplete pointed oval-sectioned object; rectangular in plan; possibly part of nail shank but too fragmentary to tell	N	1	0.32	Roman
Trench 519											
51917	Fill of ditch 51918	Bulk 51917		Fe	Transport	Snaffle bit	Link from a two-link snaffle-bit; comprises a short rod with a tubular collar at one end on the same plane as the rod and a turned loop at the other; approximately 50% of the loop is missing due to old breaks corroded mass at base of incomplete loop may represent part of missing loop or part of missing ring. The tubular collar has a flared circumferential ridge running around either side of the aperture and a knobbed projection at the back of the loop on the opposite side to the rod.	N	1	30.51	Roman
B20											
Trench 526											
52610	Fill of ditch 52609		52601a	Fe	Fasteners and fittings	Nail	Incomplete nail of Manning's Type 2. Comprises a flat, diamond-shaped head on square-sectioned shank terminating in an old break	N	1	4.33	Roman
52610	Fill of ditch 52609		52601b	Fe	Fasteners and fittings	Nail	Incomplete nail of Manning's Type 2. Comprises a flat, triangle-shaped head on square-sectioned shank terminating in an old break	N	1	2.9	Roman
52610	Fill of ditch 52609		52601c	Fe	Fasteners and fittings	Nail	Incomplete nail; comprises a square-sectioned shank old breaks either end; probably part of one of the two other nails from the same context but no refits obvious	N	1	0.5	Roman
B23											
Trench 526											
55104	Fill of ditch 55103	Bulk 55104		Fe	Fasteners and fittings	Nail	Incomplete nail shank; square-sectioned; tapers along length to point	N	1	2.58	Roman
Trench 567											
56705	Deposit	Bulk 56705		Fe	Tools	Knife	Tanged knife; back slightly arched; tapering tang positioned on midline of the blade; cutting edge heavily damaged tip missing due to old breaks?	N	1	41.17	Unknown
Trench 568											
56807	Deposit	Bulk 56807		Fe	Unidentified	Unidentified	Incomplete object; square-sectioned; bends at sharp right-angle at one end; possibly part of a nail or joiner's dog	N	1	7.38	Unknown

Table 17: The metal finds from East Park, Area B by sub-area, trench, and context

The Worked Bone Finds Assemblage

Julie Shoemark (AOC Archaeology Group)

A small assemblage of three worked bone objects (Mass: 43.09g) was examined in February 2026 following the archaeological trial trenching evaluation undertaken as part of the East Park Energy scheme, within Area B, located southeast of Great Staughton, in Huntingdonshire, Cambridgeshire. The finds were examined macroscopically with the aim of identifying object type, function, and date. Hand-retrieved registered finds are identified by 'RF' followed by their finds number (e.g., RF 1). Finds were reported on in compliance with appropriate national guidance (ALGAO 2015; Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA) 2020; Historic England 2015). Finds were weighed using a Sartorius digital scale accurate to 0.1g. A summary table of the finds by context has been included as Table 18, with an expanded inventory presented as a separate Microsoft Excel spreadsheet.

Phase 2 (Area B18)

The assemblage from Phase 2, comprised three worked bone objects (RF 46901, RF 46902 and RF 46903), all of very similar form and all from fill (46935) of ditch [46934]. Two (RF 49601 and RF 49603) appear to be intact. The third (RF 49602) comprises only the proximal end and part of the shaft. They each comprise a sheep/goat or deer metatarsal, the shaft highly polished on all four faces. The medial and lateral sides have engraved grooves at the proximal and distal ends of the shaft on the medial and lateral sides positioned opposing one another. RF 49603 additionally has grooves on the posterior and anterior faces positioned offset to those on the medial and lateral sides. The nearest parallel for objects of this form derives from the Iron Age site of Glastonbury Lake Village (Bulleid and Gray 1911) where they are described as "polishing-bones" and suggested as possible tools for burnishing the surface of pottery although it is unclear exactly how they would have functioned.

These finds reflect the remains of Romano-British waste relating to domestic or industrial processes from a nearby settlement.

Recommendations

All of the finds from Phase 2, all are recommended for retention due to their Romano-British association.

Context #	Context description	RF/ Bulk #	Sample #	Material:	Classification:	Object:	Description:	Intact Y/N	Quantity:	Mass: (g)	Period/ century:
B18											
Trench 496											
49635	Fill of ditch 49634	49601		Bone	Unidentified	Uncertain	Worked sheep/goat or deer metatarsal; shaft highly polished on all four faces; medial and lateral sides have opposing grooves at the proximal end, two grooves on medial side; at the distal end a single opposed groove on the lateral and medial sides. Epiphysis unfused and missing.	Y	1	14.87	Roman
49635	Fill of ditch 49634	49602		Bone	Unidentified	Uncertain	Incomplete worked sheep/goat or deer metatarsal; only the proximal end and part of the shaft survives; shaft highly polished on all four faces; opposed grooves on lateral and medial faces, groove on one face deeper than the other; Groove on anterior face just below those on medial and lateral faces and just above break point.	N	1	7.07	Roman
49635	Fill of ditch 49634	49603		Bone	Unidentified	Uncertain	Worked sheep/goat or deer metatarsal; shaft highly polished on all four faces; opposing grooves on all four at the proximal end, those on posterior an anterior faces much shallower than on medial and lateral sides; at the distal end opposed grooves on all four faces, those on pxoximal and anterior faces slightly below those on lateral and medial sides and	Y	1	21.15	Roman

Context #	Context description	RF/ Bulk #	Sample #	Material:	Classification:	Object:	Description:	Intact Y/N	Quantity:	Mass: (g)	Period/ century:
B18											
Trench 496											
							much deeper. Small cut mark at proximal end				

Table 18: The worked bone finds from East Park, Area B by sub-area, trench, and context

The Worked Stone Assemblage

Dr O McIlfatrick (AOC Archaeology Group)

An assemblage of 32 pieces of heat-affected stone, worked stone and natural cobble fragments weighing 12819.18g were retrieved from Area B evaluation. By mass, the assemblage was portioned as: heat affected stone accounted for the majority of the assemblage at 18 pieces, 10712.62g, natural unmodified stone comprised 12 pieces, 3057.46g, and one object of worked stone with 2 refitting pieces, 49.1g.

All of the heat affected stone was of sandstone lithology, either red, honey-yellow, beige or grey, and derive from beach or river cobbles. Most of the pieces show water erosion and exposure weathering. The heat-affected stone comes primarily from ditch and pit fills (see Table 19) and is by itself not datable. This type of material can be generated through the use of stone for domestic and/or industrial hearth lining, or from using cobbles as pot-boilers. None of the stones are completely degraded, but discolouration, cracking and some carbon absorption is noted on multiple fragments. These have likely all been deliberately discarded along with other domestic waste into the open ditches, or purpose-dug refuse pits.

Twelve fragments of natural stones were also retrieved, but these are not discussed further. The natural unworked stones were likewise largely of sandstone, and likely already present in the local soils through geological processes. A breakdown of the contexts and finds is available in Table19.

The single worked stone item was recovered from topsoil and is formed from two re-joining pieces after a recent break, likely during excavation. It is a small palette-shaped, sub-rectangular stone with a flat basal edge and sides, and a curved top, through which a 6mm diameter hole has been carefully, centrally drilled. The stone is 8mm thick, with a total length of 74mm and maximum width of 47mm. The lithology is sedimentary, a dark brown coloured, extremely fine-grained sandstone which splits along the bedding plane, as can be seen in the fresh break. The break runs across the middle of the stone, at a slight diagonal side to side. There is an area of much older damage, now covered by the clinging deposits of salt concretion which covers the stone, obscuring the surface from close inspection. It appears to be a small loon weight, or perhaps a fishing line/net sinker.

Stone and ceramic loomweights appear to have been common throughout prehistory in Britain, and with shape and size varying over time and culture. Mainly, stone loom weights are larger than this example, with a survey of samples (Shaffrey 2017, 232) indicating the majority weigh between 500-2250g, with only a few examples of 80g or less. Such a small weight may have been used for weaving narrow or small bands or strips, or as weights for the selvedge of a piece of cloth, or for weaving particularly fine threads (Manalova pers. comm.) Selvedge loom weights (often called "floating selvedge weights") are small, movable weights used in weaving to maintain proper tension on the outermost warp threads, known as selvedges. They prevent the edges of a woven piece from becoming loose or uneven. Smaller weights can also be grouped to provide overall heavier weight (Shaffrey 2017, 240). Triangular loomweights, by which is meant the large, often ceramic type, are a typically Iron Age form, used on warp-weighted looms, and thought to pass out of use in the 1st century AD in Britain due to the introduction of Roman style weaving (Major 1982, 111). It has been suggested that smaller weights also are tailored to the fibre being used, and that cloth woven from plant fibres on a warp-weighted loom requires weights of around 25-45 grams to which only one or two threads are connected. Occasionally larger ‘whorl’ weights may have been used for this purpose, though small weights were likely also purpose made (Poulter 2021). Where such small weights, selvedge weights and their like fit in the overall typology of loomweights for Britain is yet to be determined.

The proposal of a net sinker should also be addressed, though the shape, particularly the thinness of the piece, seems somewhat delicate for rough treatment such as net-casting. Stone net weights are another fairly common find in coastal and riverine settlements from

prehistory to the medieval period (Mynard 1979) and can take a variety of forms and sized depending on the needs of the fisherman. Palette or triangular shapes such as this example, do tend to be thicker and more sturdy in appearance, though the uses vary –some were for lines, some for fishing baskets and some for nets.

Recommendations

Retention is recommended only for the (51901) stone weight. All other materials may be discarded.

(51901) stone weight requires stabilisation for long term curation.

Context #	*Context description*	*RF no./Bulk Find*	*Sample no*	*Material*	*Object*	*Quantity*	*Description*	*L mm*	*W mm*	*T mm*	*W g*
22905	Primary fill of Pit [22907].	Bulk	22901	stone	heat affected stone	1	Small corner section broken off, likely from a heat-affected flattish pebble. Scorching visible.	25	26	17	21.24
22906	Upper fill of Pit [22907].	Bulk	22902	stone	heat affected stone	6	six similarly sized fragments of heat affected beige sandstone cobbles, much reddish and grey discolouration and weakening of the stone	c. 80	c.50	c.40	522.21
37104	Fill of pit [37105]	Bulk	37101	stone	heat affected stone	1	Curved spall from a heat affected yellowish-beige sandstone cobble. Reddish and grey discolouration noted on multiple areas	91	54	26	116.25
40703	Ditch Fill	Bulk	40701	stone	heat affected stone	2	Two fragments from the same heat affected piece of beige sandstone stone. Severe discolouration visible, especially on the broken surfaces	25; 27	30;16	19;14	17.87
56306	Furrow fill	Bulk		stone	heat affected stone	1	Sub-cuboid fragment of heat affected brown sandstone stone, some reddish discolouration	43	31	45	89
58705	Basal fill of ditch [58703]. likely weathering/slumping deposit - shortly after creation of feature.	Bulk		stone	heat affected stone	2	Two heat affected sandstone cobble fragments. The first is purple-red, with much grey and pink discolouration. The second is honey-beige with much rust coloured discolouration.	92; 108	95; 83	47; 23	1022.4
62916	Fill of ditch [62917]: a firm dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional small stone and rare heat affected stone inclusions. Skull (62920) recovered.	Bulk		stone	heat affected stone	4	four large red sandstone cobbles, extensively heat affected with much discolouration, heat induced softening, crumbling and damage	80-160	70-120	70-120	8914
63410	Fill of ditch [63406]	Bulk	63401	stone	heat affected stone	1	Fragment of heat affected sandstone stone, much soot absorption and reddish discolouration	29	26	12	9.65
22905	Primary fill of Pit [22907].	Bulk	22901	stone	heat affected stone	1	Small corner section broken off, likely from a heat-affected flatish pebble. Scorching visible	25	26	17	21.24
Total											**10712.62**

Context #	*Context description*	*RF no./Bulk Find*	*Sample no*	*Material*	*Object*	*Quantity*	*Description*	*L mm*	*W mm*	*T mm*	*W g*
51901	Topsoil	51901		stone	loom weight	2	Two re-joining fragments which complete a small oblong/ trapezoidal, flat and thin weight. Old damage on one corner on one side. Central 6mm perforation at the top. Likely for a loom.	74	47	8	49.1
Total											**49.1**
19408	Ditch terminus fill of [19407]	Bulk		stone	natural	1	Small flat, rounded beach or river pebble of pale sedimentary rock…a hard sandstone likely.	40	42	11	29
21104	Fill of ditch [21103]	Bulk		stone	natural	1	Natural, flat, sub-rectangular, slightly weathered rust-coloured sandstone piece, rounded sides and edges from water-weathering. No signs of use or working	110	90	27	338
34101	Topsoil	Bulk		stone	natural	1	Natural, flat slightly weathered beige sandstone piece, rounded sides and edges from water-weathering. No signs of use or working	68	62	25	202
49405	Fill of ditch [49404]	Bulk		stone	natural	2	Two flat fractures of pale yellow-beige sandstone. Some surface weathering but no signs of use, working or modification.	101; 126	80; 113	20; 17	603
49633	Upper fill of ditch [49630]:	Bulk		stone	natural	1	Sub-rectangular flat fracture or a dark red sandstone, no signs of working or use	110	42	14	122
51304	Fill of ditch [51306]	Bulk		stone	natural	1	Oblong, grey sandstone beach or river cobble. No signs of working or use	125	56	50	531.71
53704	Fill of furrow [53603]	Bulk		stone	natural	2	Two small well-worn triangular pieces of a smooth, hard silicaceaous rock. The weathering and polish seems natural, and no signs of modification or use can be detected	53; 60	62; 76	15; 19	156
58710	Secondary fill of ditch [58708]	Bulk		stone	natural	3	Three naturally fractured pieces of honey-yellow sandstone. The largest is a spall from a large beach or glaciated cobble. No signs of working, only natural weathering and patchy salt discolorations caused by burial.	24; 90; 180	27; 30; 93	6; 26; 42	1075.75

Context #	*Context description*	*RF no./Bulk Find*	*Sample no*	*Material*	*Object*	*Quantity*	*Description*	*L mm*	*W mm*	*T mm*	*W g*
Total											3057.46
Overall Total						**32**					**12819.18**

Table 19: Stone by context and quantity

Conservation

Emma Griffiths (AOC Archaeology Group)

Summary

This CIfA type 1 report considers an assemblage of finds recovered during archaeological trial trenching evaluation undertaken as part of the East Park Energy scheme, within Area B, to the southeast of Pertenhall and northwest of Green End, Little Staughton, Bedfordshire. The assemblage was comprised of both copper alloy and iron metal finds, including a copper alloy coin, several glass finds, several worked bone finds, and a single example of worked stone.

Following assessment by AOC's in-house finds specialists, recommendations were made for the purpose of stabilisation with the view to archive. This report discusses the condition and conservation of those finds that were recommended for retention; those finds that have been recommended for eventual discard upon completion of the project will not be further discussed in this report.

Description

Copper Alloy

The single copper ally find is comprised of a coin, a nummus of the House of Valentinian (RF 49203) minted between AD 364 and 378 and therefore typologically Romano-British (Shoemark, 2026).

Ferrous Metals

The ferrous metal finds within the assemblage are predominantly made up of nails, some of which are Manning Type 2, although they are largely incomplete. Most significantly among the ferrous metals are those that can also be typologically dated to the Romano-British period, including two hobnails (<49202a> and <49202b>), and an iron link from a snaffle-bit (Bulk 51917) (Shoemark, 2026). Also among the ferrous metal finds was a tanged knife (Bulk 56705), which is akin to a form used during the Romano-British period, but could also be medieval to post medieval in date (Shoemark, 2026), and several as yet unidentified objects (RF 49202, RF 49703, and RF 51602).

Worked Bone

The worked bone assemblage comprises three finds (RF 46901, RF 46902 and RF 46903), all of a similar form; each find is comprised of a sheep, goat or deer metatarsal, with highly polished sides and engraved grooves along the shaft (Shoemark, 2026). These finds are as yet unidentified, but they are similar in form to

objects deriving from the Iron Age site of Glastonbury Lake Village where they are described as "polishing-bones" and possibly used for burnishing pottery (Shoemark, 2026).

Worked Stone

The single worked stone find is comprised of a small palette-shaped, sub-rectangular stone with a perforation carefully drilled in the centre. The stone is made of fine-grained sandstone, dark brown in colour, and appears to be a small loom weight, or perhaps a fishing line/net sinker (McIlfatrick, 2026).

Glass

Two tiny fragments of likely Romano-British glass were selected for retention. Both fragments are light yellow green in colour, and comprise a thin-walled, curved body shard (<49202>) and a curved teardrop-shaped vertical lip (<49201>), possibly from a small bowl, cup, beaker, flask or similar (Morrison, 2026)

Context #	RF/Bulk #	Sample #	Material:	Object:
49209		<49201>	Glass	Rim/ lip shard
49213		<49202>	Glass	Vessel shard
49213		49202a; 49202b	Fe	Hobnail
49213	49202		Fe	Unidentified
49213	49203		CuA	Coin
49405		49401	Fe	Nail
49635	49601		Bone	Uncertain
49635	49602		Bone	Uncertain
49635	49603		Bone	Uncertain
49711	49703		Fe	Unidentified
49711	49702		Fe	Nail
49711	49701a		Fe	Nail
49711	49701b		Fe	Nail
51634	51602		Fe	Unidentified
51901	Bulk		Stone	Loom weight
51917	Bulk		Fe	Snaffle bit
52610		52601a	Fe	Nail
52610		52601b	Fe	Nail
52610		52601c	Fe	Nail
55104	Bulk		Fe	Nail
56705	Bulk		Fe	Knife

Table 20: List of Objects Selected for Conservation

Condition

Copper Alloy

Prior to conservation, the single copper alloy find was heavily soiled, with substantial soil layers coating both surfaces. However, the legends on both sides, the bust on the obverse, and figure on the reverse of the coin were partially visible beneath the soiling. The coin is heavily corroded, with light, powdery areas along edges, but surfaces appeared reasonable stable beneath soiling.

Following conservation, the soiling and powdery areas of corrosion have been removed, the coin stabilised with a corrosion inhibitor and coated with a protective lacquer to further deter corrosion.

Ferrous Metal

Prior to conservation, the ferrous metal finds were largely heavily corroded, with corrosion accretions obscuring many surfaces and all objects showing some signs of possible active corrosion, either erupting through soiling layers or along break edges as evidence of internal active corrosion. The soiling varied from object to object, with some finds showing very minimal soiling, while others had thicker, more extensive soiling.

Following conservation, the soiling and active corrosion have been reduced, and the forms of many finds have been further revealed.

Worked Bone

All three bone objects were stable prior to conservation, with robust surfaces and very minimal soiling. Following conservation, the soiling ahs been reduced and the finds remain stable

Worked Stone

Prior to conservation the object showed very minimal soiling but had fractured down the centre at an angle into two fragments. Following conservation, the fragments have been joined, and the object is now whole.

Glass

Prior to conservation the finds were stable, showing very minimal corrosion, but were both visible soiled. Following conservation, the finds remain stable, but the soiling has been reduced, and the finds repacked for long term storage.

Conservation Summary

The following generic treatments were carried out for the purpose of stabilisation; for further details on specific object treatments, refer to the East Park Energy, Area B, Conservation Assessment Excel spreadsheet associated with this document. All finds that have undergone conservation were photographed before and after treatment.

Copper Alloy:

- Soiling and tarnish reduced under magnification using small hand tools and swabs of industrial methylated spirits (IMS).
- Surfaces stabilised using corrosion inhibitor; by immersion in 3%w/v benzotriazole (BTA) in IMS, under vacuum.
- Excess BTA removed from coin by rinsing twice after treatment, using IMS.
- Protective surface coating applied; two coats 15%w/v Incralac in toluene, by brush.
- Packed in appropriate storage with silica gel to control relative humidity.

Ferrous Metal:

- Soiling and active corrosion removed under magnification using small hand tools, and where appropriate using air abrasion with 53-micron aluminium oxide powder.
- If required, weak surfaces or cracks consolidated using 5-15%w/v Paraloid B72 in acetone.
- If required, fragmented finds joined using 50%w/v Paraloid B72 in acetone.
- Packed in appropriate storage with silica gel to control relative humidity.

Worked Bone

- Soiling reduced using swabs of IMS
- Packed appropriately for long term storage

Worked Stone:

- Fragments rejoined using 50%w/v Paraloid B-72 in acetone

- Packed appropriately for long term storage

Glass:

- Soiling reduced using swabs of IMS
- Packed appropriately for long term storage

Handling Requirements

The following handling requirements apply at all times:

- Clean nitrile gloves should always be worn for object handling to prevent contaminating objects surface
- No food or drink should be consumed around the objects.
- Objects should be examined on a smooth padded surface and should be kept in the individual packaging provided when not being examined as the objects are not individually marked.

Storage Requirements

Metal is susceptible to rapid corrosion in the presence of air and moisture. Keep metal objects in an airtight container with silica gel, and an indicator strip. If the RH goes above 40% replace the silica gel with a dry batch. Any alteration in the surface of the object – splits, cracks or beads of moisture/corrosion should be reported to a conservator. Temperature should stay at 15 – 21°C and within ±3°C/day.

Health and Safety Considerations

Benzotriazole (BTA) is a suspected carcinogen, however the quantities involved are extremely small. The likelihood of exposure has been further mitigated through rinsing of objects post-treatment and the addition of a barrier (lacquer) to sequester any remaining BTA. BTA is a component of the lacquer too, but it forms an inert layer on the surface of the artefact. However, care should be taken to not disrupt the fragile protective layers by abrasion or high RH.

Use of gloves when handling mitigates against any risidual risk of exposure.

AOC 80210; East Park, Area B; X-radiograph Catalogue							
X-ray plate	**kV**	**Mins**	**Find no. Δ**	**Sample no. ◊**	**Context ()**	**Material**	**Description**
1a	65	3	49203		49213	CuA	Coin
1b	80	3	49203		49213	CuA	Coin
2a	35	3	51602		51634	Fe	
2a	35	3		49202	49213	Fe	
2a	35	3	49201		49201	Fe	
2a	35	3		49401	49405	Fe	
2b	50	3	51602		51634	Fe	
2b	50	3		49202	49213	Fe	
2b	50	3	Bulk		55104	Fe	
2b	50	3		49401	49405	Fe	
2b	50	3	49701		49711	Fe	
2b	50	3	49702		49711	Fe	
2b	50	3	49703		49711	Fe	
2b	50	3		52601	52610	Fe	
2c	65	3	Bulk		56807	Fe	
2c	65	3		52601	52610	Fe	
2c	65	3	49702		49711	Fe	
2c	65	3	Bulk		55104	Fe	
2c	65	3	Bulk		51917	Fe	
2d	65	3	Bulk		51917	Fe	
3a	65	3	Bulk		56705	Fe	
3b	80	3	Bulk		51917	Fe	
3b	80	3	Bulk		56705	Fe	
3c	80	3	Bulk		51917	Fe	
3d	95	3	Bulk		49202	Fe	

Table 21: X- Ray Catalogue

Context #	RF/Bulk #	Sample #	Material:	Object:
49209		<49201>	Glass	Rim/ lip shard
49213		<49202>	Glass	Vessel shard
49213		49202a; 49202b	Fe	Hobnail
49213	49202		Fe	Unidentified
49213	49203		CuA	Coin
49405		49401	Fe	Nail
49635	49601		Bone	Uncertain
49635	49602		Bone	Uncertain
49635	49603		Bone	Uncertain
49711	49703		Fe	Unidentified
49711	49702		Fe	Nail
49711	49701a		Fe	Nail
49711	49701b		Fe	Nail
51634	51602		Fe	Unidentified
51901	Bulk		Stone	Loom weight
51917	Bulk		Fe	Snaffle bit
52610		52601a	Fe	Nail
52610		52601b	Fe	Nail
52610		52601c	Fe	Nail
55104	Bulk		Fe	Nail
56705	Bulk		Fe	Knife

Table 22: List of Finds Included for Assessment

Appendix C: OASIS Form

OASIS ID (UID)	aocarcha1-542361
Project Name	Trial Trench at East Park Energy, Area B, Bedfordshire
Sitename	East Park Energy, Area B, Bedfordshire
Sitecode	BEDFM 2024.23
Project Identifier(s)	80210, BEDFM 2024.23
Activity type	Trial Trench
Planning Id	
Reason For Investigation	Planning: Pre application
Organisation Responsible for work	
Project Dates	03-Mar-2025 - 02-Mar-2026
Location	**East Park Energy, Area B, Bedfordshire** NGR: TL 09449 63555 LL: 52.25928366916434, -0.397842421284923 12 Fig: 509449,263555
Administrative Areas	Country: England County/Local Authority: Bedford Local Authority District: Bedford Parish: Little Staughton
Project Methodology	The archaeological evaluation was conducted according to the detailed methodology laid out in the approved WSI (AOC 2024b) which had been outlined in the Brief produced by Bedford Borough Council Historic Environment Team (BBHET), issued in May 2024 (BBC & CHET 2024). Additionally, a WSI addendum was completed for sub-areas B25 and B29 (AOC 2025).[In total 509 were excavated across Area B during the evaluation The trenches were positioned to an accuracy of ± 100mm of the specified trench location using survey-grade Trimble DGPS. Prior to excavation the trench area was surveyed using a CAT 4+. The trenches were opened by a mechanical excavator under the supervision of a competent member of AOC staff. Excavation occurred in successive spits down to the first significant archaeological horizon, or natural substratum, whichever was encountered first. All trenches, and any archaeological features found were recorded using AOC's pro-form context and trench record sheets and surveyed to be tied to the national grid using a Trimble GPS. An accession number (BEDFM 2024.23) was issued by Bedfordshire Borough Council (BBC) and used as a site code.
Project Results	The works were undertaken to assess the presence or absence of archaeological remains, depth, condition and significance as suggested by the geophysical survey previously undertaken by AOC Archaeology (AOC 2024a). A Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) was prepared by AOC Archaeology (AOC 2024b), which detailed the scope and methodology of the archaeological evaluation. The works were conducted by AOC Archaeology in accordance with current and best

	practices, standards, and guidelines. The works were monitored by the Historic England (HE) Inspector for Ancient Monuments and Senior Archaeologist at Bedfordshire Borough Council (BBCC). The evaluation at Area B, to date, comprised the excavation of trenches across 29 Sub-Areas of Area B (B01 – B24, B26 – B28, B30 – B31). Of the 460 trenches excavated, 112 yielded archaeological evidence while 348 remined negative. Modern truncations in the form of field drains and plough scars were indicative of agricultural practices occurring across the areas, however generally, preservation of archaeological features was moderate, with the depth the archaeological features were recorded at being fairly consistent, with on average 0.14m of subsoil (where present) and 0.24m of topsoil over lying the activity. The archaeological remains found during the trial trenching evaluation in Area B shows evidence of archaeological activity in Areas (B01, B02, B04, B05, B11-B15, B17-B20, B21, B23, B26-B29 and B31). Most of the features range in date from the Late Iron Age to the Early Roman period, with a localised number of features relating to post-medieval agricultural practices. Discrete residual flint debitage flakes indicate the presence prehistoric activity in the the local landscape, possibly dating from the Neolithic period onwards. 2Th archaeological evaluation has revealed agricultural activity and likely modest rural occupation activity mainly spanning from the Late Iron Age the Romano-British period. The activity, exemplified by ditches, gullies, pits and rectilinear enclosures, as well as limited curvilinear enclosures. The rectilinear enclosure may be associated with rural settlement or agricultural activity or both. The south of Area B18 contained a vast amount of archaeological evidence i representative of a Romano-British ladder settlement comprising multiple rectilinear and curvilinear enclosures. One ditch in Trench 629 in Area 27 econtained acontained a fragmented human skull likely represented a structured deposit which is common in the early Roman period. Additionally, two prehistoric roundhouses were recorded in Area B28. 2Post-medieval activity was exemplified by field systems, including pre and post ordnance survey field boundaries as well as furrows, with a concentration of the latter in Area B31. Overall, the findings provide valuable insights into land use over time, with pre-Roman Iron Age and Early Roman agricultural activity and settlement, and post-medieval agricultural activity spread throughout Area B. Area B preserves evidence of rural settlement from the Late Iron Age through the Roman conquest, with Roman pottery indicating modest, scattered domestic activity. Also, residual finds llikely indicate earlier activity in the surrounding landscape, dating to as early prehistoric period. Overall, the evidence retrieved from the trenching suggests a landscape utilised within the late prehistoric, early Roman period, including a potential ladder settlement and associated enclosures, and beyond into the post-medieval with agricultural use of the land. Assessment of dating material in due course should aid in defining this activity across Area B. Below is a summary of each area: • Area B01: heavily truncated remains of agricultural use of the site in the form of enclosure ditches, perhaps for animal husbandry. • Area B02: Sparce, ephemeral rural activity is a tentative interpretation • Area B04: field boundaries depicted on OS mapping • Area B05: likely associated with post-medieval agriculture like B04. • Area B11: field boundaries depicted on OS mapping and potential earlier prehistoric activity • Area B12: curvilinear animal enclosures of currently unknown date • Areas B13 and B14: ditches representing enclosures of currently unknown date • Area B18: field boundaries depicted on OS mapping in north. In the south, activity representative of a Romano-British ladder settlement with many ditches present, some of which present multiple phases of use with ditch recuts, as well as more discrete features such as pits. • Area B19: Curvilinear enclosure suggests a different type of settlement or occupation to the east of the ladder settlement. • B20: extension of activity seen in B18 and B19; peripheral activity on the outskirts of settlement •

	Areas B21 to B24: low density agricultural activity in the form of boundaries and furrows. South of Area B23, suggested earlier prehistoric enclosures • B26, B27 and B31: low density agricultural activity in the form of boundaries and furrows. Area in the south of Area B27 suggestive of a higher concentration of activity including one ditch containing a fragmented human skull alongside a large mandible. The trenching results to date have shown a clear correlation between the features uncovered during the evaluation and the geophysical survey across Area B. Whilst the areas presumed blank by the geophysical survey generally matched the findings within the evaluations, there was a moderate number of archaeological features present in trenches not targeting geophysical anomalies. The archaeological evaluation has revealed agricultural activity and likely modest rural occupation activity mainly spanning from the Late Iron Age the Romano-British period. The activity, exemplified by ditches, gullies, pits and rectilinear enclosures, as well as limited curvilinear enclosures. The rectilinear enclosure may be associated with rural settlement or agricultural activity or both. The south of Area B18 contained a vast amount of archaeological evidence i representative of a Romano-British ladder settlement comprising multiple rectilinear and curvilinear enclosures. One ditch in Trench 629 in Area 27 a fragmented human skull likely represented a structured deposit which is common in the early Roman period. Additionally, two prehistoric roundhouses were recorded in Area B28. 2Post-medieval activity was exemplified by field systems, including pre and post ordnance survey field boundaries as well as furrows, with a concentration of the latter in Area B31. Overall, the findings provide valuable insights into land use over time, with pre-Roman Iron Age and Early Roman agricultural activity and settlement, and post-medieval agricultural activity spread throughout Area B. Area B preserves evidence of rural settlement from the Late Iron Age through the Roman conquest, with Roman pottery indicating modest, scattered domestic activity. Also, residual finds llikely indicate earlier activity in the surrounding landscape, dating to as early prehistoric period.
Keywords	
Funder	
HER	
Person Responsible for work	
HER Identifiers	

Appendix D: Figures

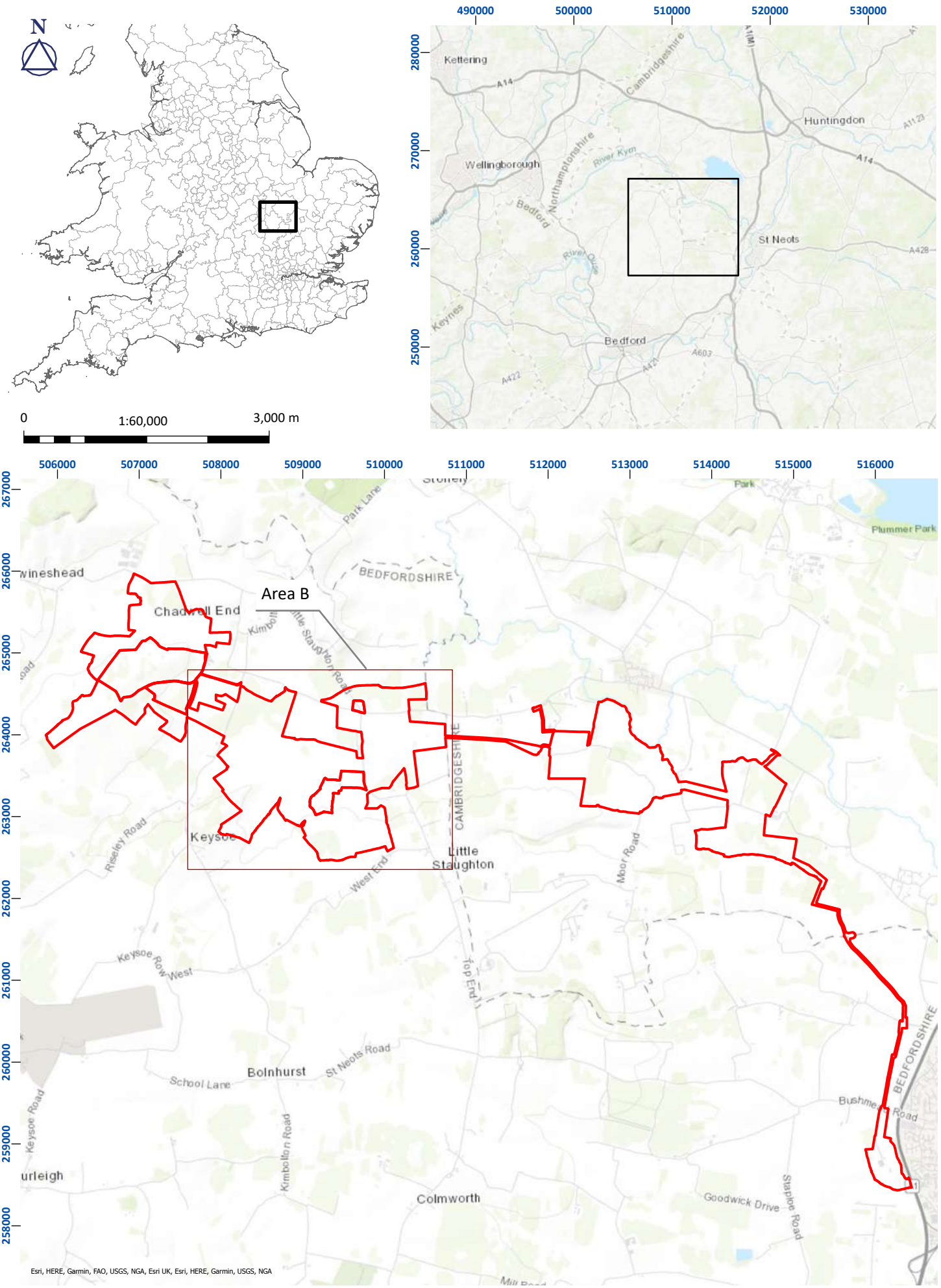
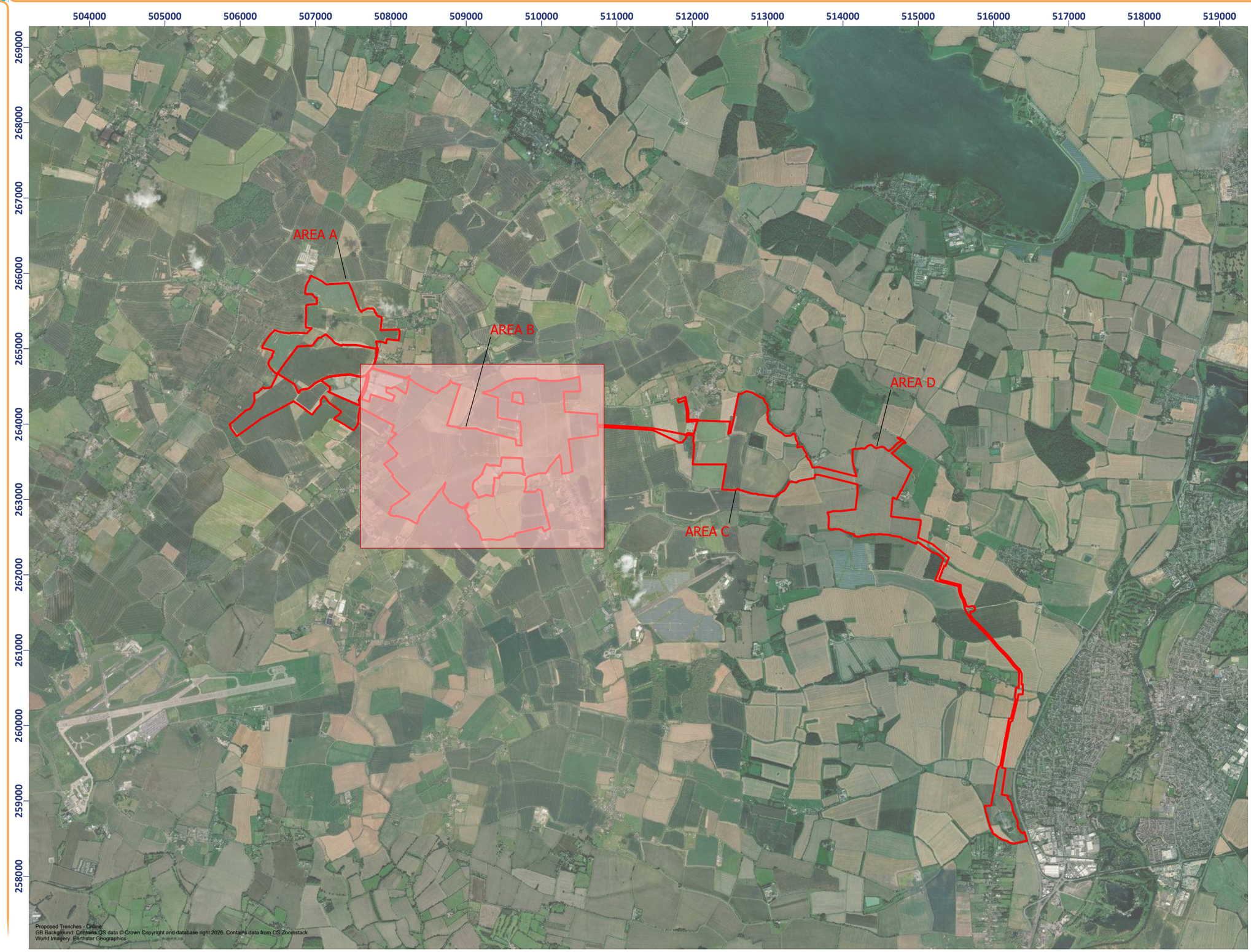


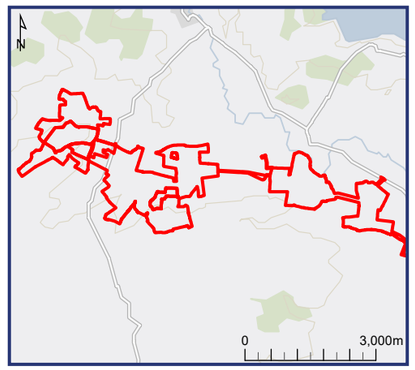
Figure 1: Site location plan 01/80210/REP/01/01



N

Legend

Site Boundary



0 1:50,000 2,000 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/2/02

AOC Archaeology Group

Figure 2: Site Overview

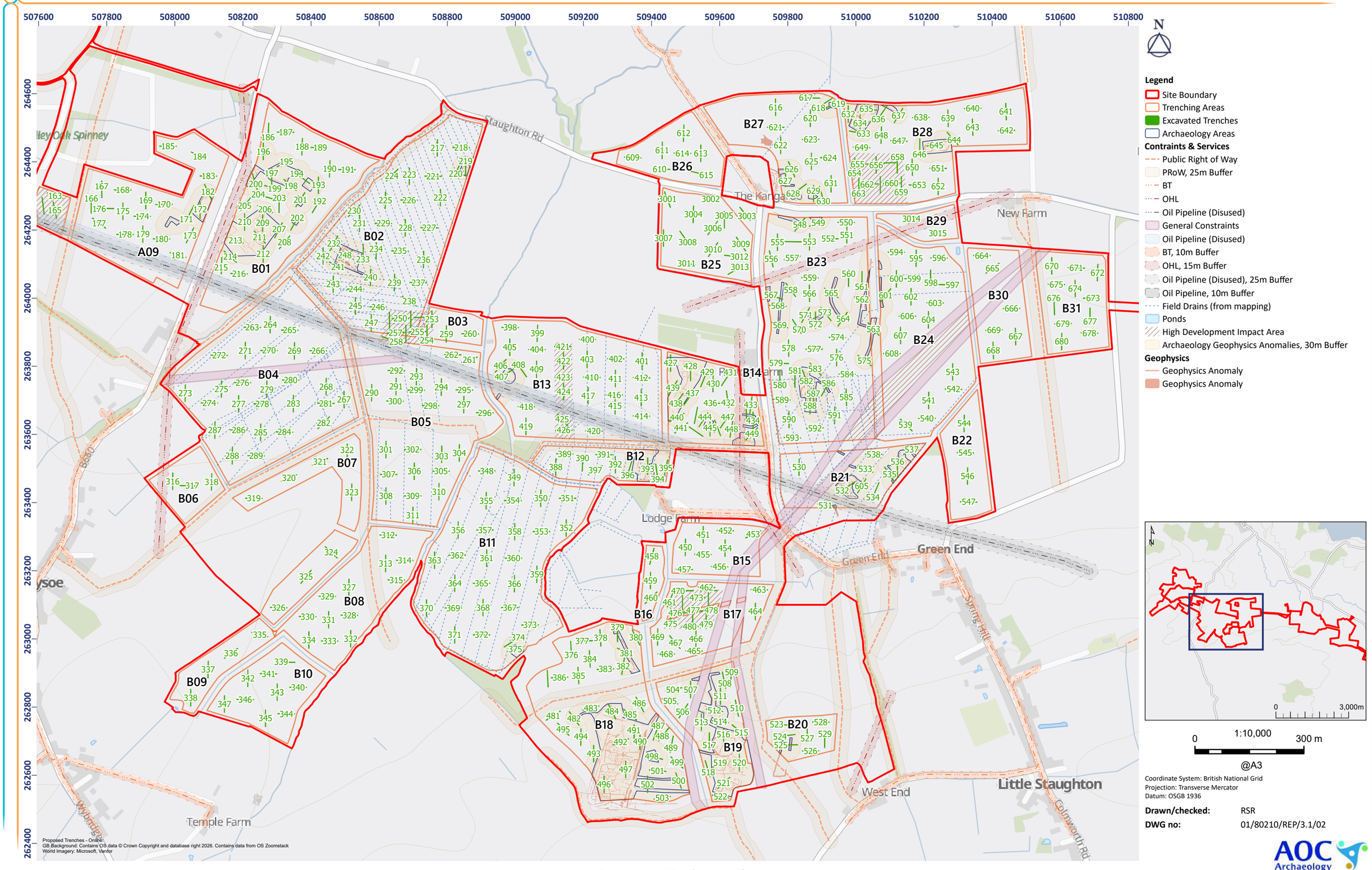


Figure 3.1: Area B Trench Location Plan

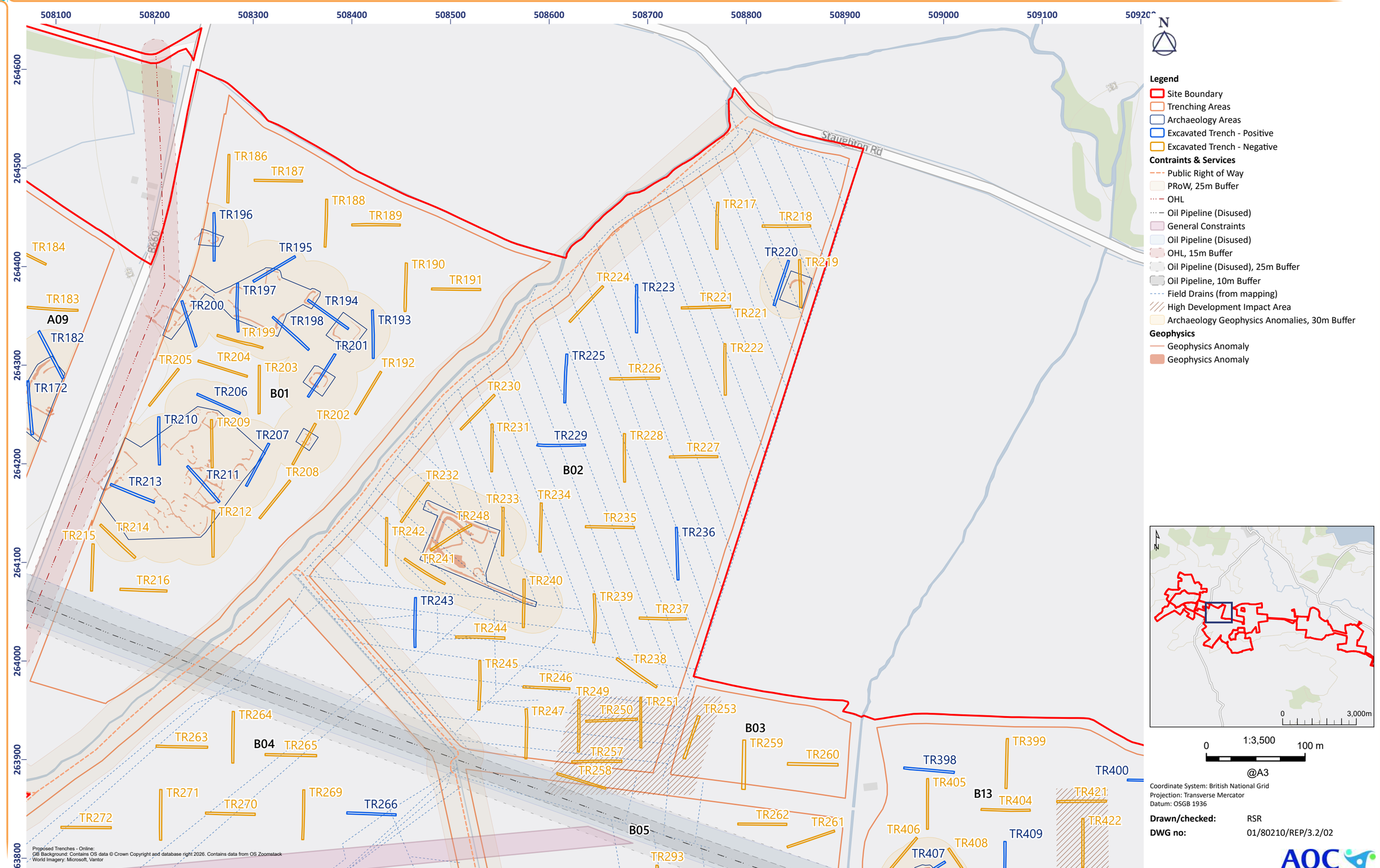


Figure 3.2: Area B01, B02, Trenching Results

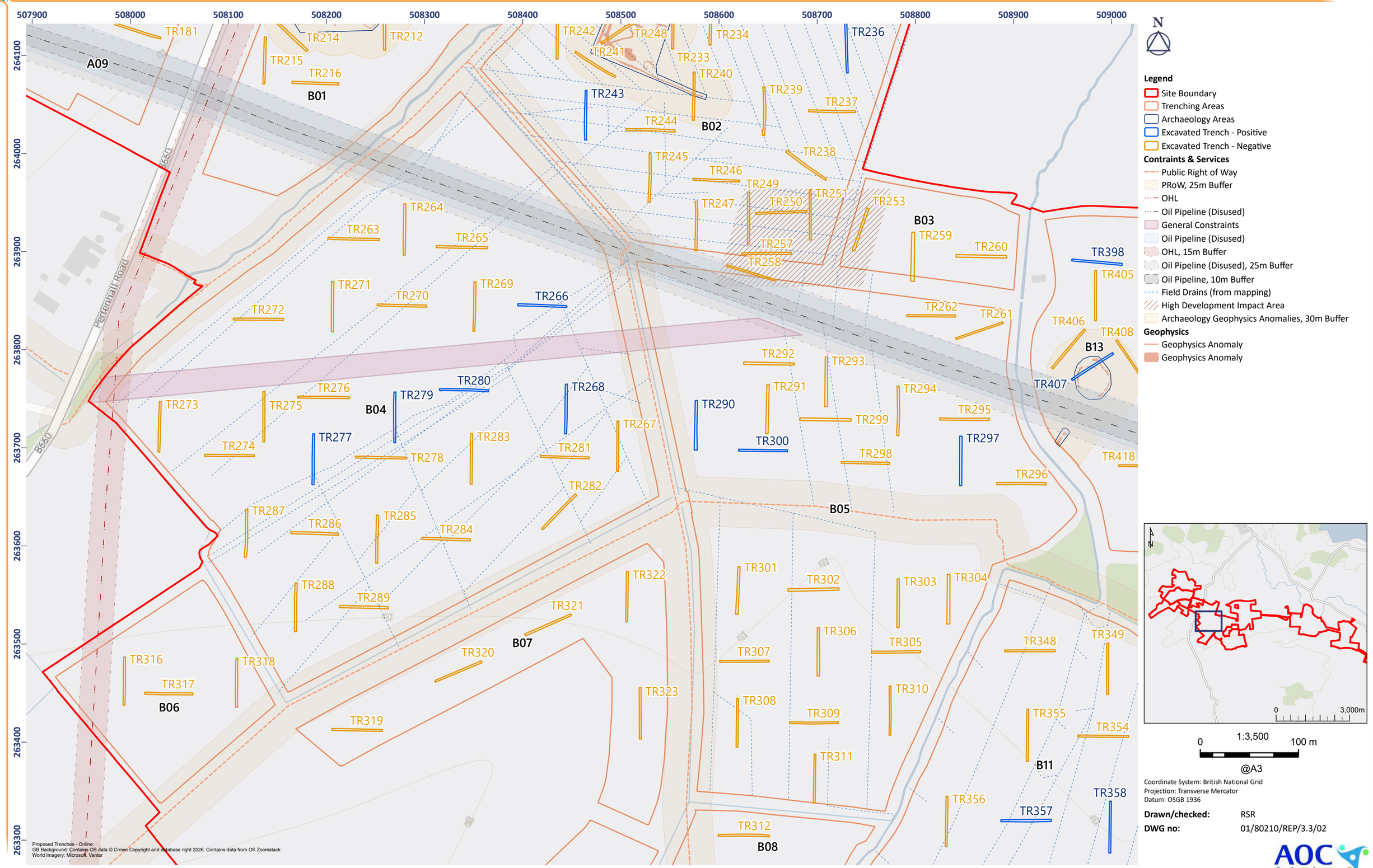


Figure 3.3: Area B03, B04, B05, B06. B07, Trenching Results

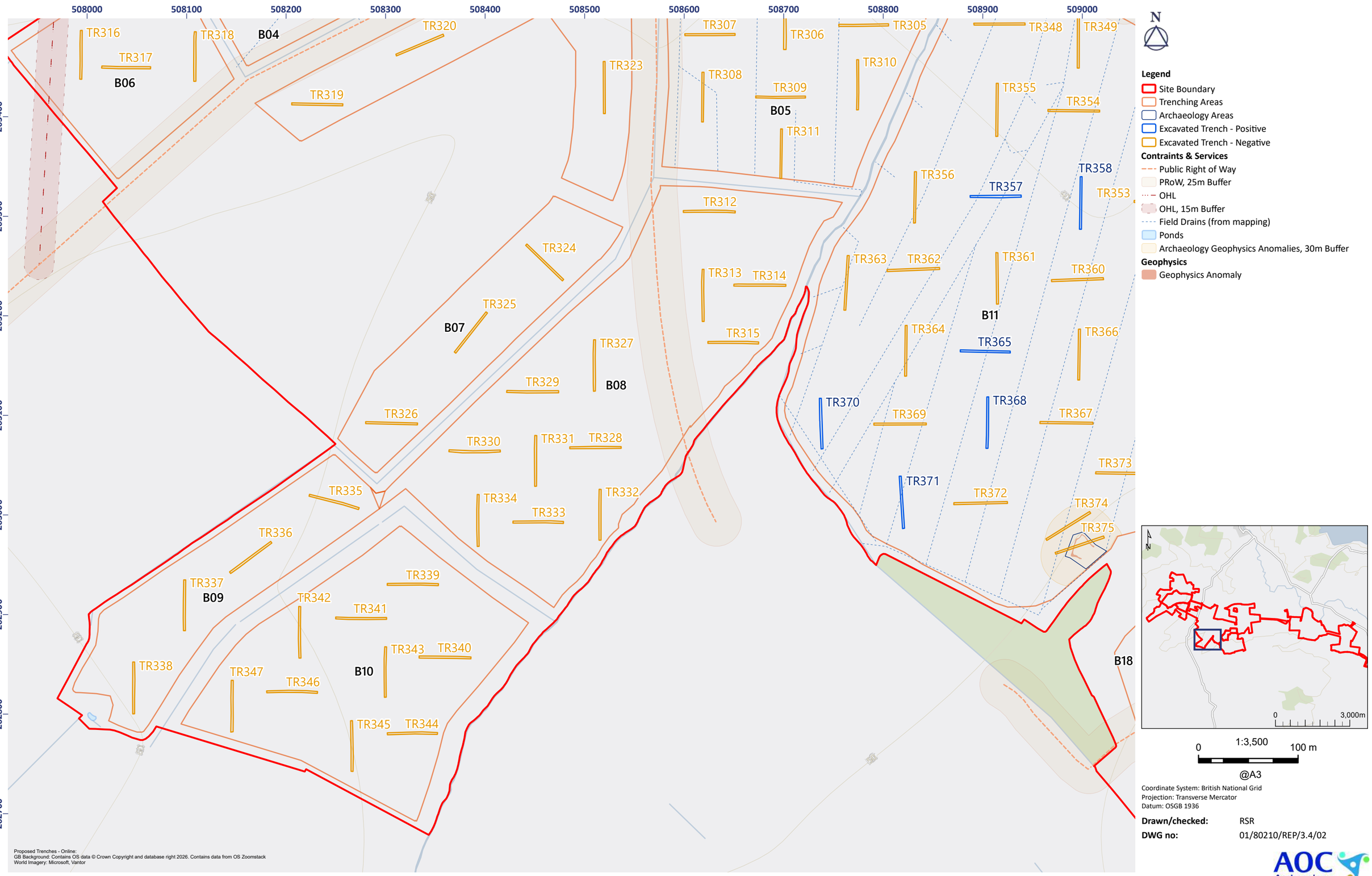


Figure 3.4: Area B08, B09, B10, Trenching Results

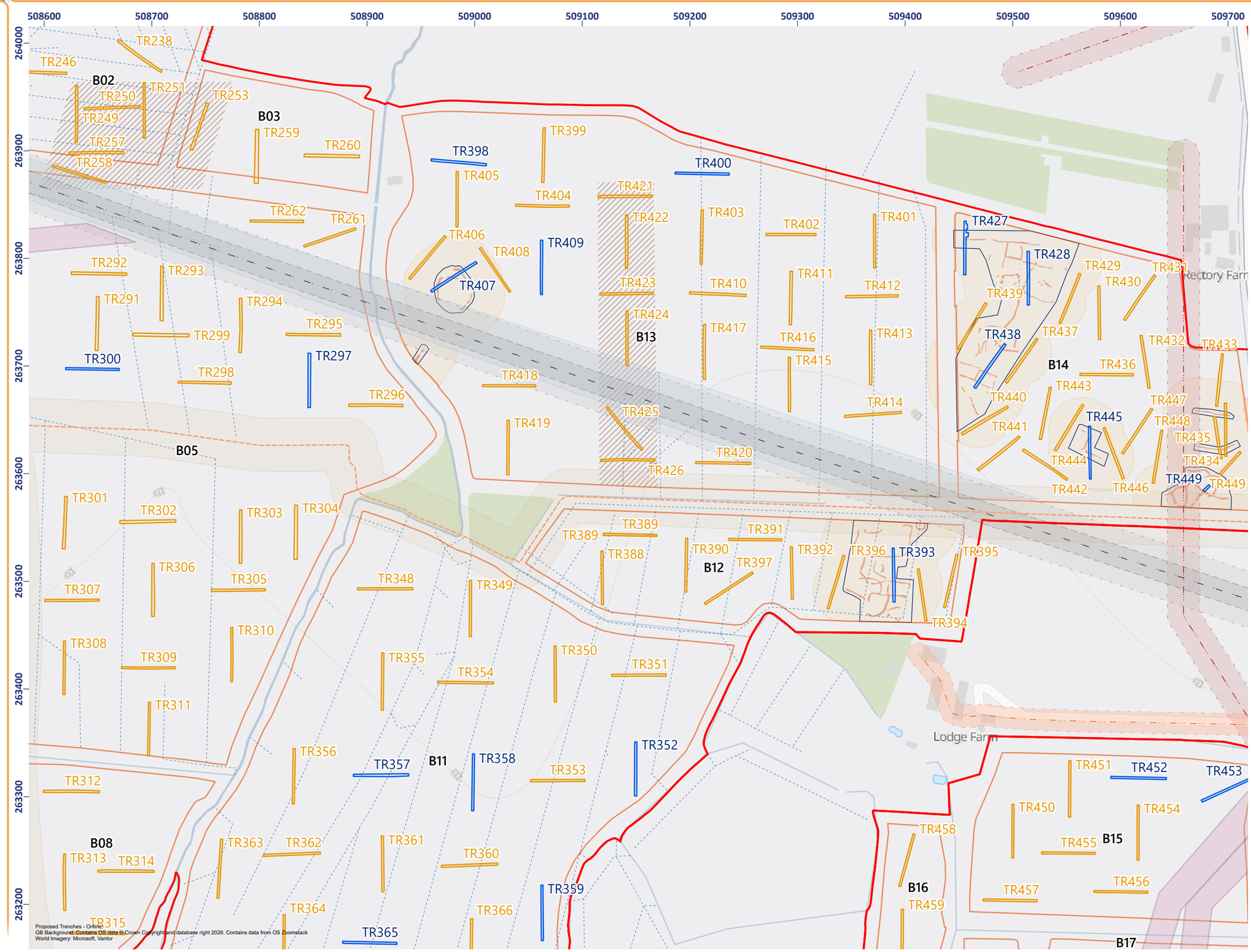
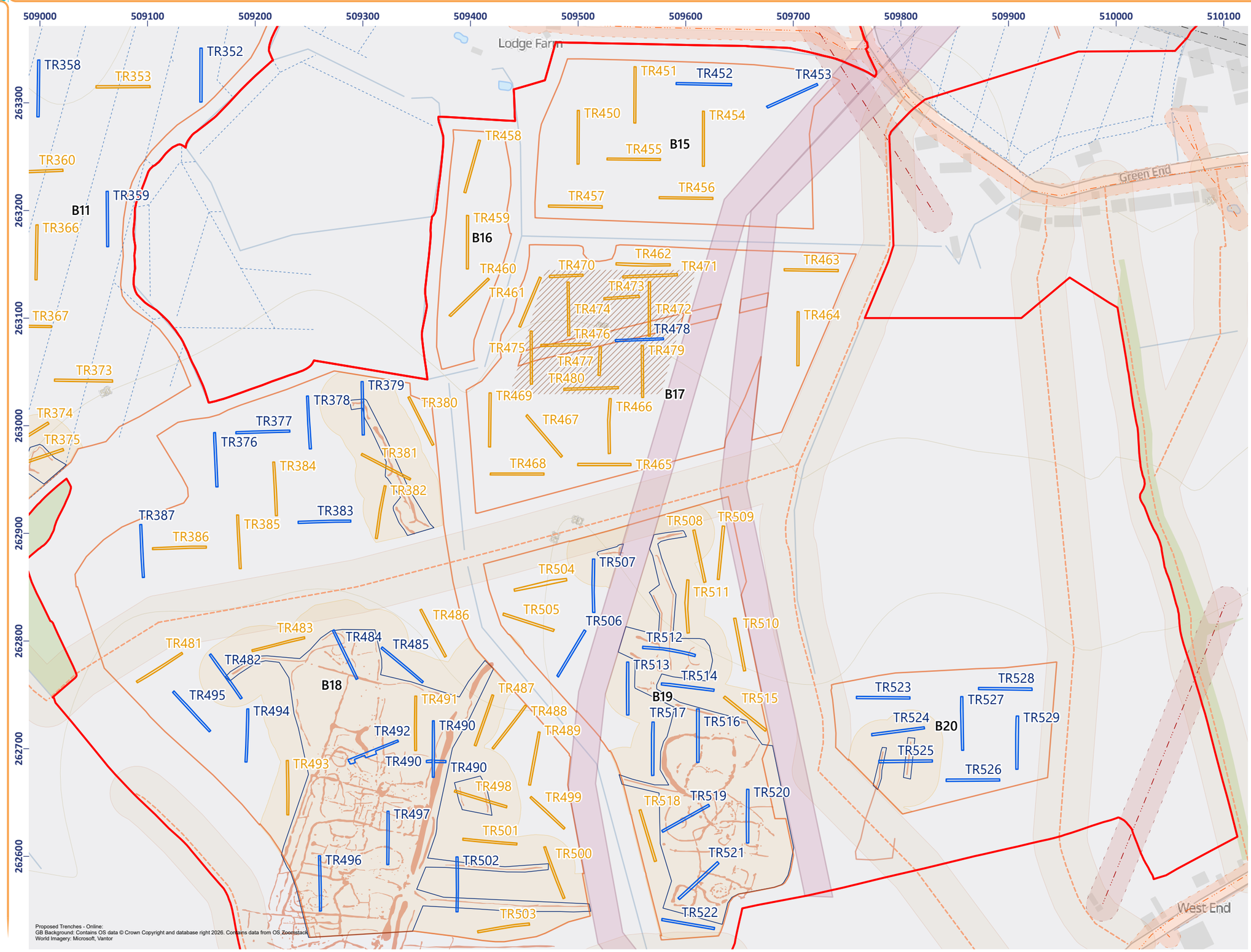


Figure 3.5: Area B11, B12, B13, B14, Trenching Results

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.5/02



N

Legend

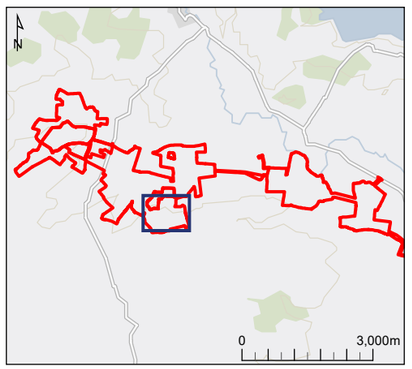
- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Archaeology Areas
- Excavated Trench - Positive
- Excavated Trench - Negative

Contraints & Services

- Public Right of Way
- PRoW, 25m Buffer
- BT
- OHL
- Oil Pipeline (Disused)
- General Constraints
- BT, 10m Buffer
- OHL, 15m Buffer
- Oil Pipeline (Disused), 25m Buffer
- Oil Pipeline, 10m Buffer
- Field Drains (from mapping)
- Ponds
- High Development Impact Area
- Archaeology Geophysics Anomalies, 30m Buffer

Geophysics

- Geophysics Anomaly
- Geophysics Anomaly



0 1:3,500 100 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.6/02

AOC Archaeology Group

Figure 3.6: Area B15, B16, B17, B18, B19, B20, Trenching Results

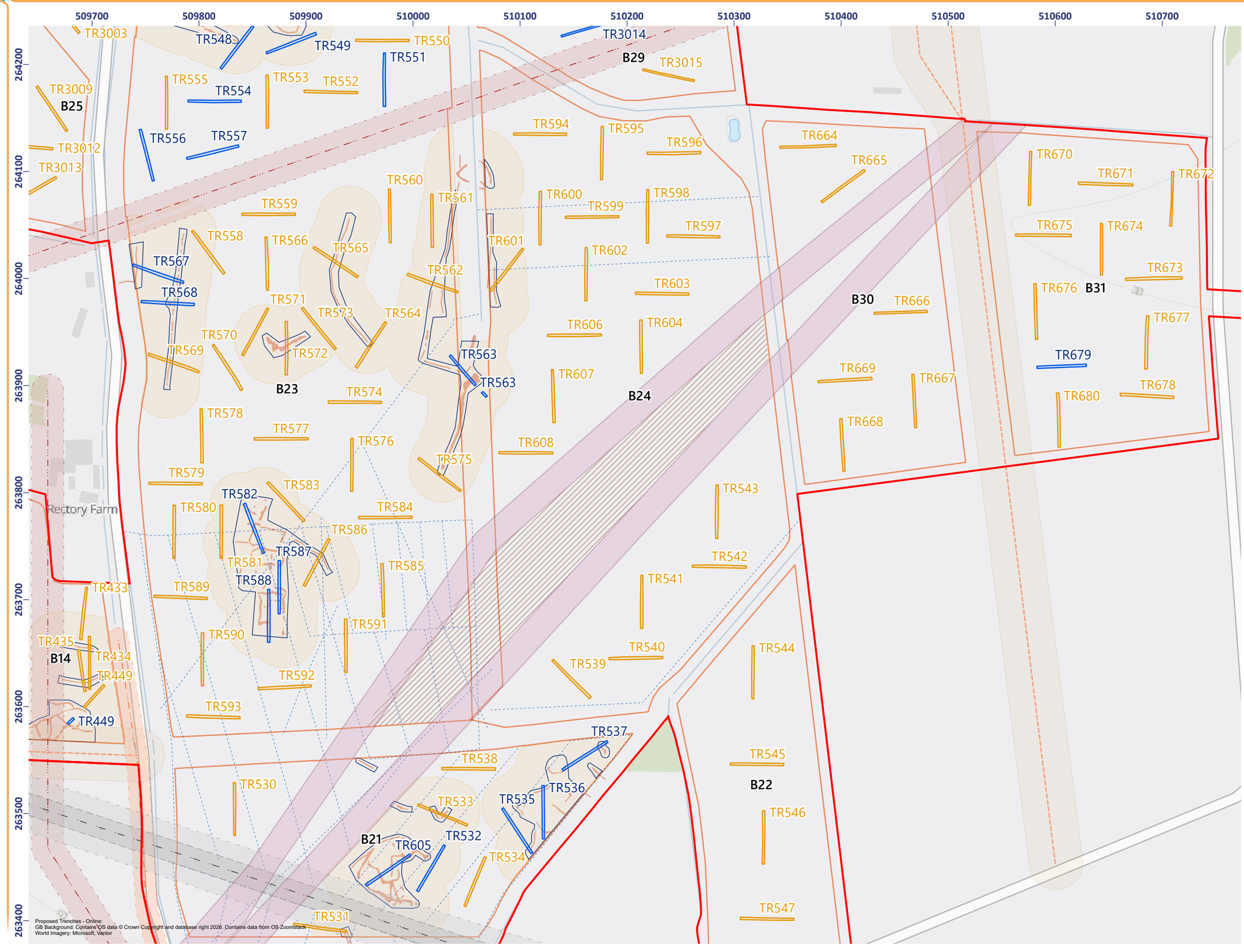


Figure 3.7: Area B21, B22, B23, B24, B30. B31, Trenching Results

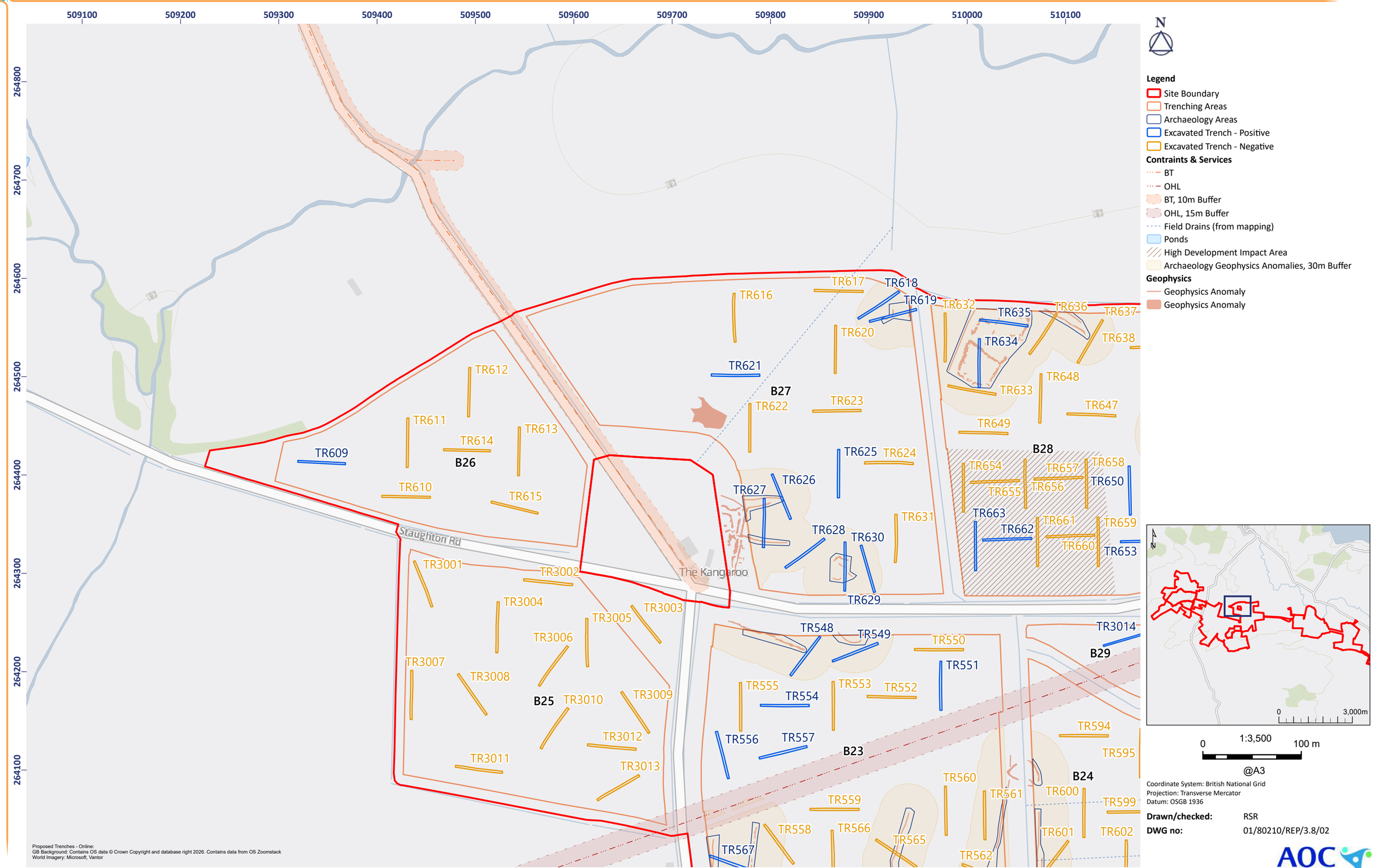


Figure 3.8: Area B25, B26 B27, Trenching Results

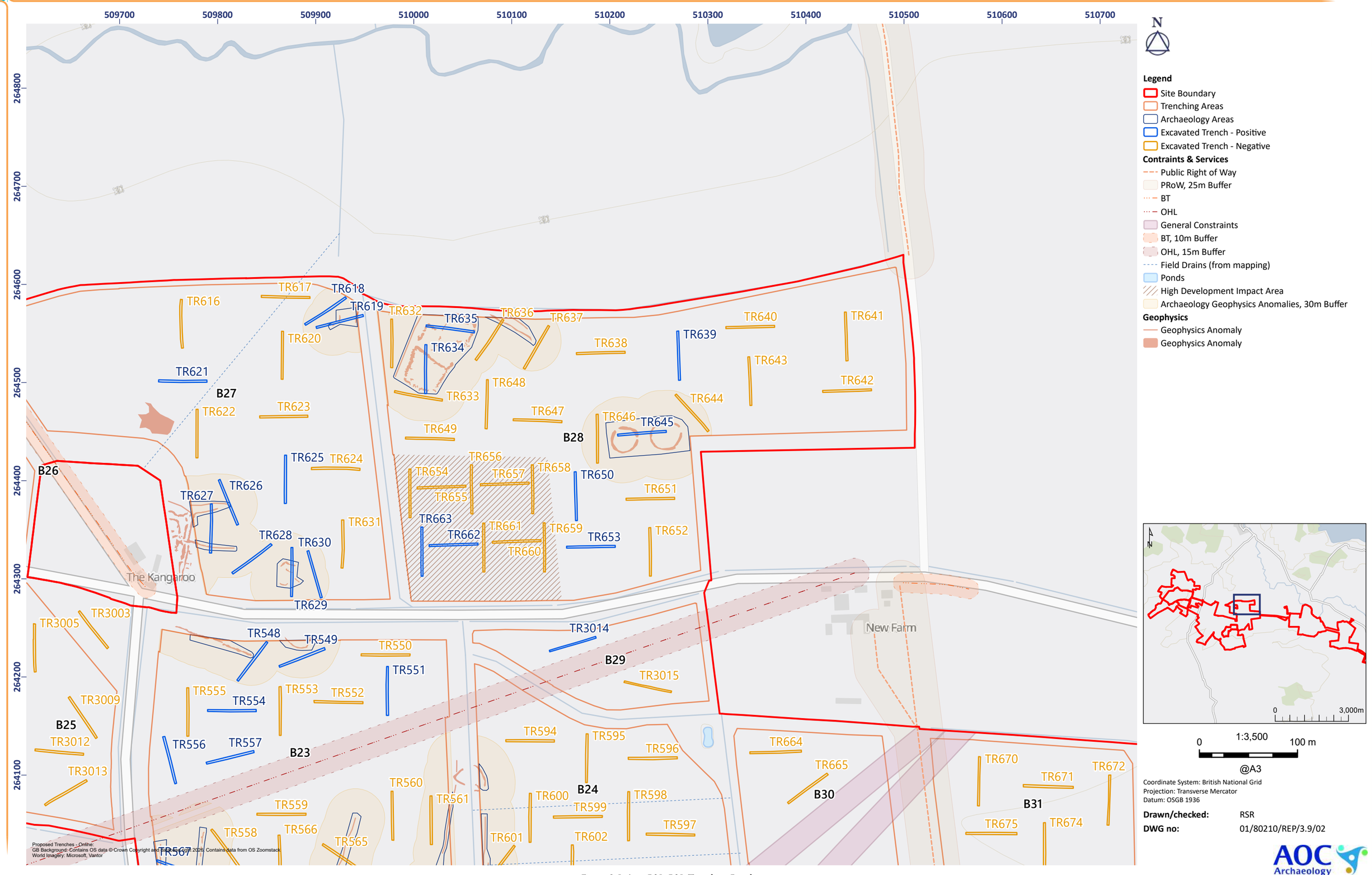


Figure 3.9: Area B28, B29, Trenching Results

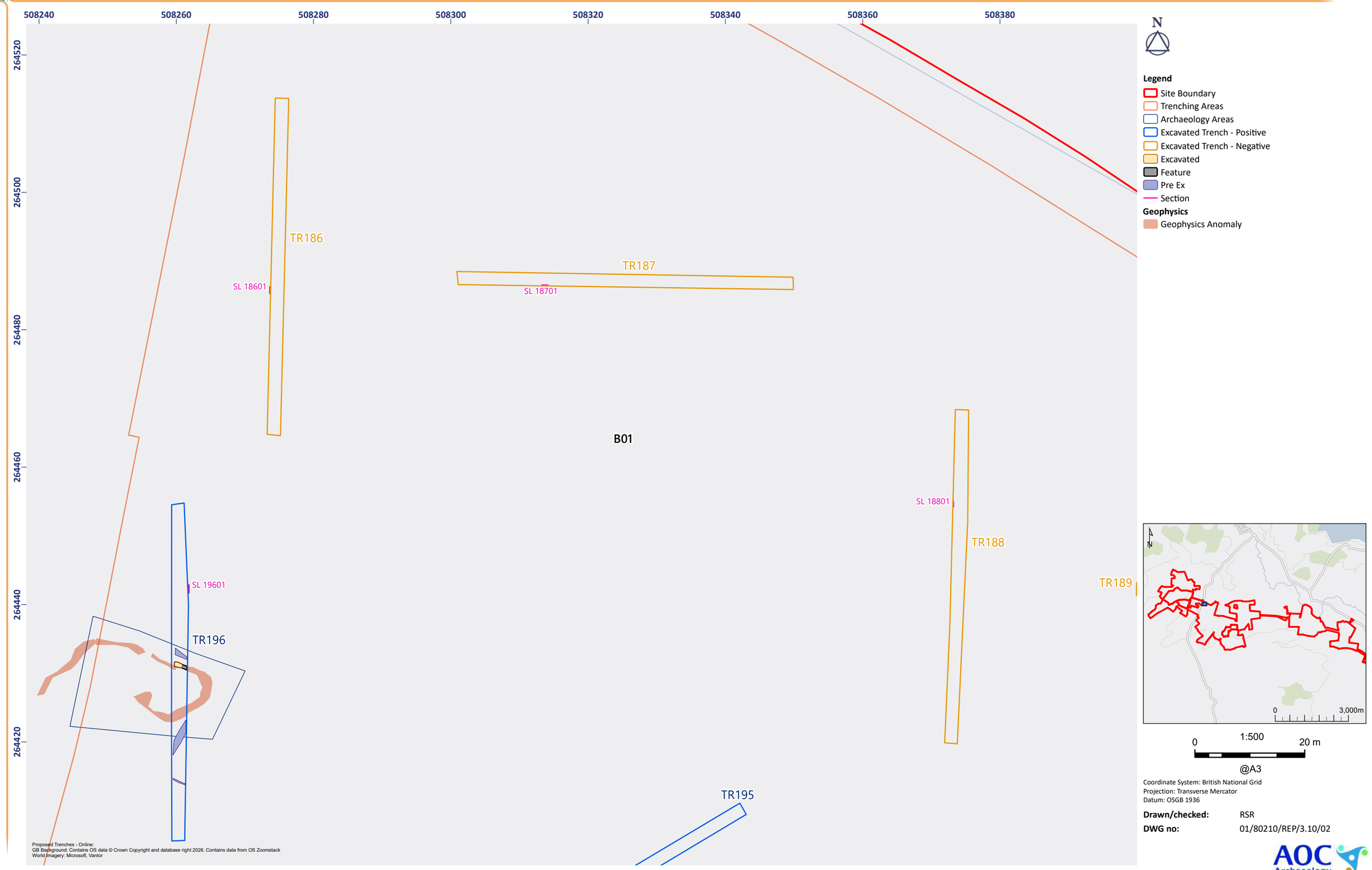


Figure 3.10: Trenches 186-188, 196: Archaeological Results

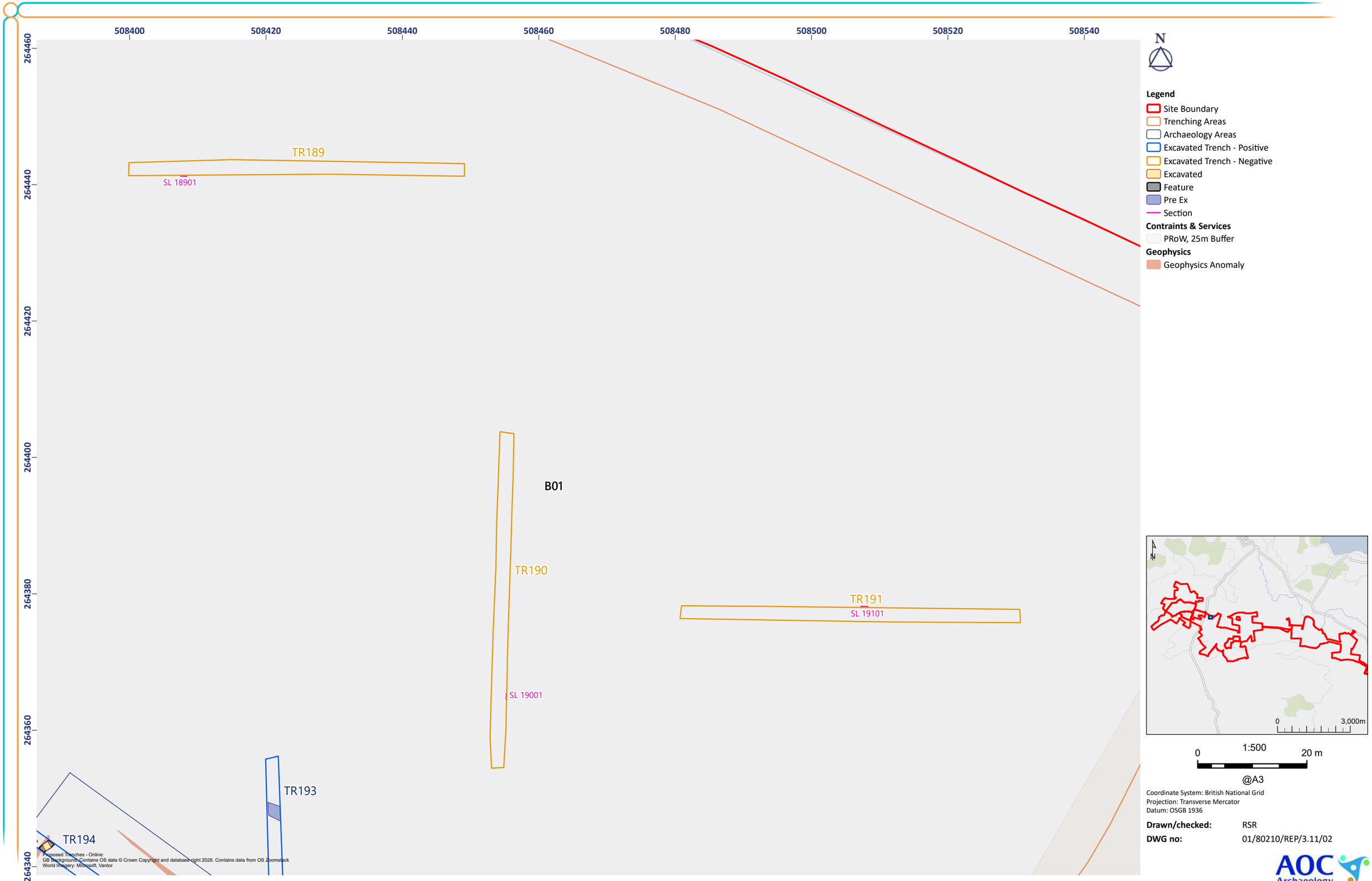


Figure 3.11: Trenches 189, 191: Archaeological Results



Figure 3.12: Trenches 194-195, 197-200: Archaeological Results

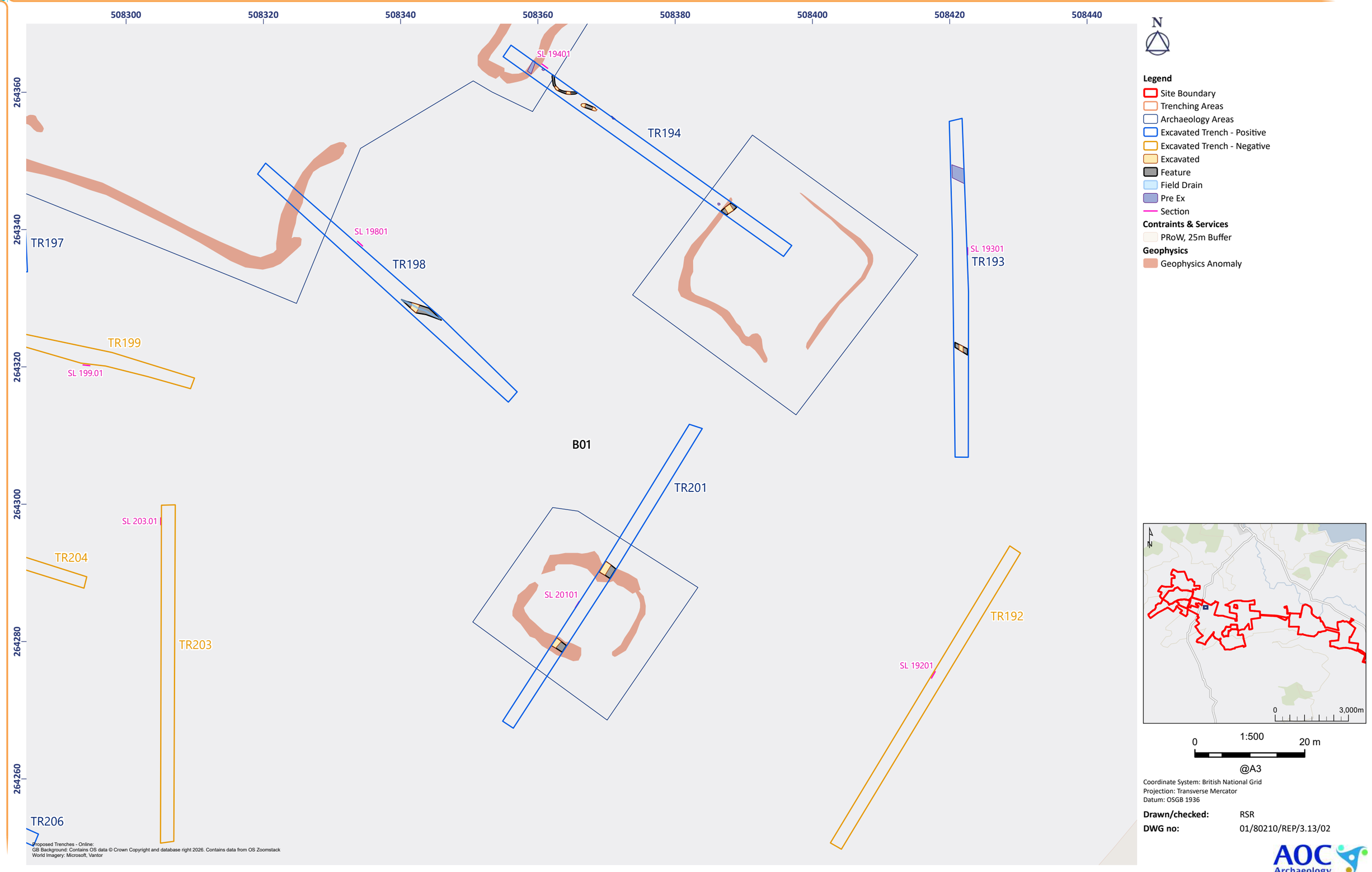


Figure 3.13: Trenches 192-194, 198, 201-203: Archaeological Results

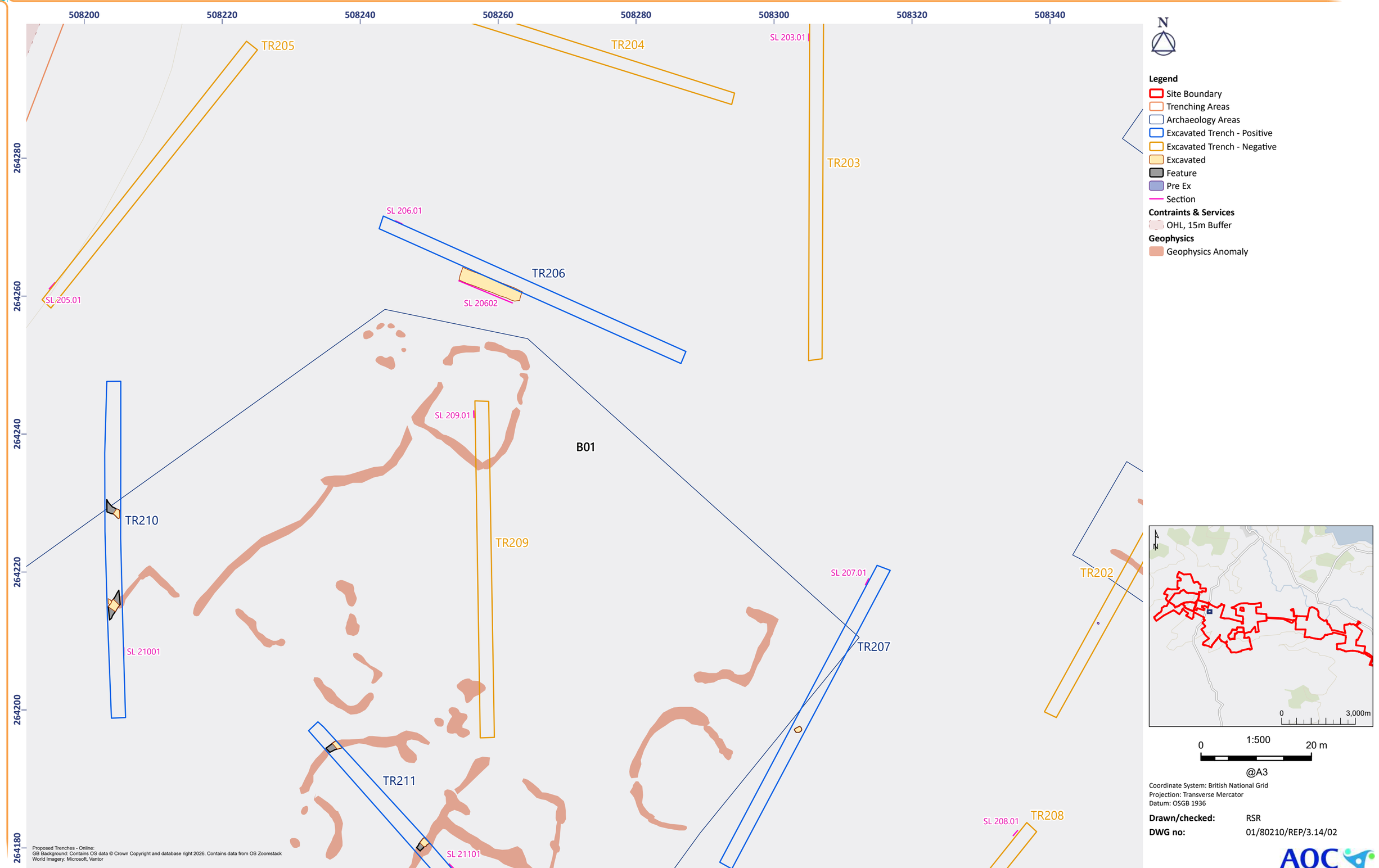


Figure 3.14: Trenches 201-204, 206, 209: Archaeological Results

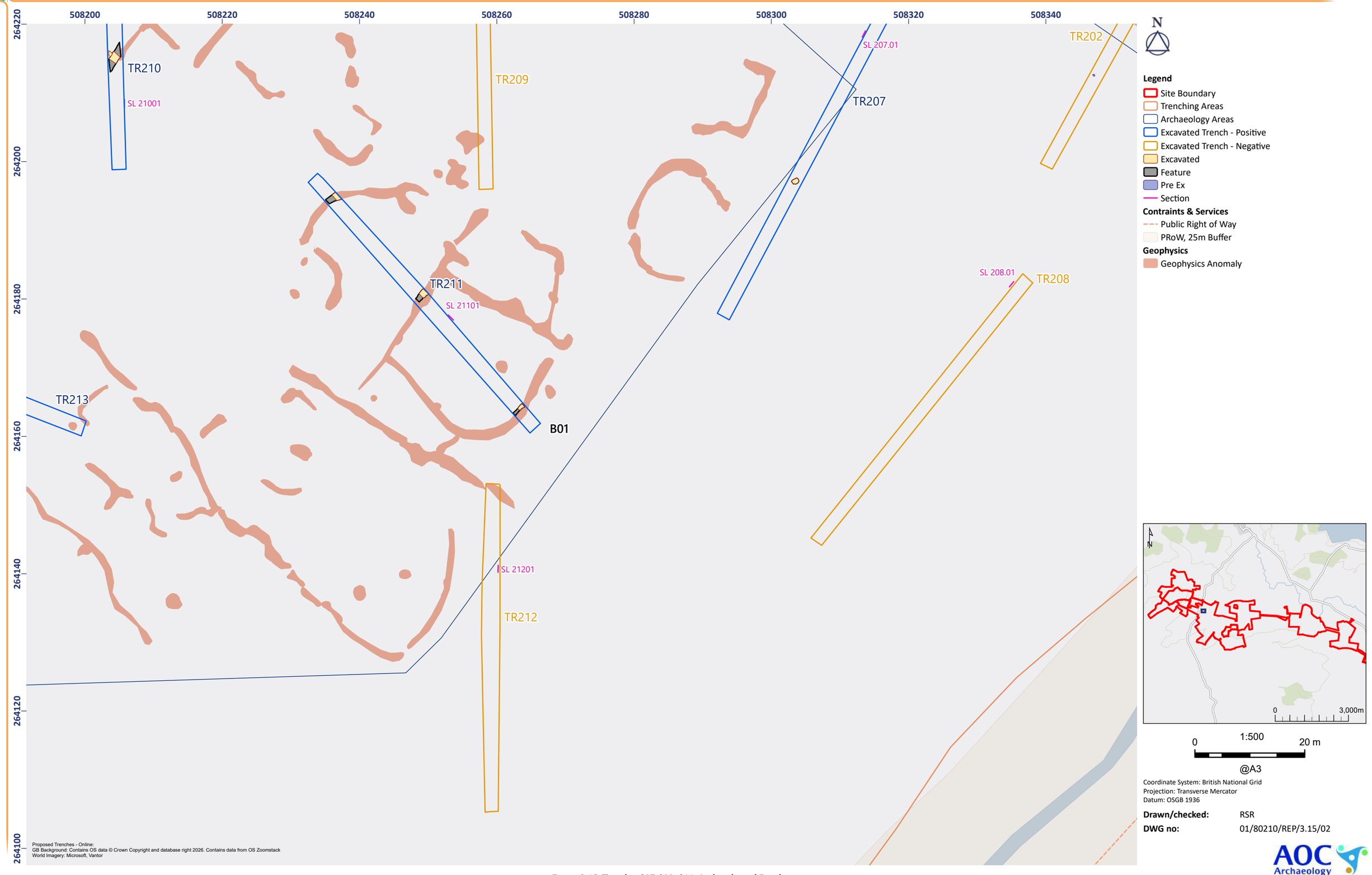


Figure 3.15: Trenches 207-208, 211: Archaeological Results

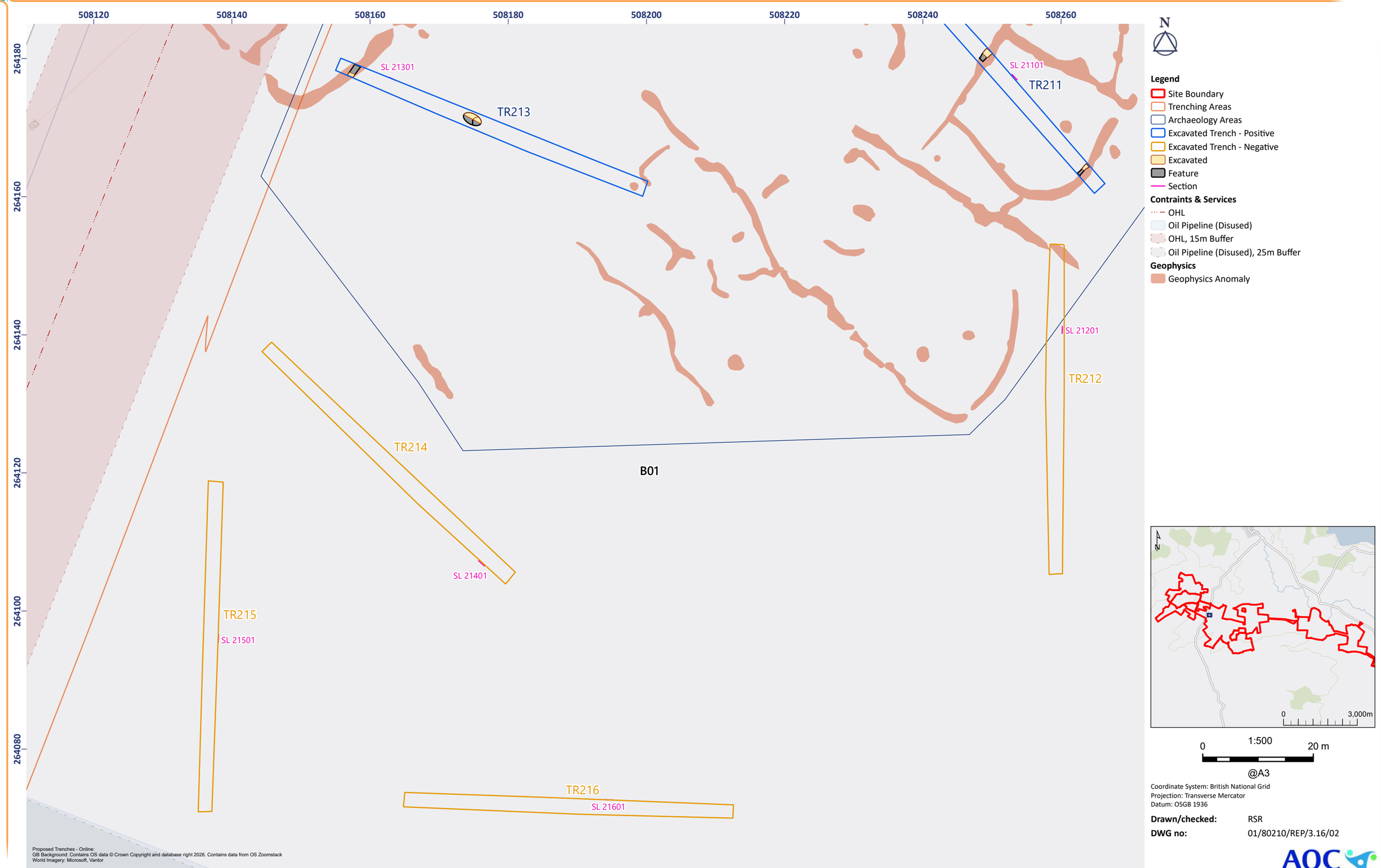


Figure 3.16: Trenches 212-216: Archaeological Results

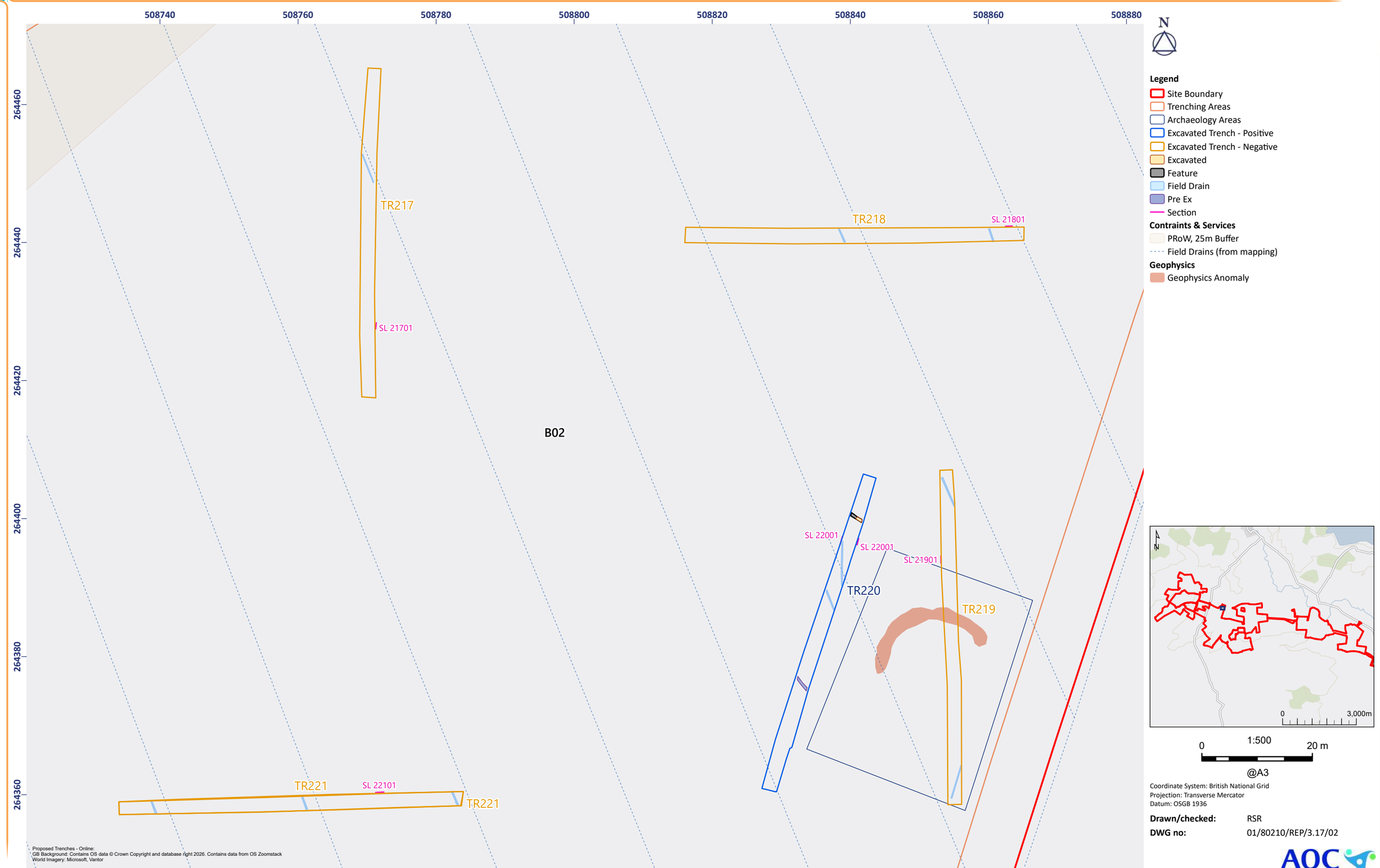
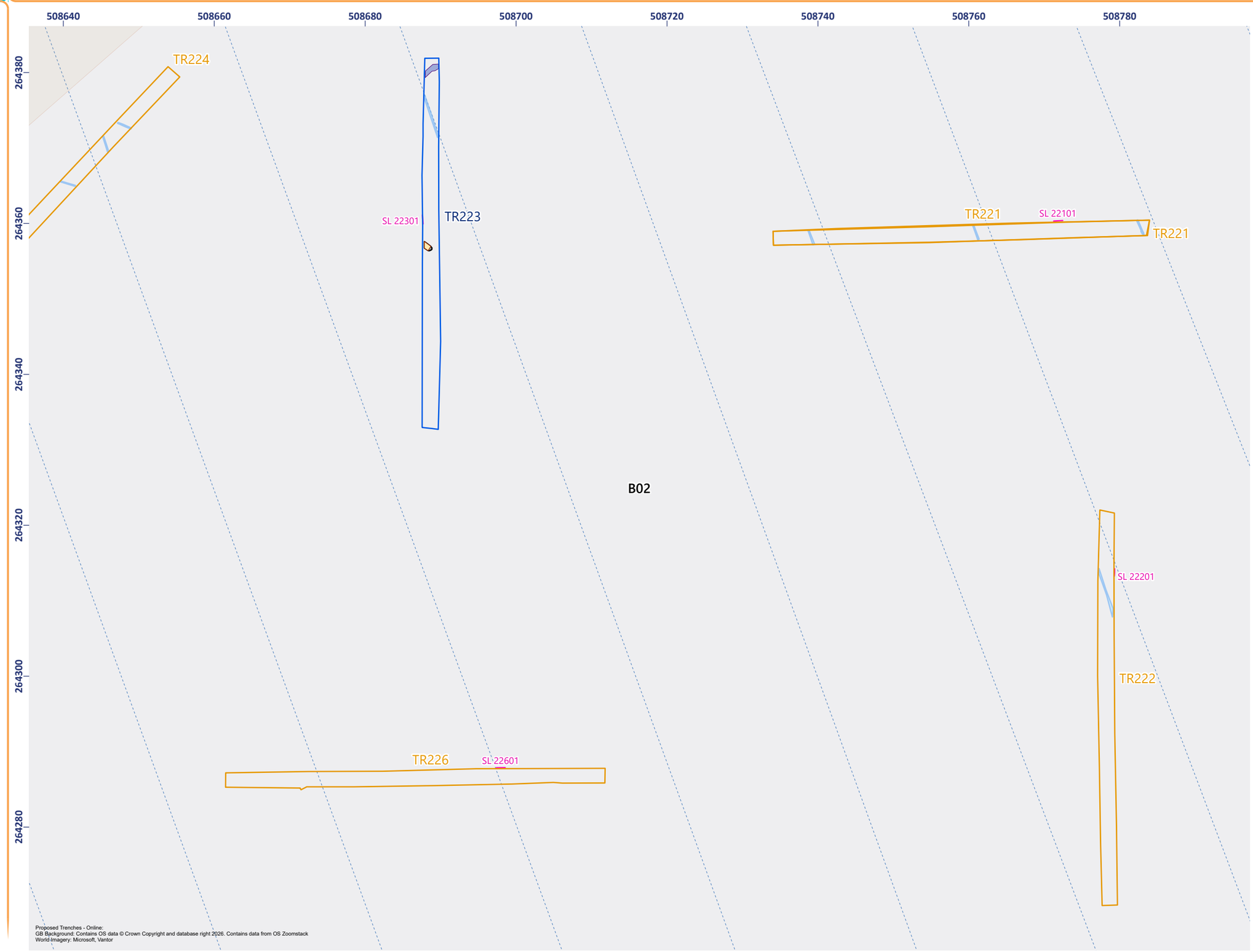


Figure 3.17: Trenches 217-221: Archaeological Results



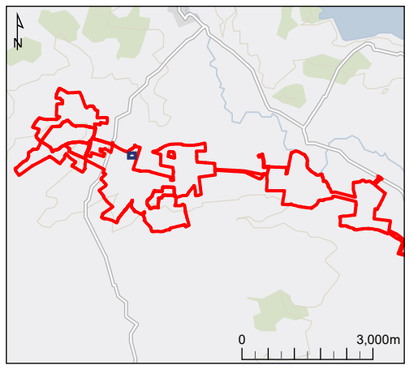
N

Legend

- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Excavated Trench - Positive
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Excavated
- Feature
- Field Drain
- Pre Ex
- Section

Contraints & Services

- PRoW, 25m Buffer
- Field Drains (from mapping)



0 1:500 20 m

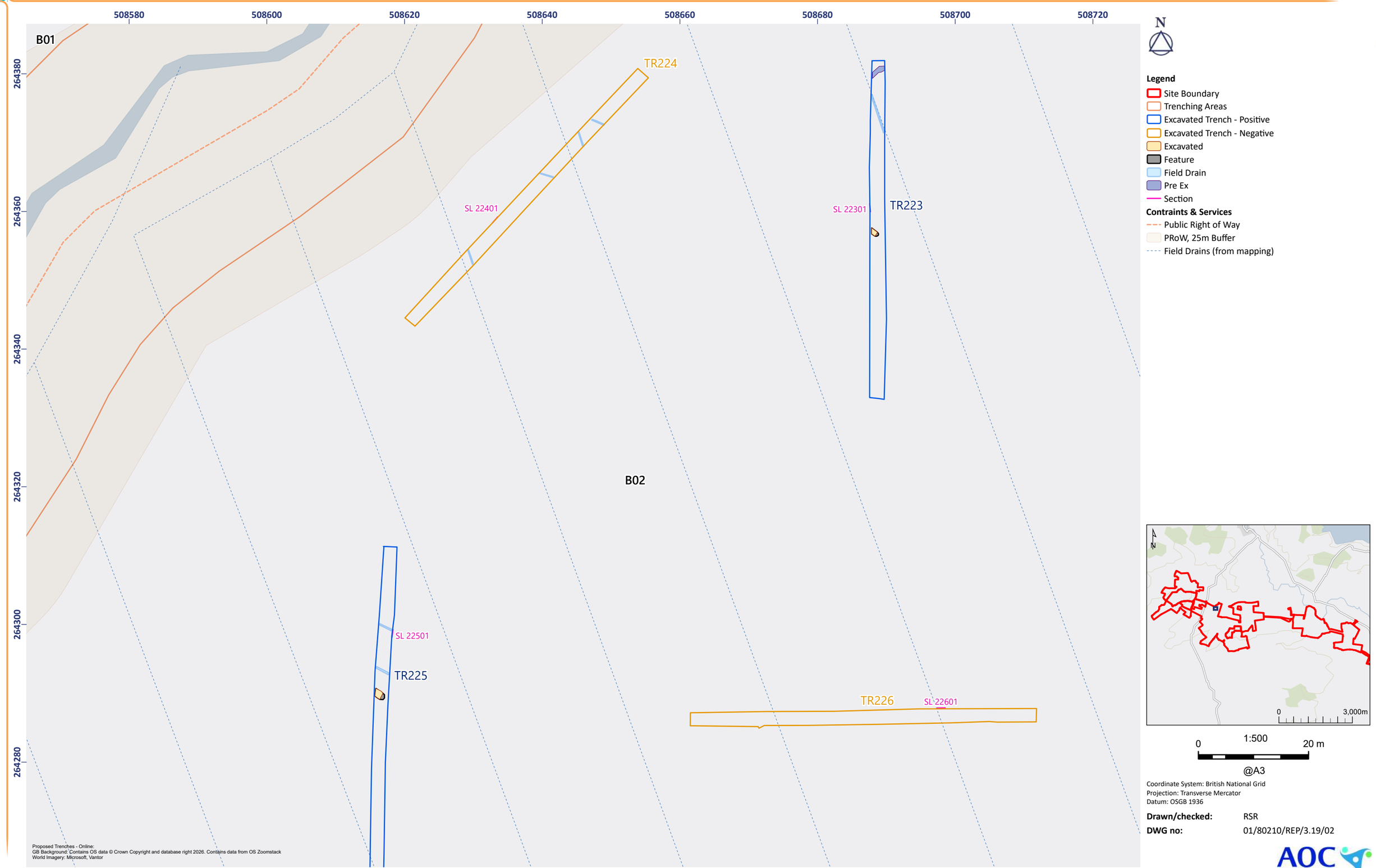
@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.18/02

Figure 3.18: Trenches 221-223, 226: Archaeological Results

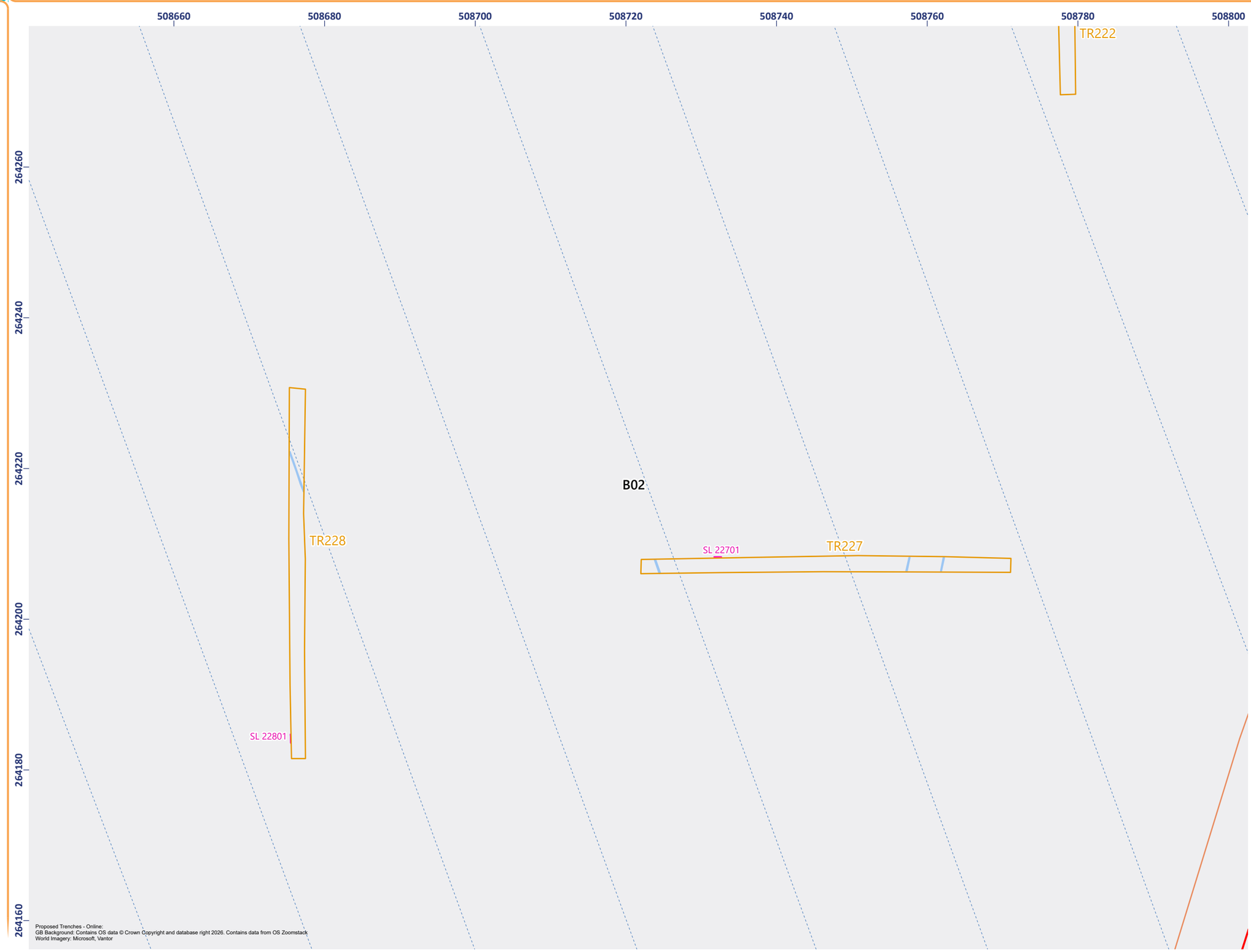


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.19/02

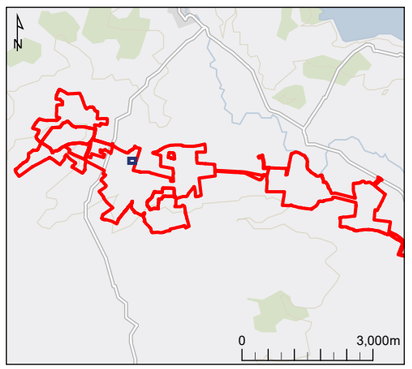
Figure 3.19: Trenches 223-226: Archaeological Results



N

Legend

- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Field Drain
- Section
- Field Drains (from mapping)



0 1:500 20 m

@A3

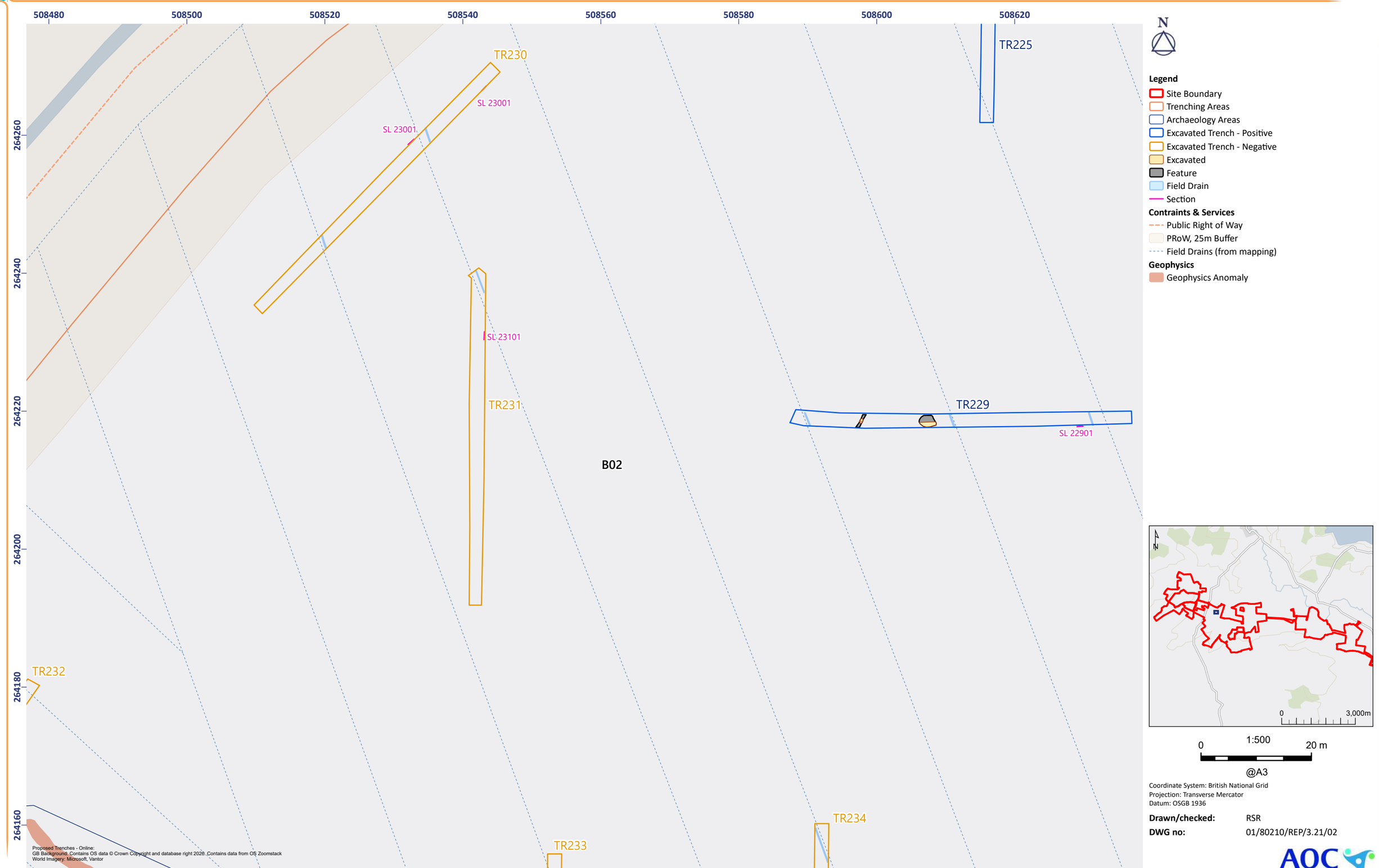
Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.20/02

AOC Archaeology Group

Figure 3.20: Trenches 227-228: Archaeological Results

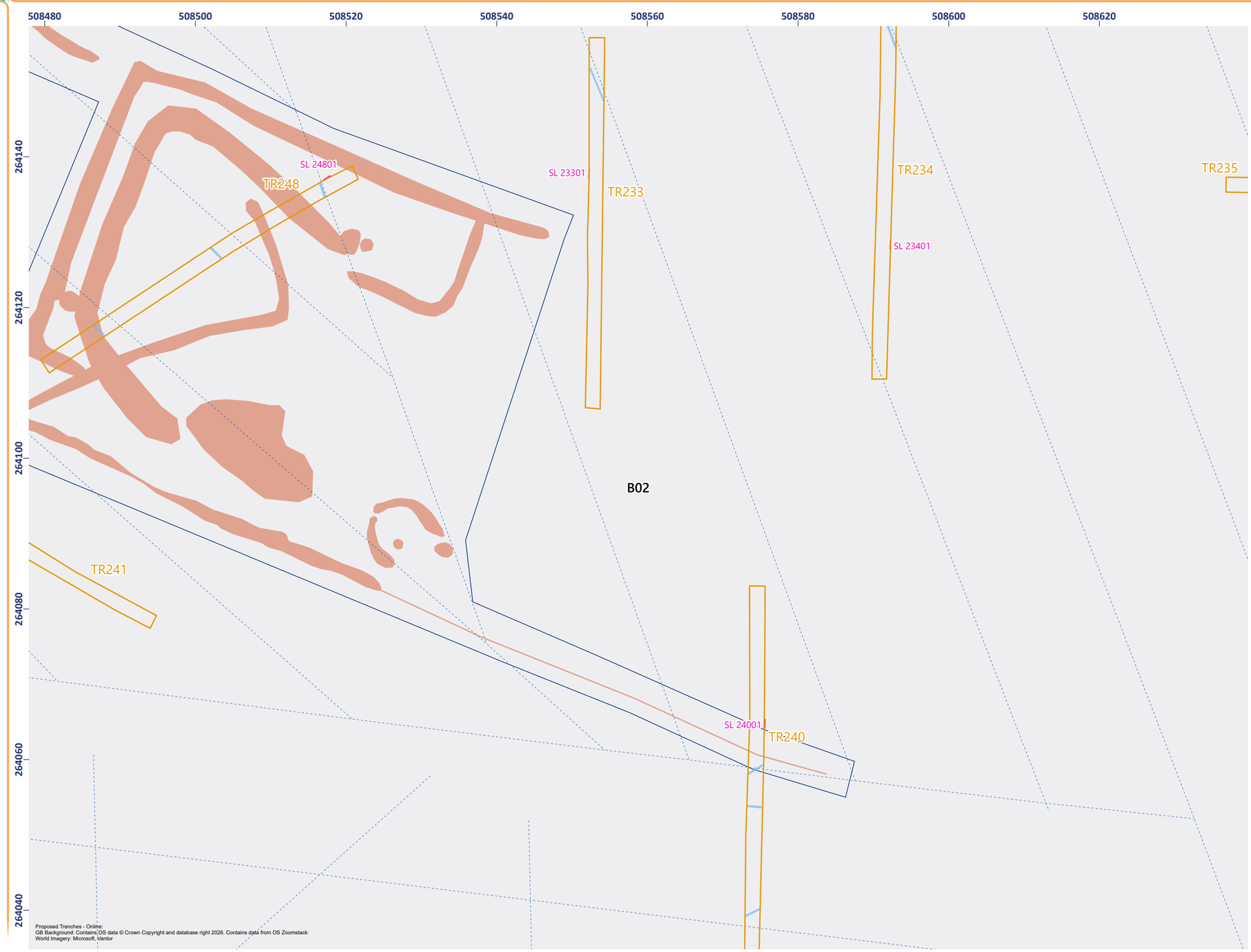


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.21/02

Figure 3.21: Trenches 229-231: Archaeological Results



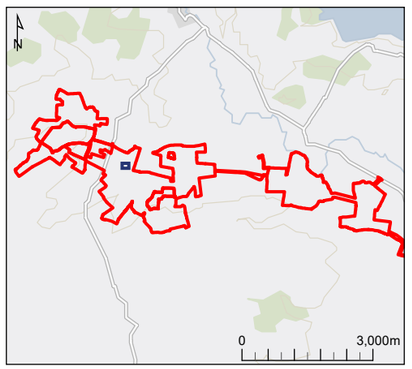
N

Legend

- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Archaeology Areas
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Field Drain
- Section
- Field Drains (from mapping)

Geophysics

- Geophysics Anomaly
- Geophysics Anomaly



0 1:500 20 m

@A3

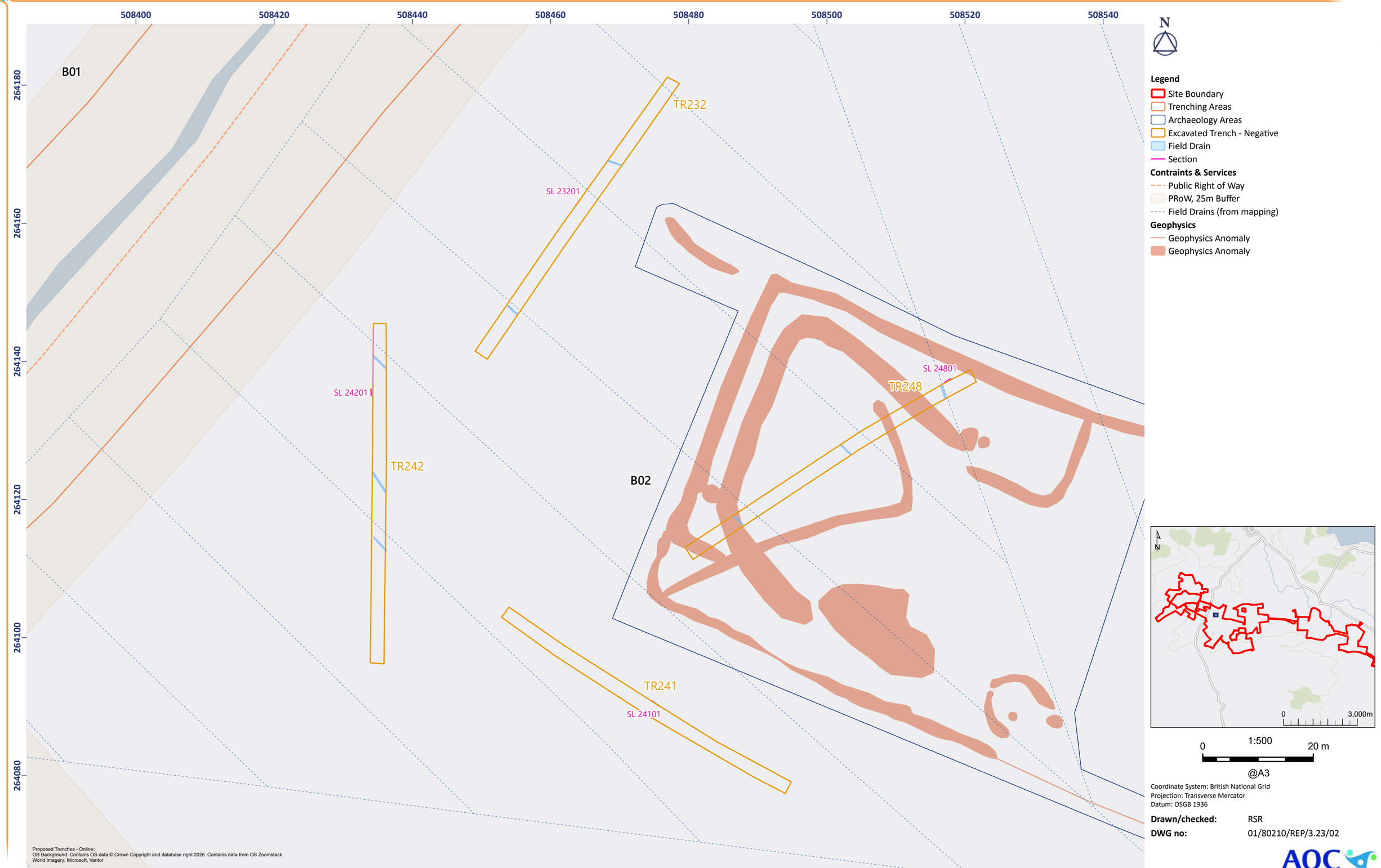
Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.22/02

AOC Archaeology Group

Figure 3.22: Trenches 233-234, 240: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.23/02

Figure 3.23: Trenches 232, 241-242, 248: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.24/02

Figure 3.24: Trenches 235-236, 239: Archaeological Results

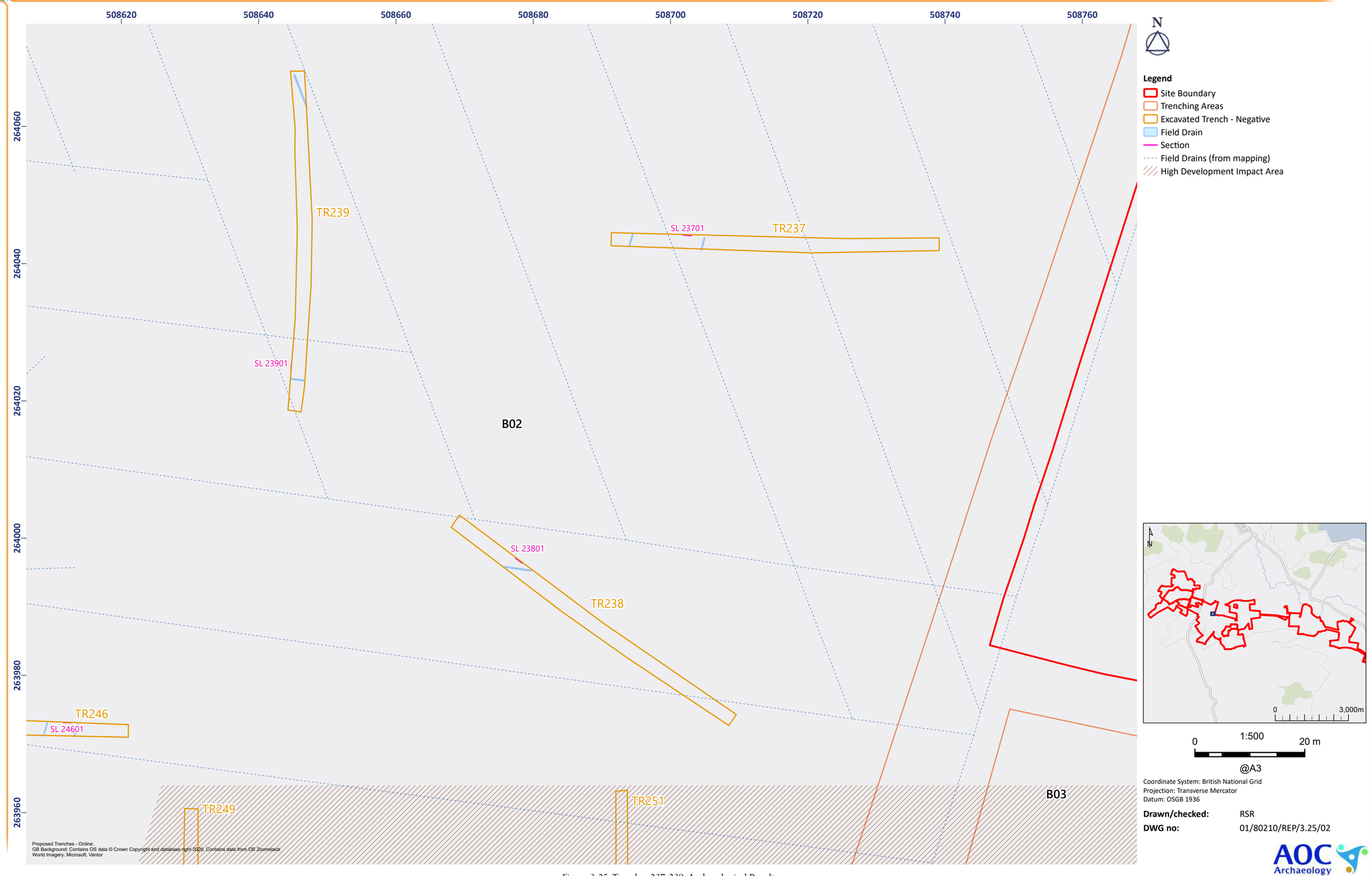


Figure 3.25: Trenches 237-239: Archaeological Results

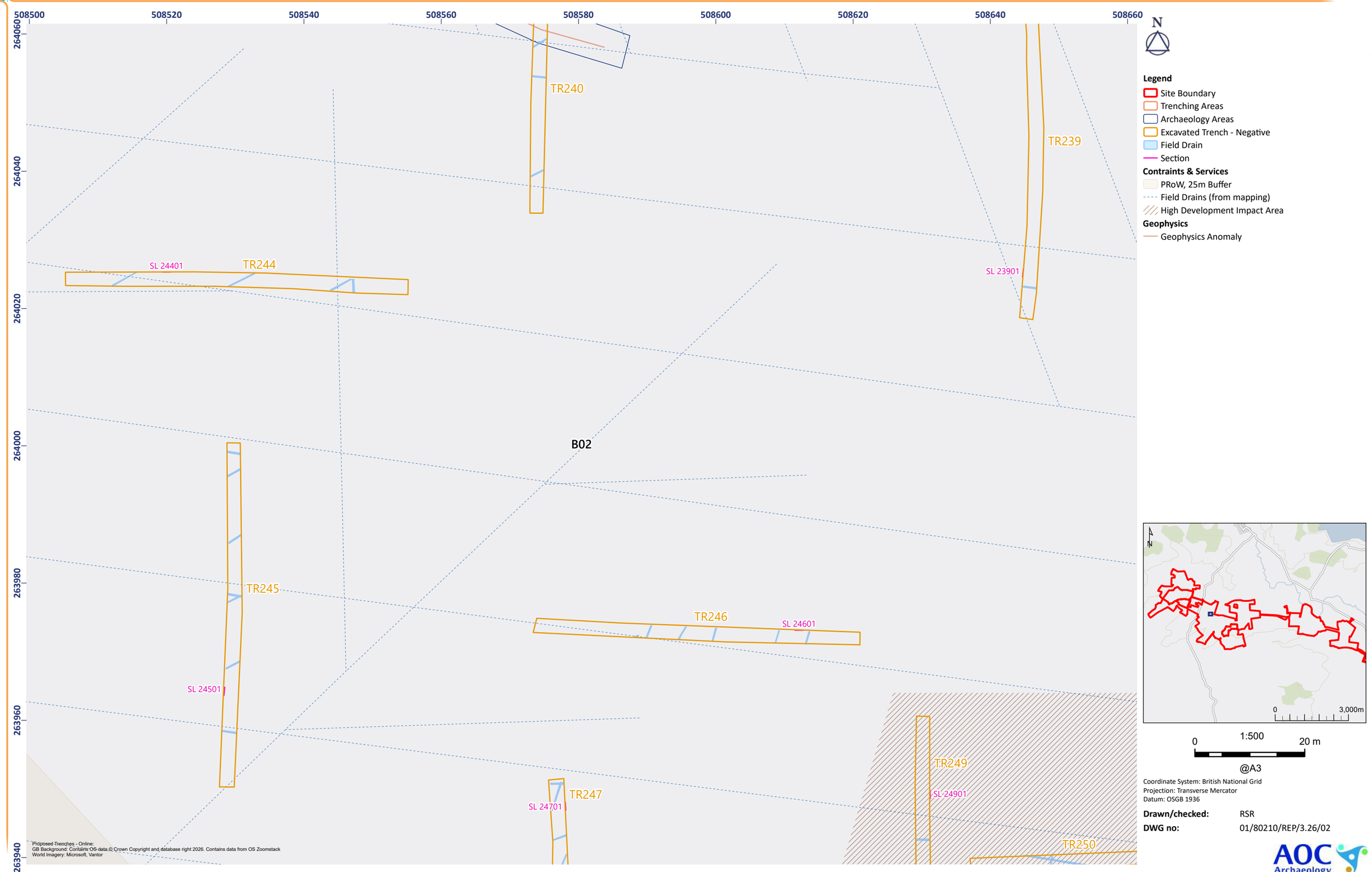


Figure 3.26: Trenches 239-240, 244-246: Archaeological Results

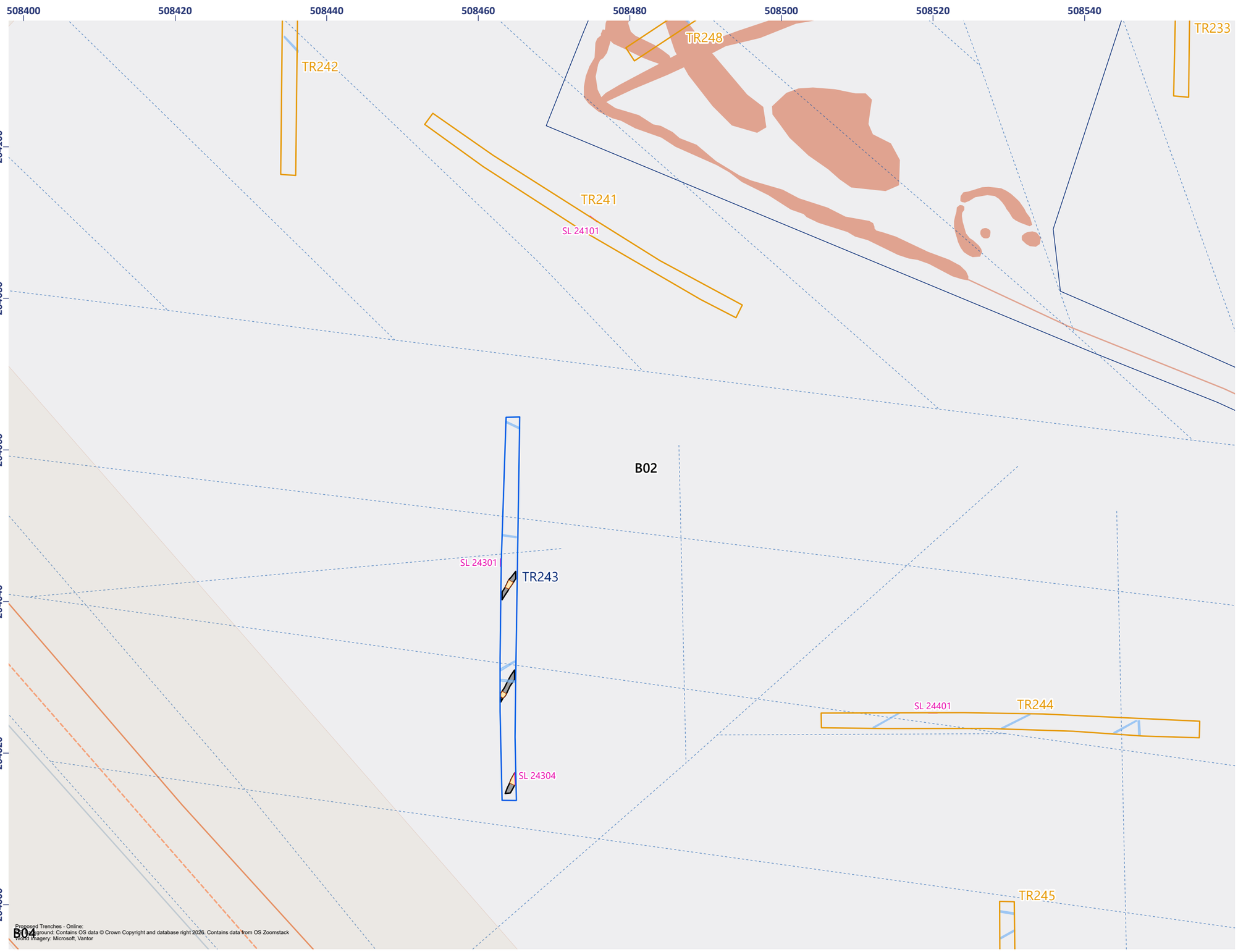


Figure 3.27: Trenches 241, 243-244: Archaeological Results

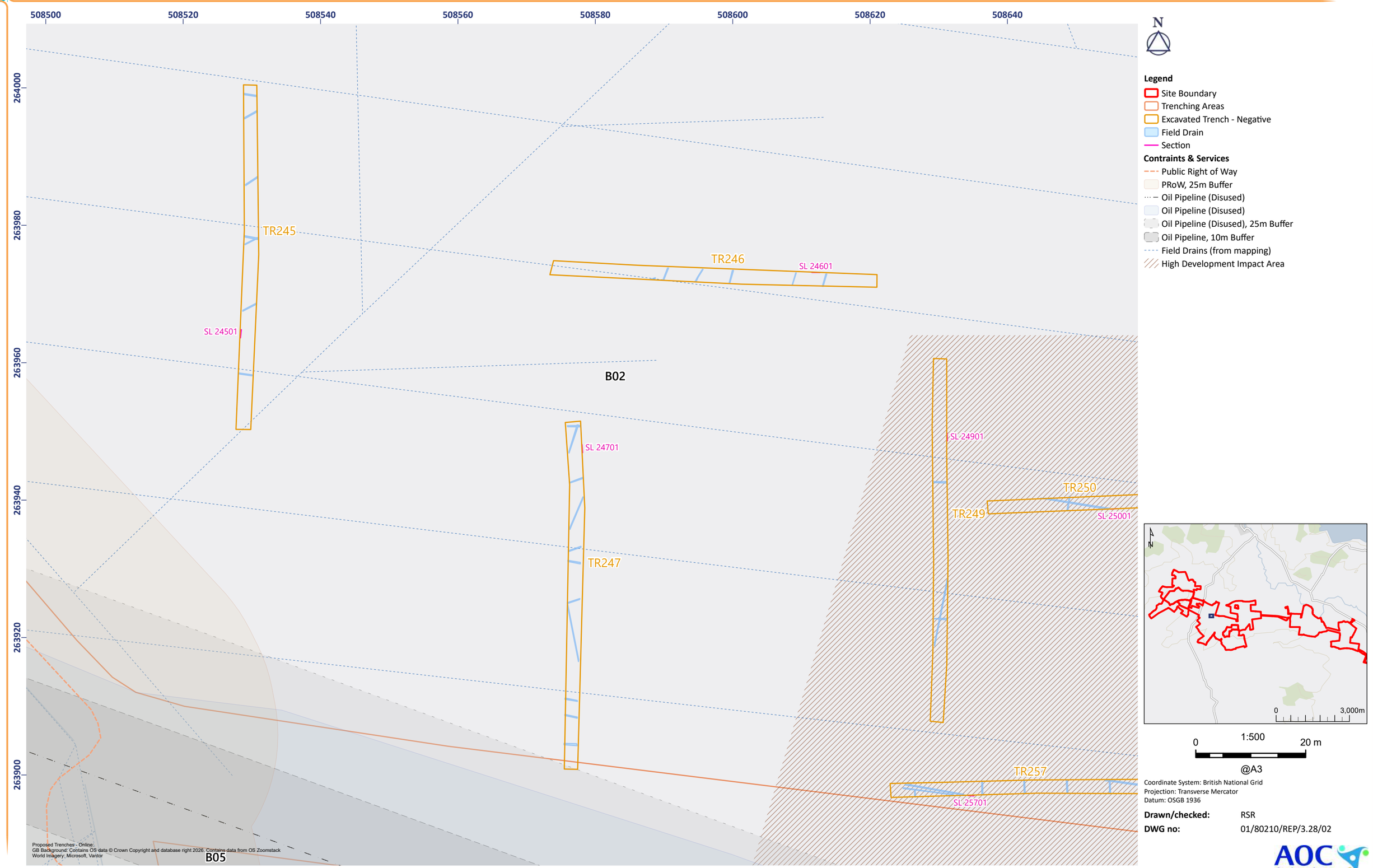
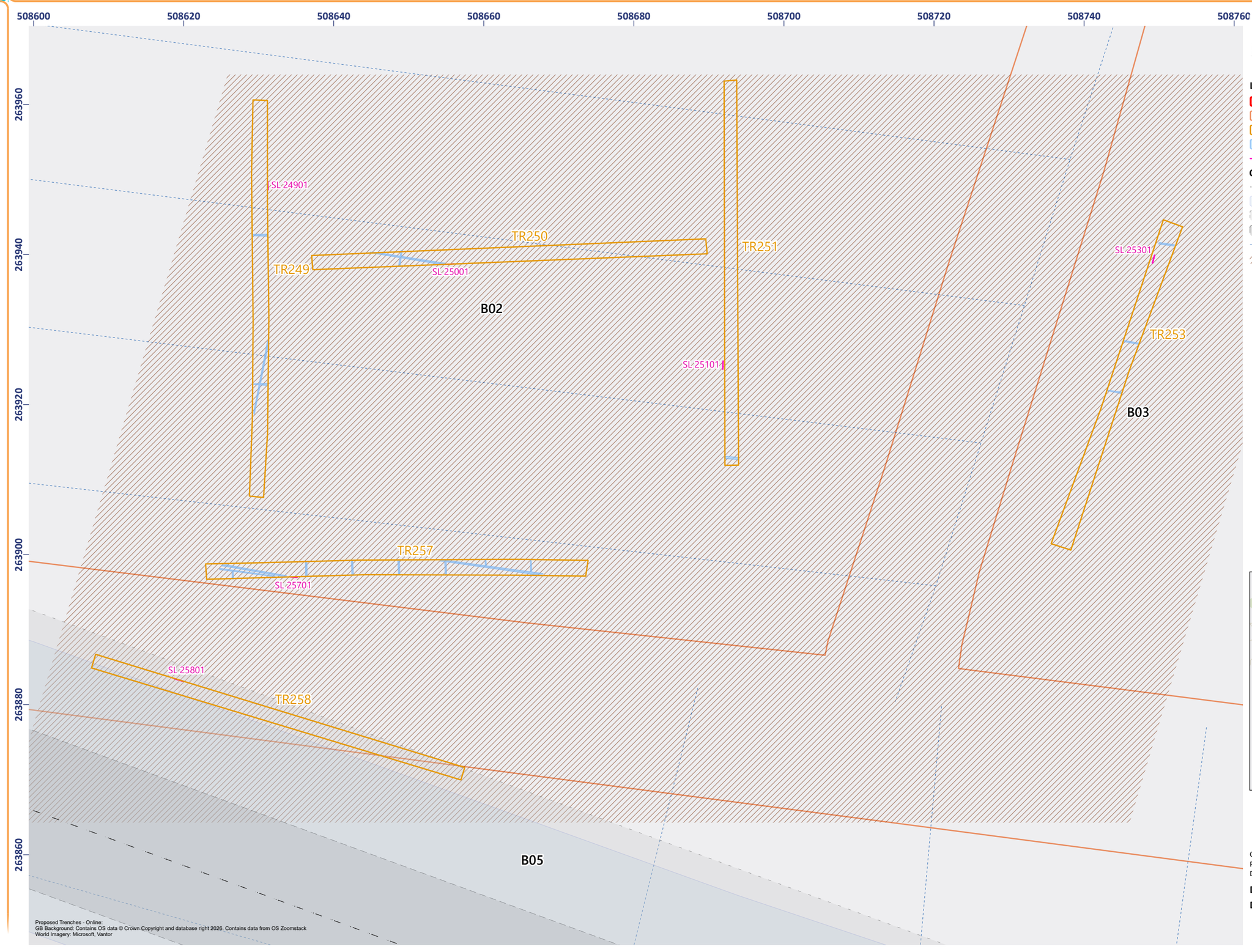


Figure 3.28: Trenches 245-247, 249, 257: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.29/02

Figure 3.29: Trenches 251, 253. 258: Archaeological Results

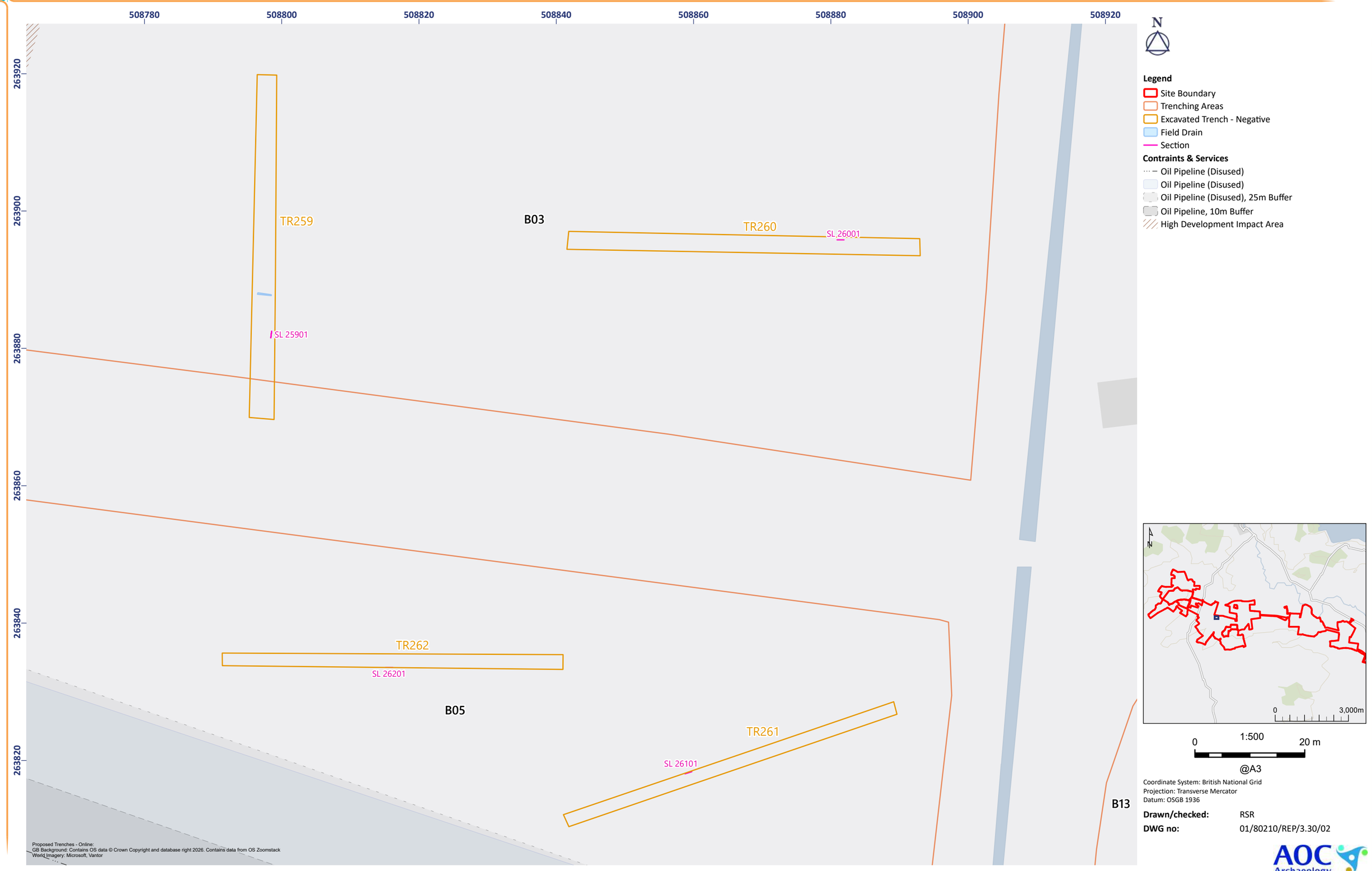


Figure 3.30: Trenches 259-262: Archaeological Results

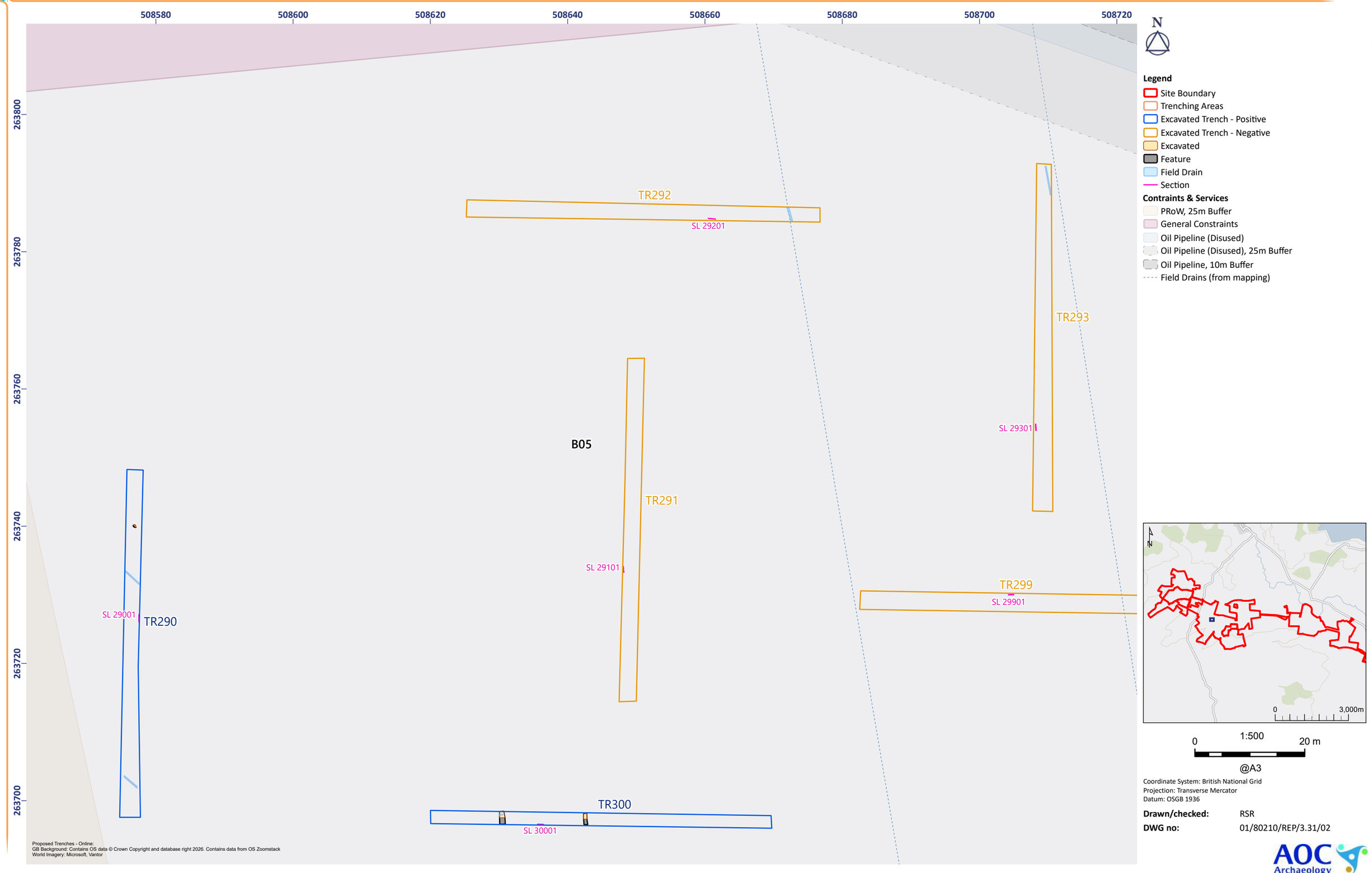
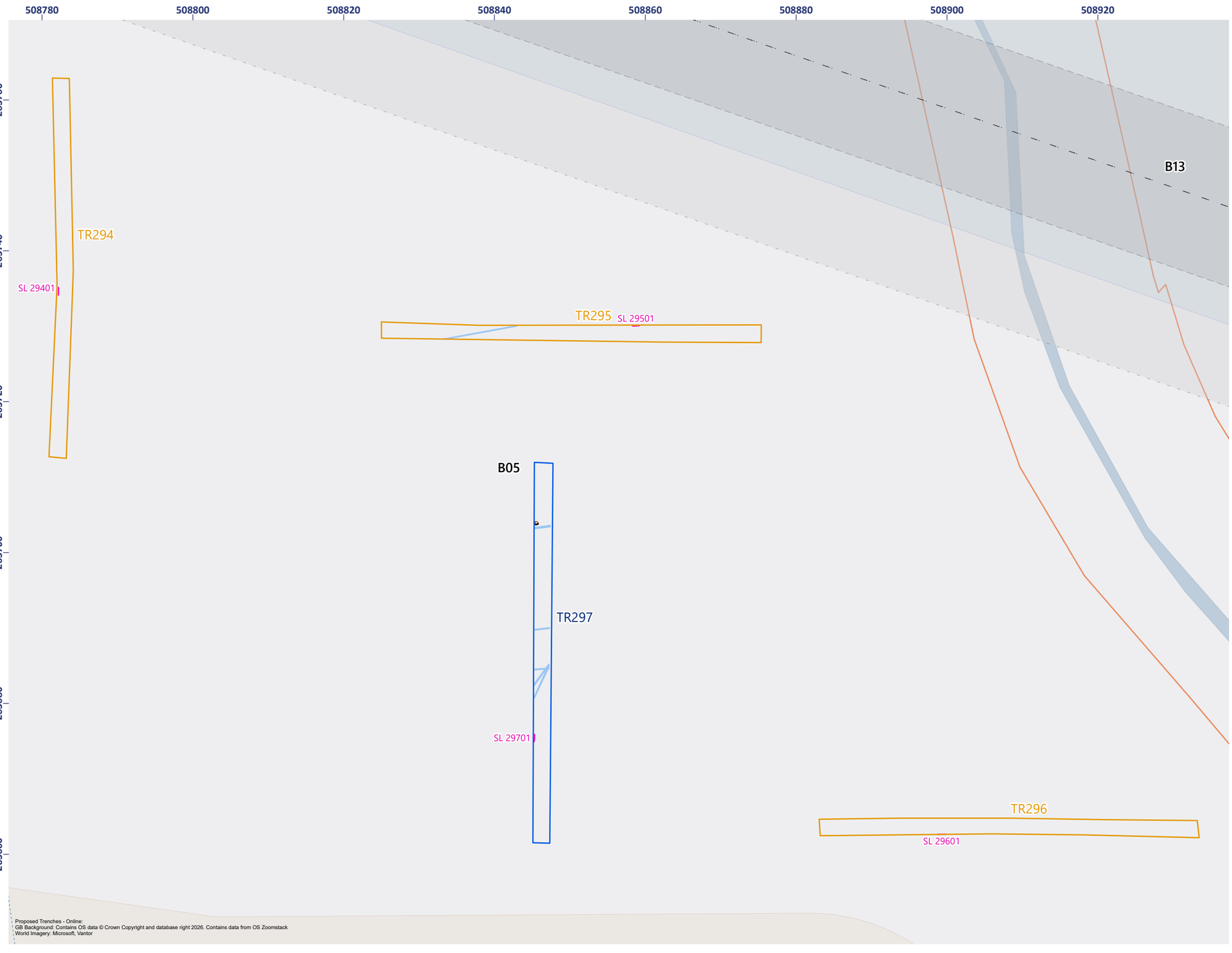


Figure 3.31: Trenches 290-293: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.32/02

Figure 3.32: Trenches 294-297: Archaeological Results

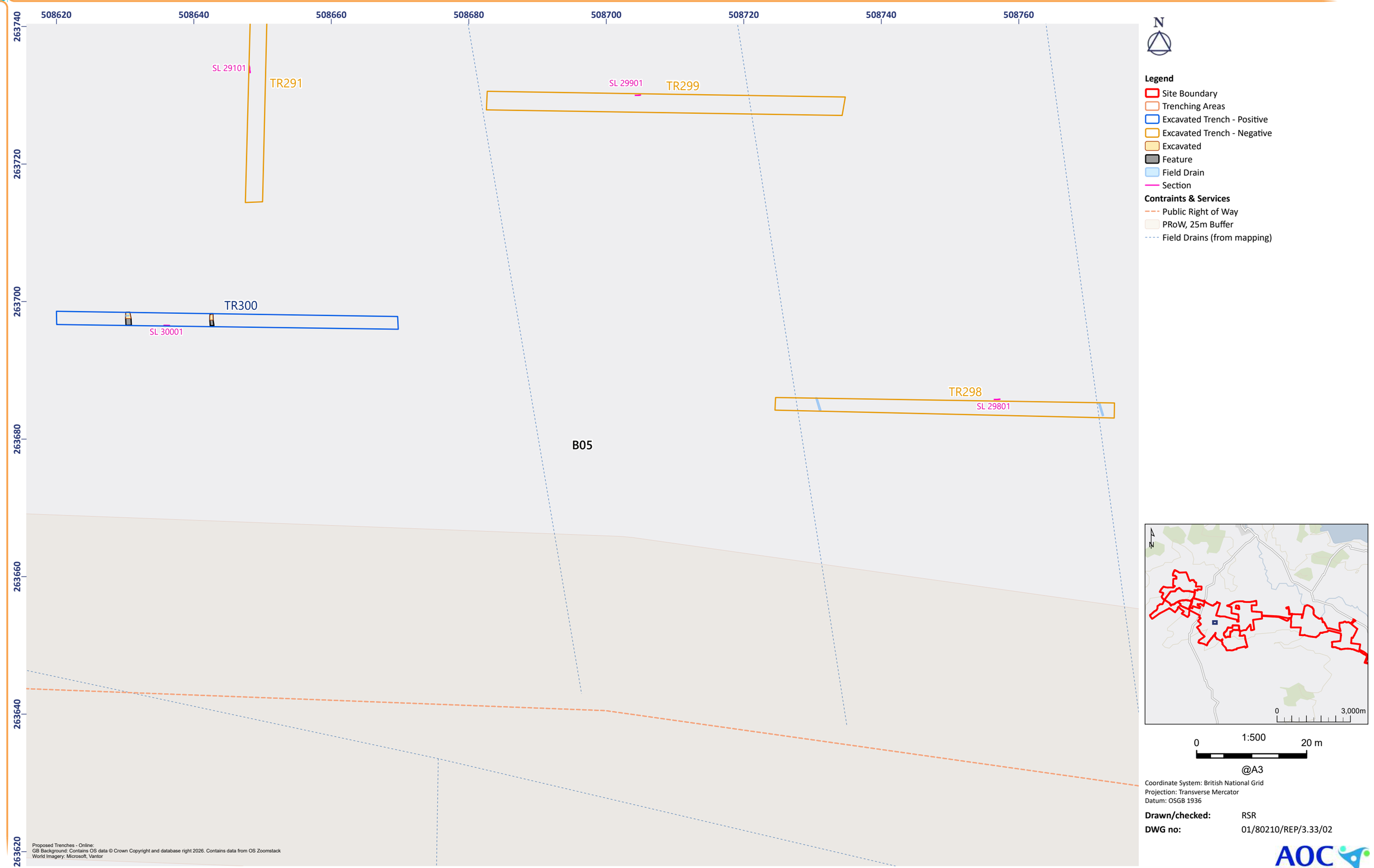


Figure 3.33: Trenches 298-300: Archaeological Results

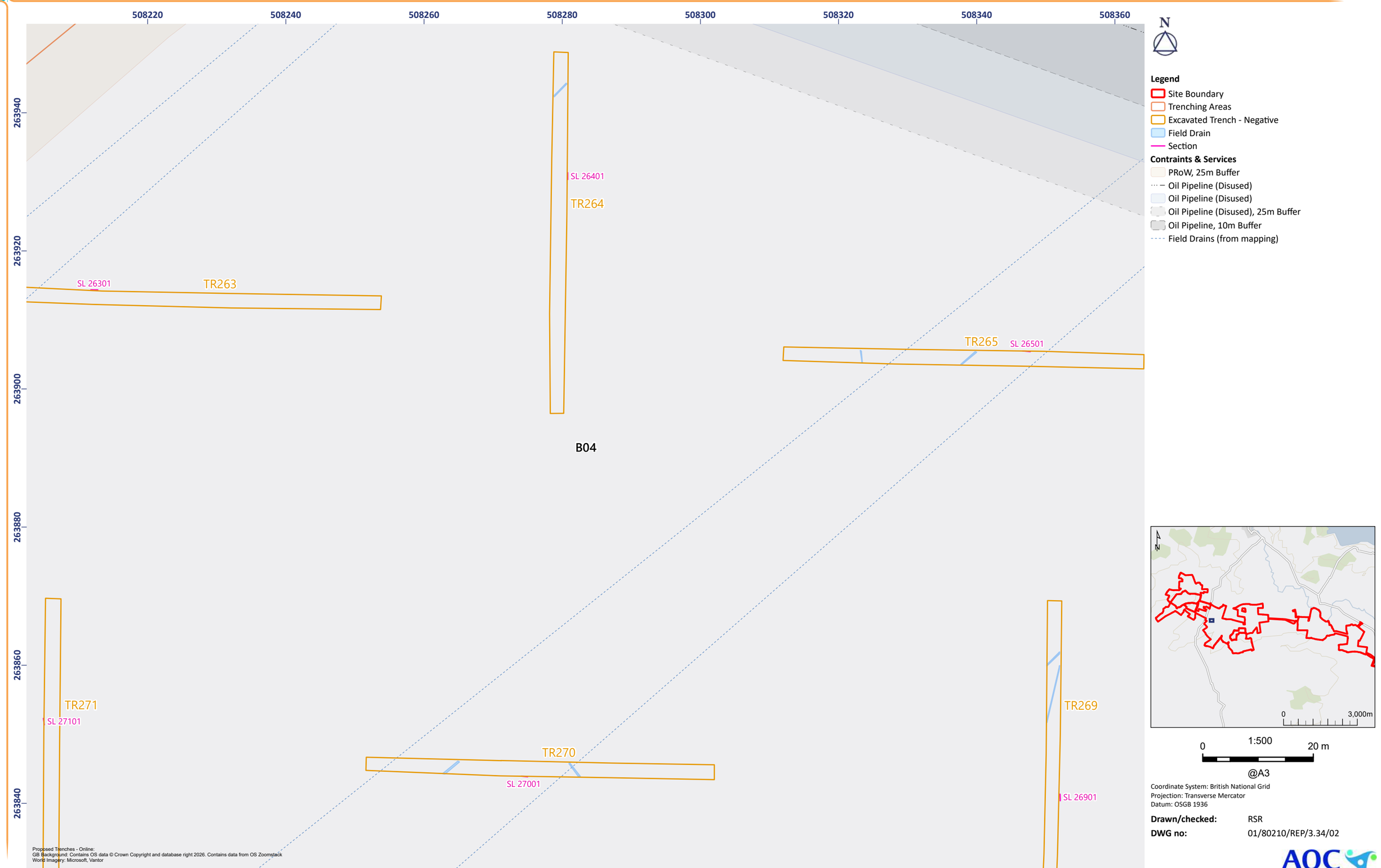


Figure 3.34: Trenches 263-265, : Archaeological Results

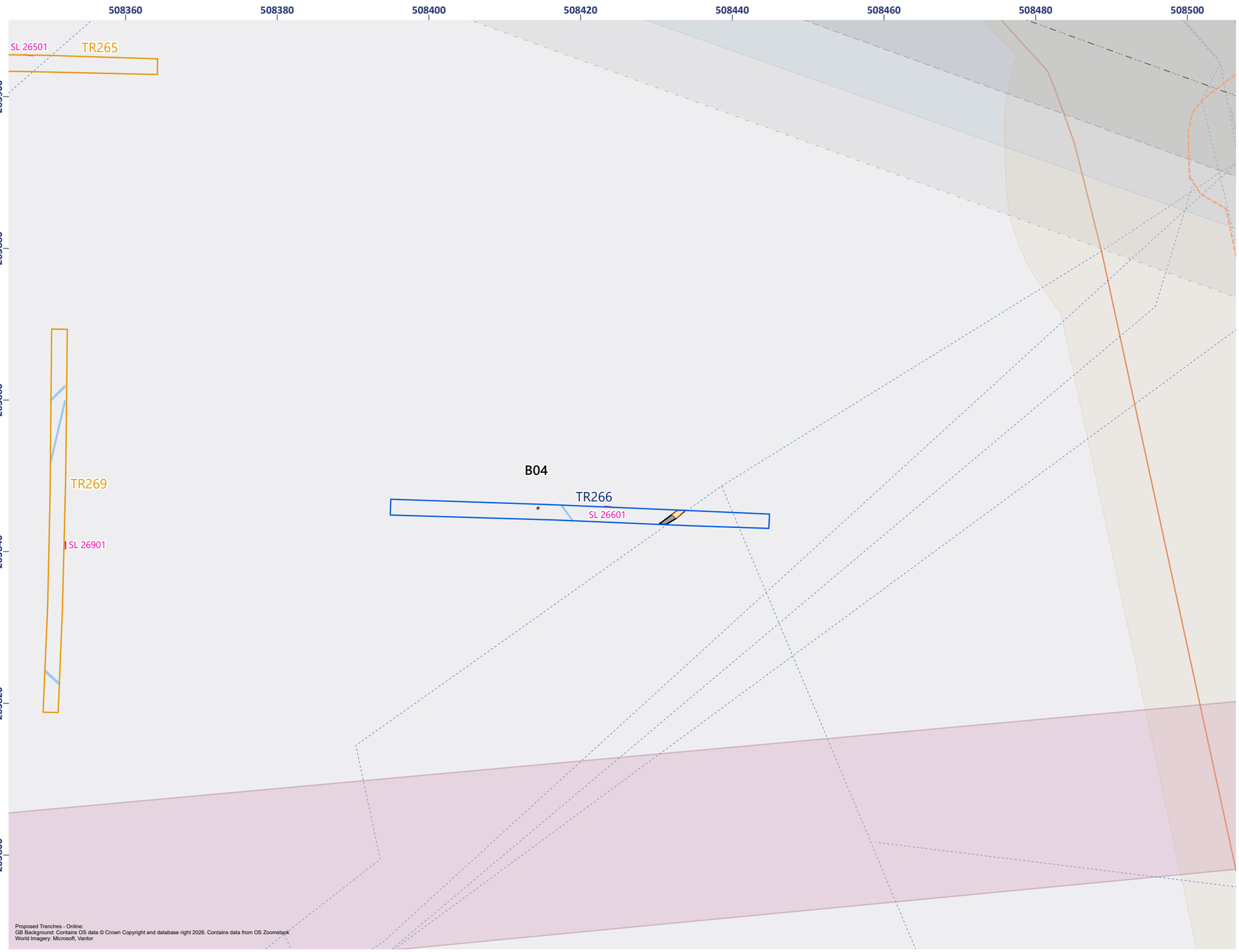


Figure 3.35: Trenches 266, 269: Archaeological Results

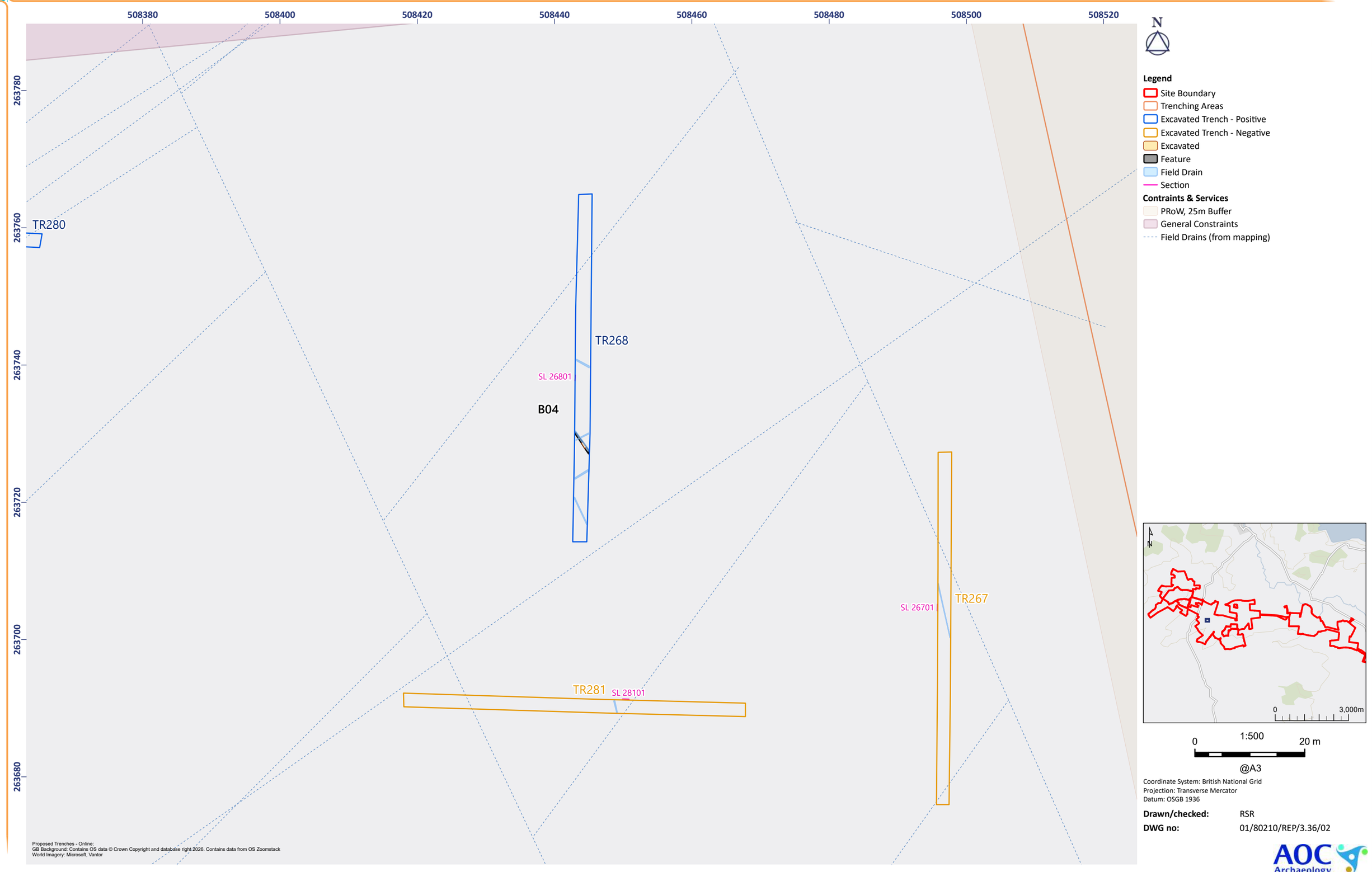
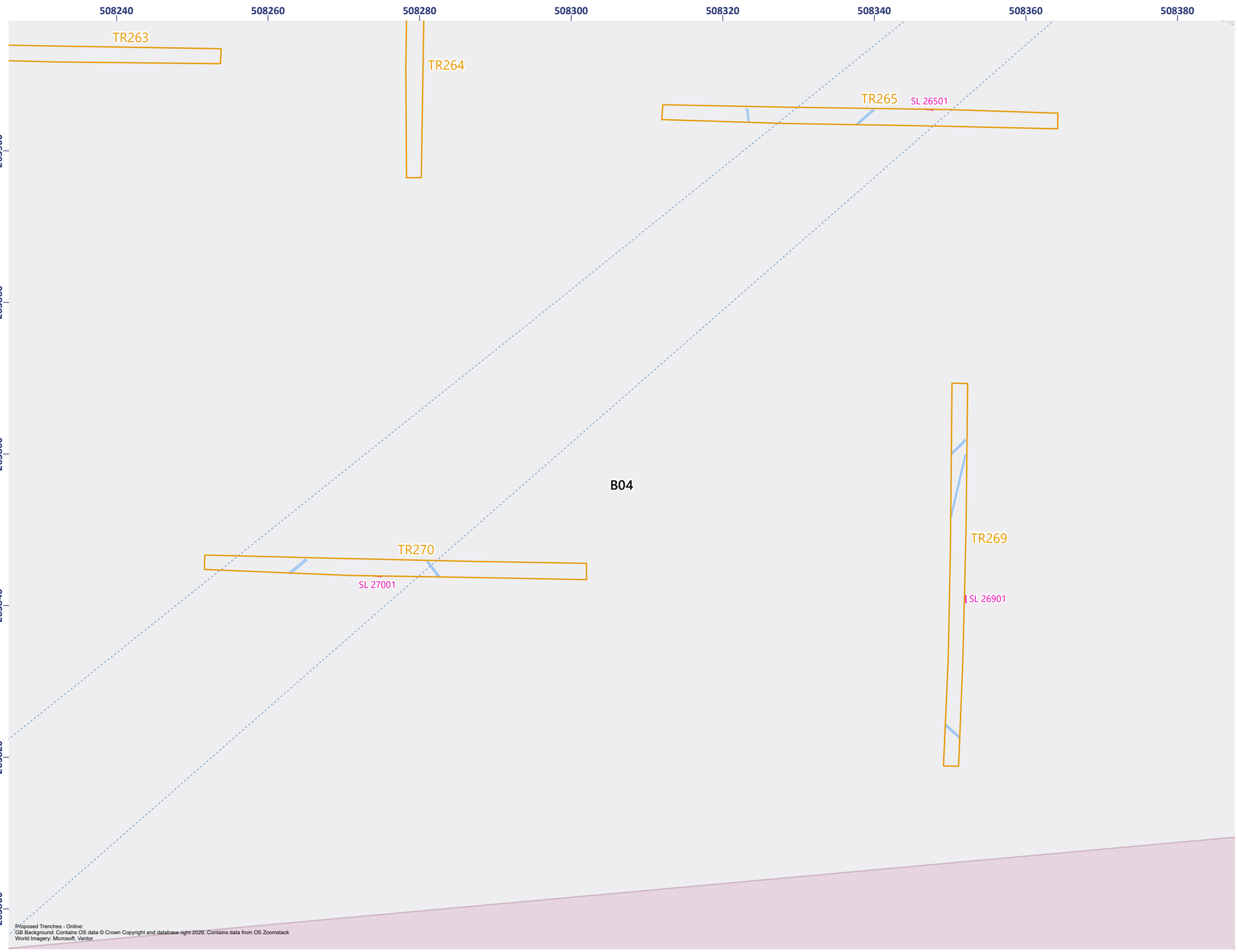


Figure 3.36: Trenches 267-268, 281: Archaeological Results



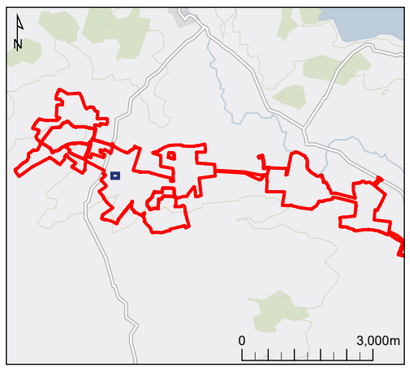
N

Legend

- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Field Drain
- Section

Contraints & Services

- General Constraints
- Oil Pipeline (Disused), 25m Buffer
- Field Drains (from mapping)



0 1:500 20 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.37/02

Figure 3.37: Trench 270: Archaeological Results

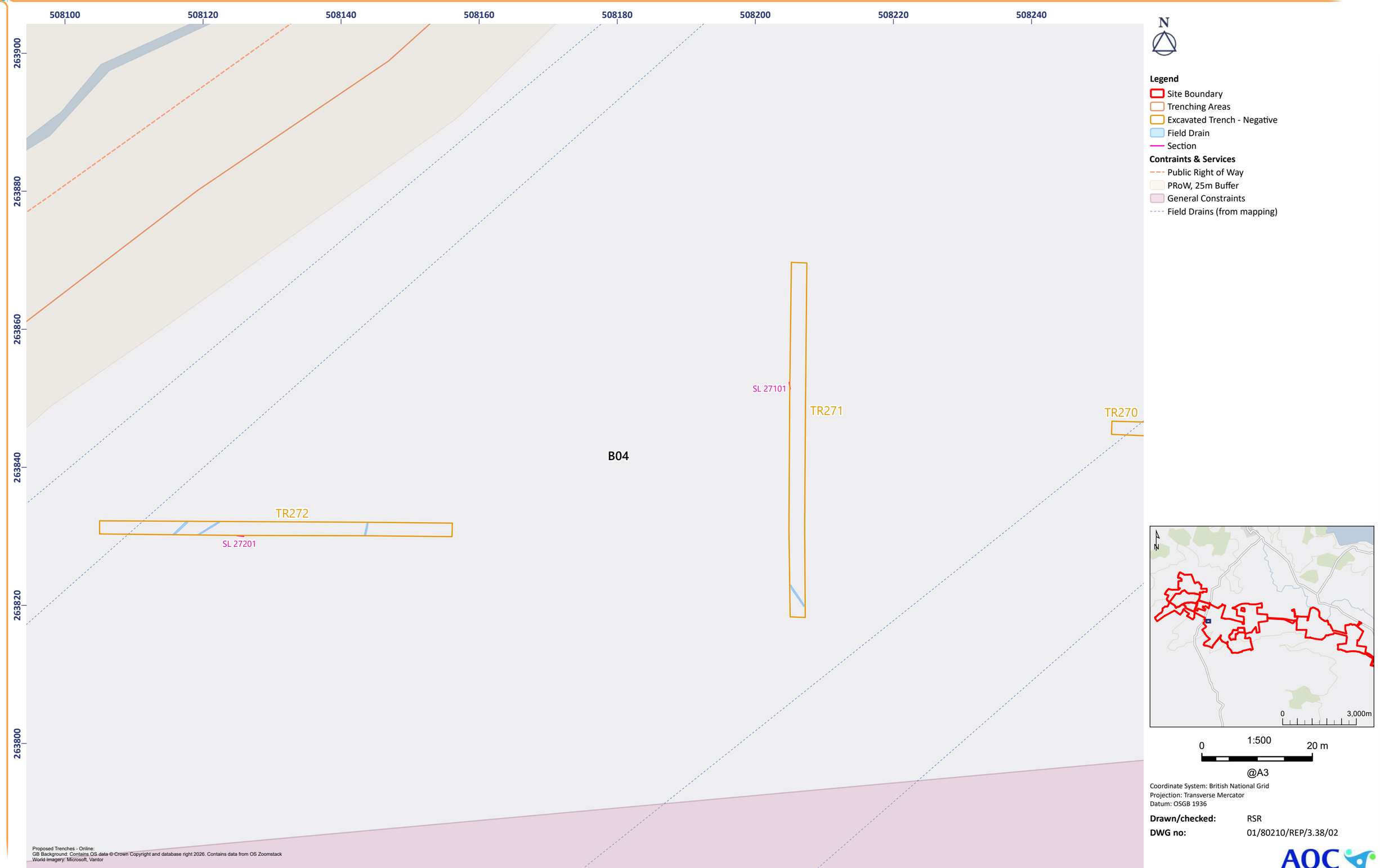


Figure 3.38: Trenches 271-272: Archaeological Results

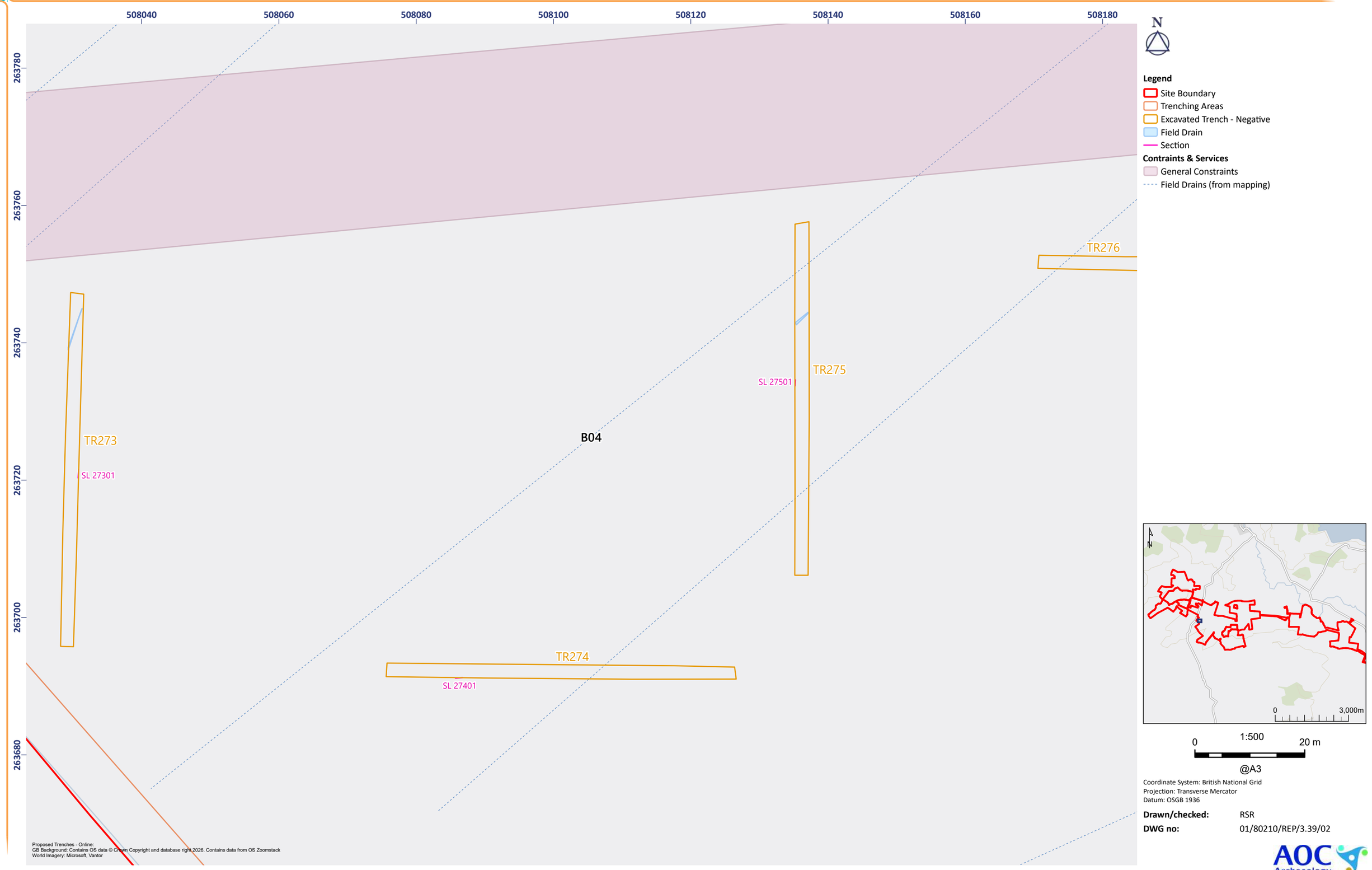


Figure 3.39: Trenches 273-275: Archaeological Results

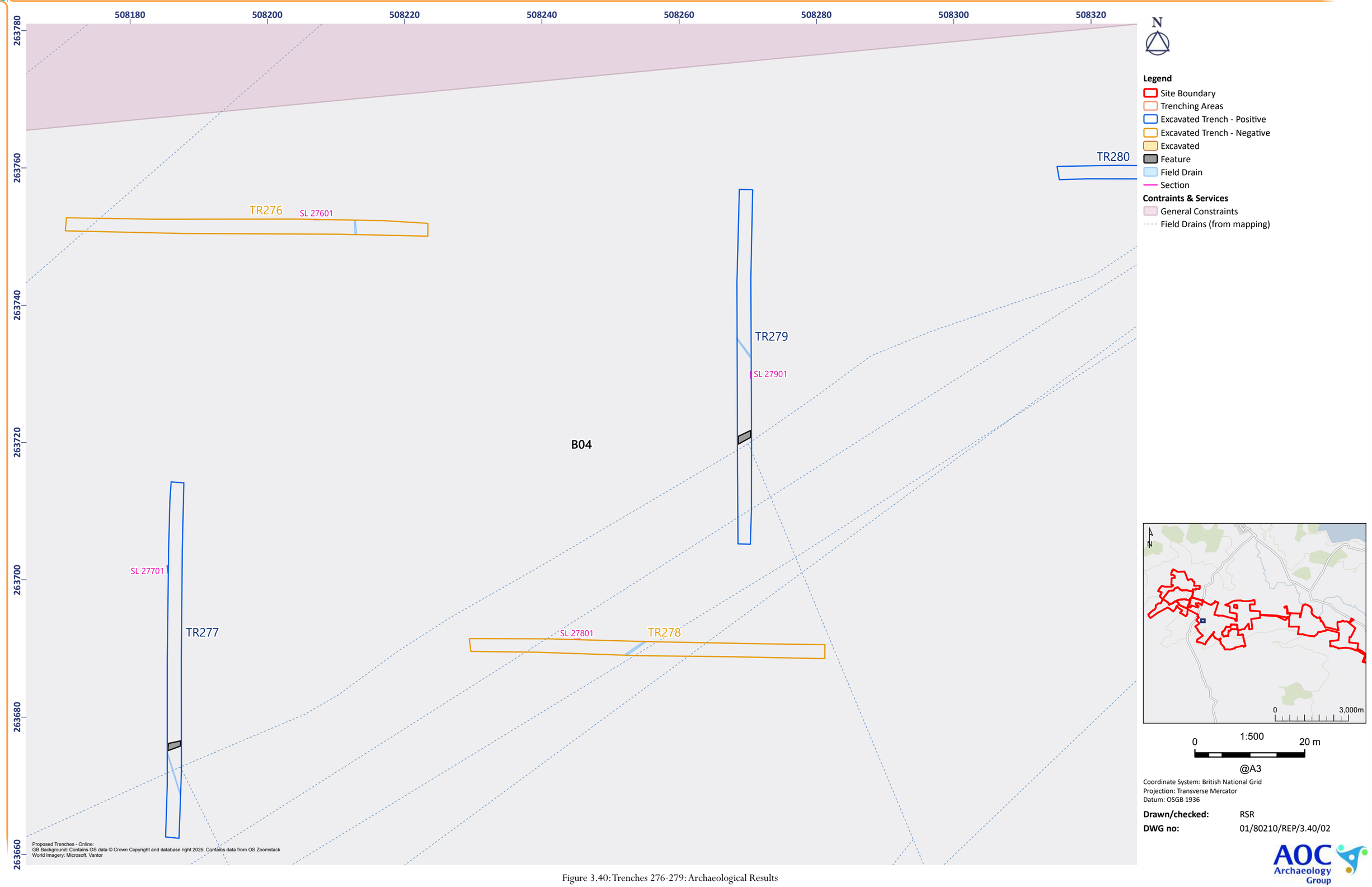


Figure 3.40: Trenches 276-279: Archaeological Results

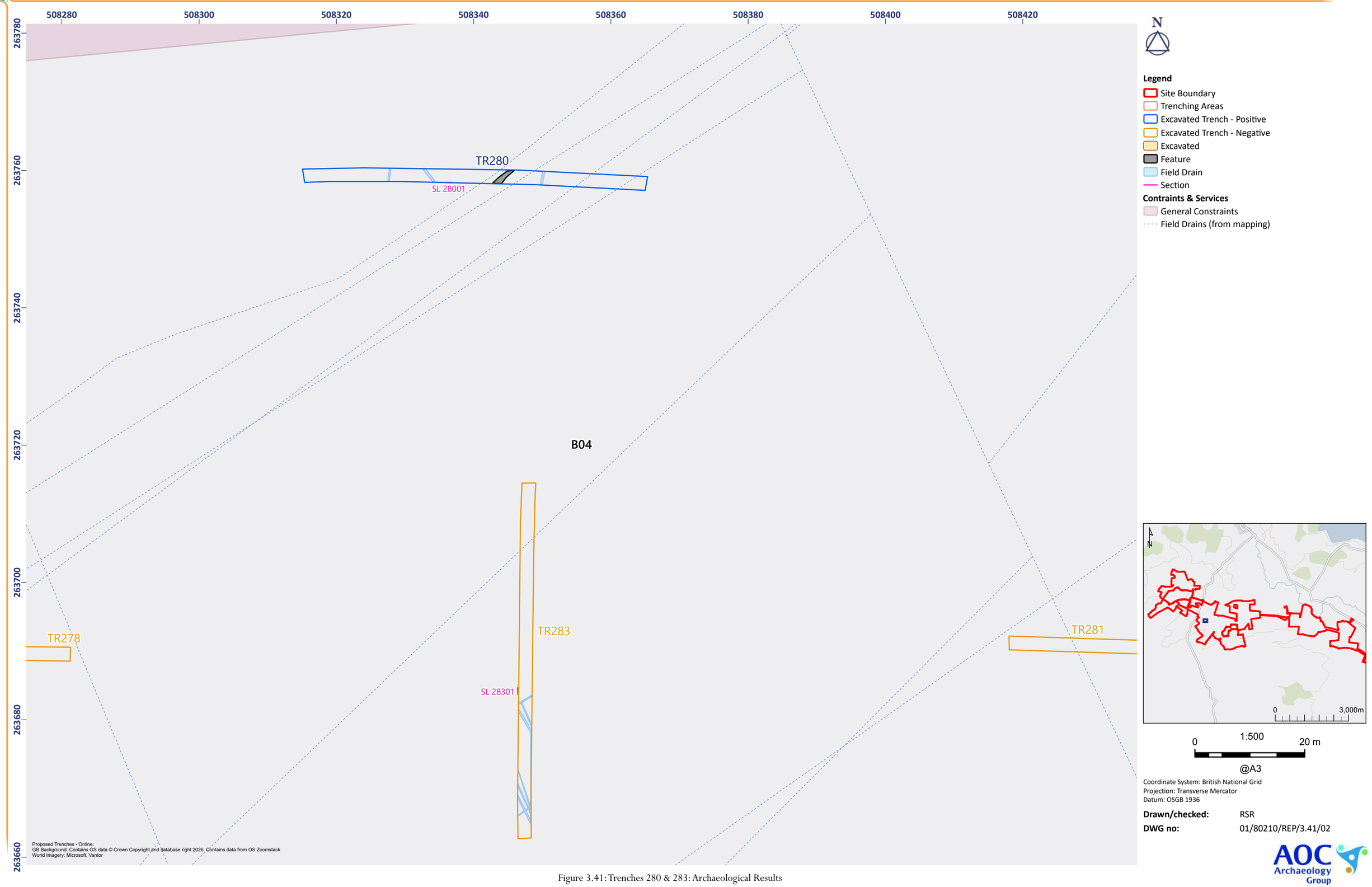
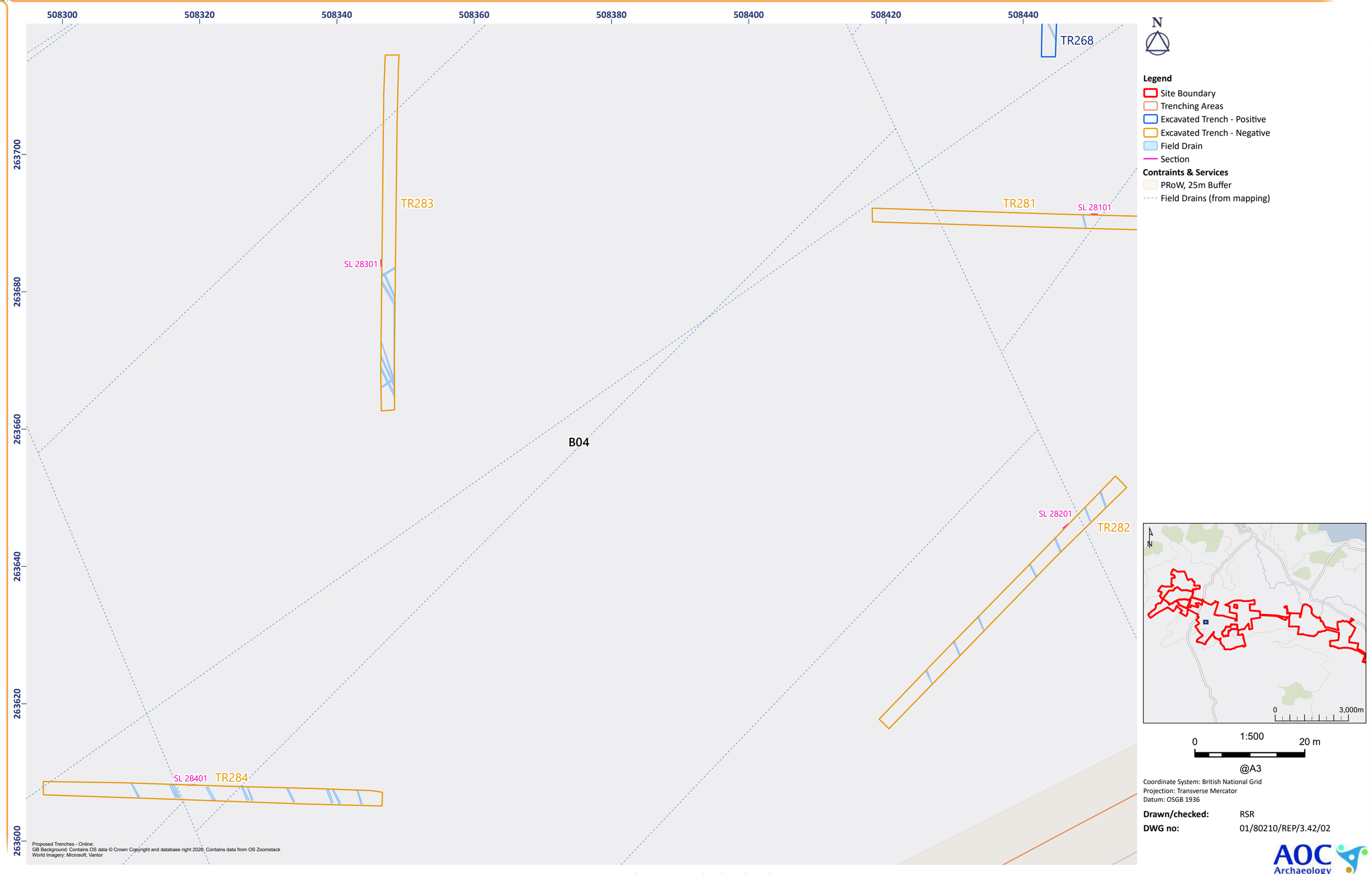


Figure 3.41: Trenches 280 & 283: Archaeological Results

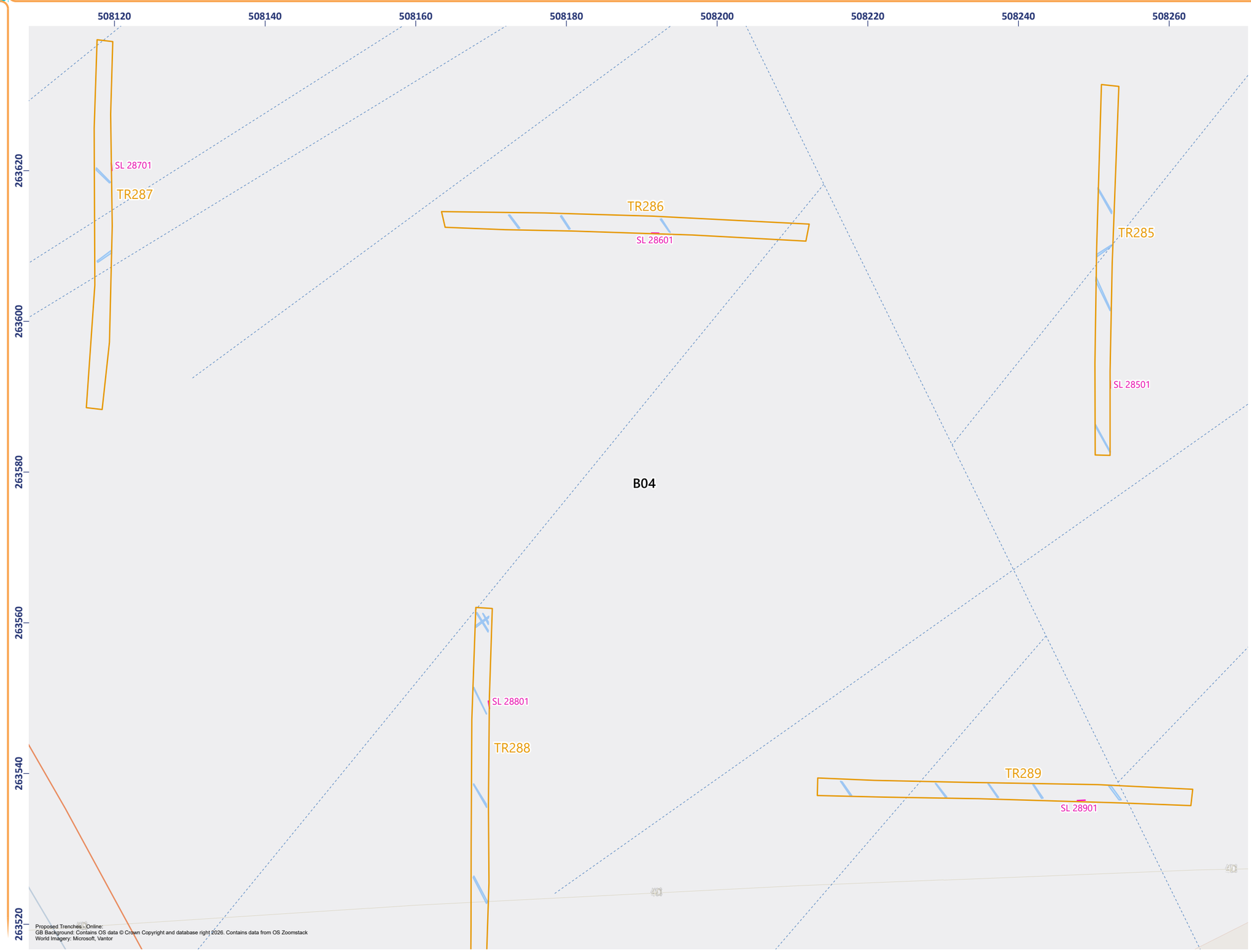


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.42/02

Figure 3.42: Trenches 282-284: Archaeological Results



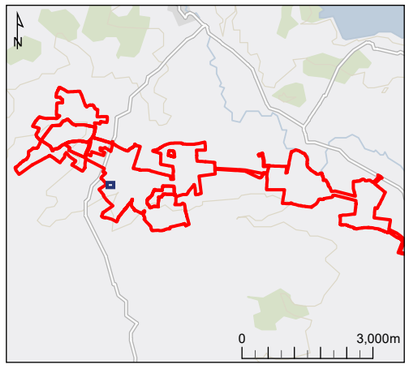
N

Legend

- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Field Drain
- Section

Contraints & Services

- PRoW, 25m Buffer
- Field Drains (from mapping)



0 1:500 20 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.43/02

Figure 3.43: Trenches 285-289: Archaeological Results

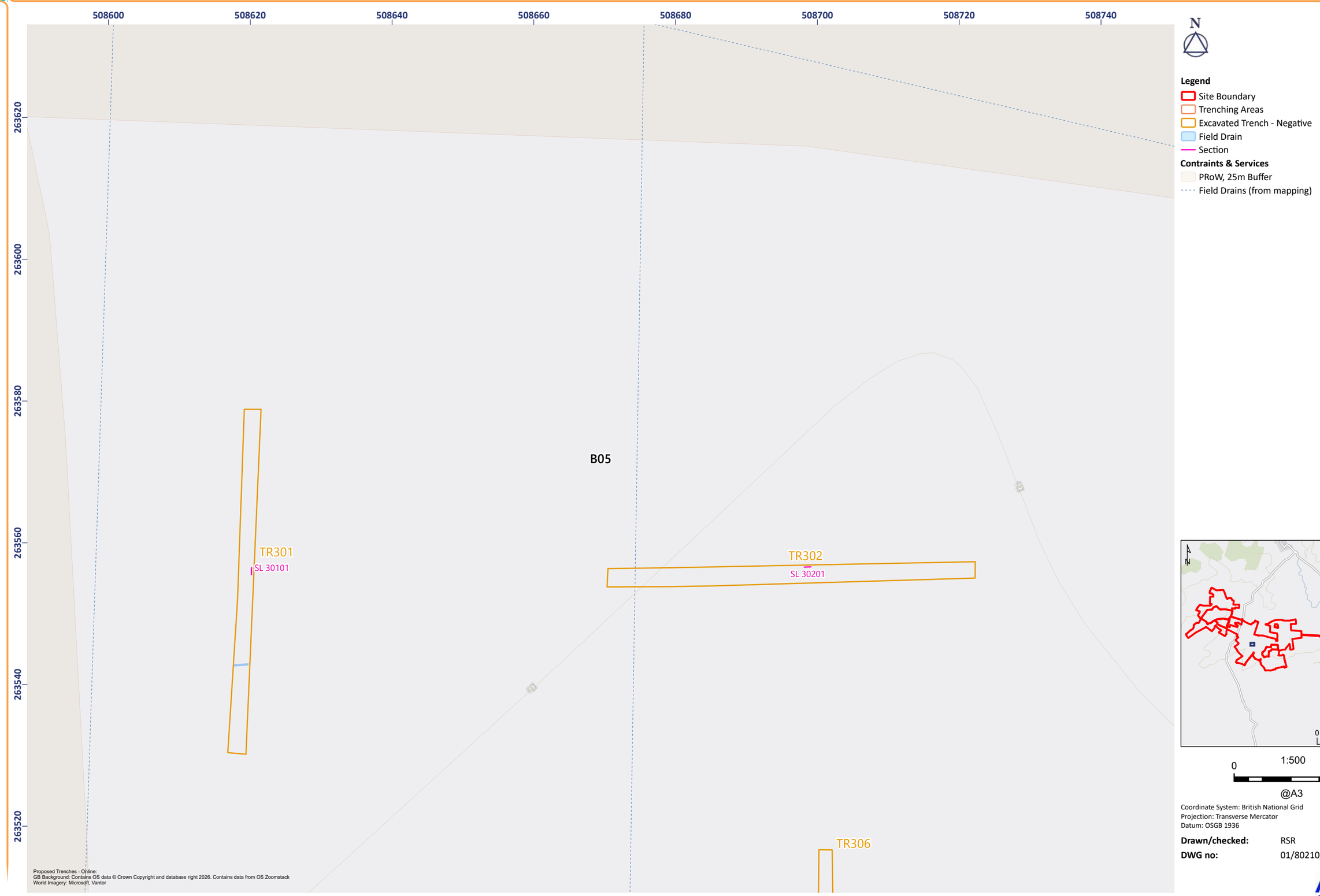


Figure 3.44: Trenches 301-302: Archaeological Results

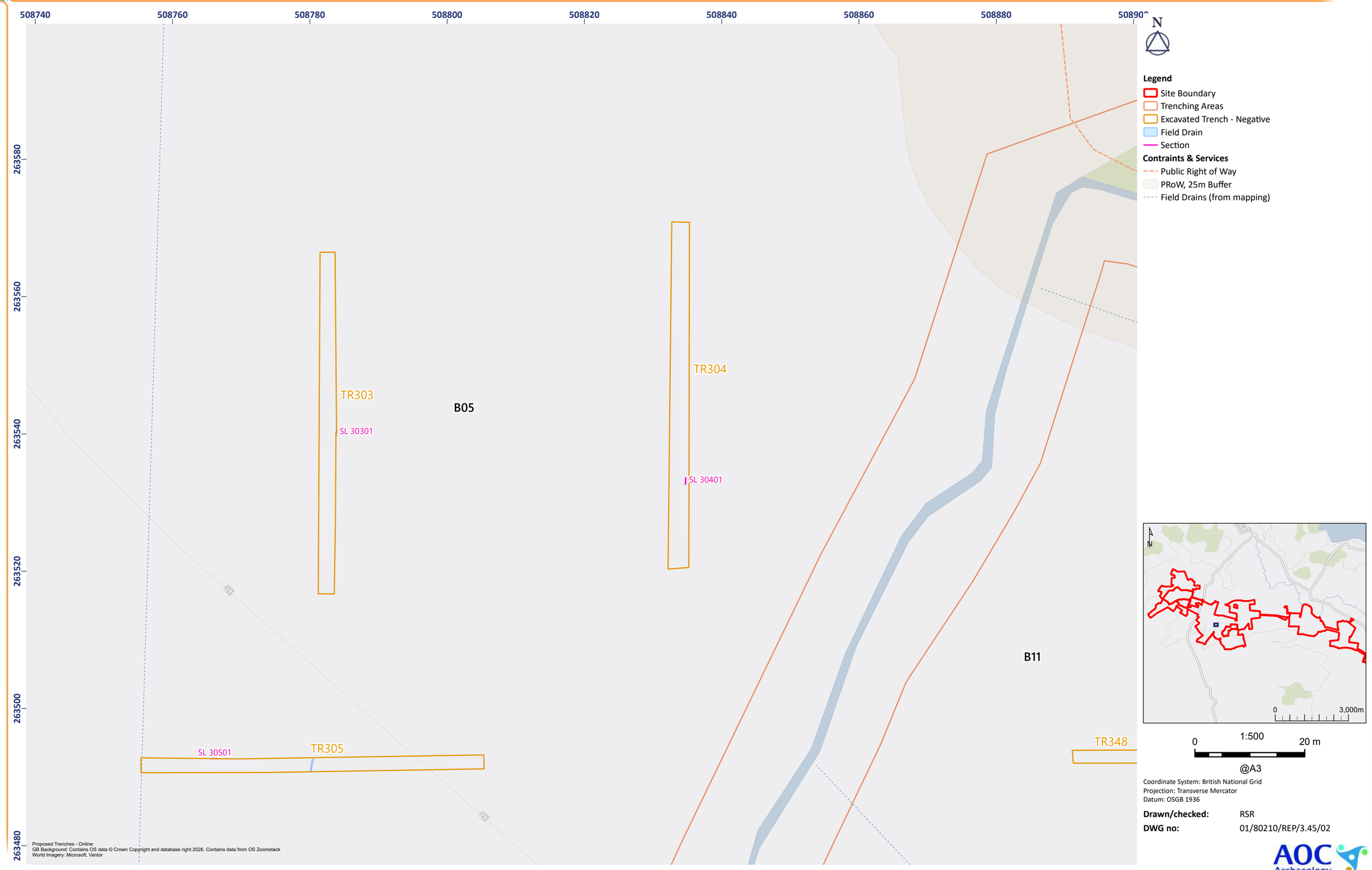
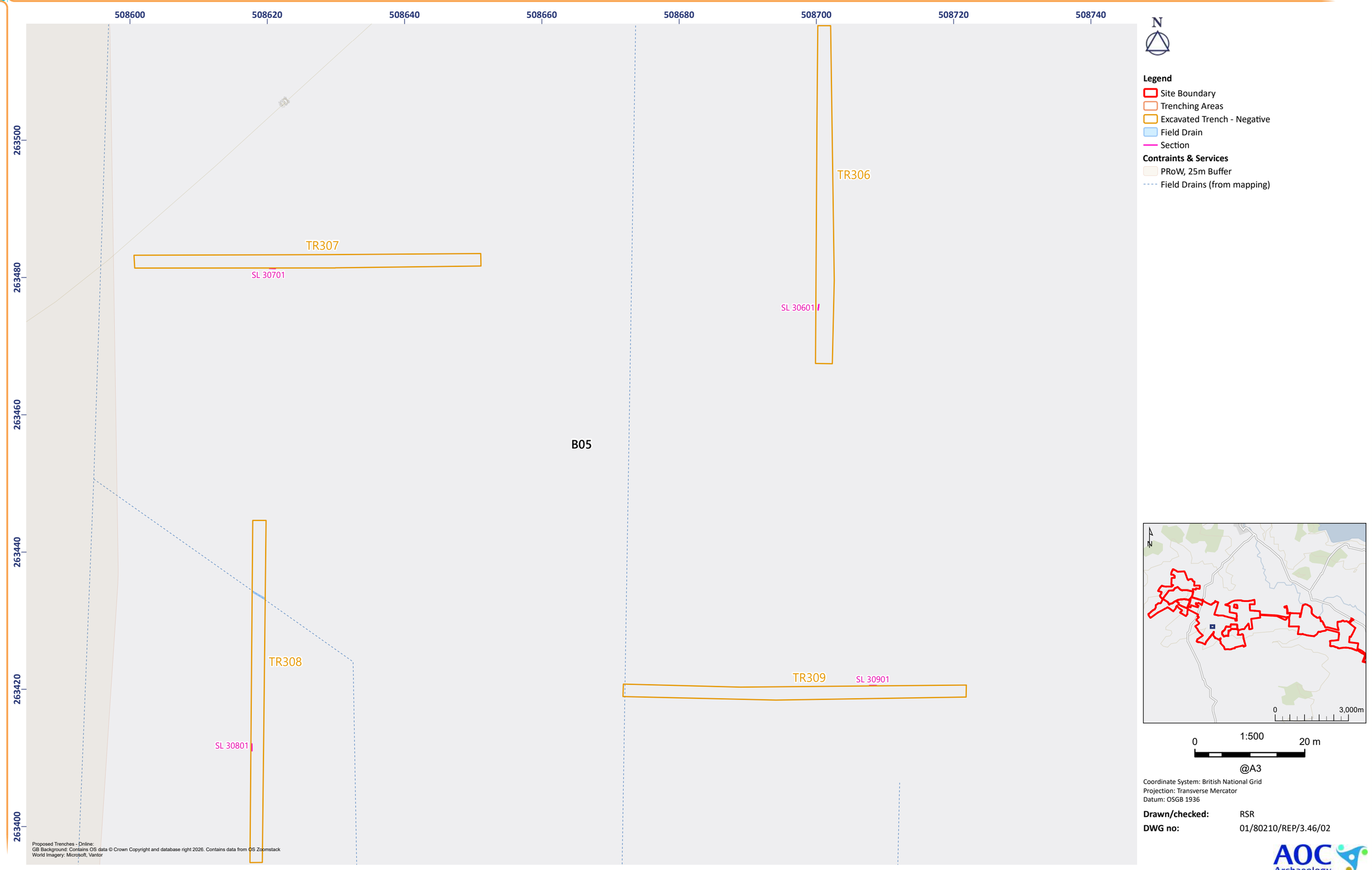


Figure 3.45: Trenches 303-305: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.46/02

Figure 3.46: Trenches 306-309: Archaeological Results

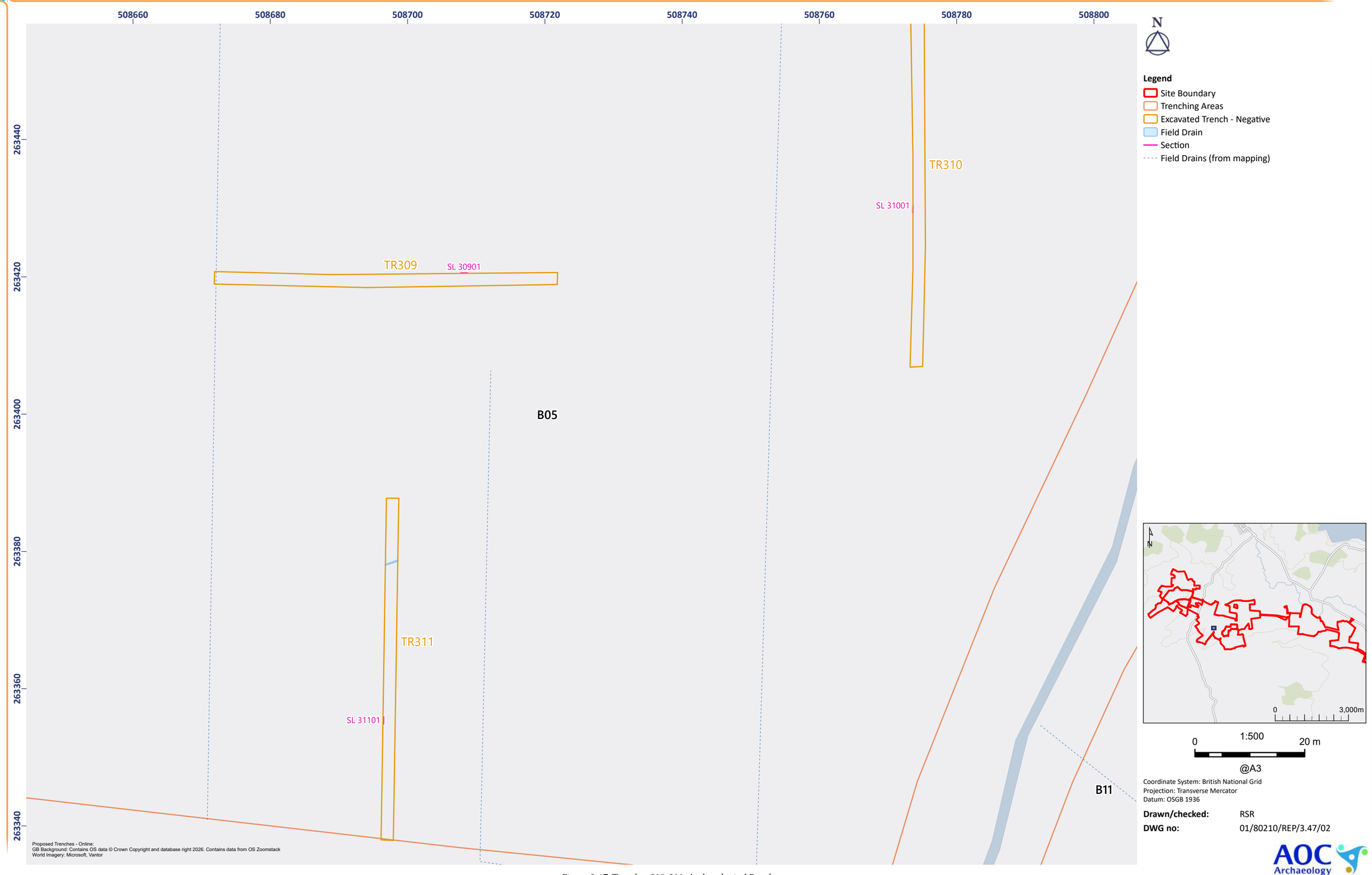
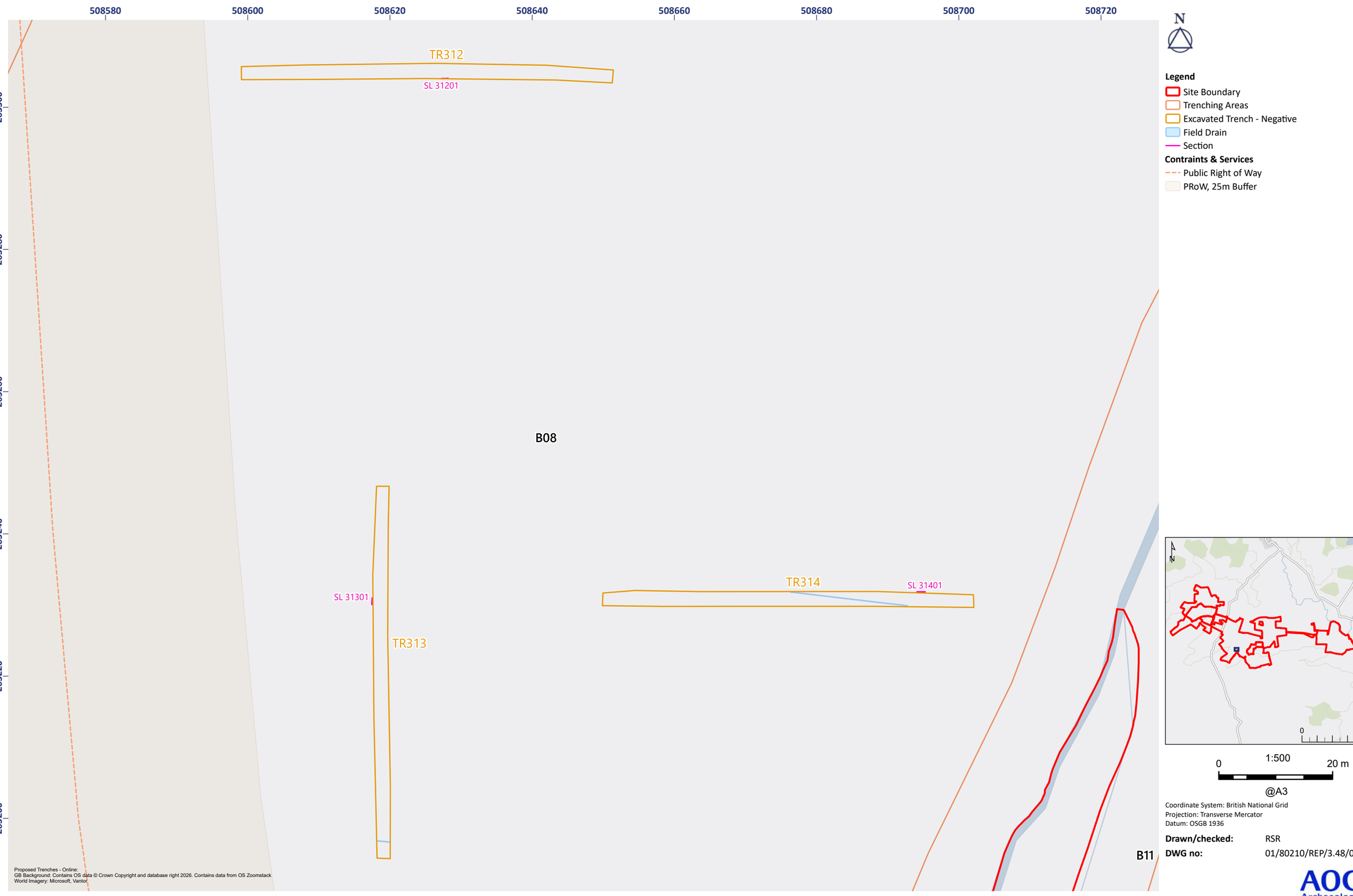


Figure 3.47: Trenches 310-311: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.48/02

Figure 3.48: Trenches 312-314: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.49/02

Figure 3.49: Trenches 313-315: Archaeological Results

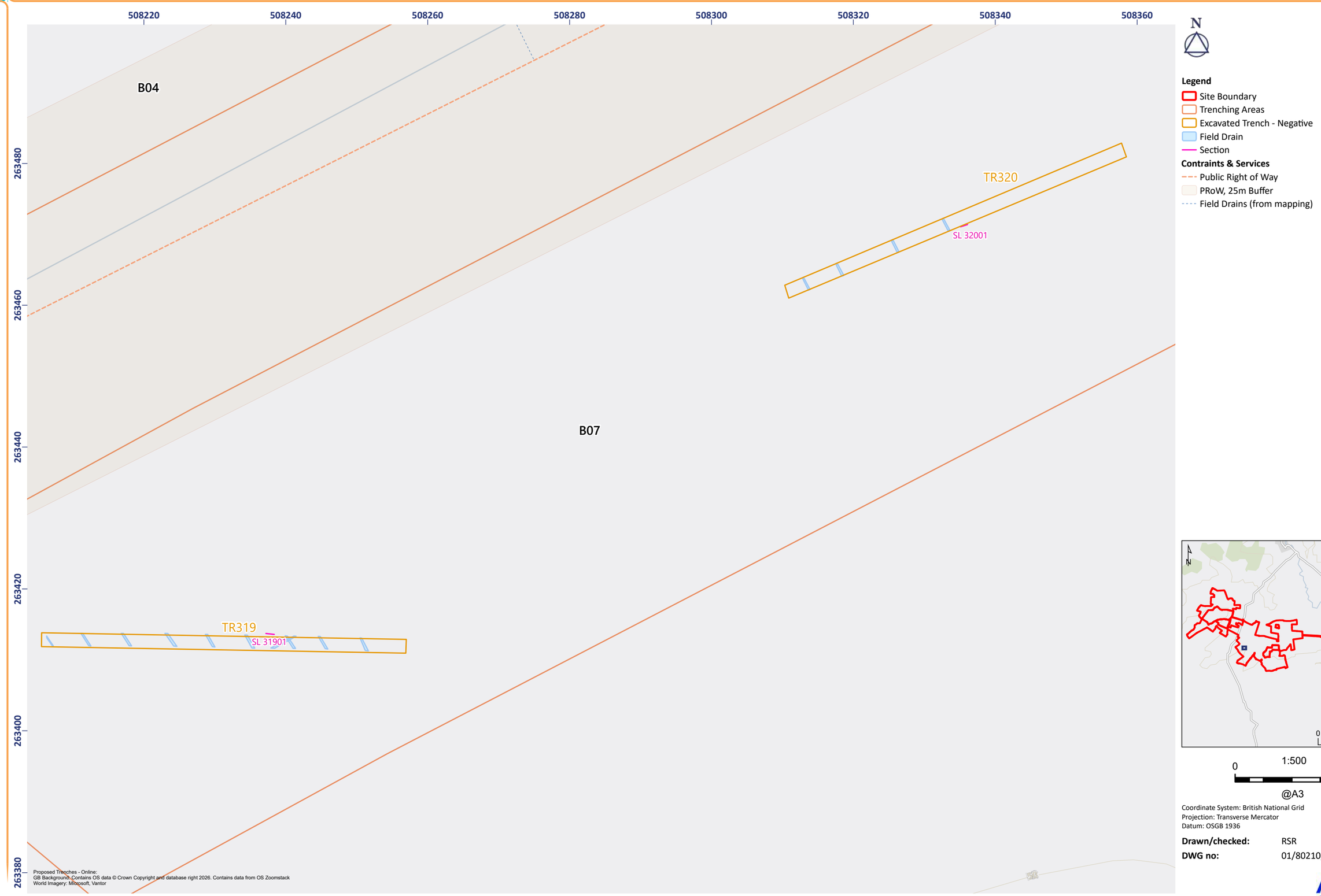
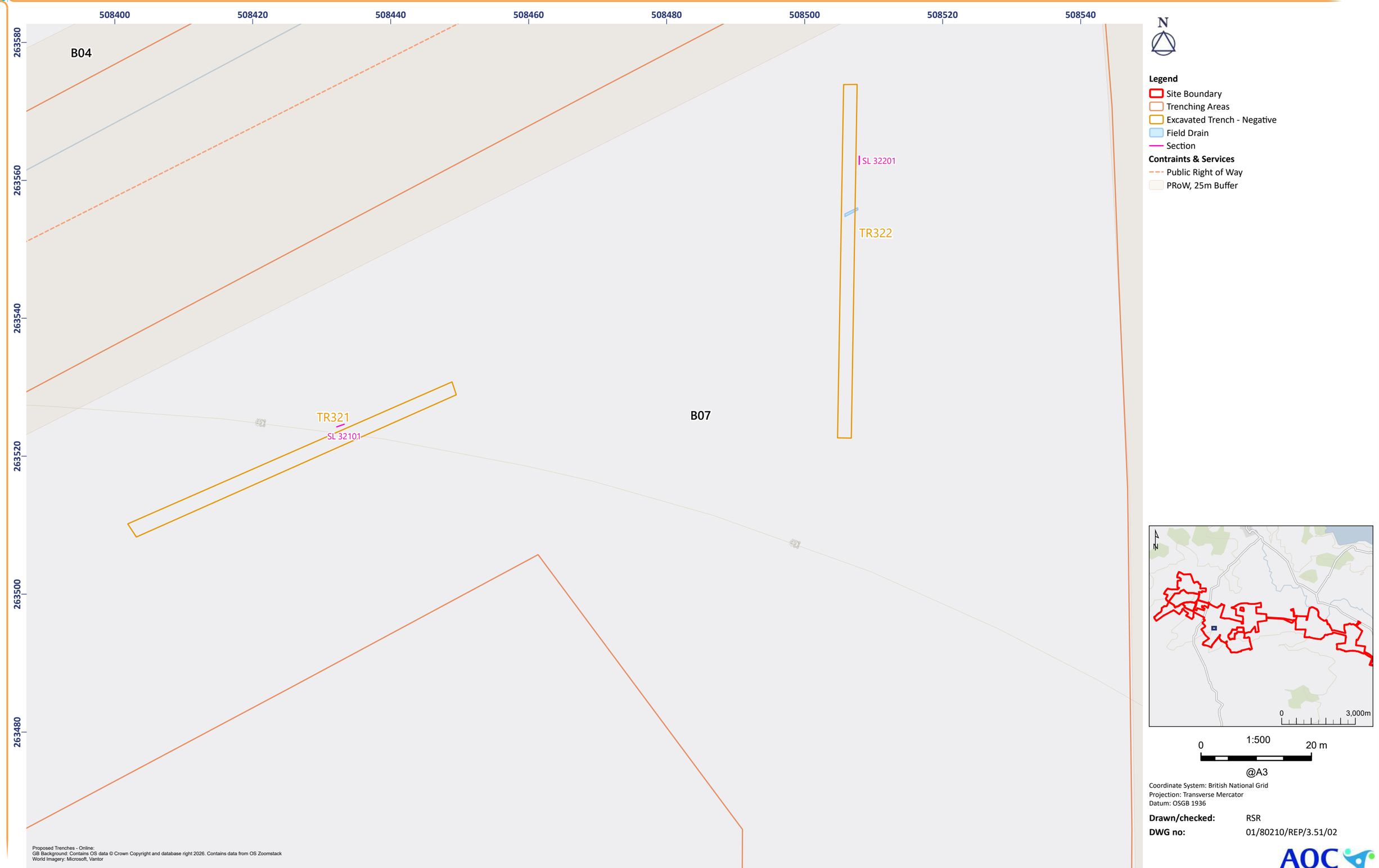


Figure 3.50: Trenches 319-320: Archaeological Results

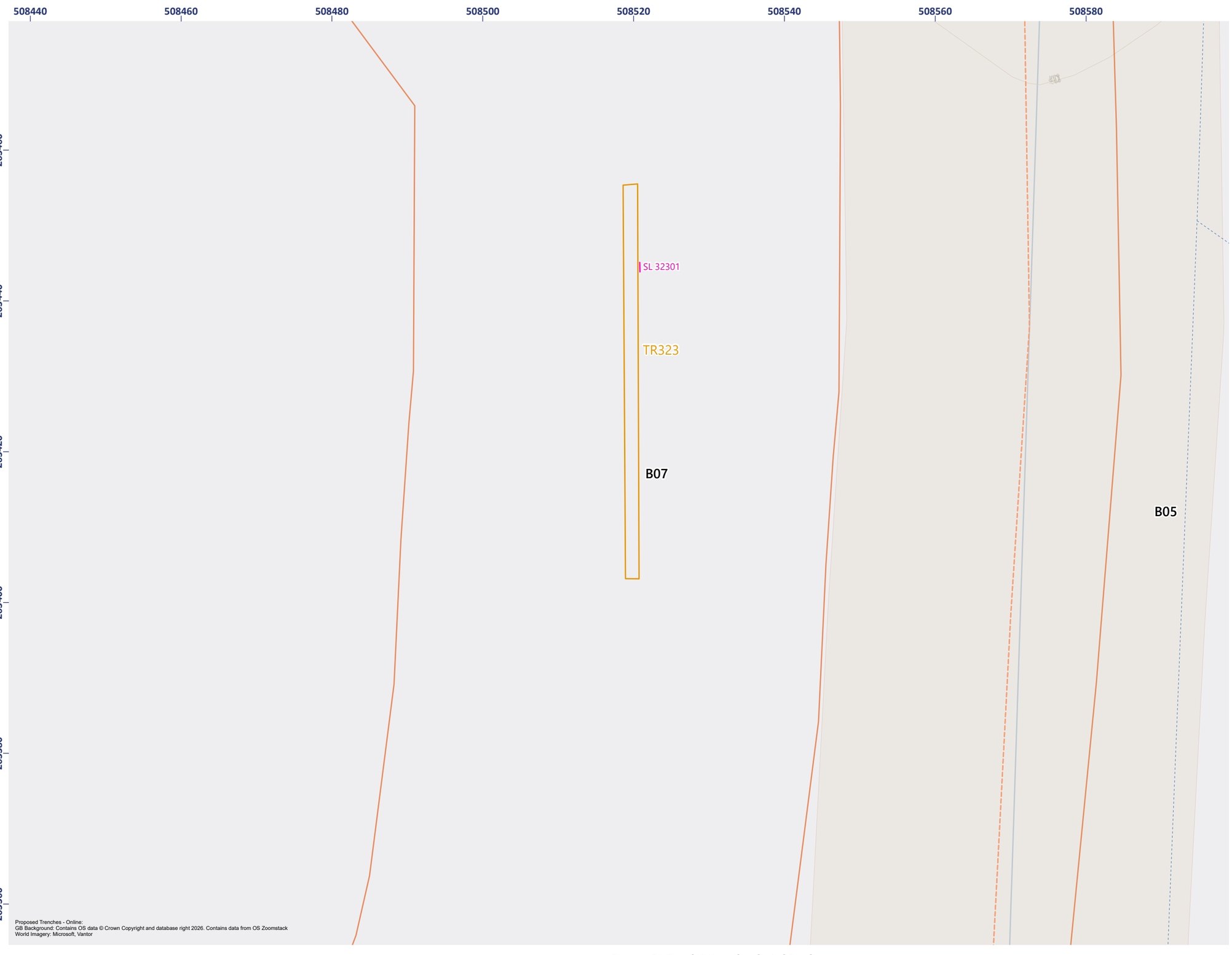


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.51/02

Figure 3.51: Trenches 321-322: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.52/02

Figure 3.52: Trench 323: Archaeological Results

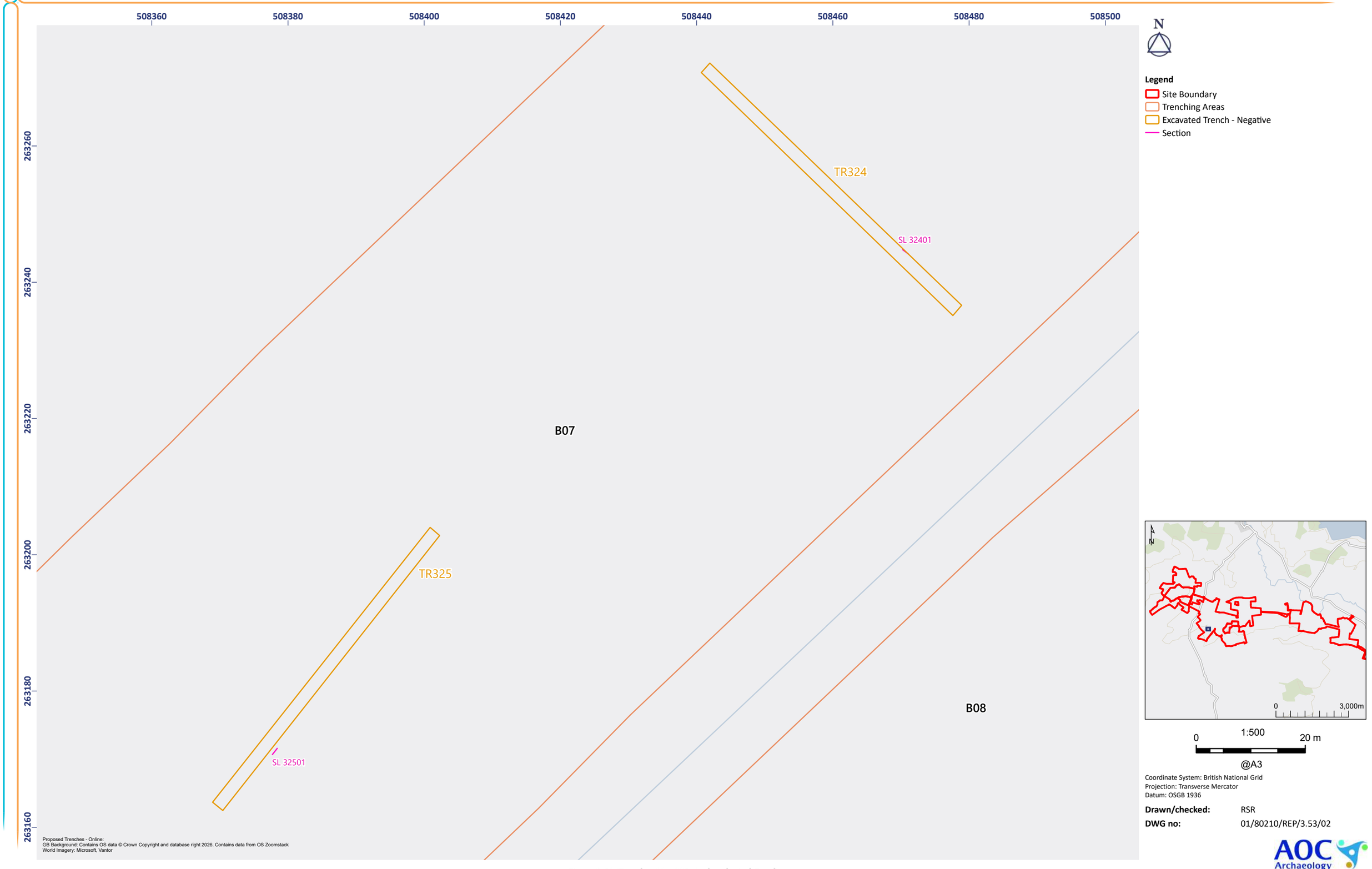


Figure 3.53: Trenches 324-325: Archaeological Results

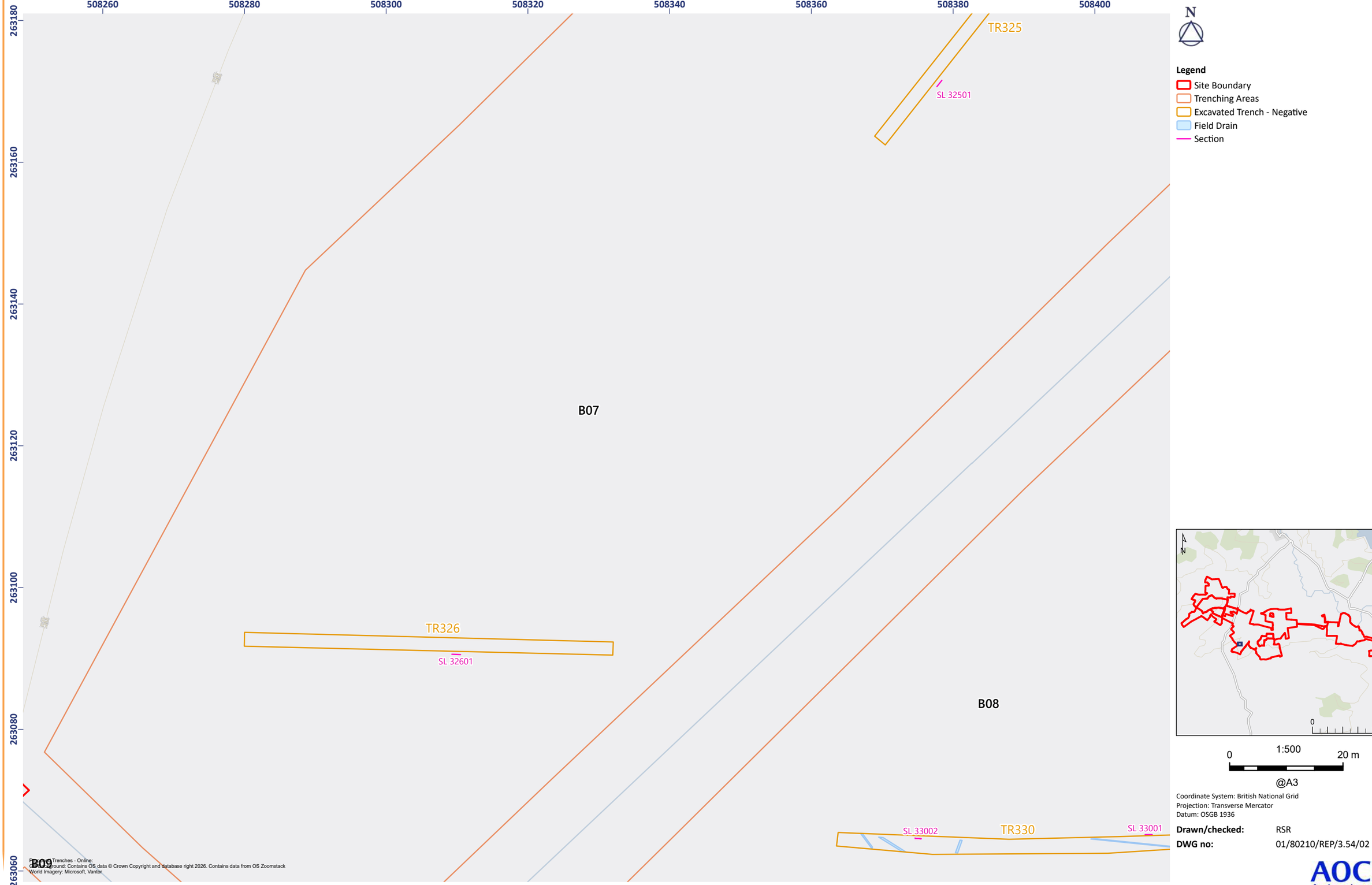
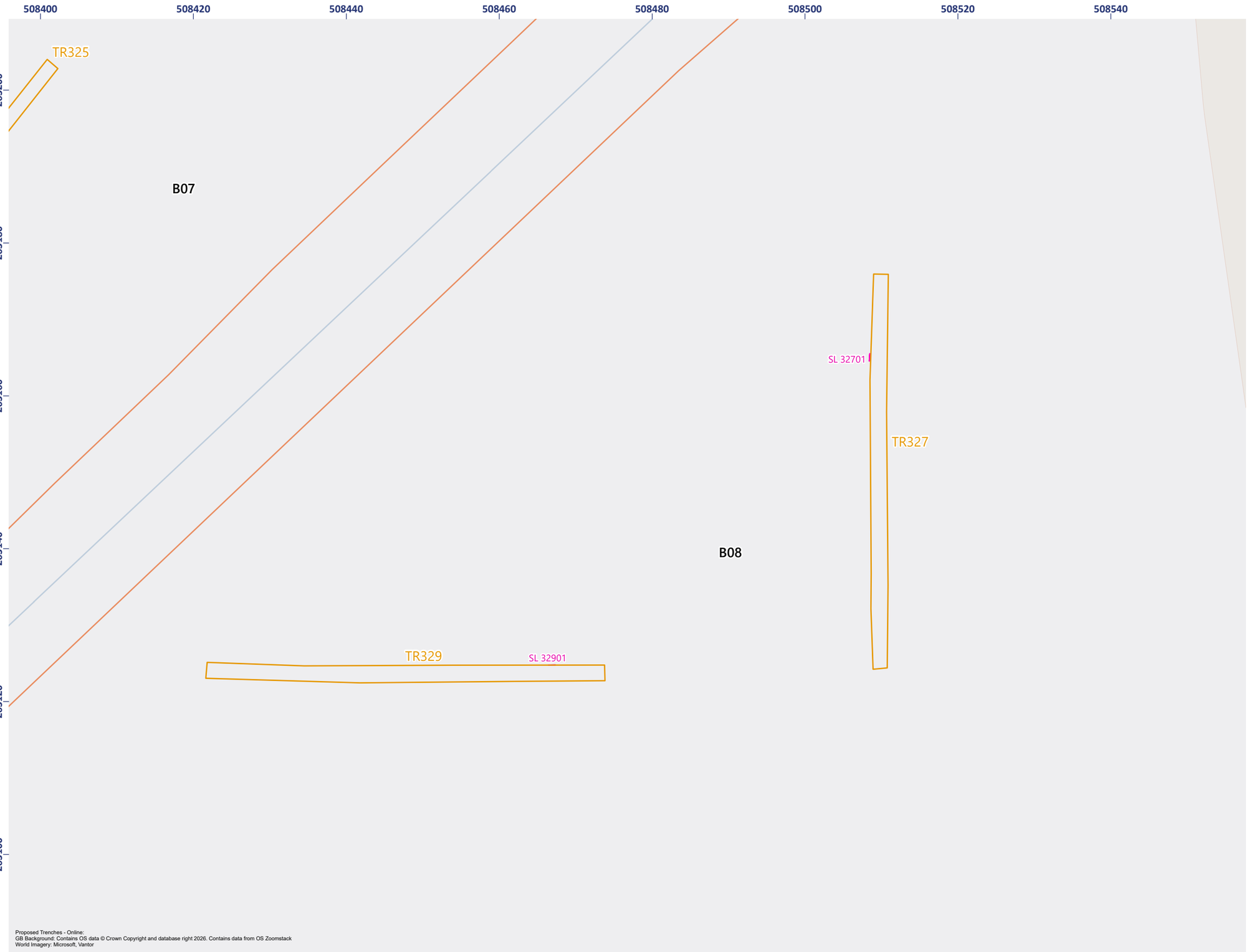


Figure 3.54: Trench 326: Archaeological Results

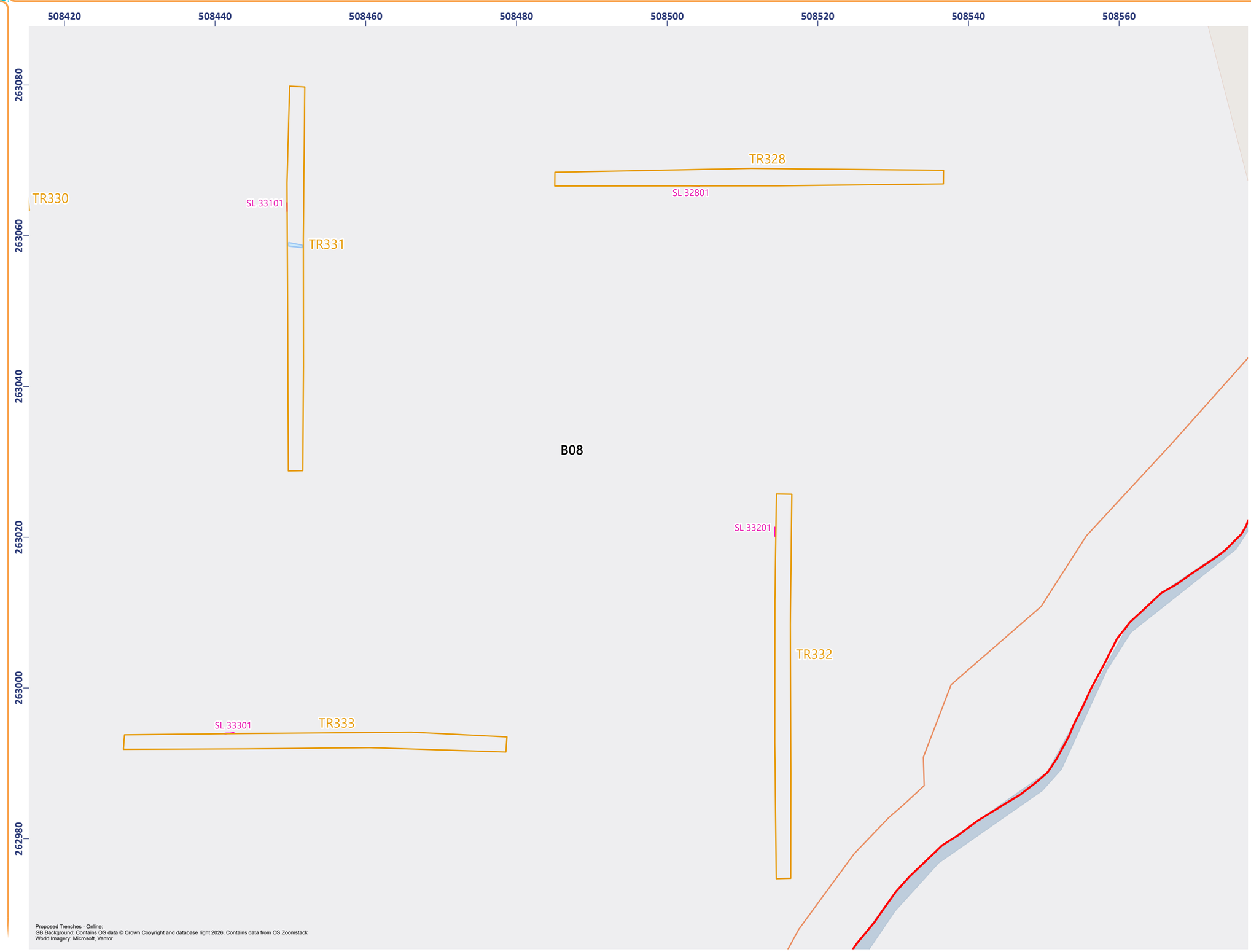


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.55/02

Figure 3.55: Trenches 327, 329: Archaeological Results



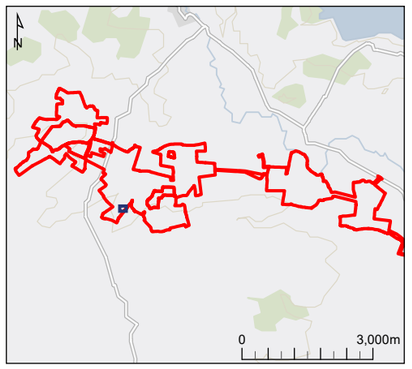
N

Legend

- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Field Drain
- Section

Contraints & Services

- PRoW, 25m Buffer



0 1:500 20 m

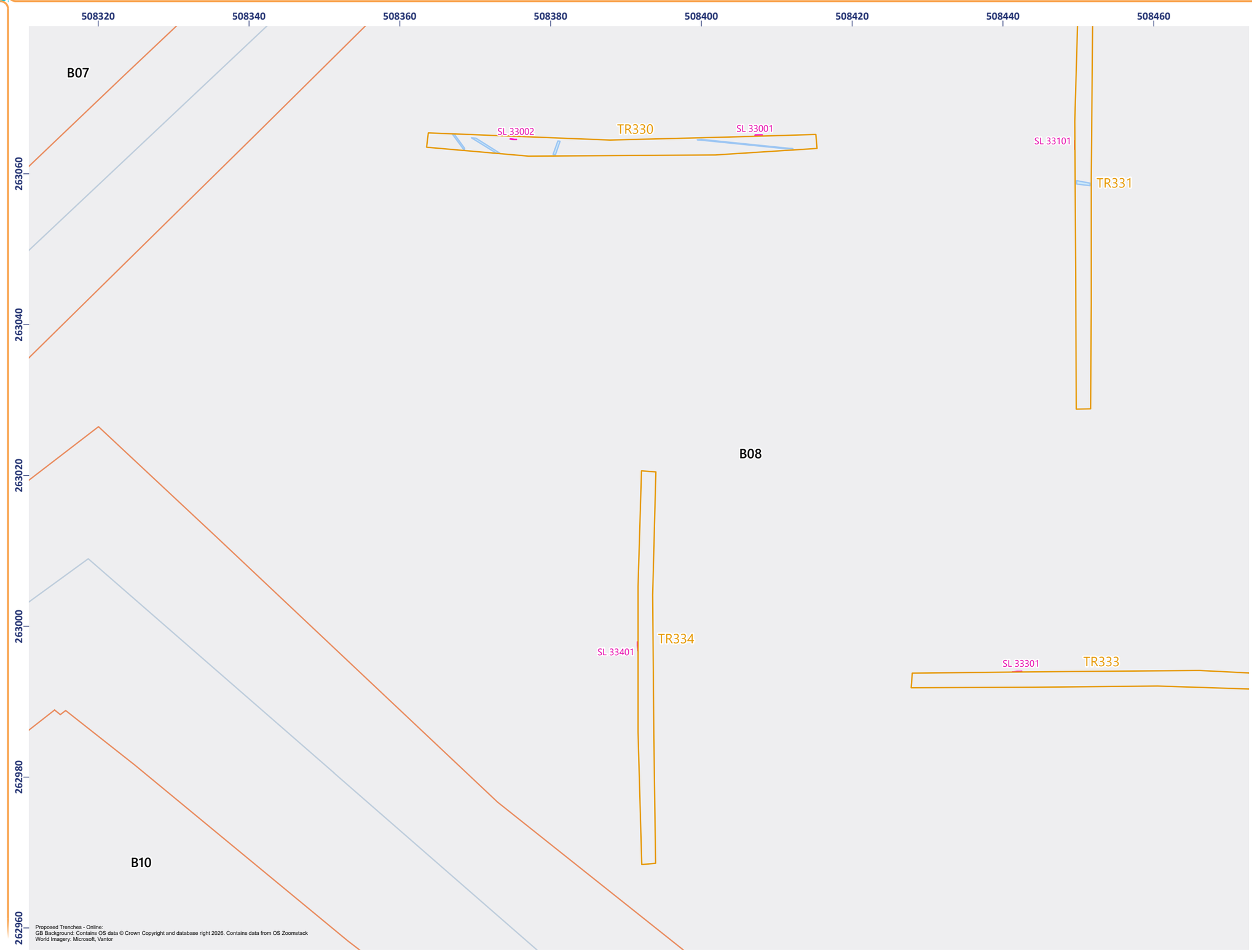
@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.56/02

Figure 3.56: Trenches 328, 331-333: Archaeological Results

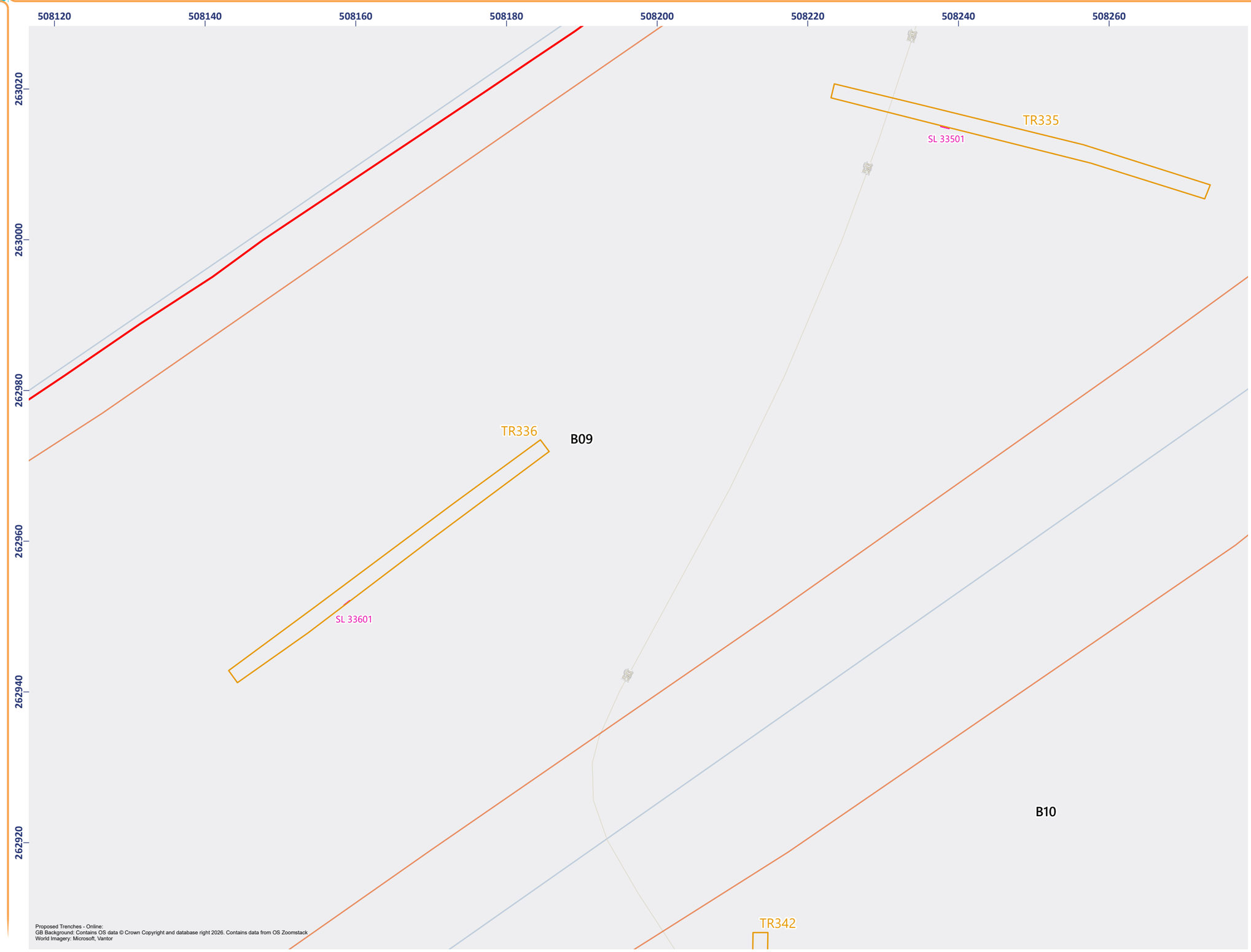


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.57/02

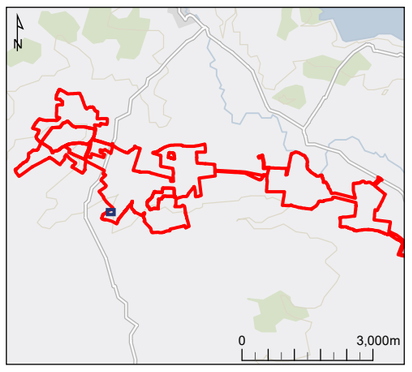
Figure 3.57: Trenches 330, 334: Archaeological Results



N

Legend

- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Section



0 1:500 20 m

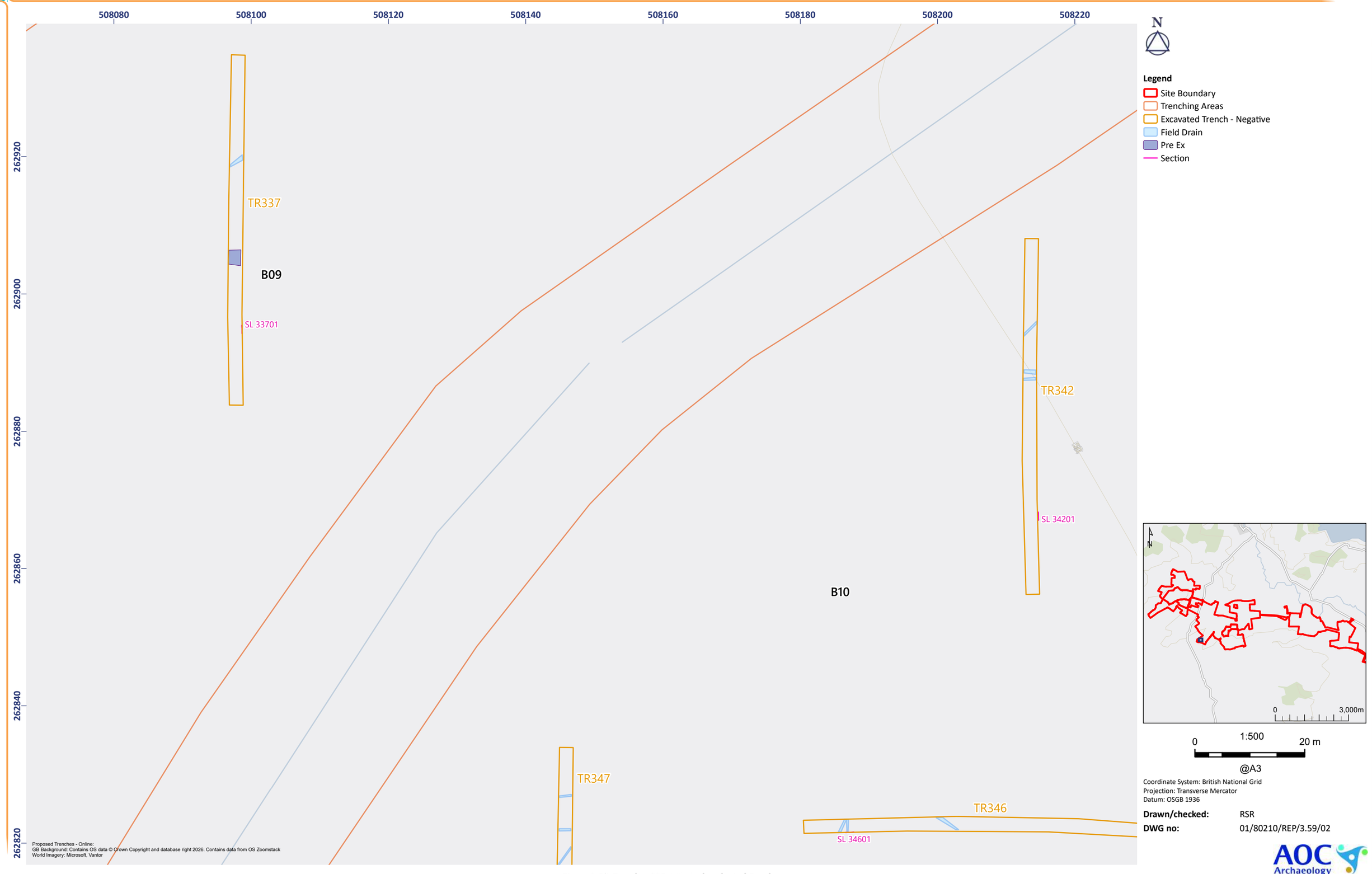
@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.58/02

Figure 3.58: Trenches 335-336: Archaeological Results

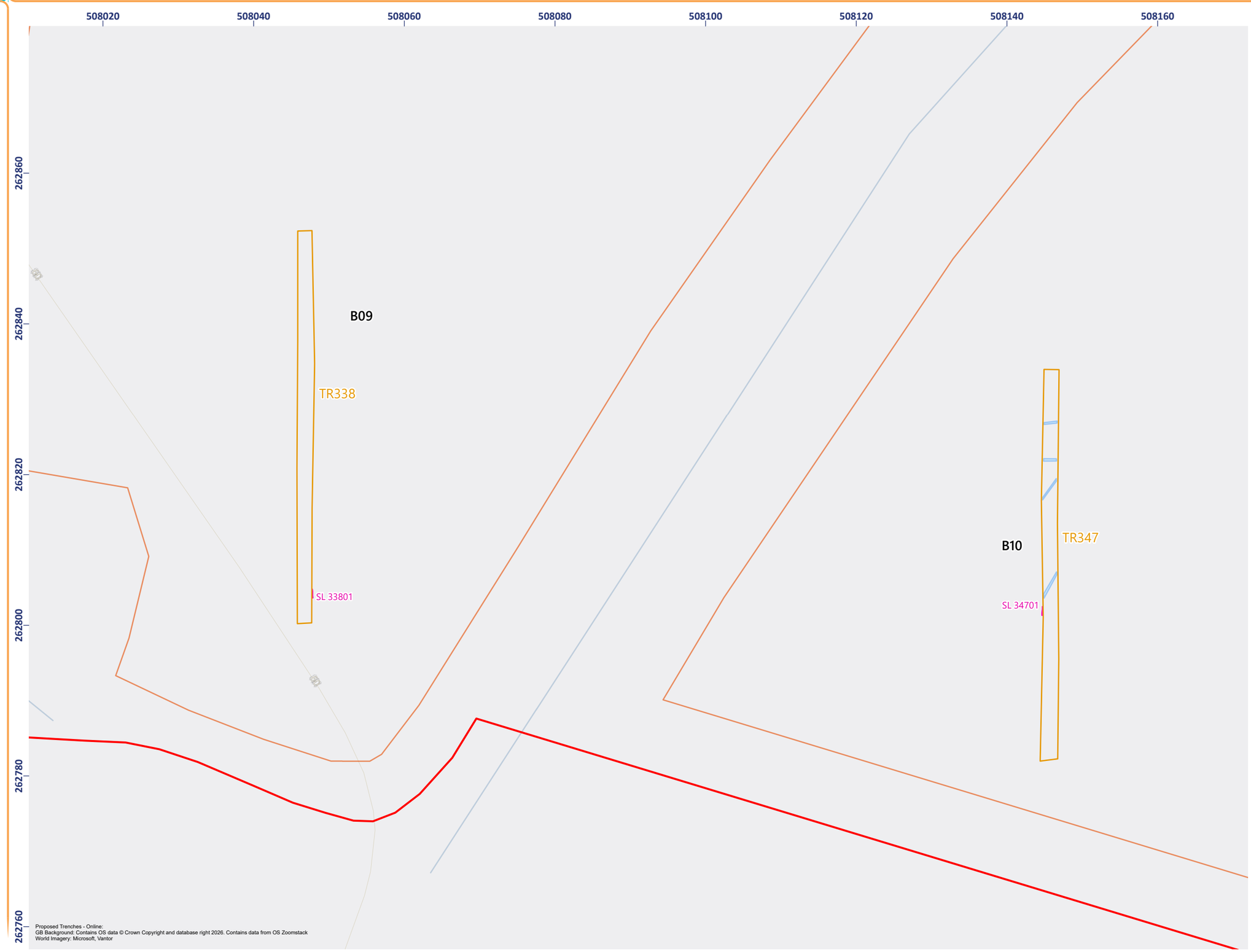


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.59/02

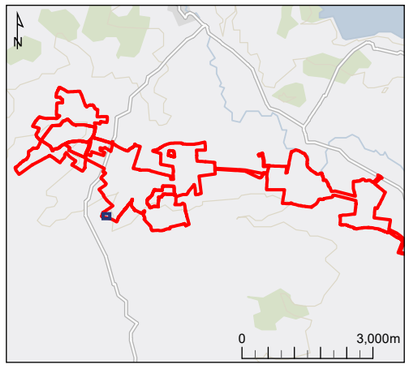
Figure 3.59: Trenches 337,342: Archaeological Results



N

Legend

- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Field Drain
- Section



0 1:500 20 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.60/02

AOC Archaeology Group

Figure 3.60: Trenches 338, 347: Archaeological Results

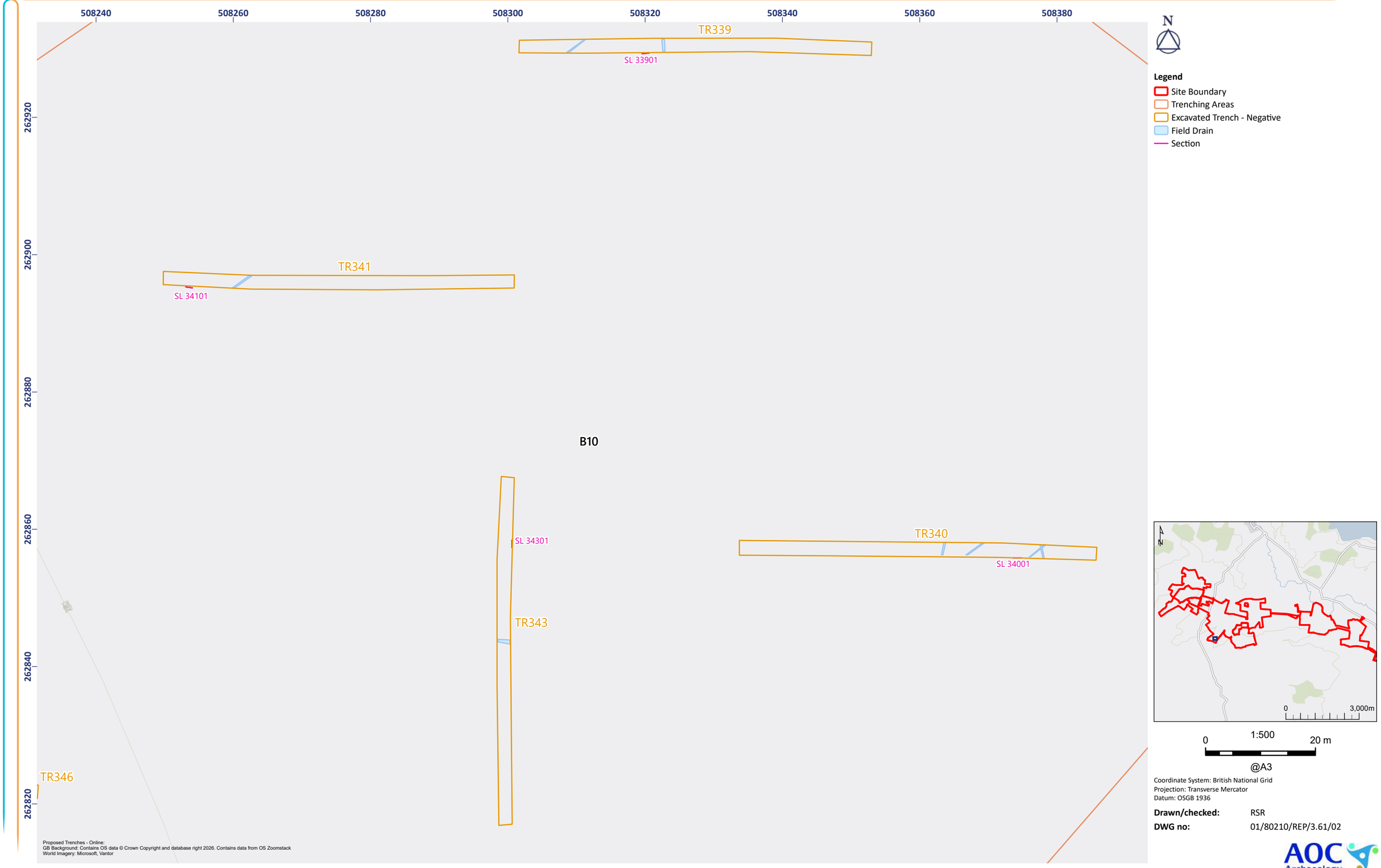
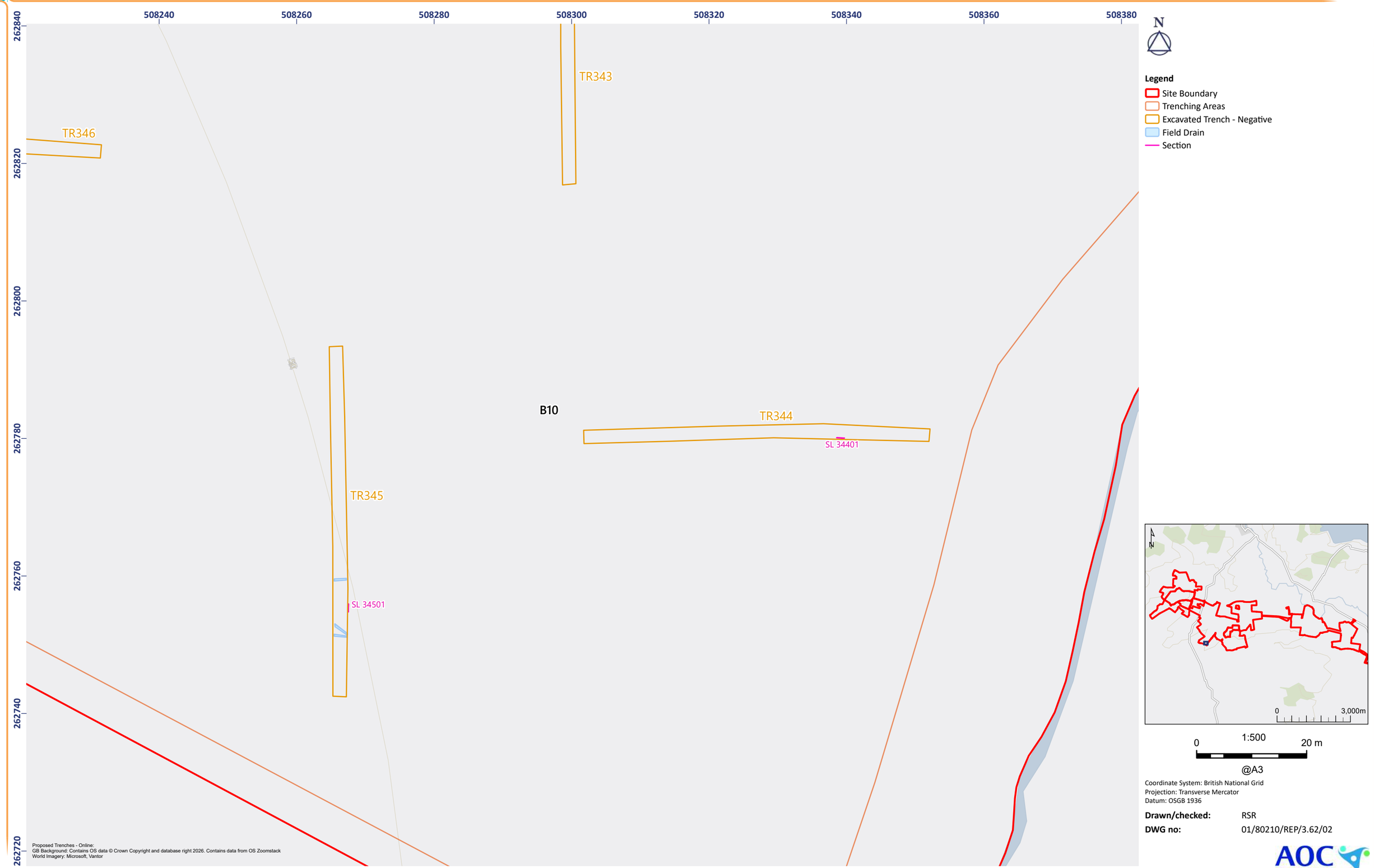


Figure 3.61: Trenches 339-343: Archaeological Results

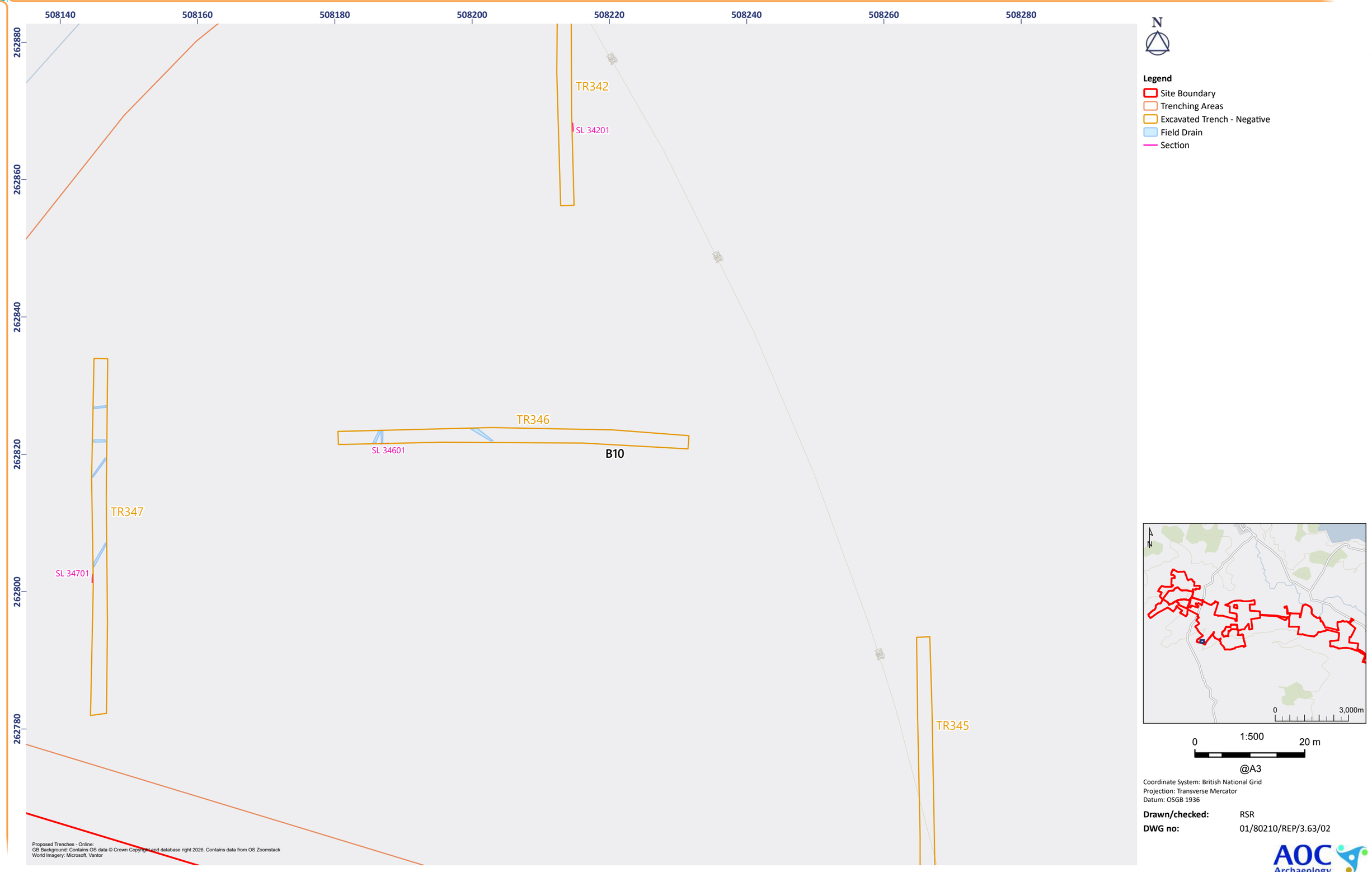


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.62/02

Figure 3.62: Trenches 334-345: Archaeological Results

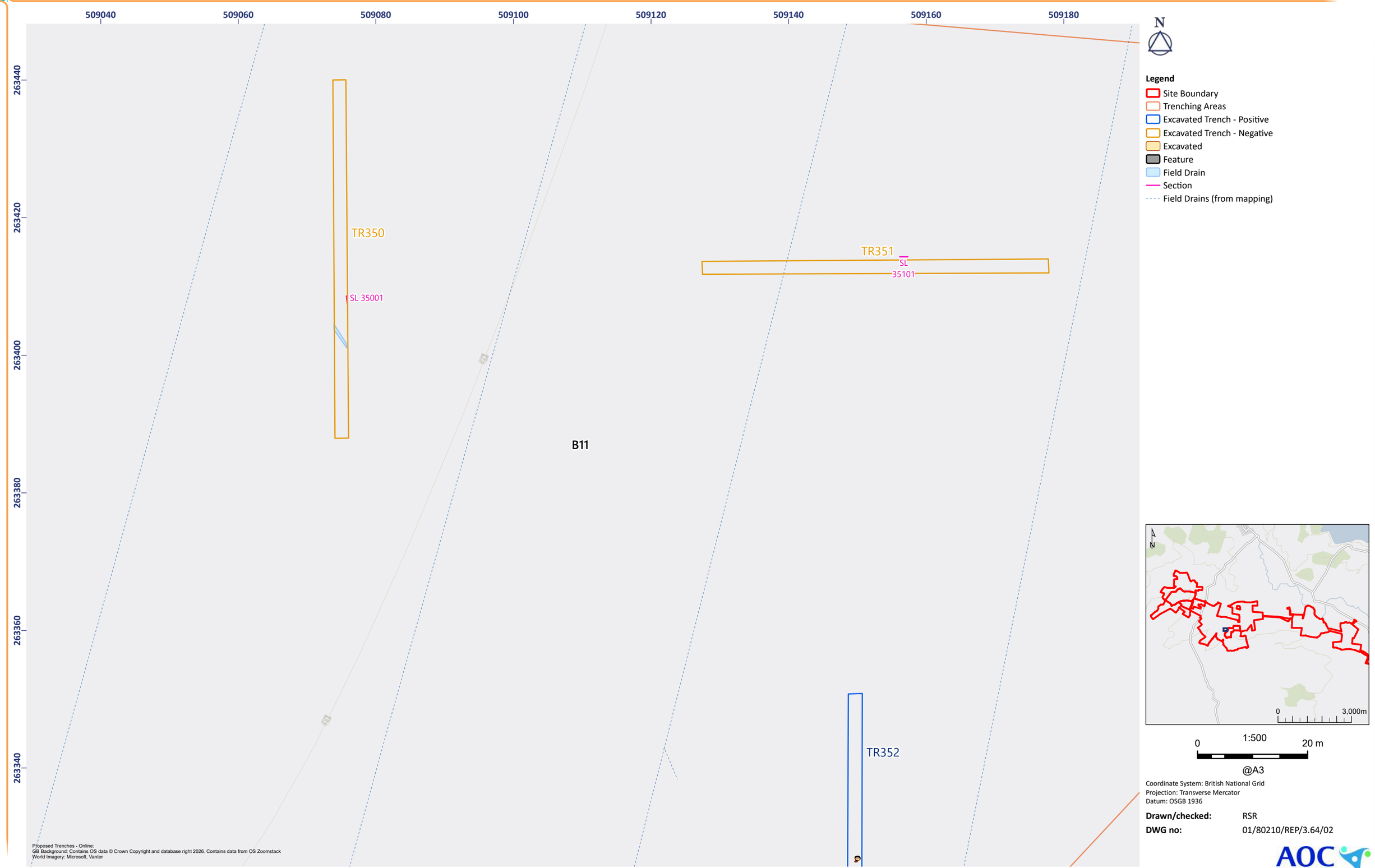


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.63/02

Figure 3.63: Trenches 346-347: Archaeological Results

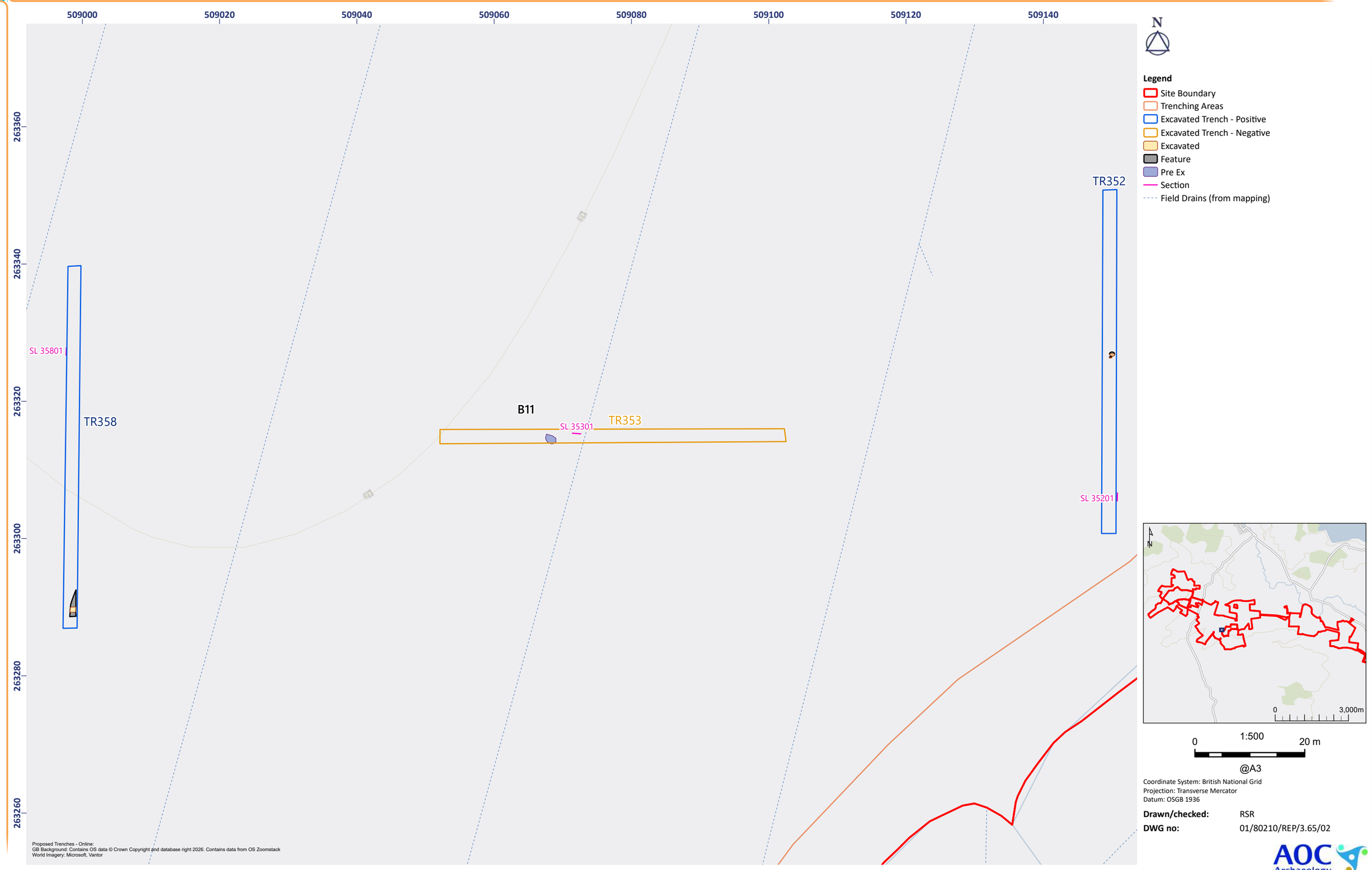


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.64/02

Figure 3.64: Trenches 350-352: Archaeological Results

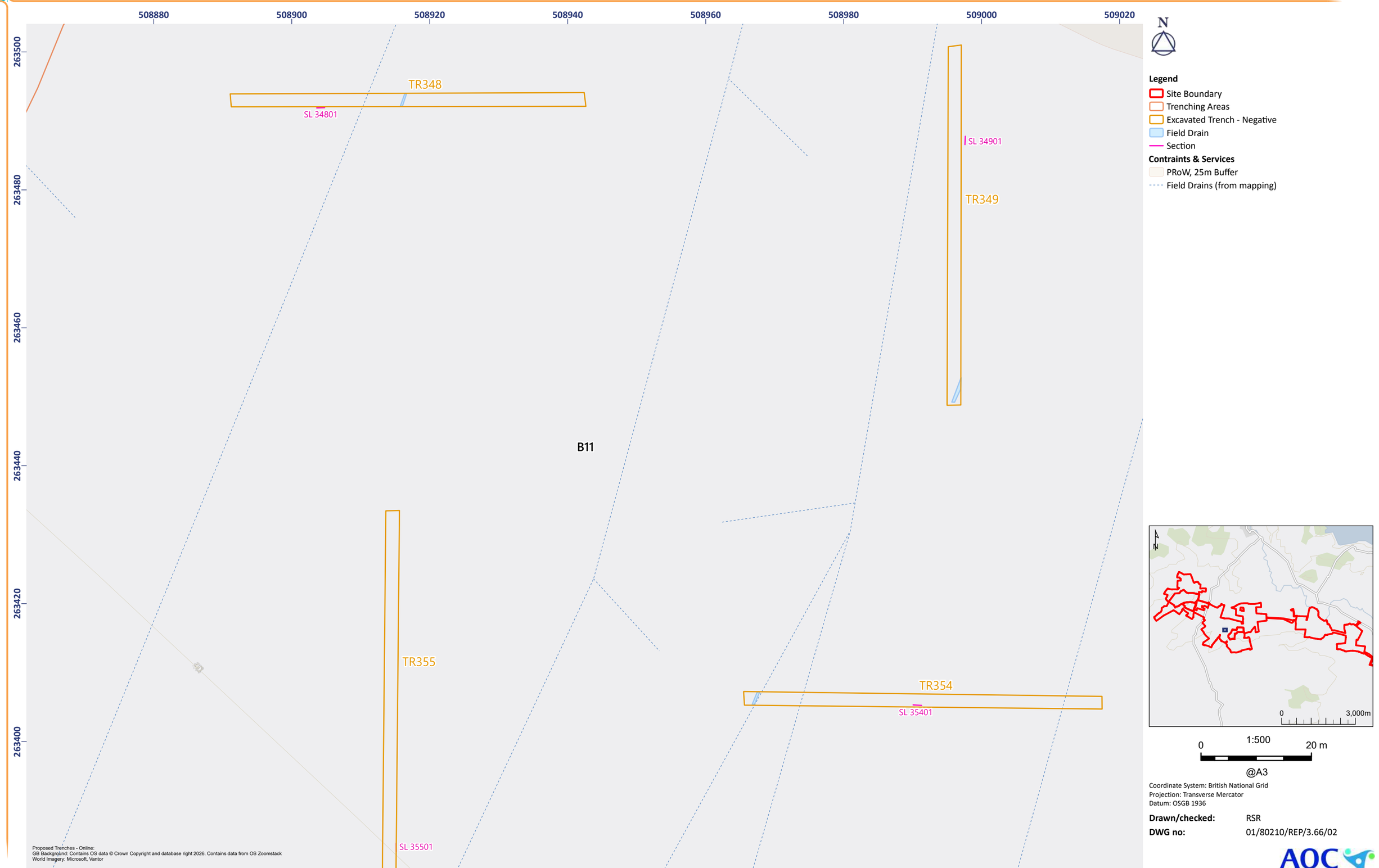


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.65/02

Figure 3.65: Trenches 352-353, 358: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.66/02

Figure 3.66: Trenches 349, 354-355: Archaeological Results

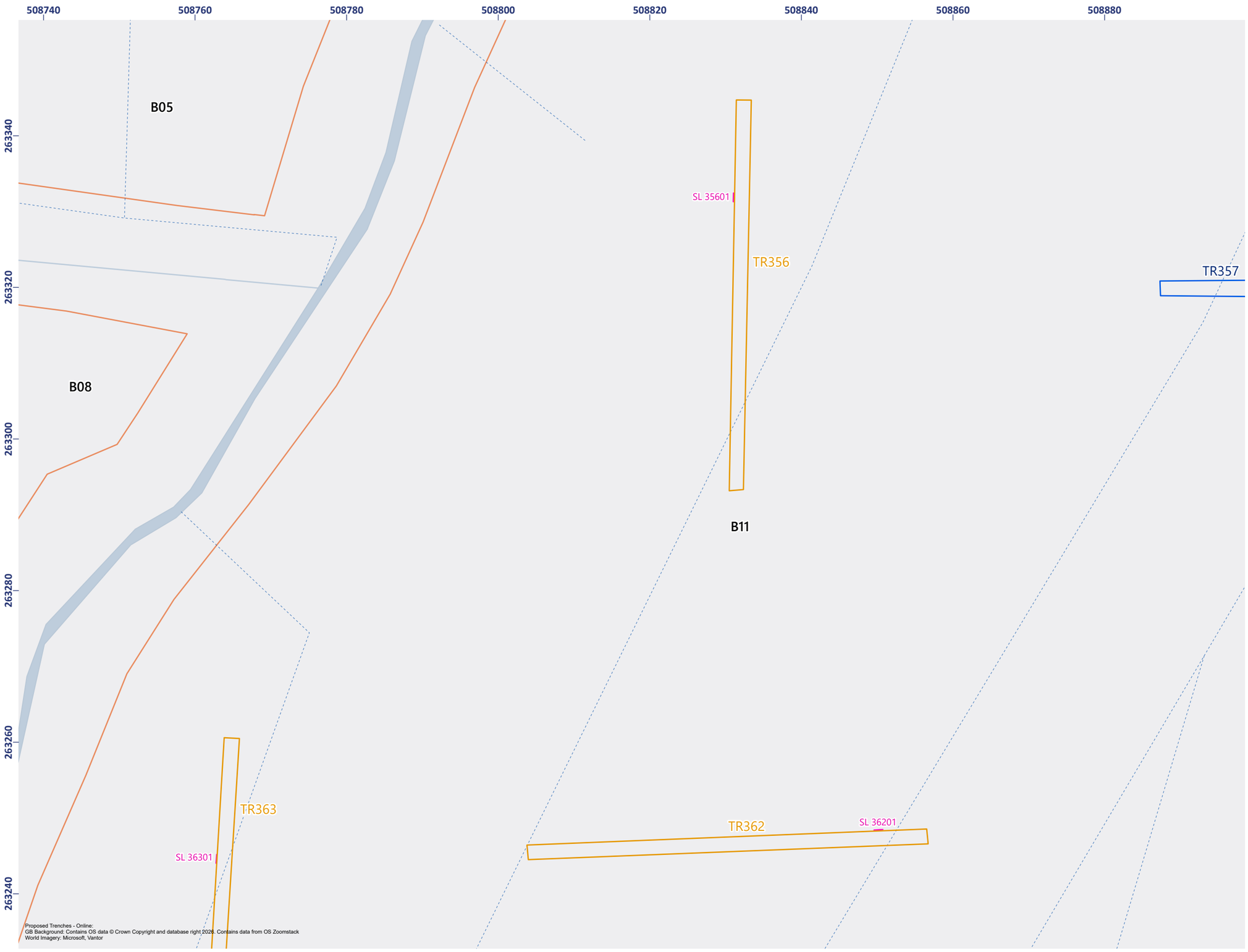
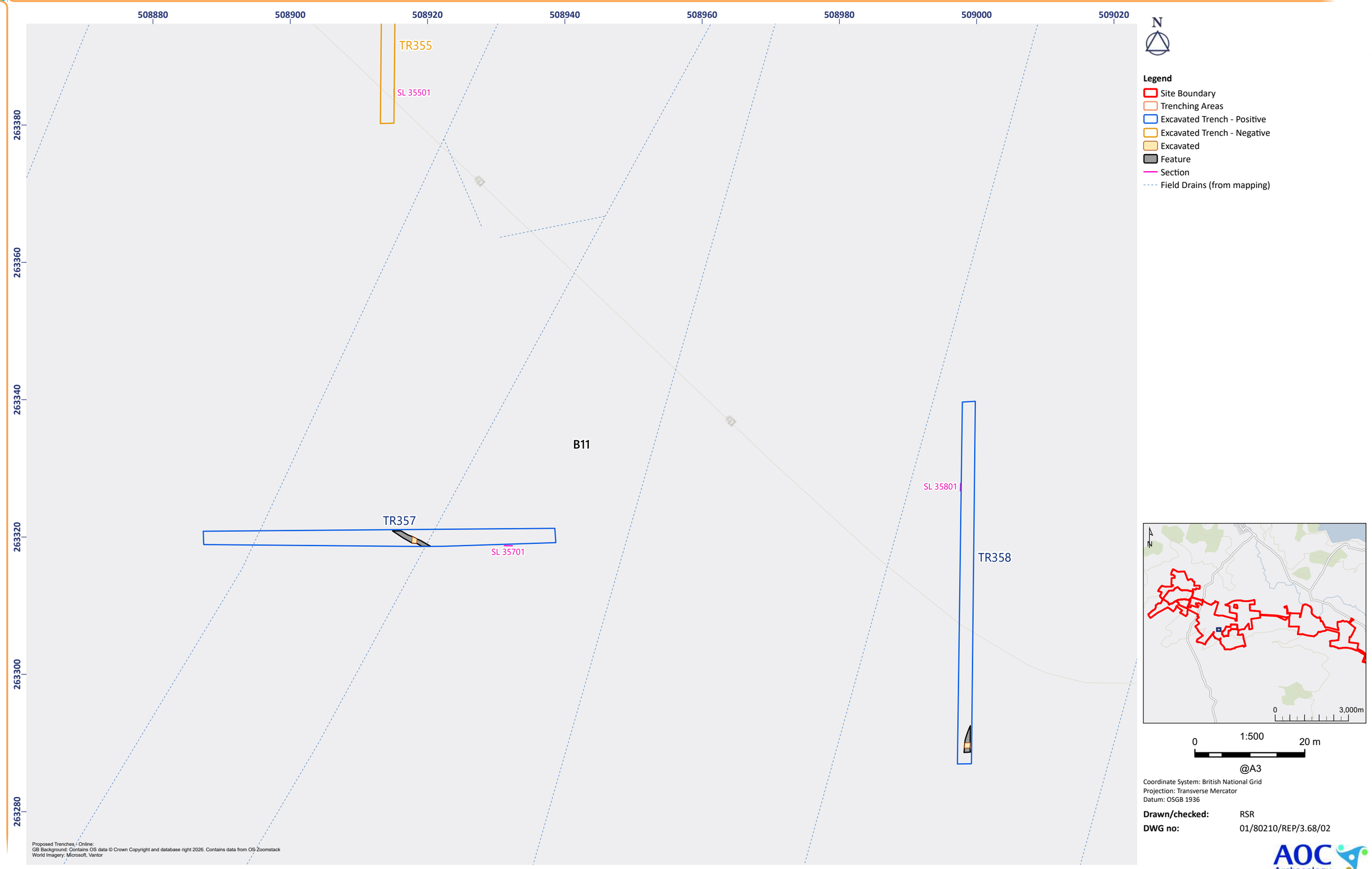


Figure 3.67: Trenches 356, 362-363: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.68/02

Figure 3.68: Trenches 357-358: Archaeological Results

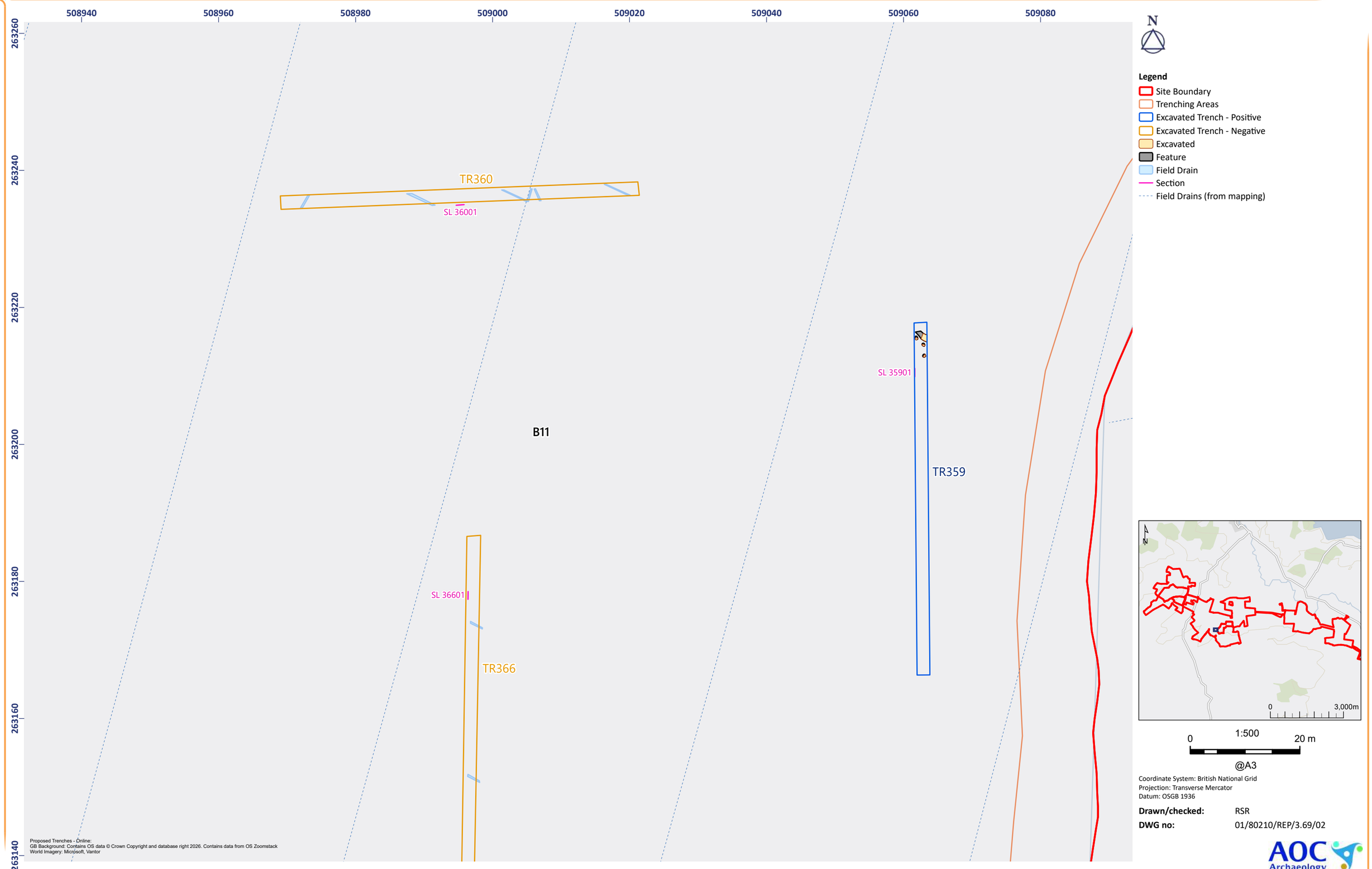
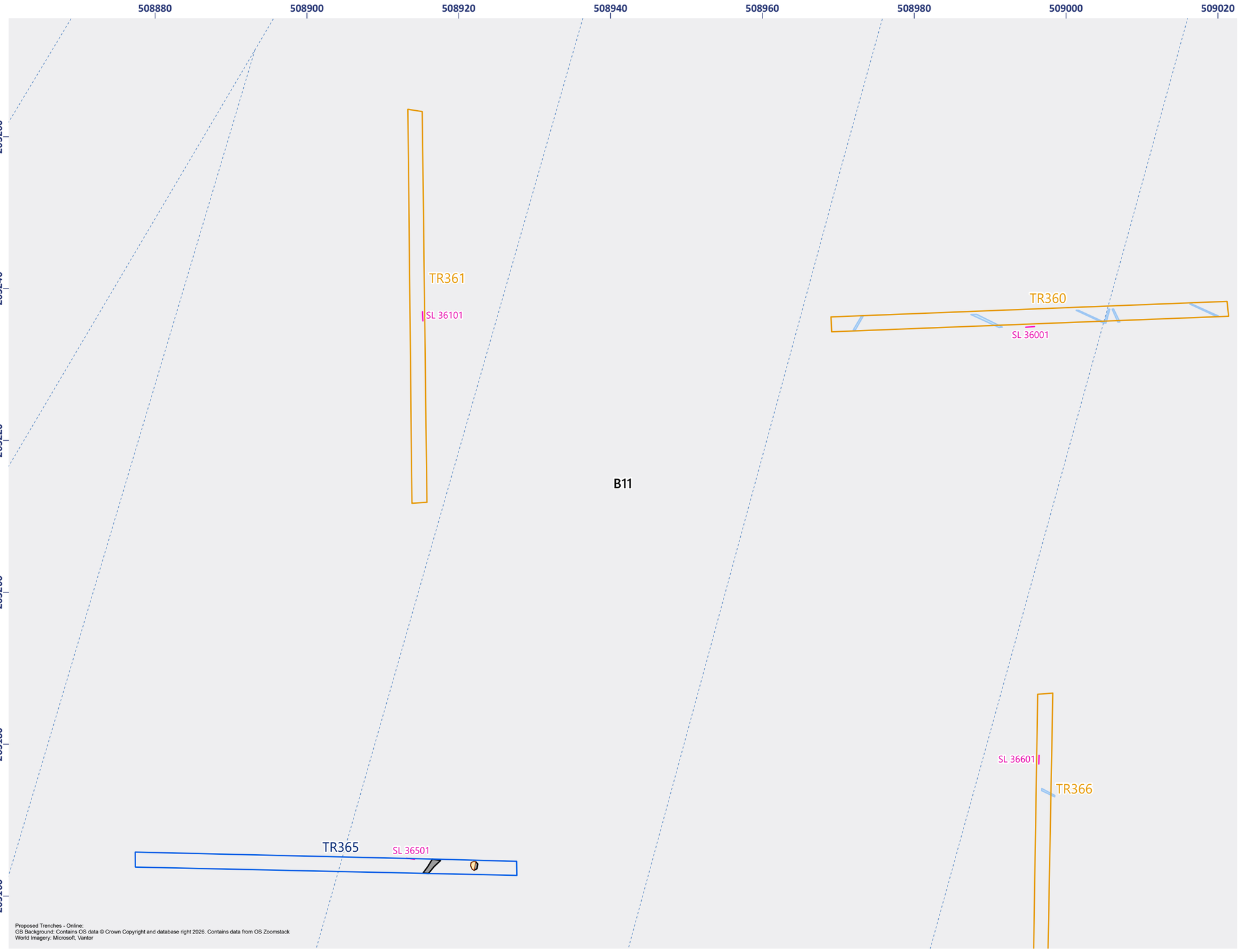


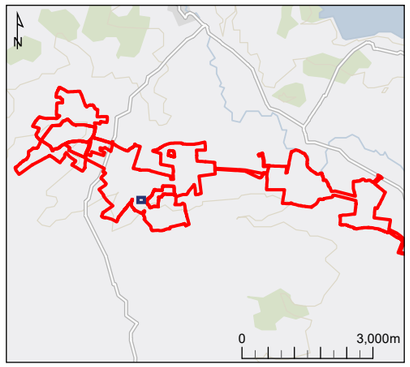
Figure 3.69: Trenches 359-360: Archaeological Results



N

Legend

- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Excavated Trench - Positive
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Excavated
- Feature
- Field Drain
- Section
- Field Drains (from mapping)



0 1:500 20 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.70/02

Figure 3.70: Trenches 360-361, 365: Archaeological Results

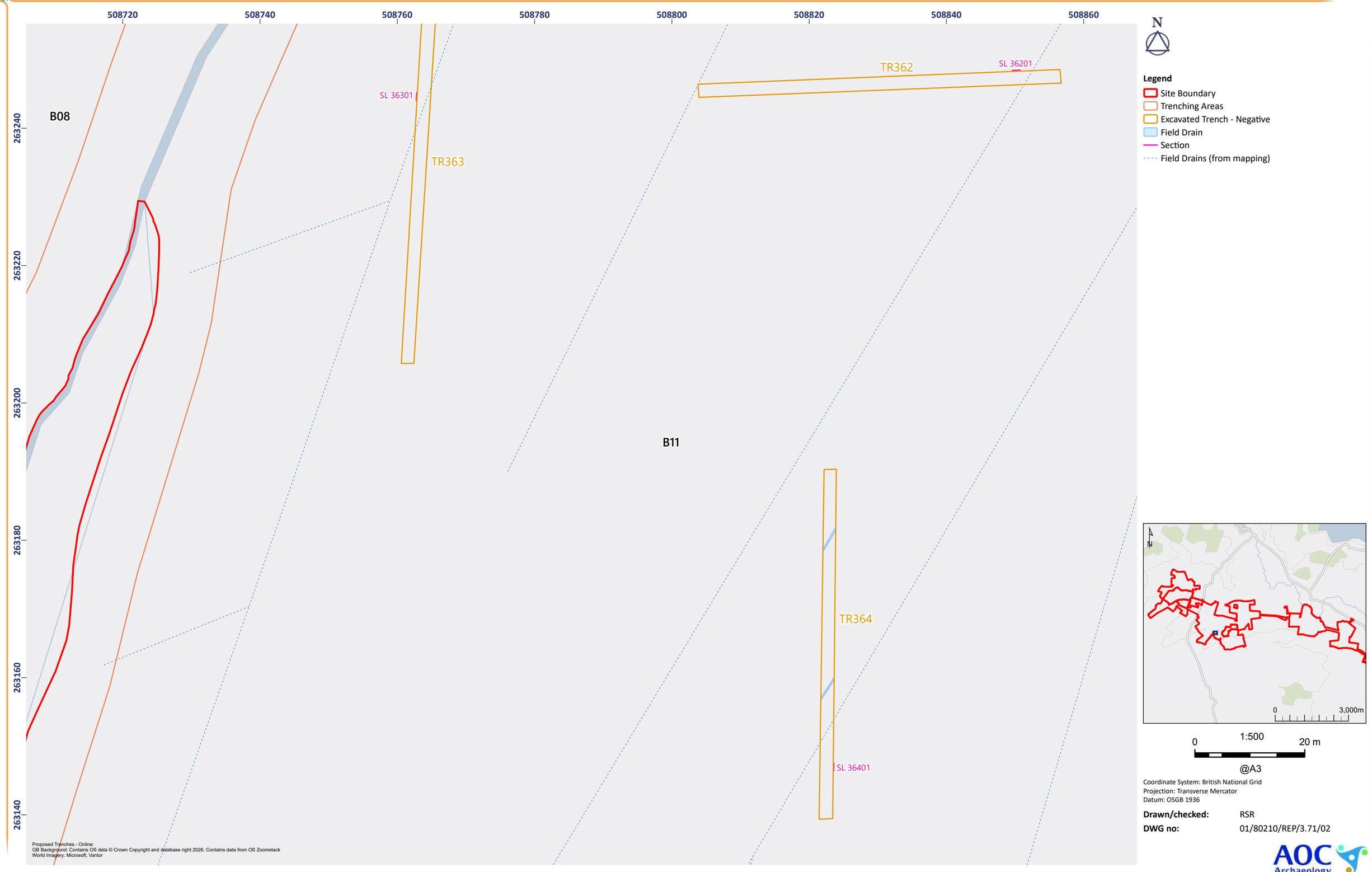
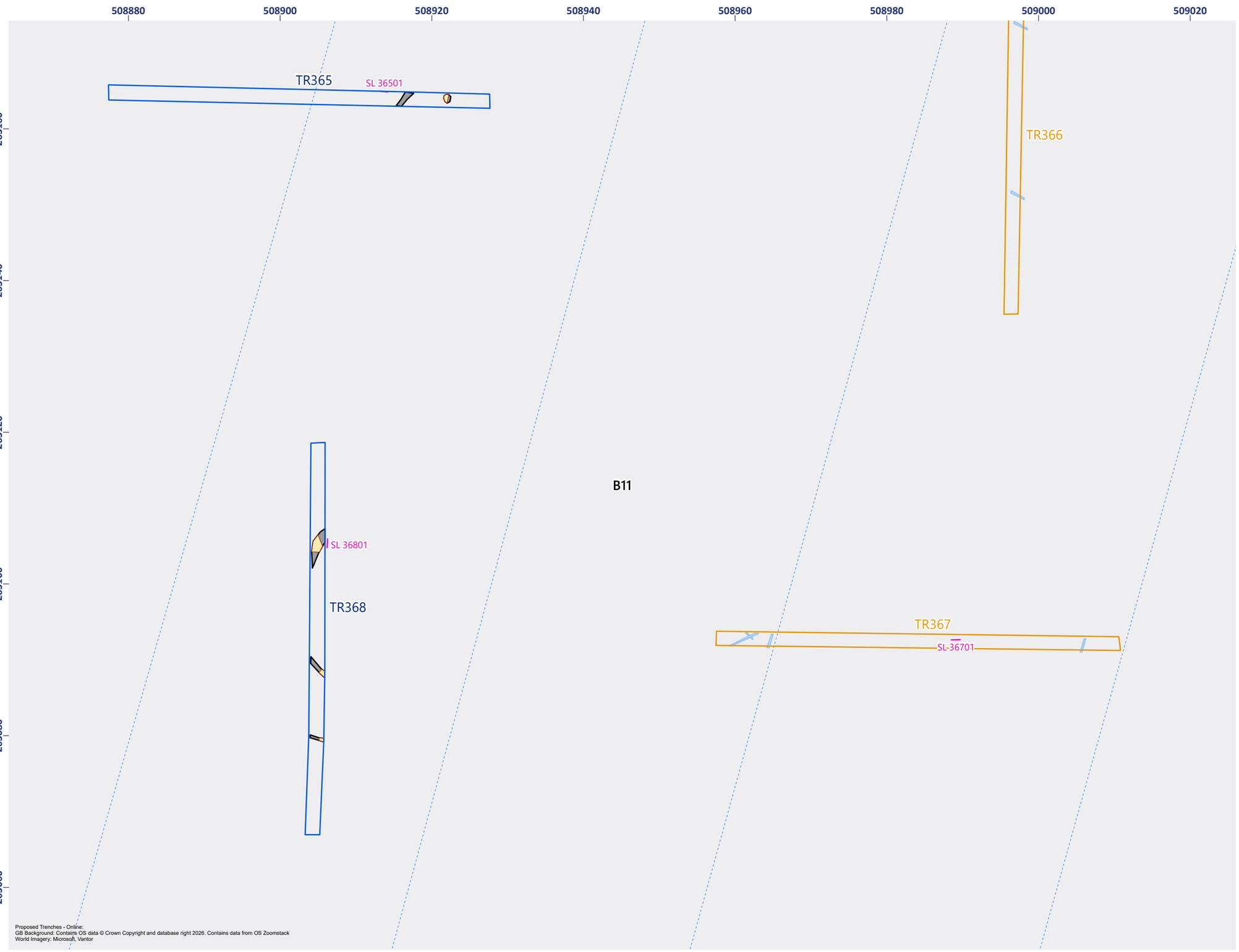


Figure 3.71: Trenches 363-364: Archaeological Results

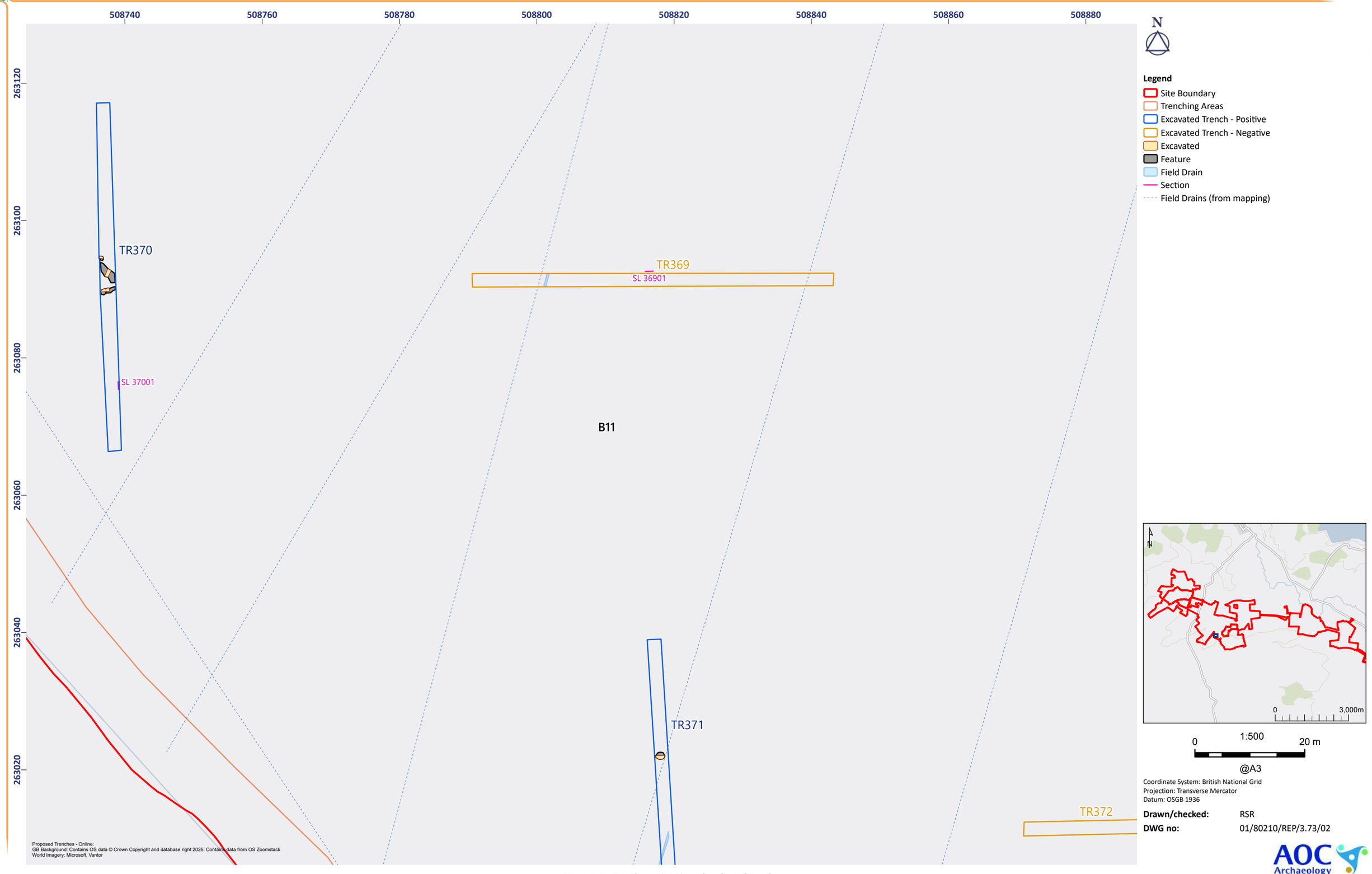


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.72/02

Figure 3.72: Trenches 367-368: Archaeological Results

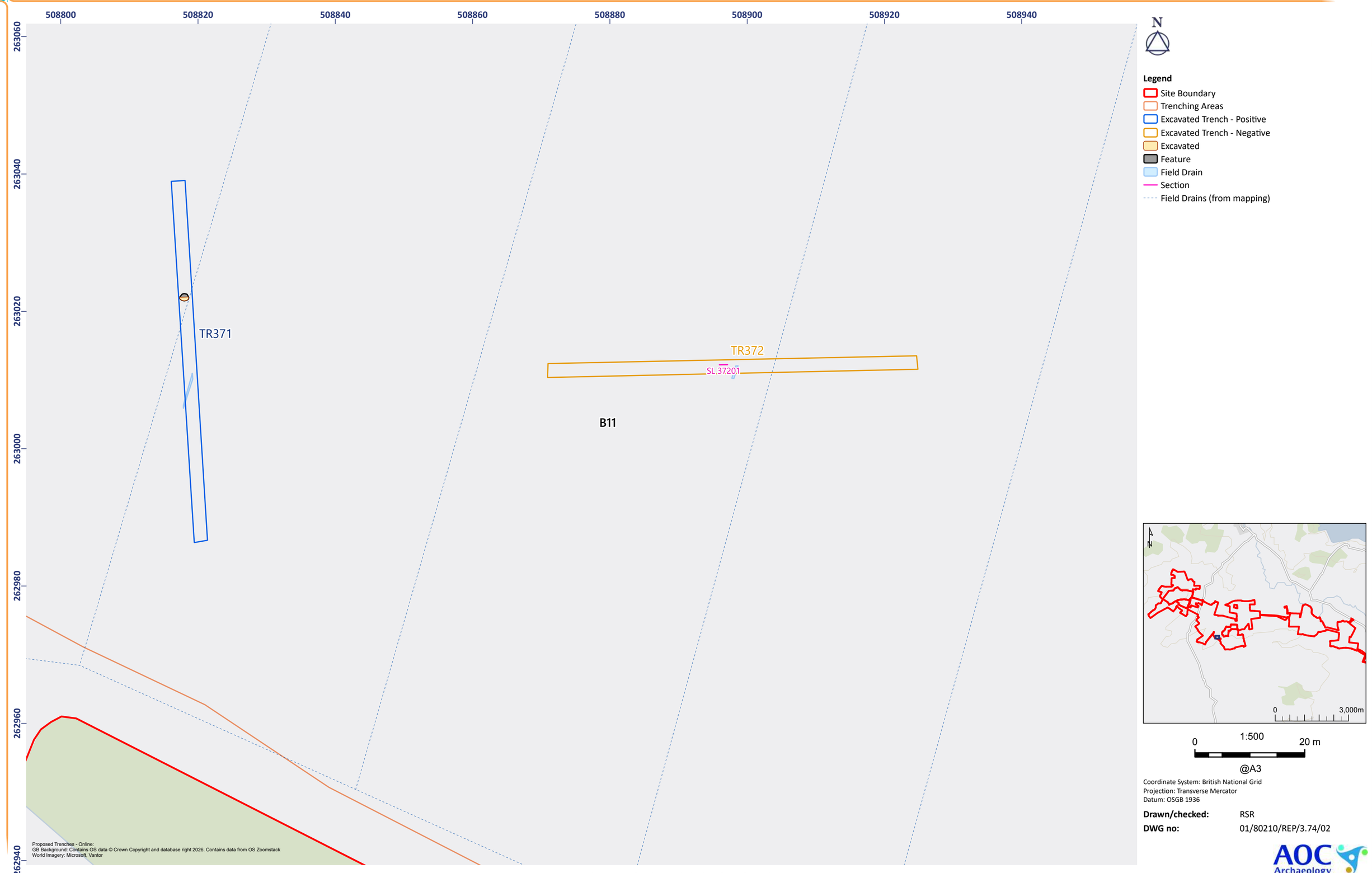


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.73/02

Figure 3.73: Trenches 369-370: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.74/02

Figure 3.74: Trenches 371-372: Archaeological Results

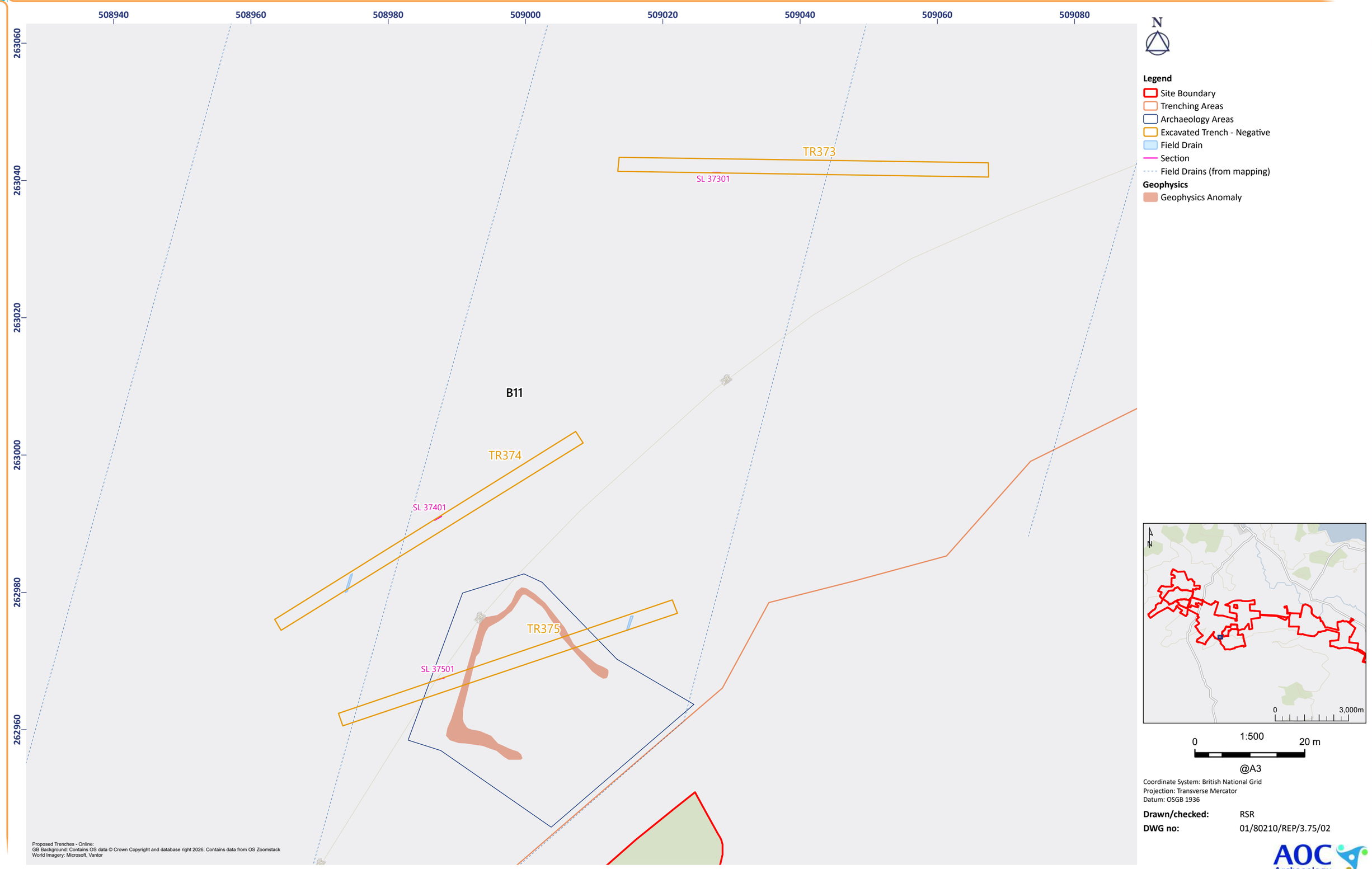


Figure 3.75: Trenches 373-375: Archaeological Results

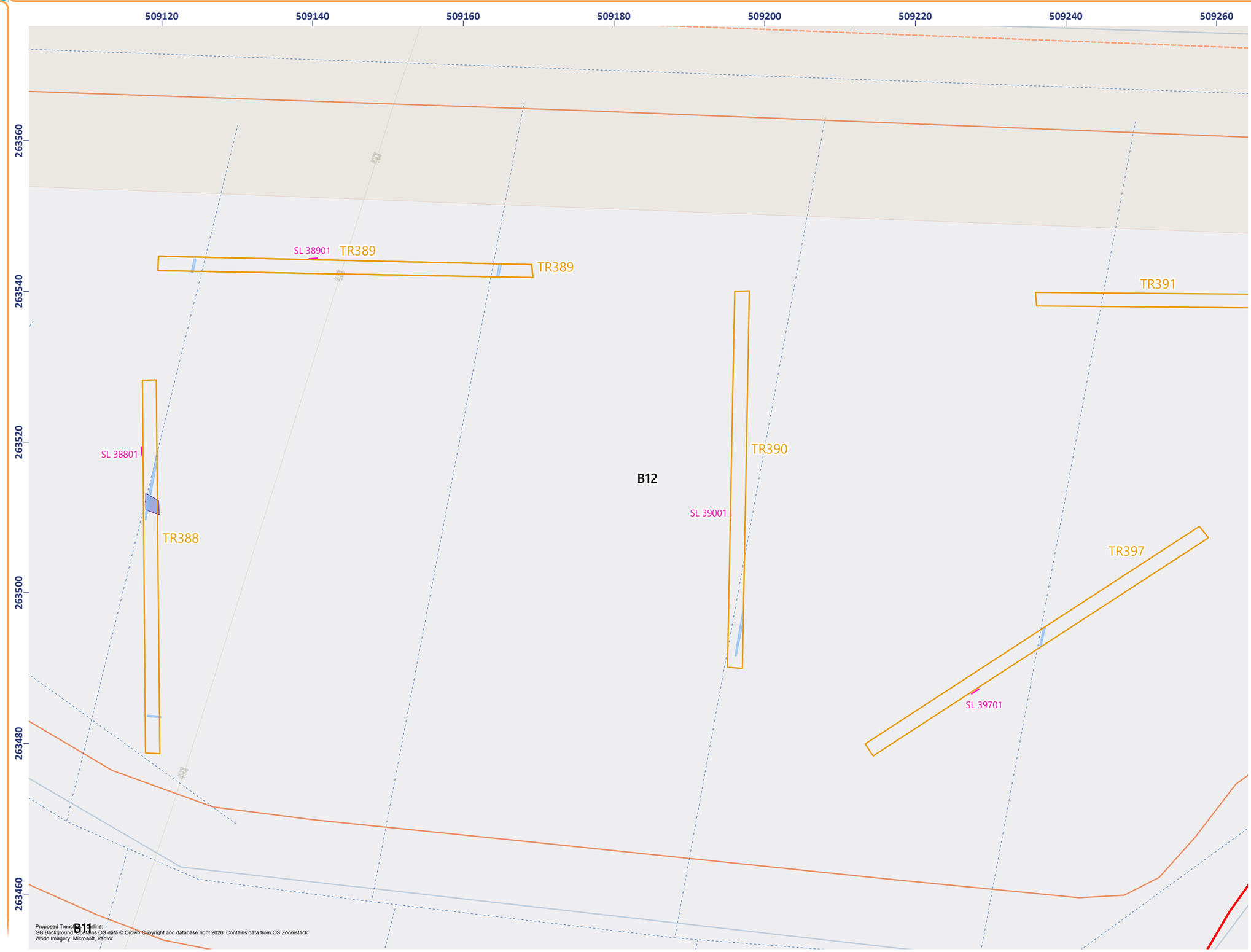
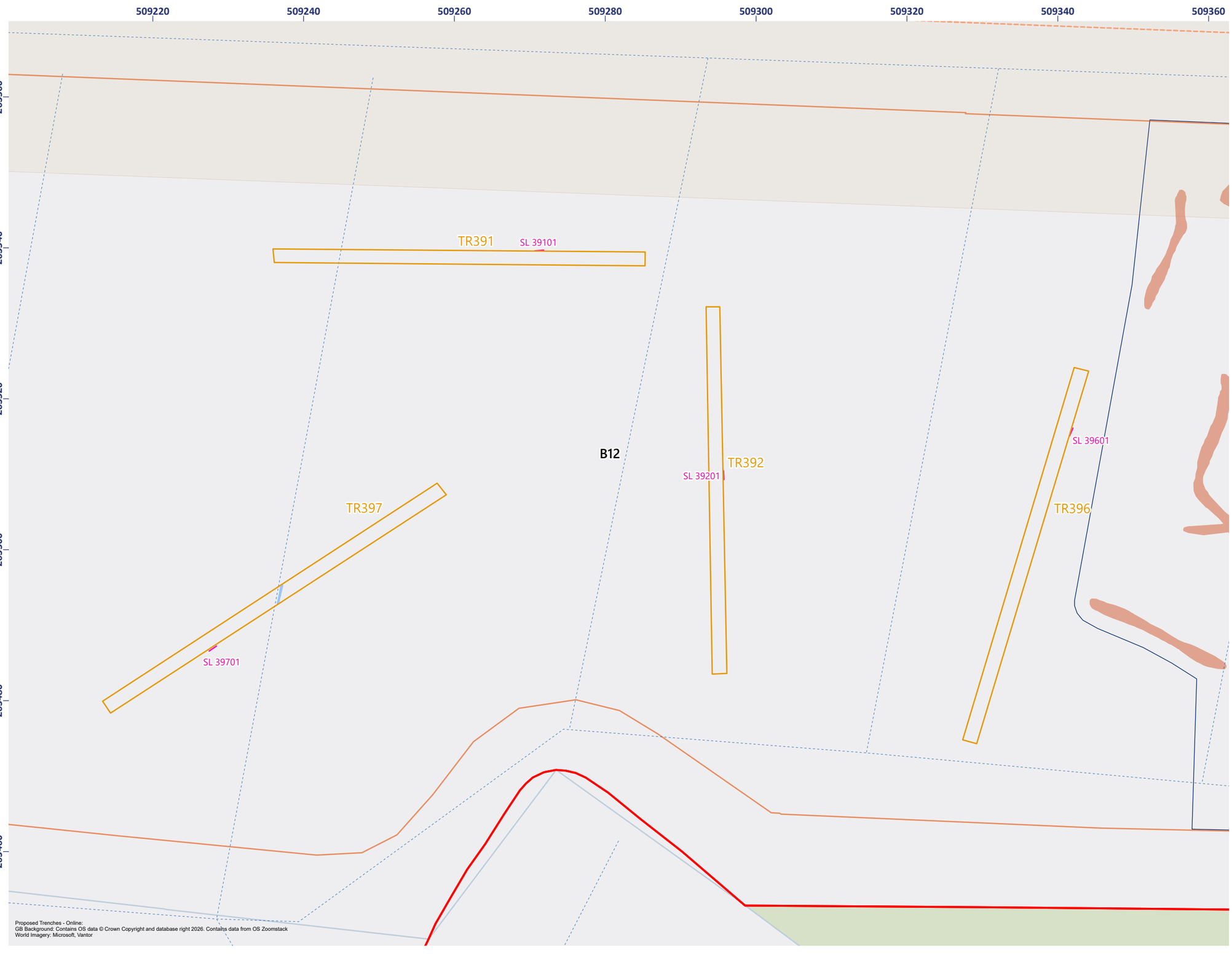


Figure 3.76: Trenches 388-391, 397: Archaeological Results



Legend

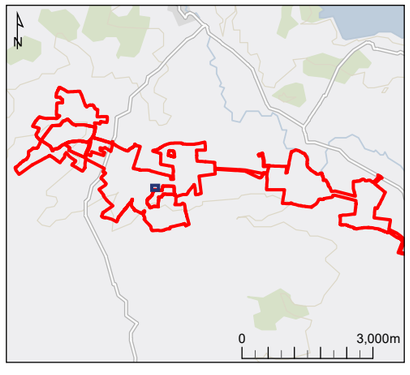
- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Archaeology Areas
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Field Drain
- Section

Contraints & Services

- Public Right of Way
- PRoW, 25m Buffer
- Field Drains (from mapping)

Geophysics

- Geophysics Anomaly



0 1:500 20 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.77/02

Figure 3.77: Trenches 391-392, 396-397: Archaeological Results



Figure 3.78: Trenches 393-396: Archaeological Results

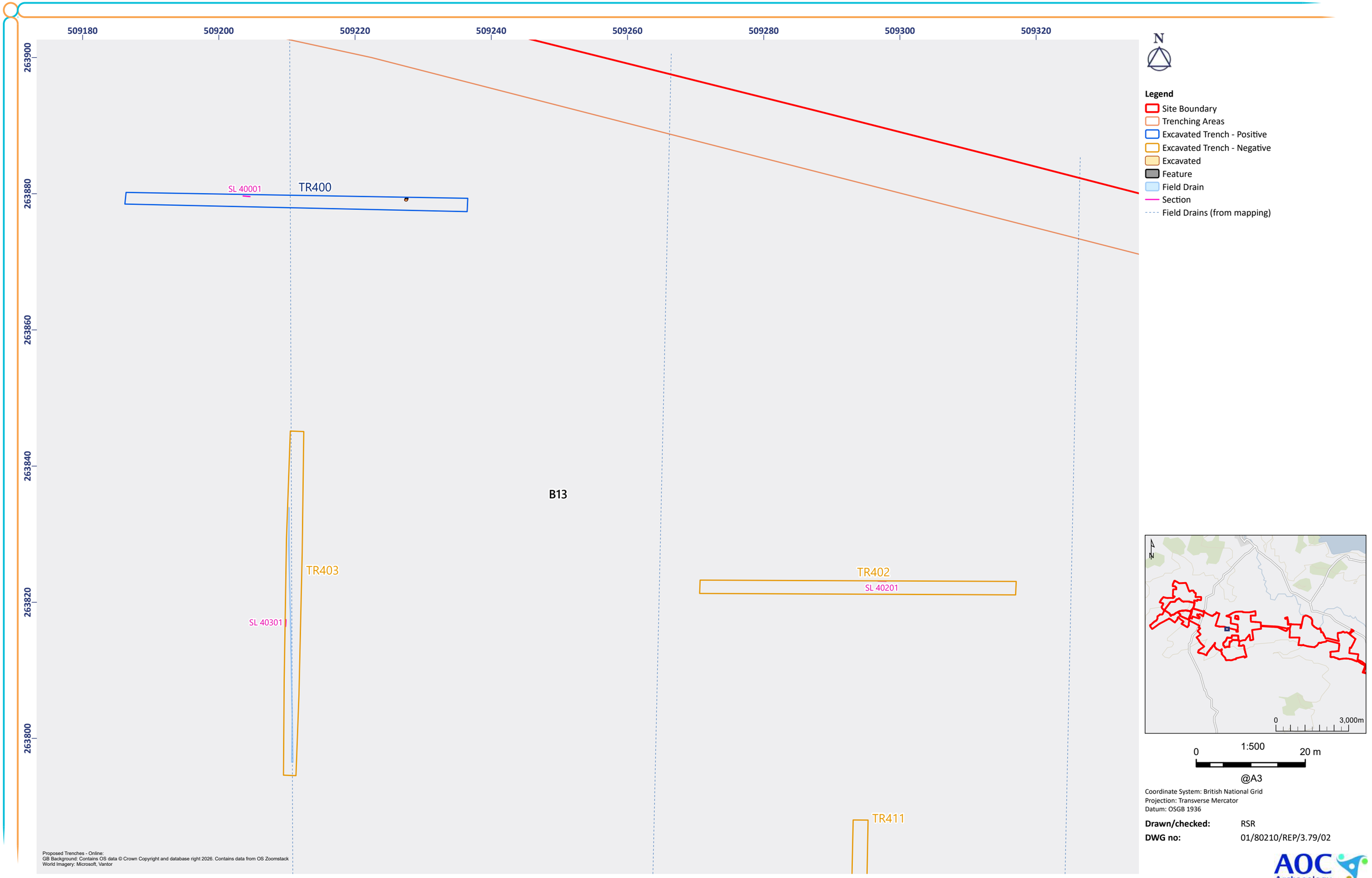


Figure 3.79: Trenches 400-403: Archaeological Results

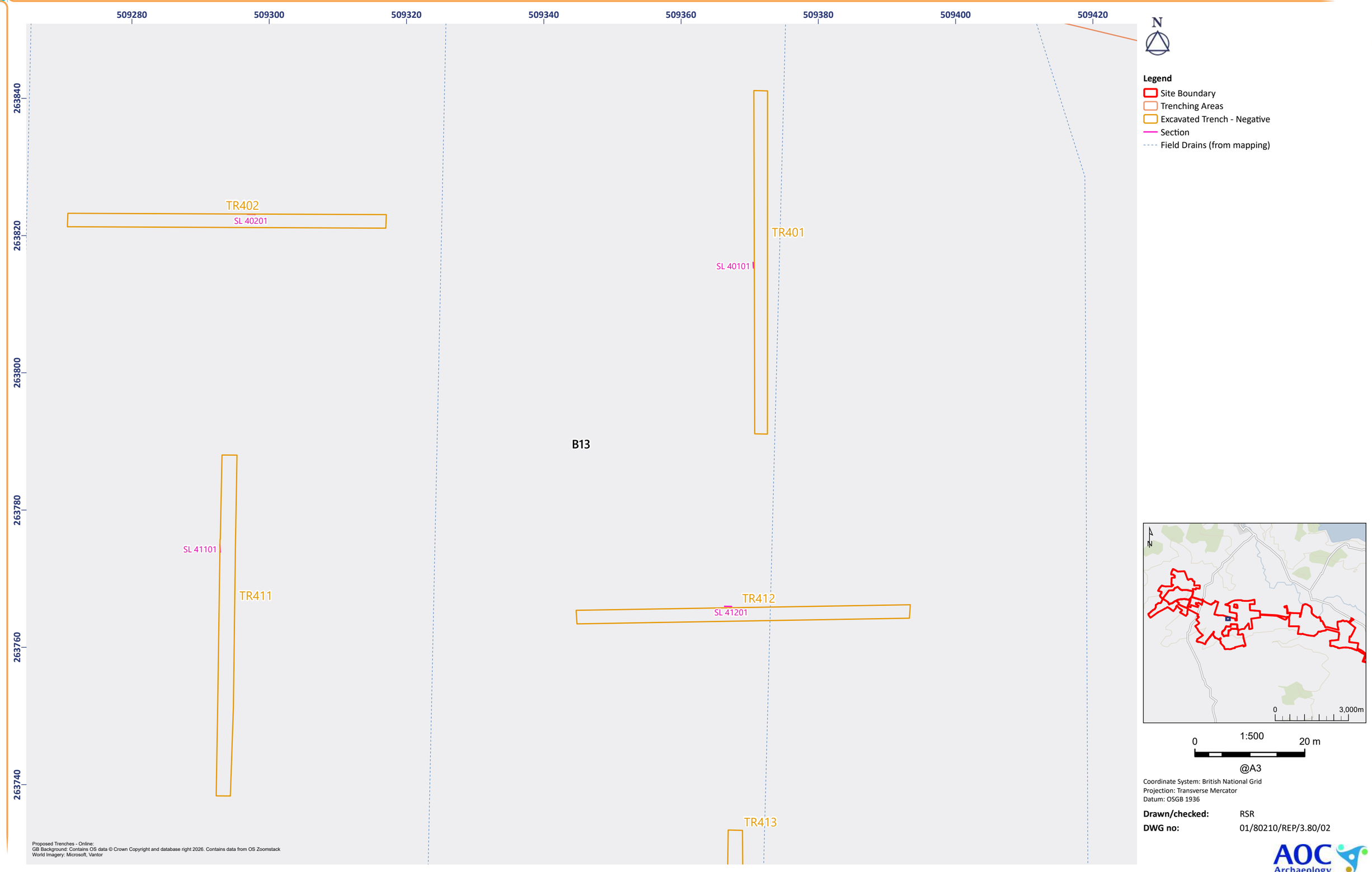


Figure 3.80: Trenches 401-402, 411-412: Archaeological Results

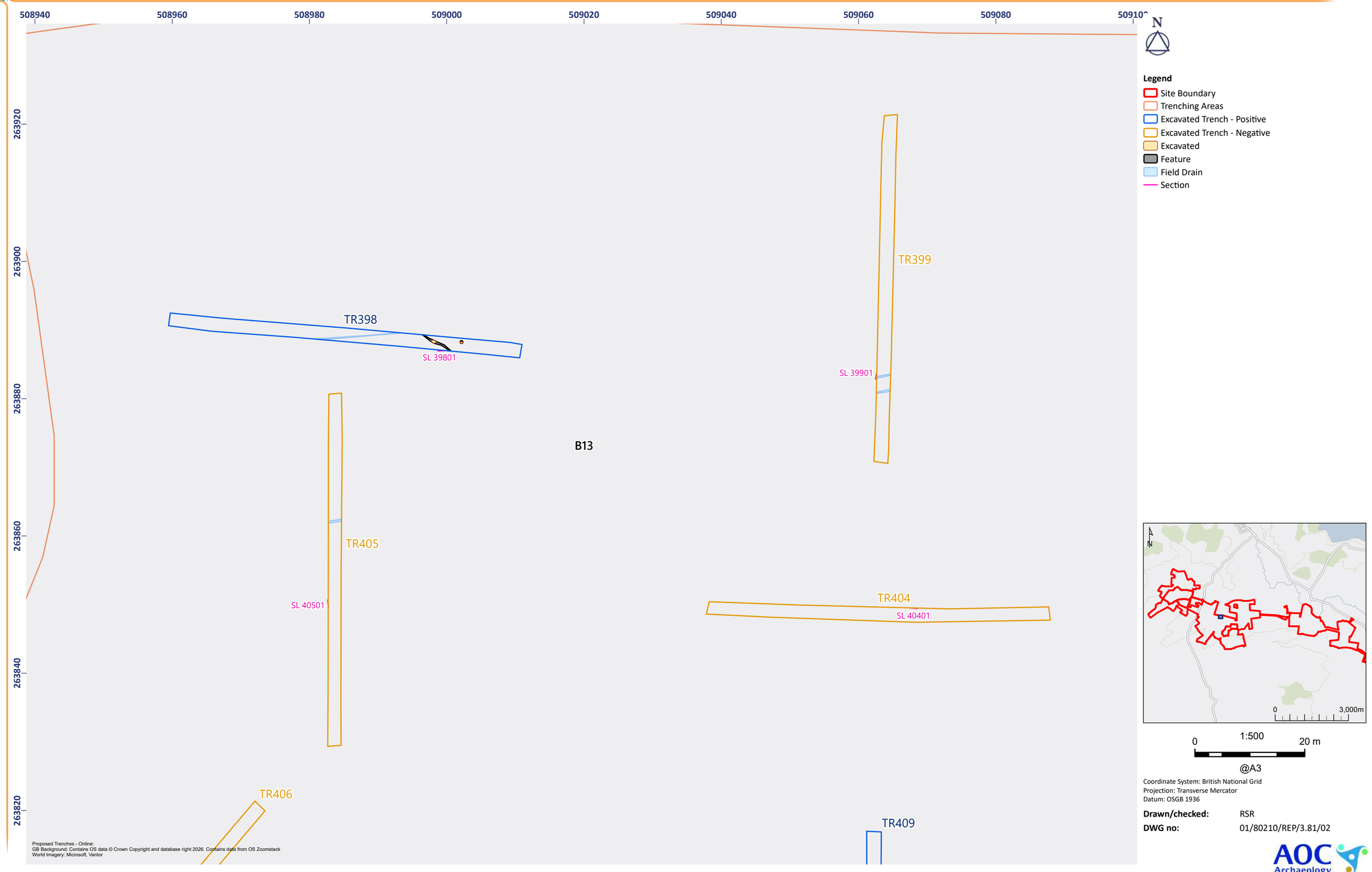
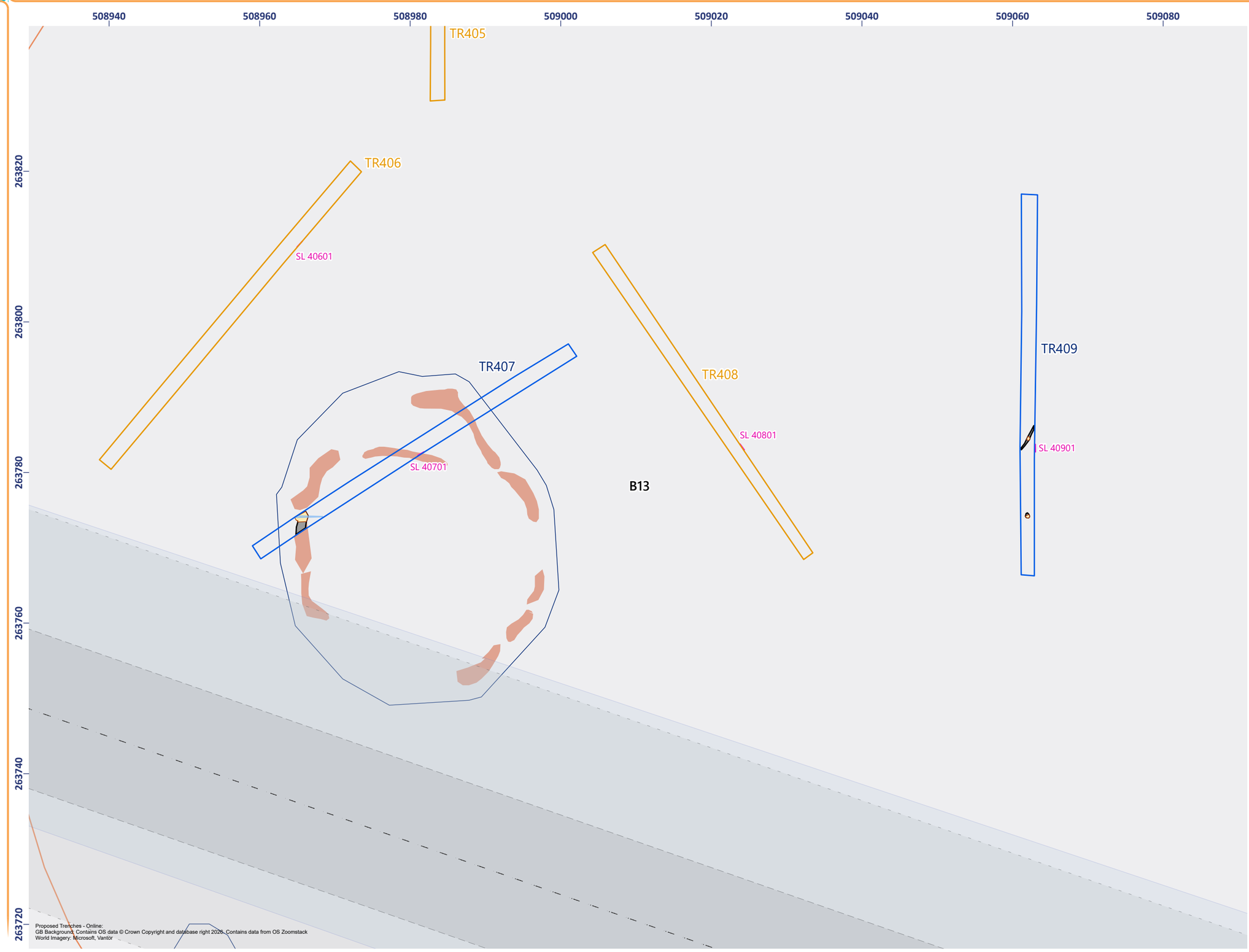


Figure 3.81: Trenches 398-399, 404-405: Archaeological Results



N

Legend

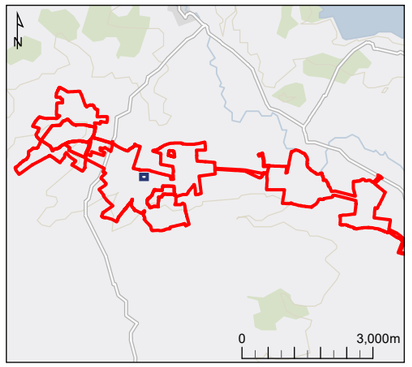
- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Archaeology Areas
- Excavated Trench - Positive
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Excavated
- Feature
- Field Drain
- Section

Contraints & Services

- Oil Pipeline (Disused)
- Oil Pipeline (Disused)
- Oil Pipeline (Disused), 25m Buffer
- Oil Pipeline, 10m Buffer

Geophysics

- Geophysics Anomaly



0 1:500 20 m

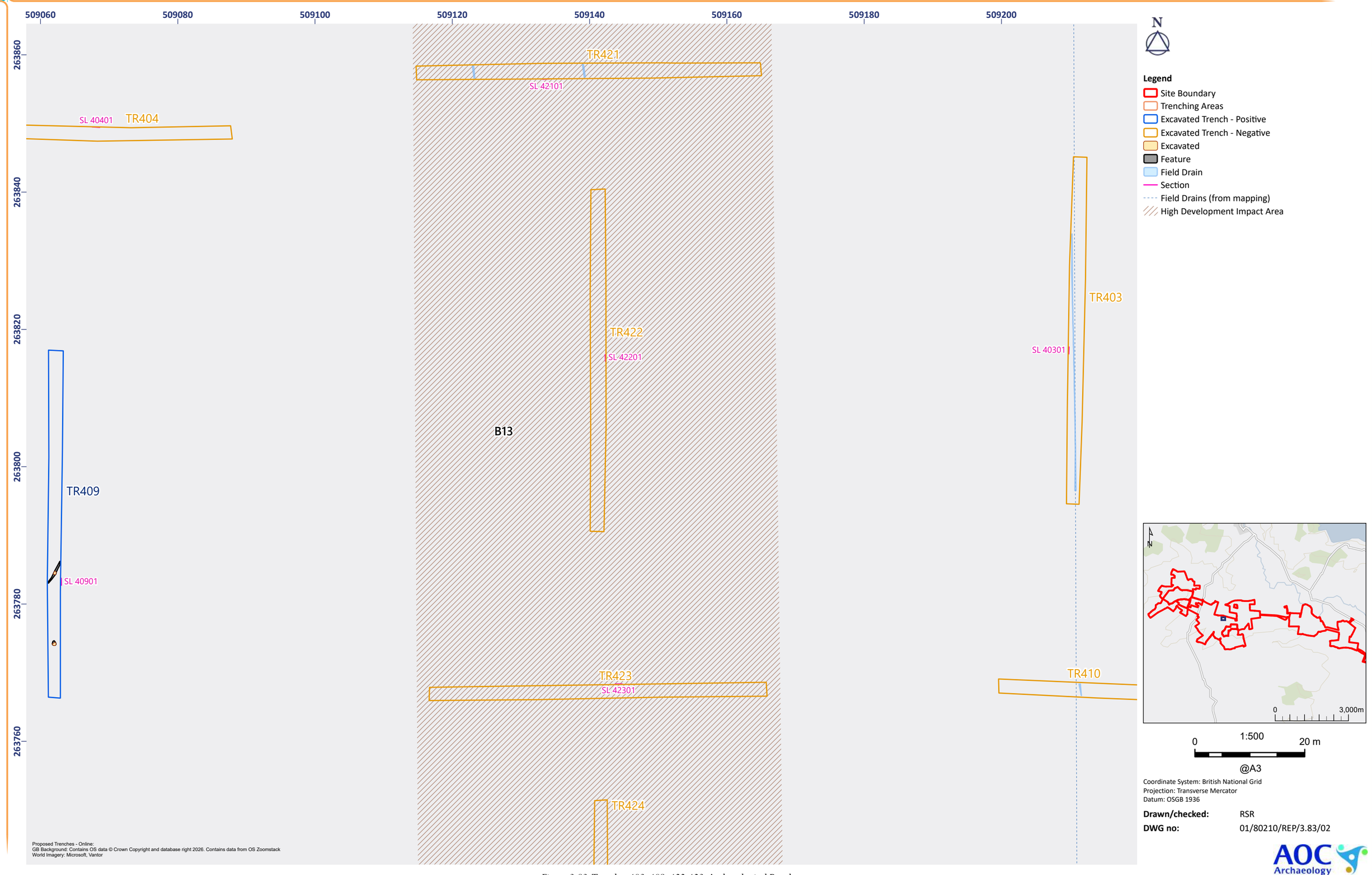
@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.82/02

Figure 3.82: Trenches 406-409: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.83/02

Figure 3.83: Trenches 403, 409, 422-423: Archaeological Results



Figure 3.84: Trenches 410-411, 417, 424: Archaeological Results

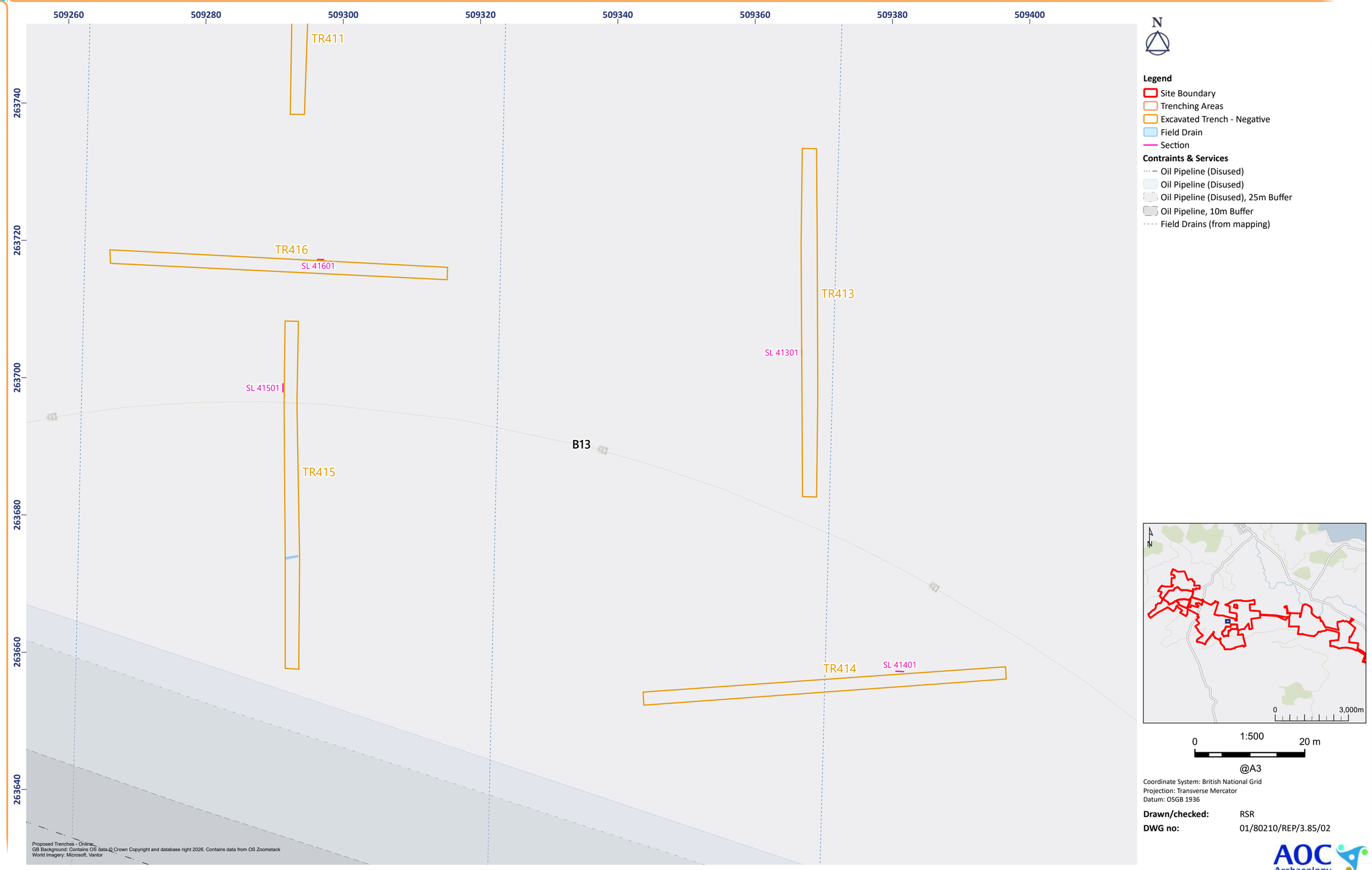


Figure 3.85: Trenches 413-415: Archaeological Results

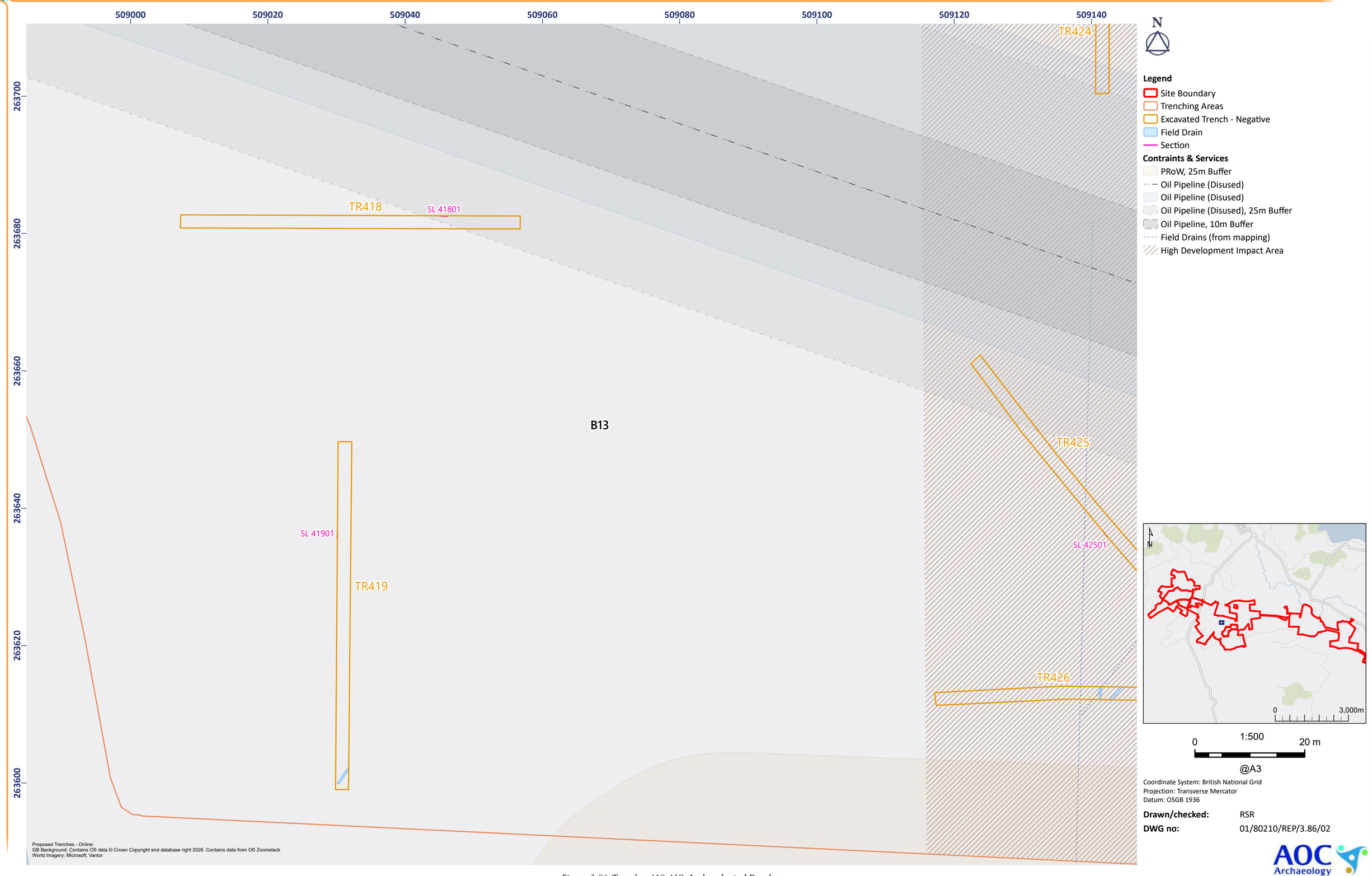


Figure 3.86: Trenches 418-419: Archaeological Results

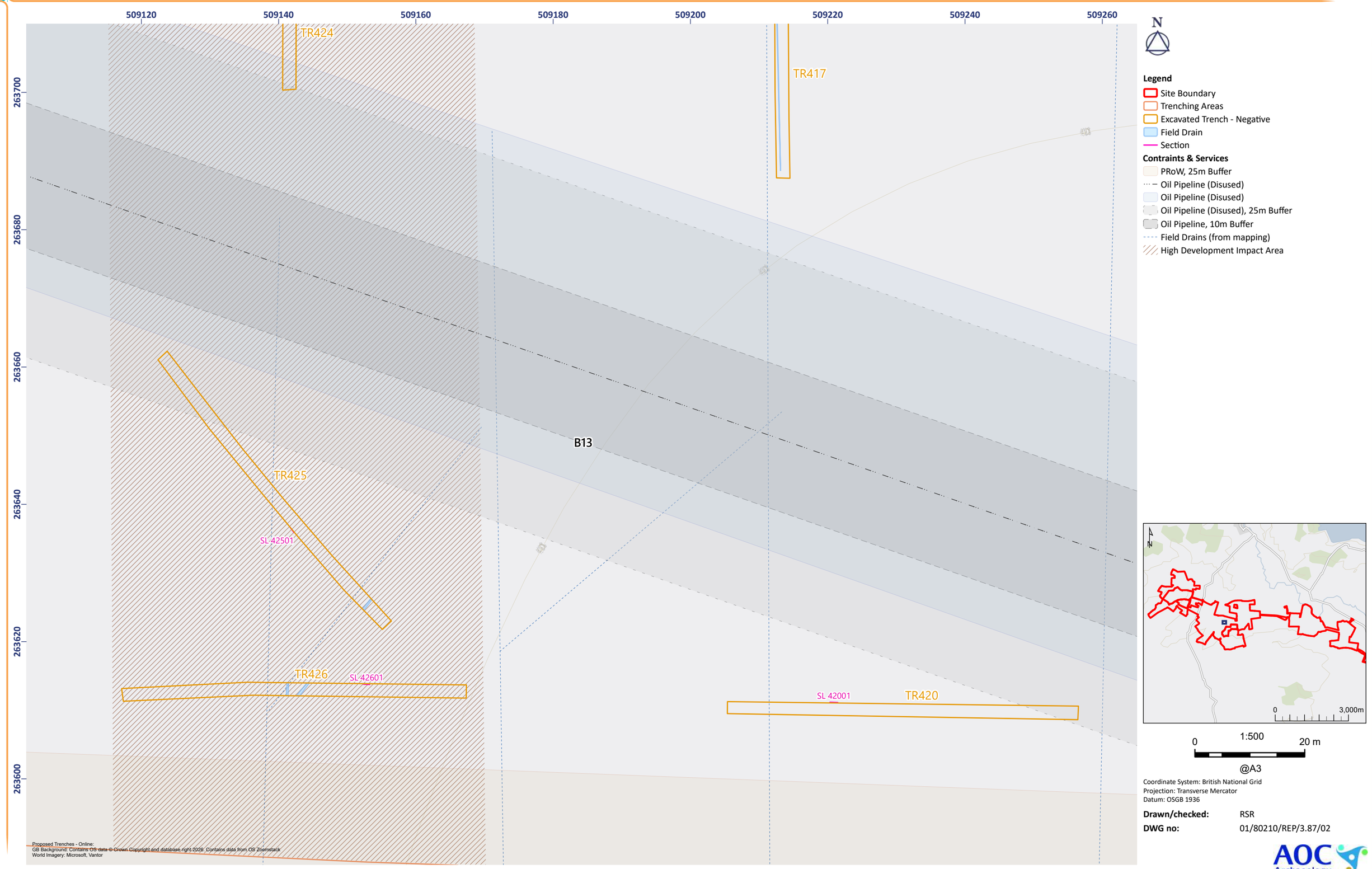


Figure 3.87: Trench 420, 425-426: Archaeological Results

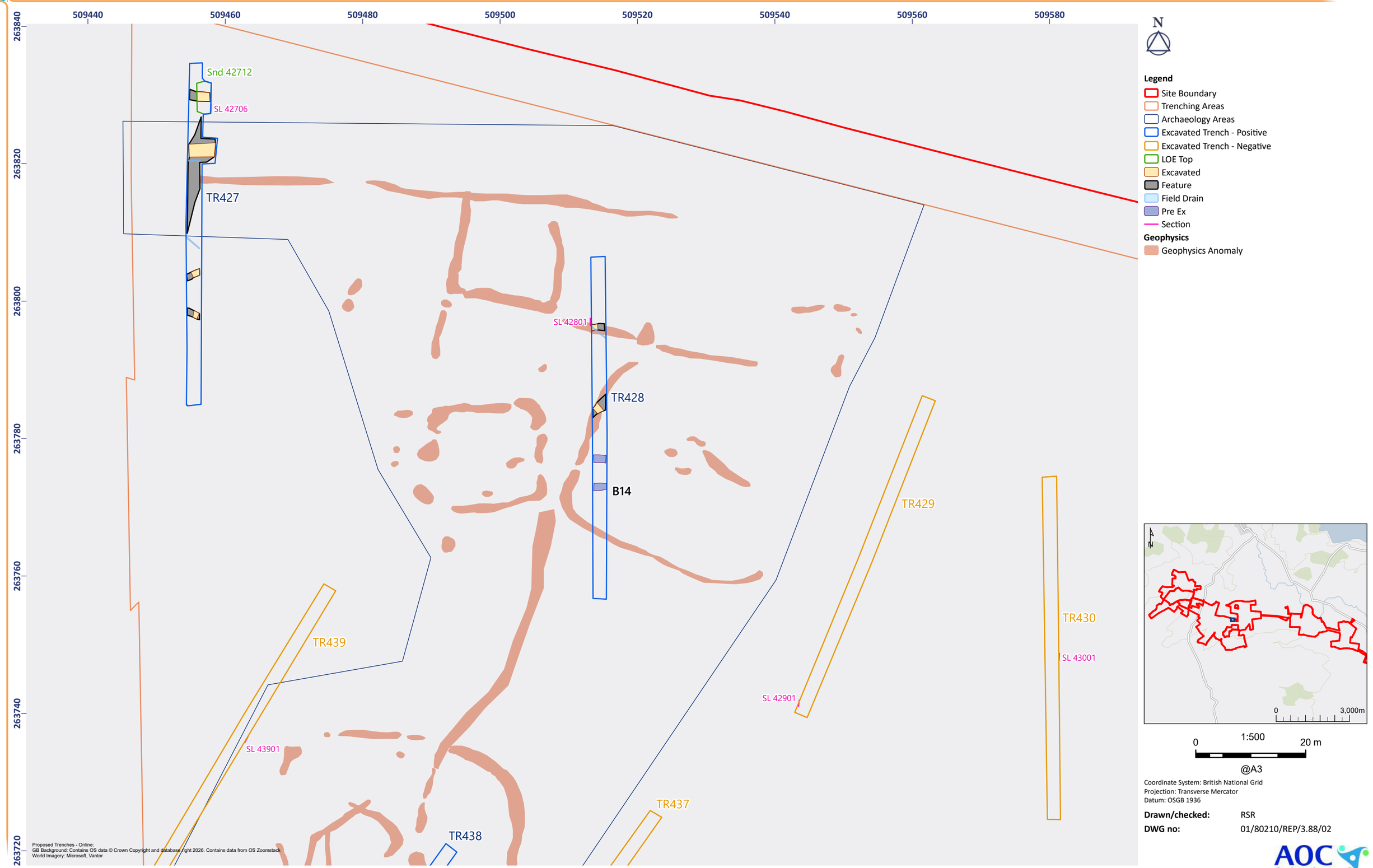


Figure 3.88: Trench 427-430, 439: Archaeological Results

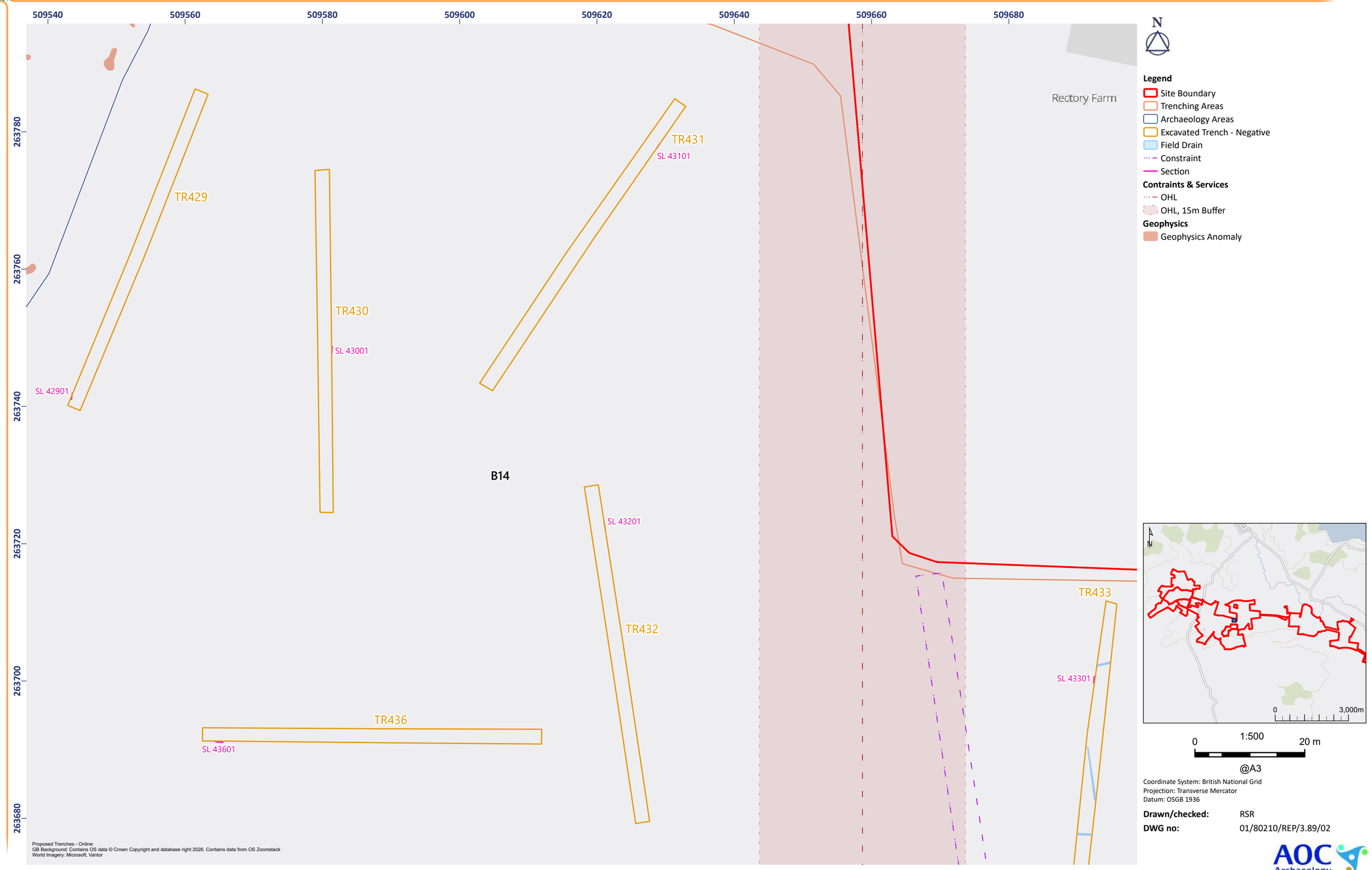
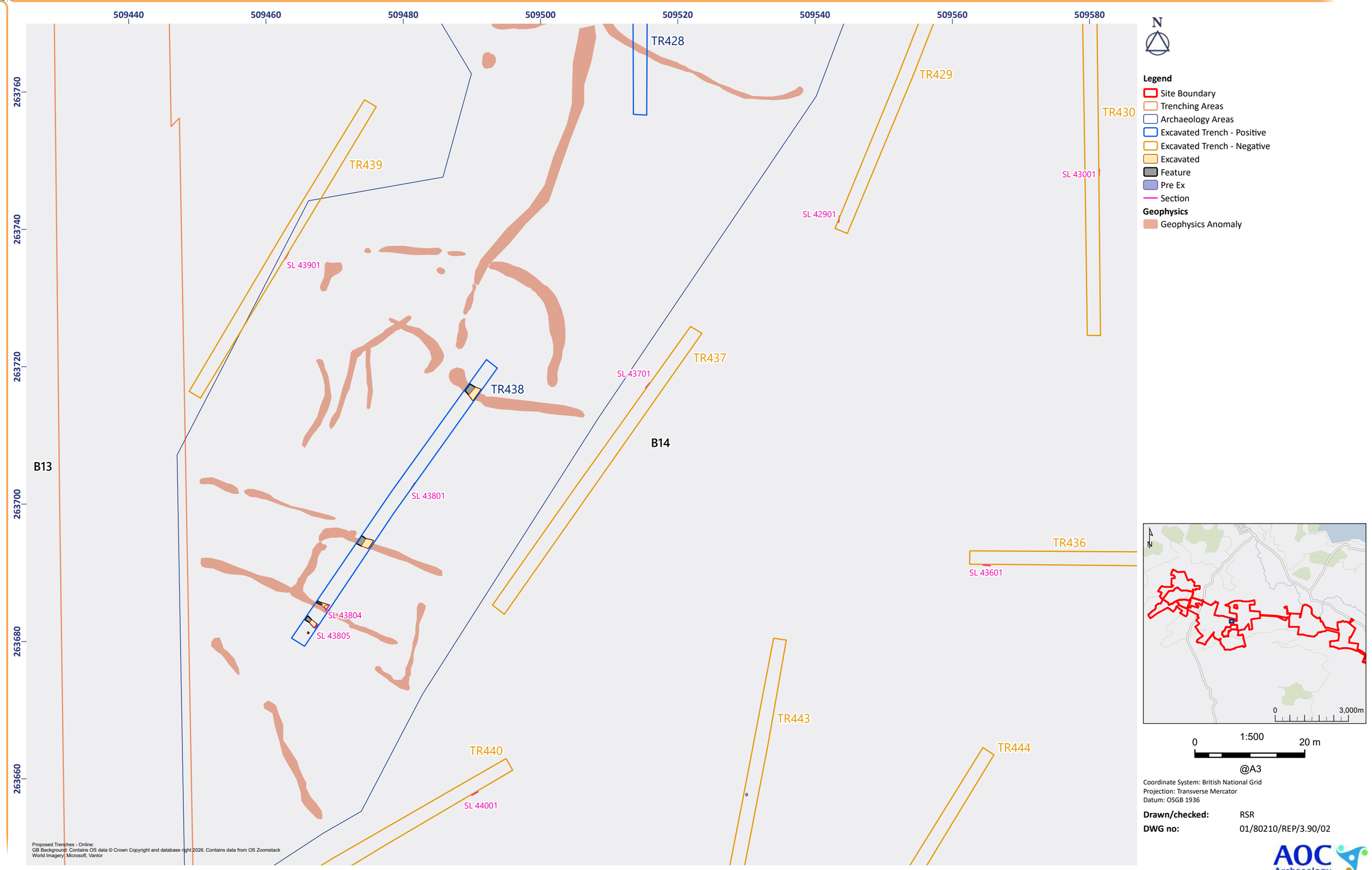


Figure 3.89: Trench 429-432: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.90/02

Figure 3.90: Trench 437-439: Archaeological Results

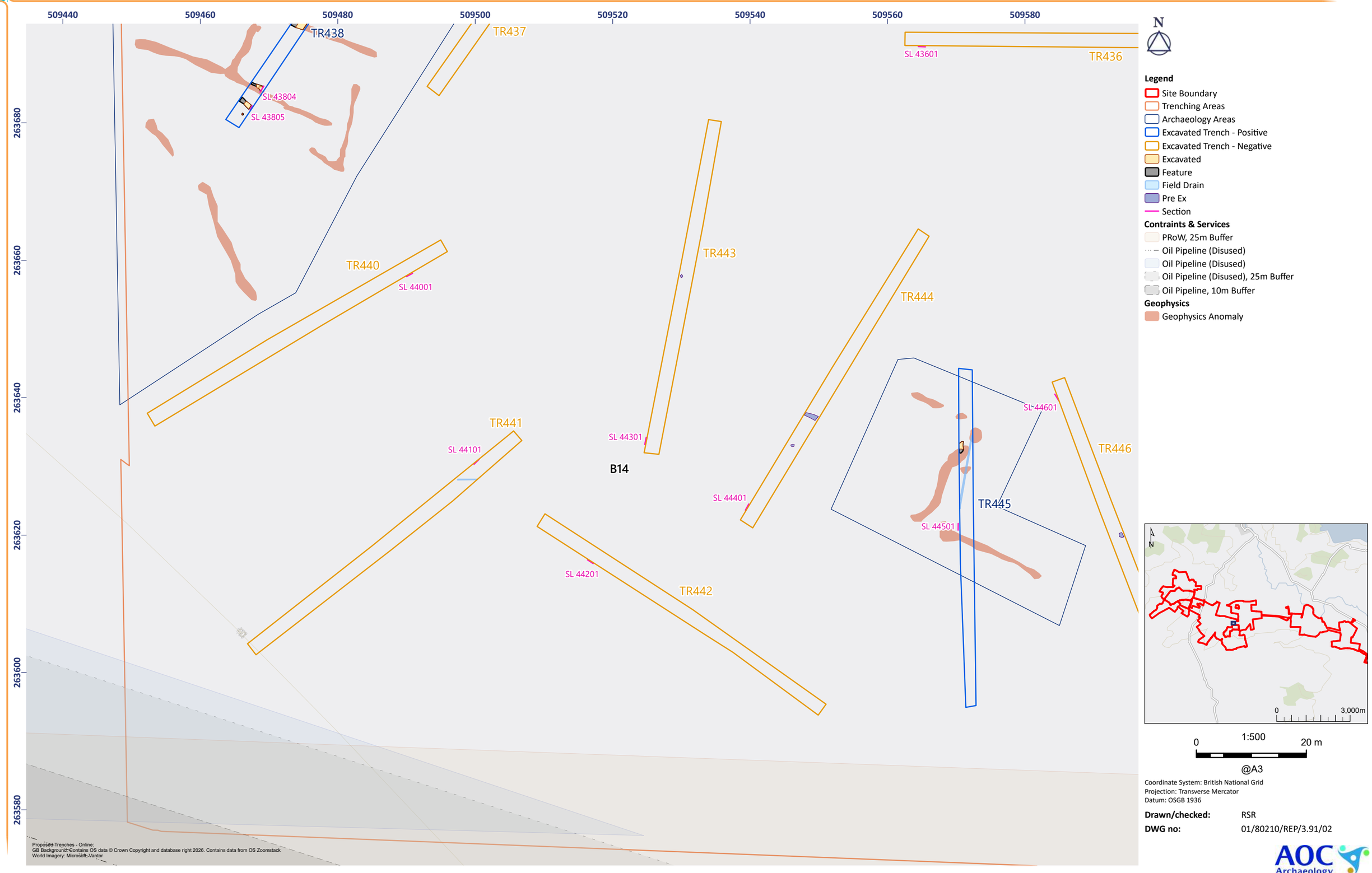


Figure 3.91: Trench 440-444: Archaeological Results

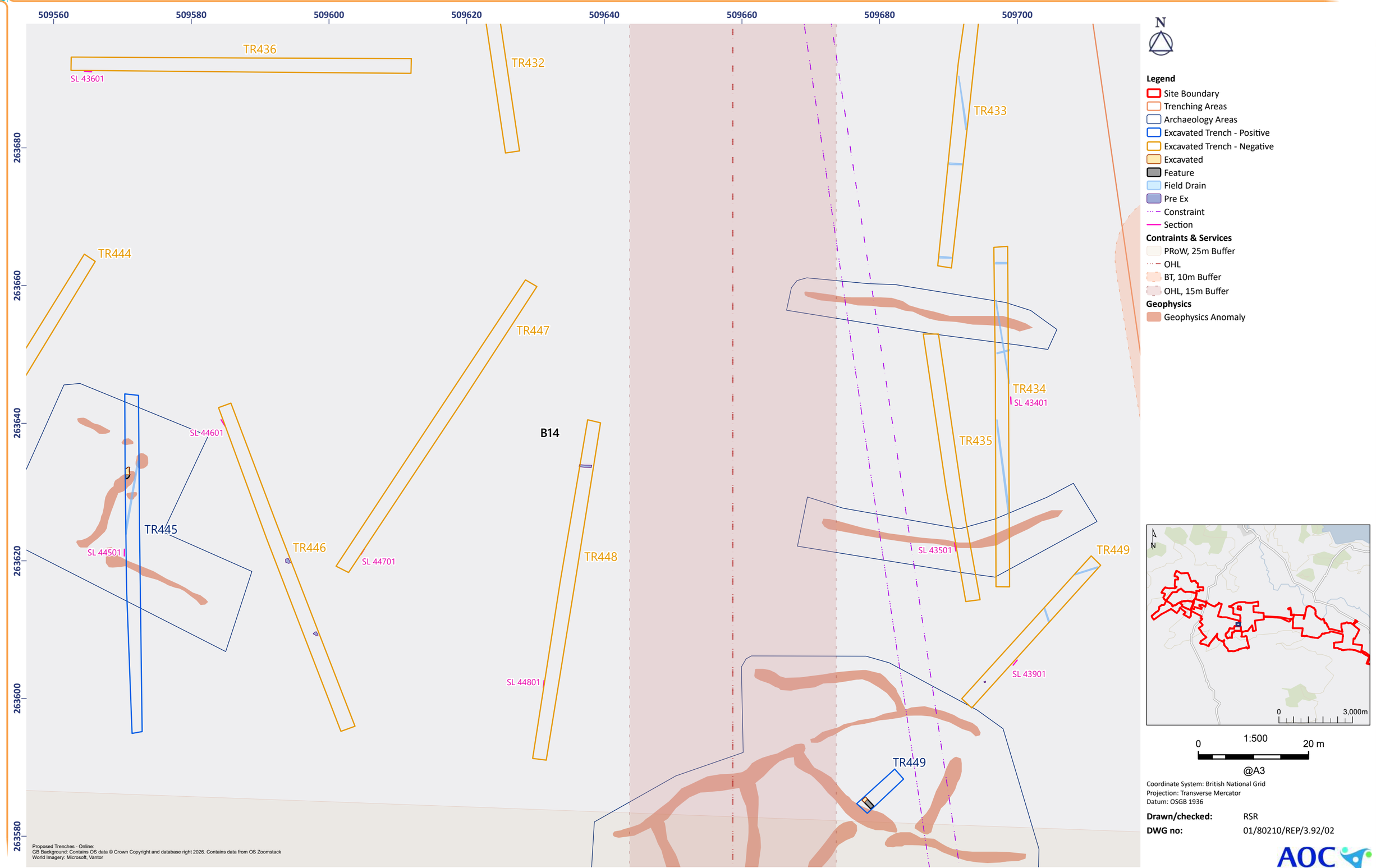
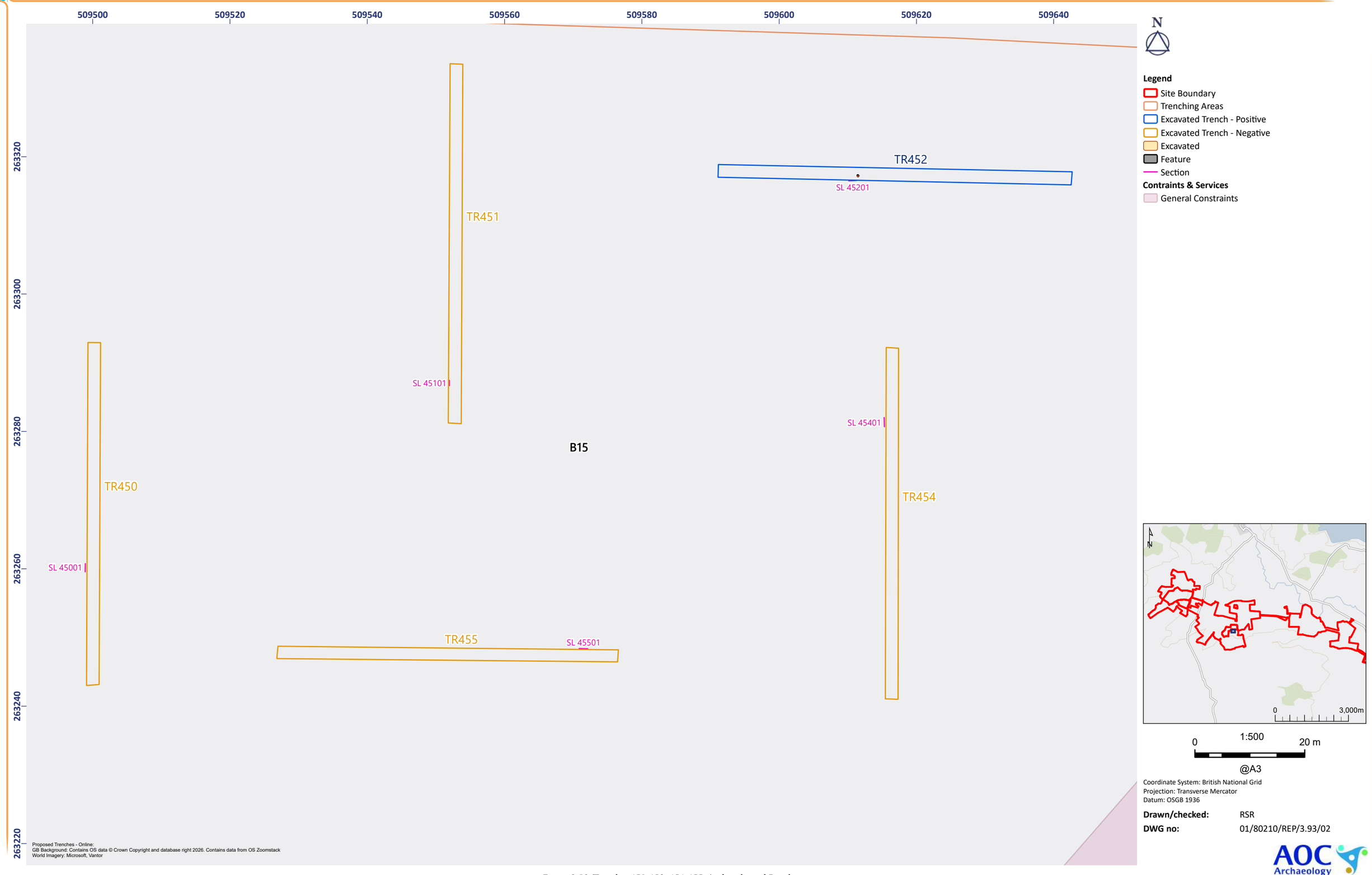


Figure 3.92: Trench 447-448: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.93/02

Figure 3.93: Trenches 450-452, 454-455: Archaeological Results

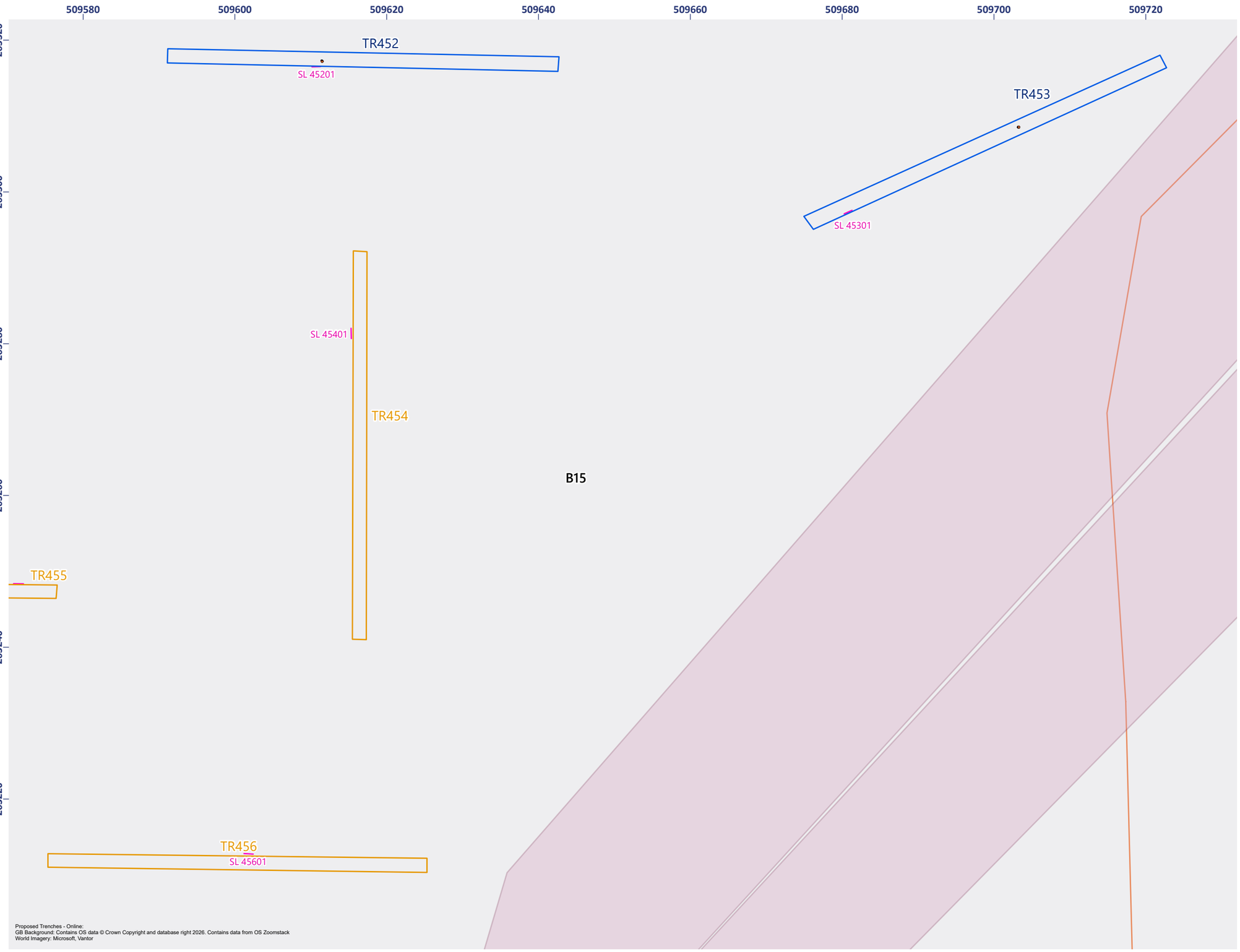


Figure 3.94: Trenches 452-454, 456: Archaeological Results

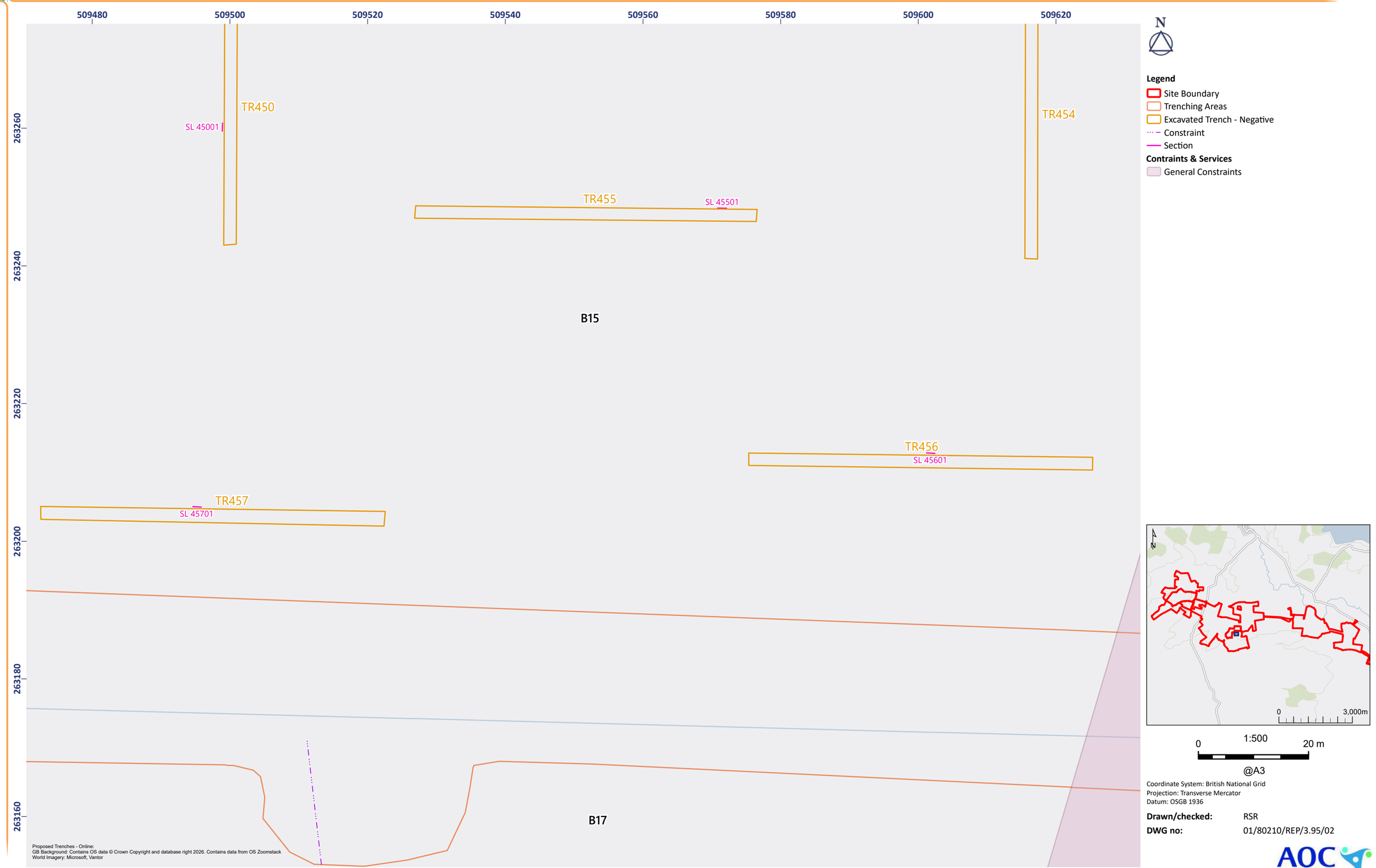


Figure 3.95: Trenches 455-457: Archaeological Results



Figure 3.96: Trenches 458: Archaeological Results

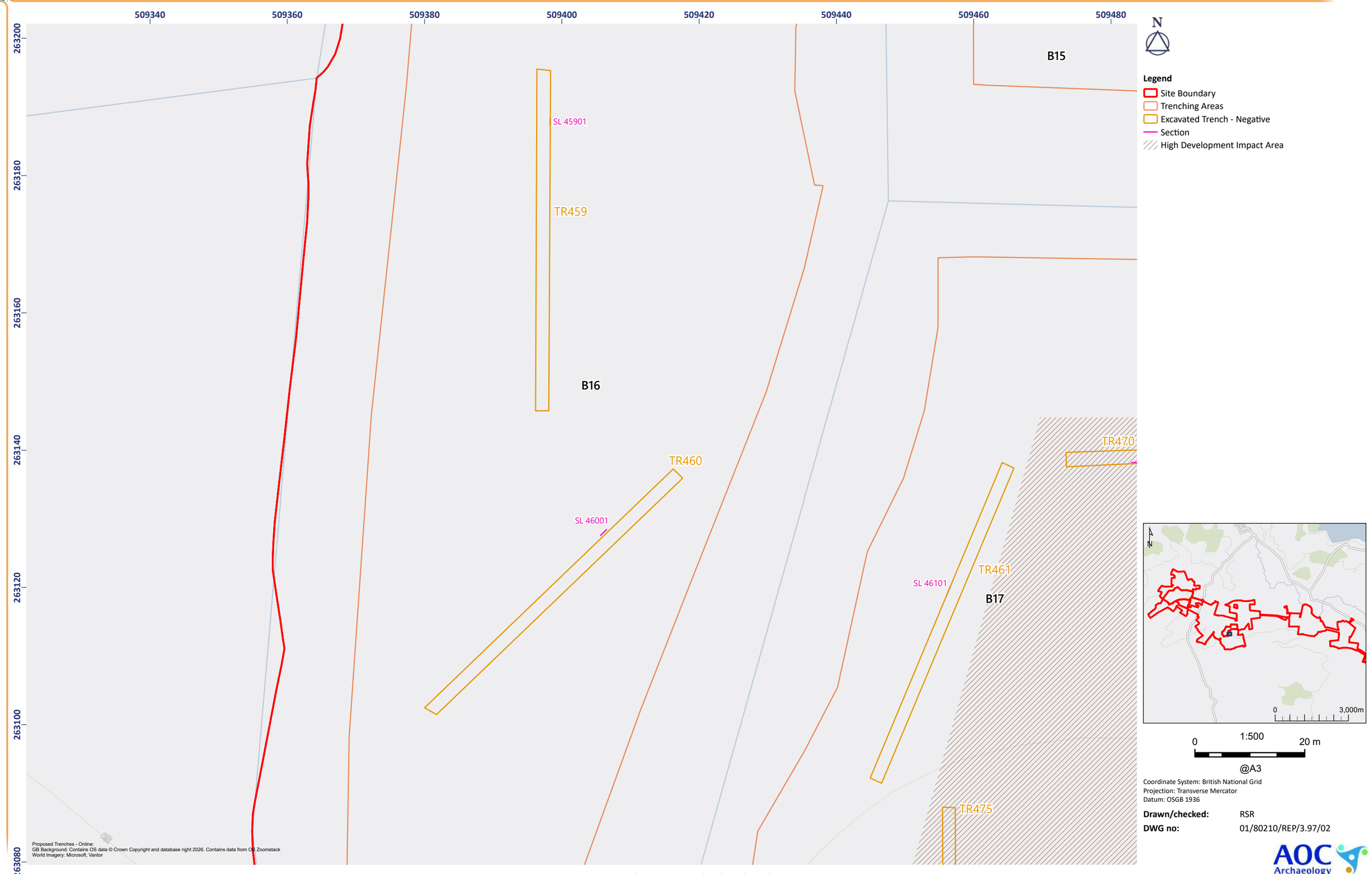
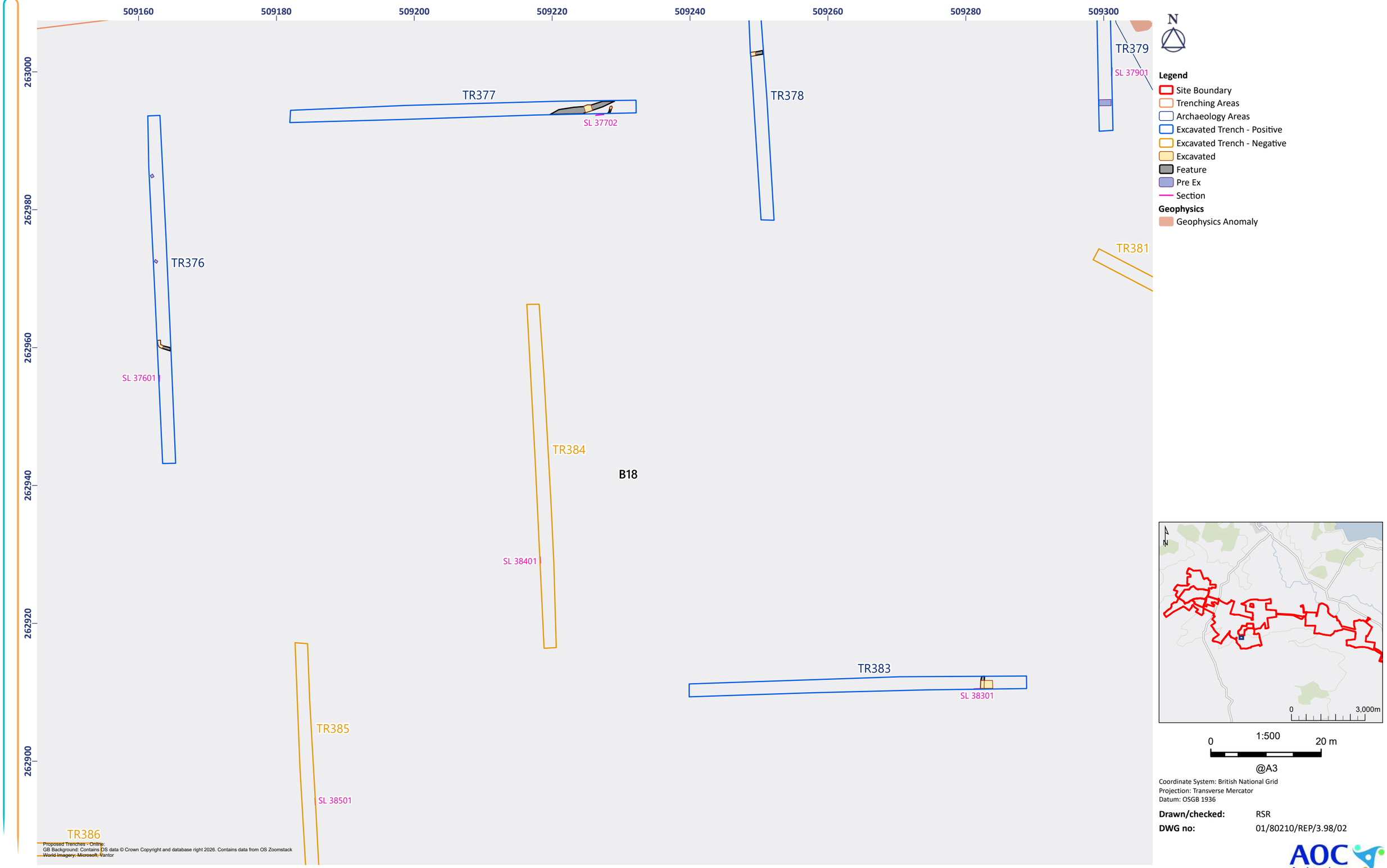


Figure 3.97: Trenches 459-460: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.98/02

Figure 3.98: Trenches 376-377, 383-384: Archaeological Results

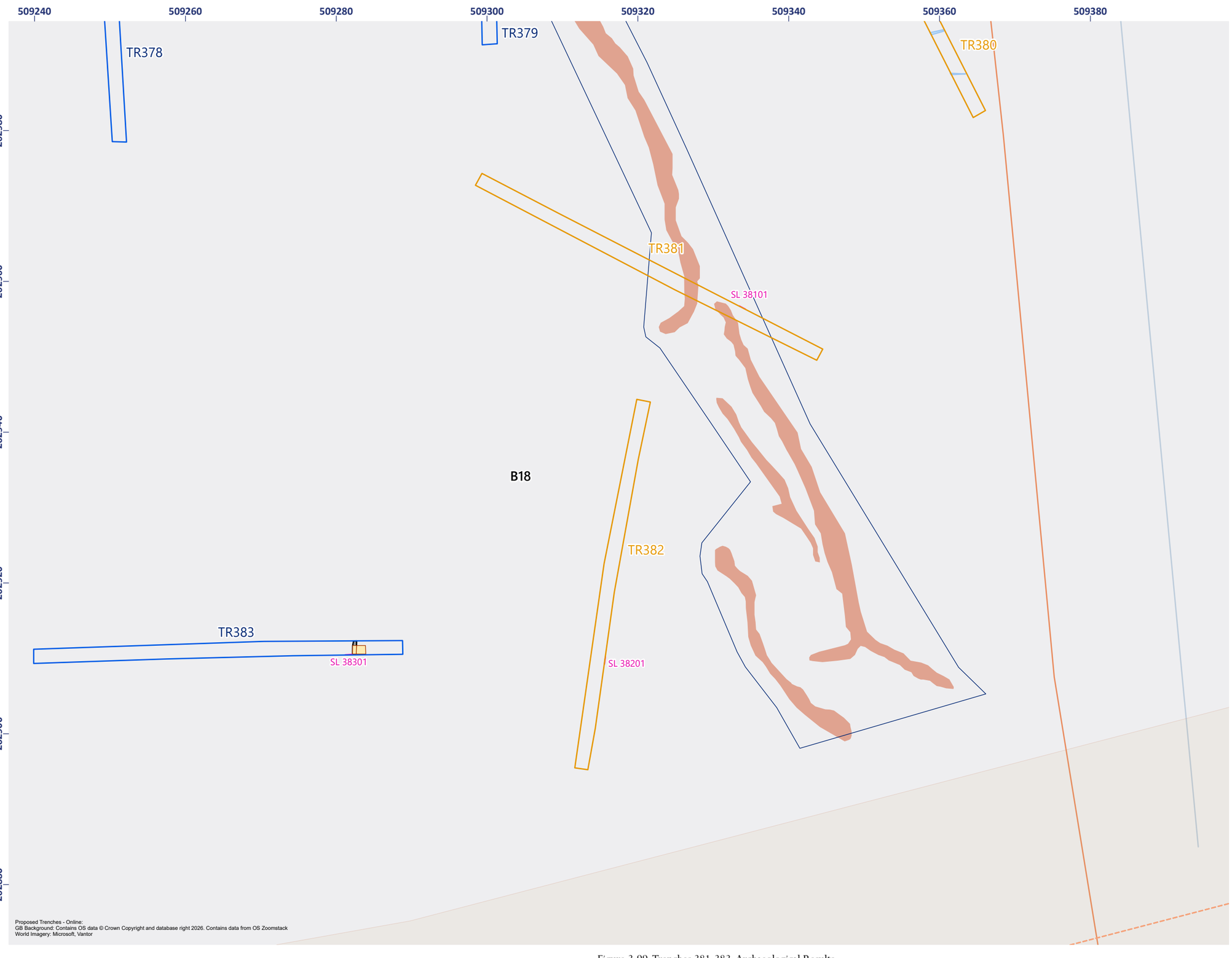
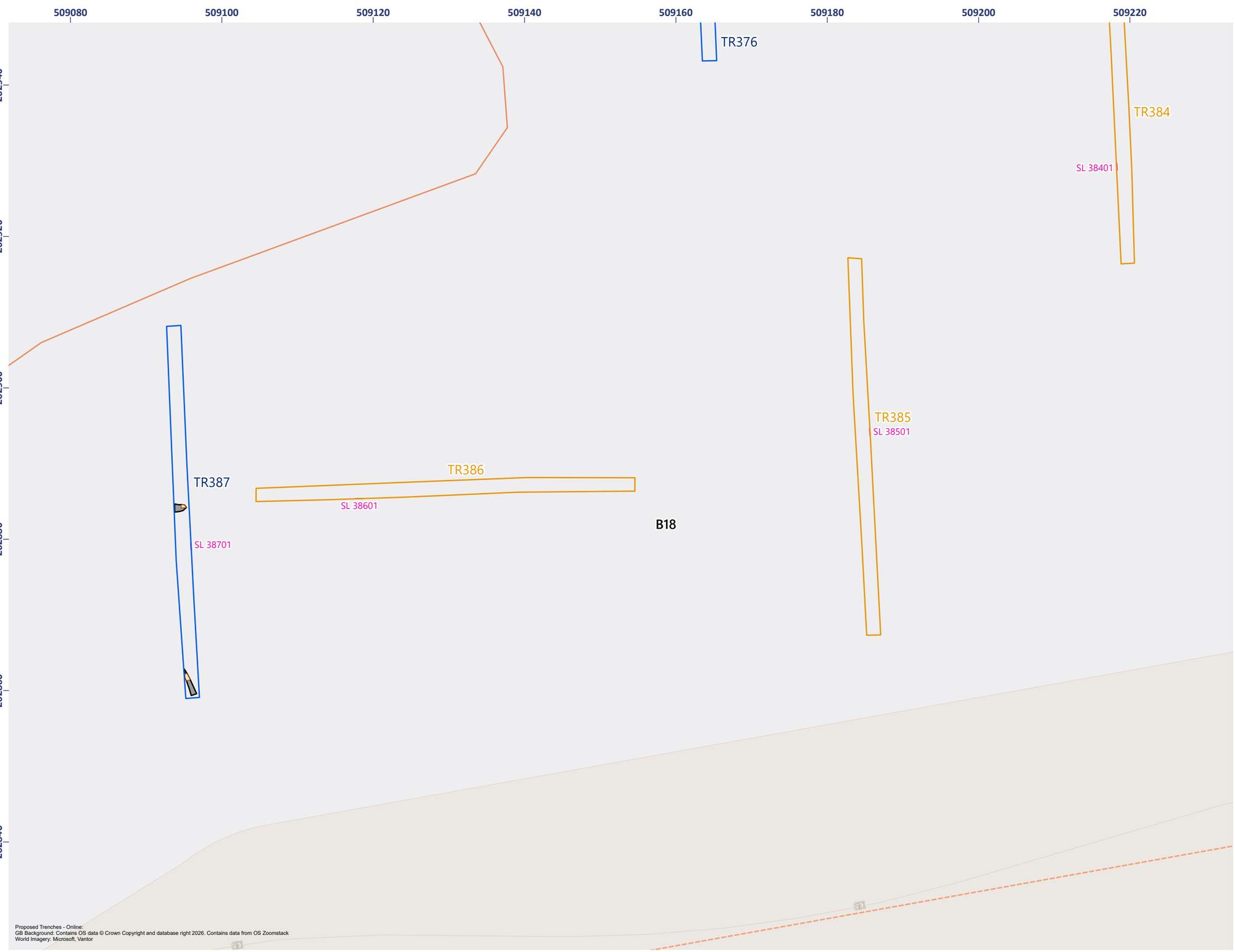


Figure 3.99: Trenches 381-383: Archaeological Results



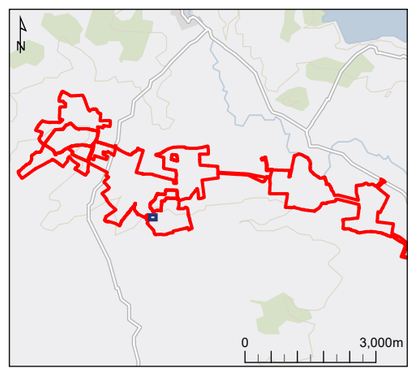
N

Legend

- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Excavated Trench - Positive
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Excavated
- Feature
- Section

Contraints & Services

- Public Right of Way
- PRoW, 25m Buffer



0 1:500 20 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.100/02

AOC Archaeology Group

Figure 3.100: Trenches 385-387: Archaeological Results

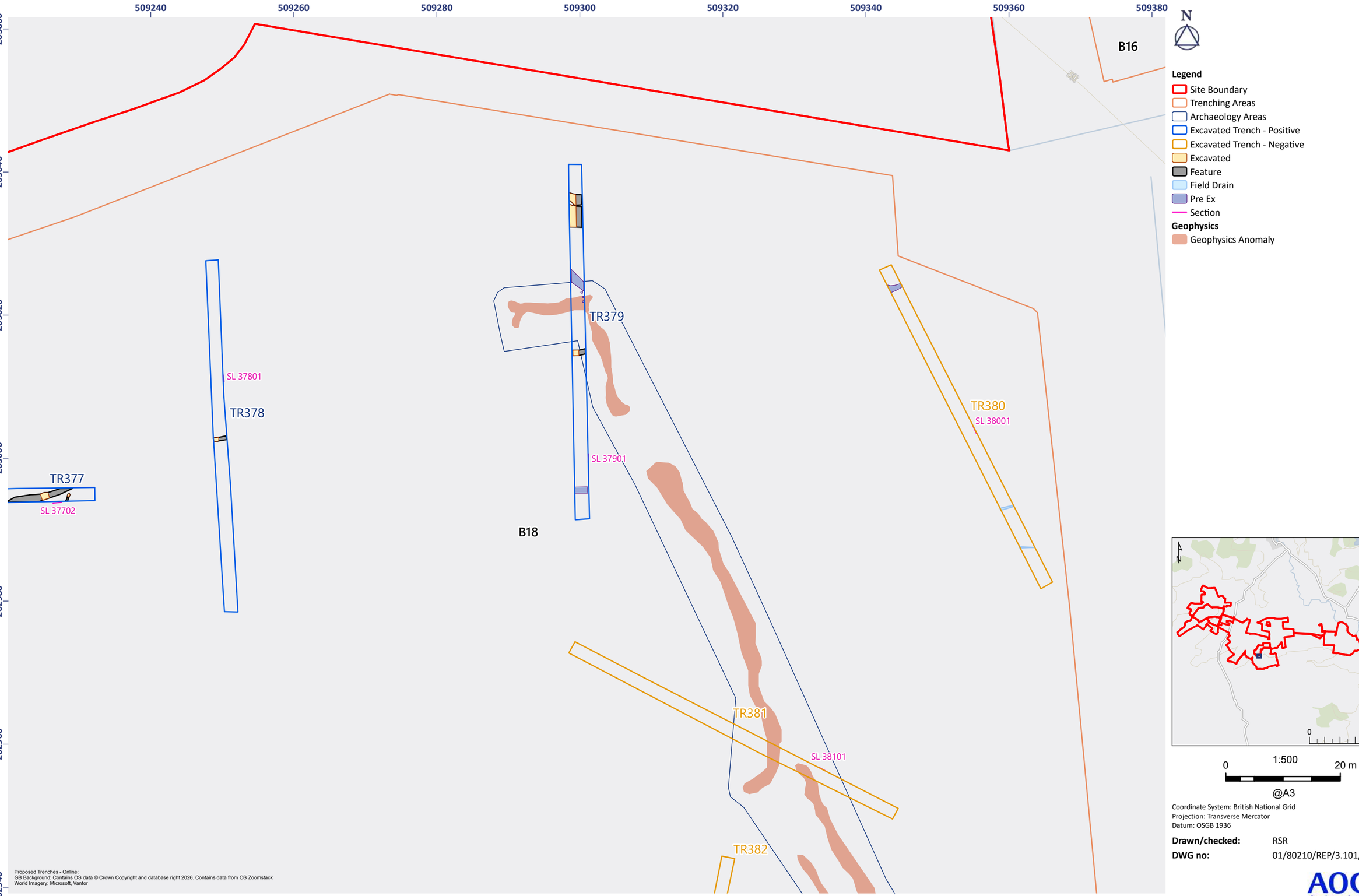


Figure 3.101: Trenches 379, 380: Archaeological Results

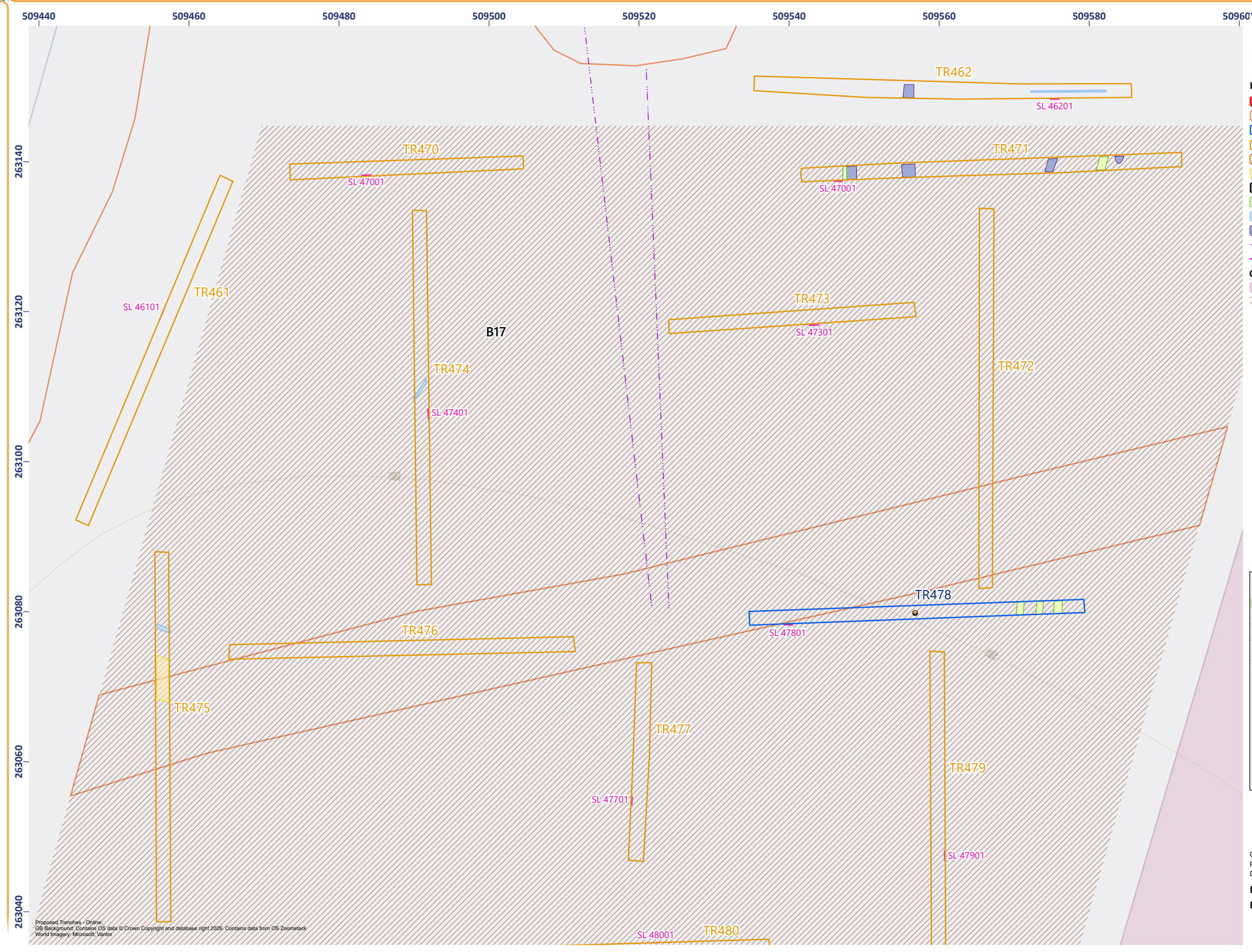
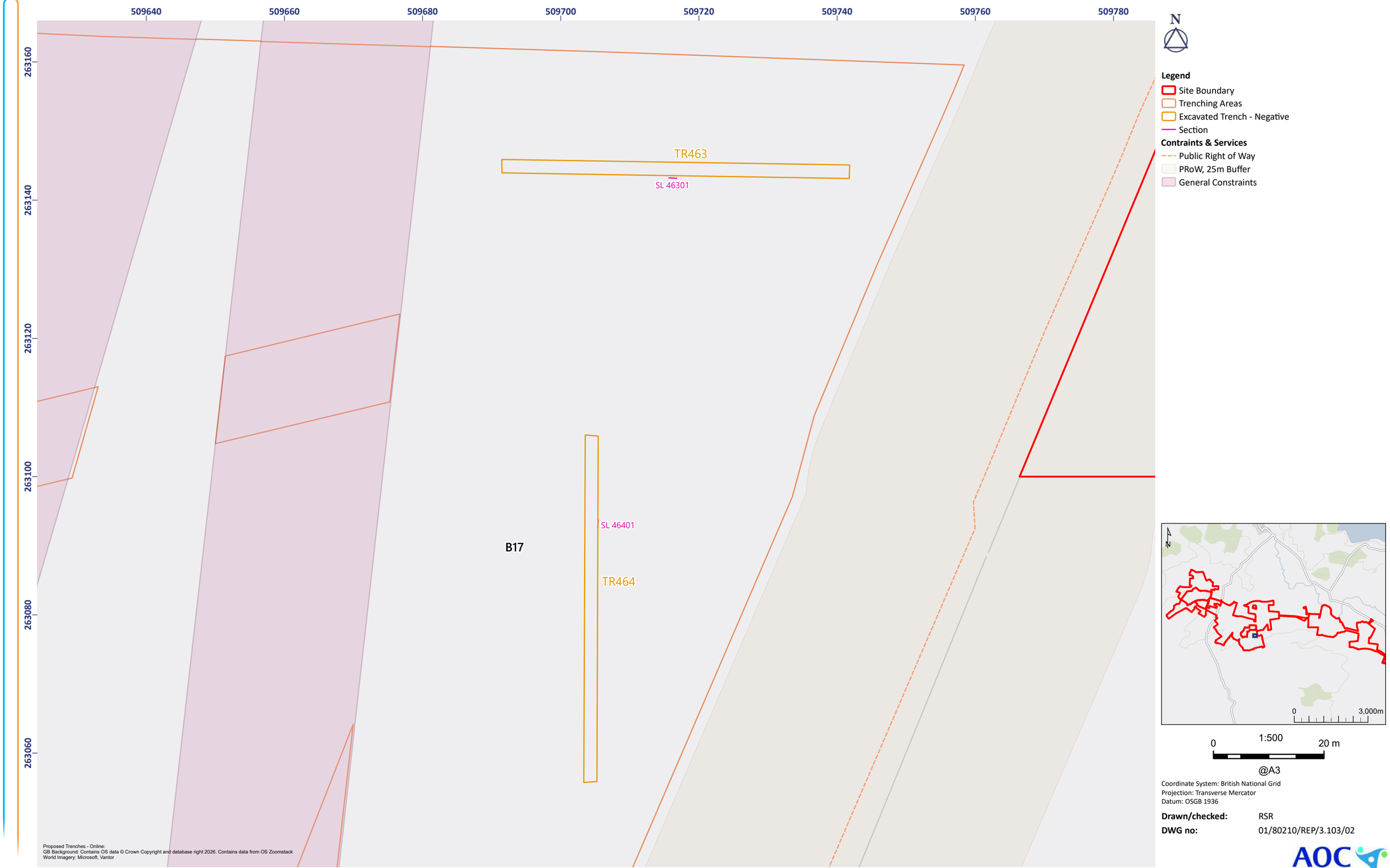


Figure 3.102: Trenches 461-462, 470-479: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.103/02

Figure 3.103: Trenches 463-464: Archaeological Results

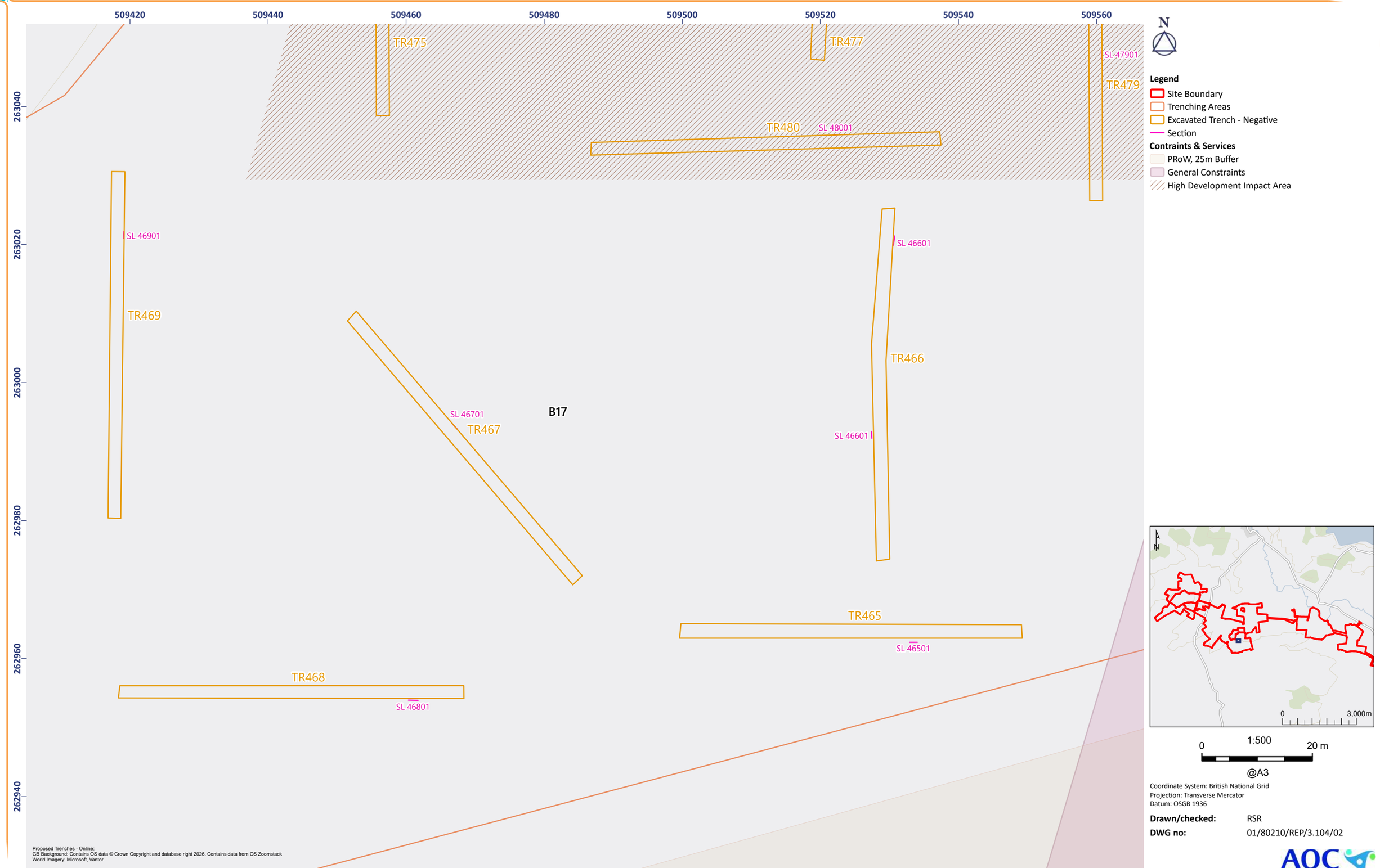


Figure 3.104: Trenches 465, 467-469, 480: Archaeological Results

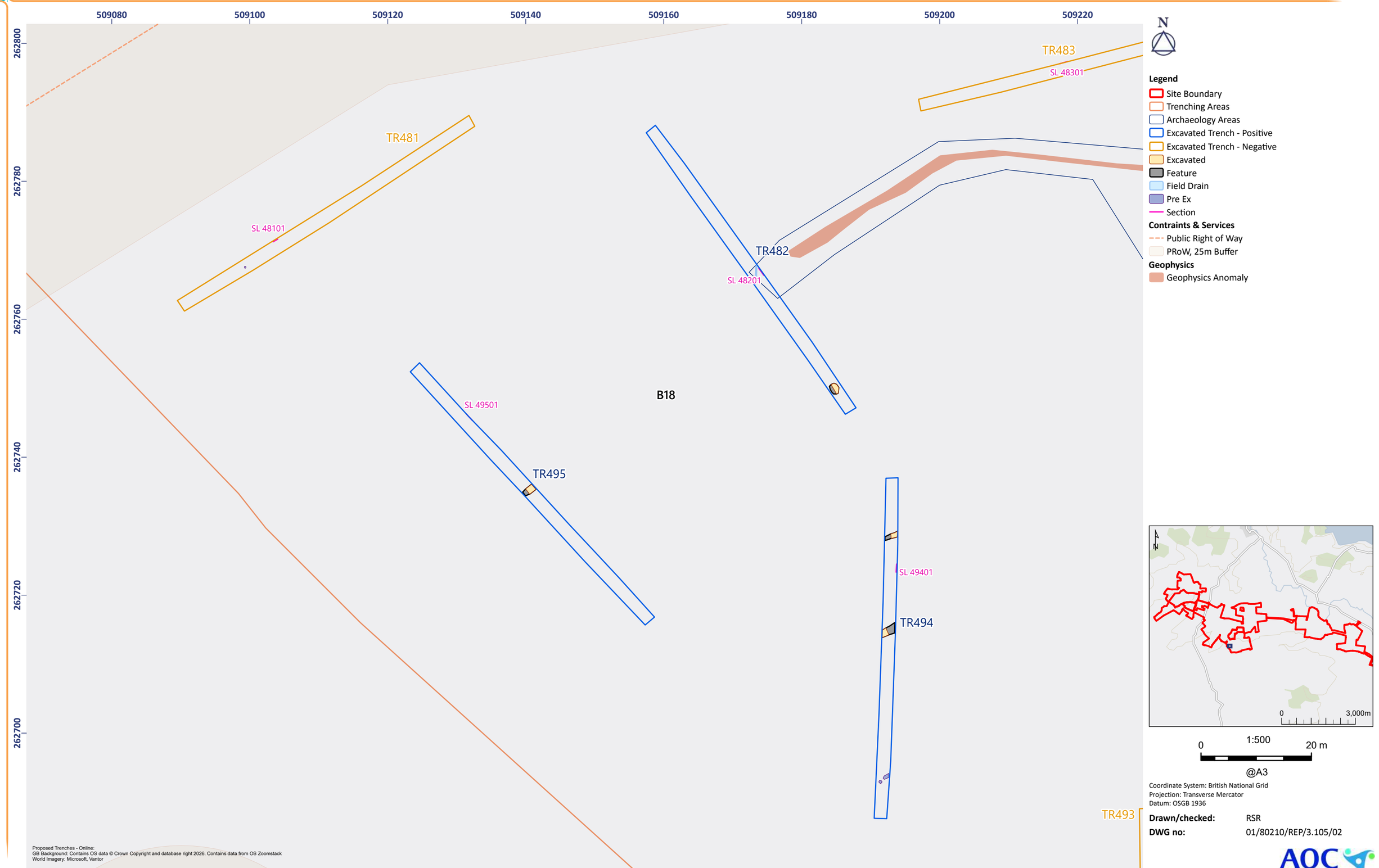


Figure 3.105: Trenches 481-482, 494-495: Archaeological Results

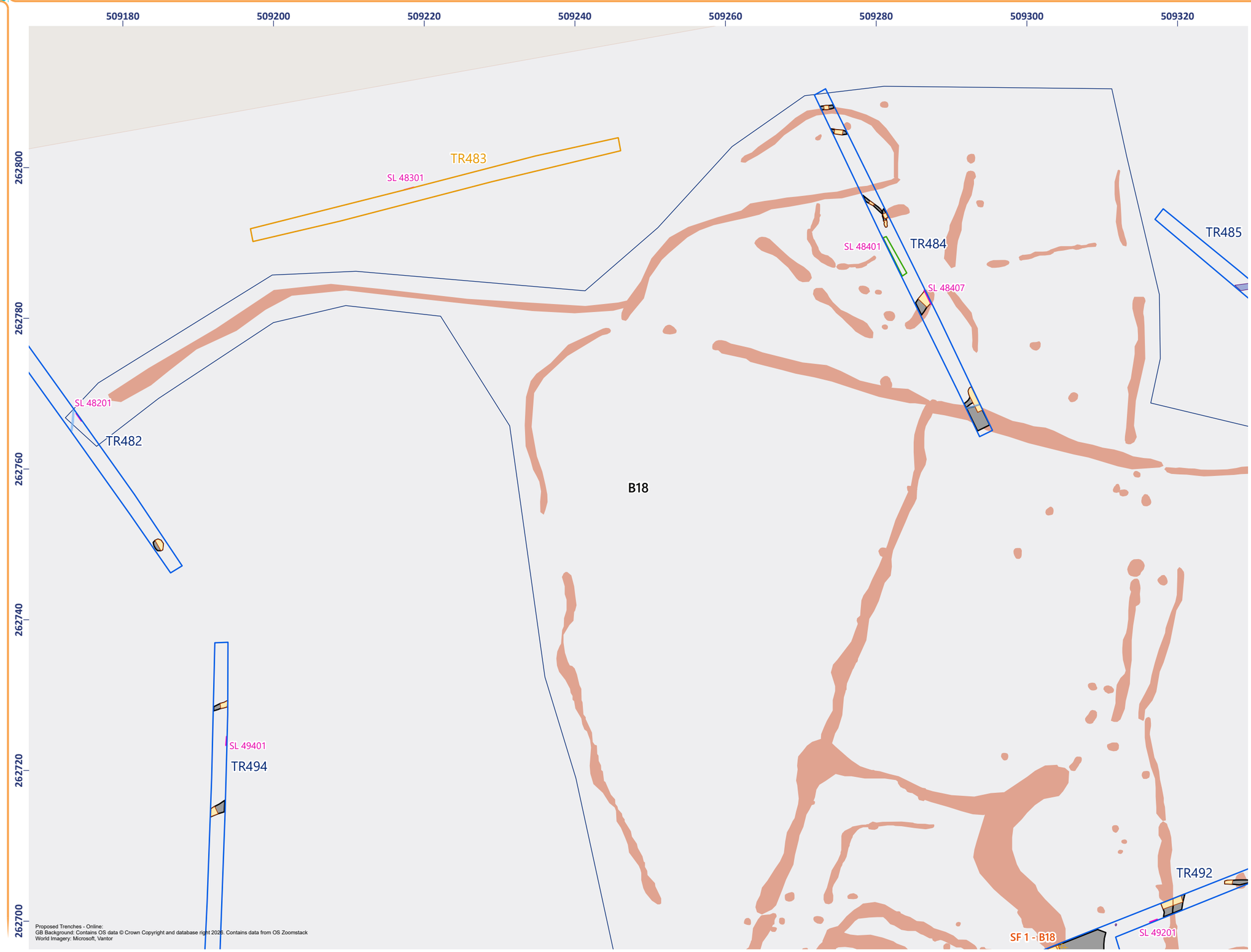


Figure 3.106: Trenches 483-484, 492: Archaeological Results

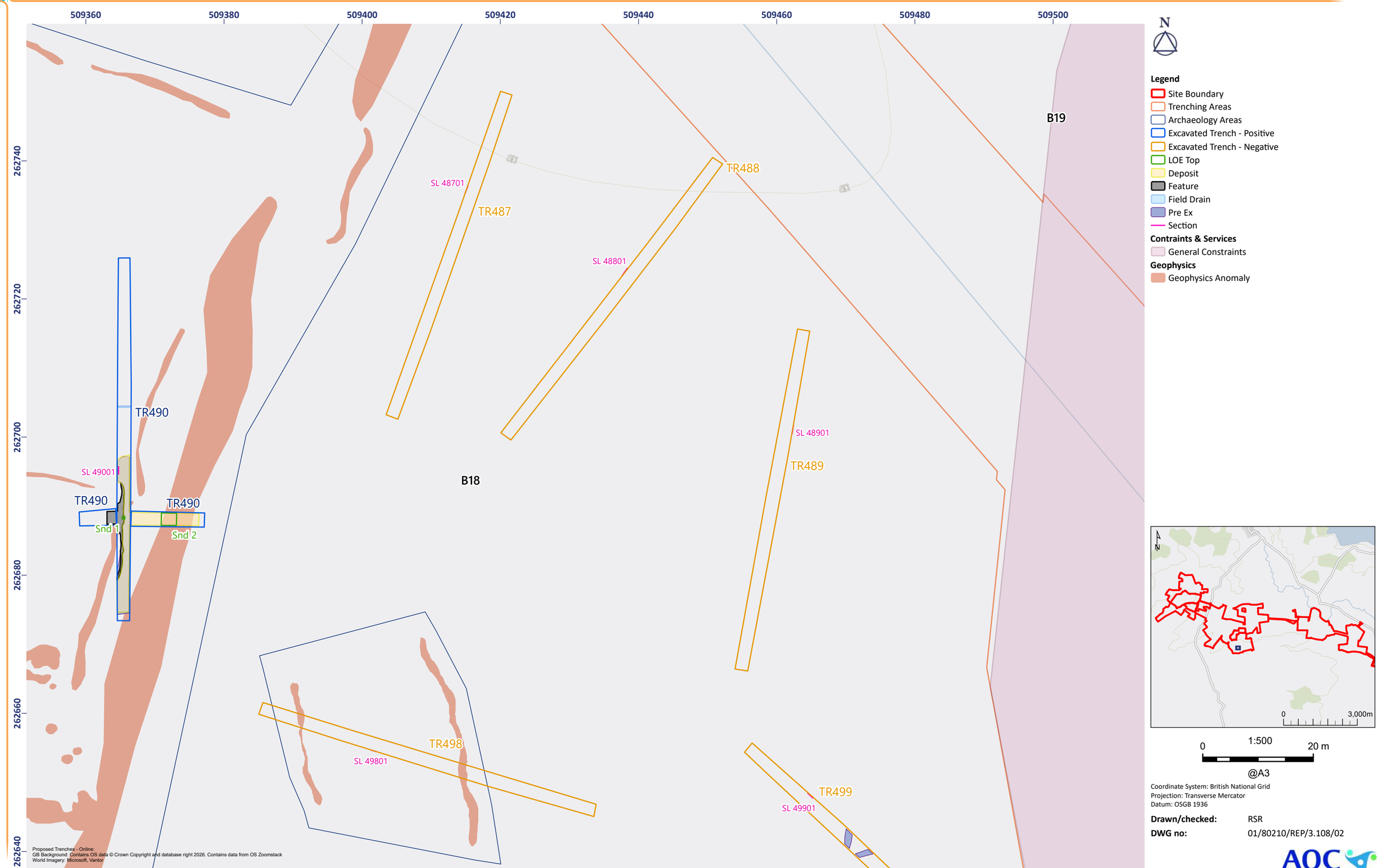


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.107/02

Figure 3.107: Trenches 486, 491: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.108/02

Figure 3.108: Trenches 487-490, 498-499: Archaeological Results

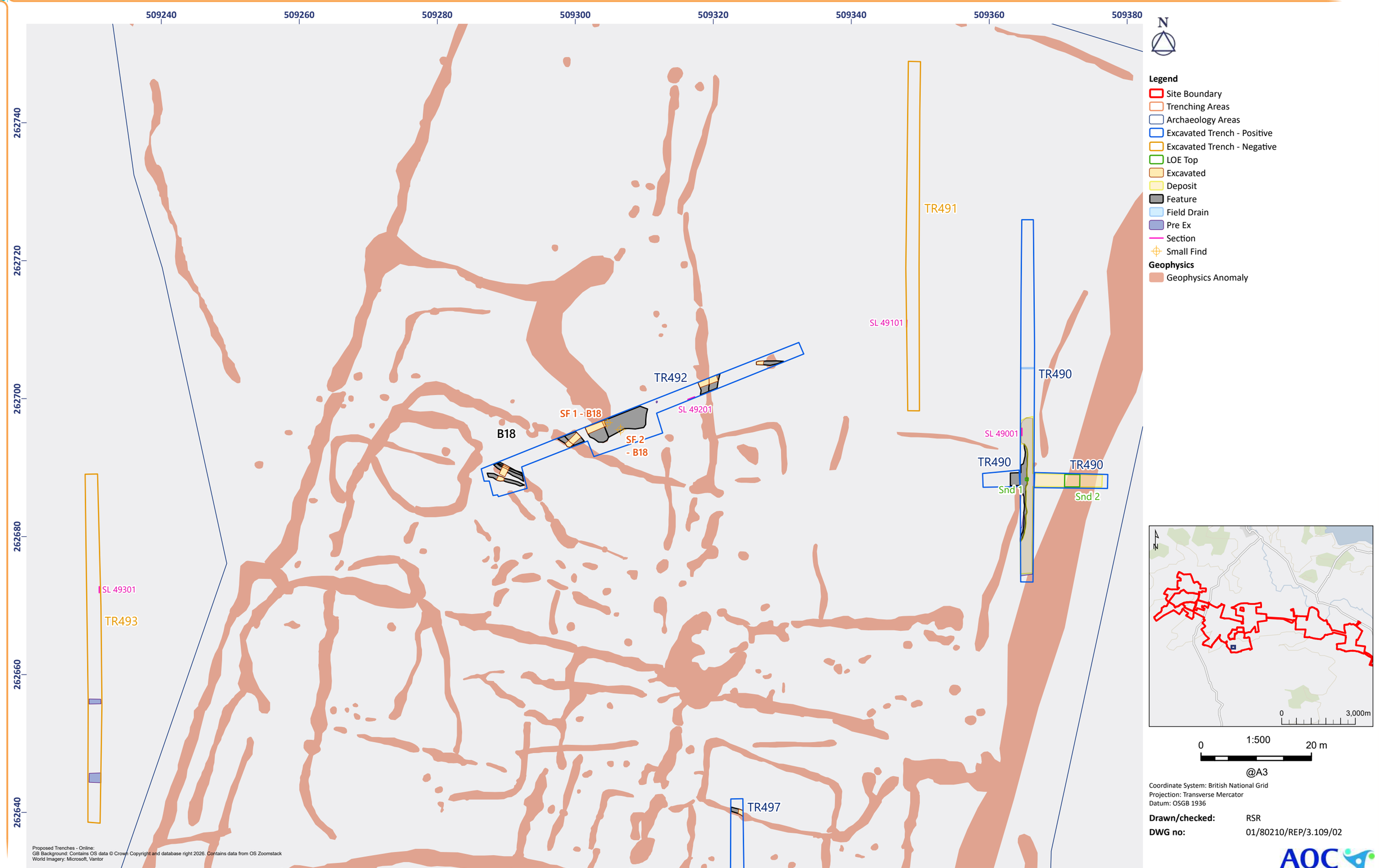


Figure 3.109: Trenches 490-493: Archaeological Results



N

Legend

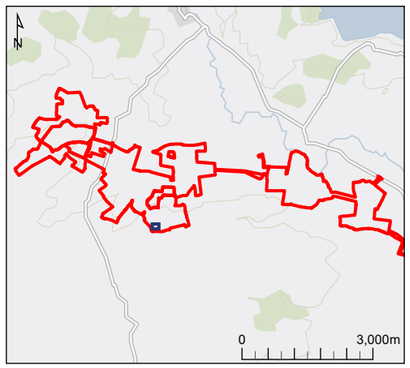
- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Archaeology Areas
- Excavated Trench - Positive
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Excavated
- Feature
- Pre Ex
- Section
- Small Find

Contraints & Services

- PRoW, 25m Buffer

Geophysics

- Geophysics Anomaly



0 1:500 20 m

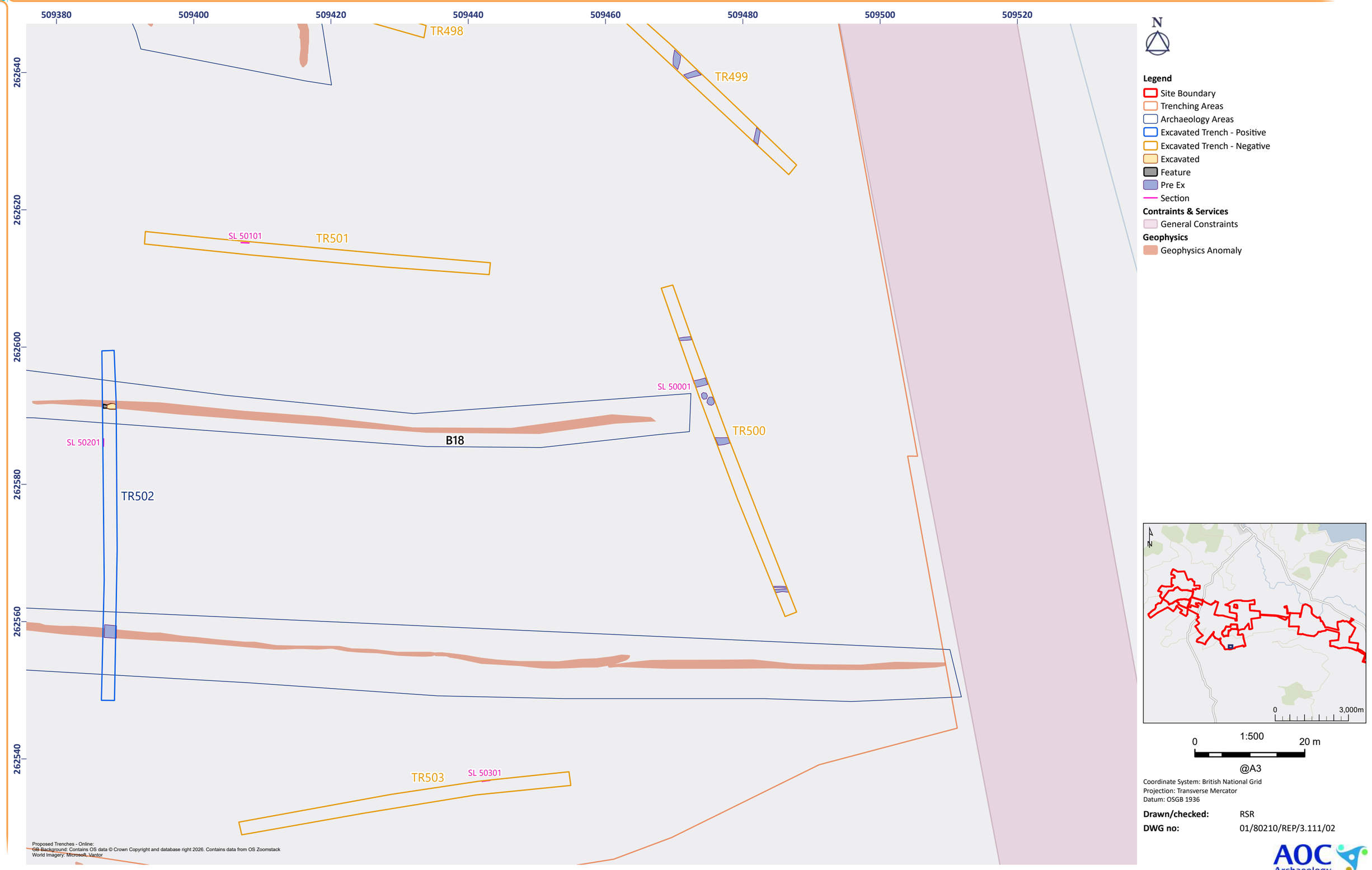
@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.110/02

Figure 3.110: Trenches 496-497: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.111/02

Figure 3.111: Trenches 499-503: Archaeological Results

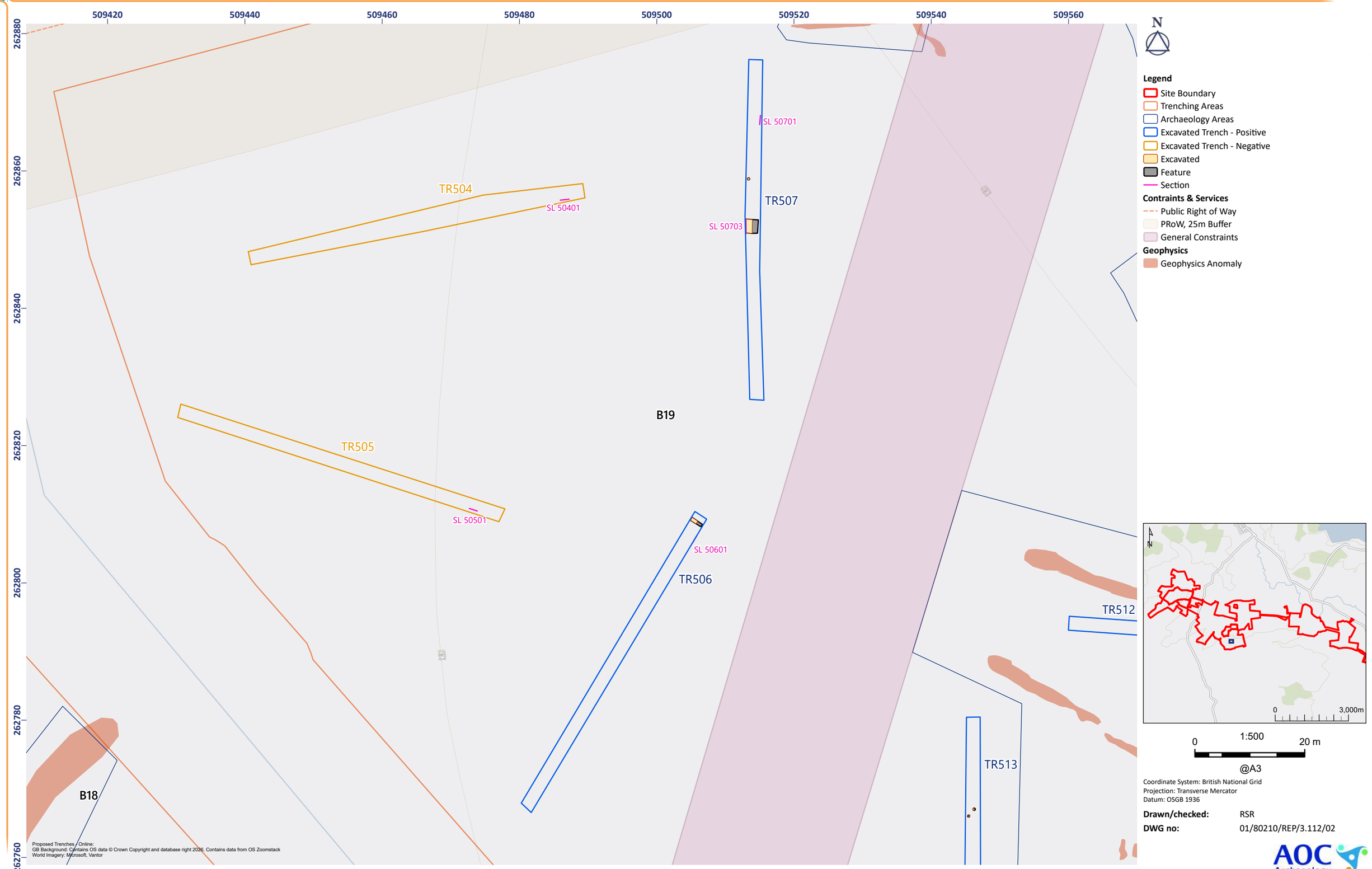


Figure 3.112: Trenches 504-507: Archaeological Results

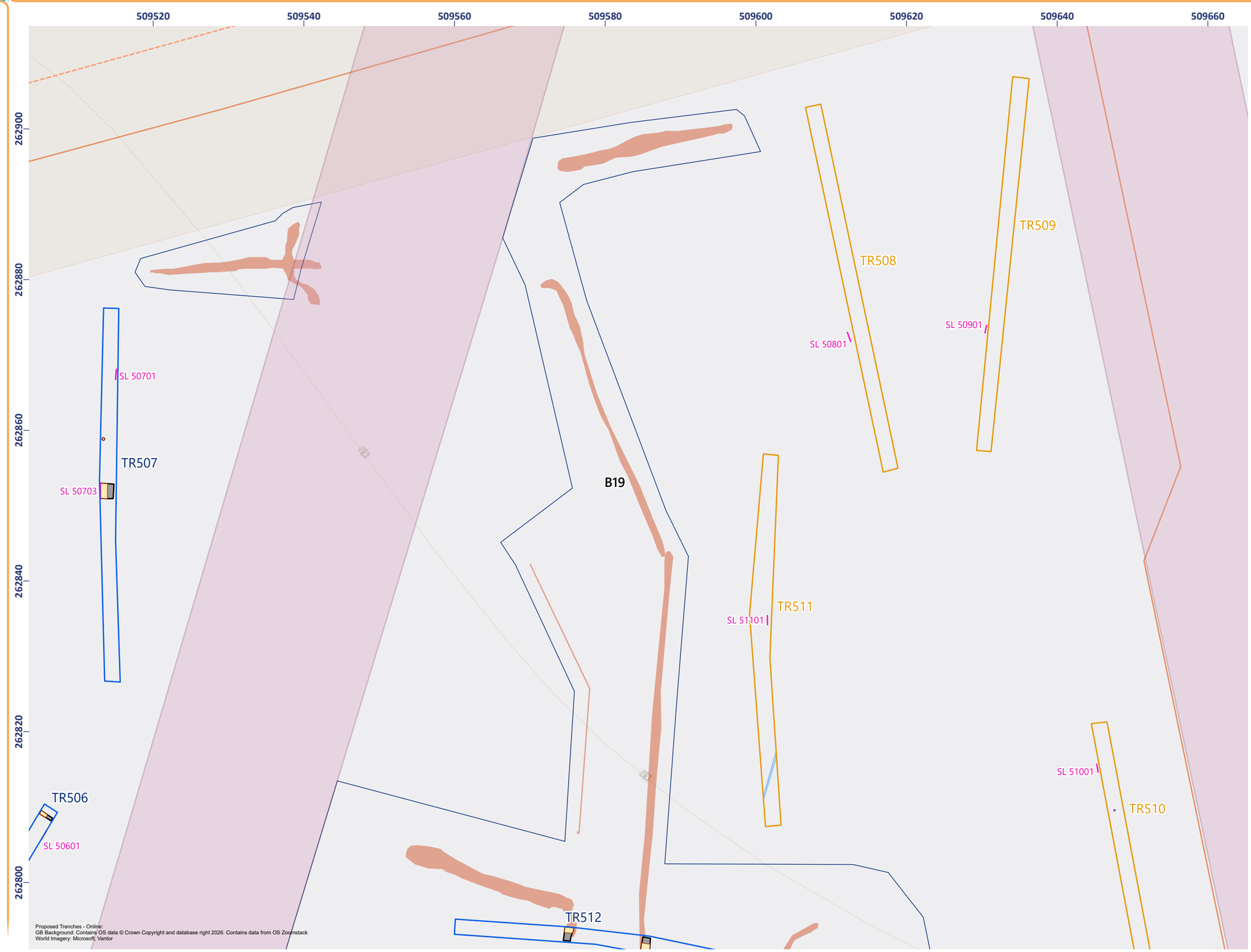


Figure 3.113: Trenches 507-511: Archaeological Results



Figure 3.114: Trenches 512-517: Archaeological Results

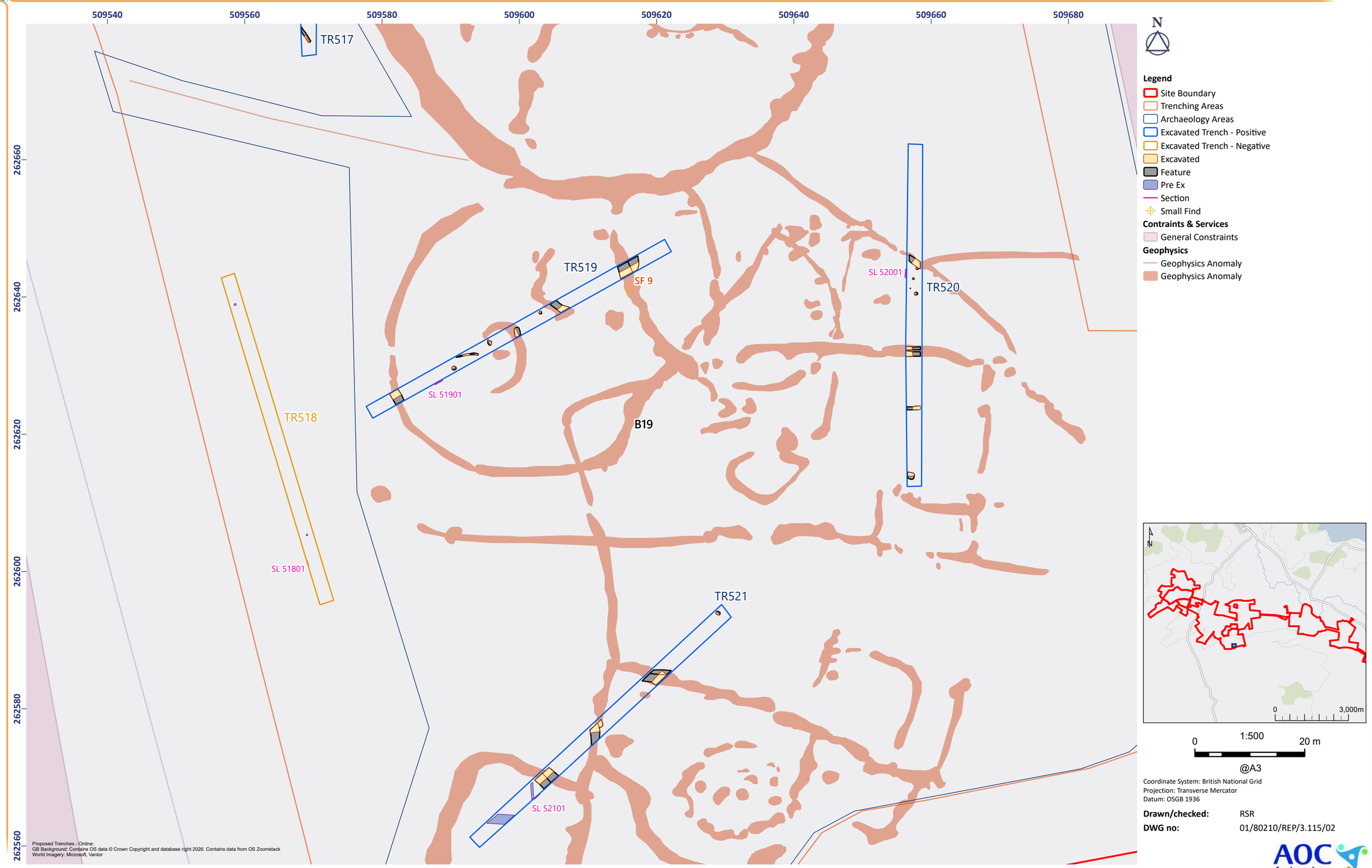


Figure 3.115: Trenches 518-521: Archaeological Results

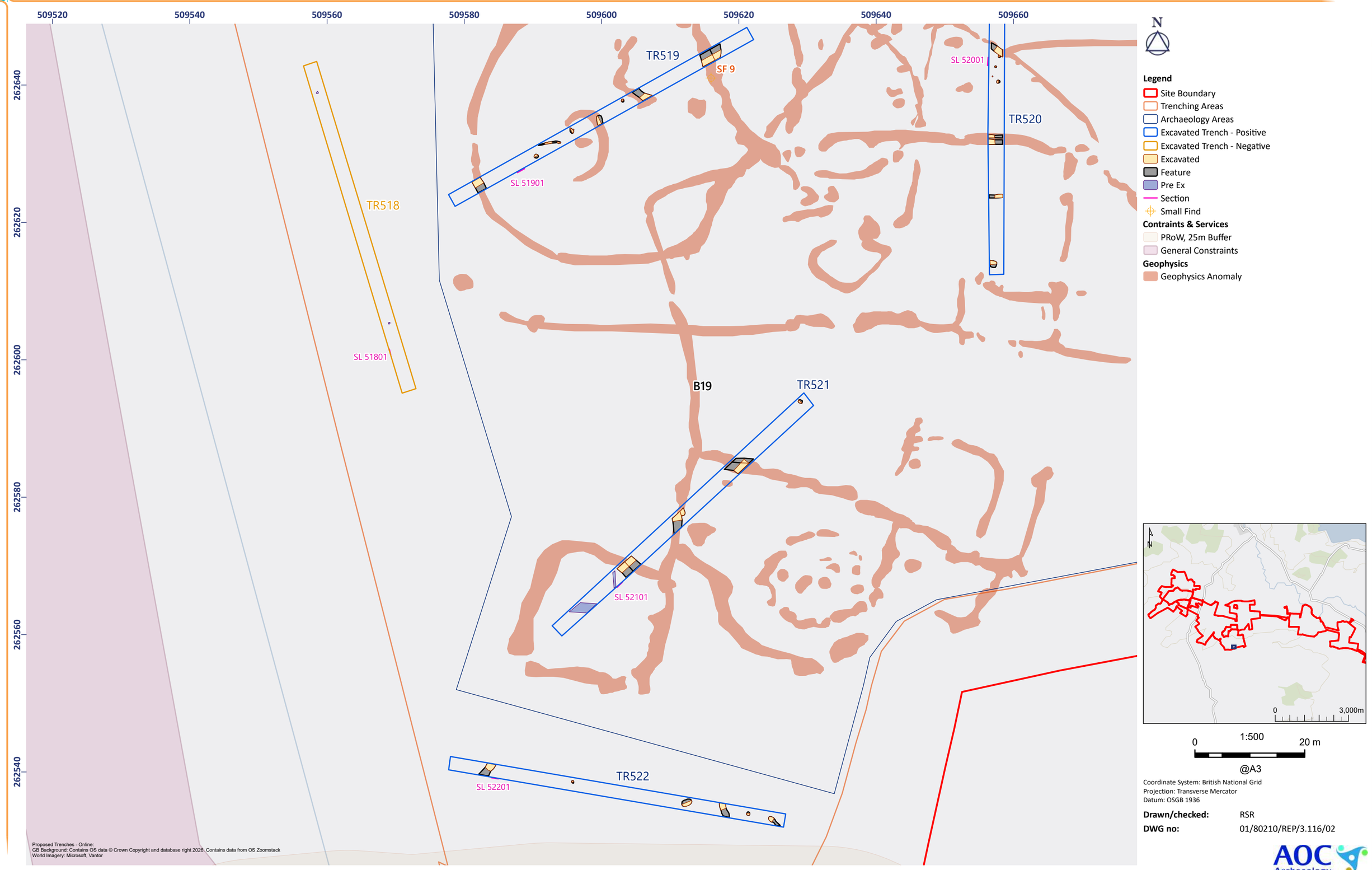
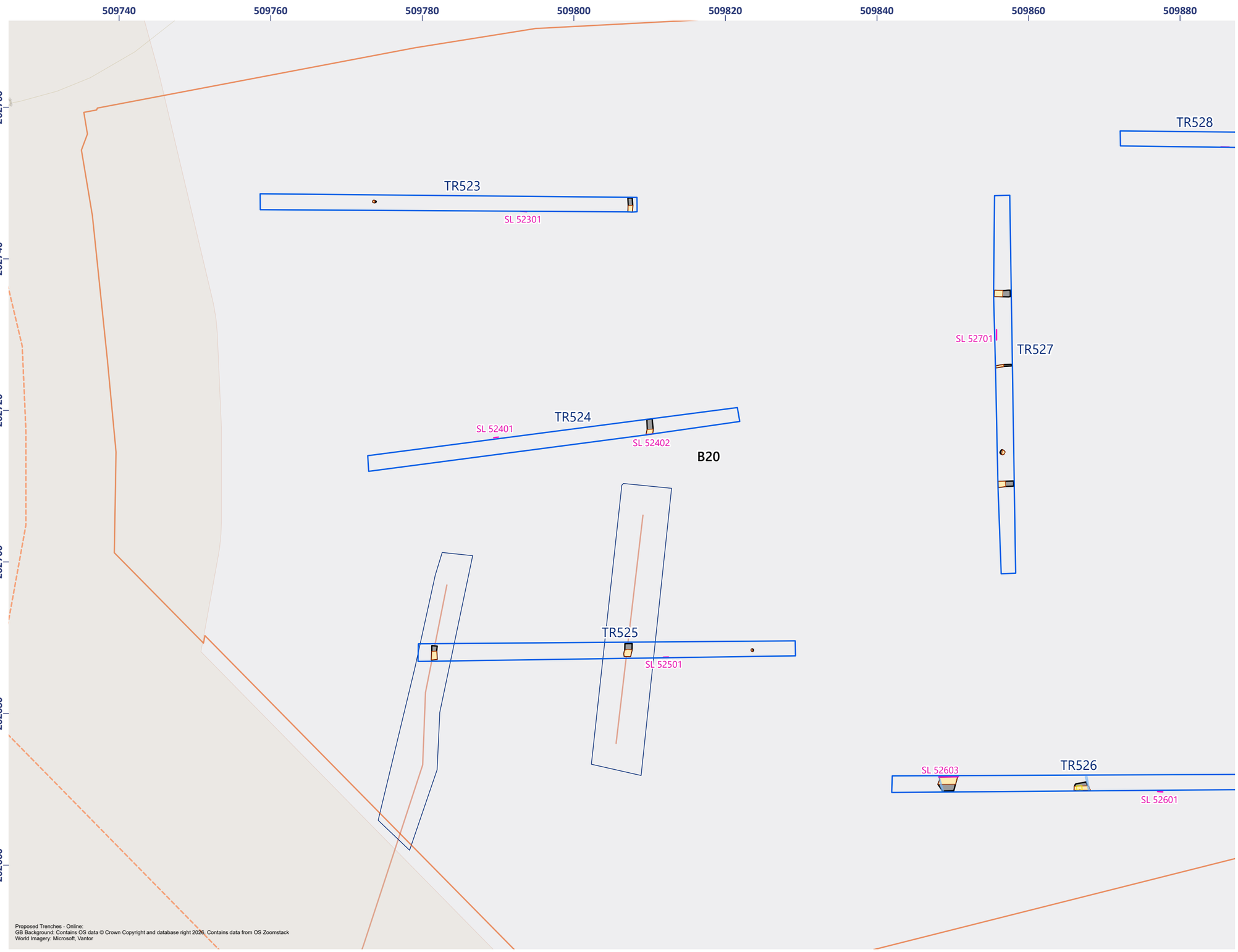


Figure 3.116: Trenches 521-522: Archaeological Results



N

Legend

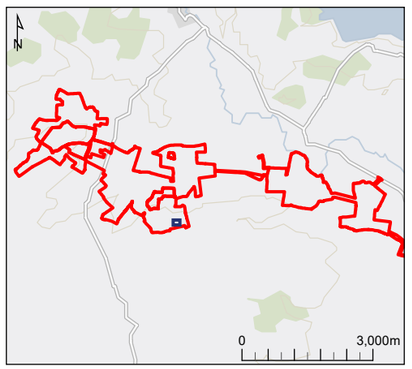
- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Archaeology Areas
- Excavated Trench - Positive
- Excavated
- Deposit
- Feature
- Field Drain
- Section

Contraints & Services

- Public Right of Way
- PRoW, 25m Buffer

Geophysics

- Geophysics Anomaly



0 1:500 20 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.117/02

Figure 3.117: Trenches 523-527: Archaeological Results

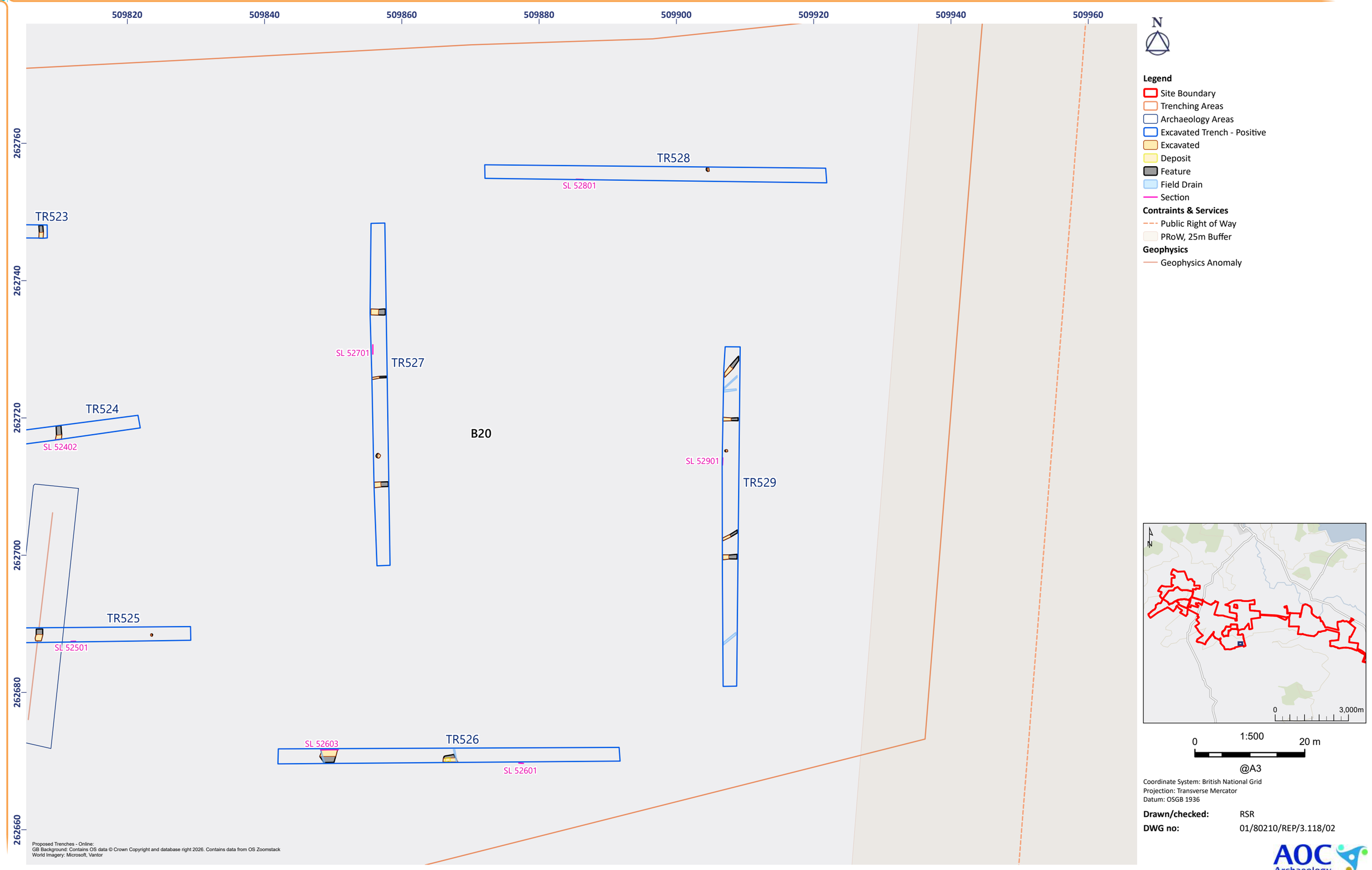


Figure 3.118: Trenches 526-529: Archaeological Results

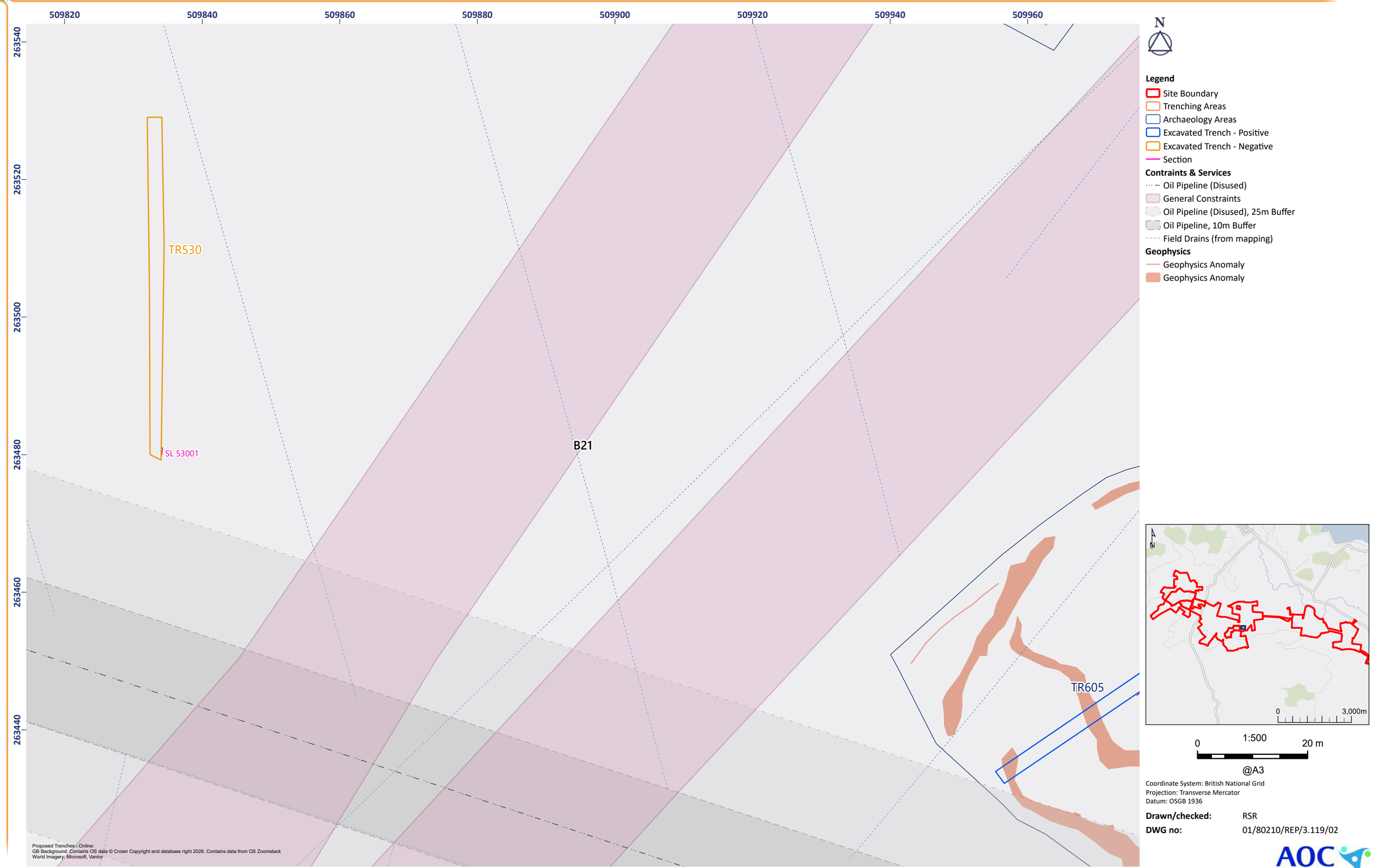
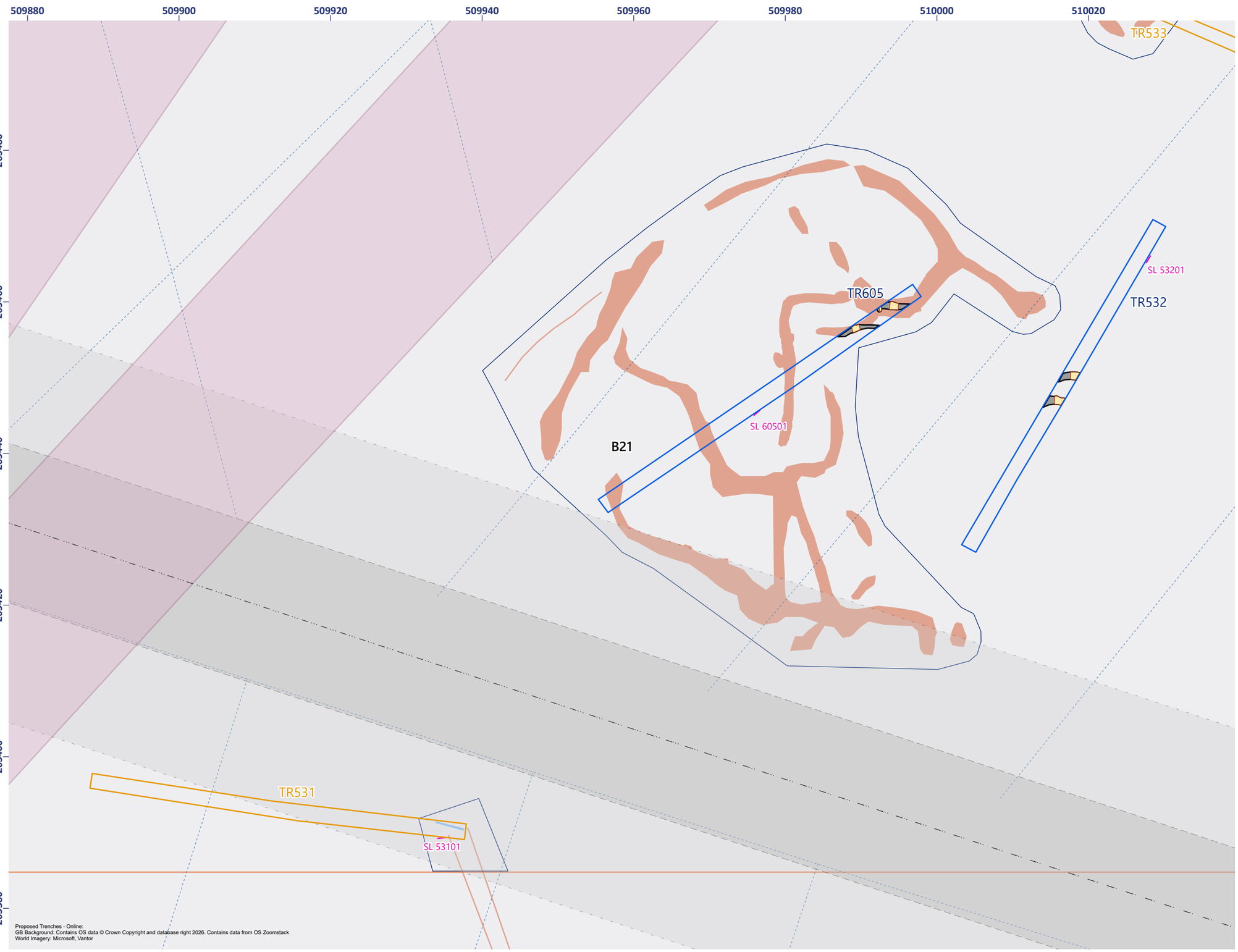


Figure 3.119: Trenches 530, 532: Archaeological Results



N

Legend

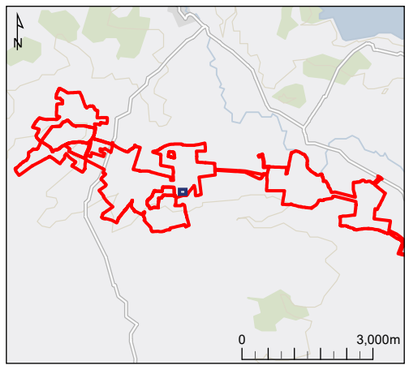
- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Archaeology Areas
- Excavated Trench - Positive
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Excavated
- Feature
- Field Drain
- Pre Ex
- Section

Contraints & Services

- Oil Pipeline (Disused)
- General Constraints
- Oil Pipeline (Disused), 25m Buffer
- Oil Pipeline, 10m Buffer
- Field Drains (from mapping)

Geophysics

- Geophysics Anomaly
- Geophysics Anomaly



0 1:500 20 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.120/02

AOC Archaeology Group

Figure 3.120: Trenches 531-532, 605: Archaeological Results

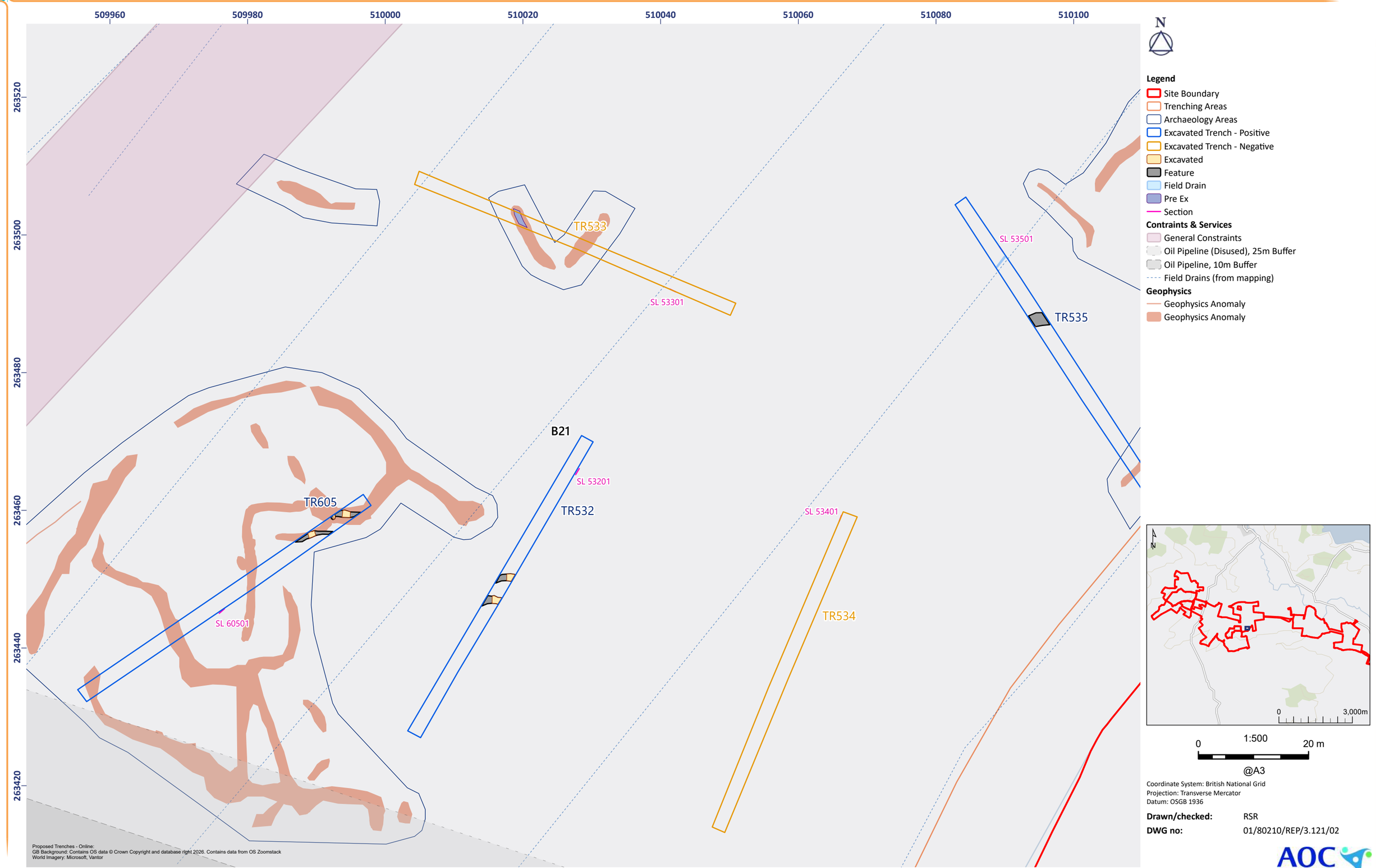


Figure 3.121: Trenches 532-535: Archaeological Results

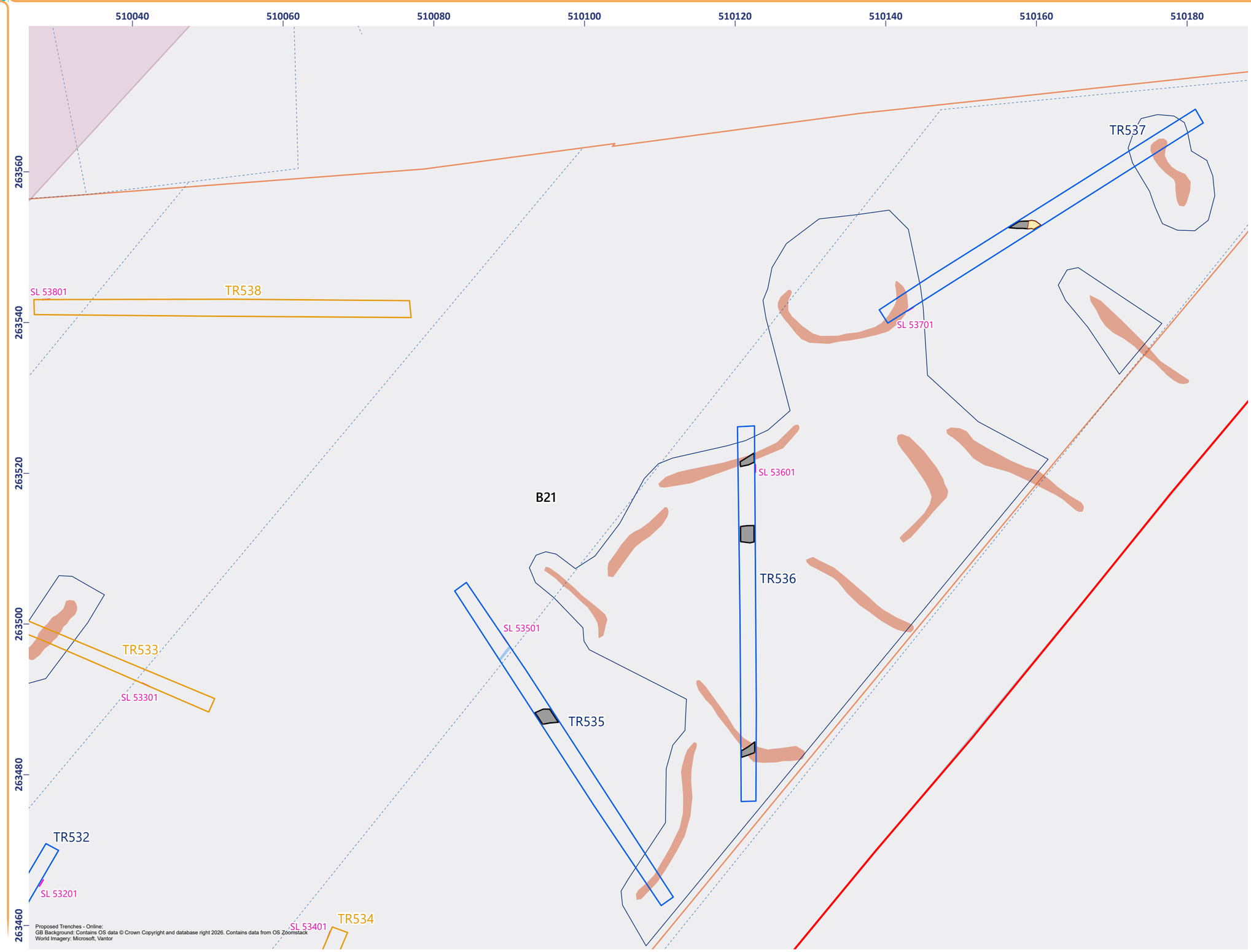
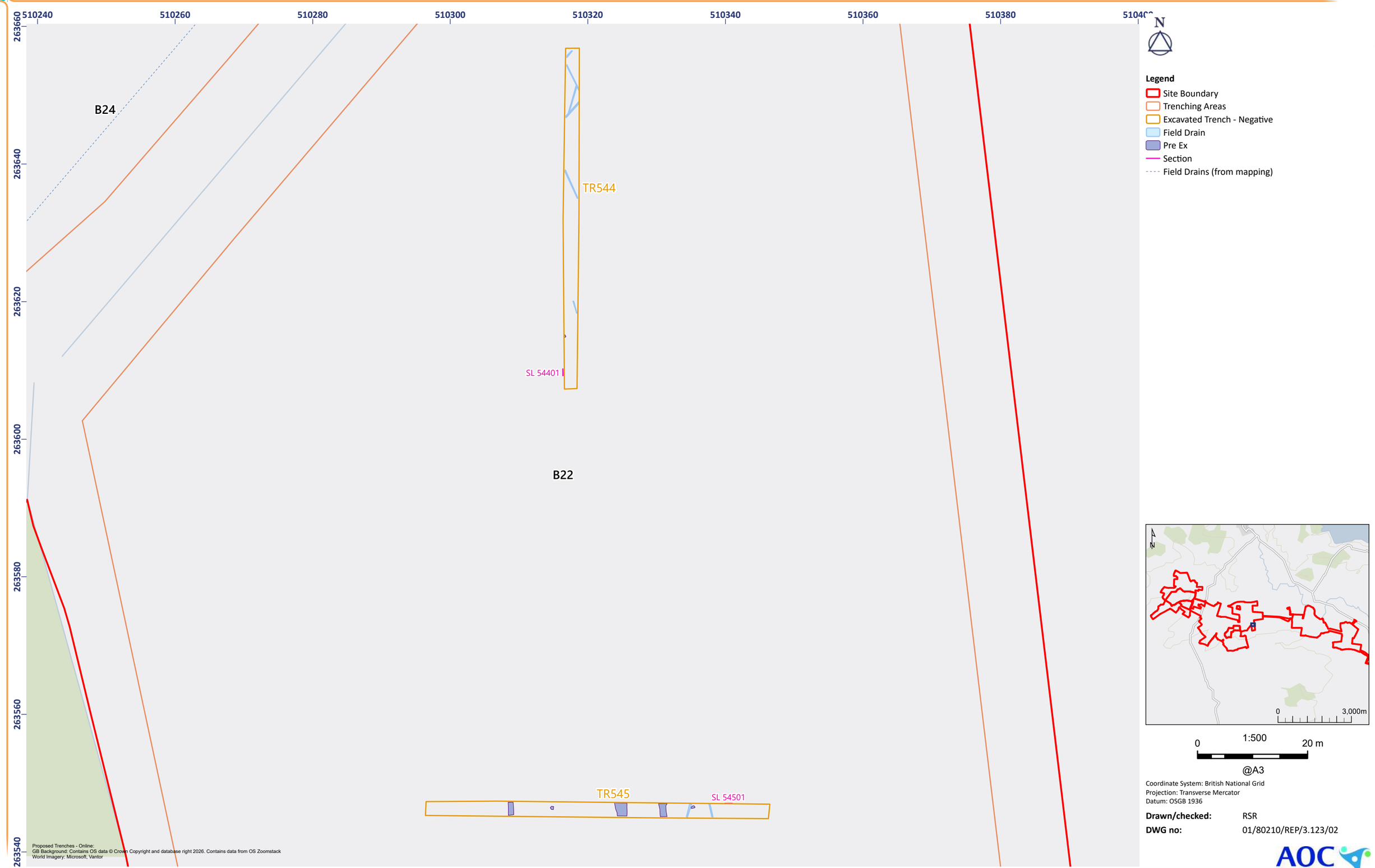


Figure 3.122: Trenches 536-538: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.123/02

Figure 3.123: Trenches 544-545: Archaeological Results

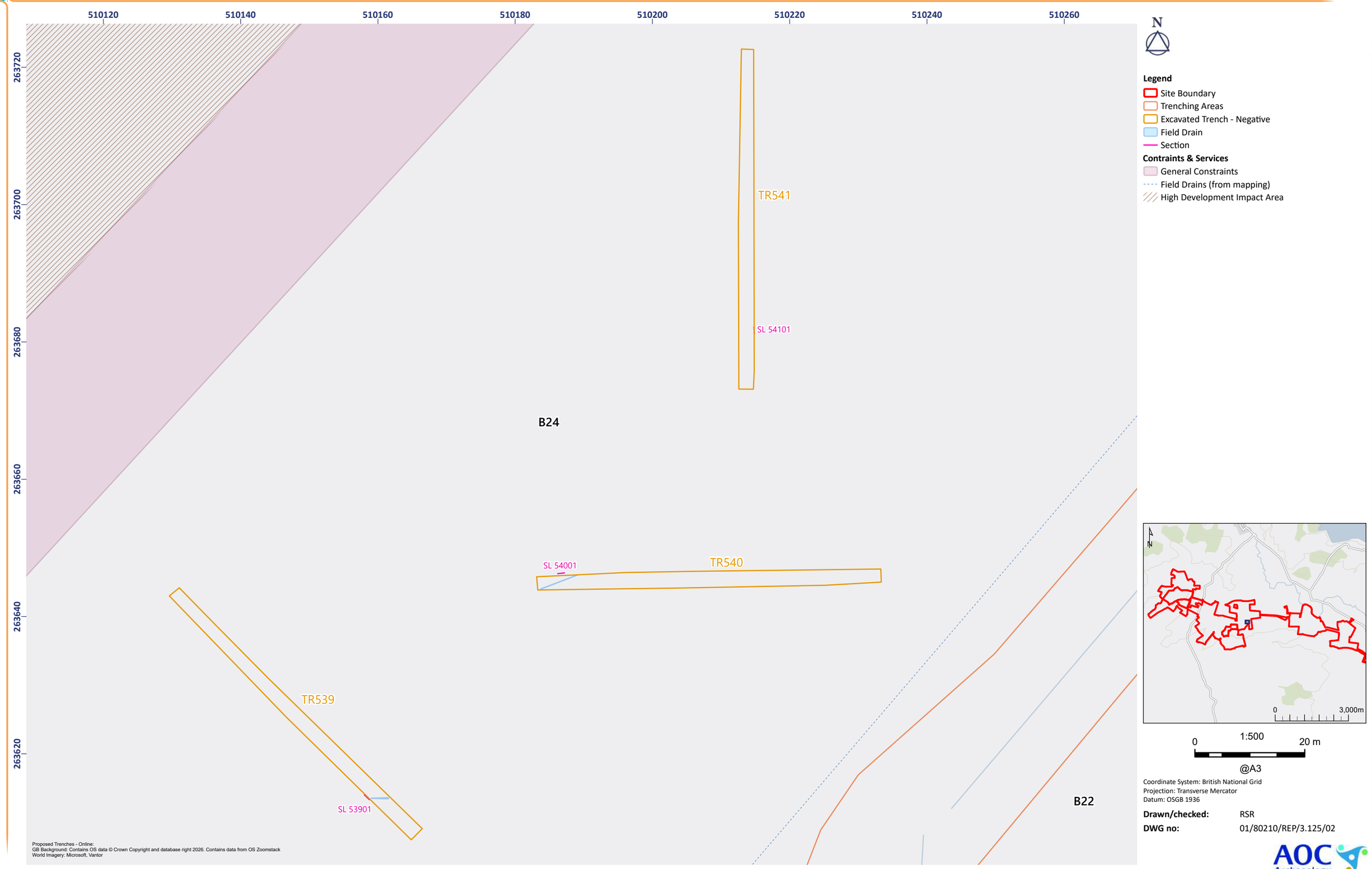


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.124/02

Figure 3.124: Trenches 546-547: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.125/02

Figure 3.125: Trenches 539-541: Archaeological Results

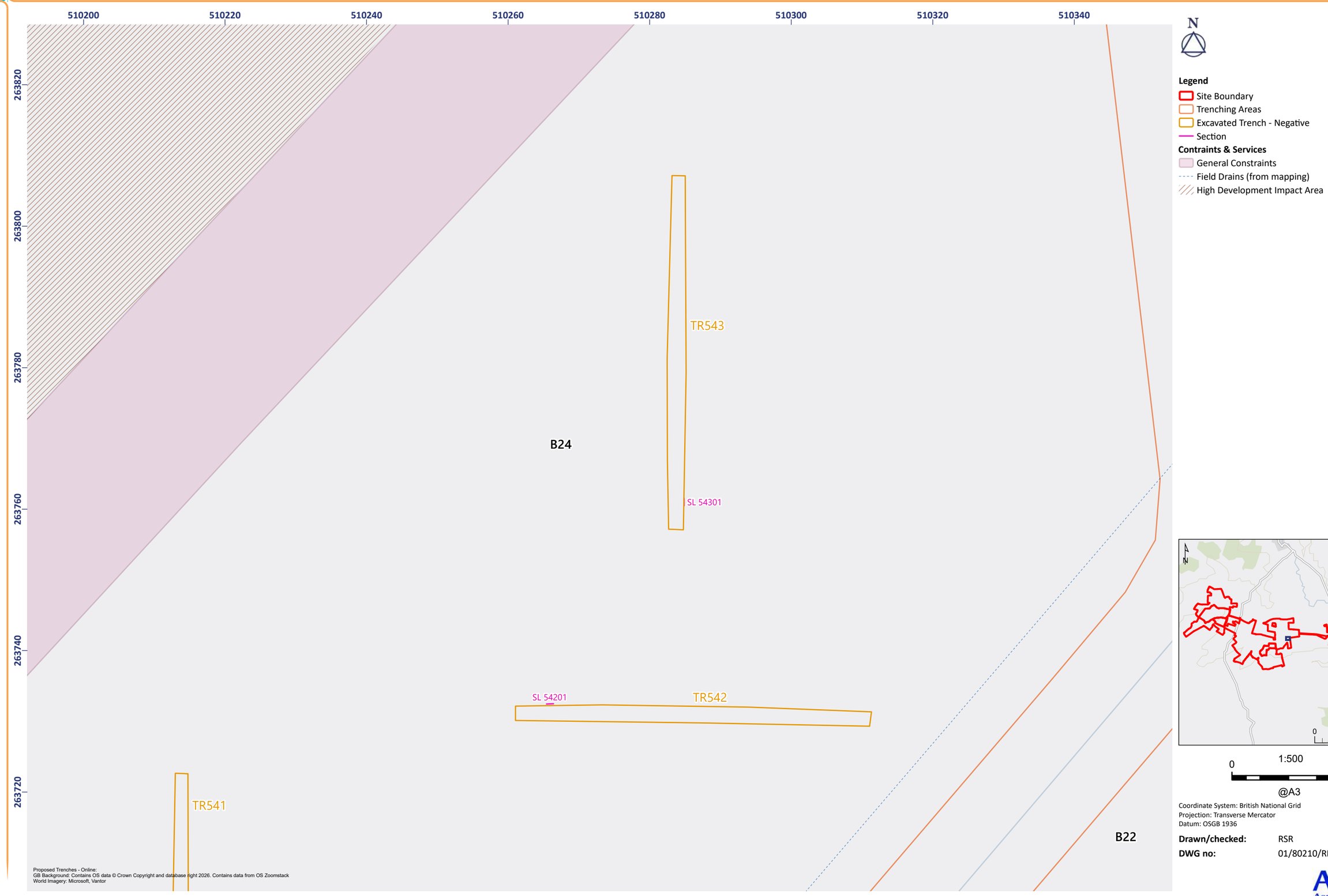


Figure 3.126: Trenches 542-543: Archaeological Results

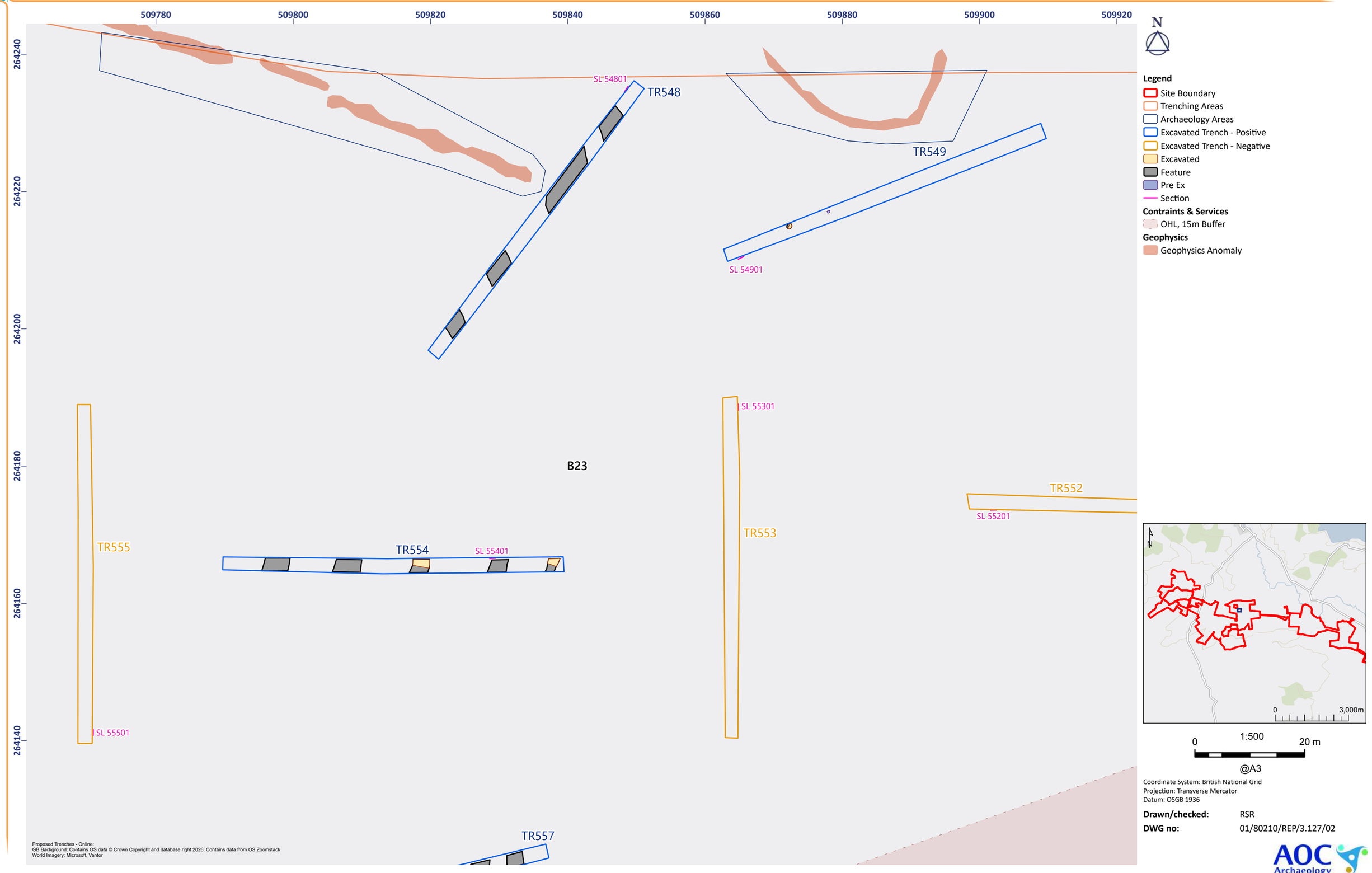


Figure 3.127: Trenches 548-549, 553-555: Archaeological Results

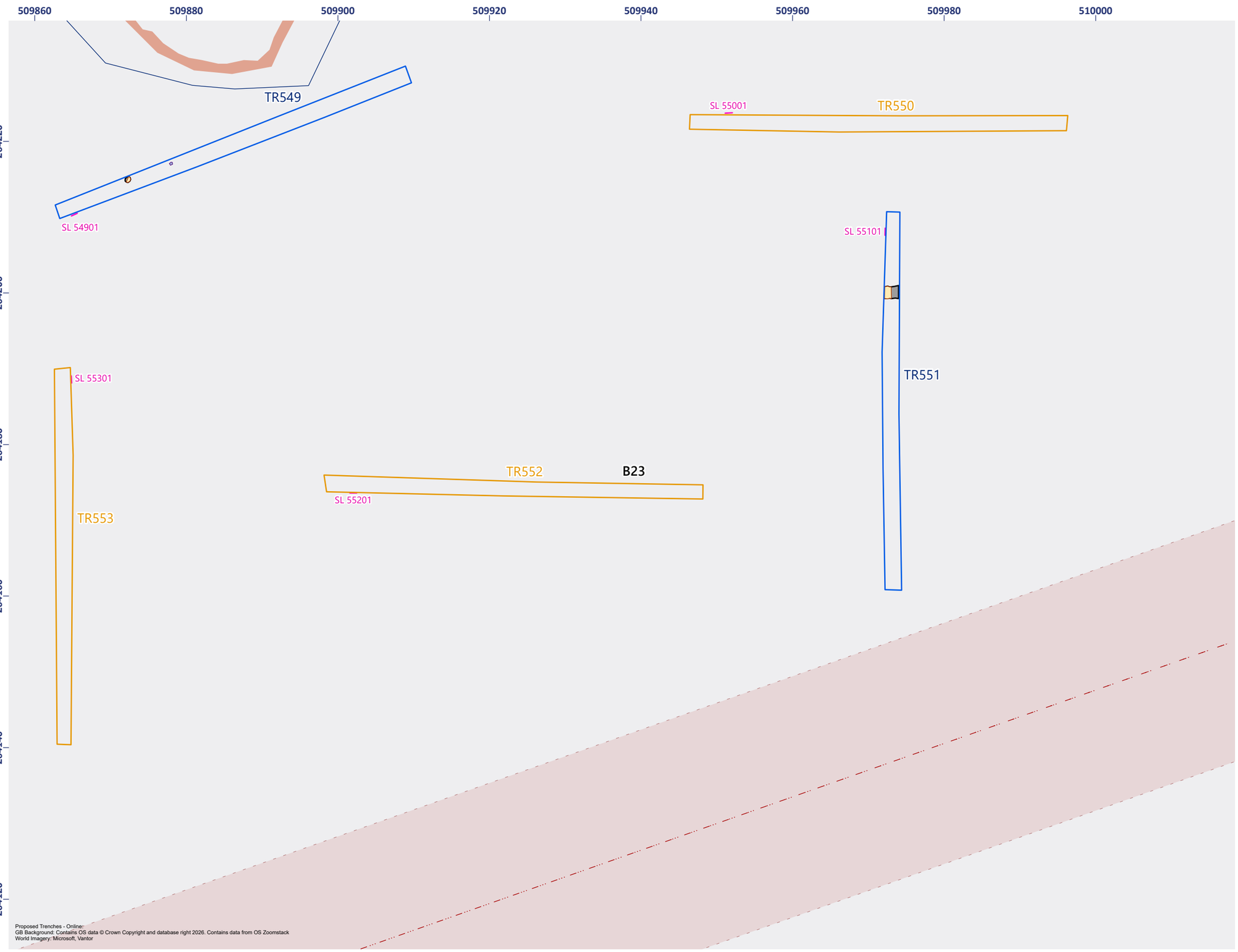
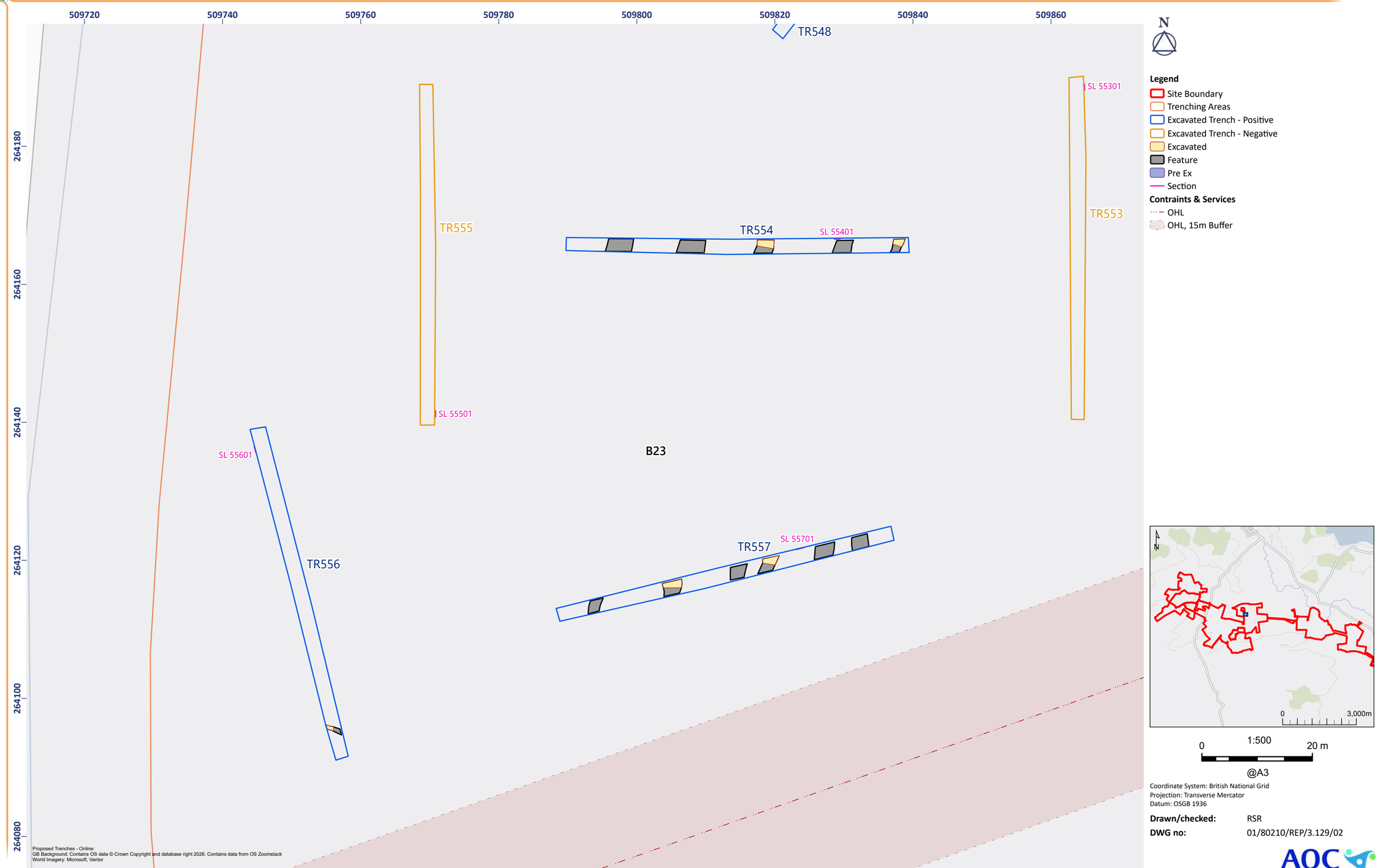


Figure 3.128: Trenches 550, 552-553: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.129/02

Figure 3.129: Trenches 553-557: Archaeological Results



Figure 3.130: Trenches 560-562, 565: Archaeological Results

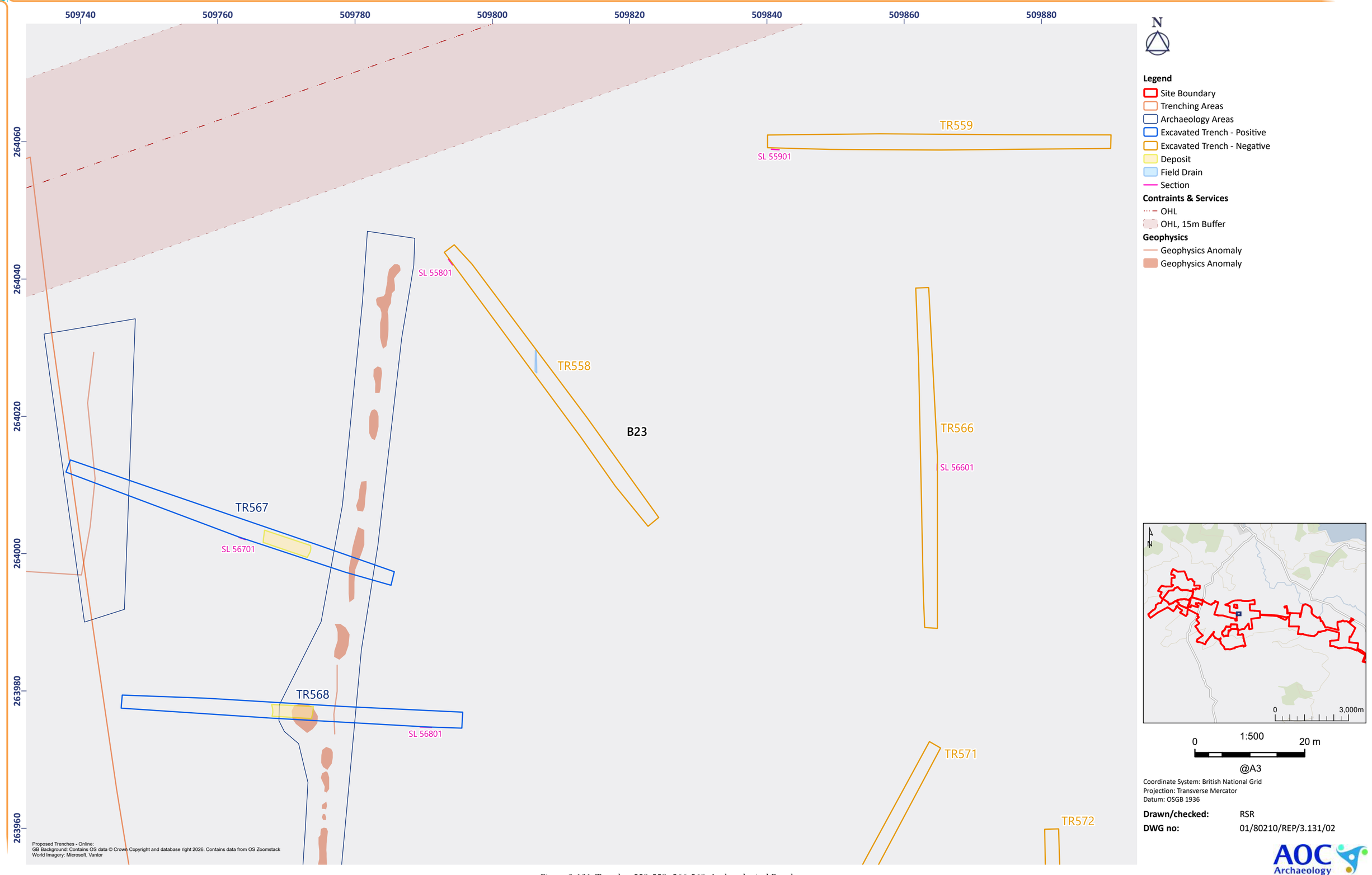


Figure 3.131: Trenches 558-559, 566-568: Archaeological Results

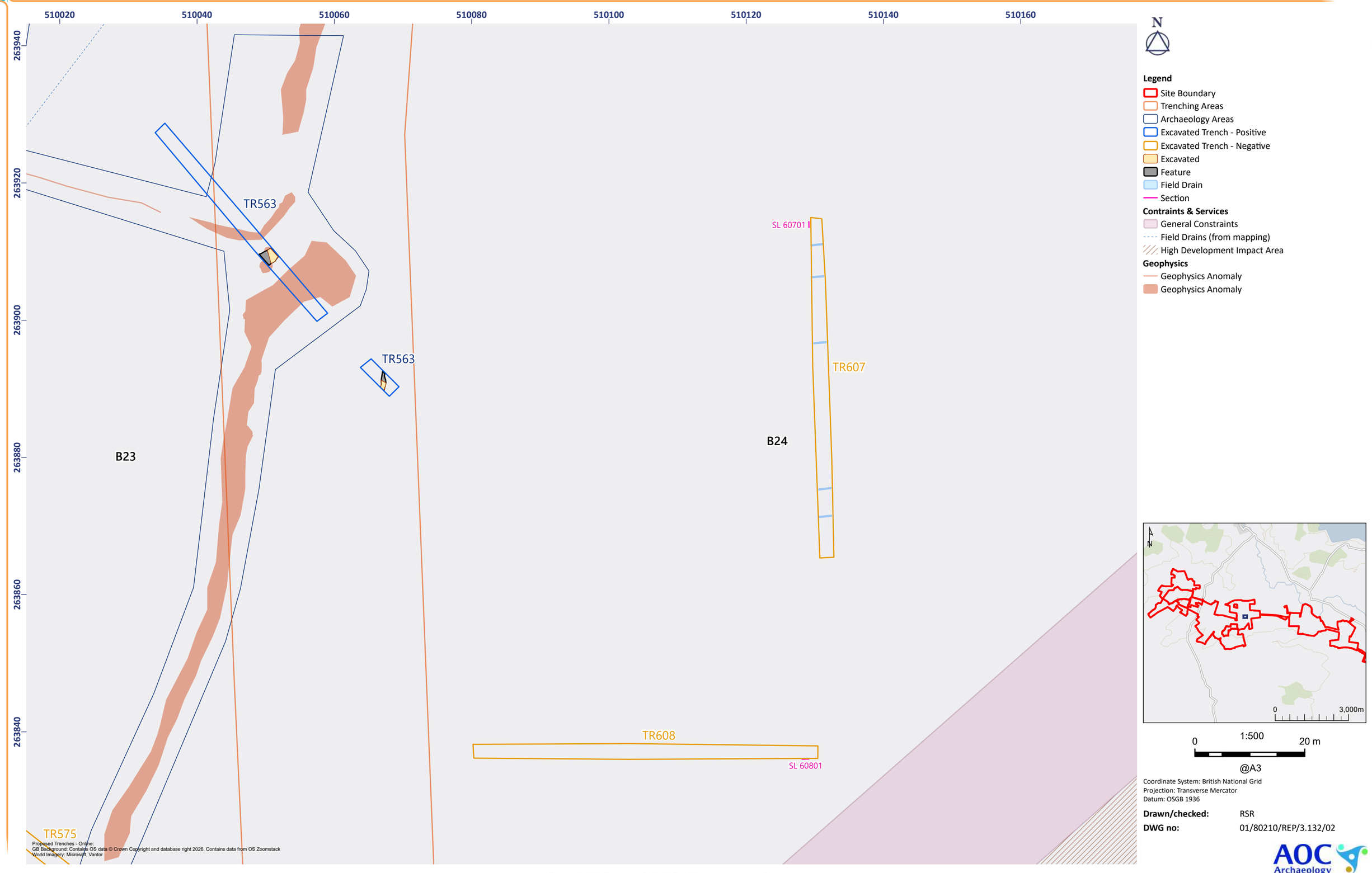


Figure 3.132: Trenches 563, 907, 608: Archaeological Results



Figure 3.133: Trenches 564, 571-574: Archaeological Results

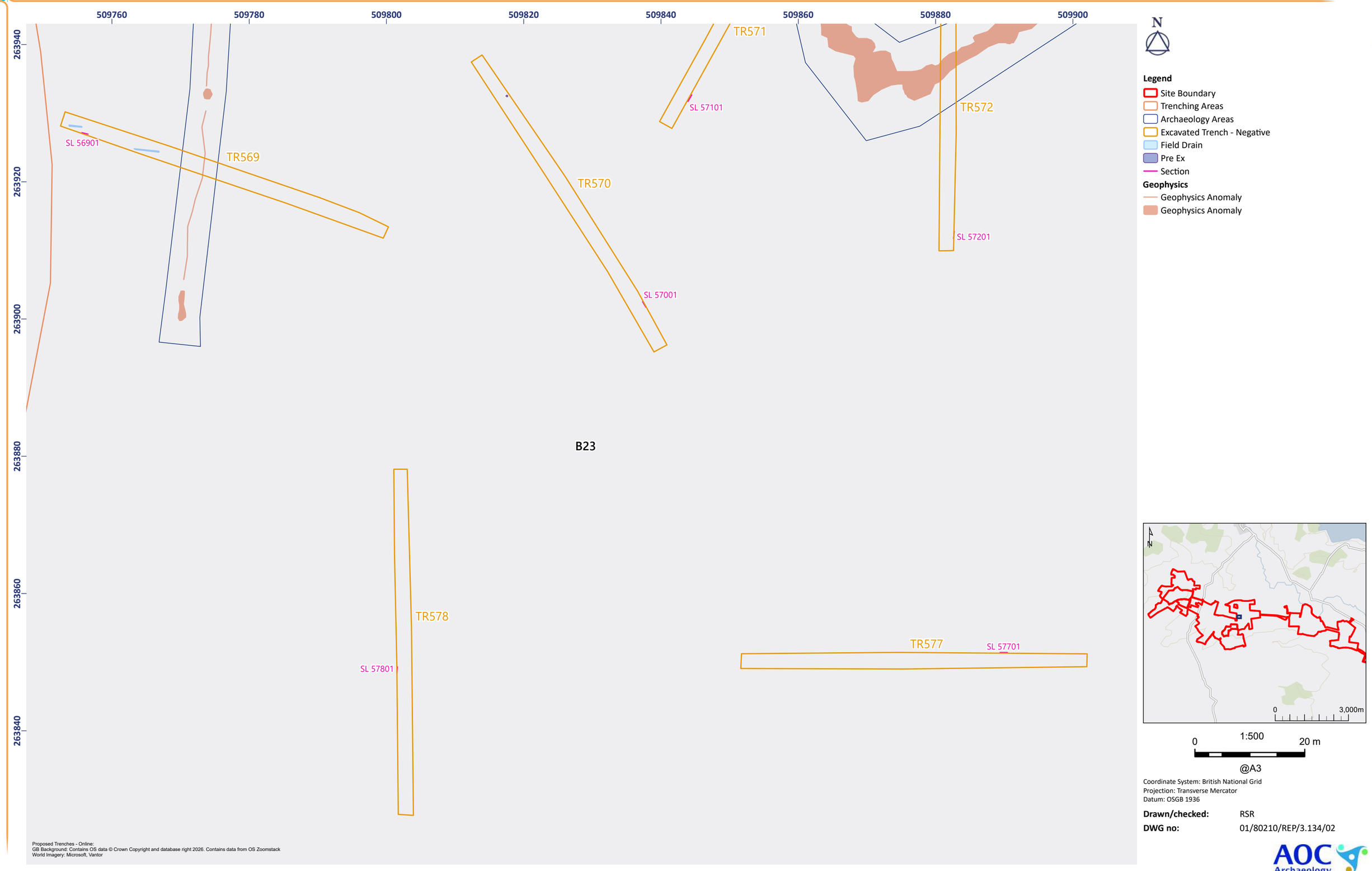
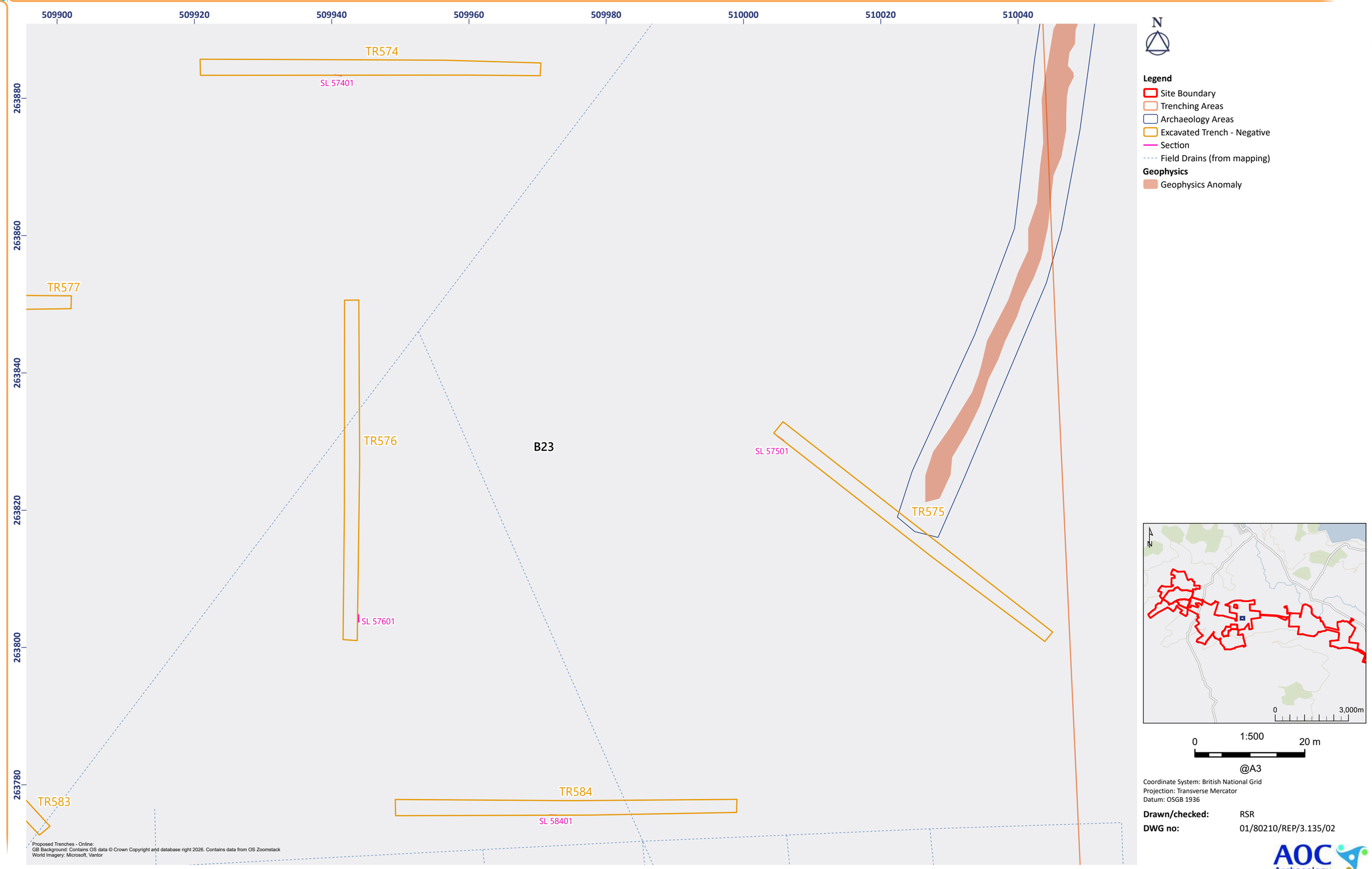


Figure 3.134: Trenches 569-570, 577-578: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.135/02

Figure 3.135: Trenches 574-576, 584: Archaeological Results



Figure 3.136: Trenches 579-583, 589: Archaeological Results

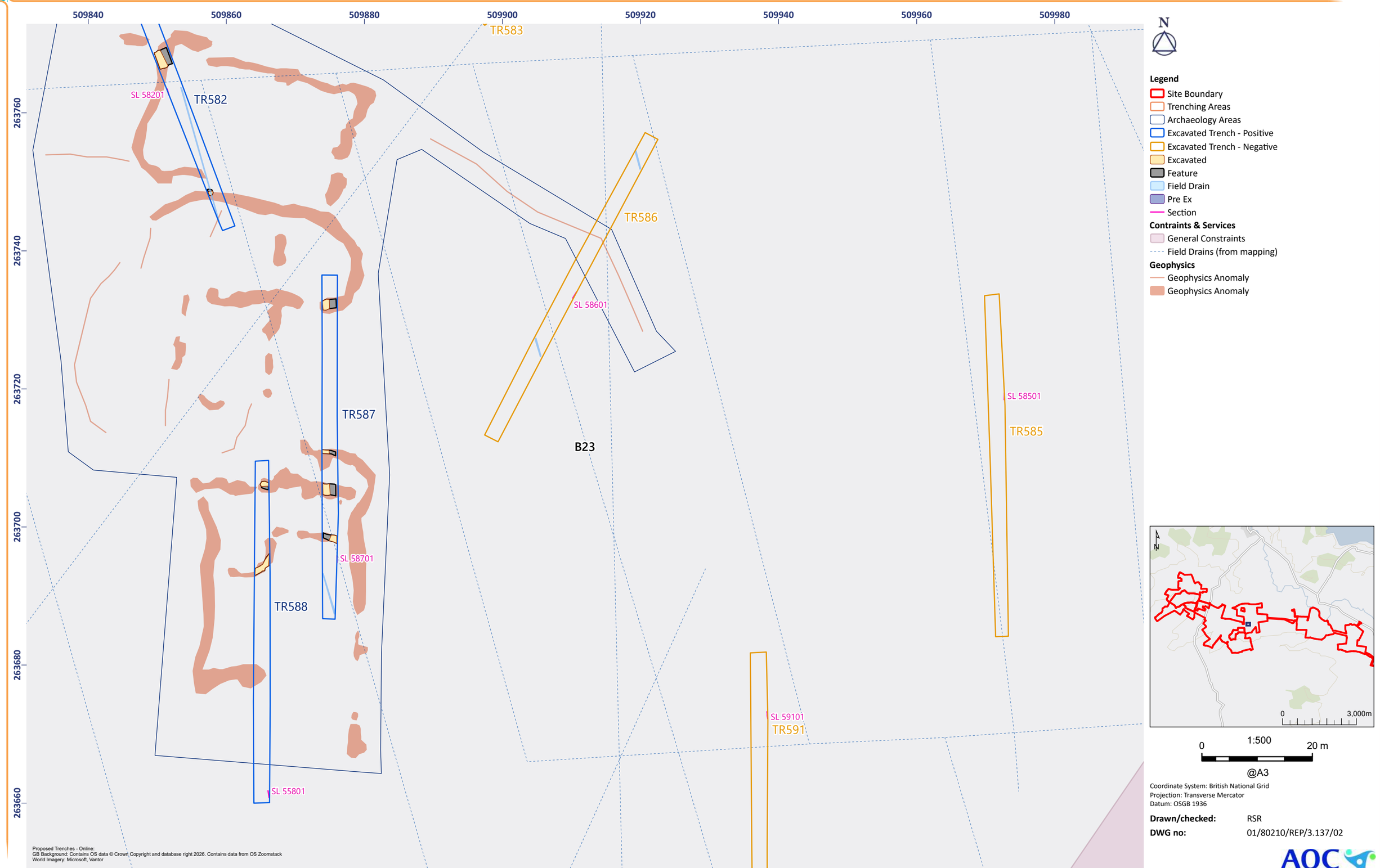


Figure 3.137: Trenches 586-588: Archaeological Results



Figure 3.138: Trenches 590-593: Archaeological Results

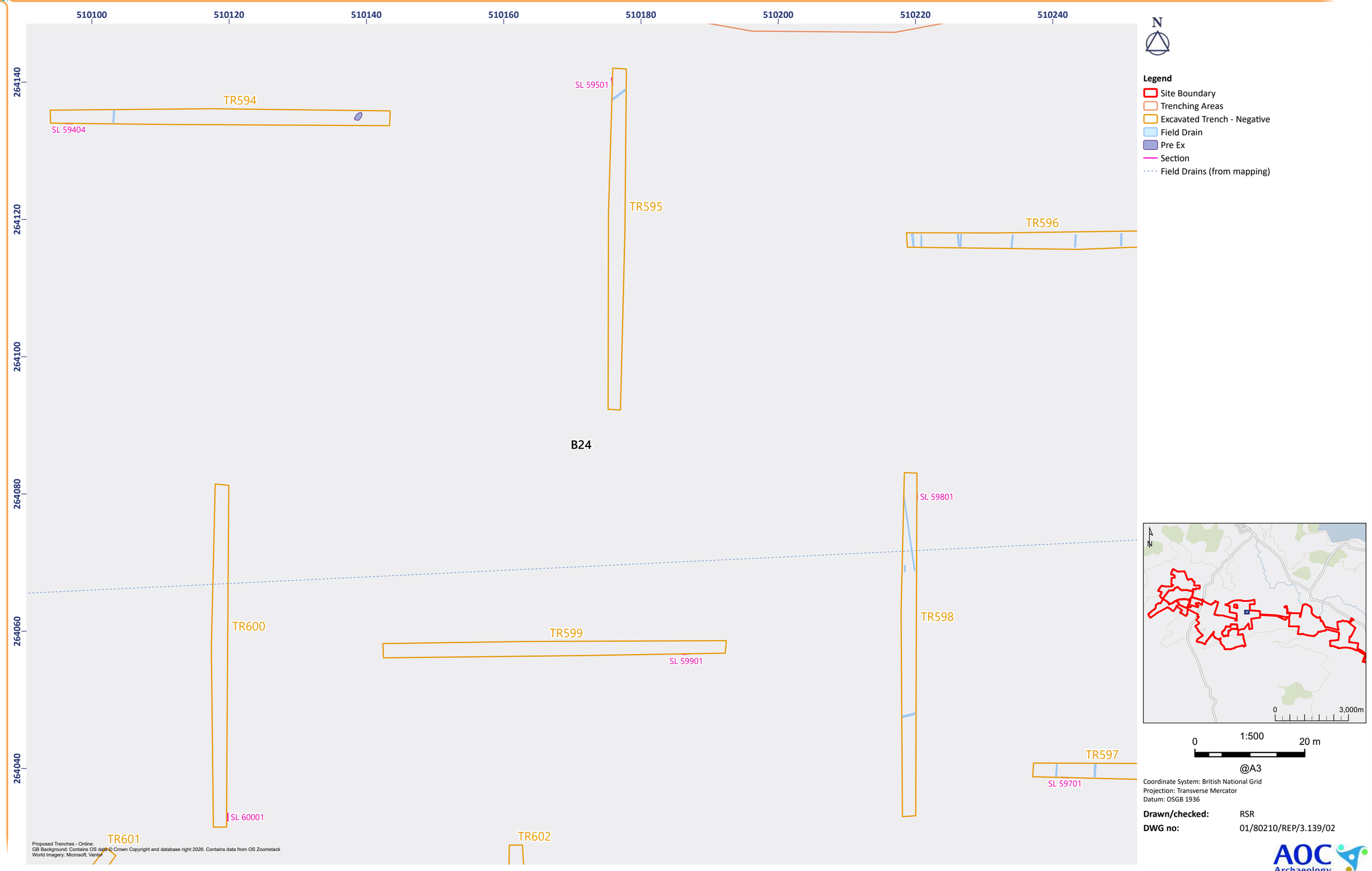


Figure 3.139: Trenches 594-598, 600: Archaeological Results

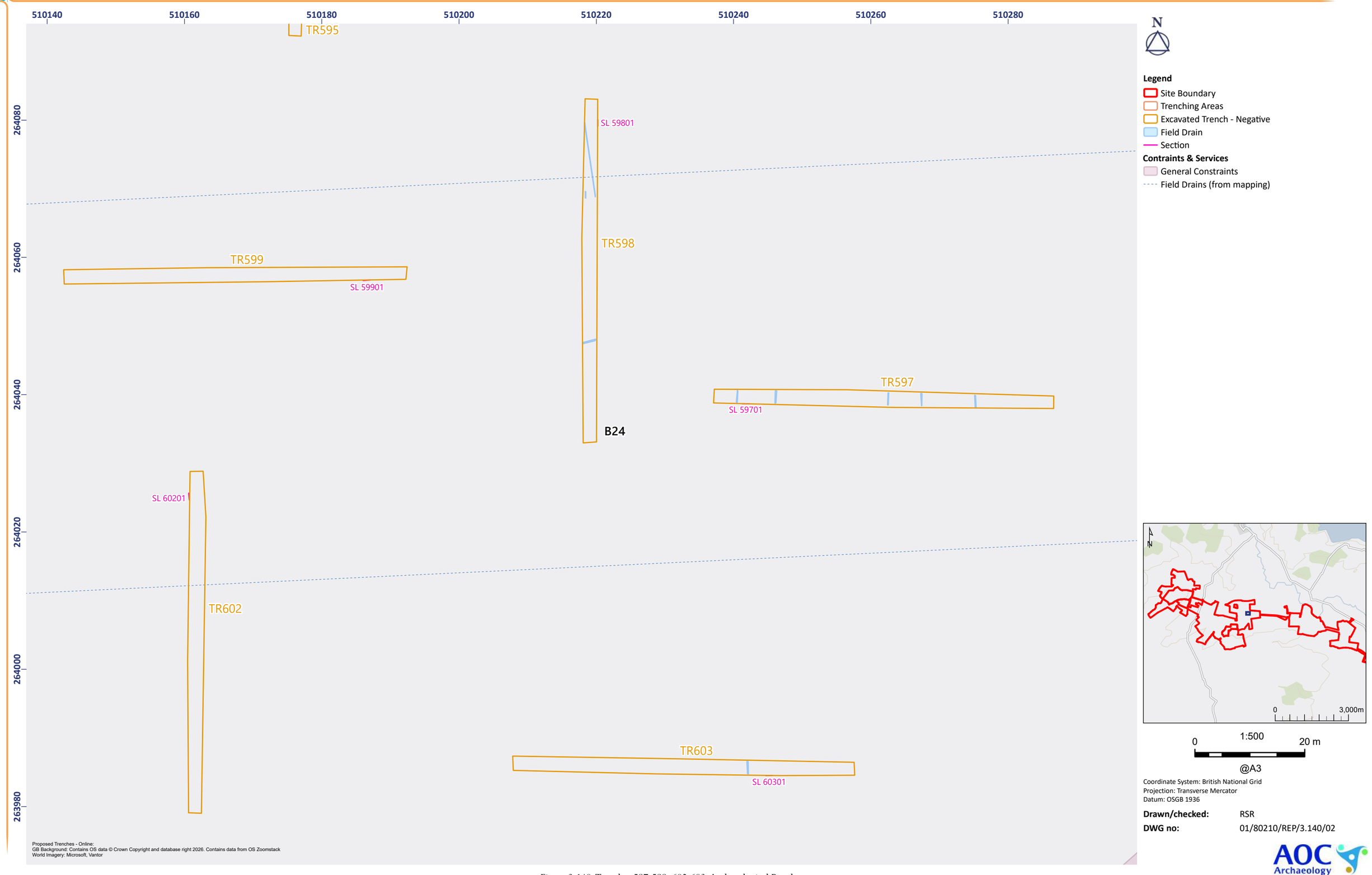
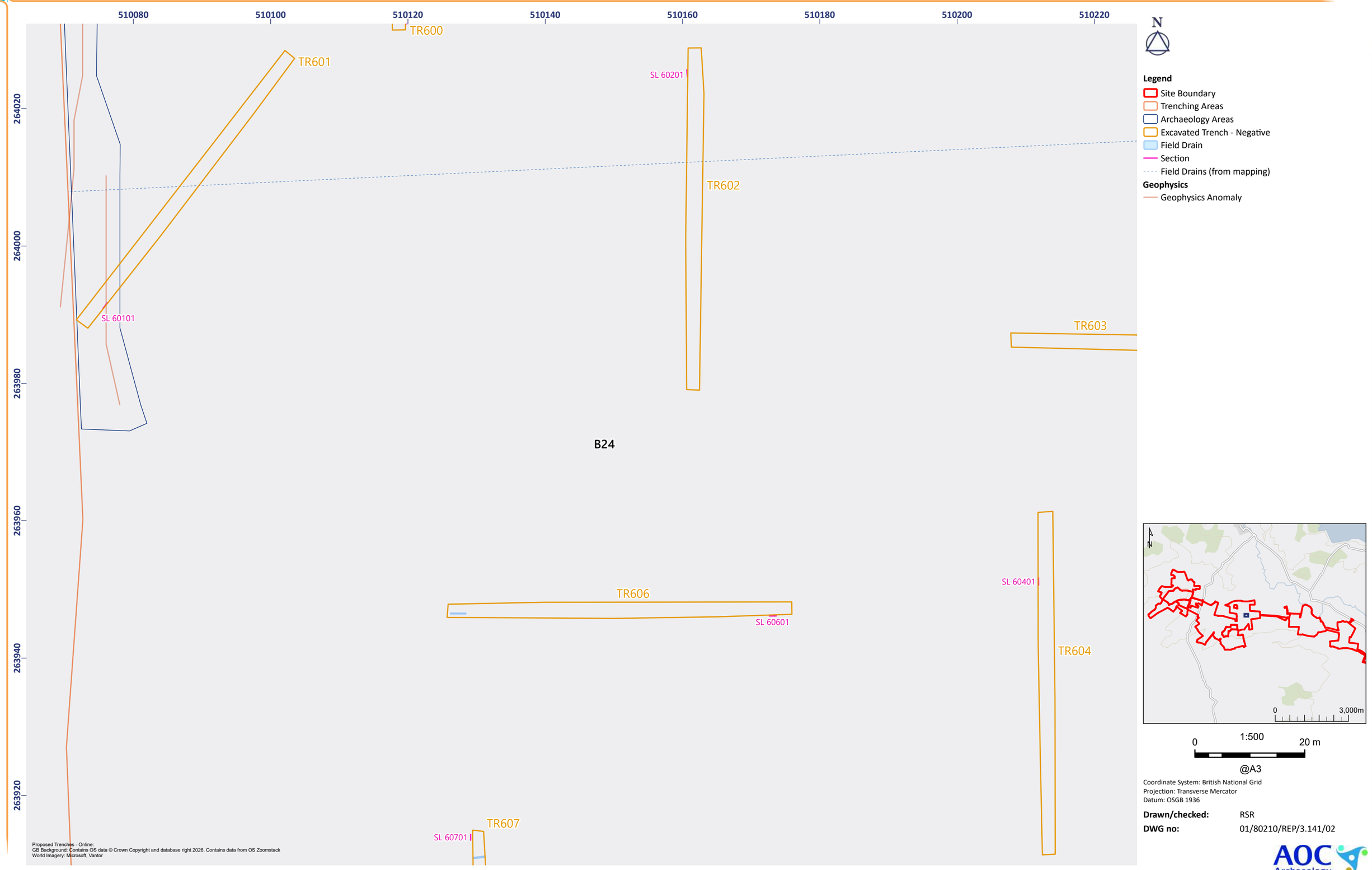


Figure 3.140: Trenches 597-599, 602-603: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.141/02

Figure 3.141: Trenches 601-604, 606: Archaeological Results

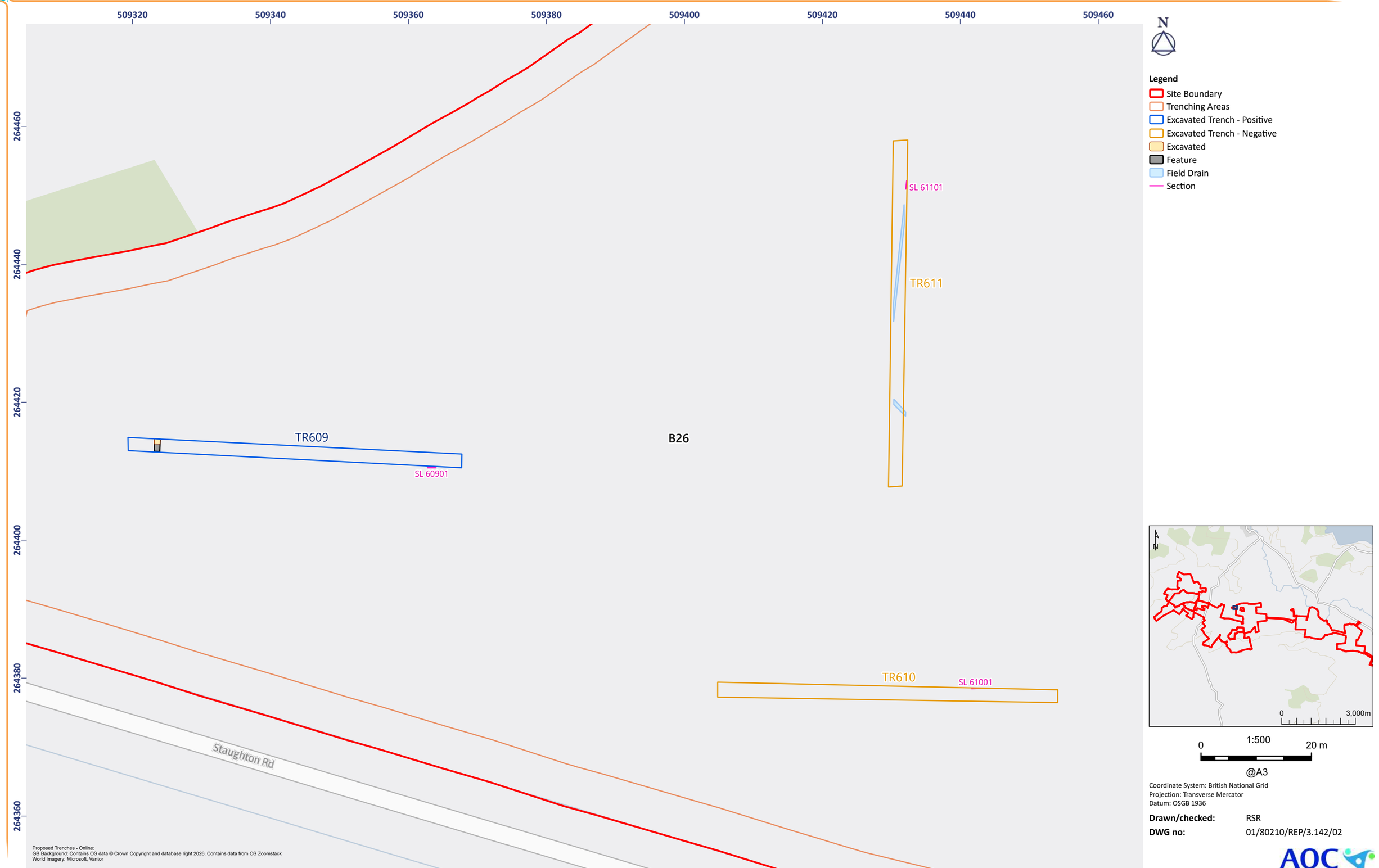


Figure 3.142: Trenches 609-611: Archaeological Results

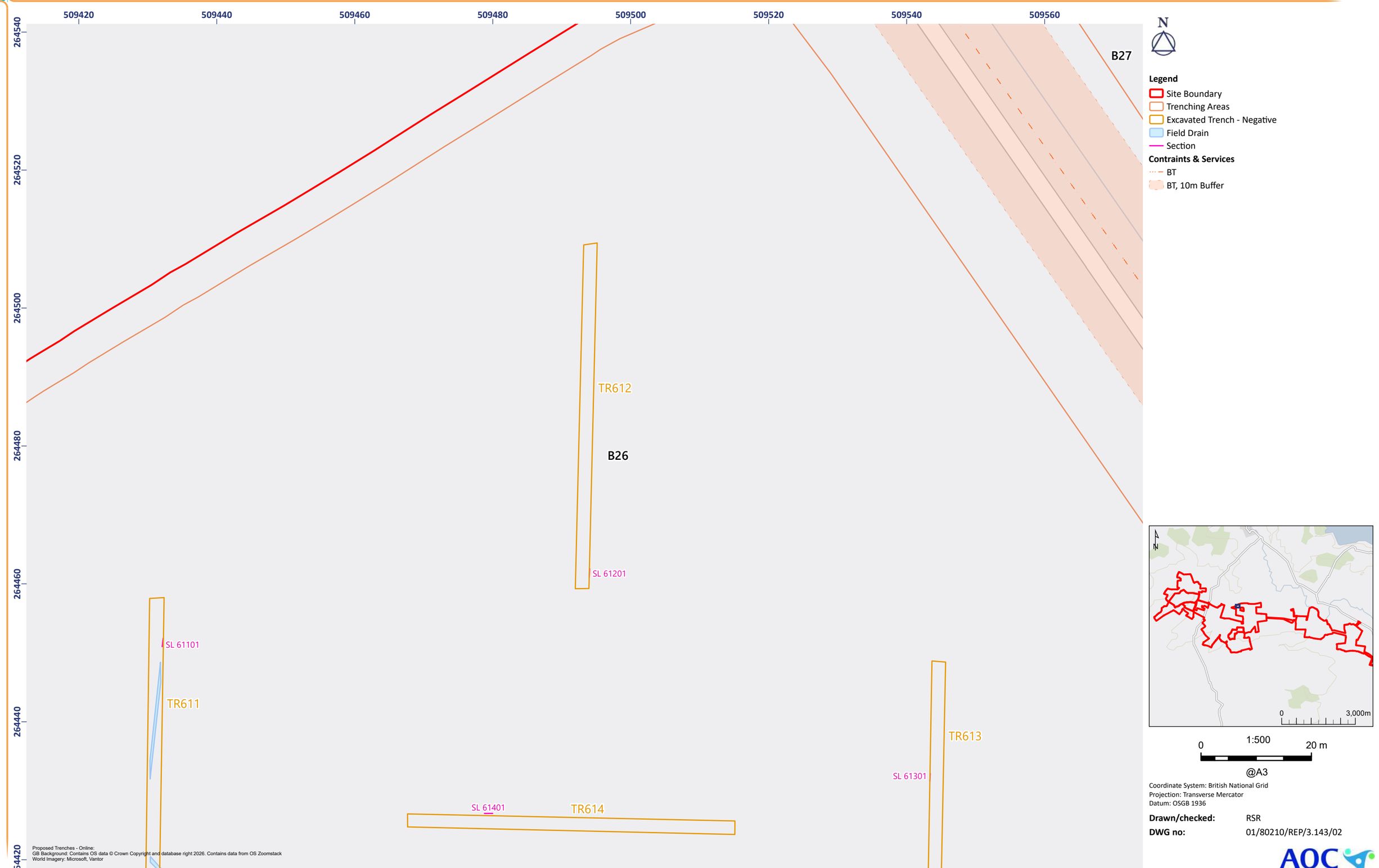
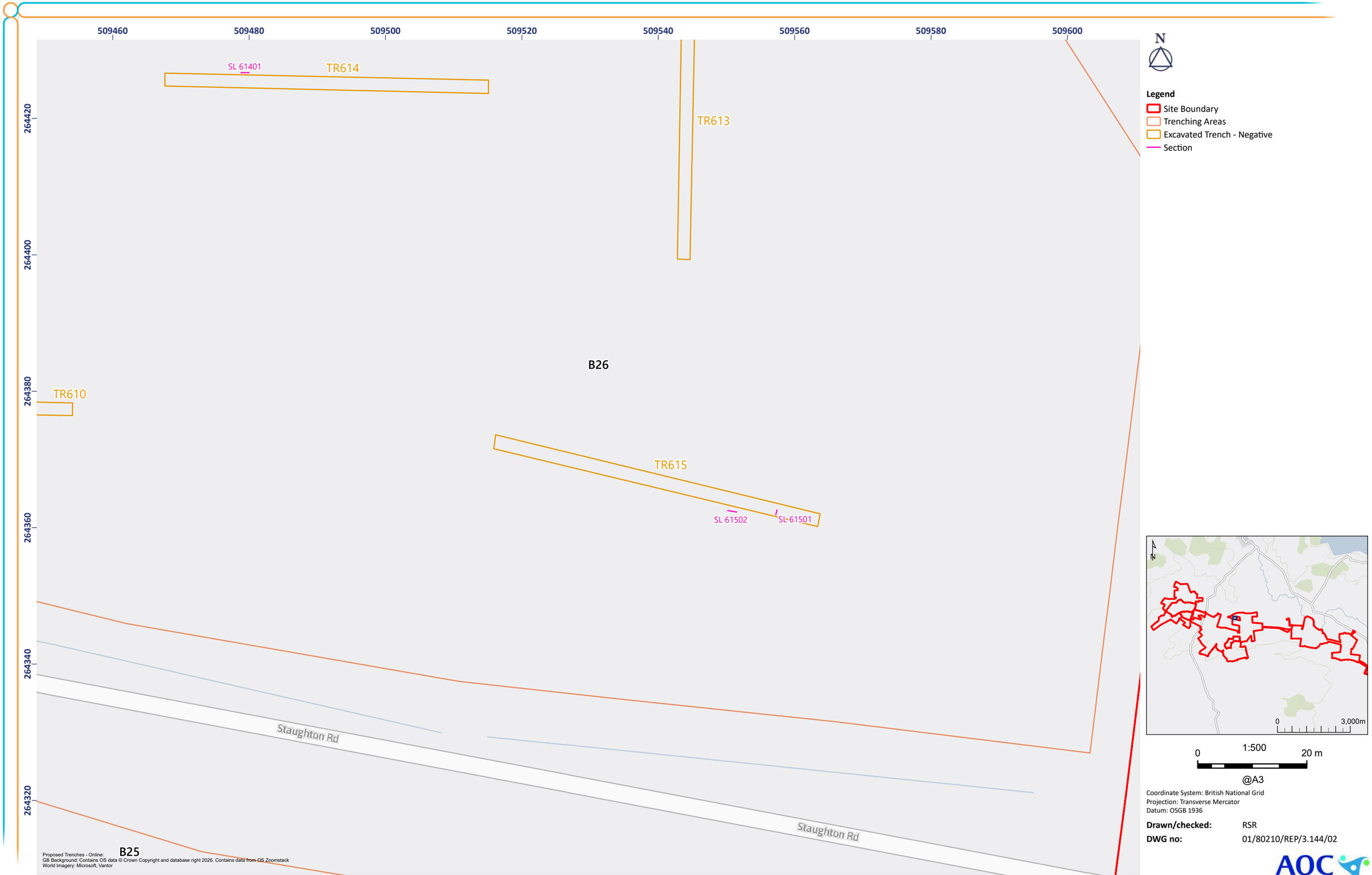


Figure 3.143: Trench 612: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.144/02

Figure 3.144: Trenches 613-615: Archaeological Results

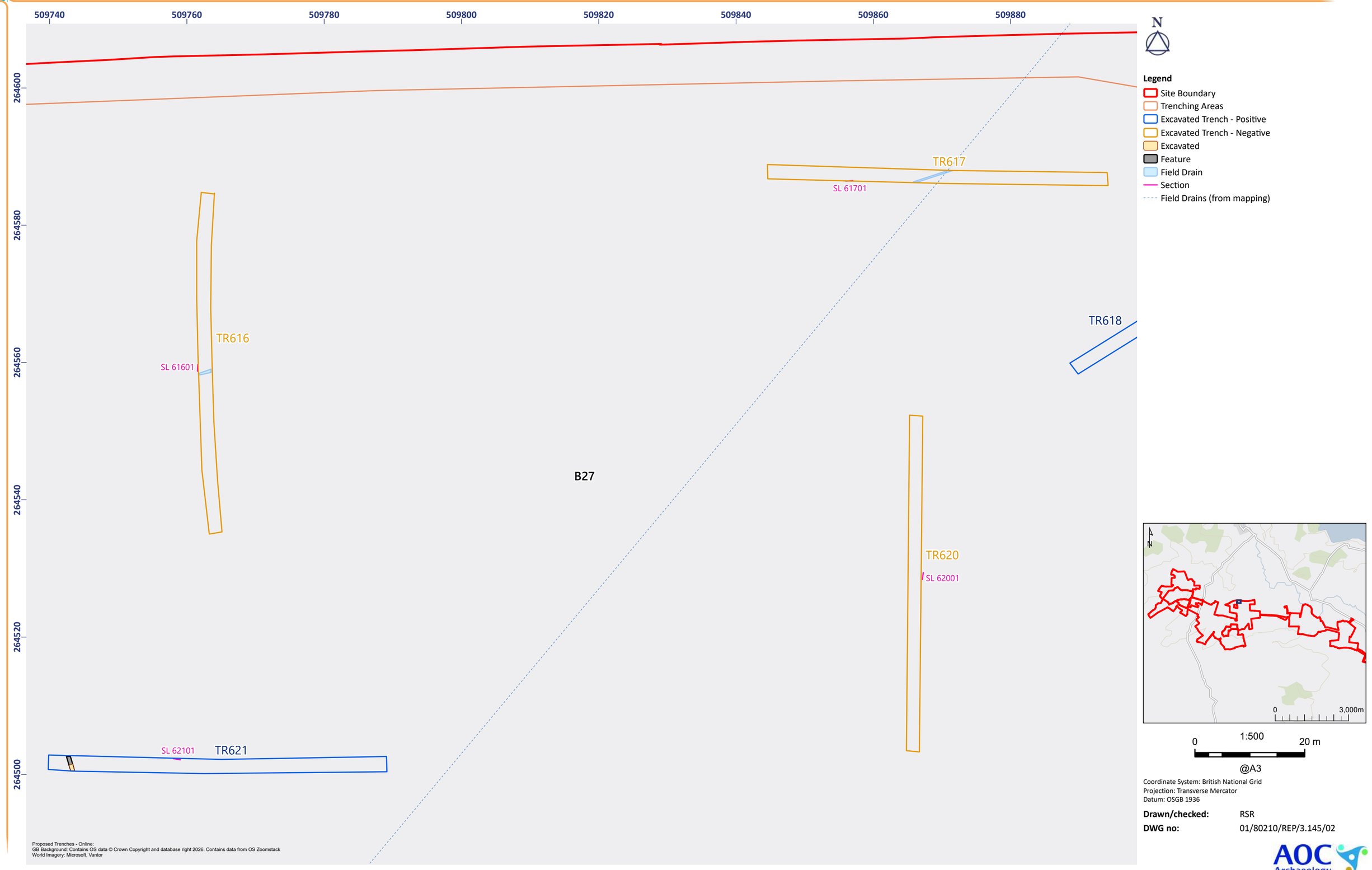
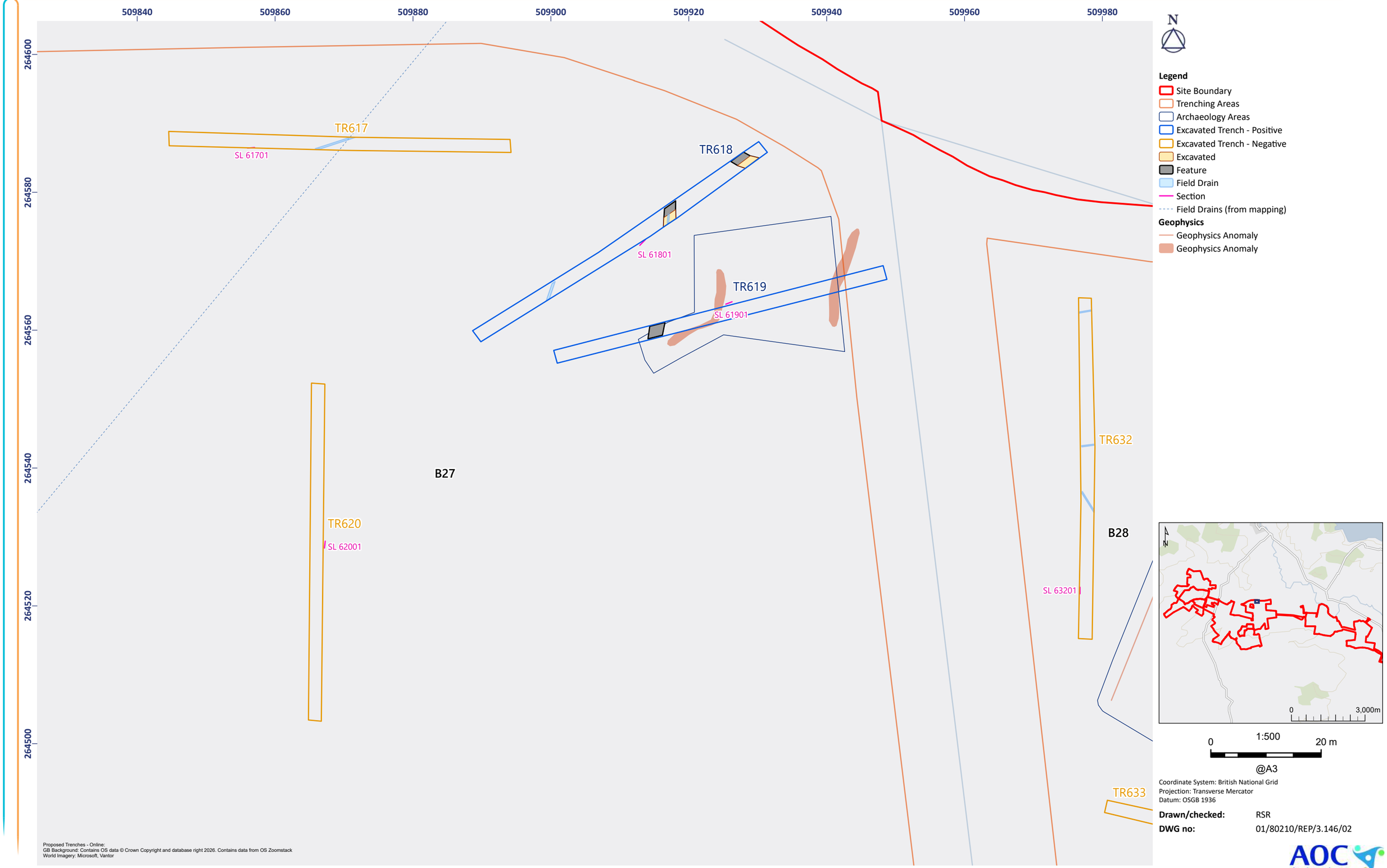


Figure 3.145: Trenches 616-617, 620-621: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.146/02

Figure 3.146: Trenches 617-620: Archaeological Results

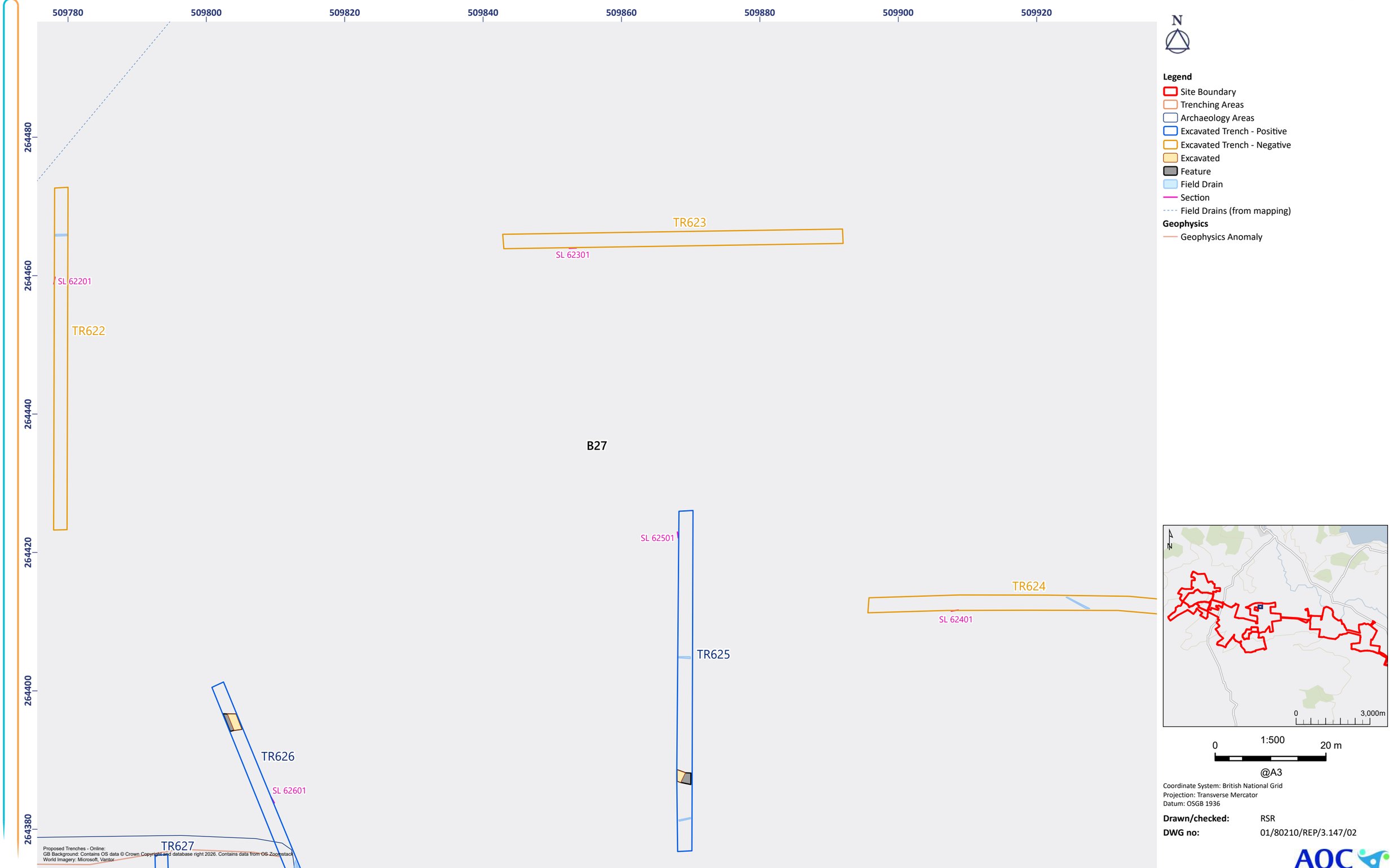


Figure 3.147: Trenches 622-626: Archaeological Results

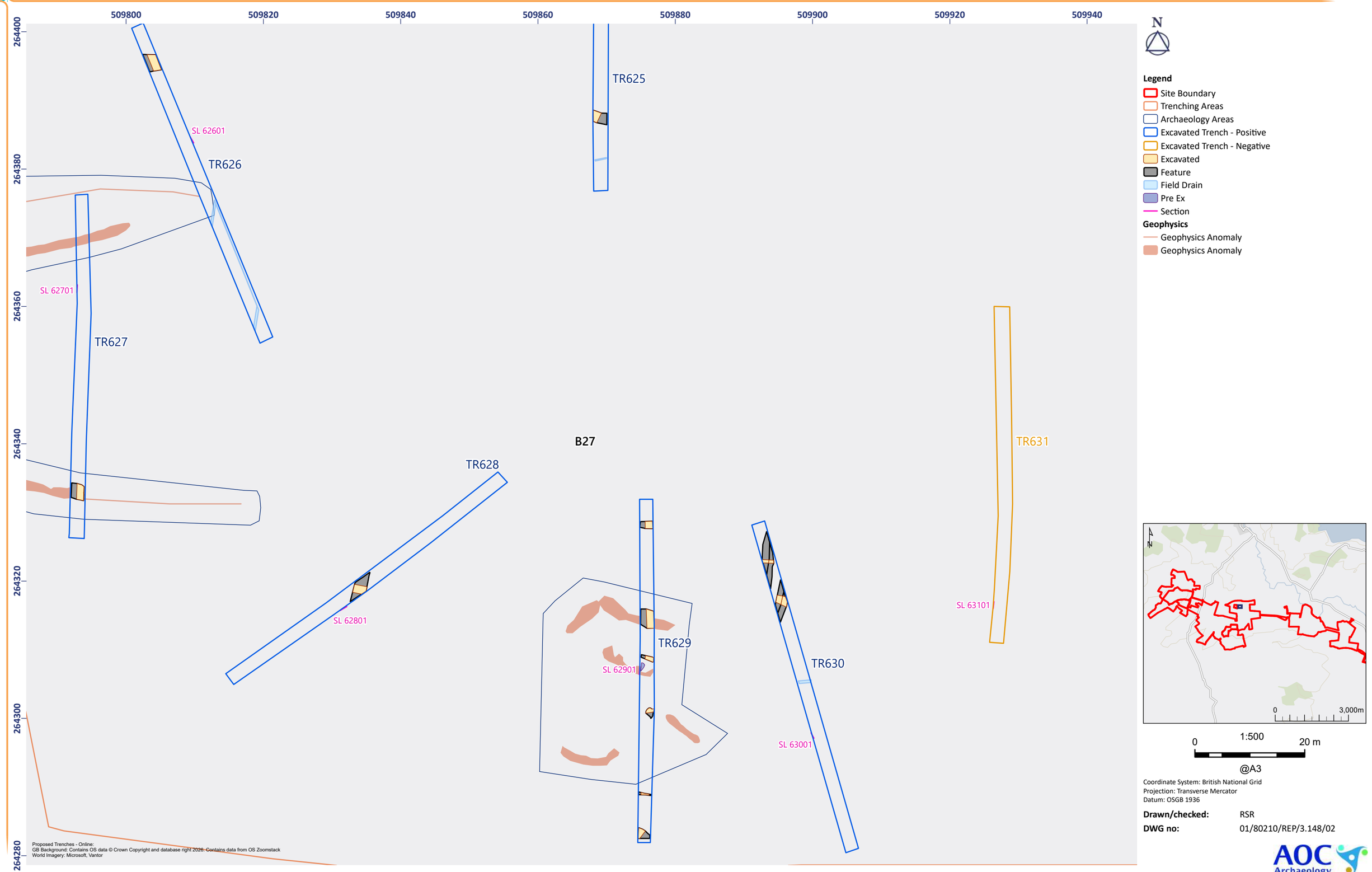


Figure 3.148: Trenches 626-631: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.149/02

Figure 3.149: Trenches 632-637, 648: Archaeological Results



Figure 3.150: Trenches 638-639, 644, 646: Archaeological Results



Figure 3.151: Trenches 640-642: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.152/02

Figure 3.152: Trenches 647, 649, 654-658: Archaeological Results

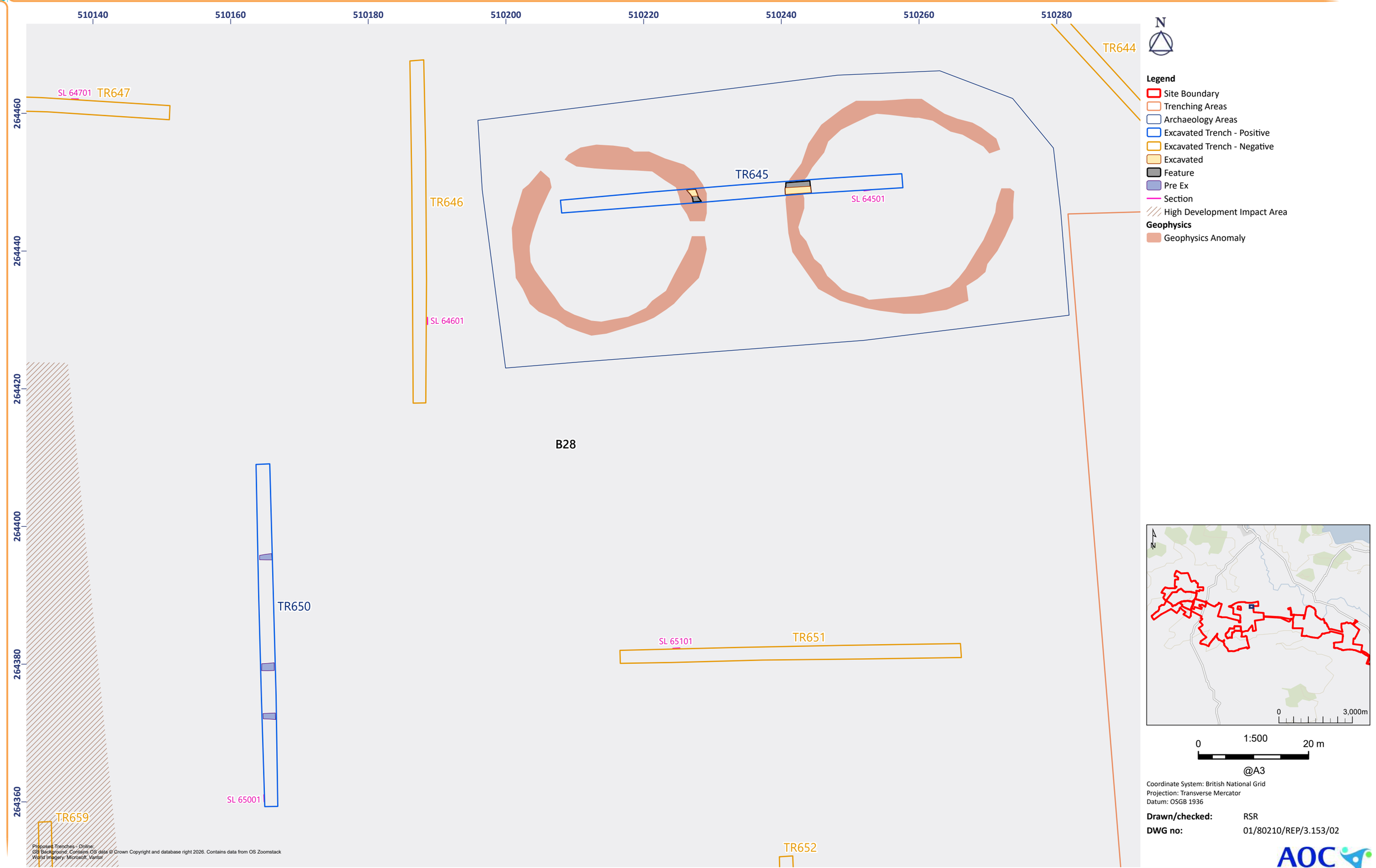


Figure 3.153: Trenches 645-646, 650-651: Archaeological Results

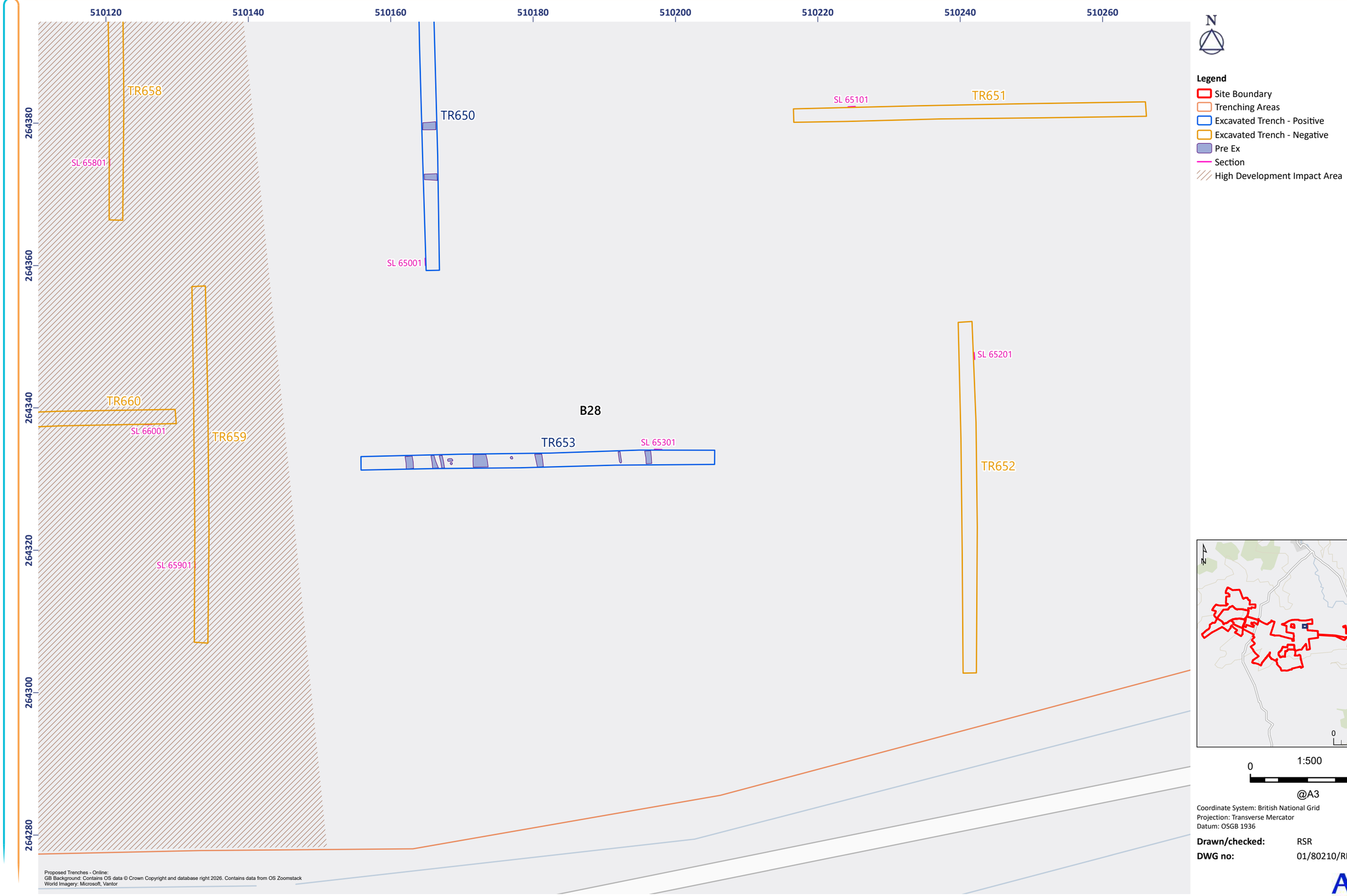
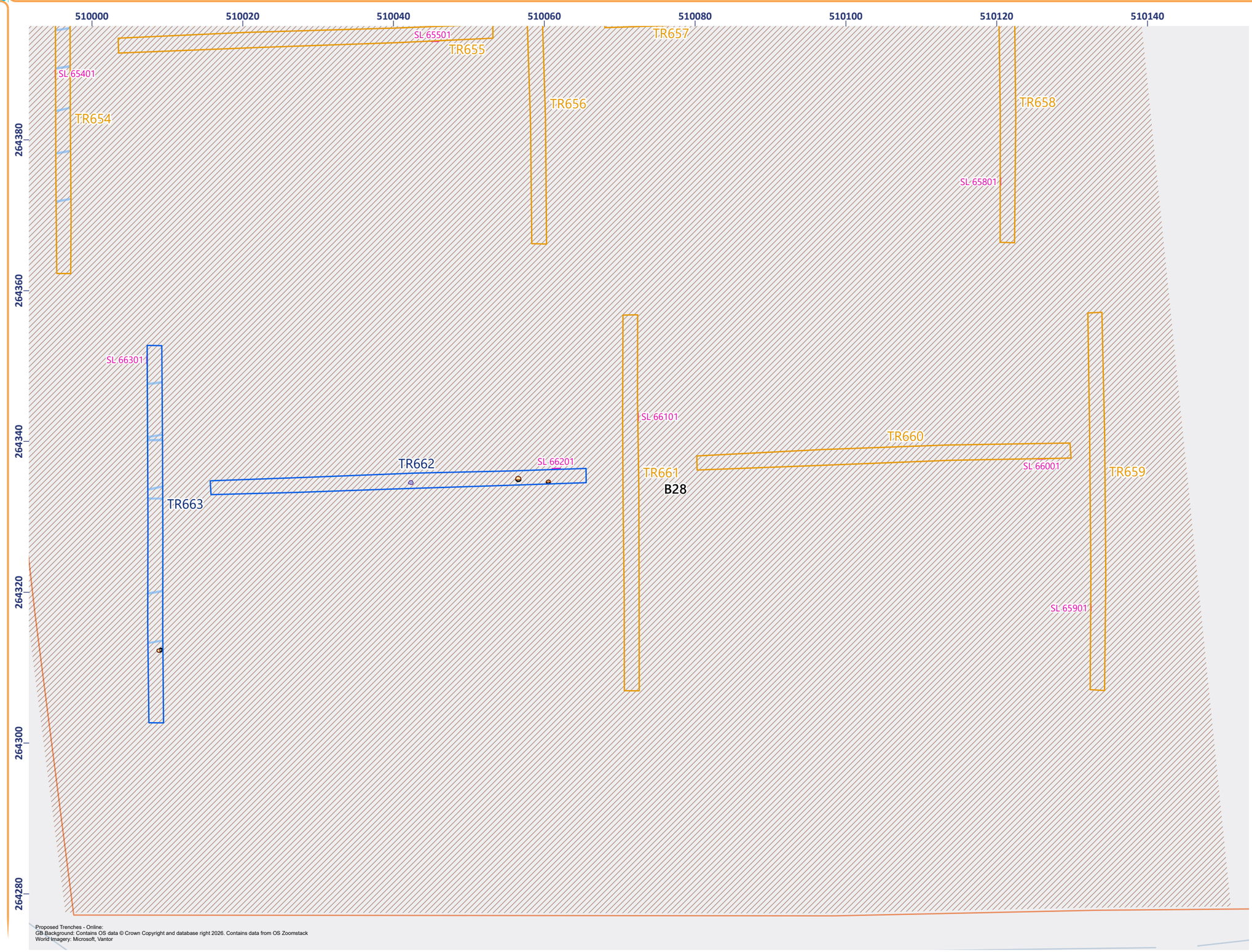


Figure 3.154: Trenches 651-653, 659: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.155/02

Figure 3.155: Trenches 659-663: Archaeological Results

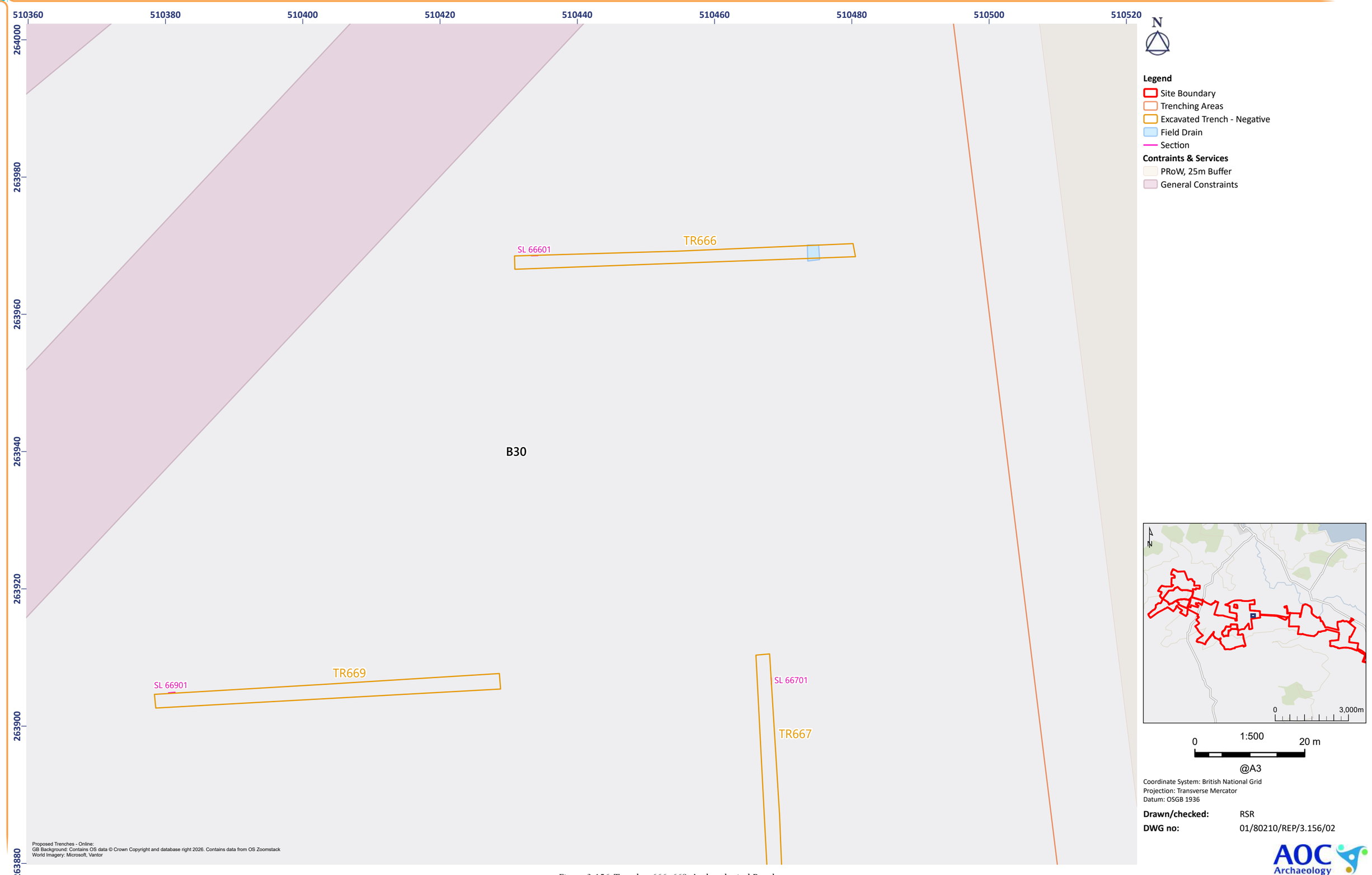


Figure 3.156: Trenches 666, 669: Archaeological Results

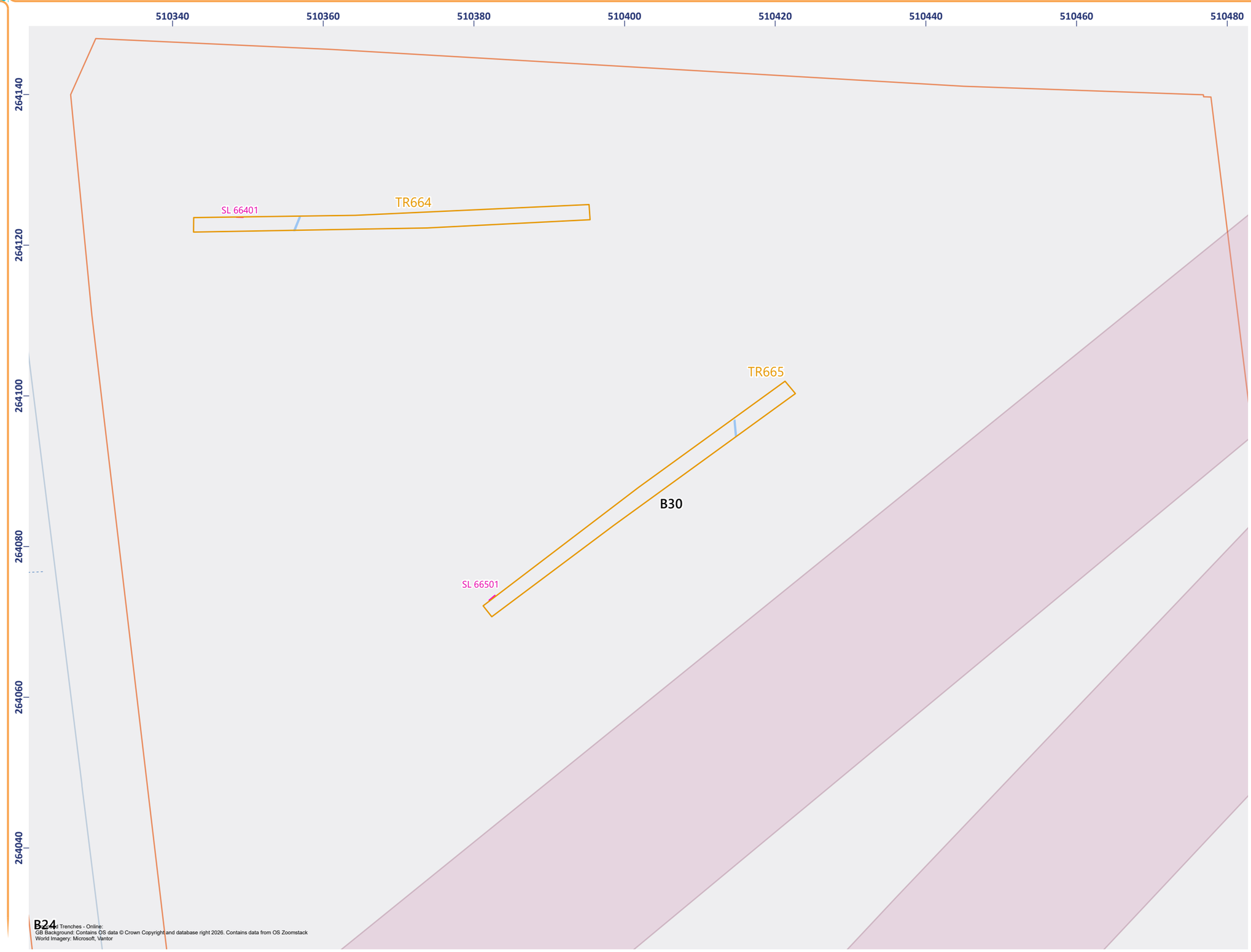
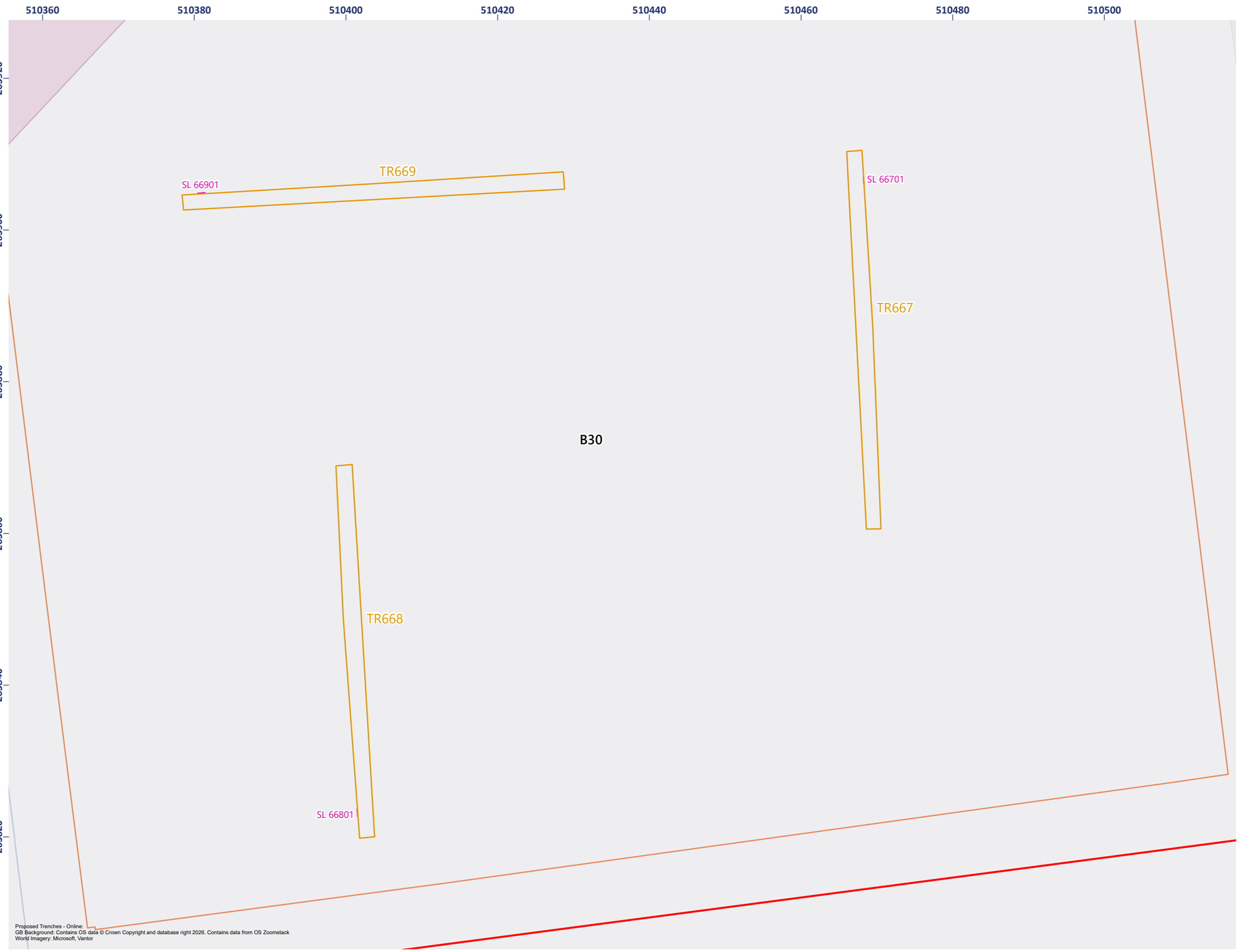


Figure 3.157: Trenches 664-665: Archaeological Results



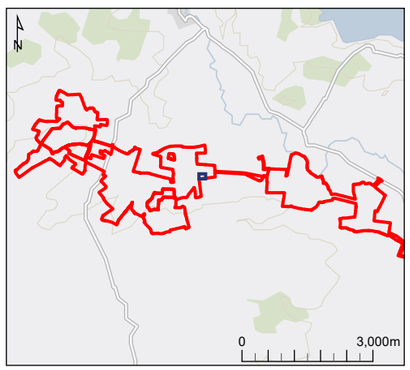
N

Legend

- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Excavated Trench - Negative
- Section

Contraints & Services

- PRoW, 25m Buffer
- General Constraints



0 1:500 20 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.158/02

AOC Archaeology Group

Figure 3.158: Trenches 667-669: Archaeological Results

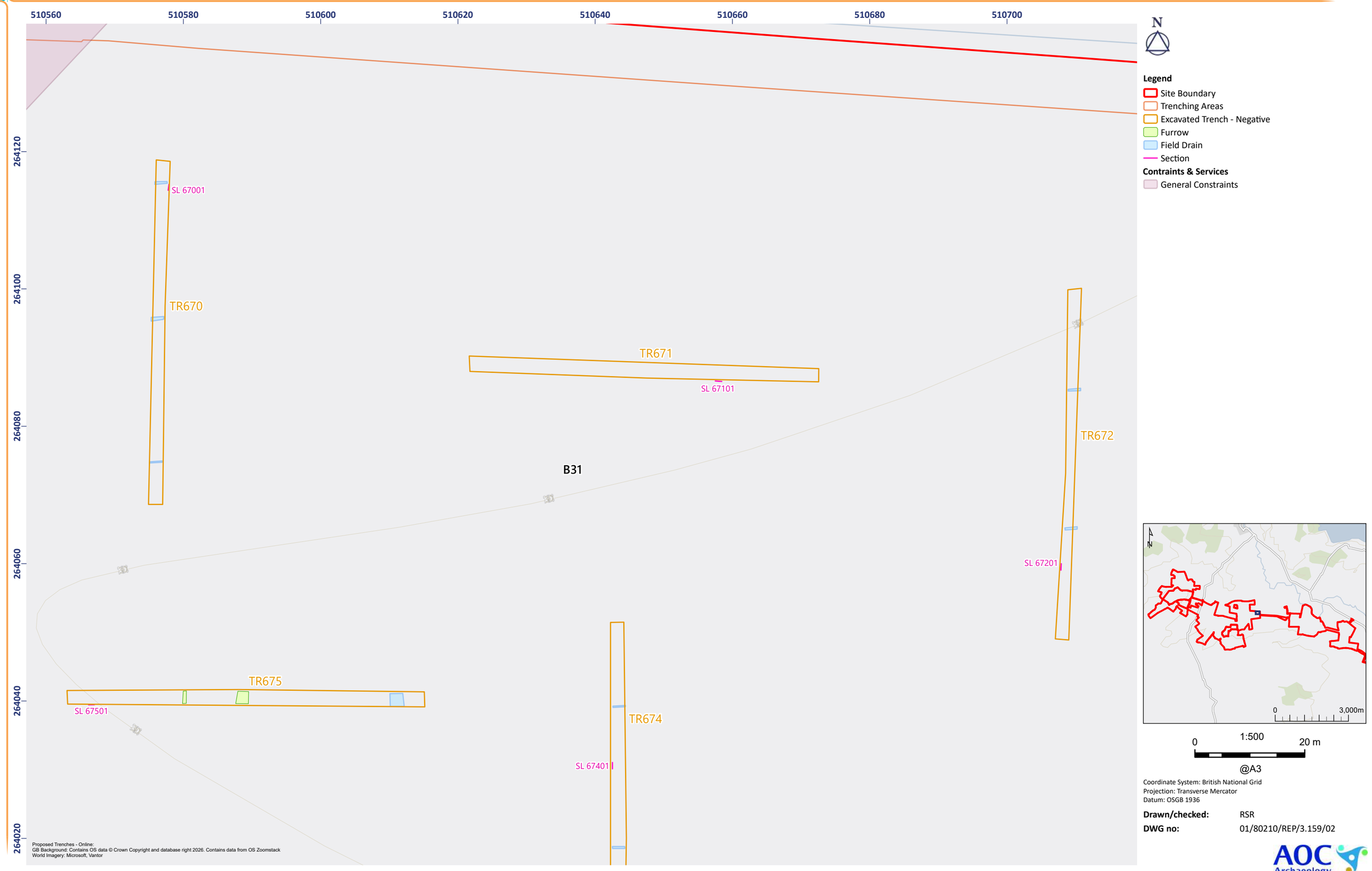


Figure 3.159: Trenches 670-675: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.160/02

Figure 3.160: Trenches 673-676: Archaeological Results

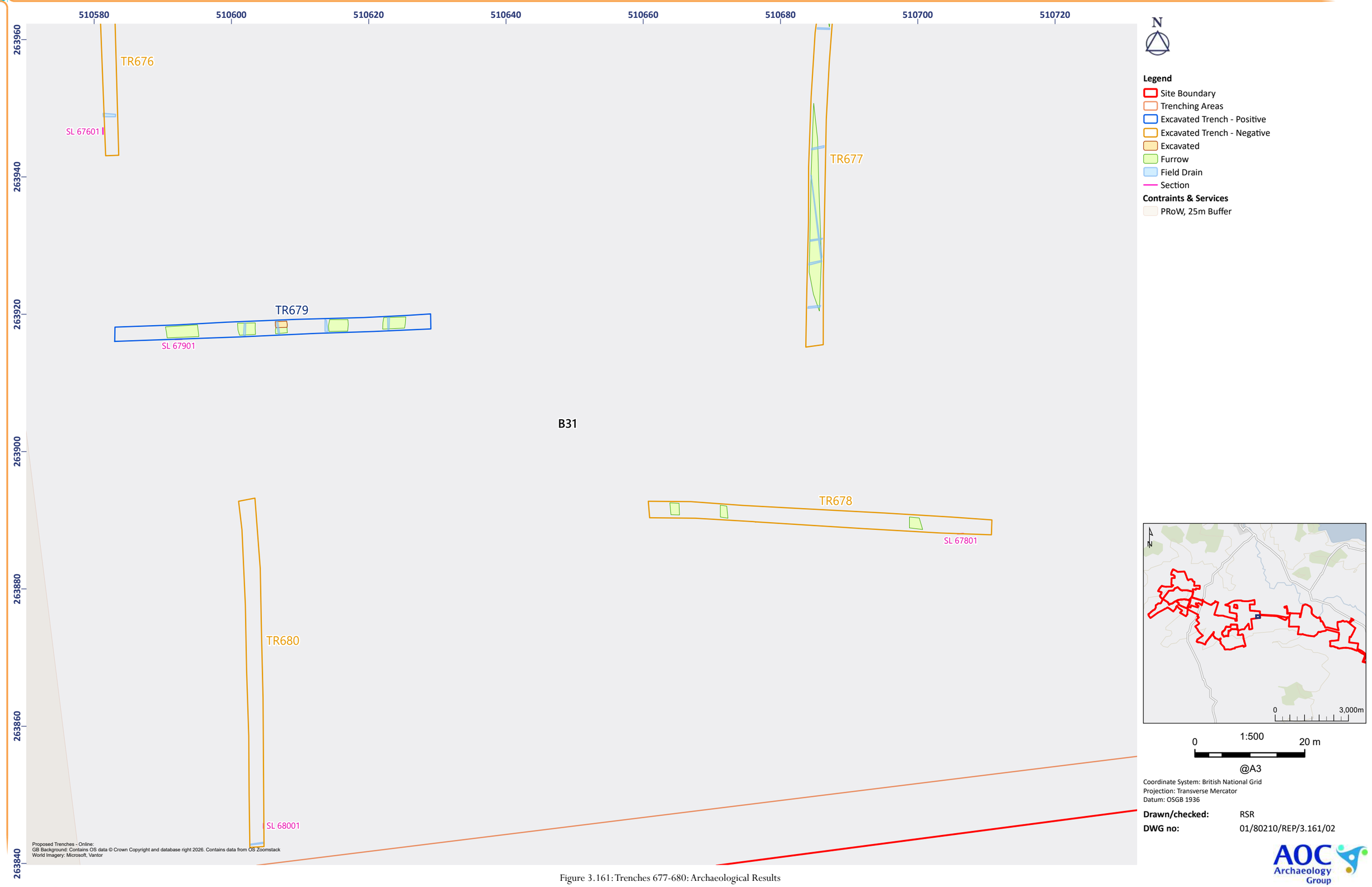


Figure 3.161: Trenches 677-680: Archaeological Results

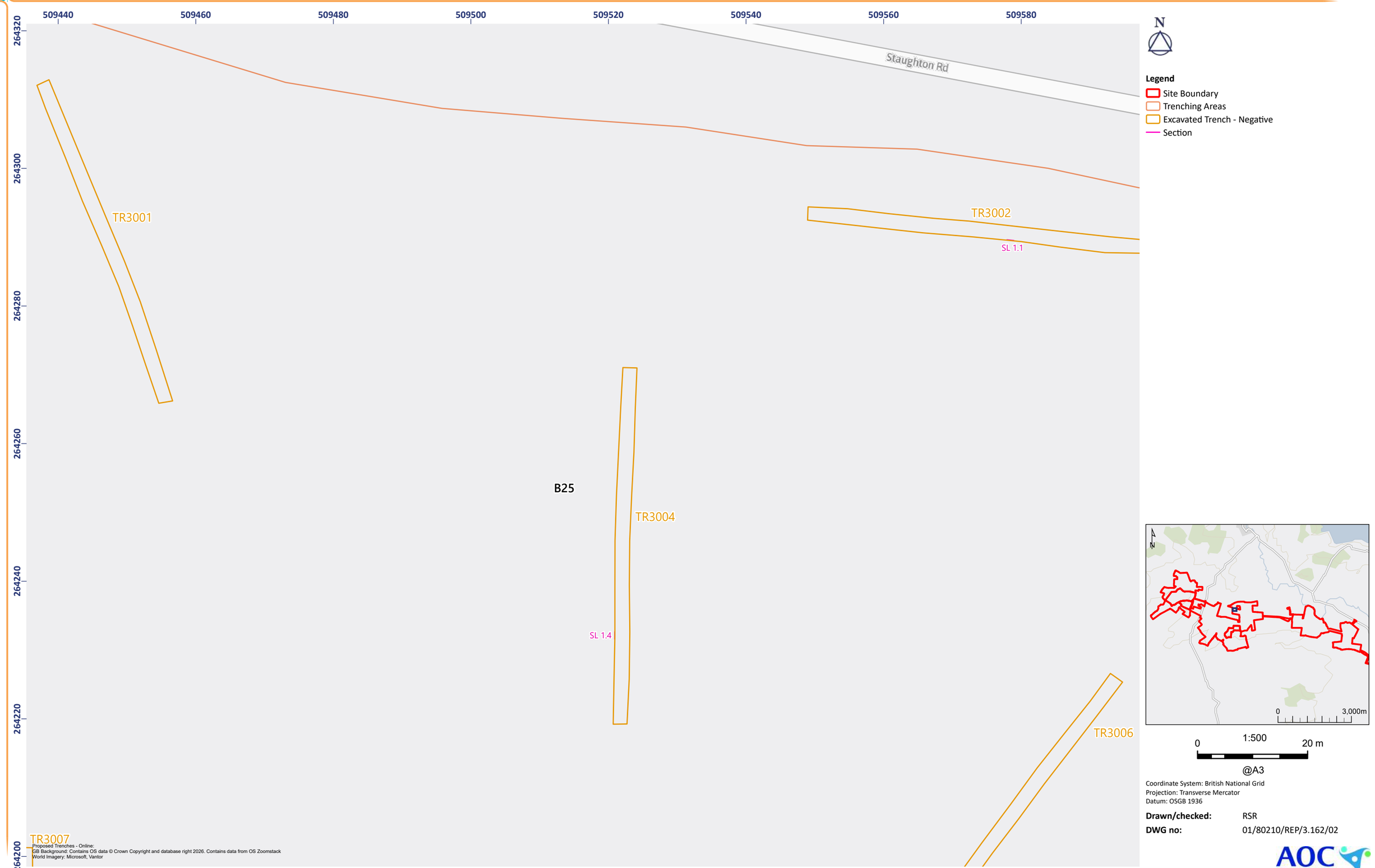
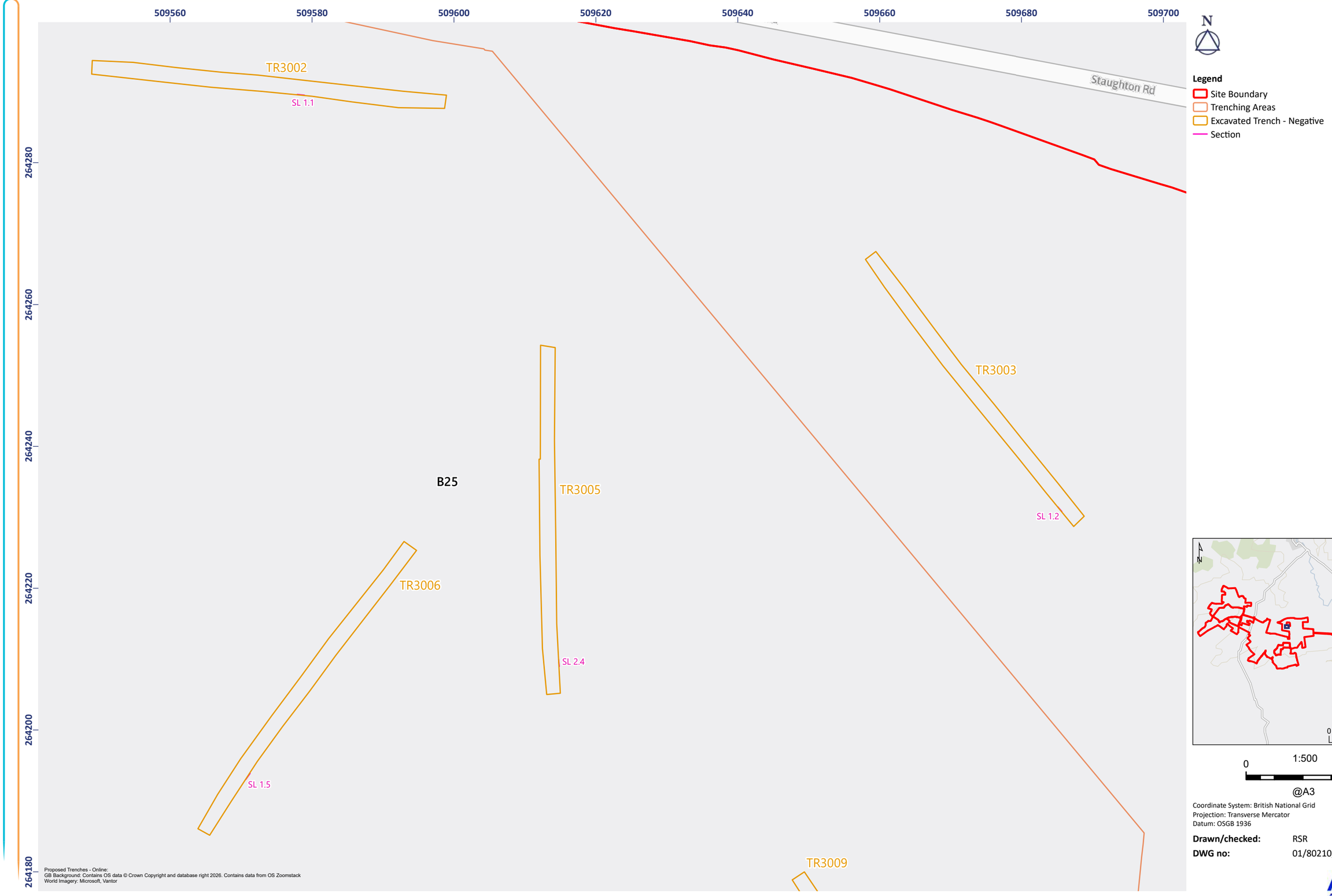


Figure 3.162: Trenches 3001-3002, 3004: Archaeological Results

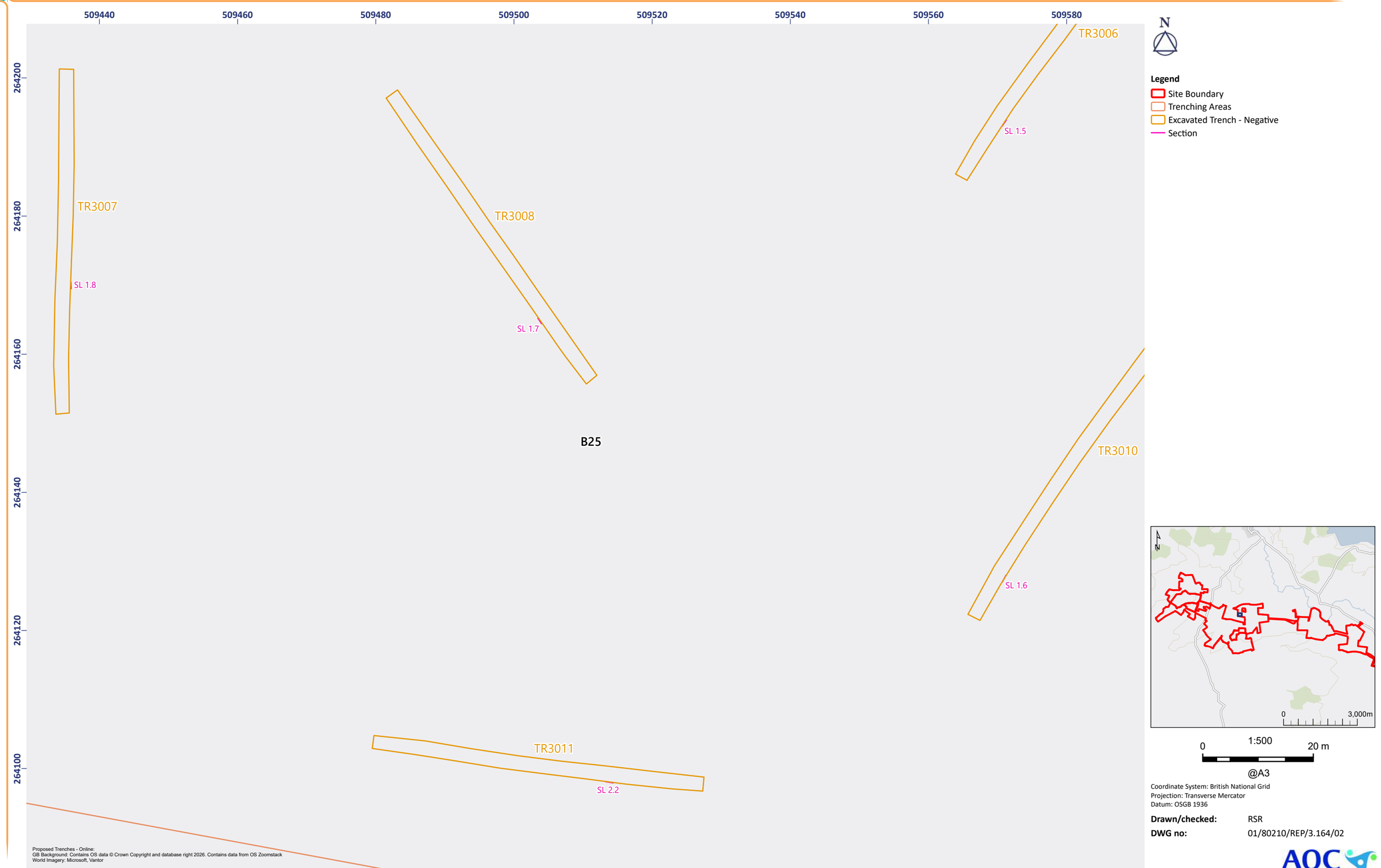


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.163/02

Figure 3.163: Trenches 3002-3003, 3005-3006: Archaeological Results

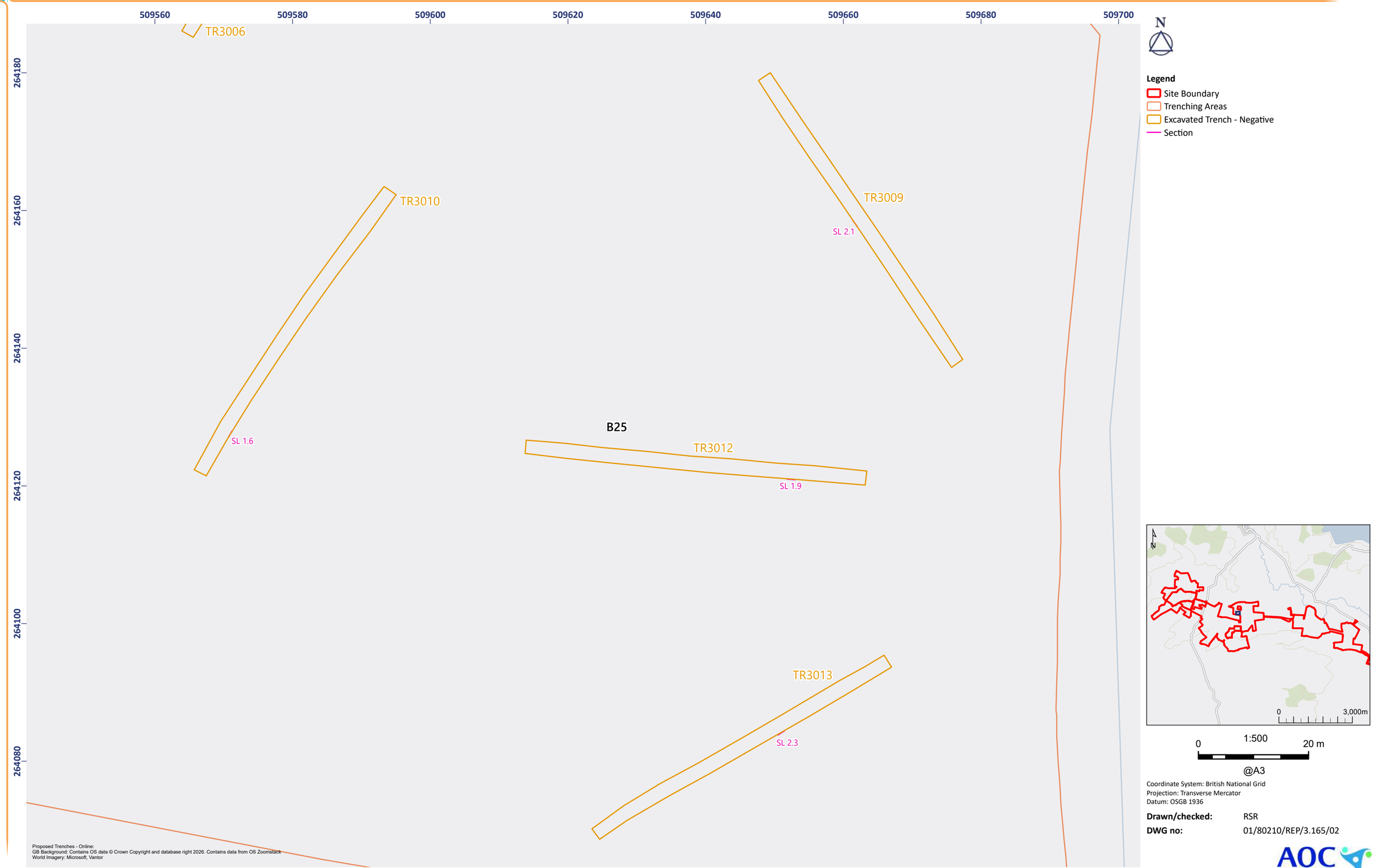


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.164/02

Figure 3.164: Trenches 3007-3008, 3010-3011: Archaeological Results

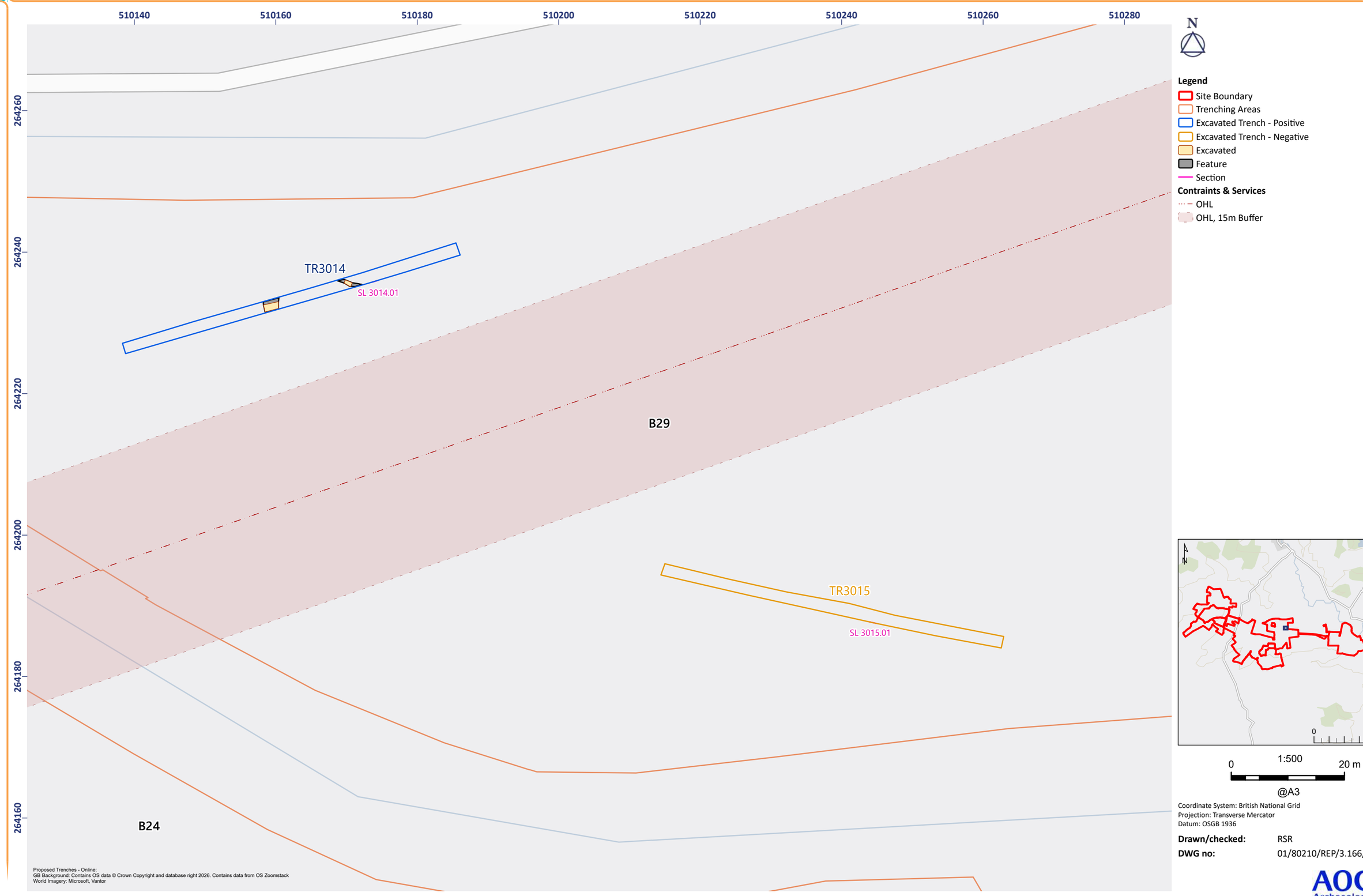


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.165/02

Figure 3.165: Trenches 3009-3010, 3012-3013: Archaeological Results



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/3.166/02

Figure 3.166: Trenches 3014-3015: Archaeological Results

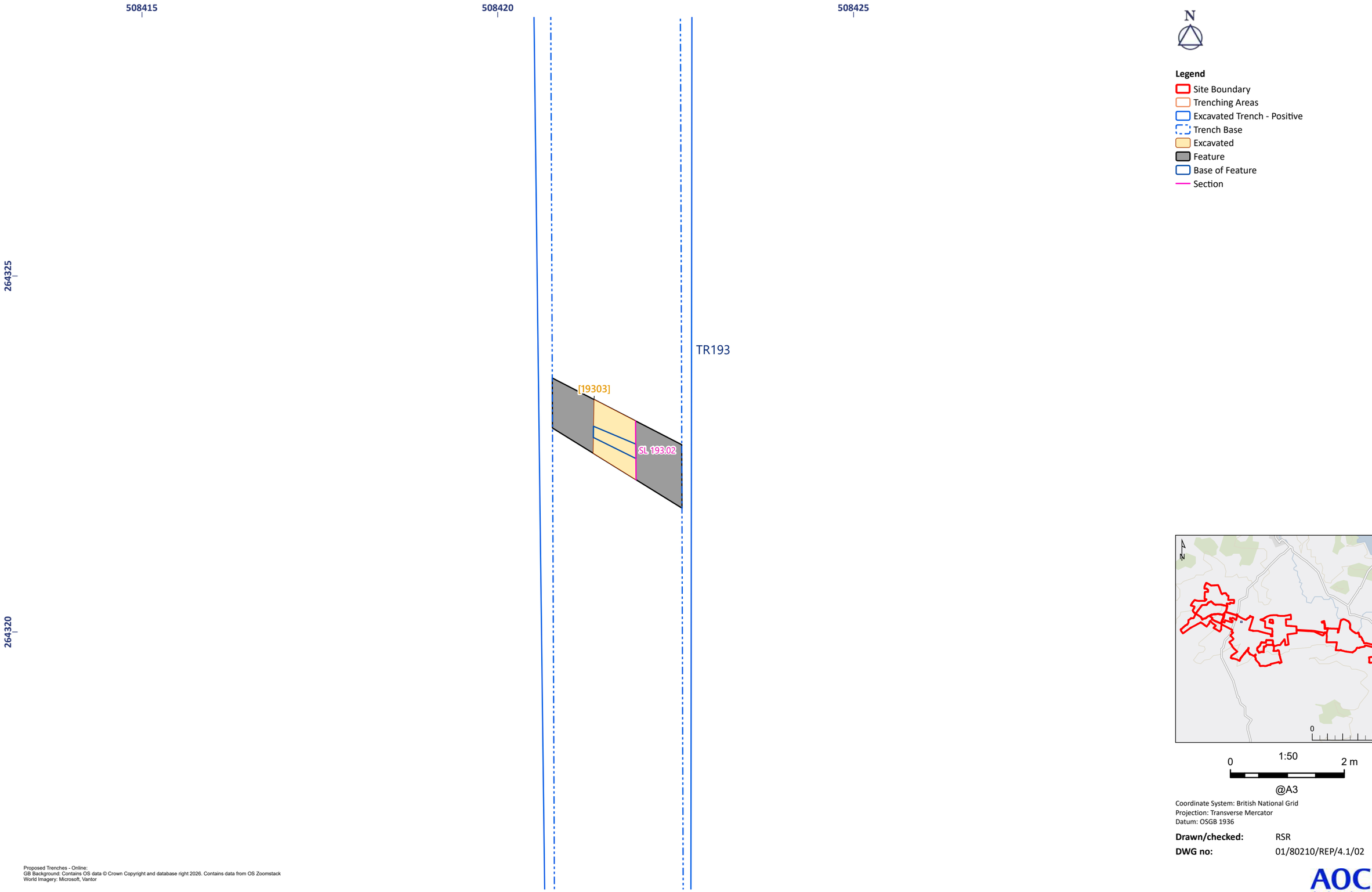


Figure 4.1: Trench 193 Excavated Features

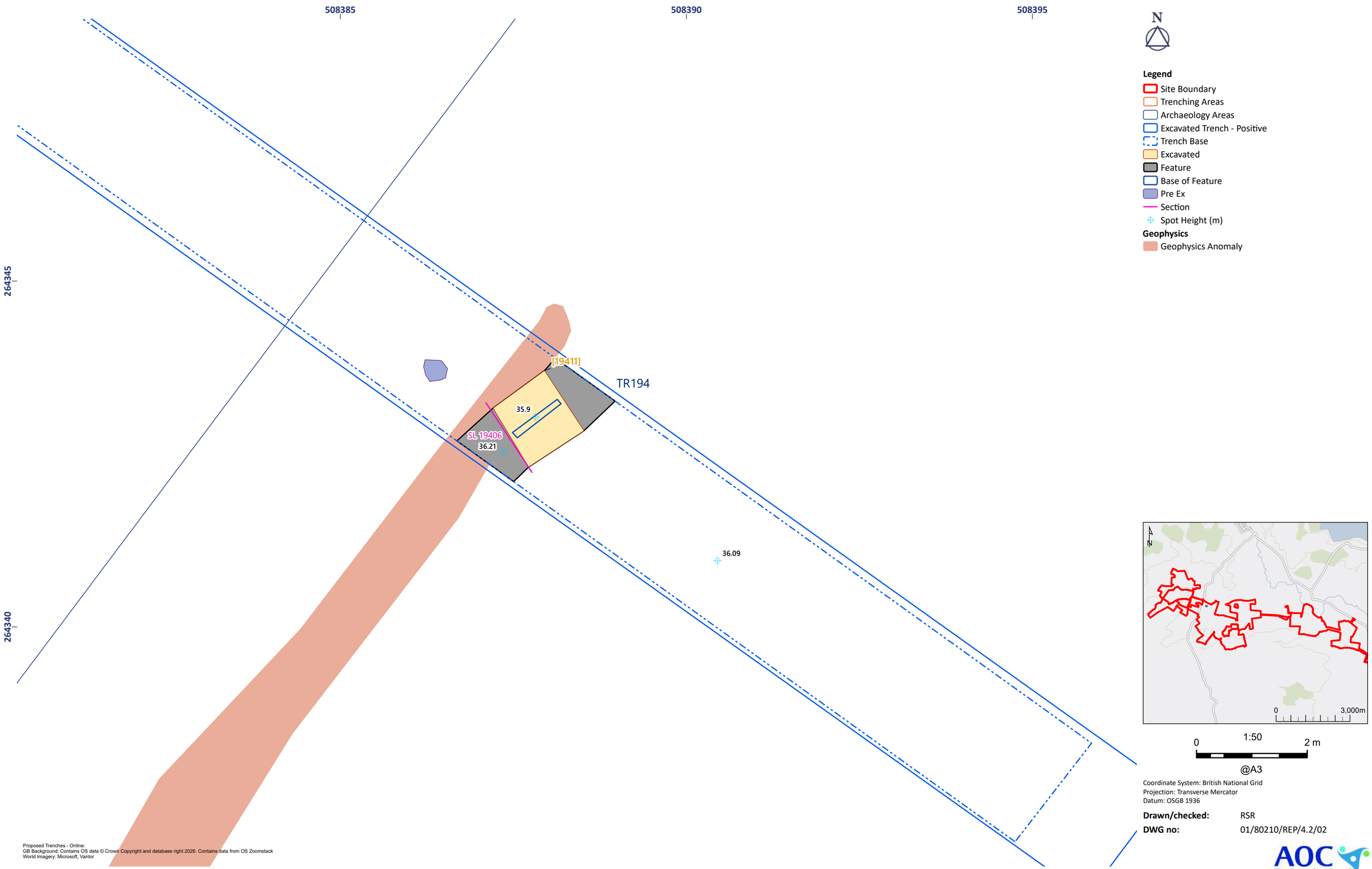


Figure 4.2: Trench 194 Excavated Features

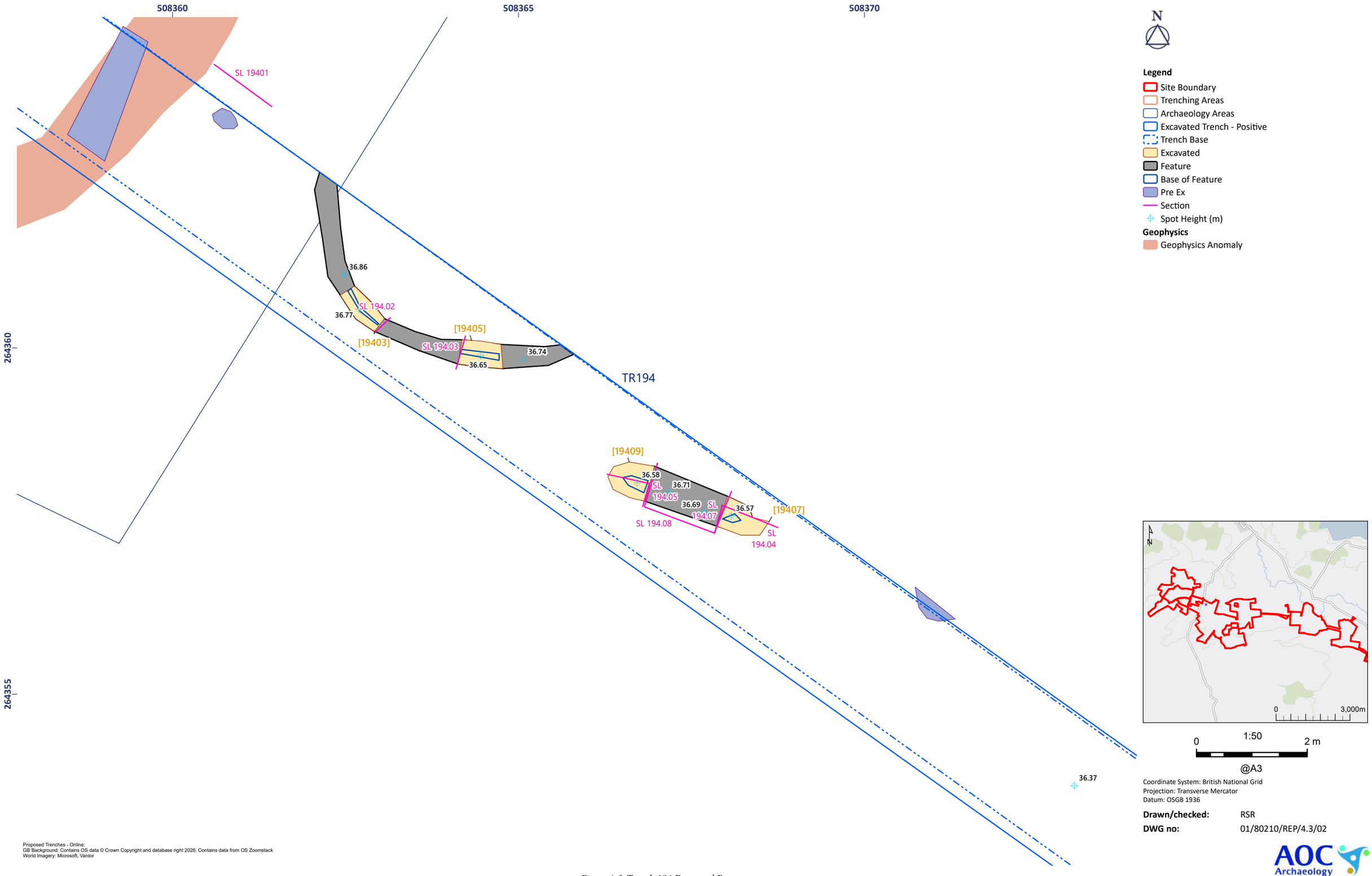


Figure 4.3: Trench 194 Excavated Features

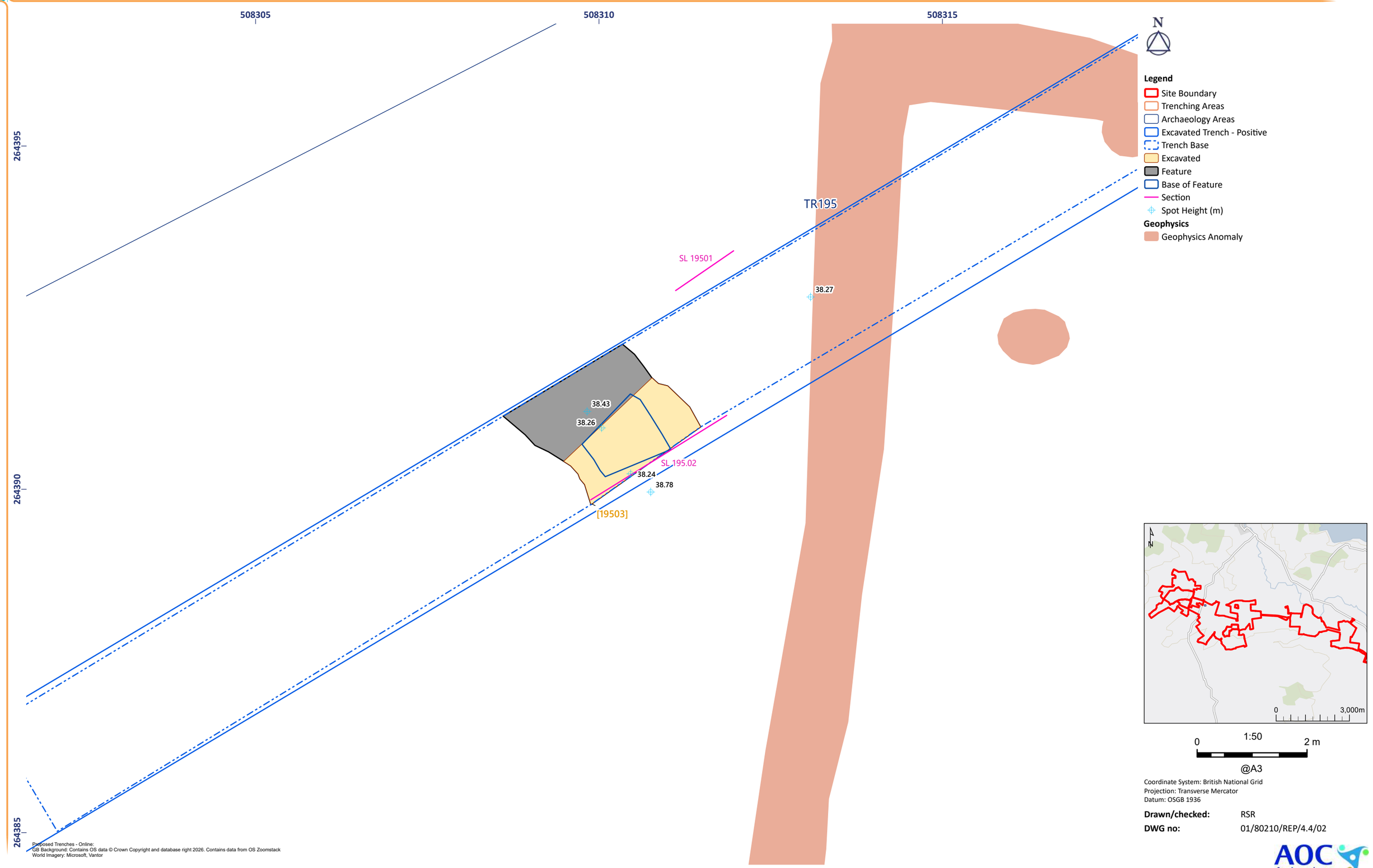


Figure 4.4: Trench 195 Excavated Features

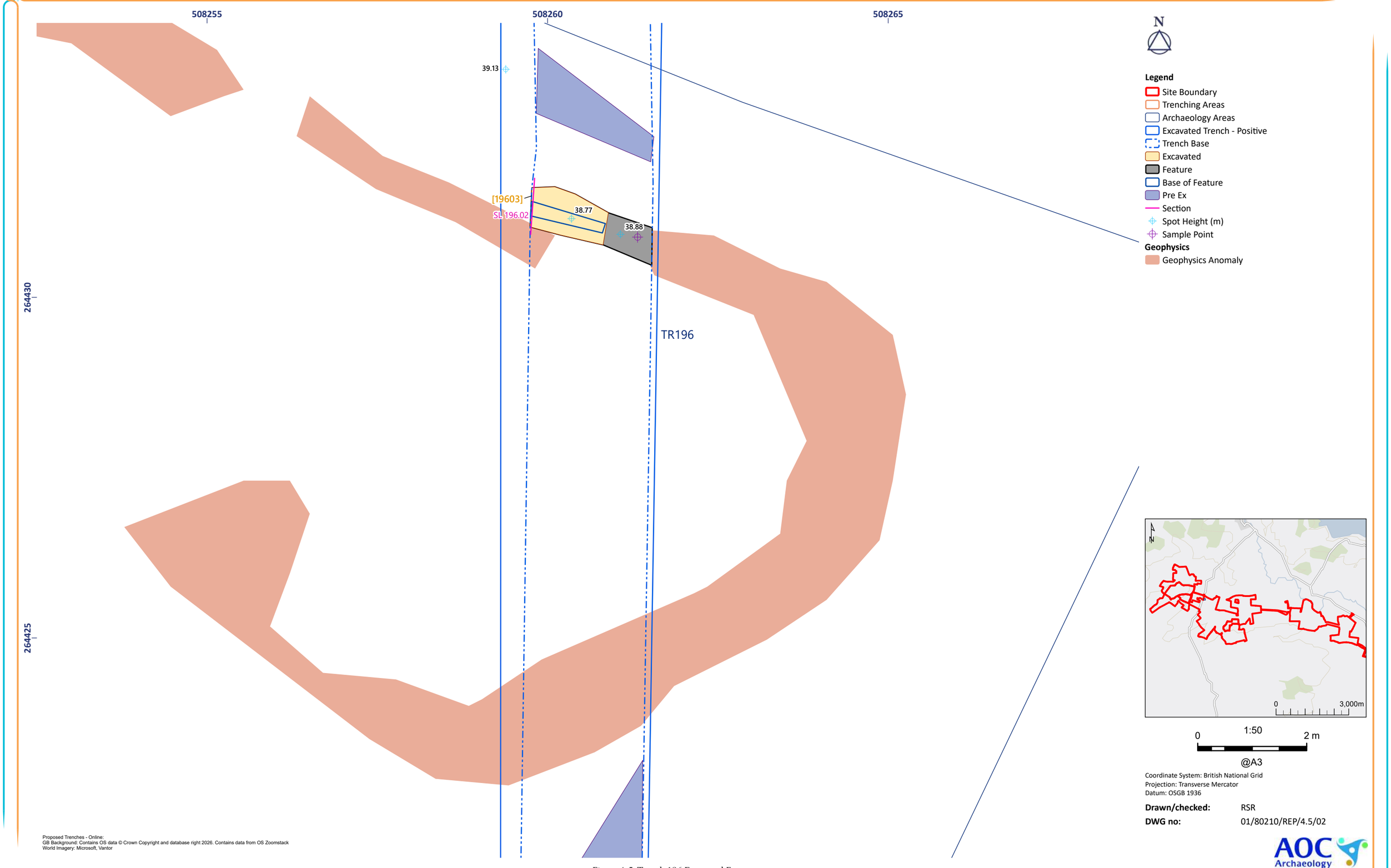


Figure 4.5: Trench 196 Excavated Features

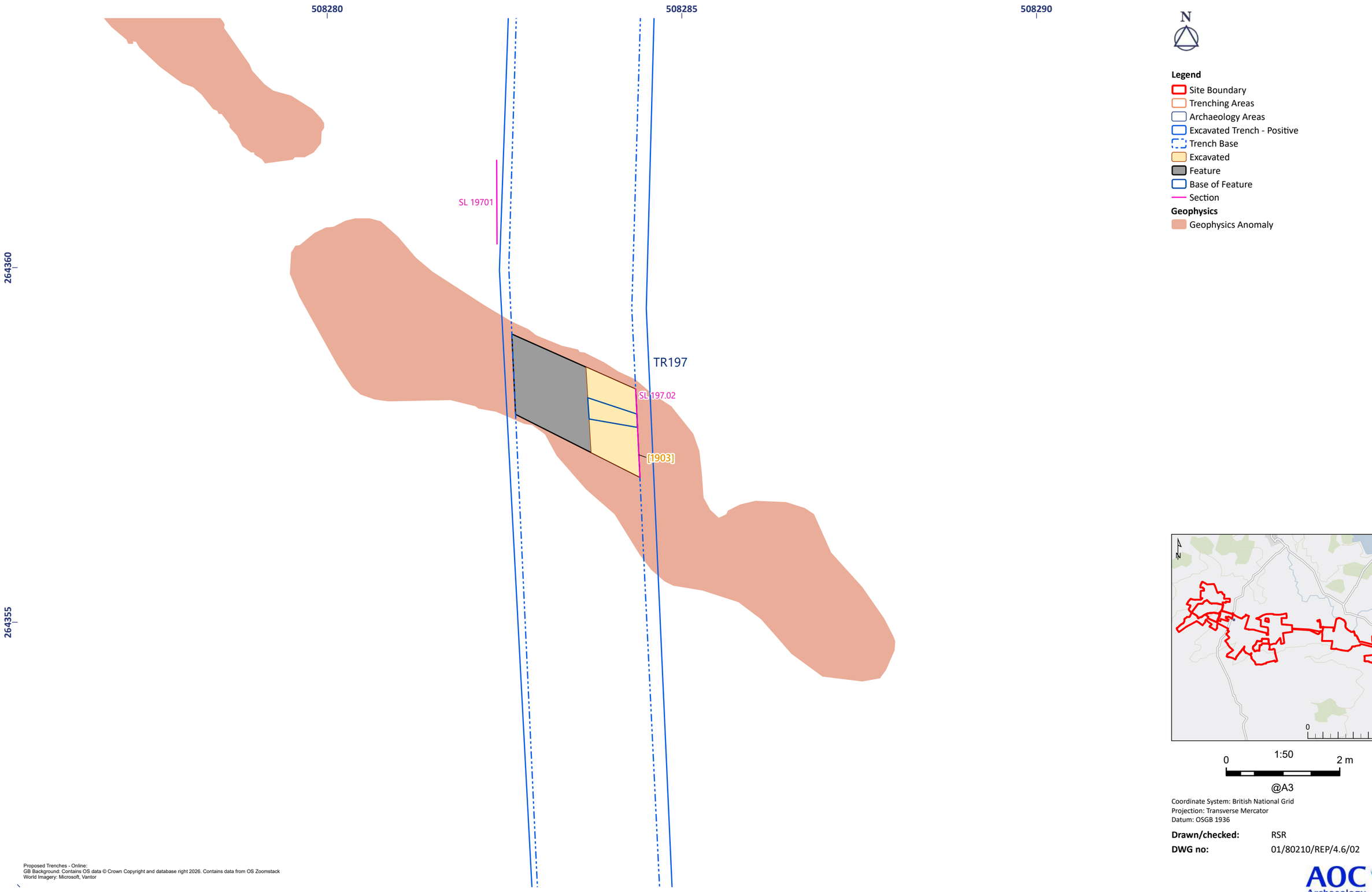


Figure 4.6: Trench 197 Excavated Features

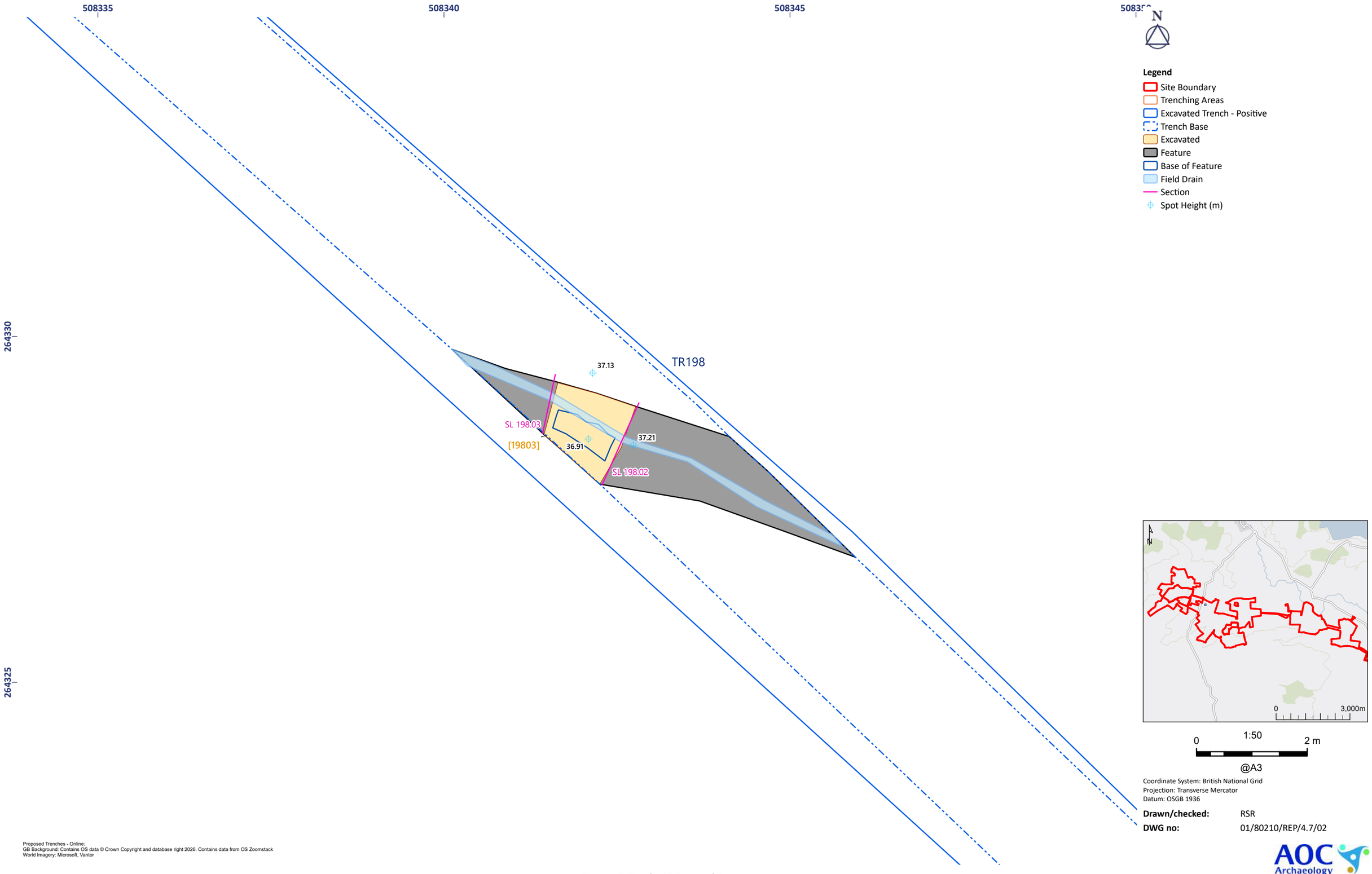


Figure 4.7: Trench 198 Excavated Features

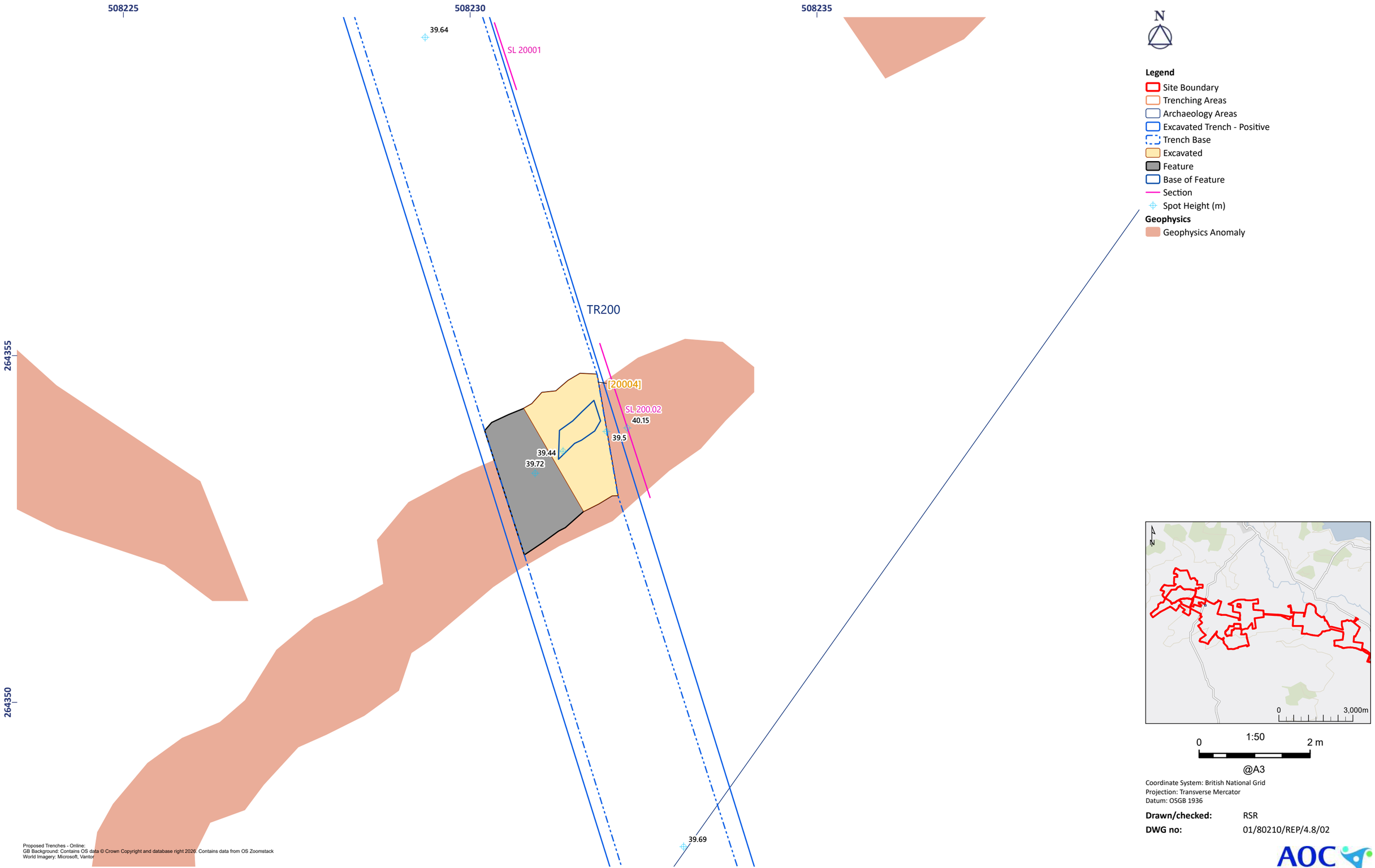


Figure 4.8: Trench 200 Excavated Features

508365
508370
508375
264290
264285
TR201
[20103]
SL 201.02
35.56
36.12
36.11
SL 20101
N
Legend
Site Boundary
Trenching Areas
Archaeology Areas
Excavated Trench - Positive
Trench Base
Excavated
Feature
Base of Feature
Section
Break of Slope
Spot Height (m)
Geophysics
Geophysics Anomaly
N
0
3,000m
0
1:50
2 m
@A3
Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936
Drawn/checked: RSR
DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.9/02
Proposed Trenches - Online:
GB Background: Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2026. Contains data from OS Zoomstack
World Imagery: Microsoft, Vantor
AOC Archaeology Group

Figure 4.9: Trench 201 Excavated Features

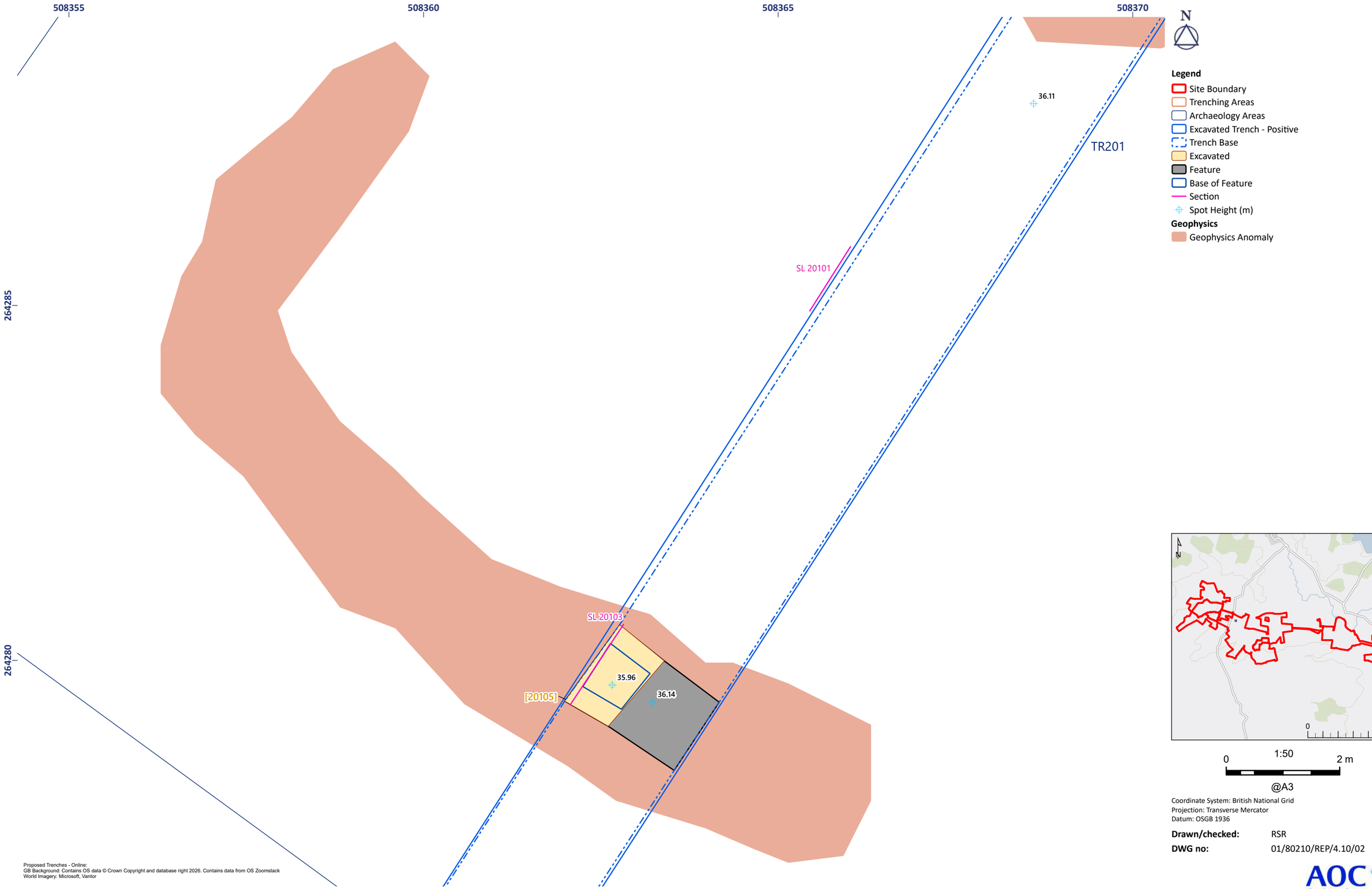


Figure 4.10: Trench 201 Excavated Features

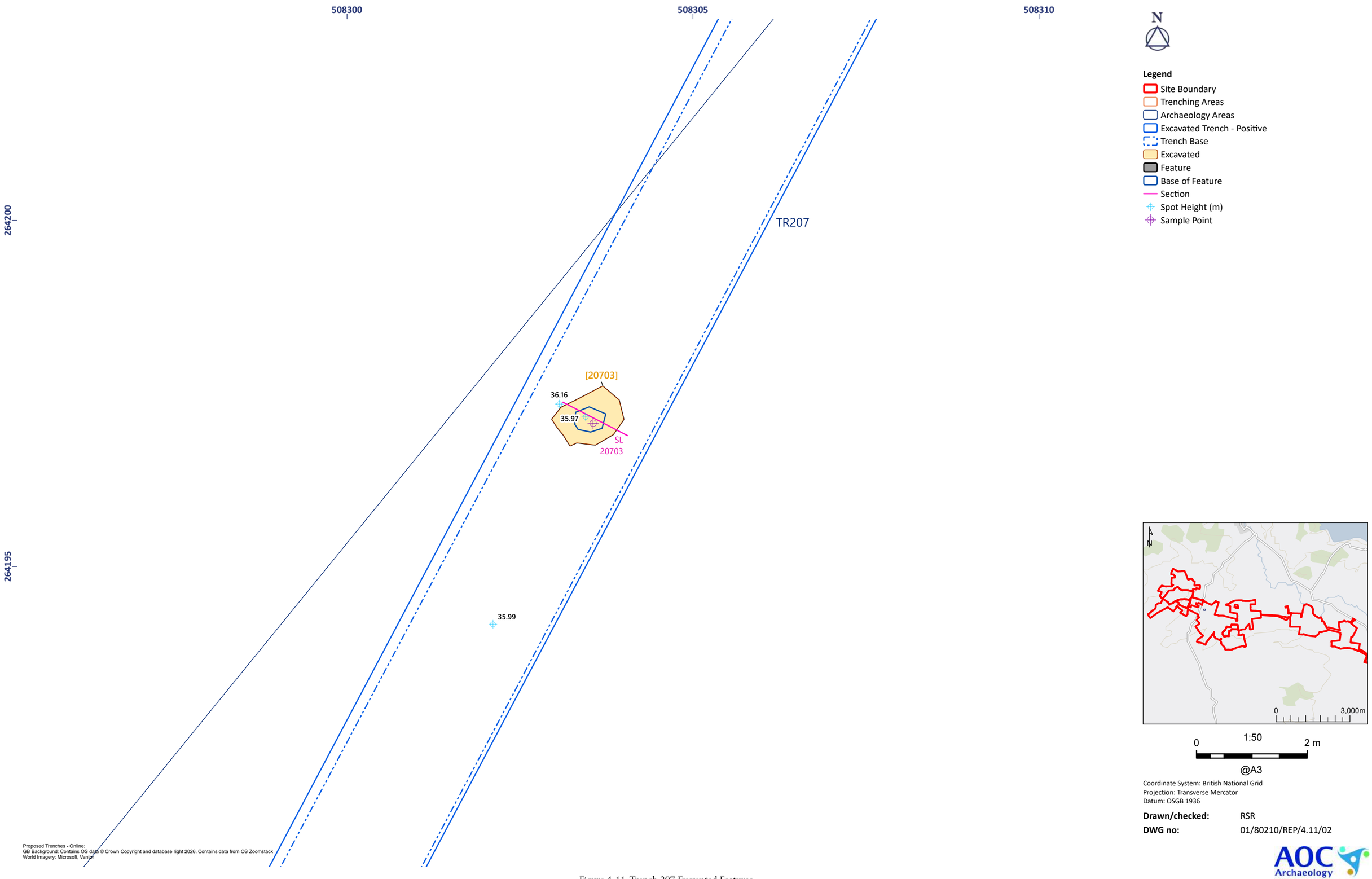


Figure 4.11: Trench 207 Excavated Features

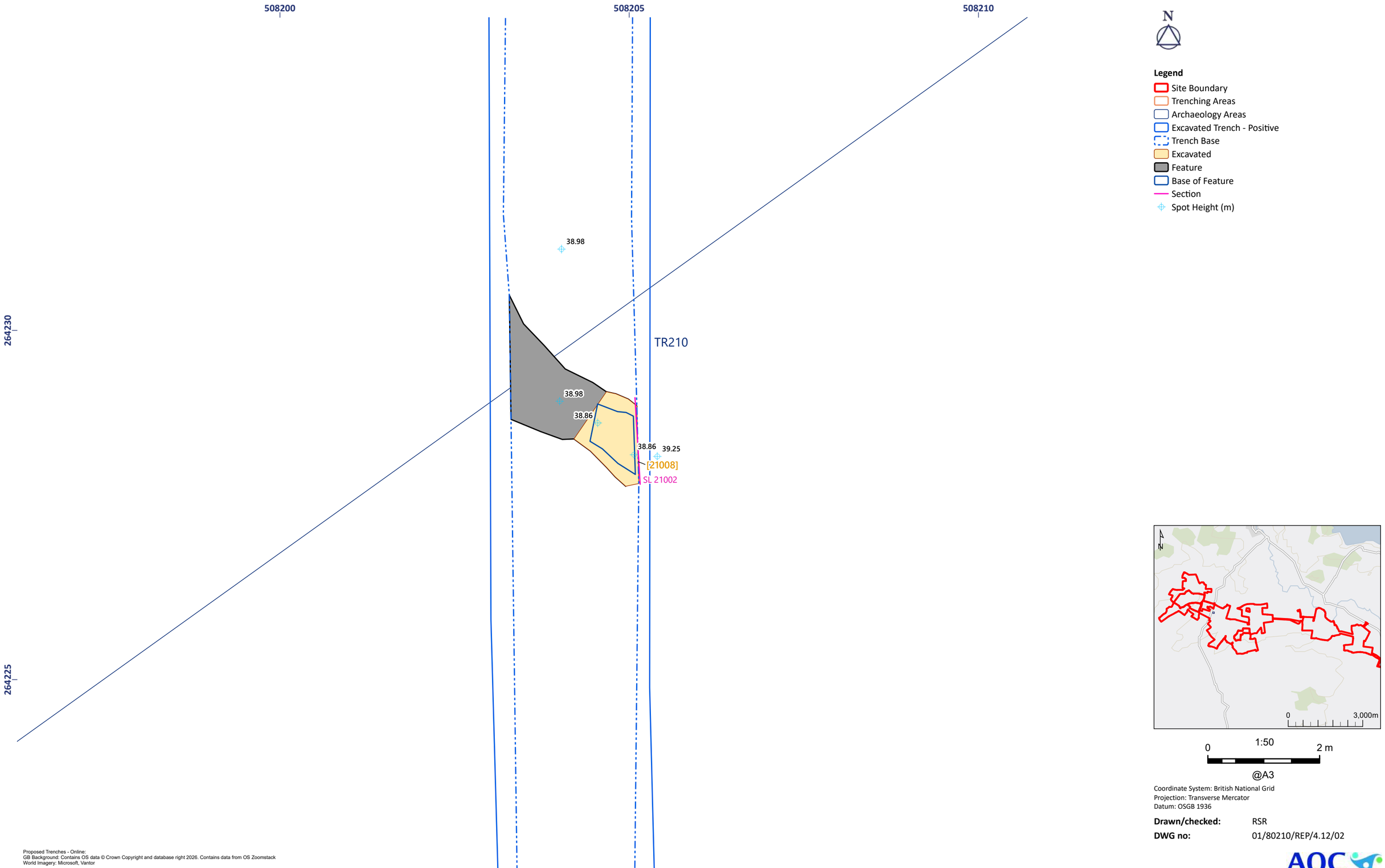


Figure 4.12: Trench 210 Excavated Features

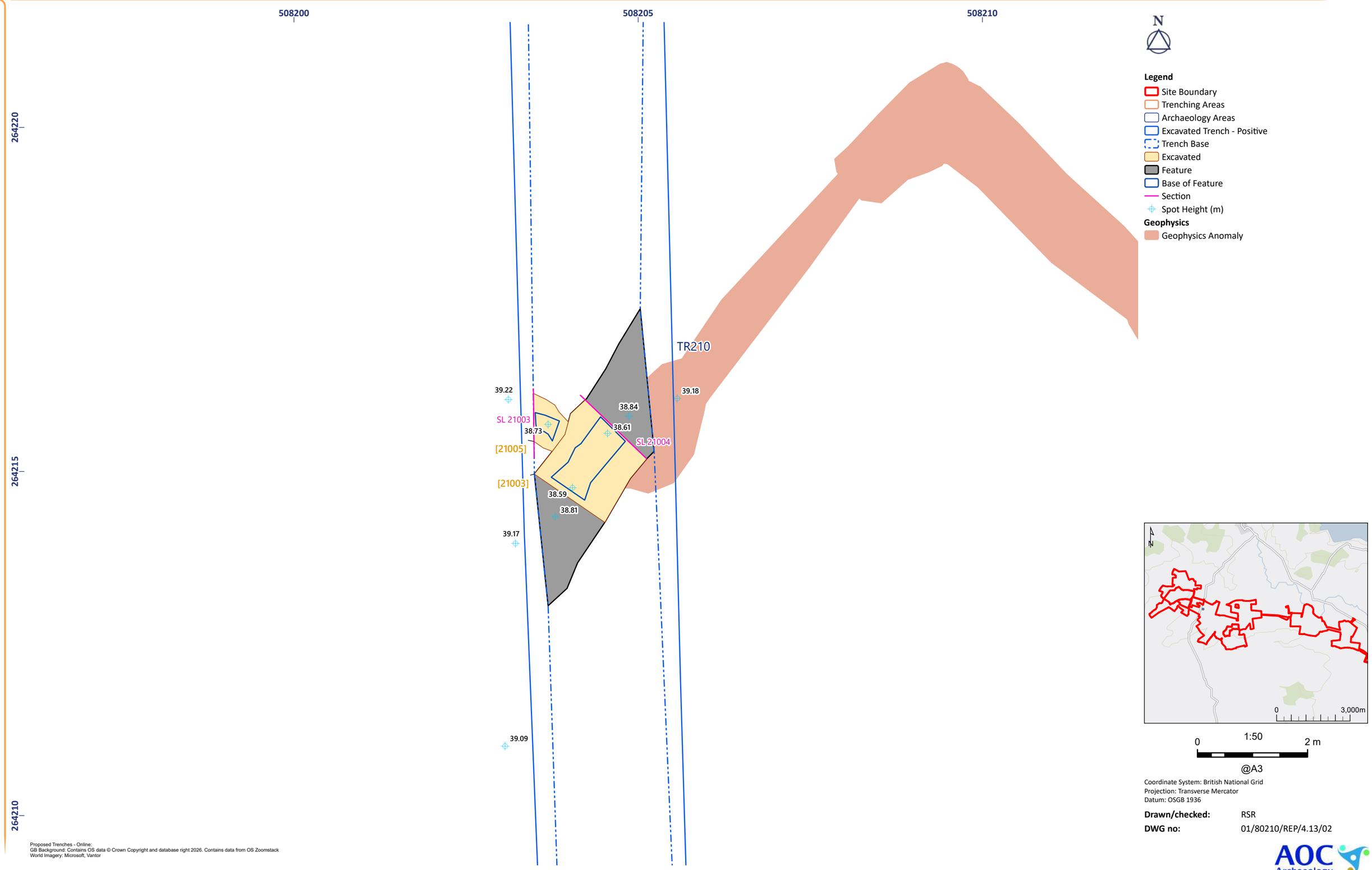


Figure 4.13: Trench 210 Excavated Features

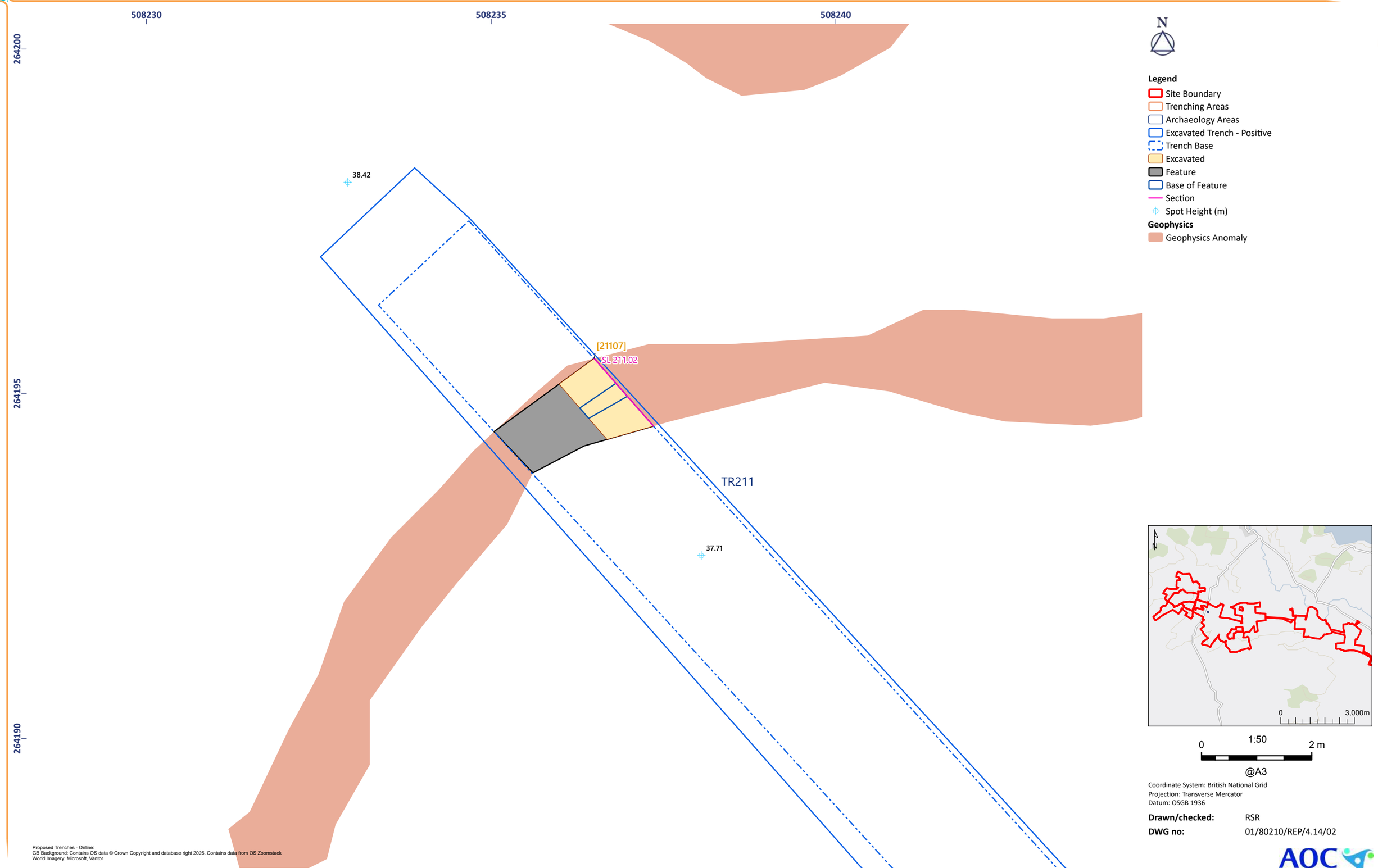


Figure 4.14: Trench 211 Excavated Features

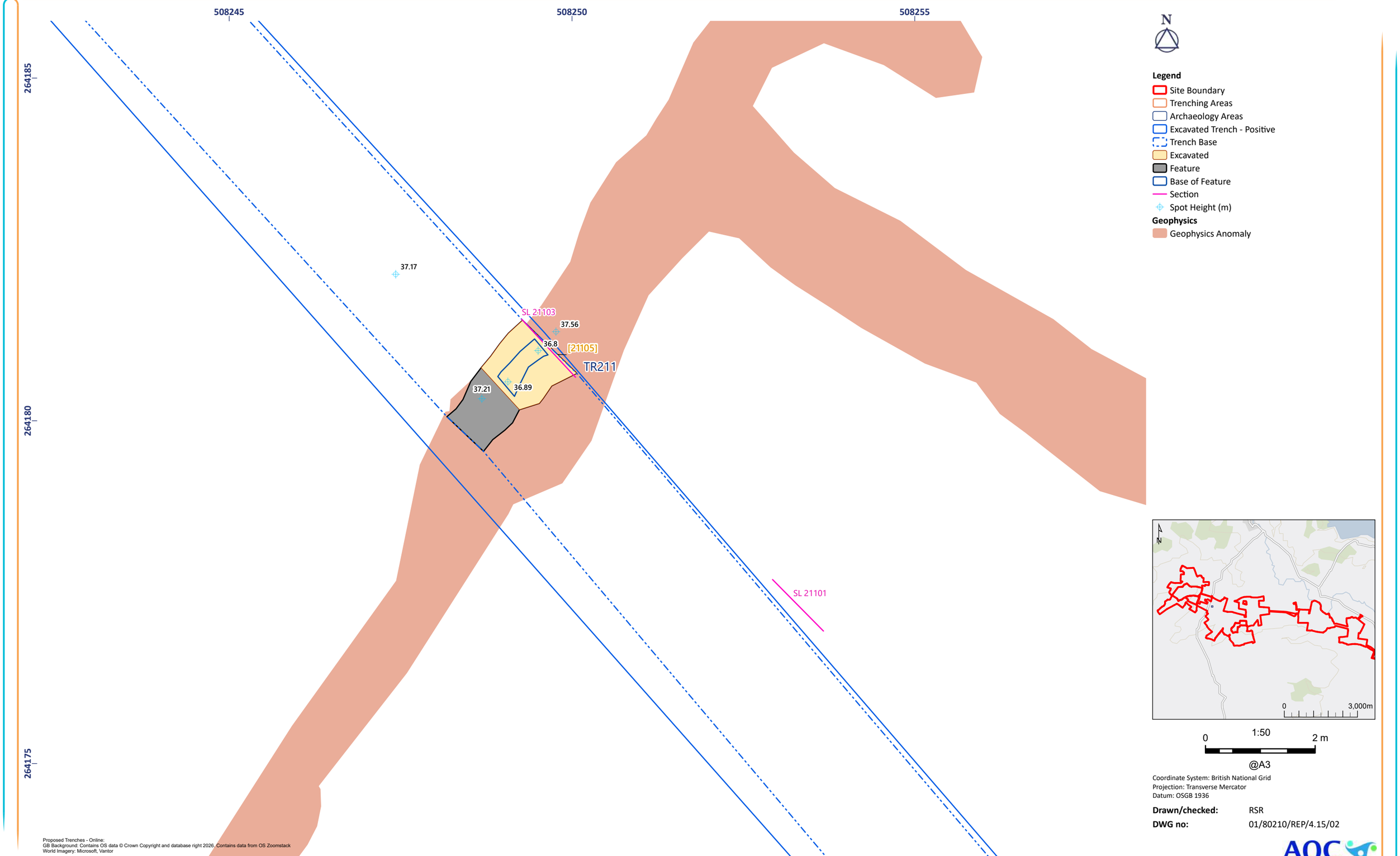


Figure 4.15: Trench 211 Excavated Features

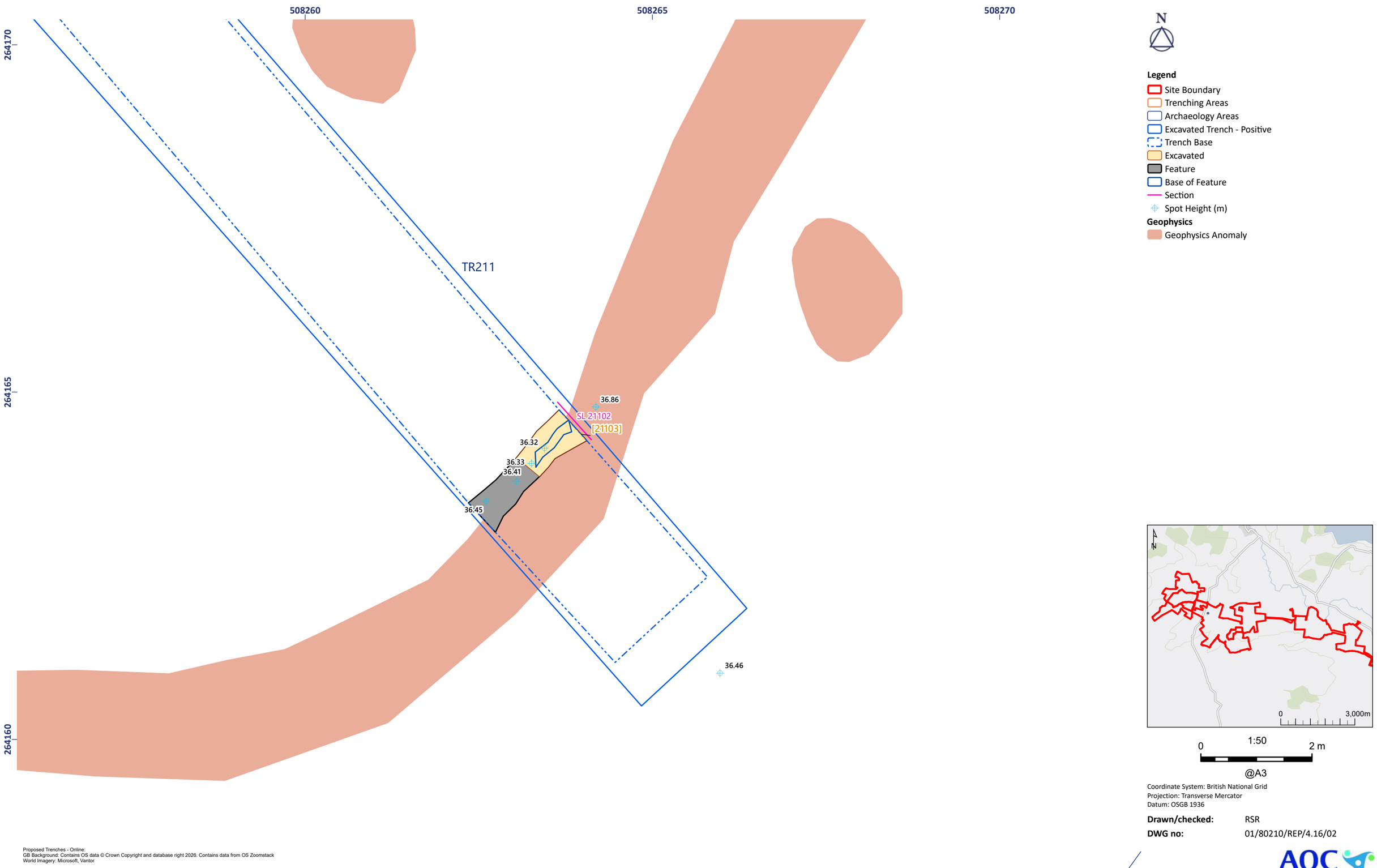


Figure 4.16: Trench 211 Excavated Features

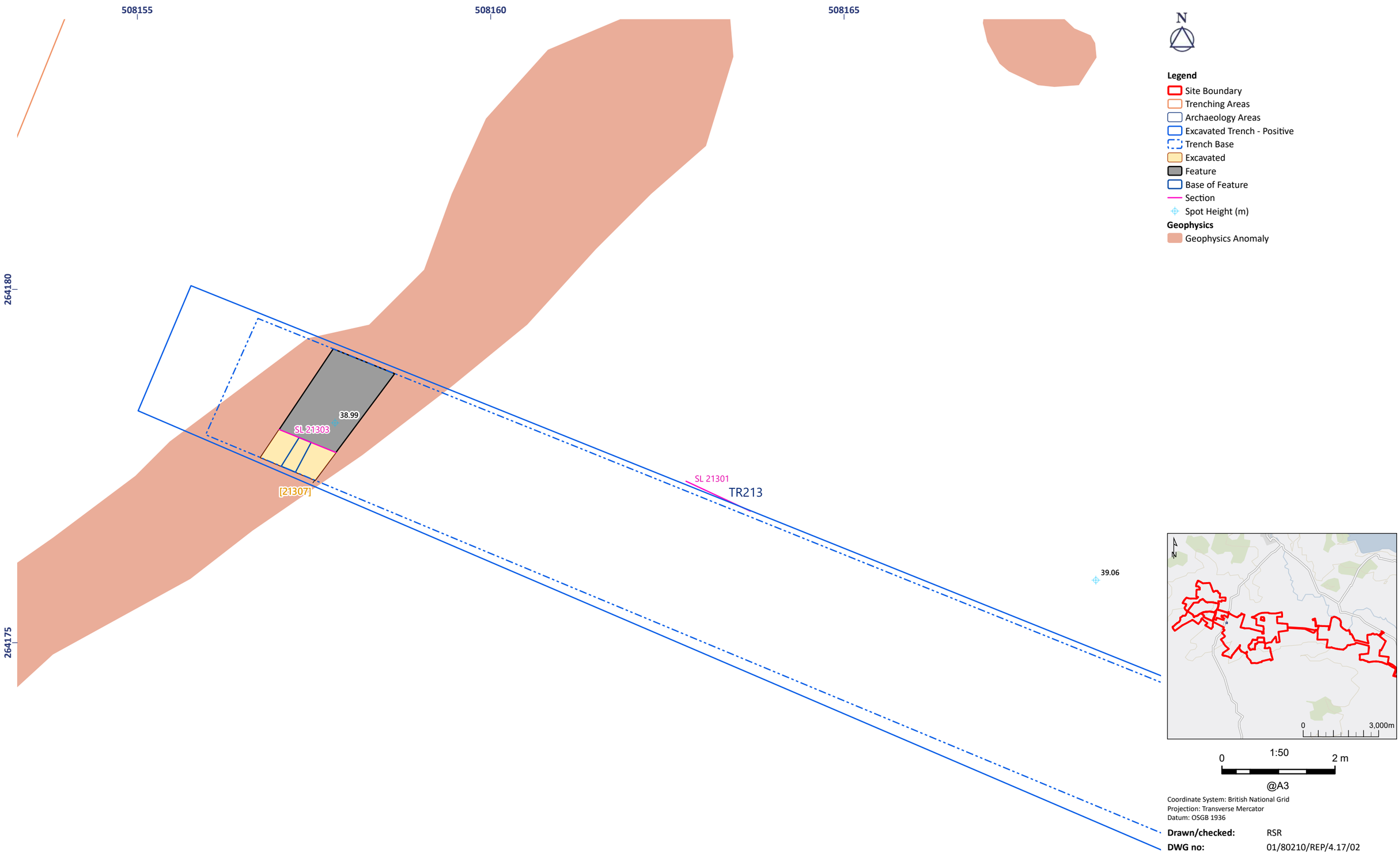


Figure 4.17: Trench 213 Excavated Features

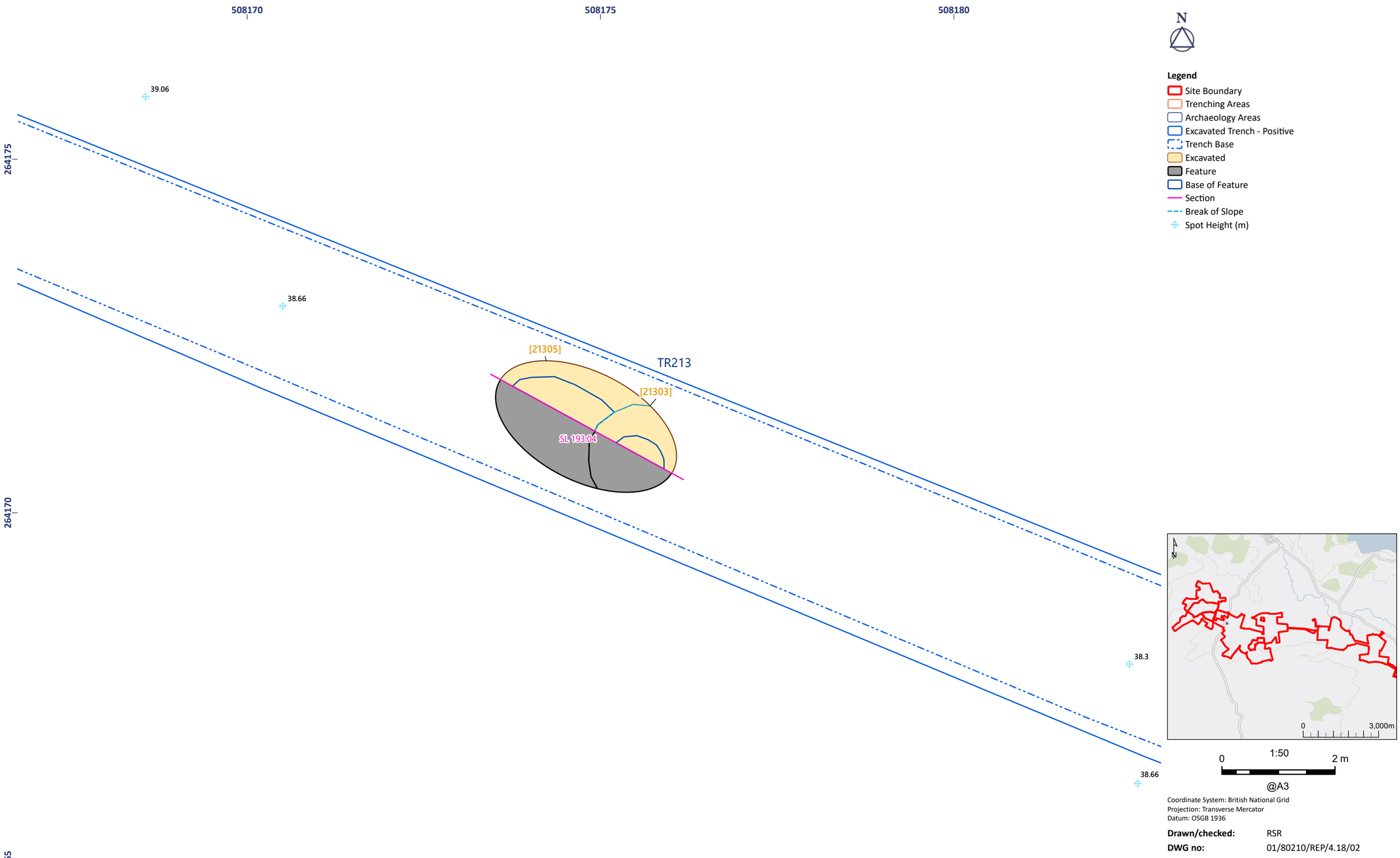


Figure 4.18: Trench 213 Excavated Features

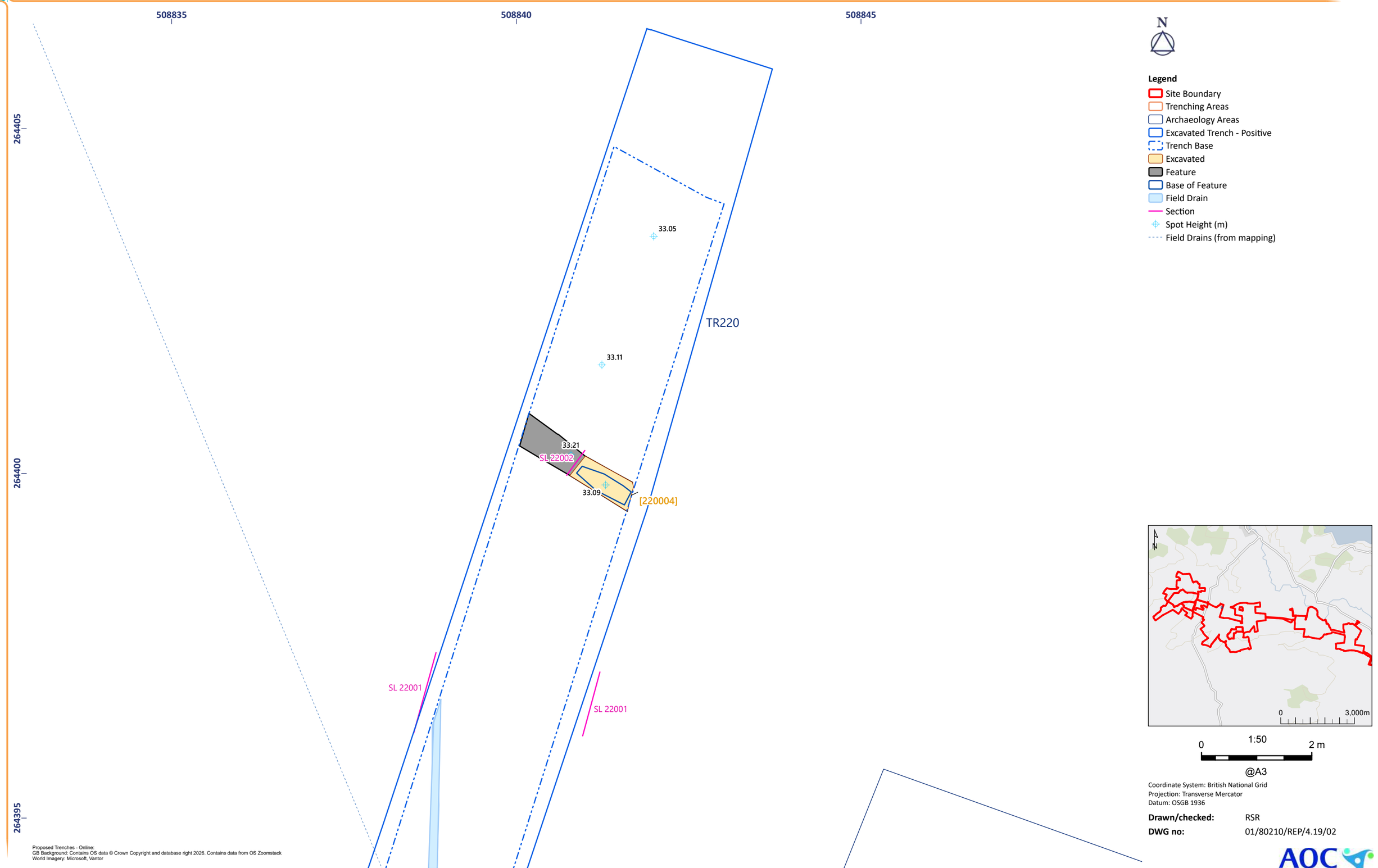
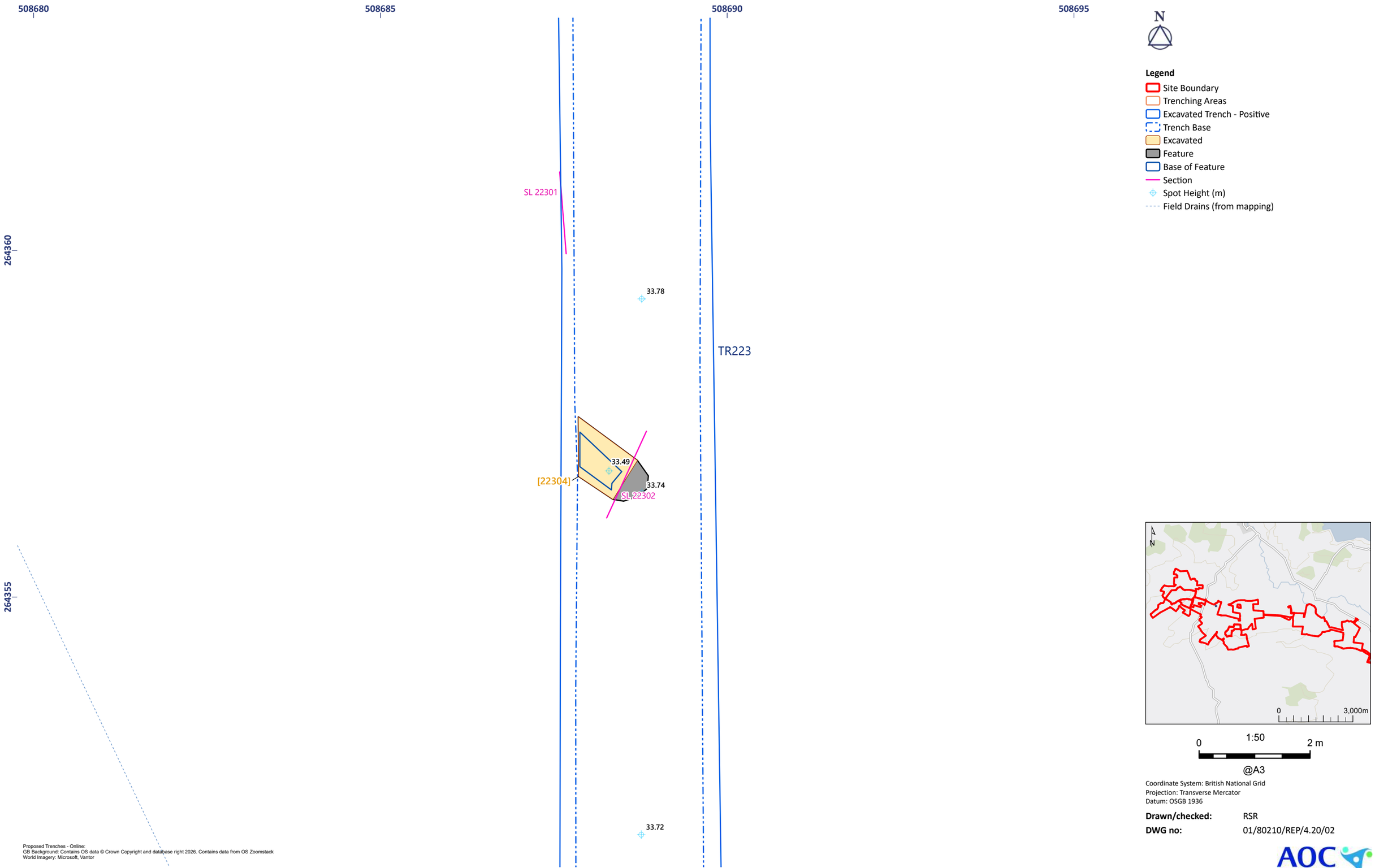


Figure 4.19: Trench 220 Excavated Features



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.20/02

Figure 4.20: Trench 223 Excavated Features

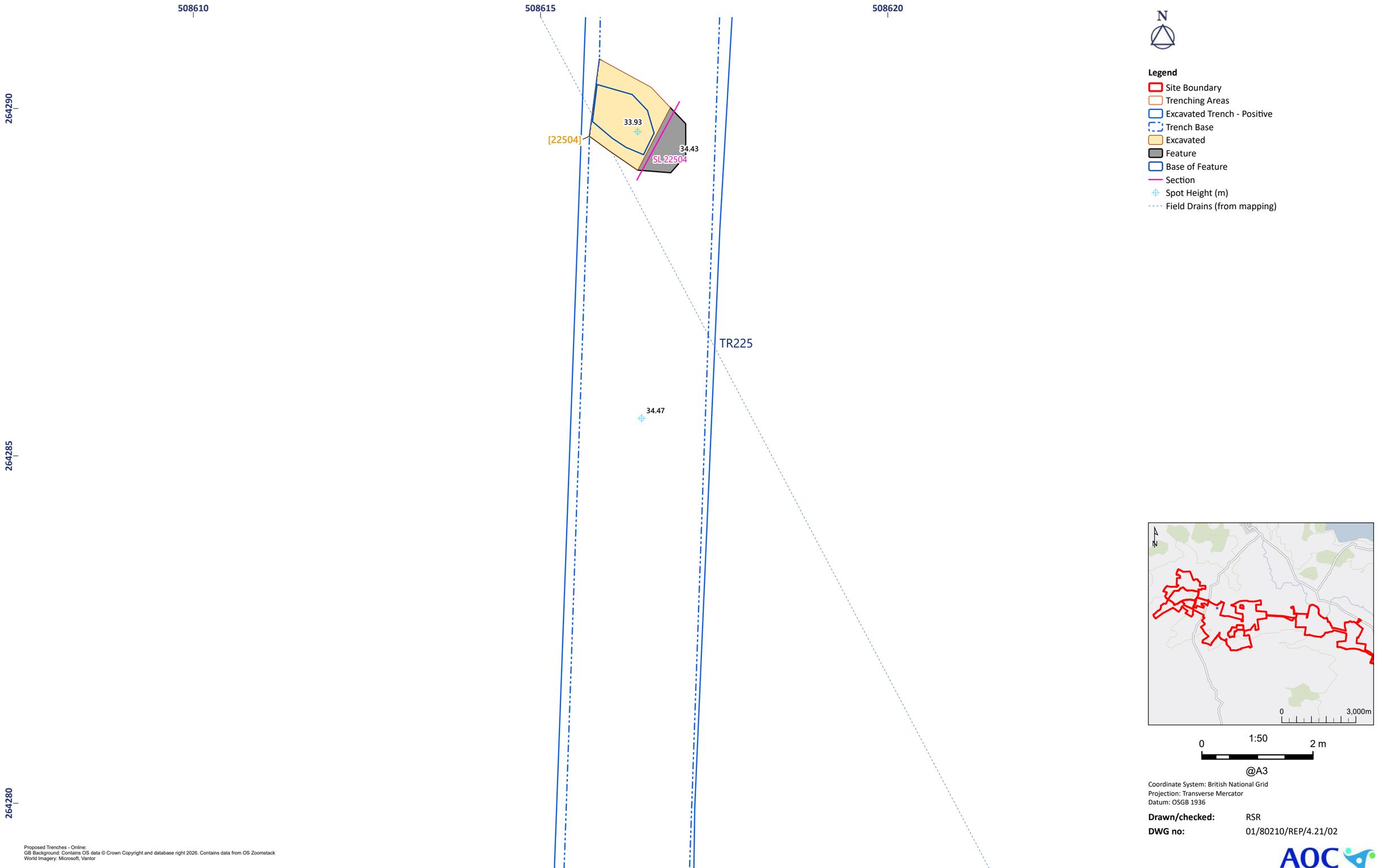


Figure 4.21: Trench 225 Excavated Features

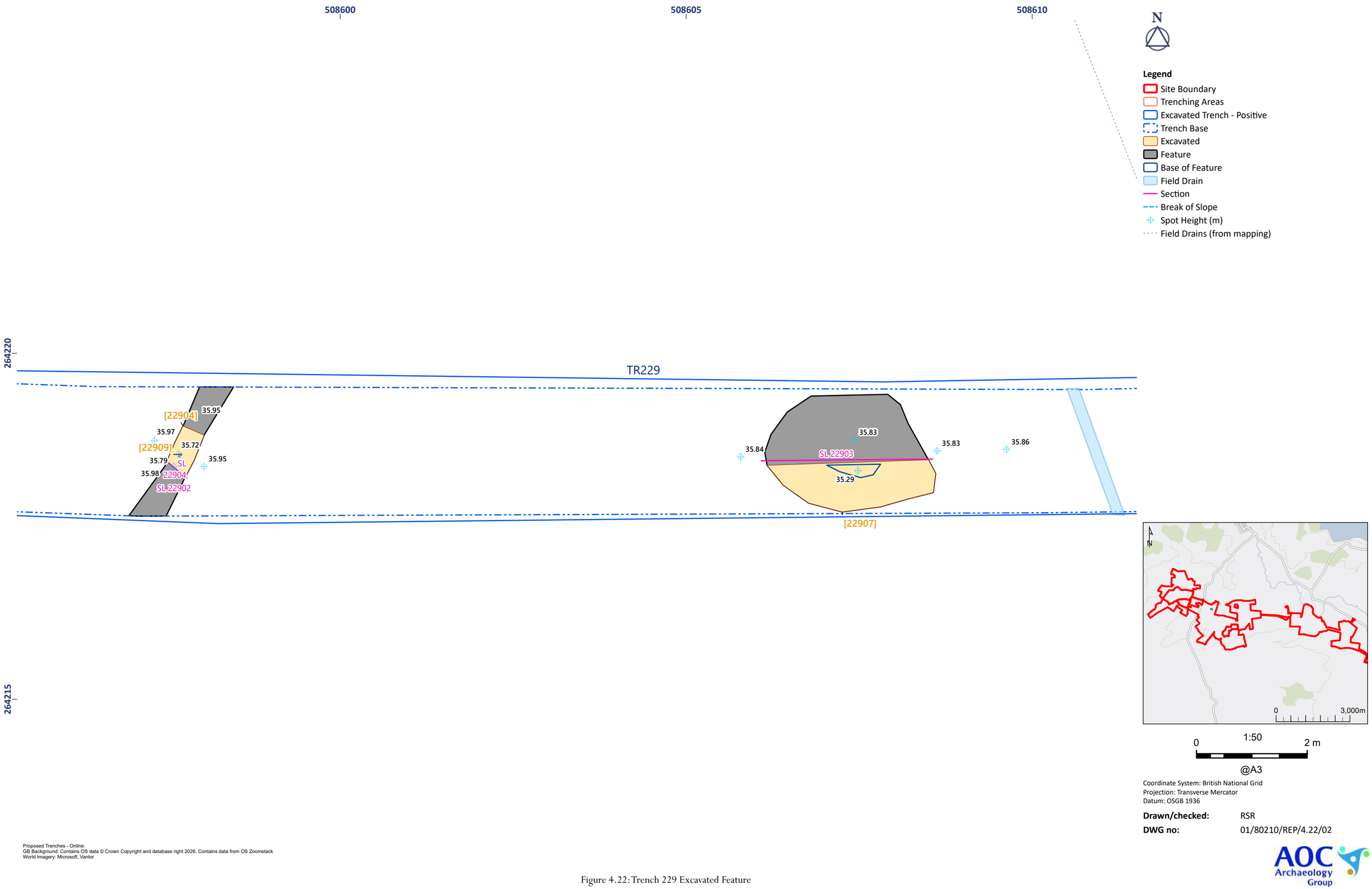


Figure 4.22: Trench 229 Excavated Feature

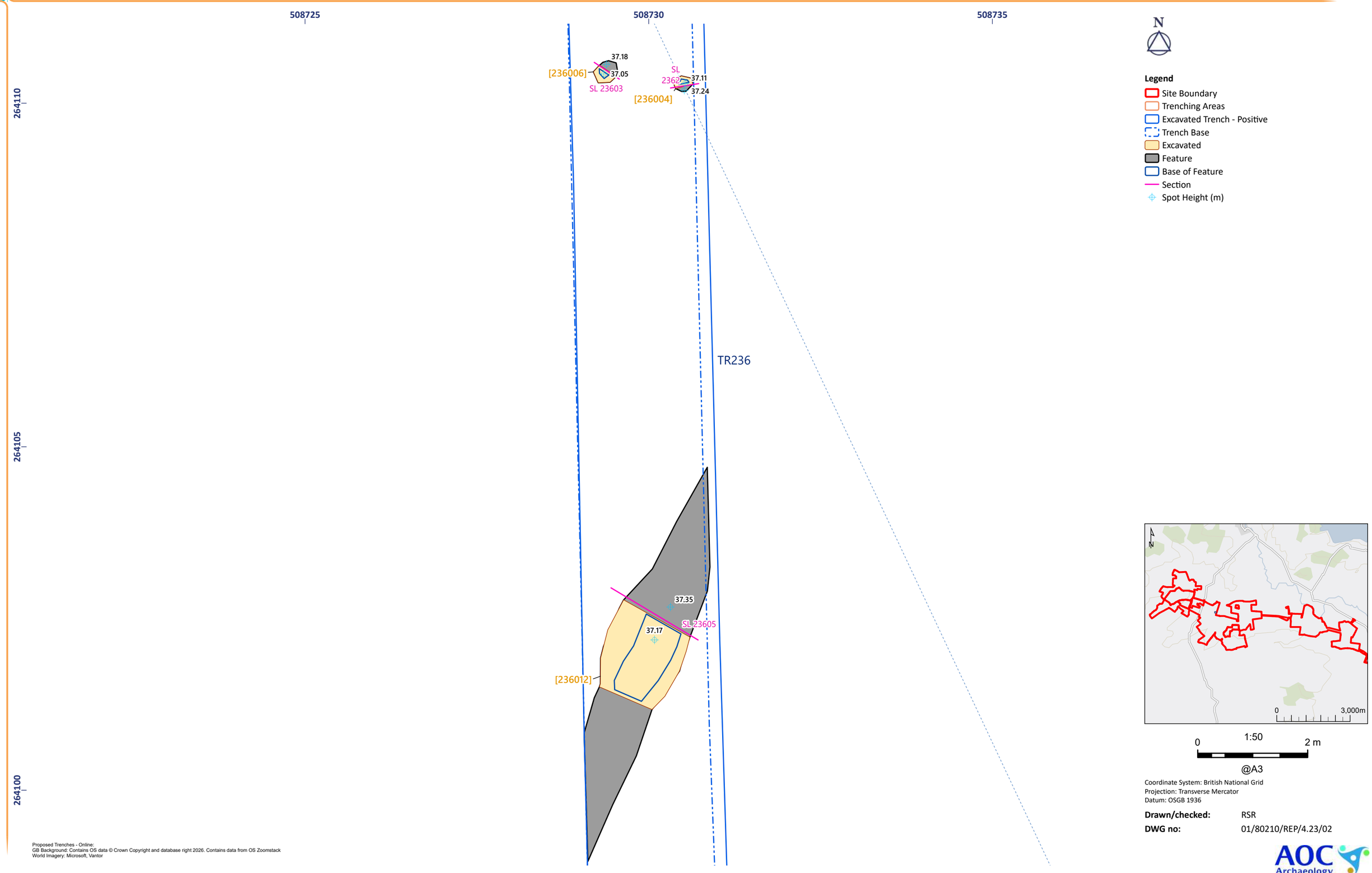


Figure 4.23: Trench 236 Excavated Features

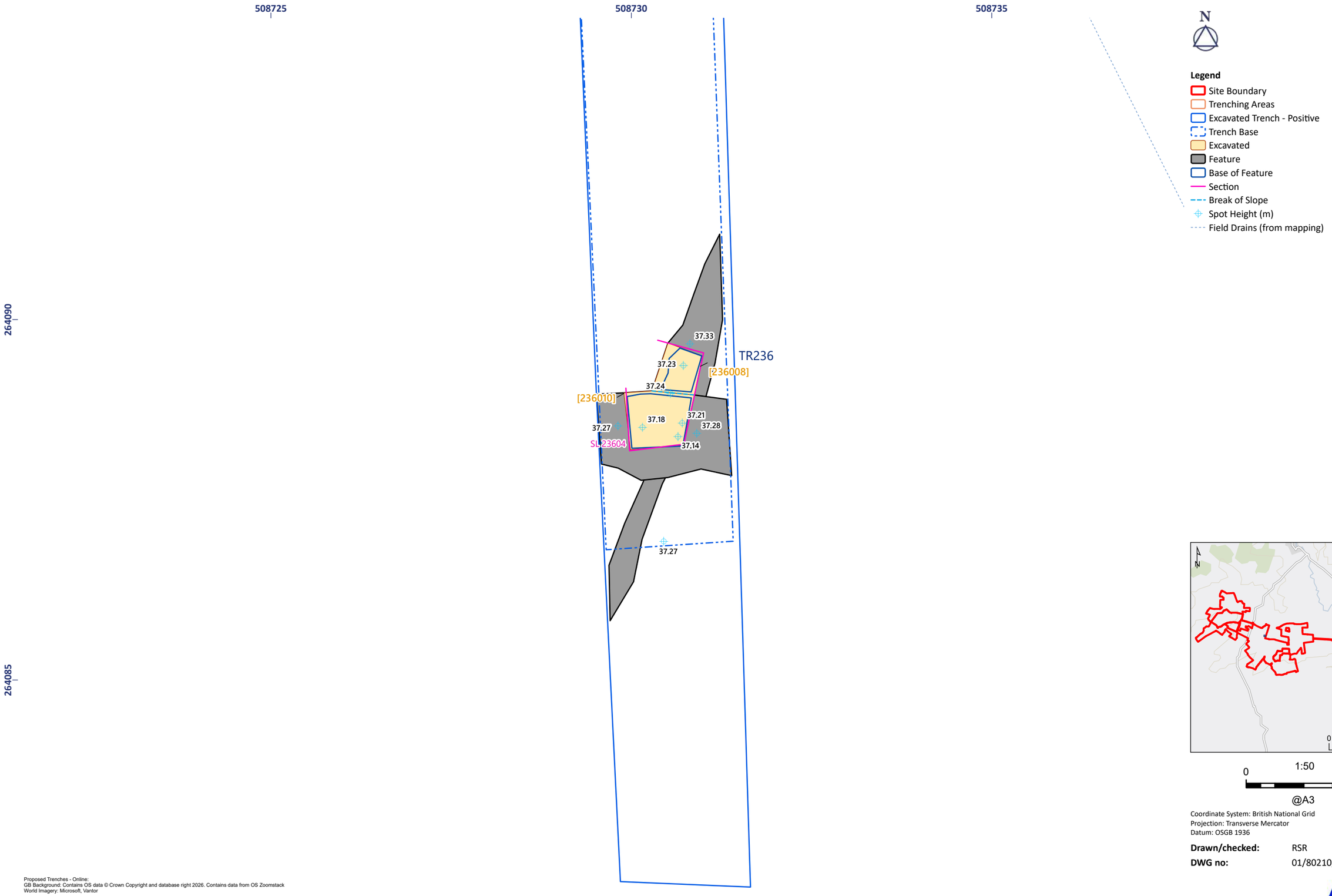


Figure 4.24: Trench 236 Excavated Features

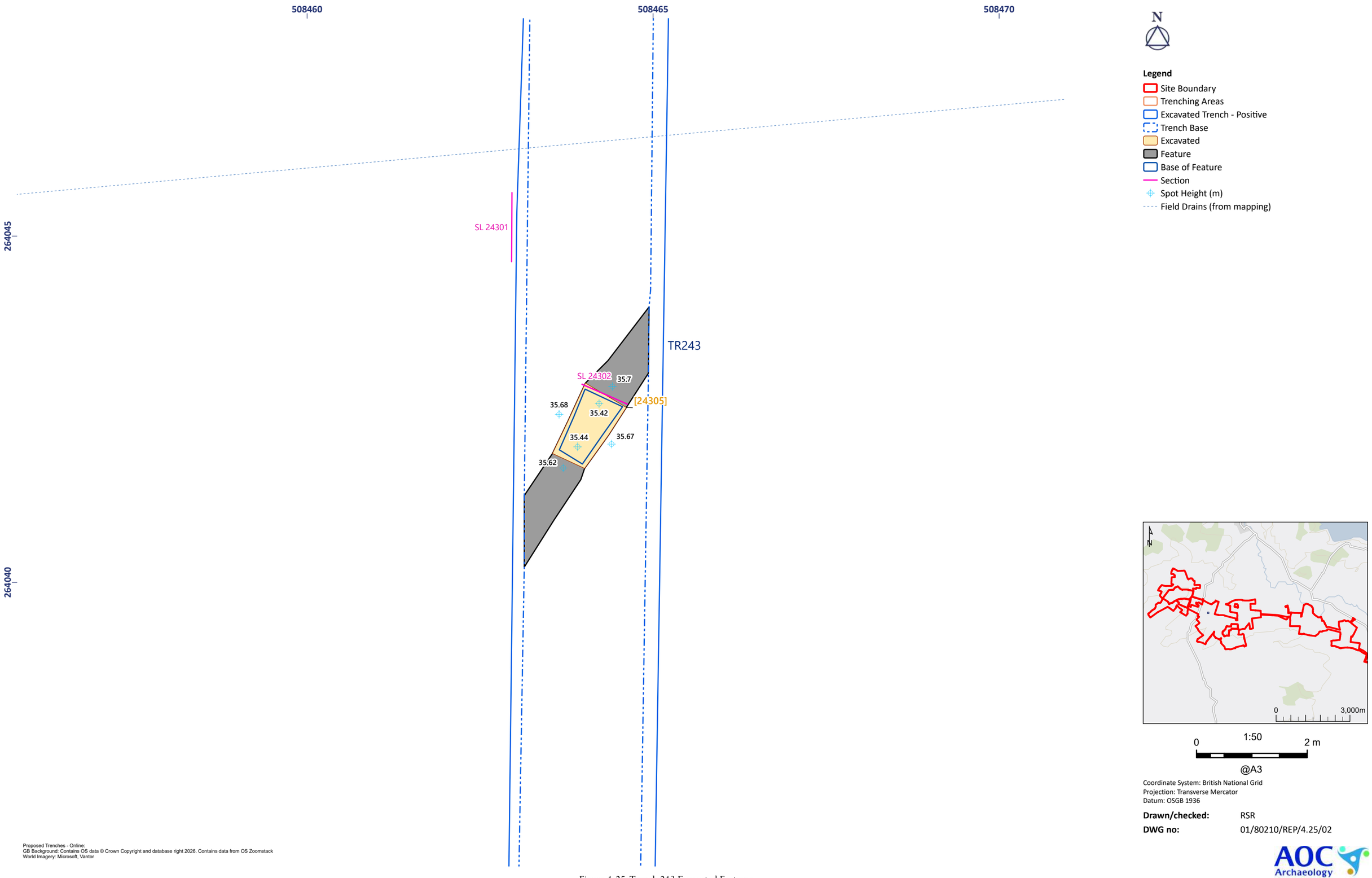


Figure 4.25: Trench 243 Excavated Features

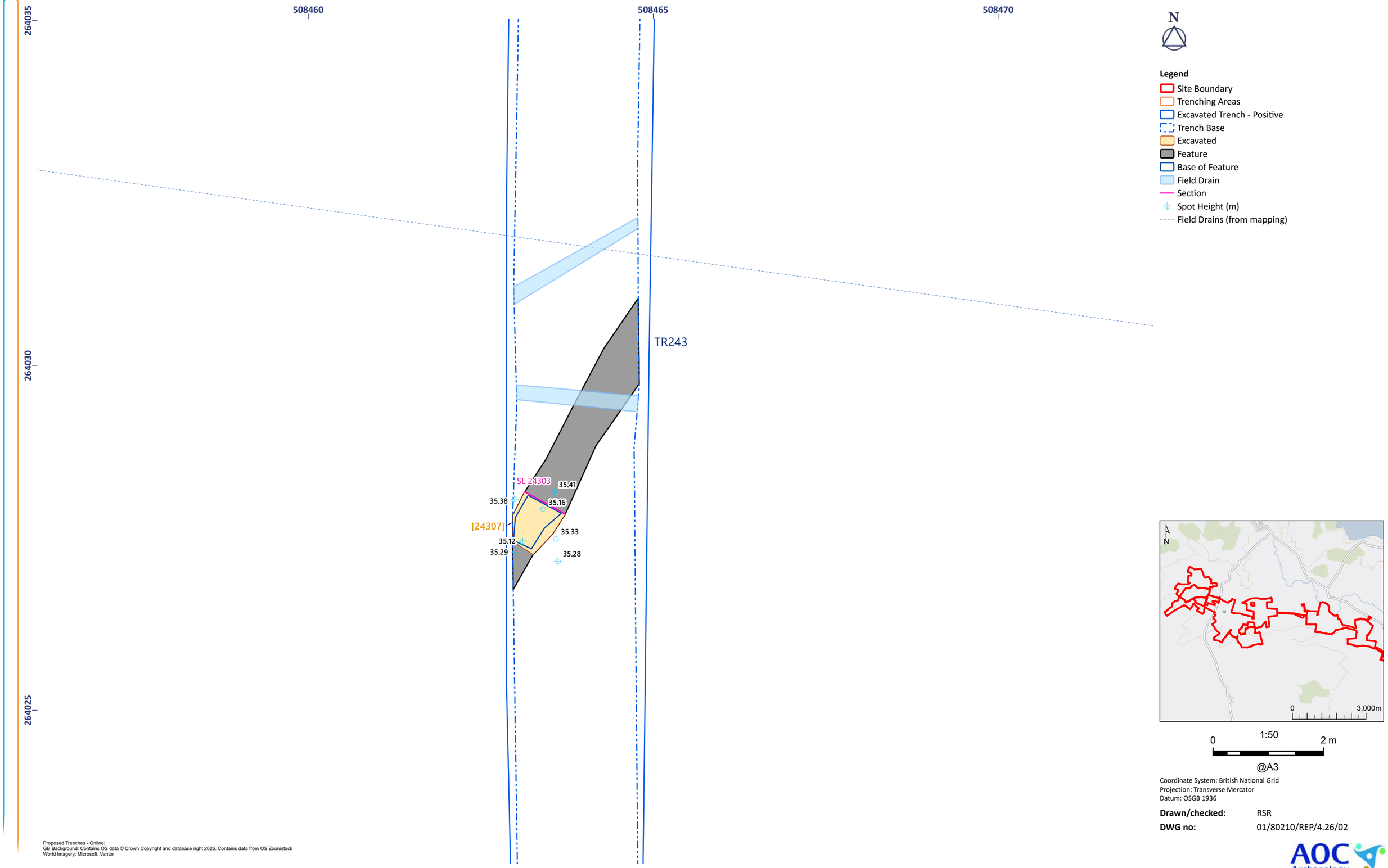
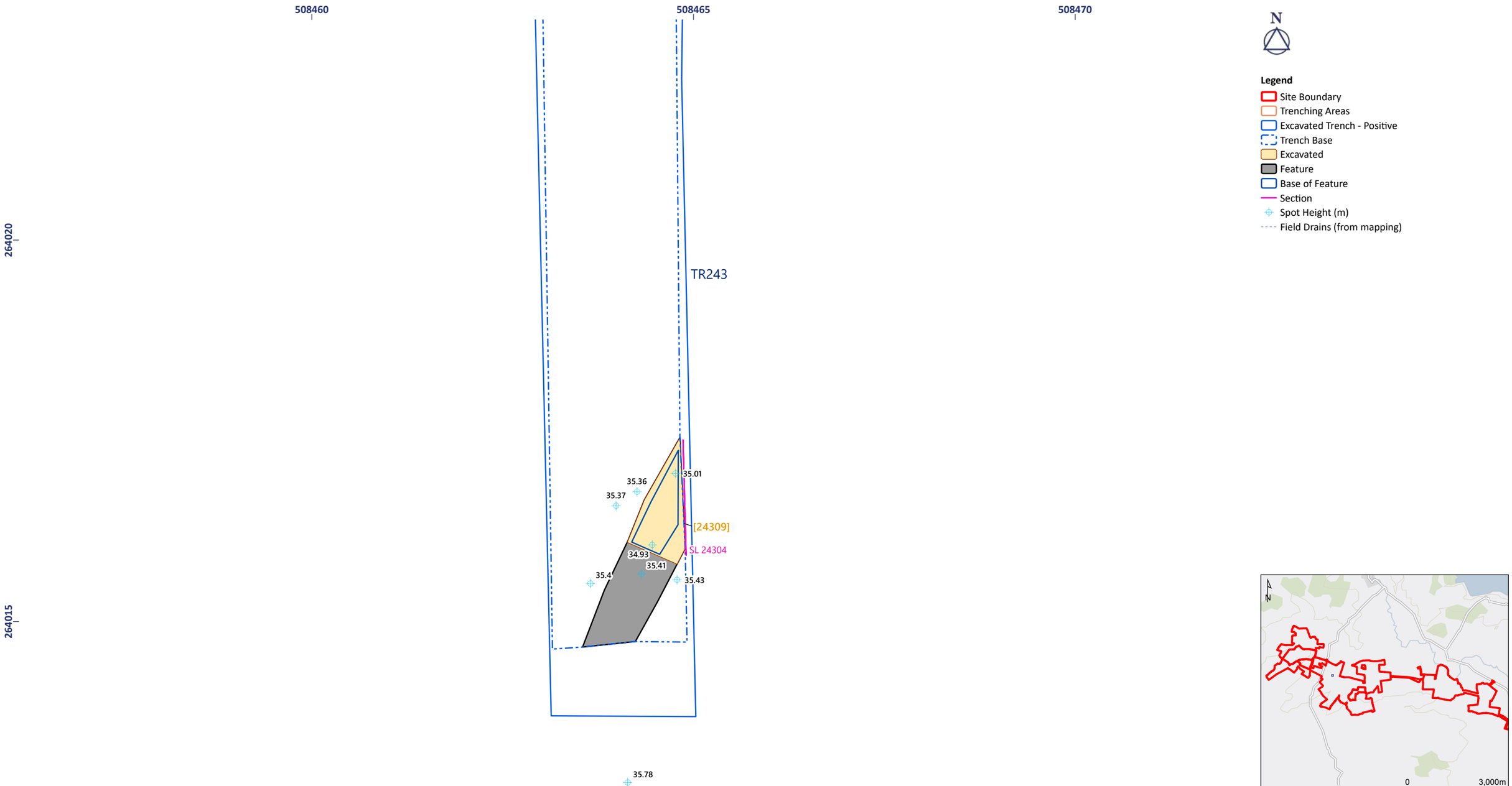


Figure 4.26: Trench 243 Excavated Features



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.27/02

Proposed Trenches - Online:
GB Background: Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2026. Contains data from OS Zoomstack
World Imagery: Microsoft, Vantor

Figure 4.27: Trench 243 Excavated Features

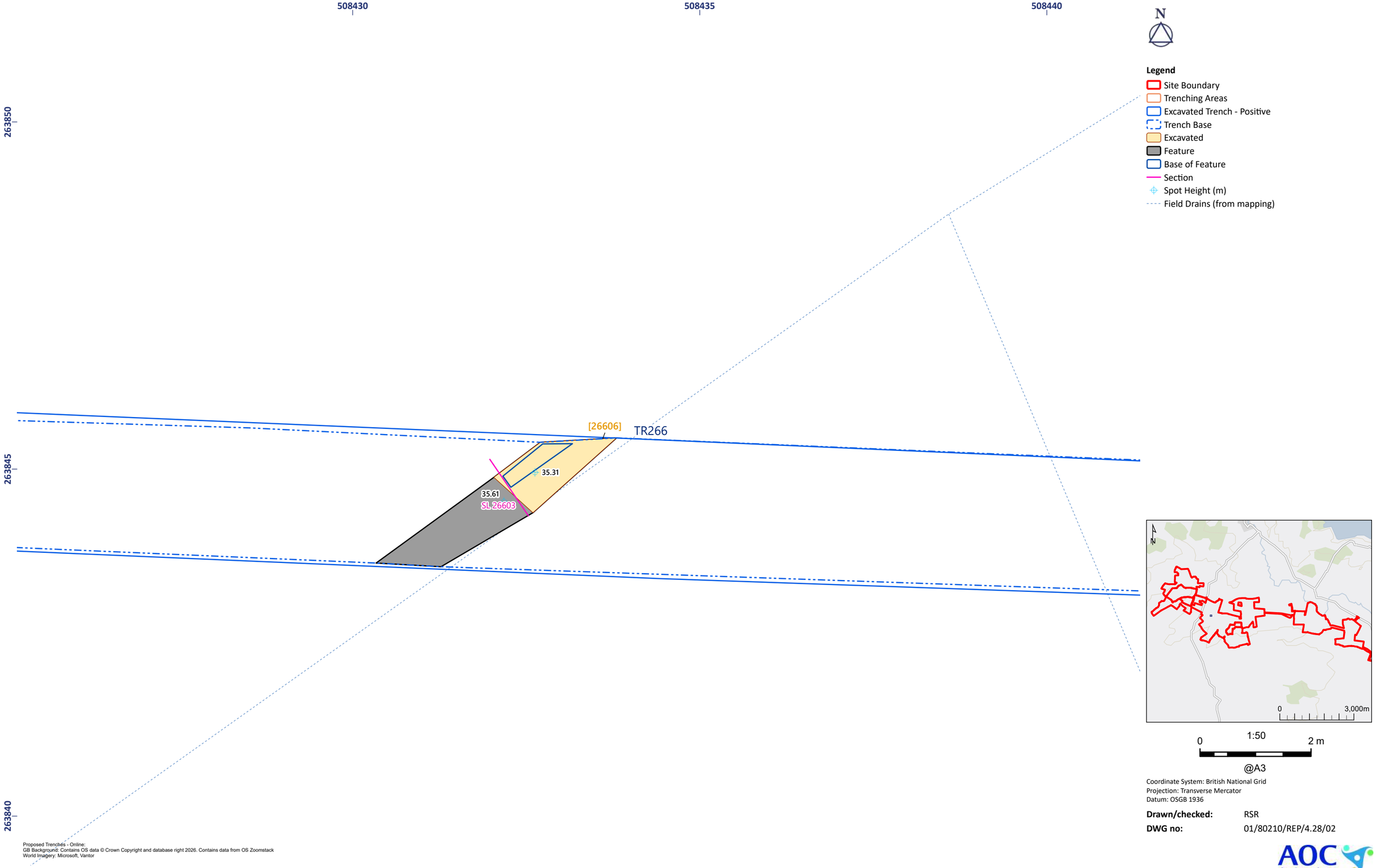


Figure 4.28: Trench 266 Excavated Features

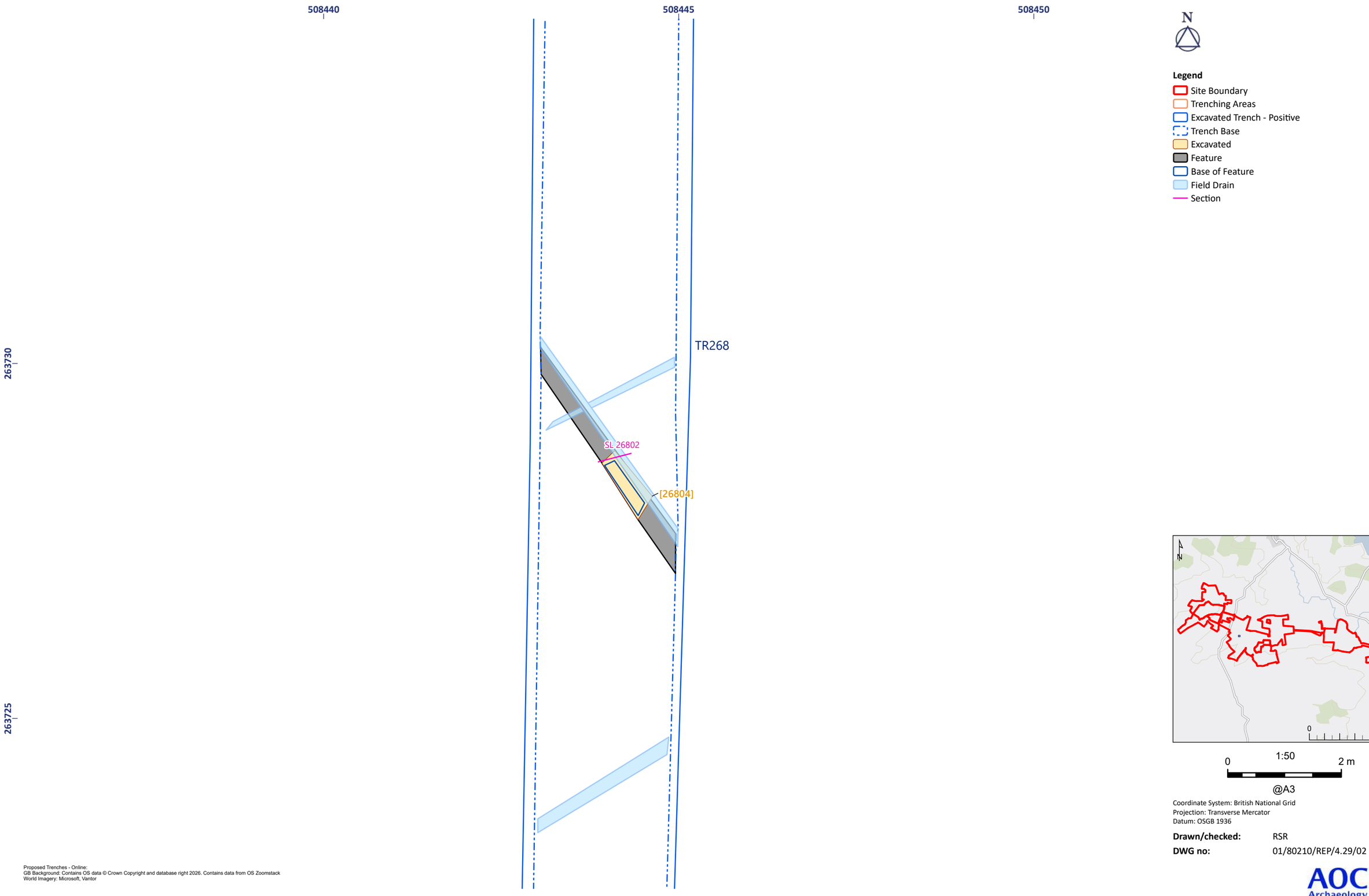


Figure 4.29: Trench 268 Excavated Features

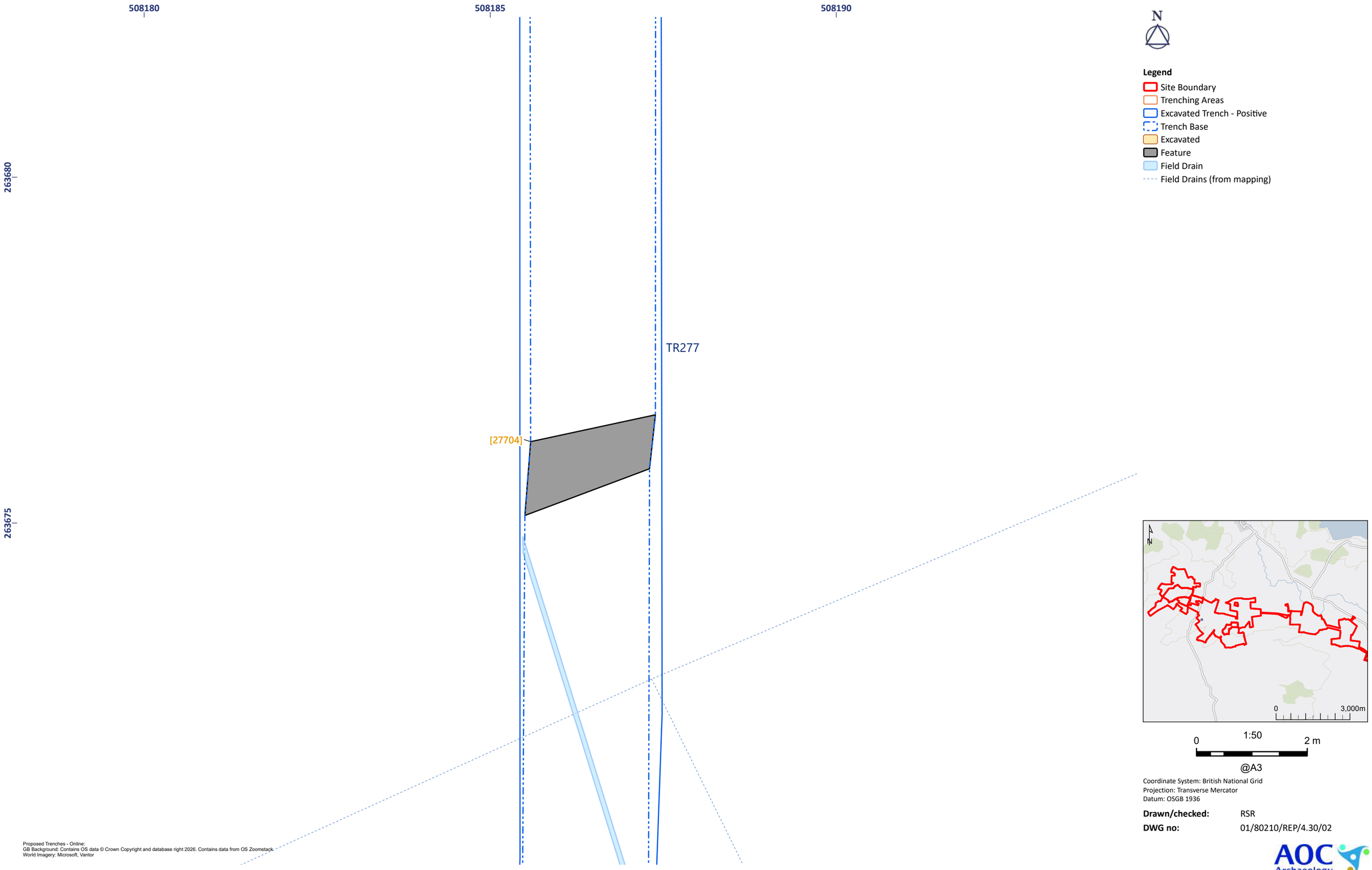


Figure 4.30: Trench 277 Excavated Features

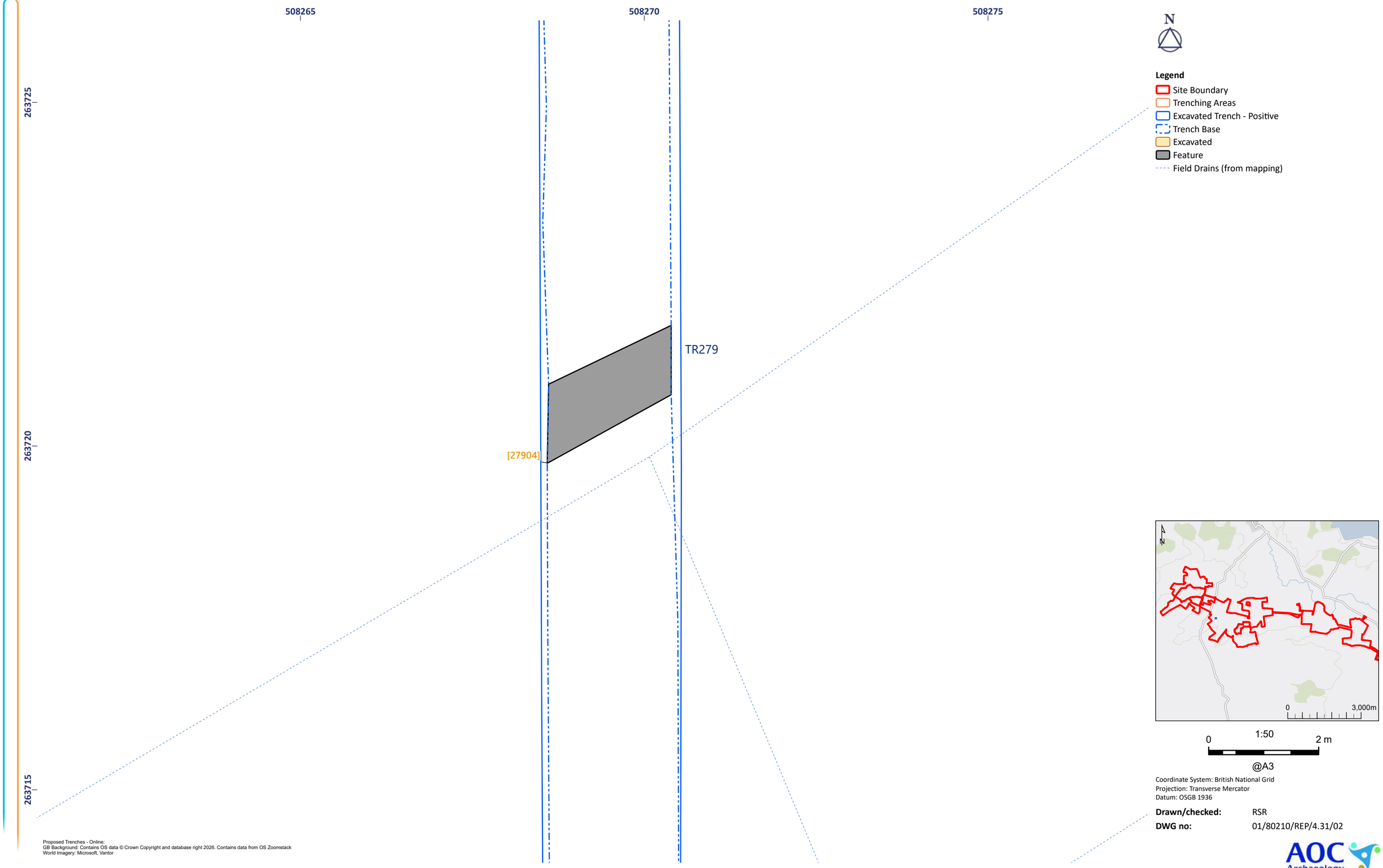


Figure 4.31: Trench 279 Excavated Features

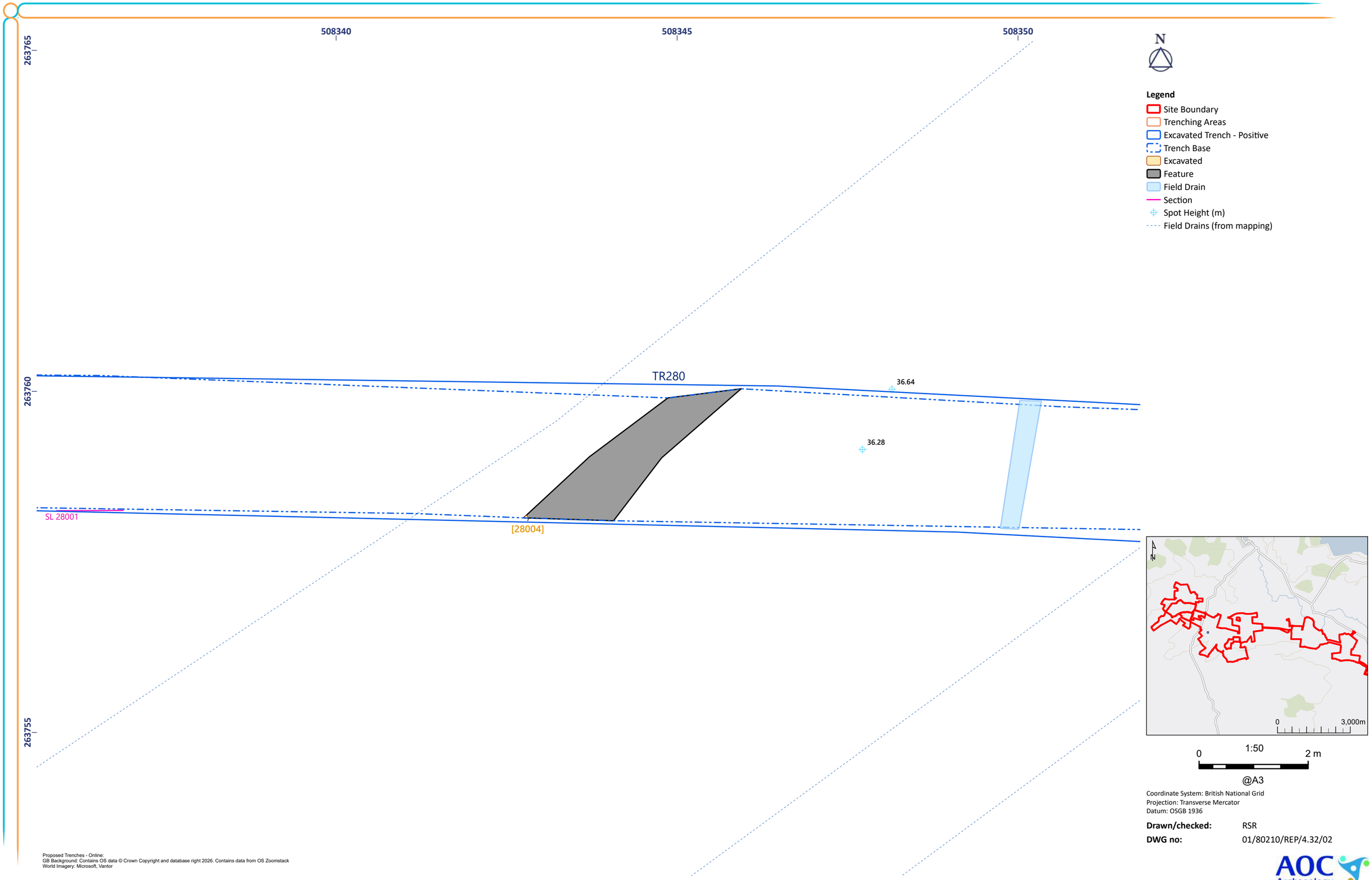


Figure 4.32: Trench 280 Excavated Features

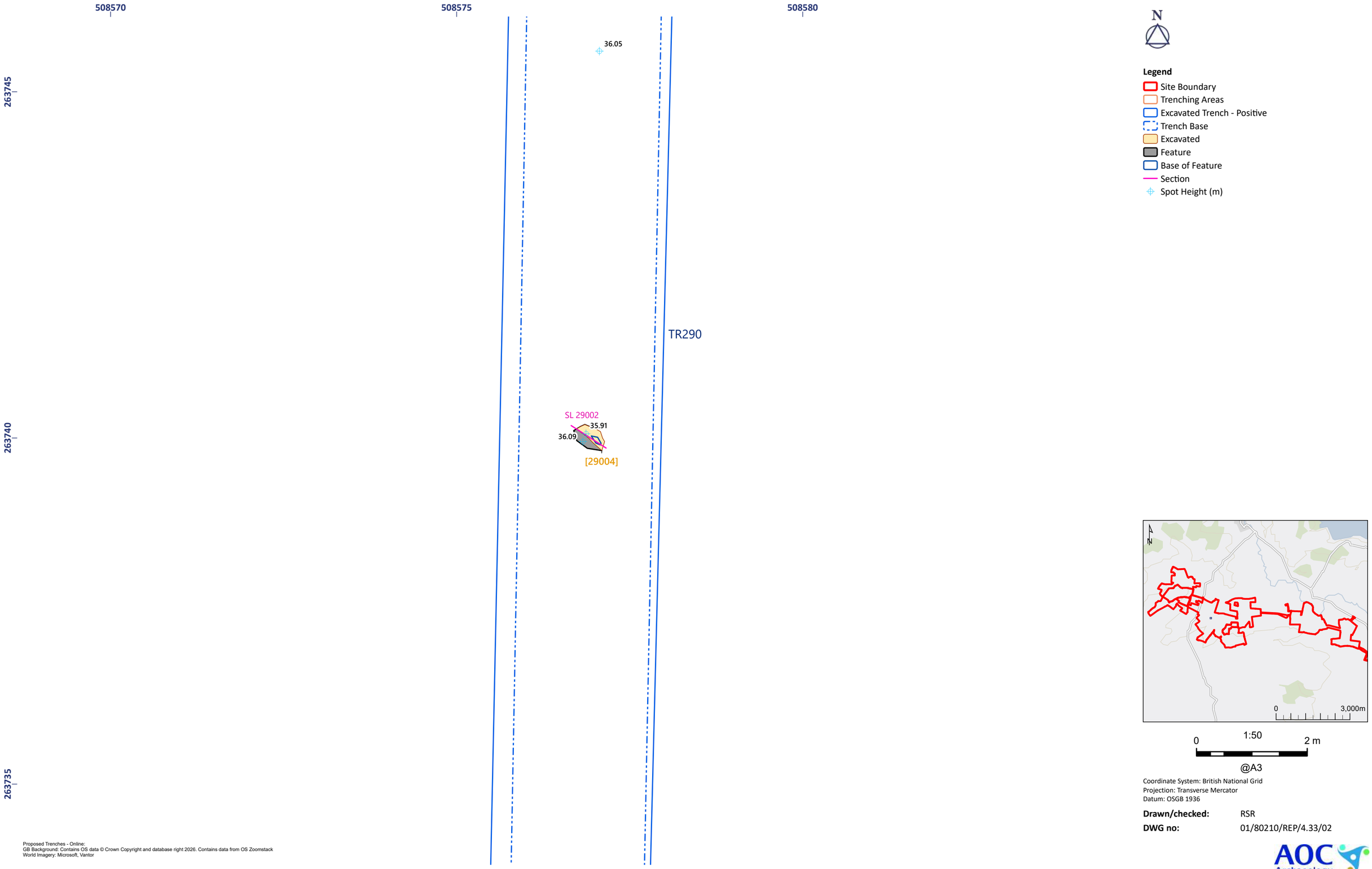


Figure 4.33: Trench 291 Excavated Features

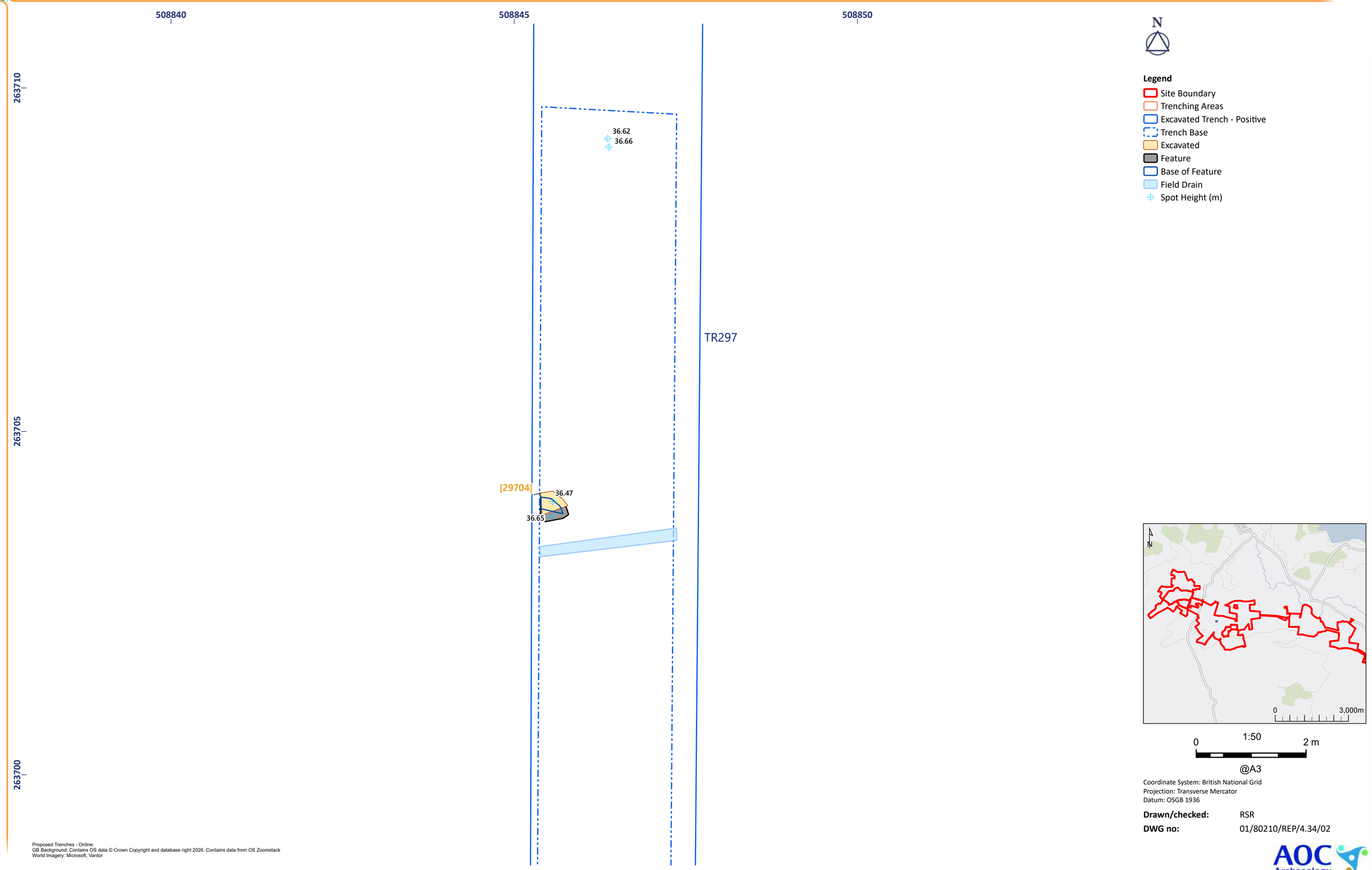


Figure 4.34: Trench 297 Excavated Features

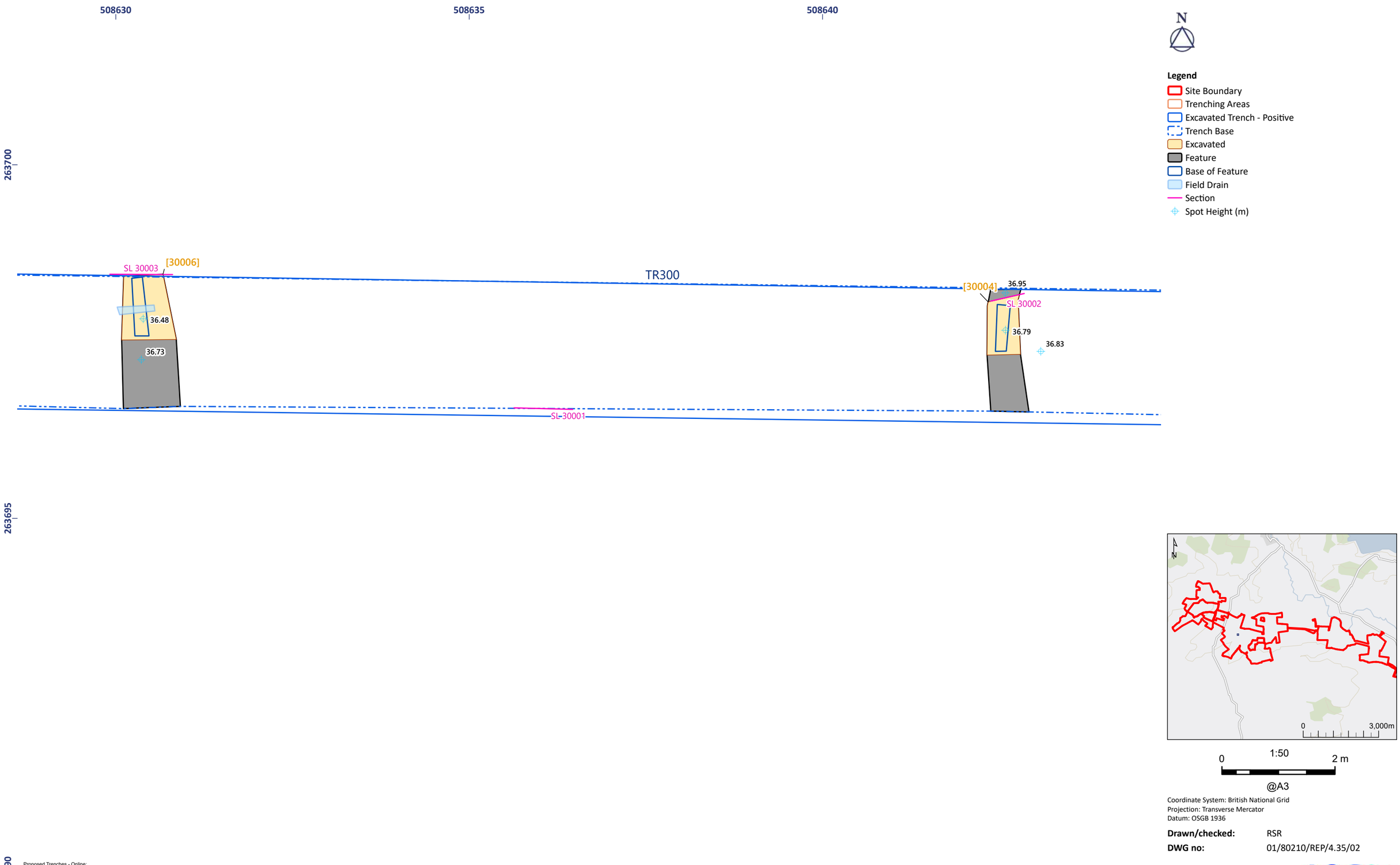


Figure 4.35: Trench 300 Excavated Features

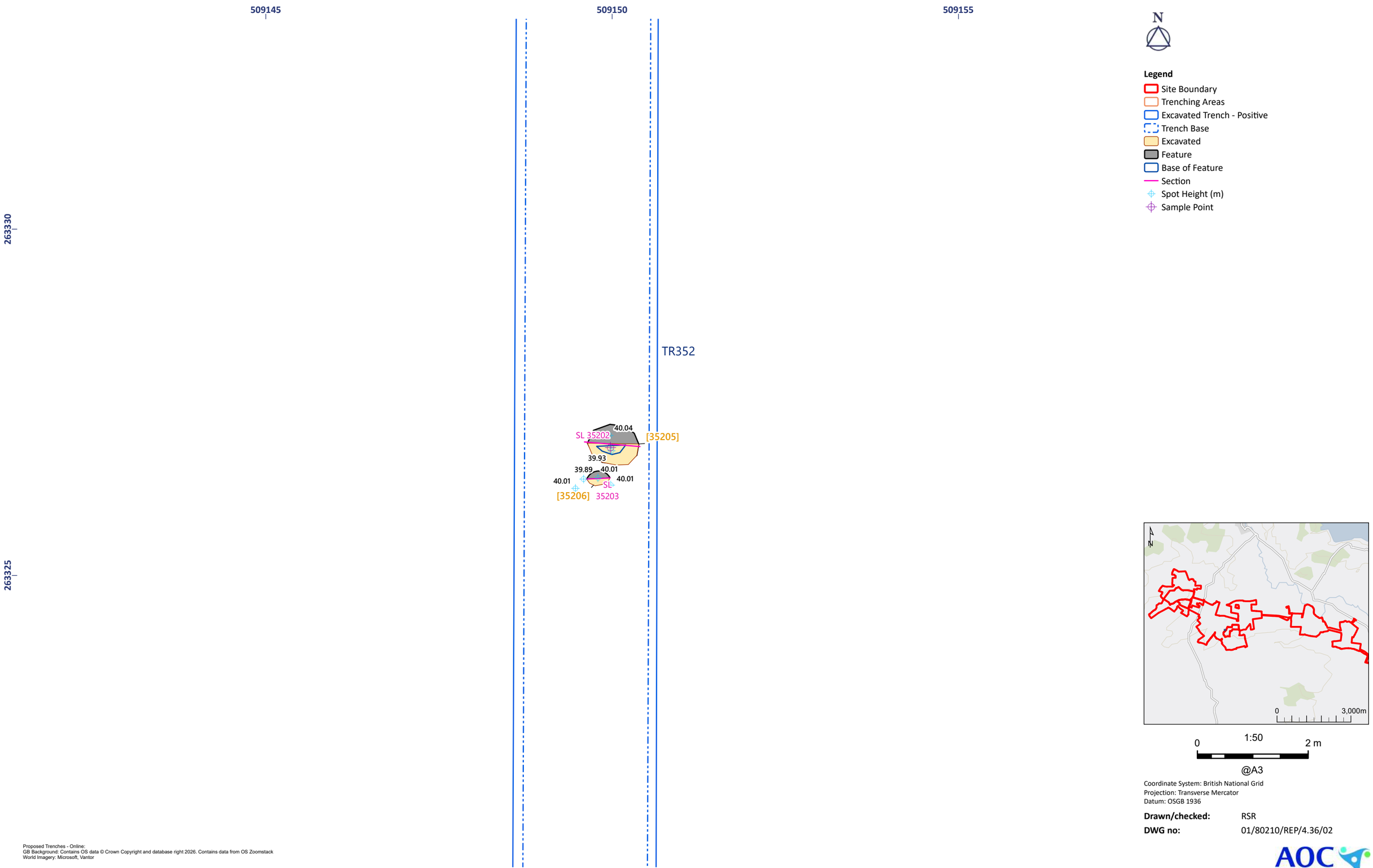


Figure 4.36: Trench 352 Excavated Feature

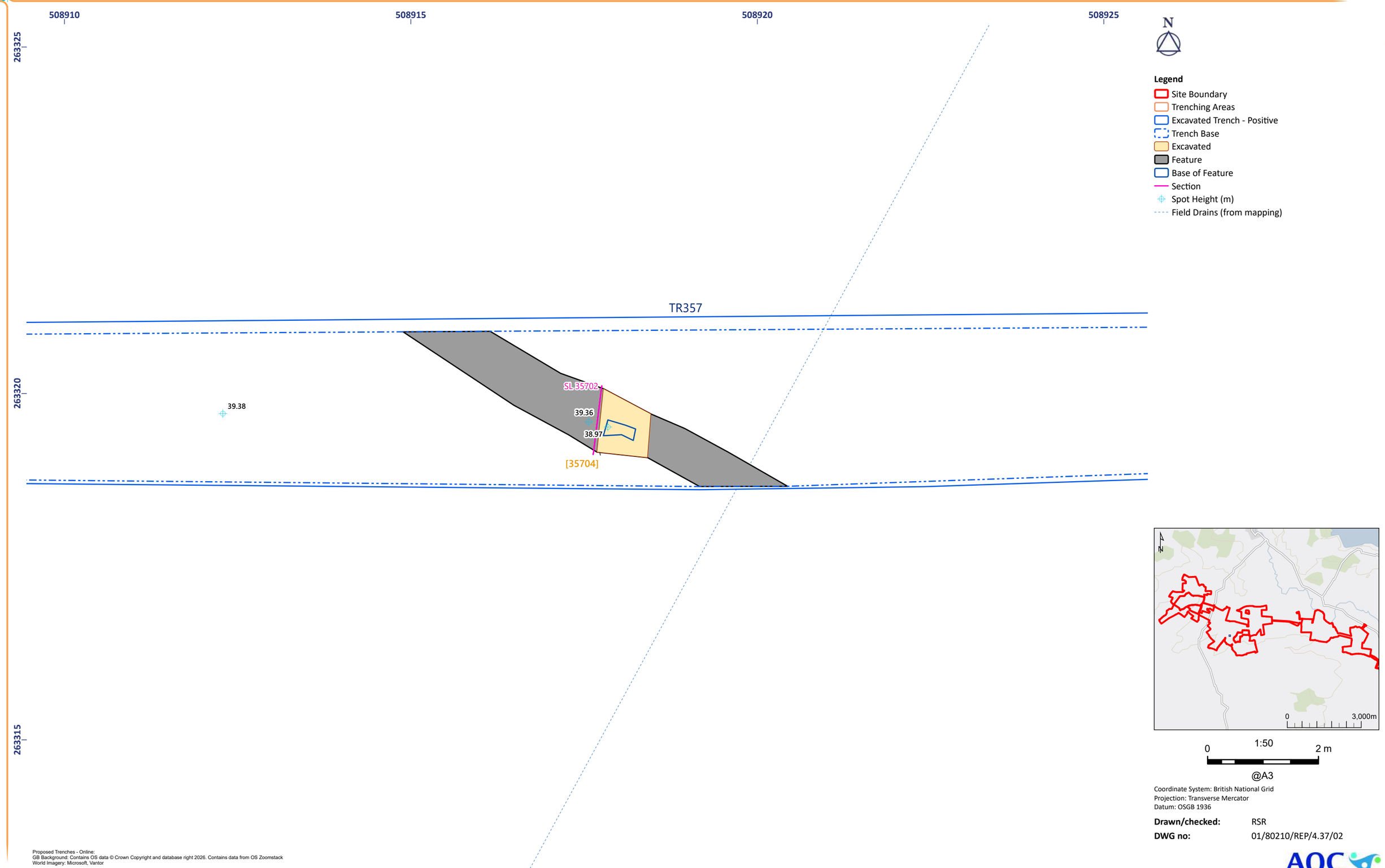


Figure 4.37: Trench 357 Excavated Feature

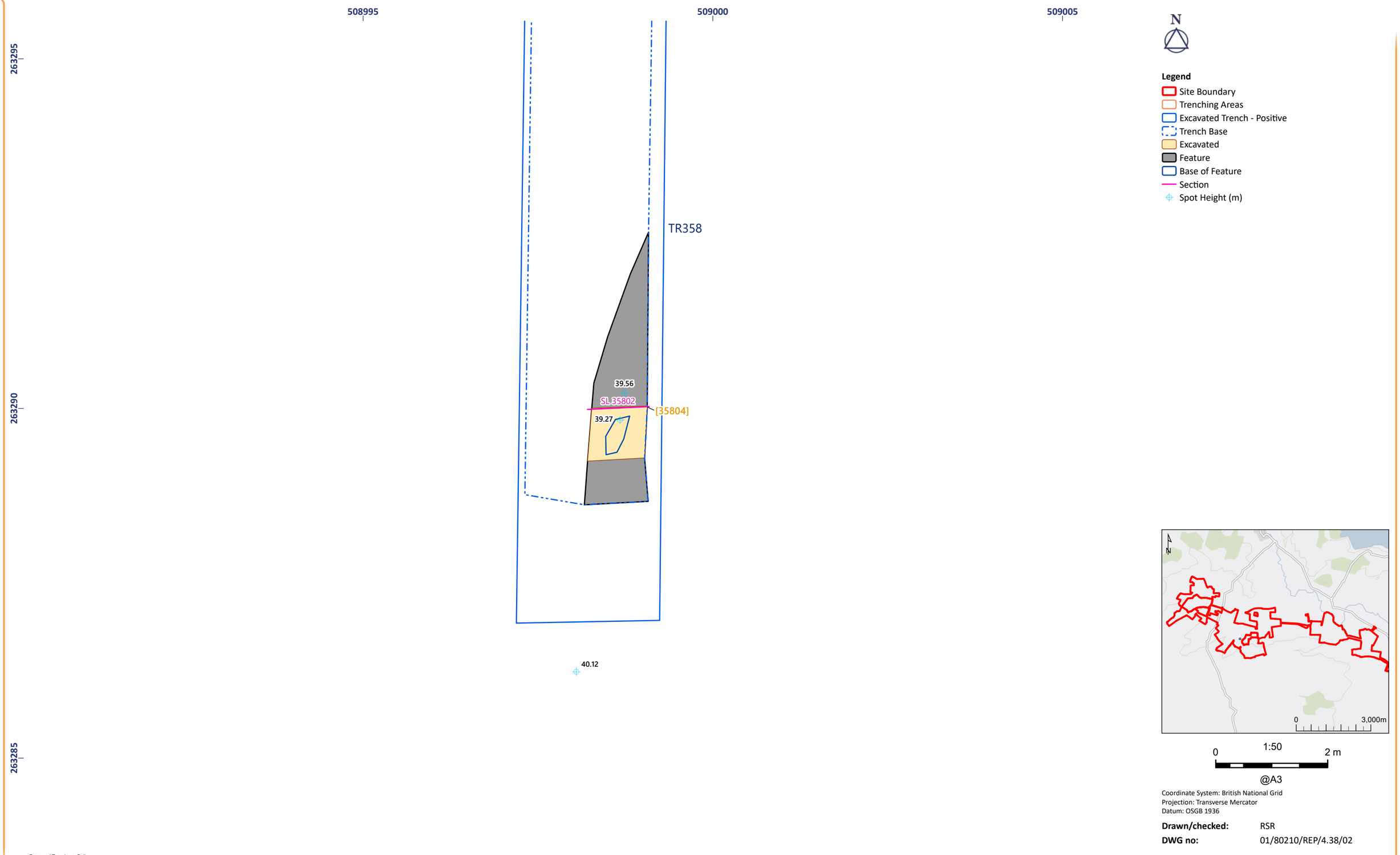


Figure 4.38: Trench 358 Excavated Feature



Figure 4.39: Trench 359 Excavated Feature

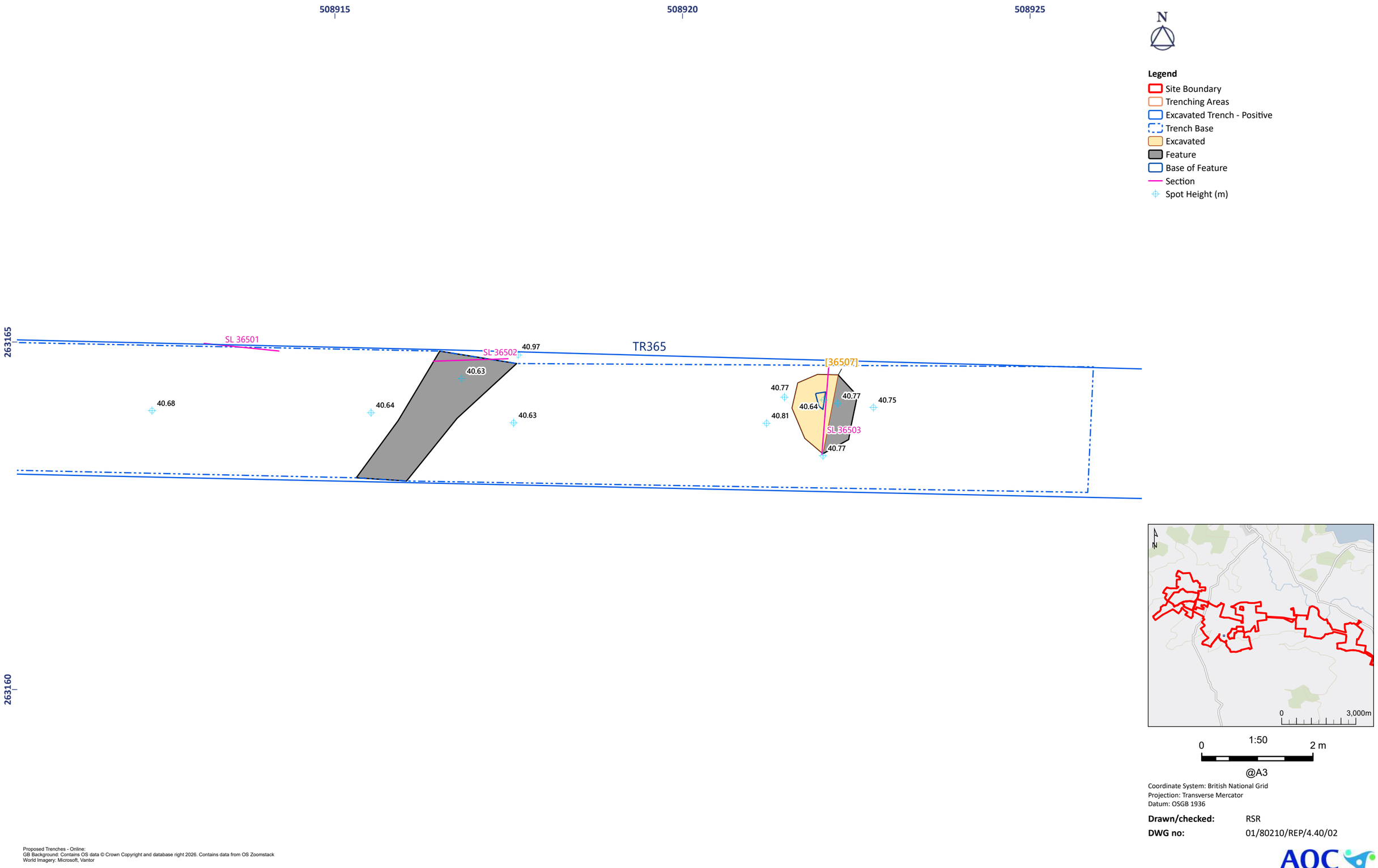
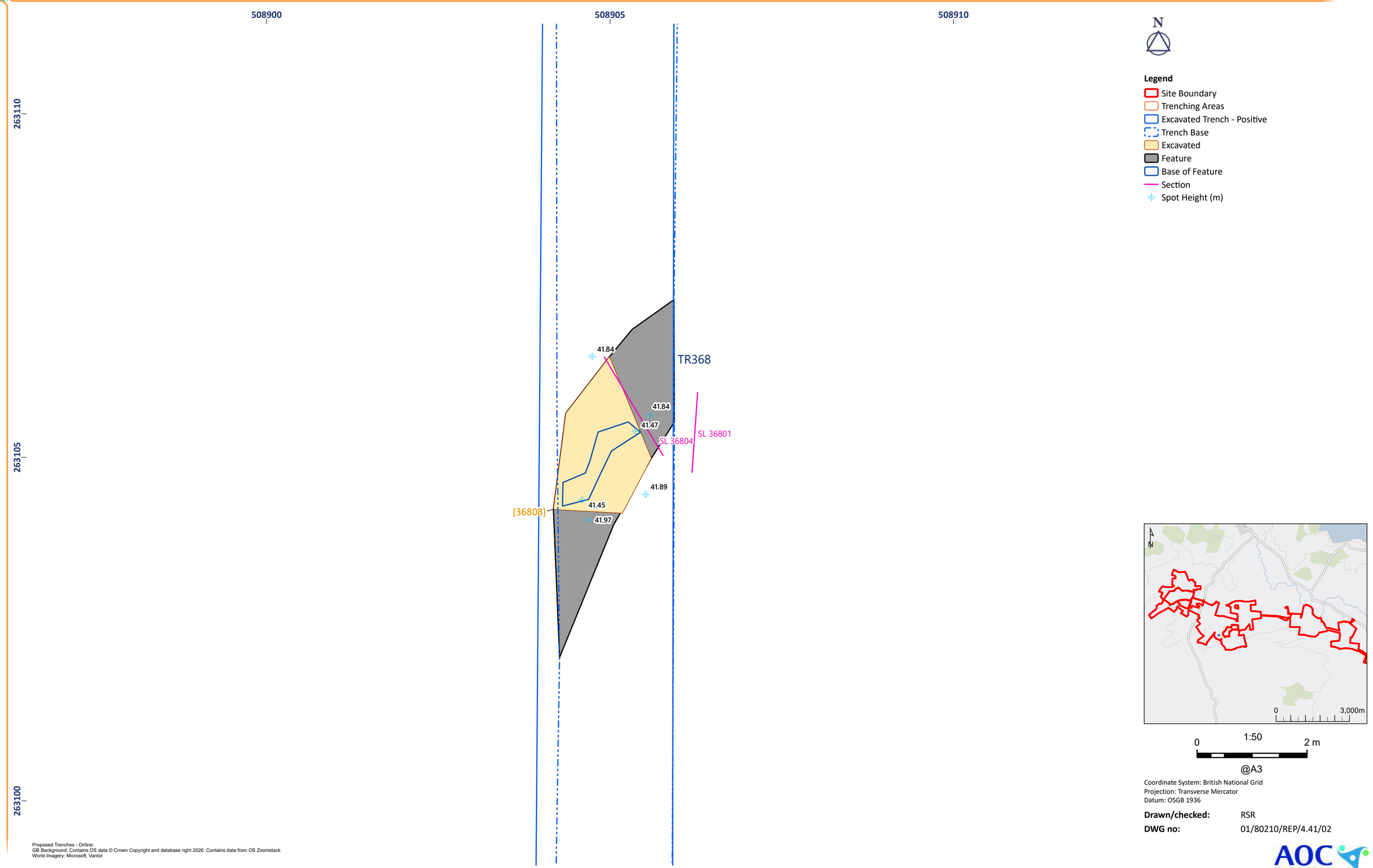


Figure 4.40: Trench 365 Excavated Feature



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.41/02

Figure 4.41: Trench 368 Excavated Feature

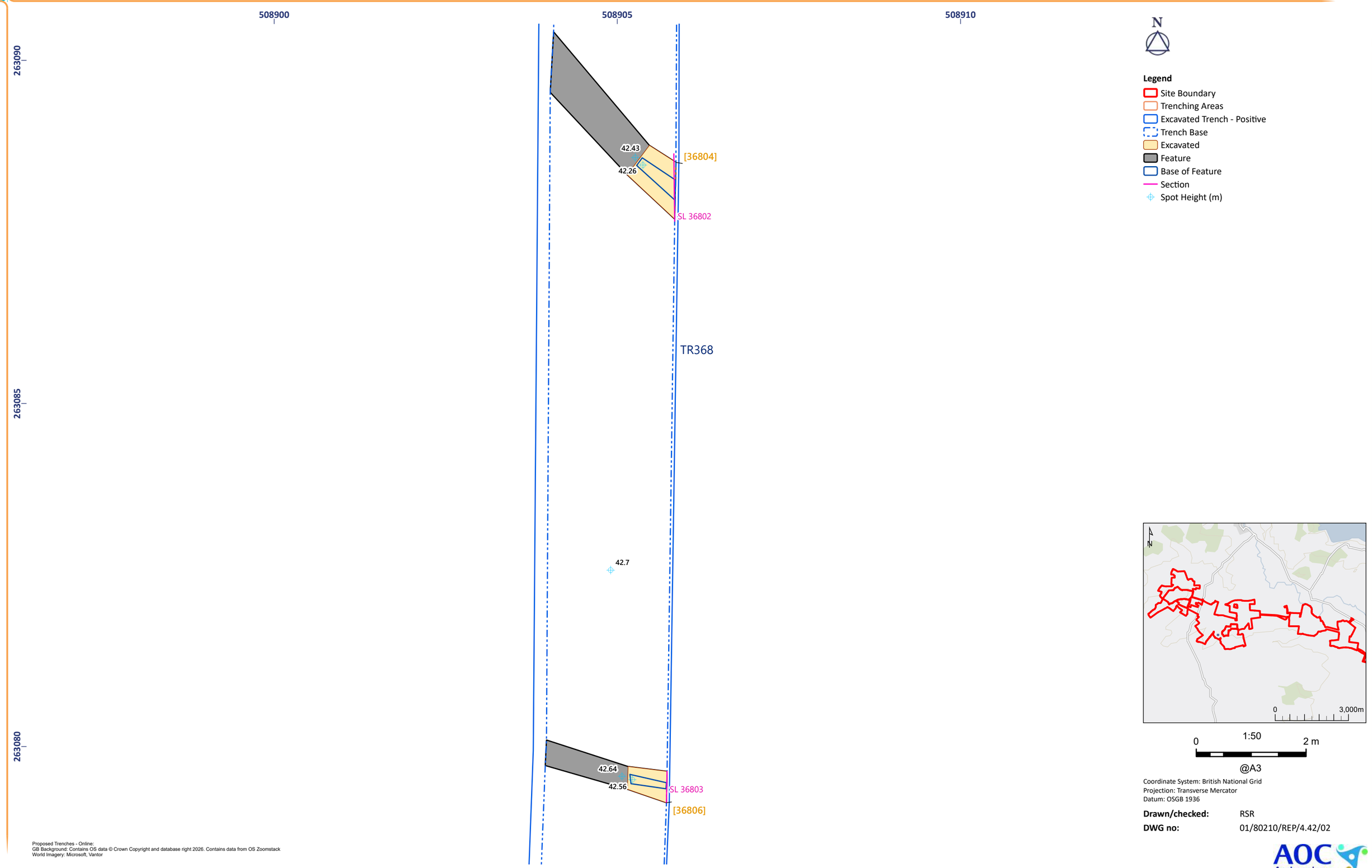


Figure 4.42: Trench 368 Excavated Feature

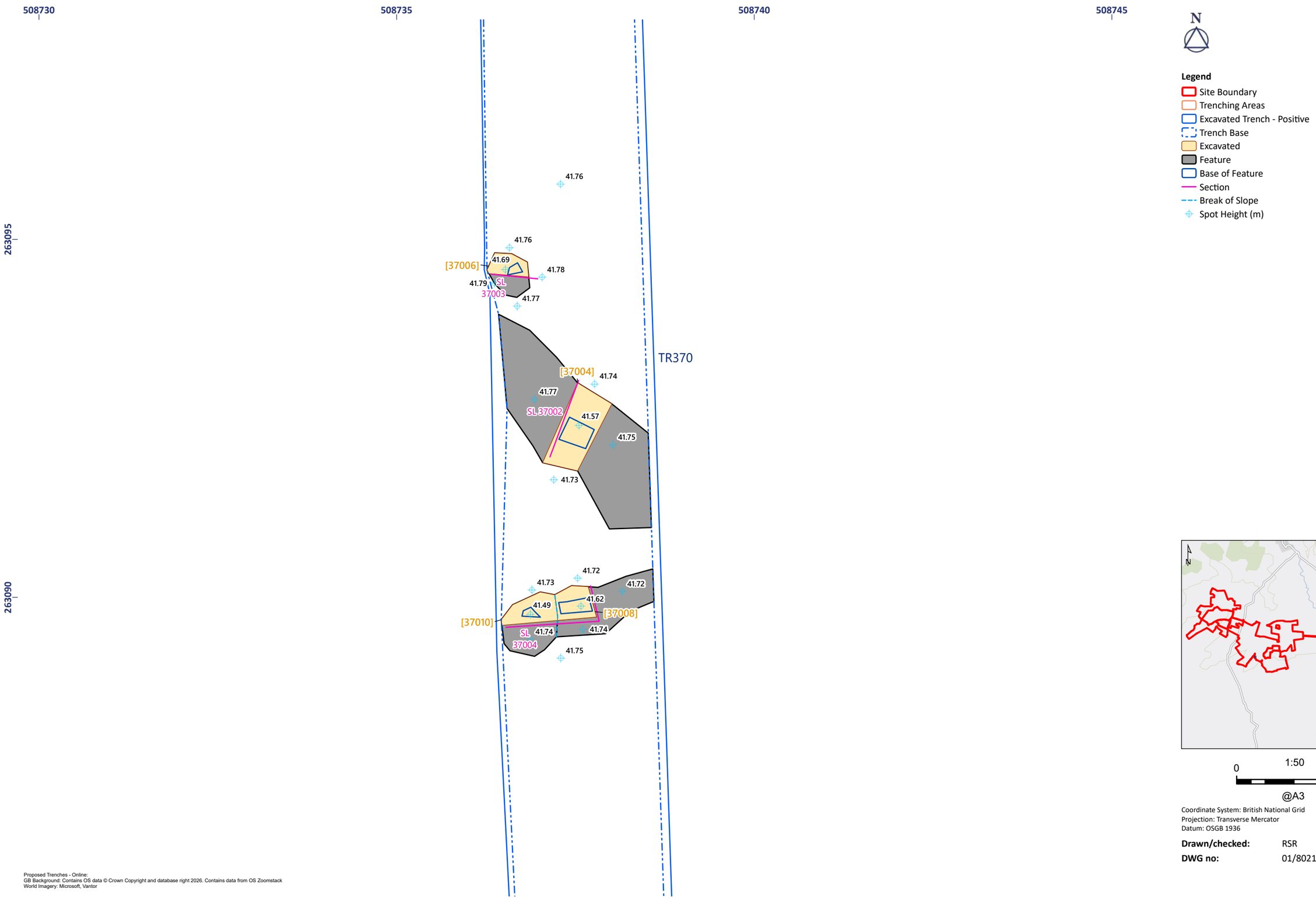


Figure 4.43: Trench 370 Excavated Feature

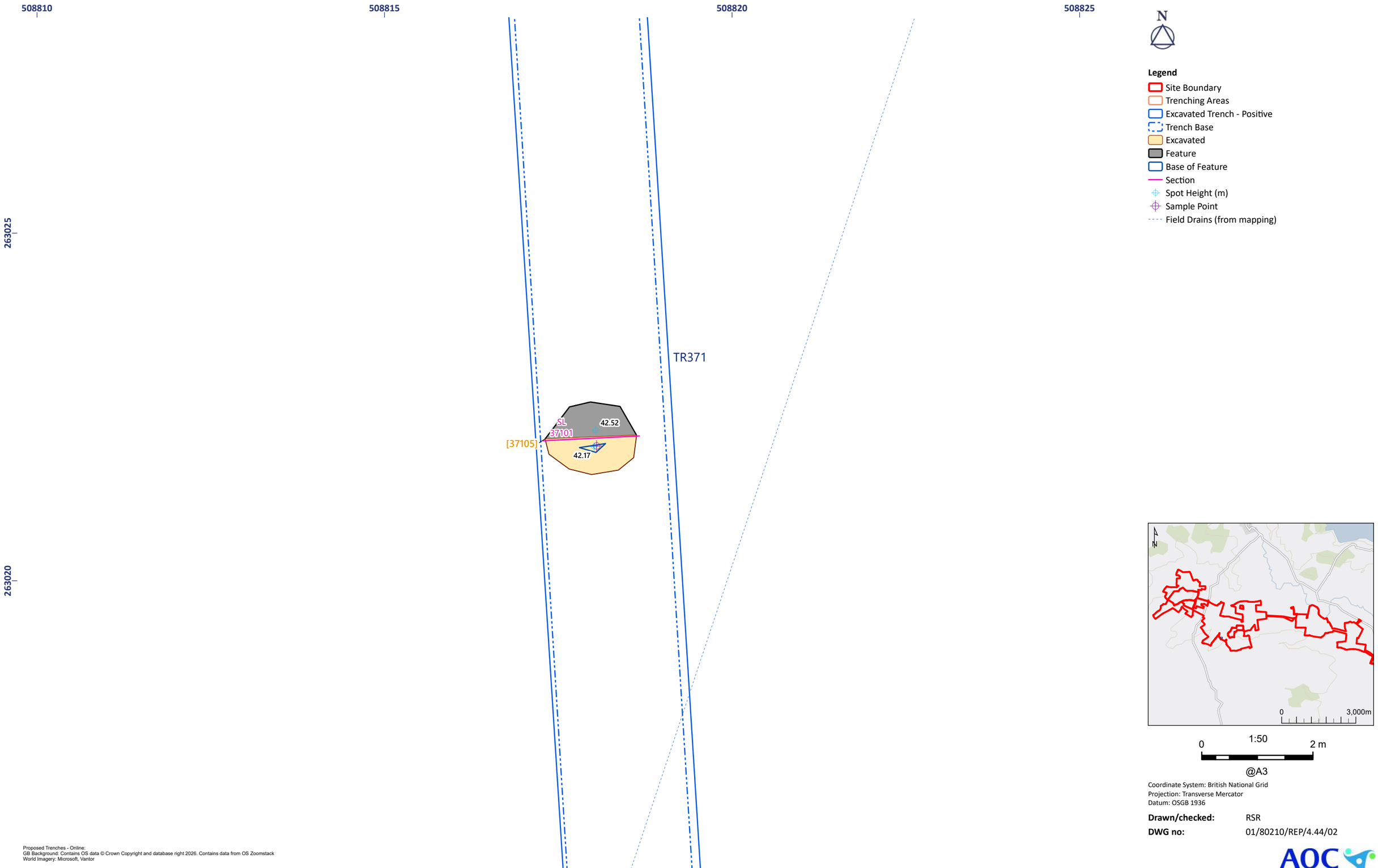


Figure 4.44: Trench 371 Excavated Feature

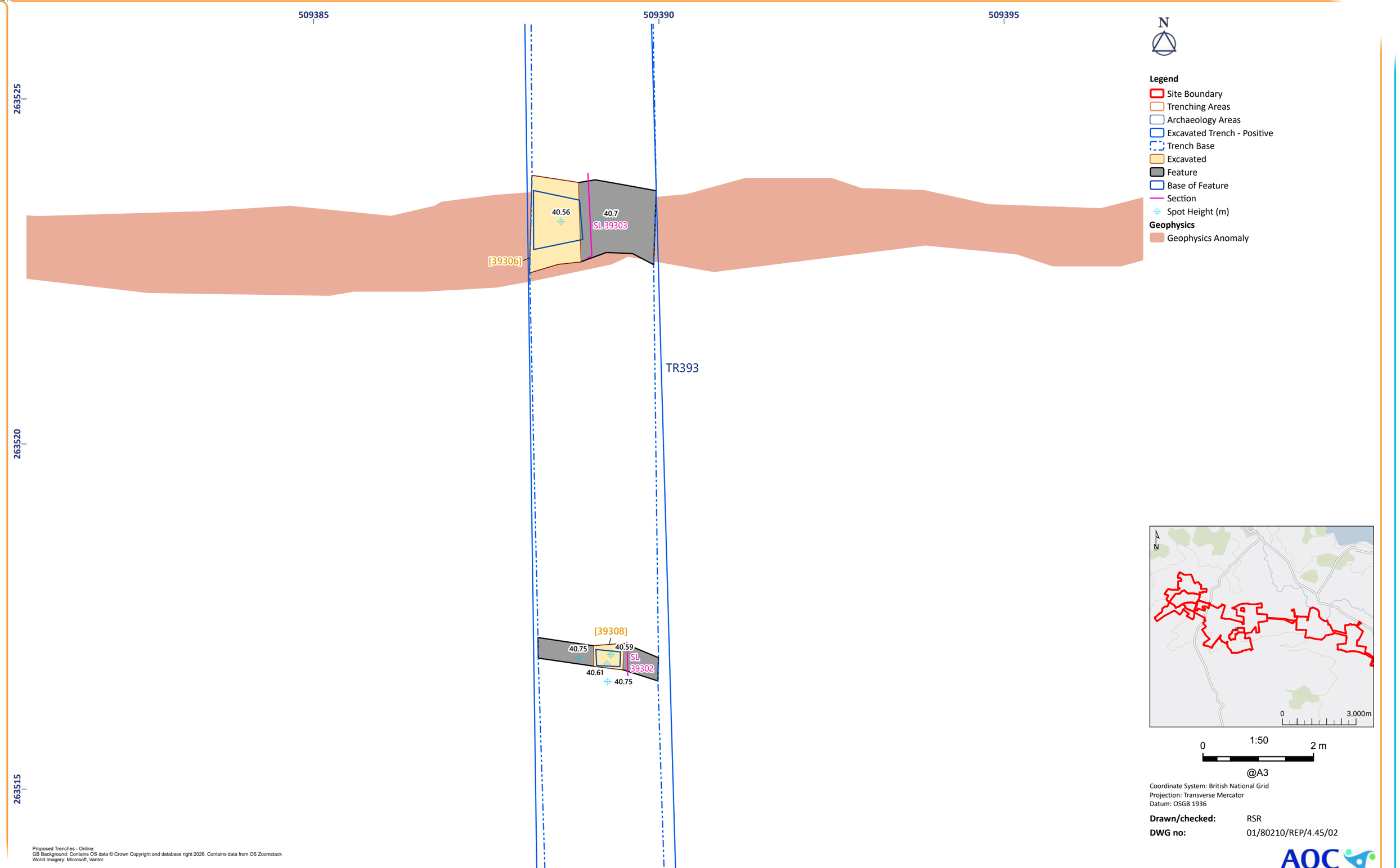


Figure 4.45: Trench 393 Excavated Feature

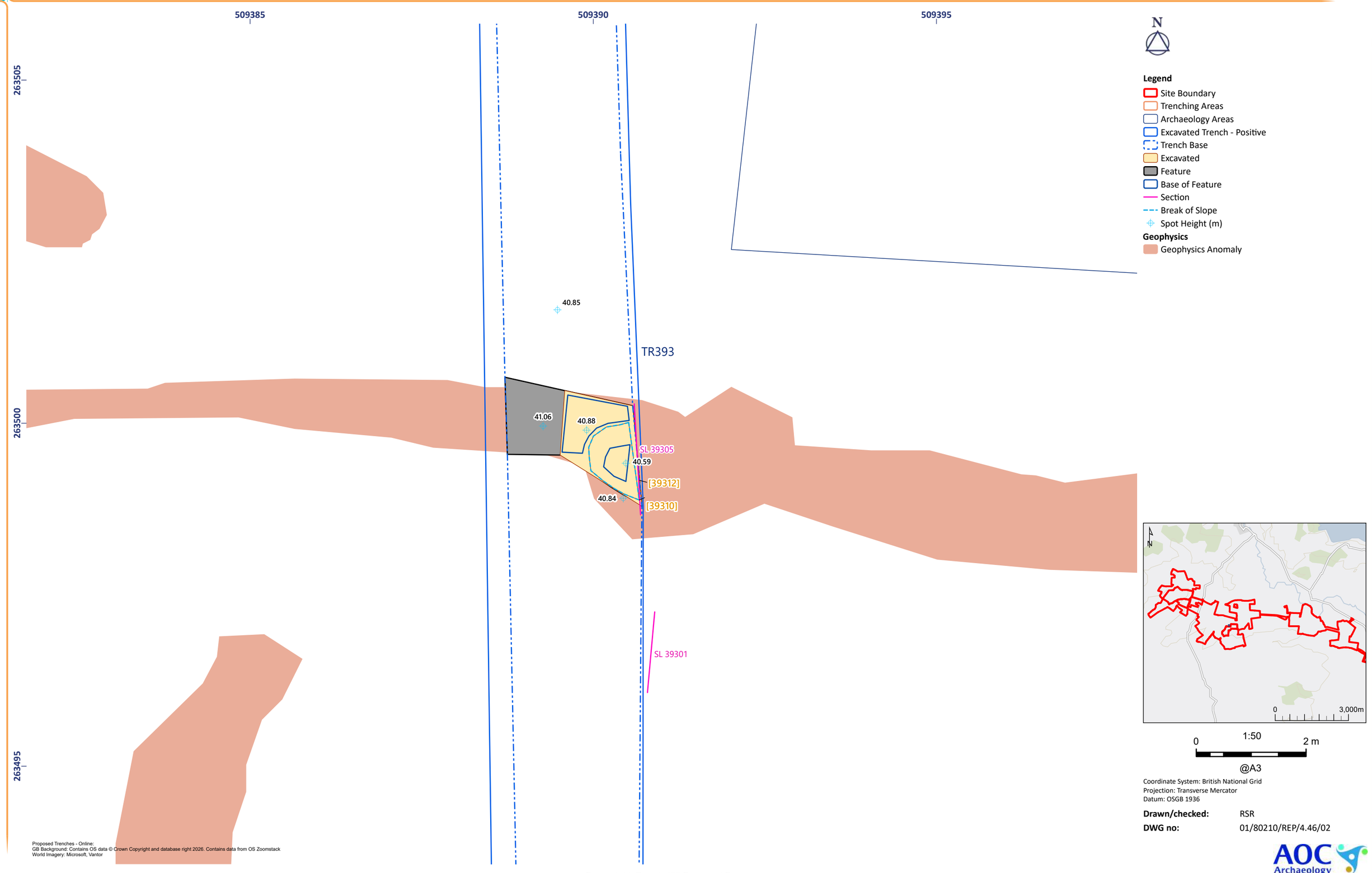


Figure 4.46: Trench 393 Excavated Feature

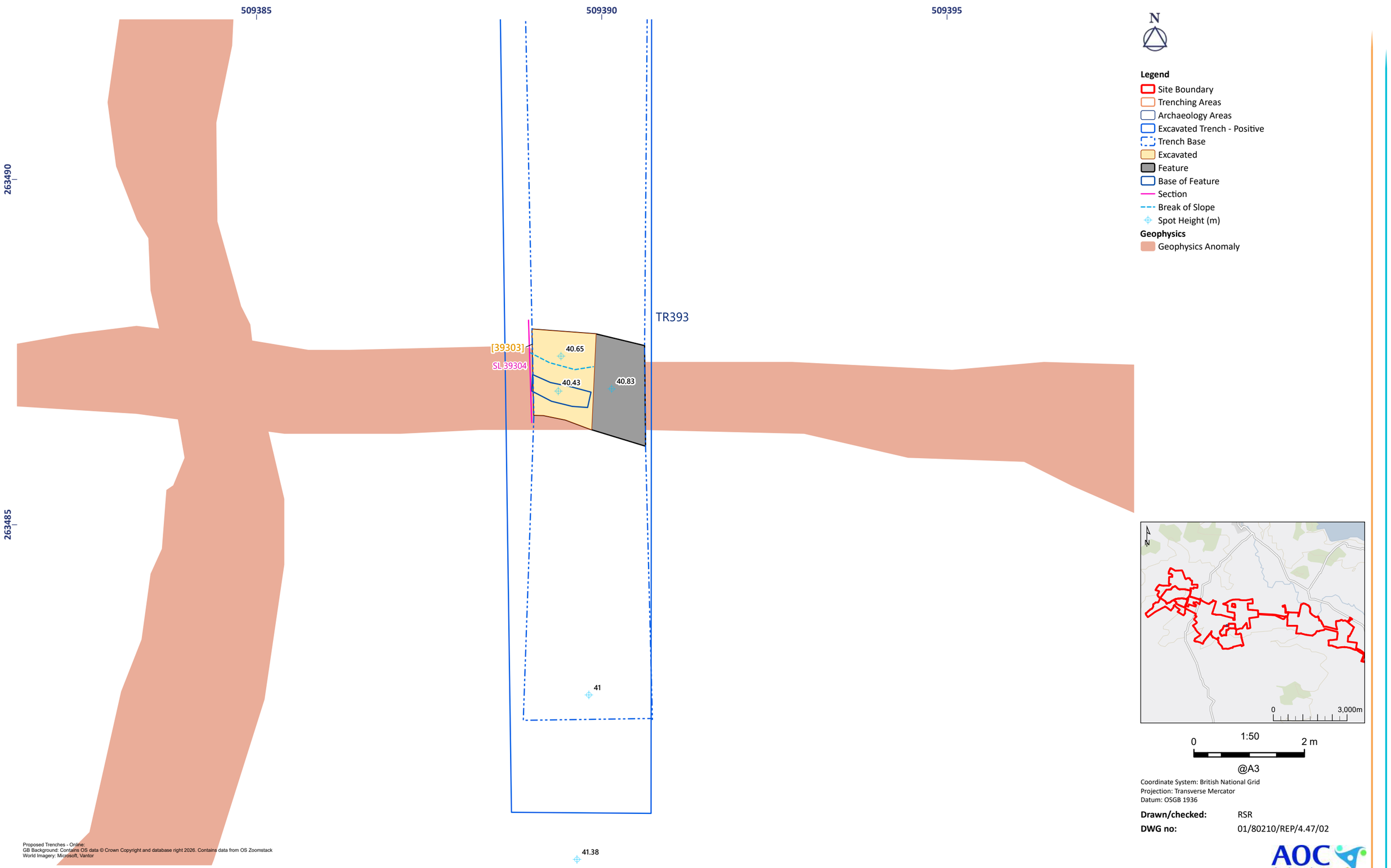


Figure 4.47: Trench 393 Excavated Feature

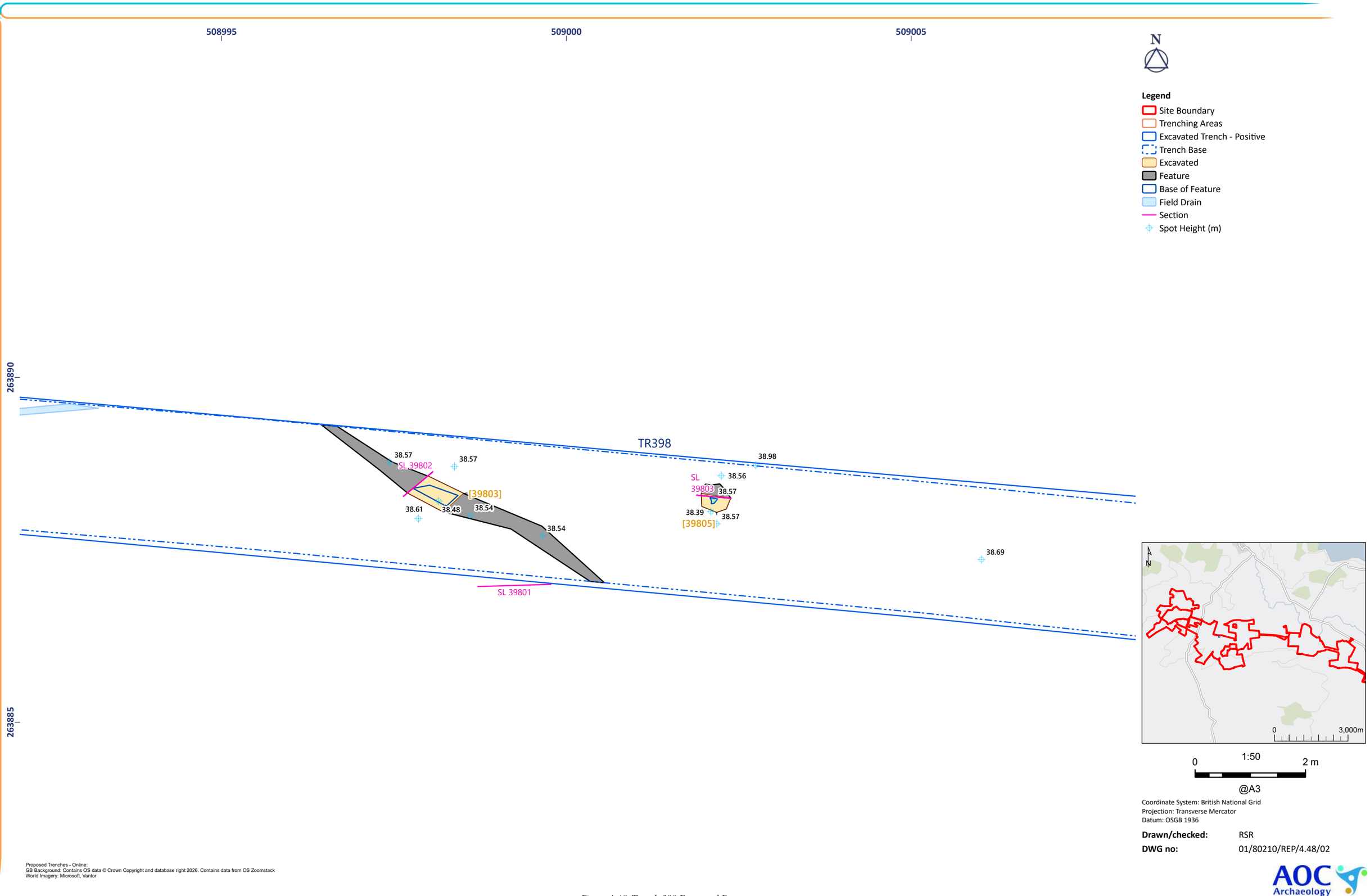


Figure 4.48: Trench 398 Excavated Feature

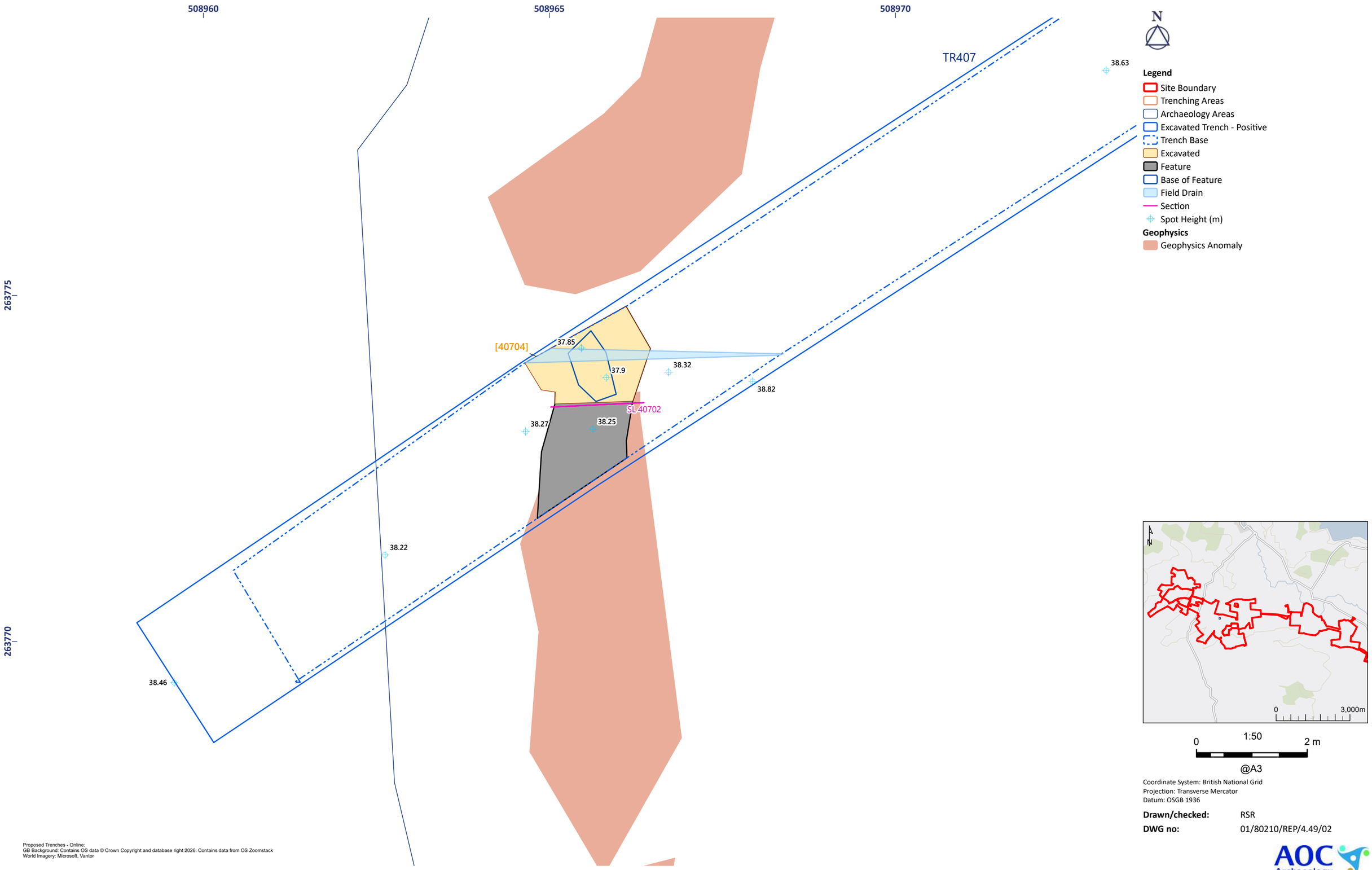


Figure 4.49: Trench 407 Excavated Feature

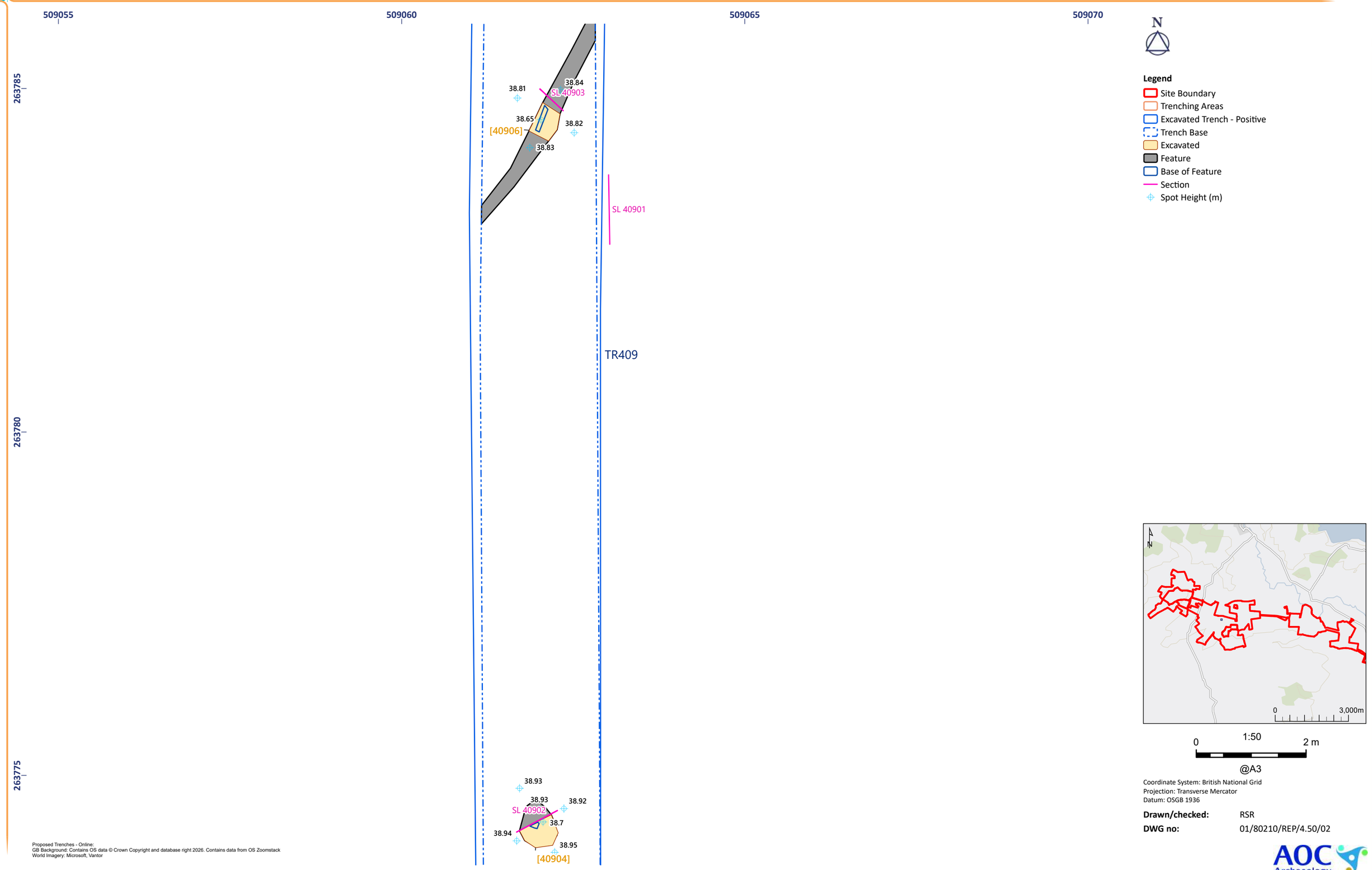


Figure 4.50: Trench 409 Excavated Feature

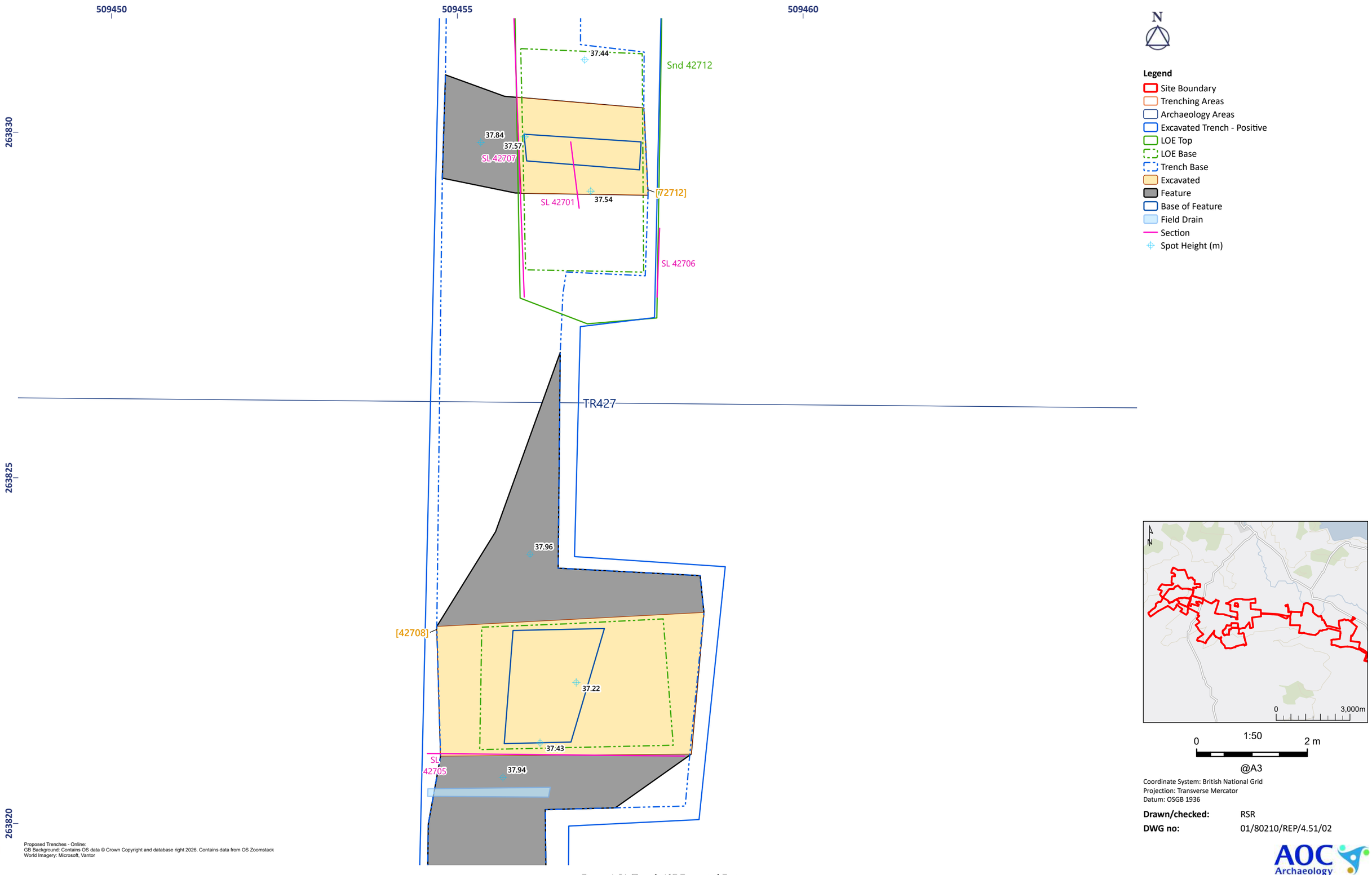


Figure 4.51: Trench 427 Excavated Feature

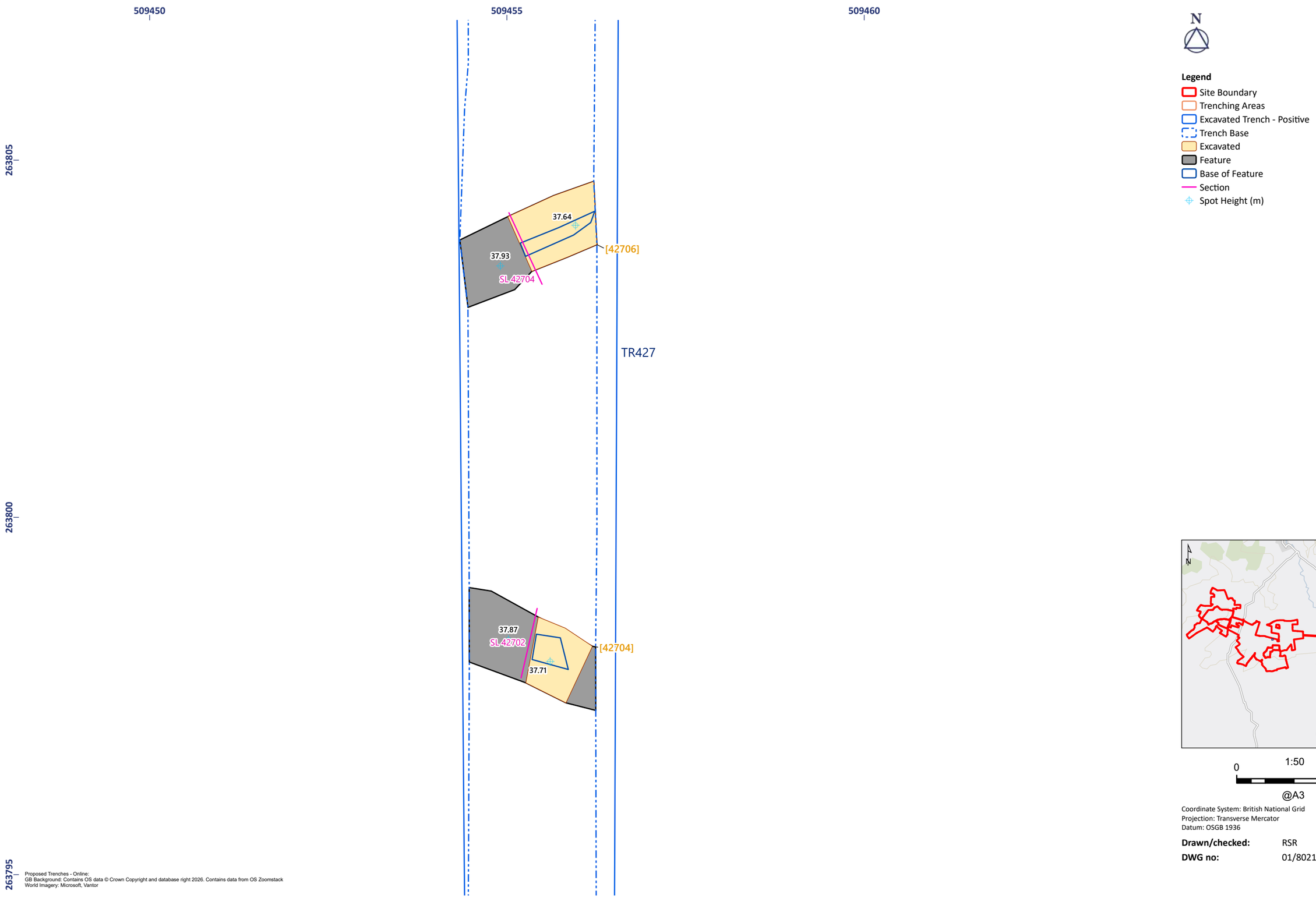


Figure 4.52: Trench 427 Excavated Feature

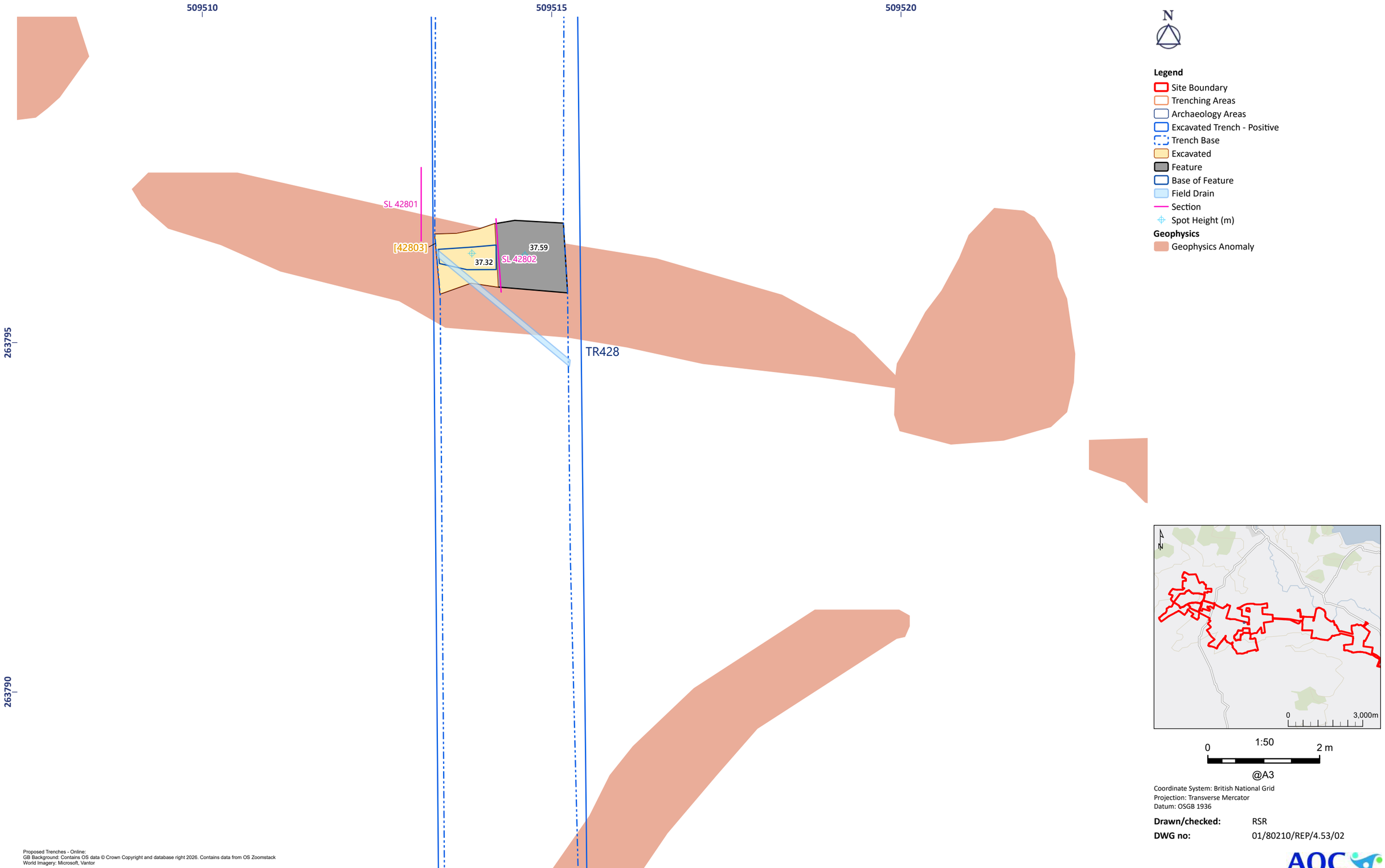


Figure 4.53: Trench 428 Excavated Feature

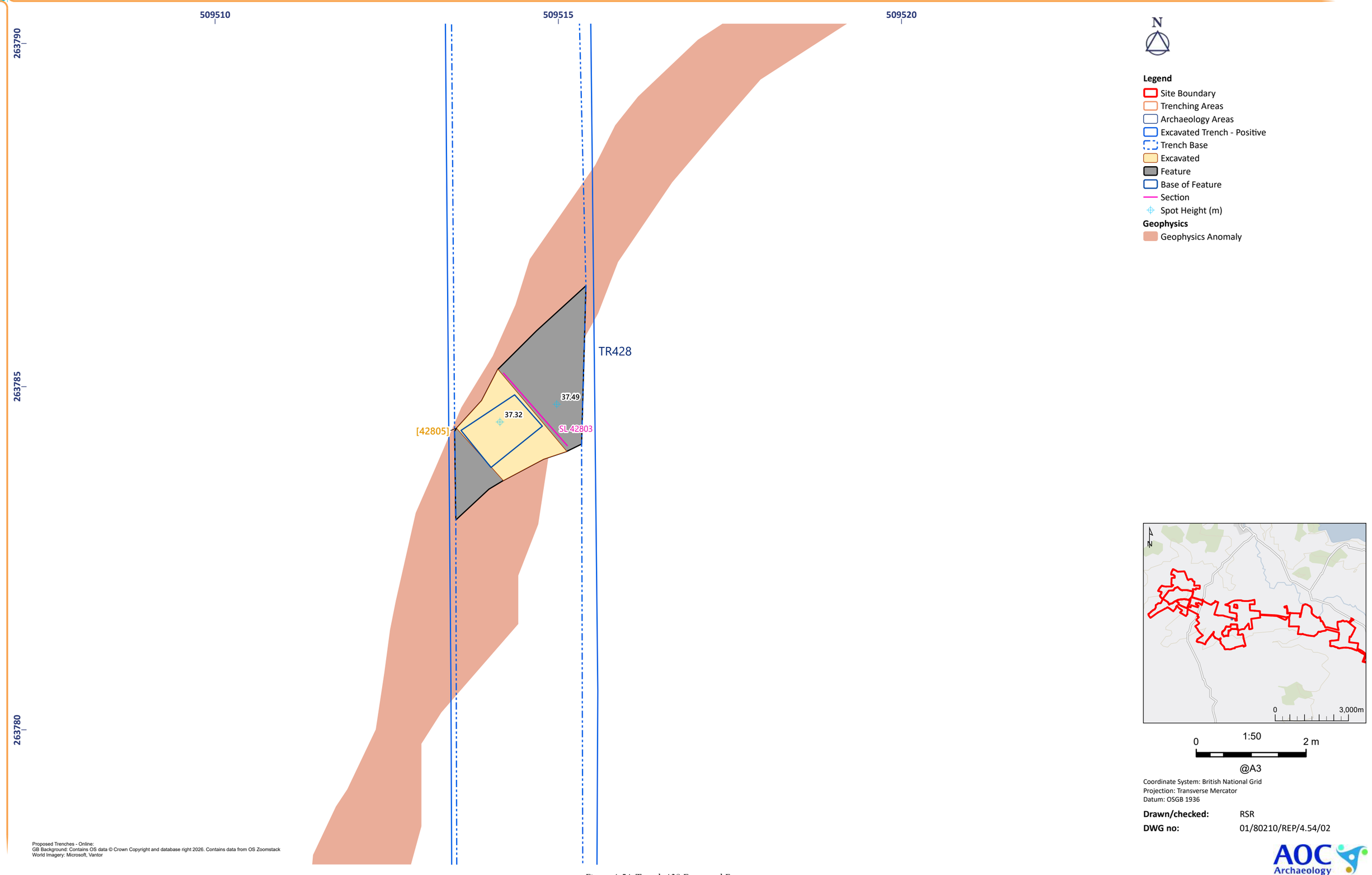
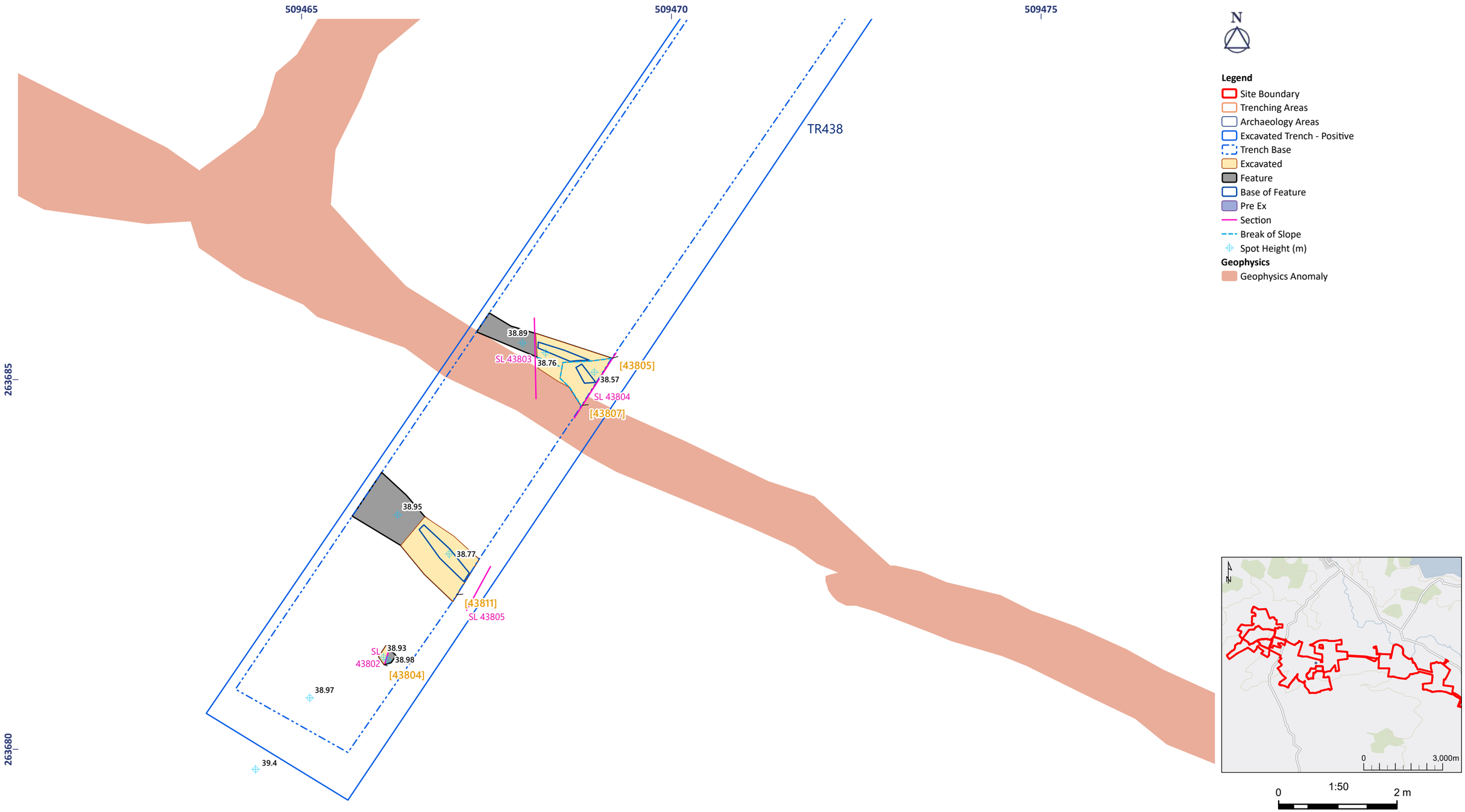


Figure 4.54: Trench 428 Excavated Feature



Proposed Trenches - Online:
GB Background: Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2026. Contains data from OS Zoomstack
World Imagery: Microsoft, Vantor

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.55/02

Figure 4.55: Trench 438 Excavated Feature

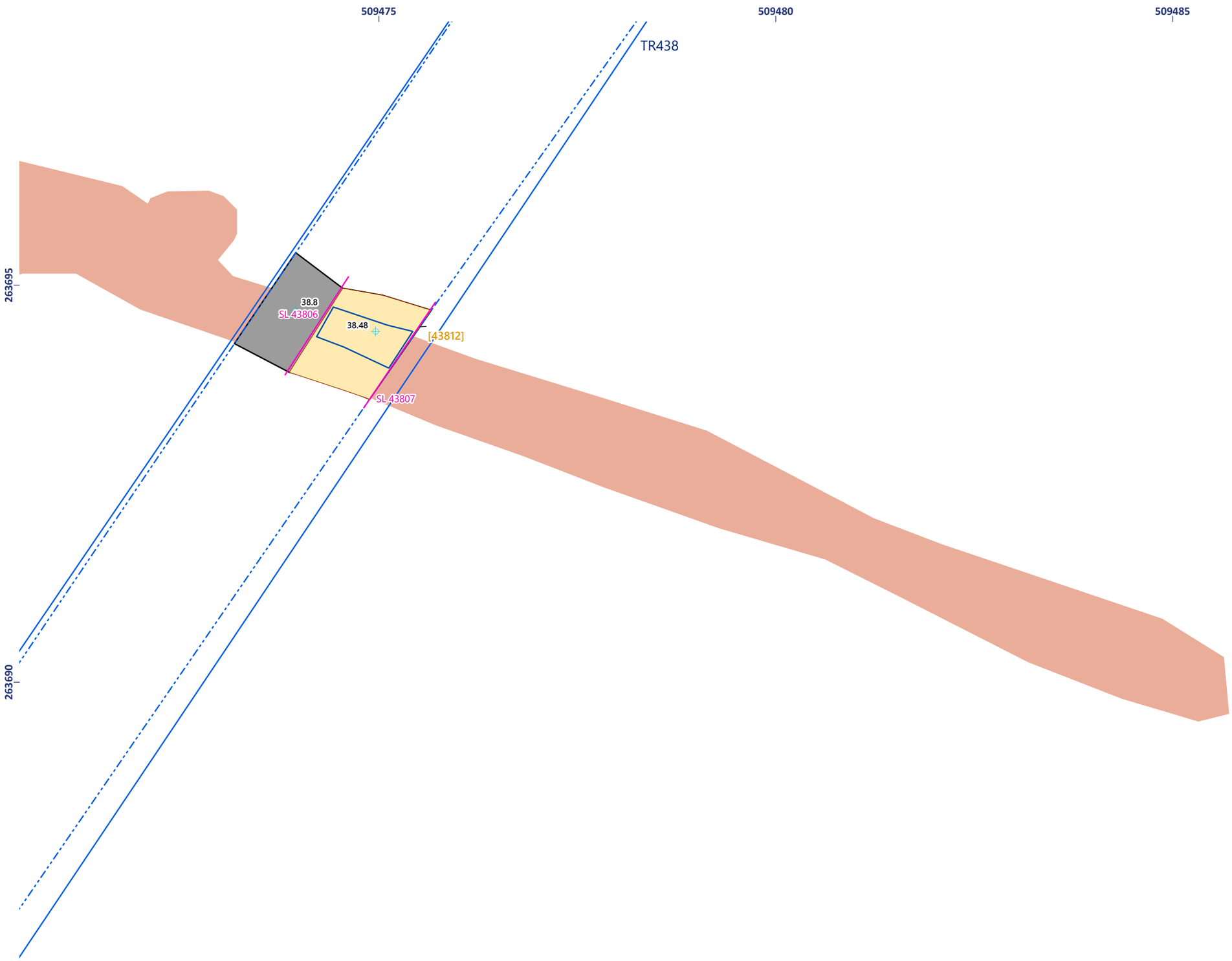


Figure 4.56: Trench 438 Excavated Feature

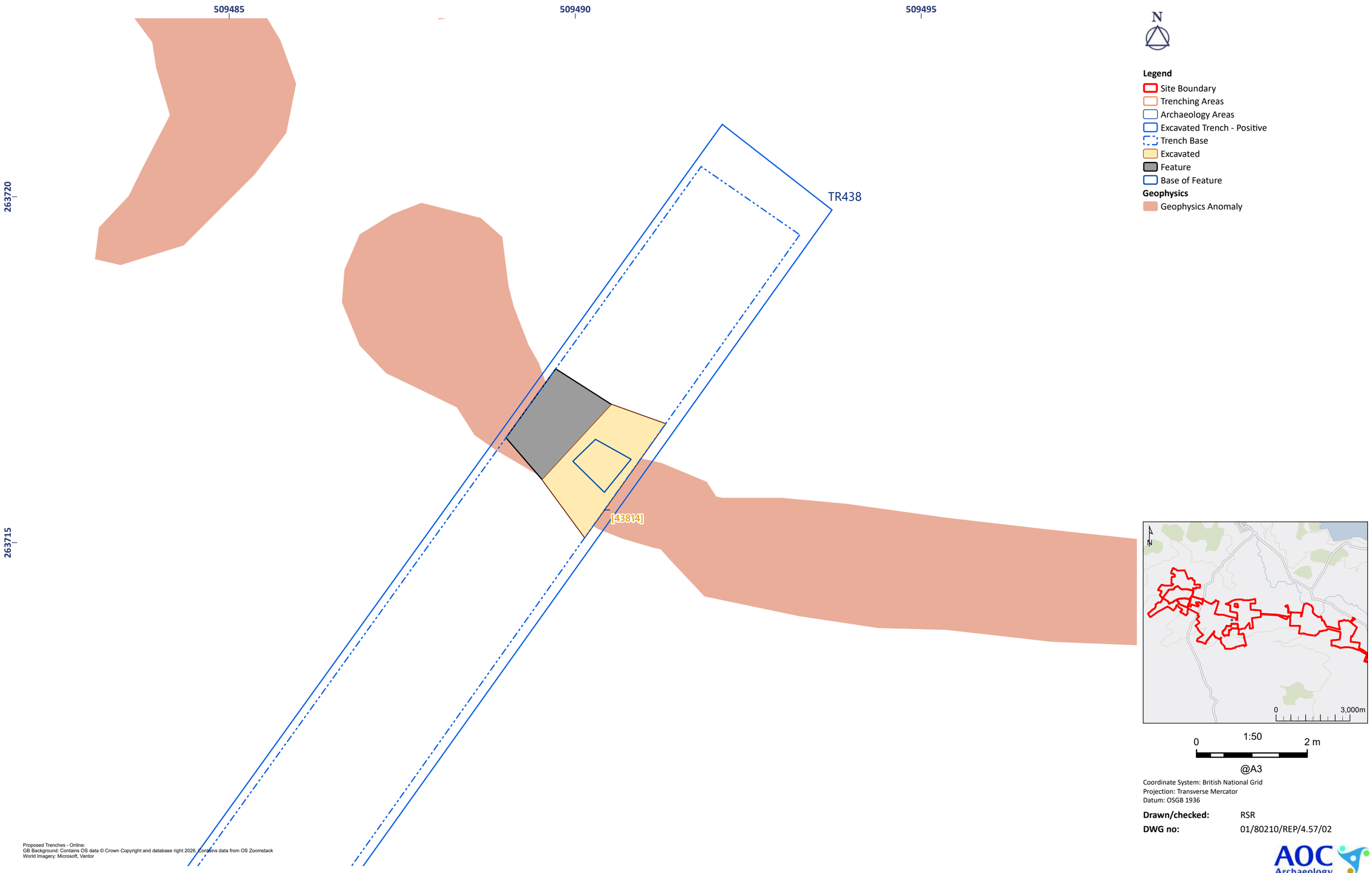


Figure 4.57: Trench 438 Excavated Feature

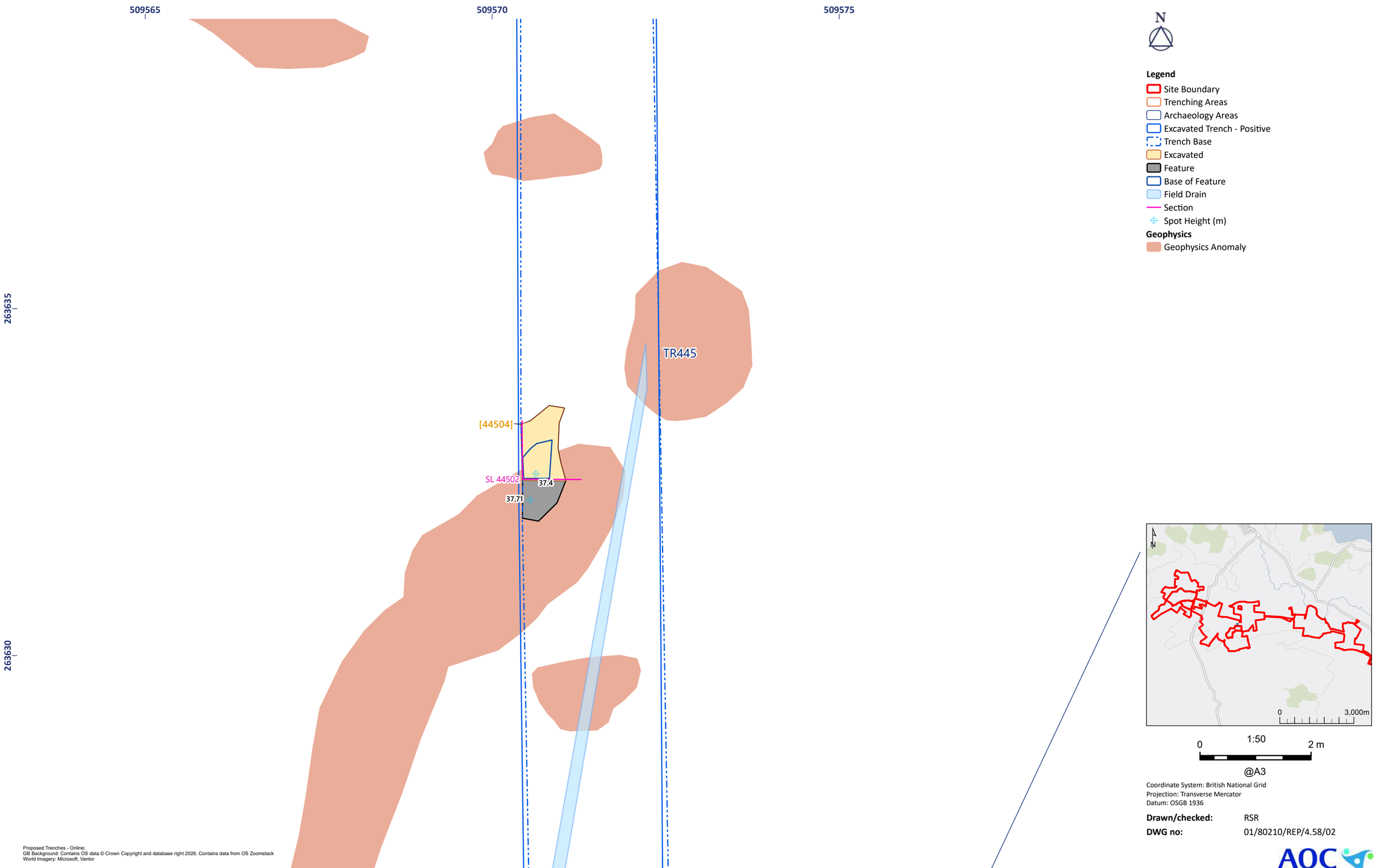


Figure 4.58: Trench 445 Excavated Feature

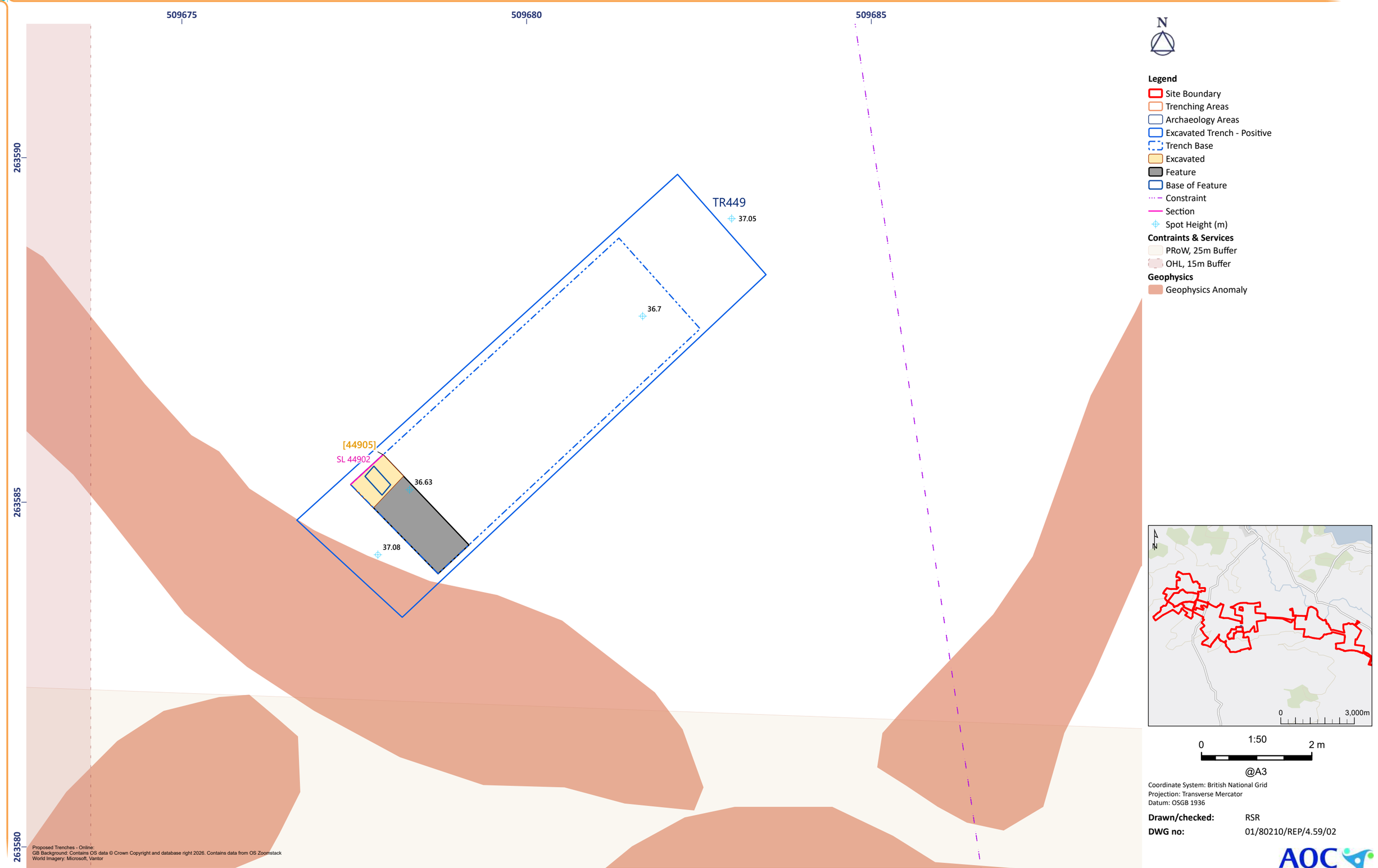


Figure 4.59: Trench 449 Excavated Feature

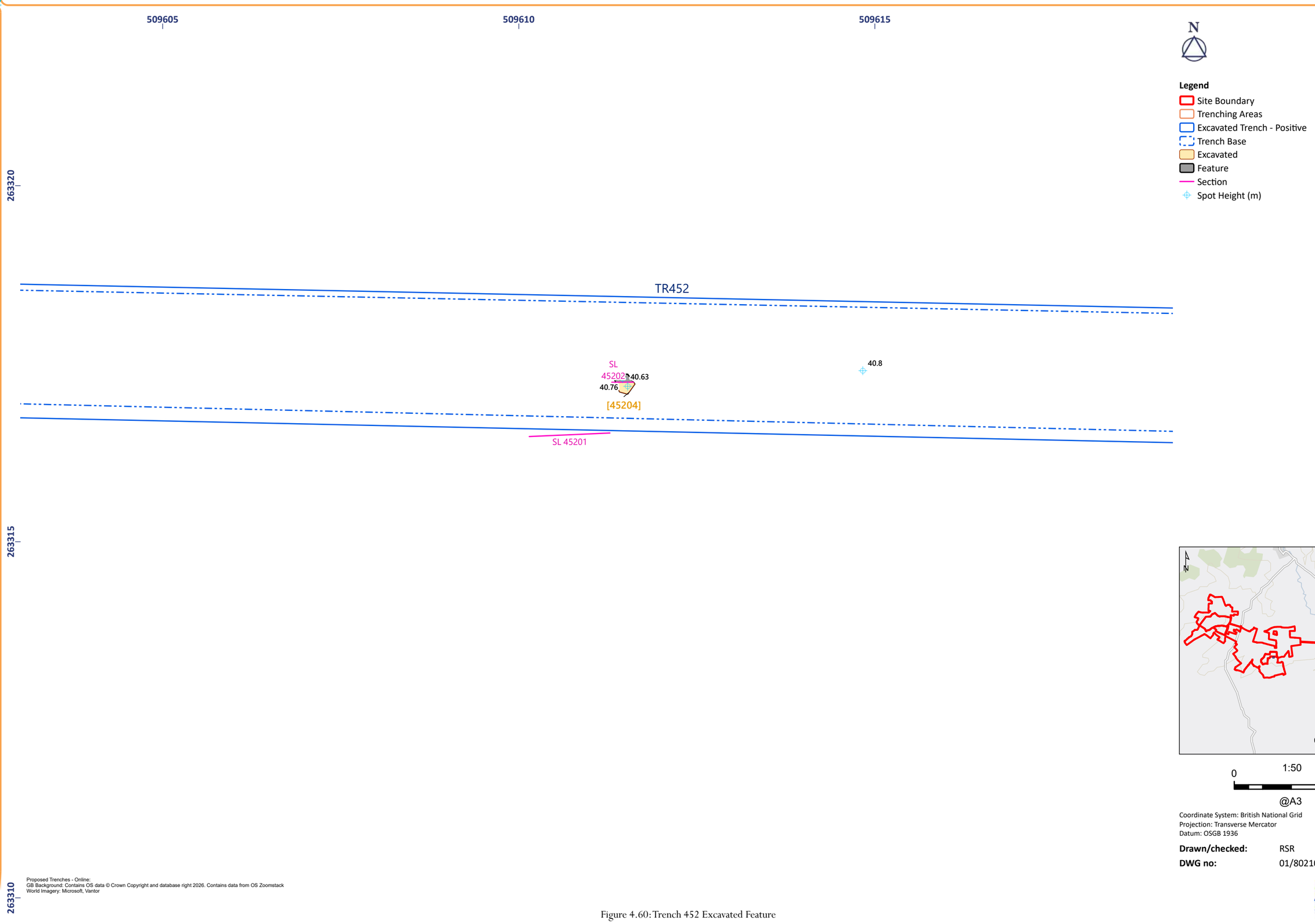


Figure 4.60: Trench 452 Excavated Feature

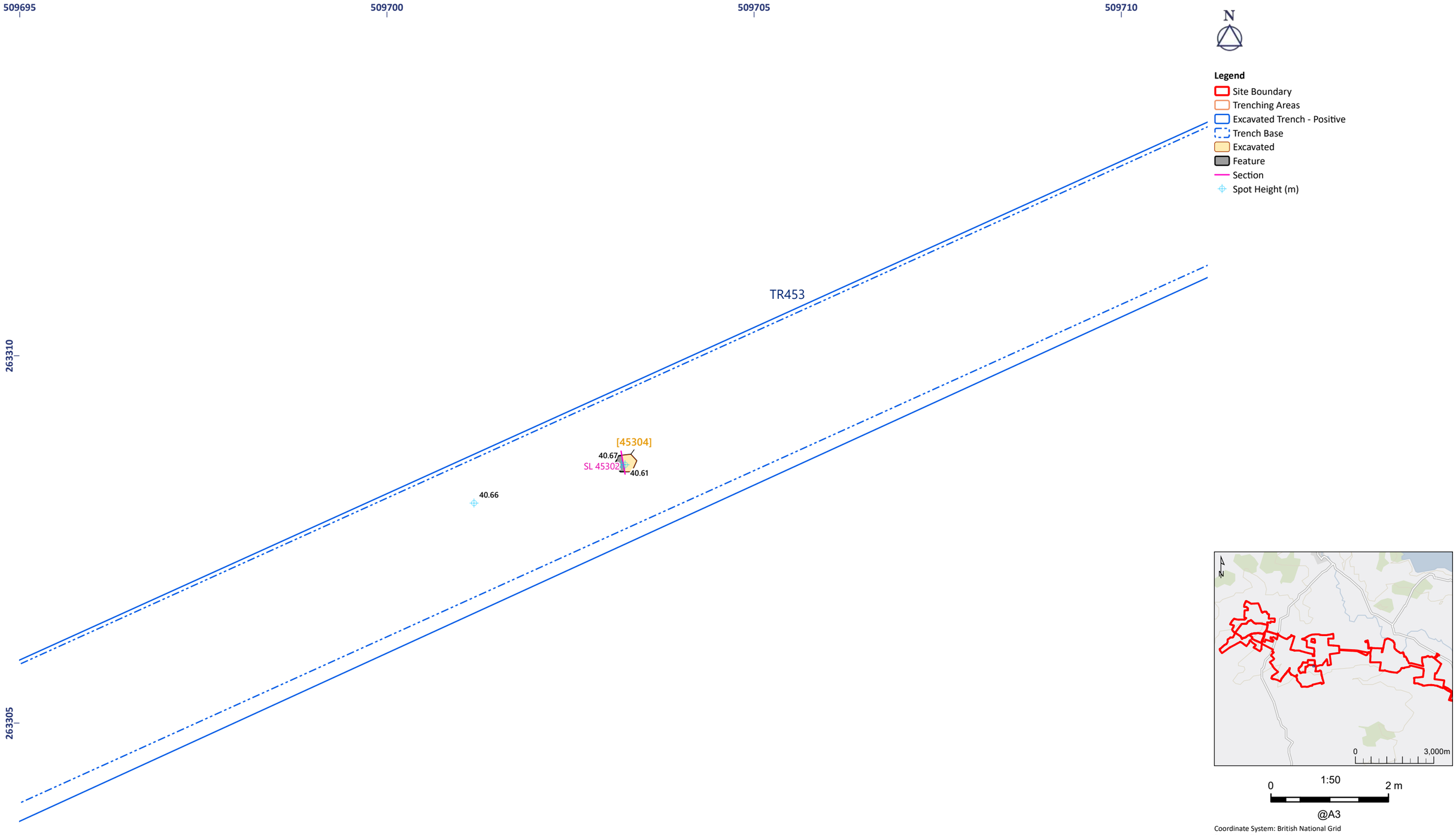


Figure 4.61: Trench 453 Excavated Feature

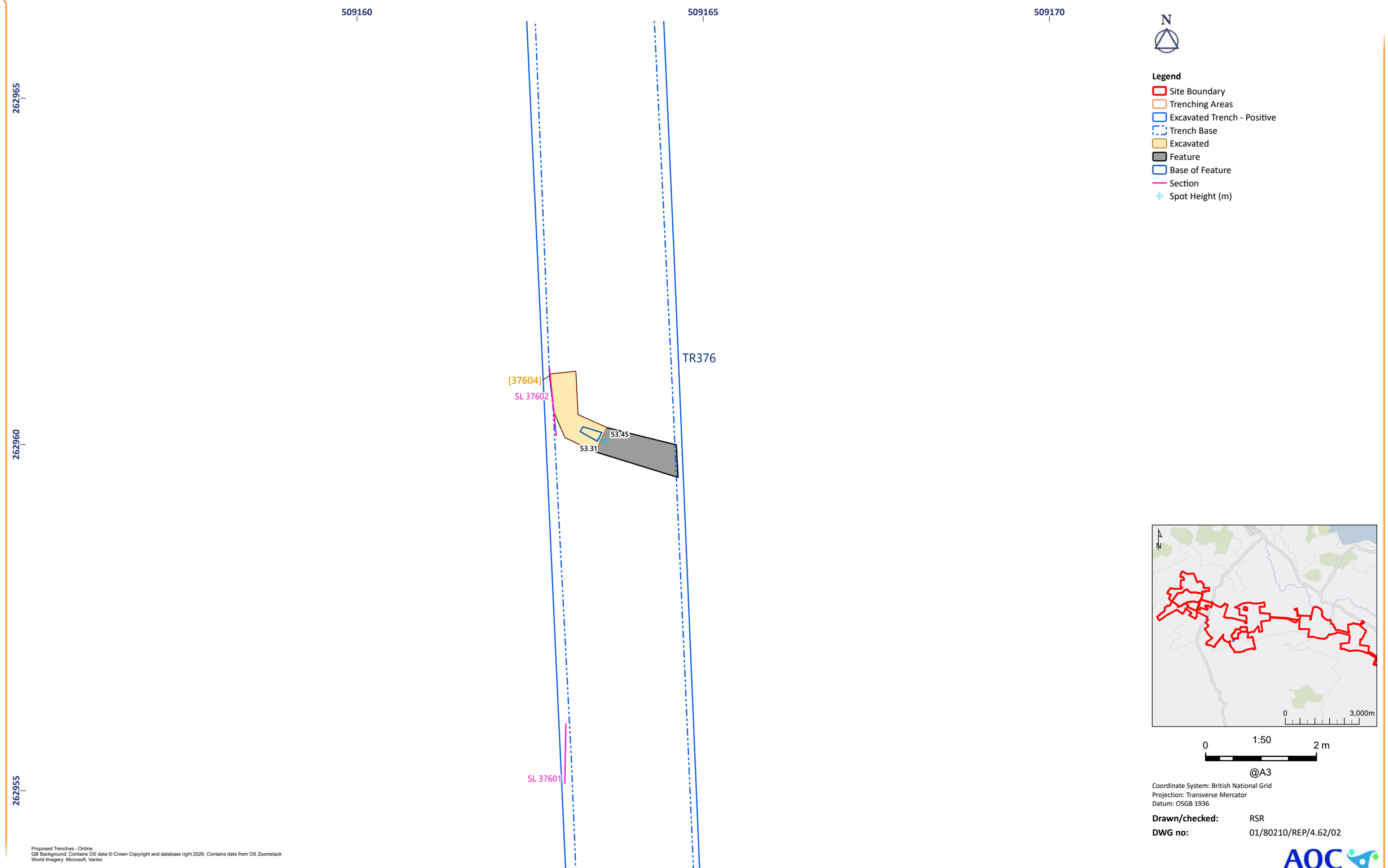


Figure 4.62: Trench 376 Excavated Feature

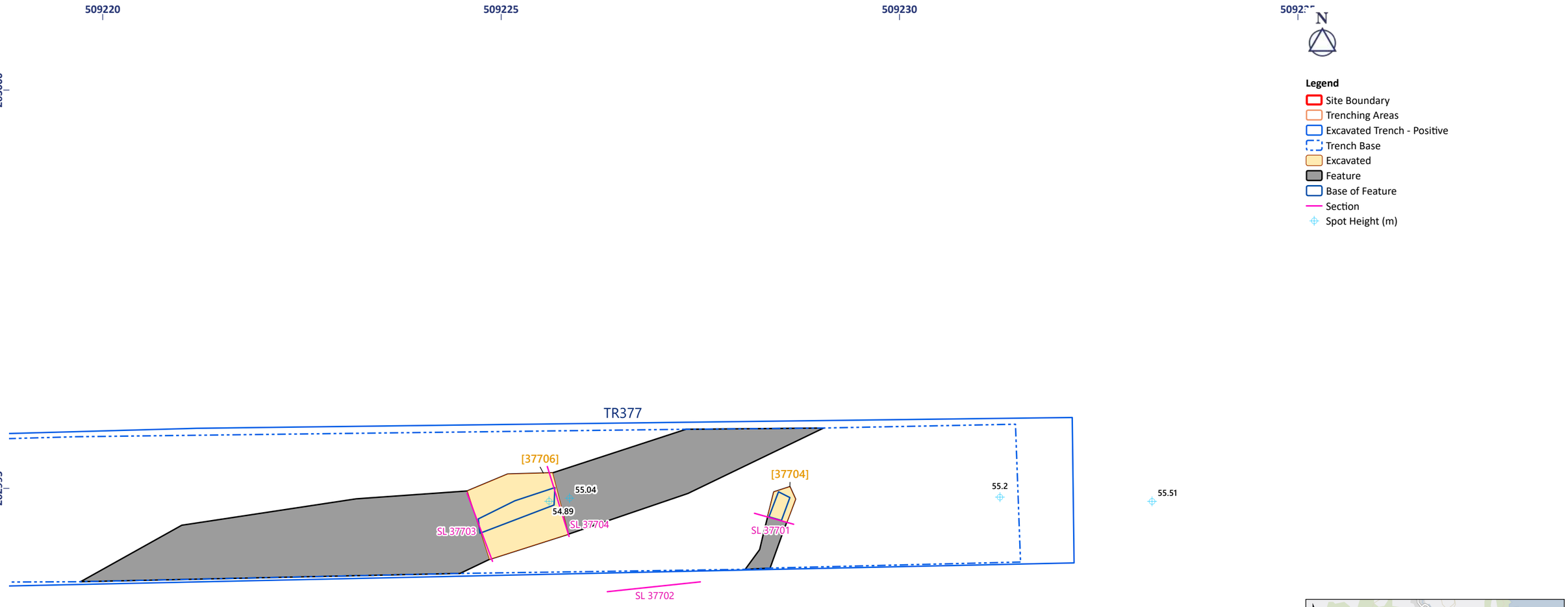


Figure 4.63: Trench 377 Excavated Feature

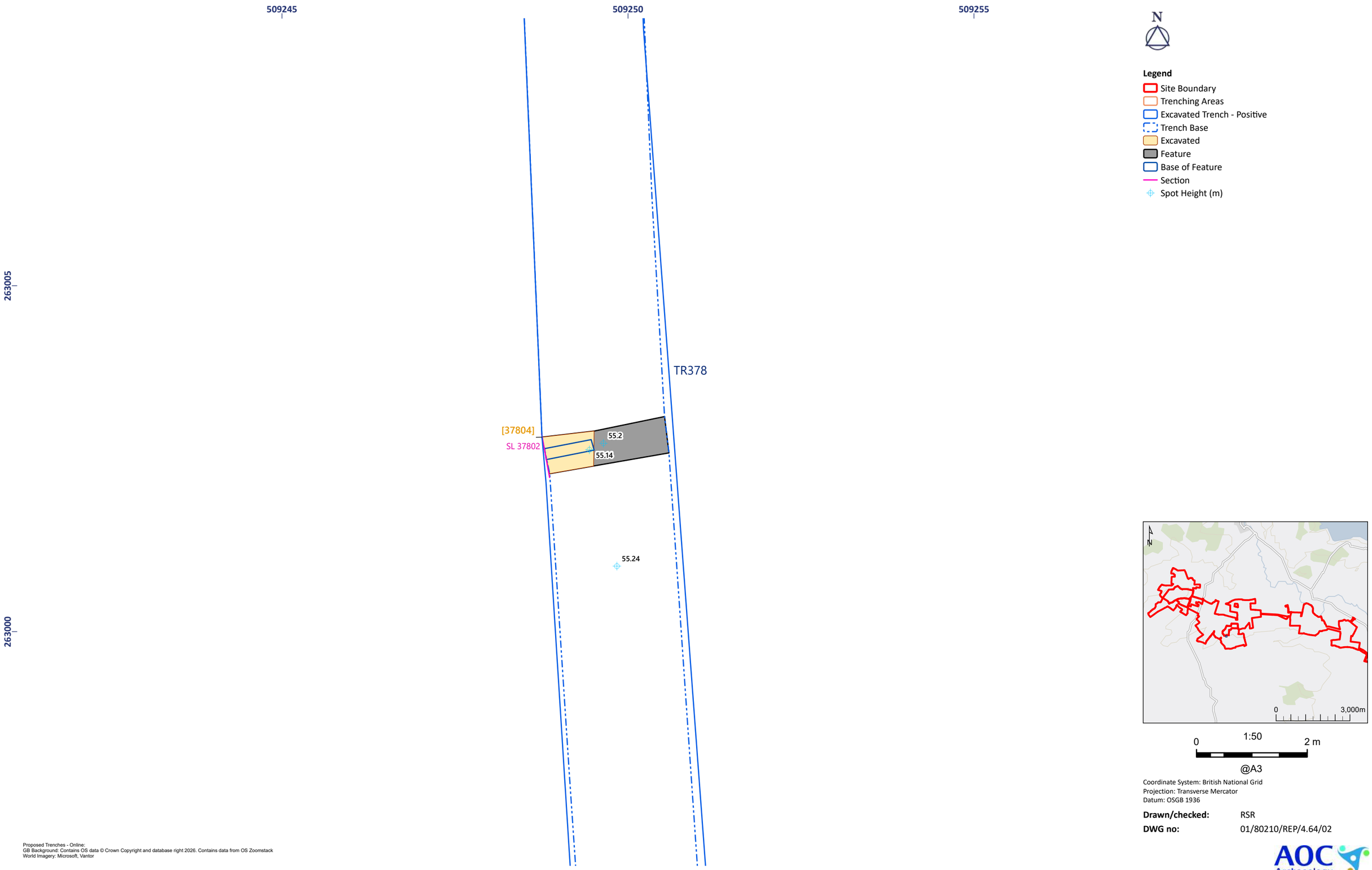


Figure 4.64: Trench 378 Excavated Feature

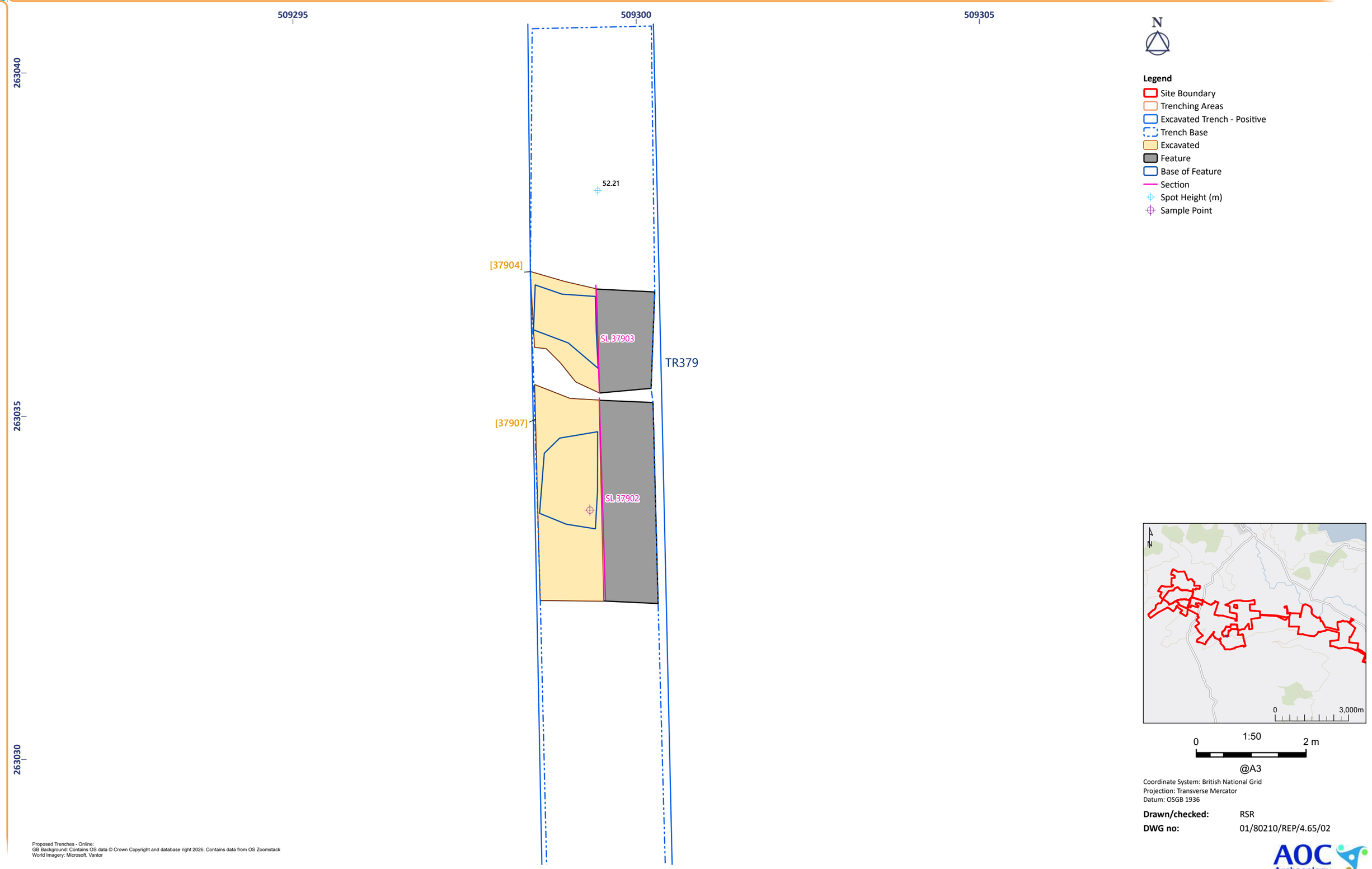


Figure 4.65: Trench 379 Excavated Feature

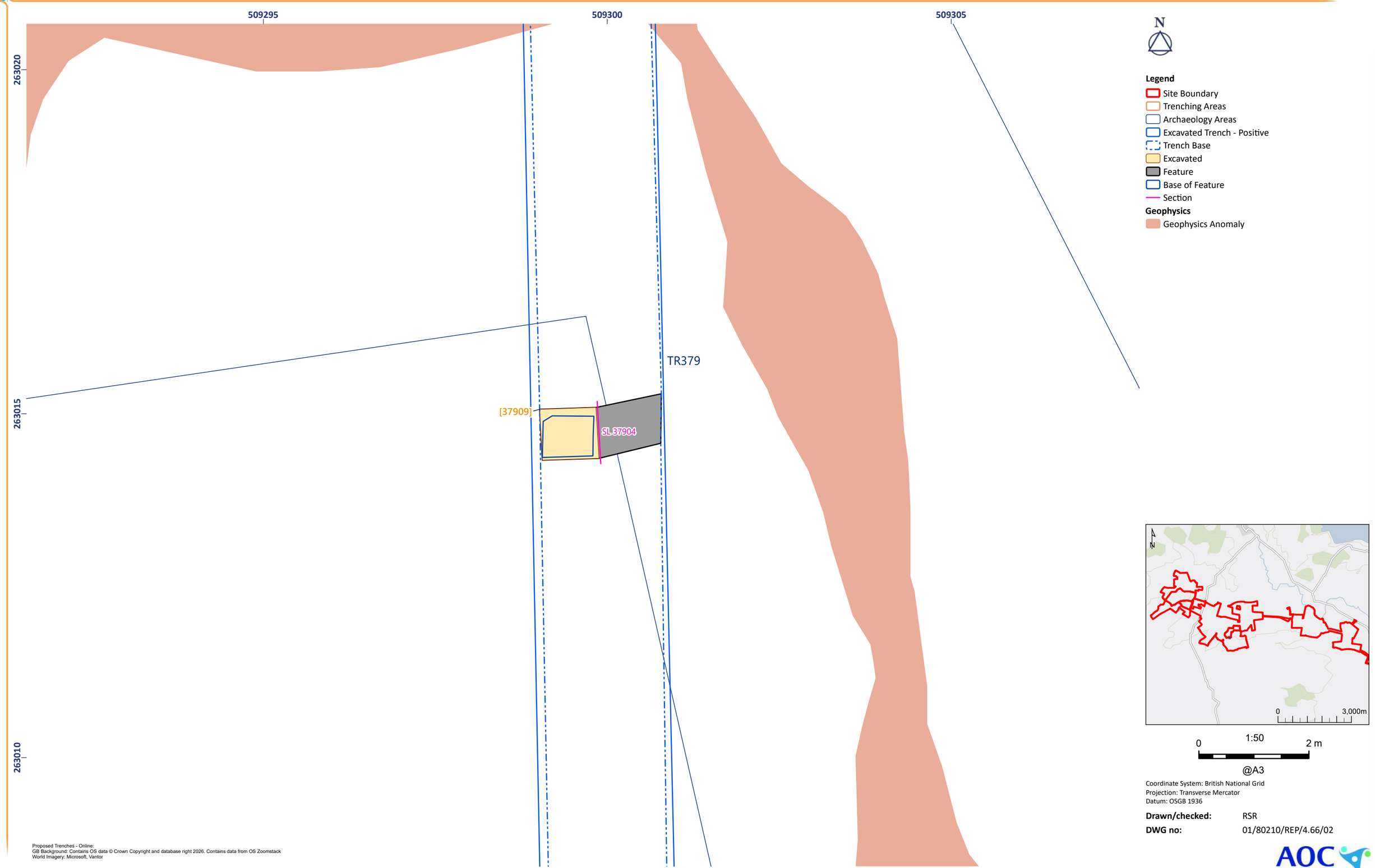


Figure 4.66: Trench 379 Excavated Feature

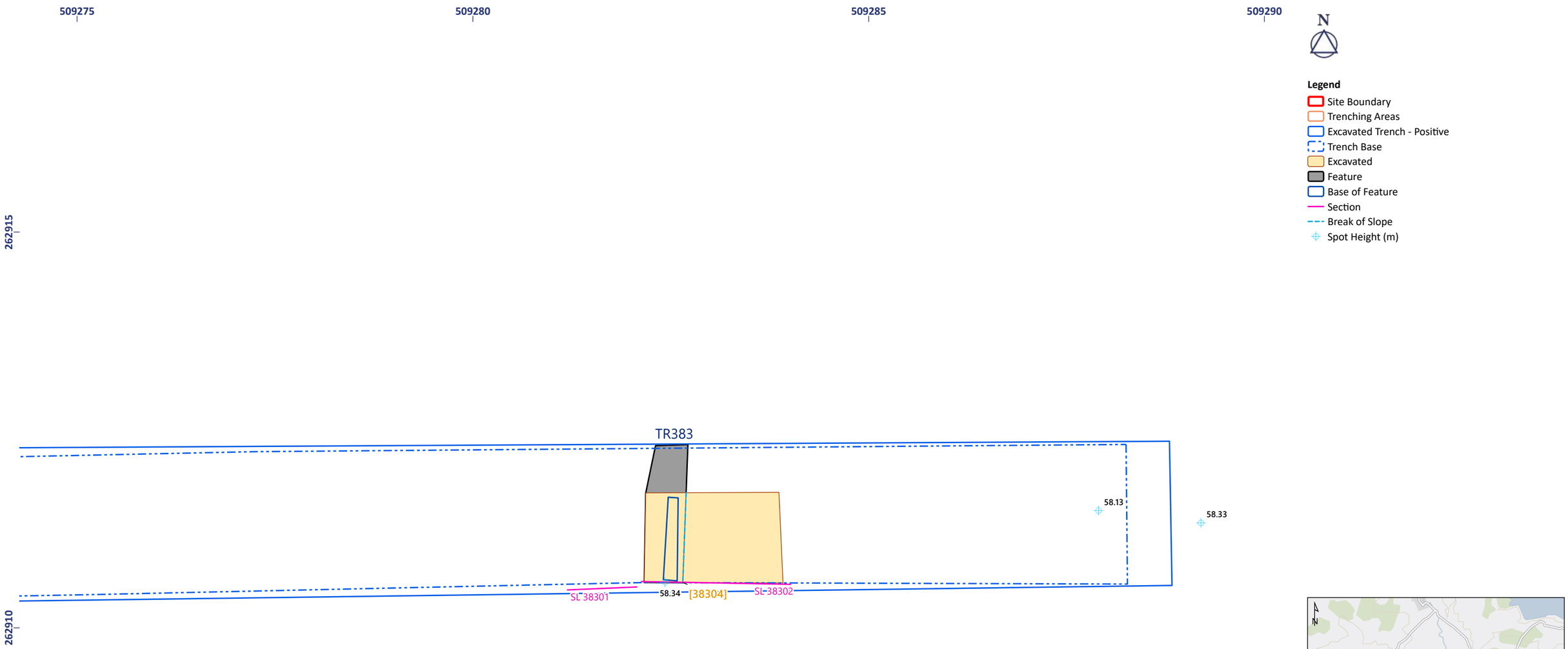


Figure 4.67: Trench 383 Excavated Feature

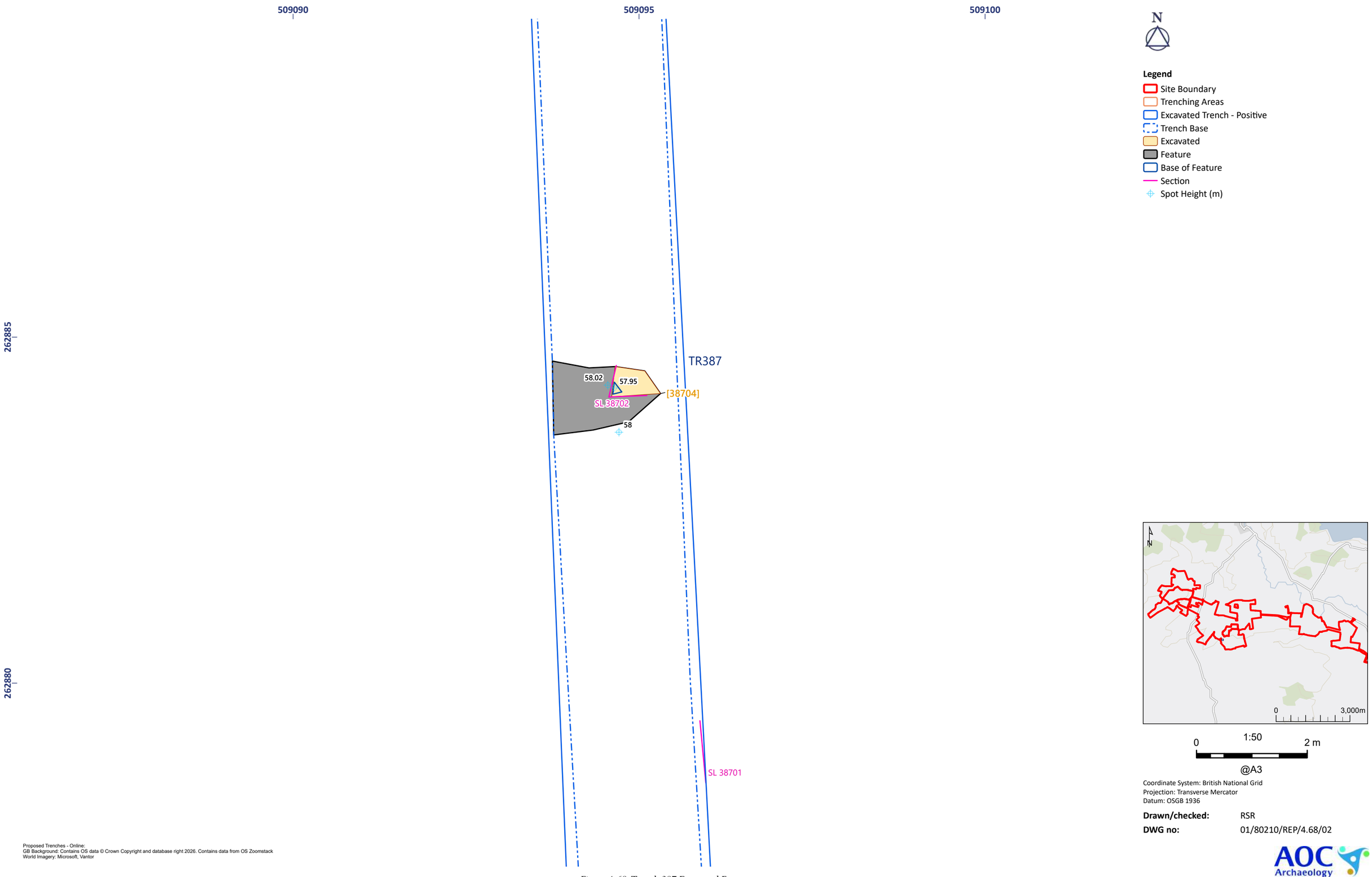


Figure 4.68: Trench 387 Excavated Feature

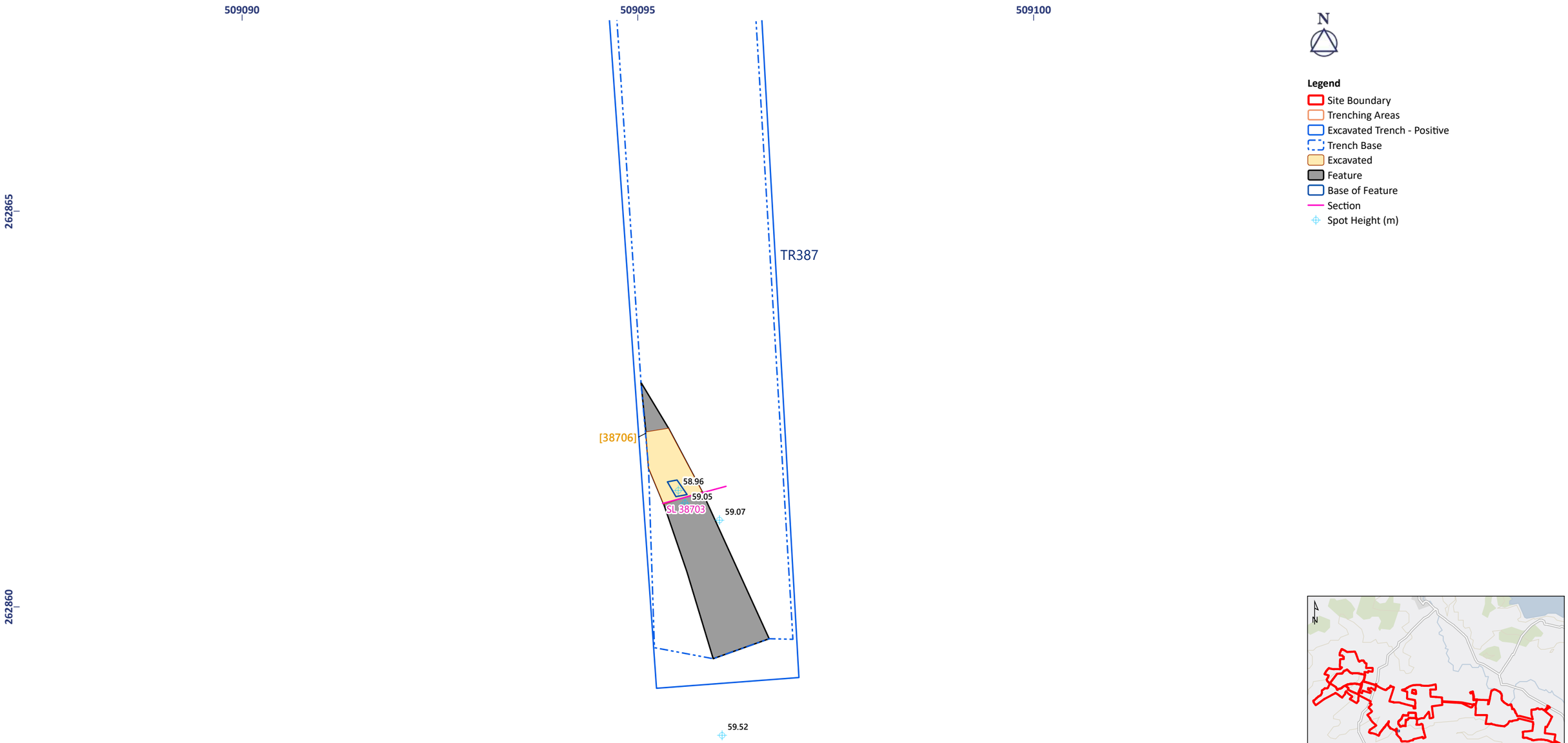


Figure 4.69: Trench 387 Excavated Feature

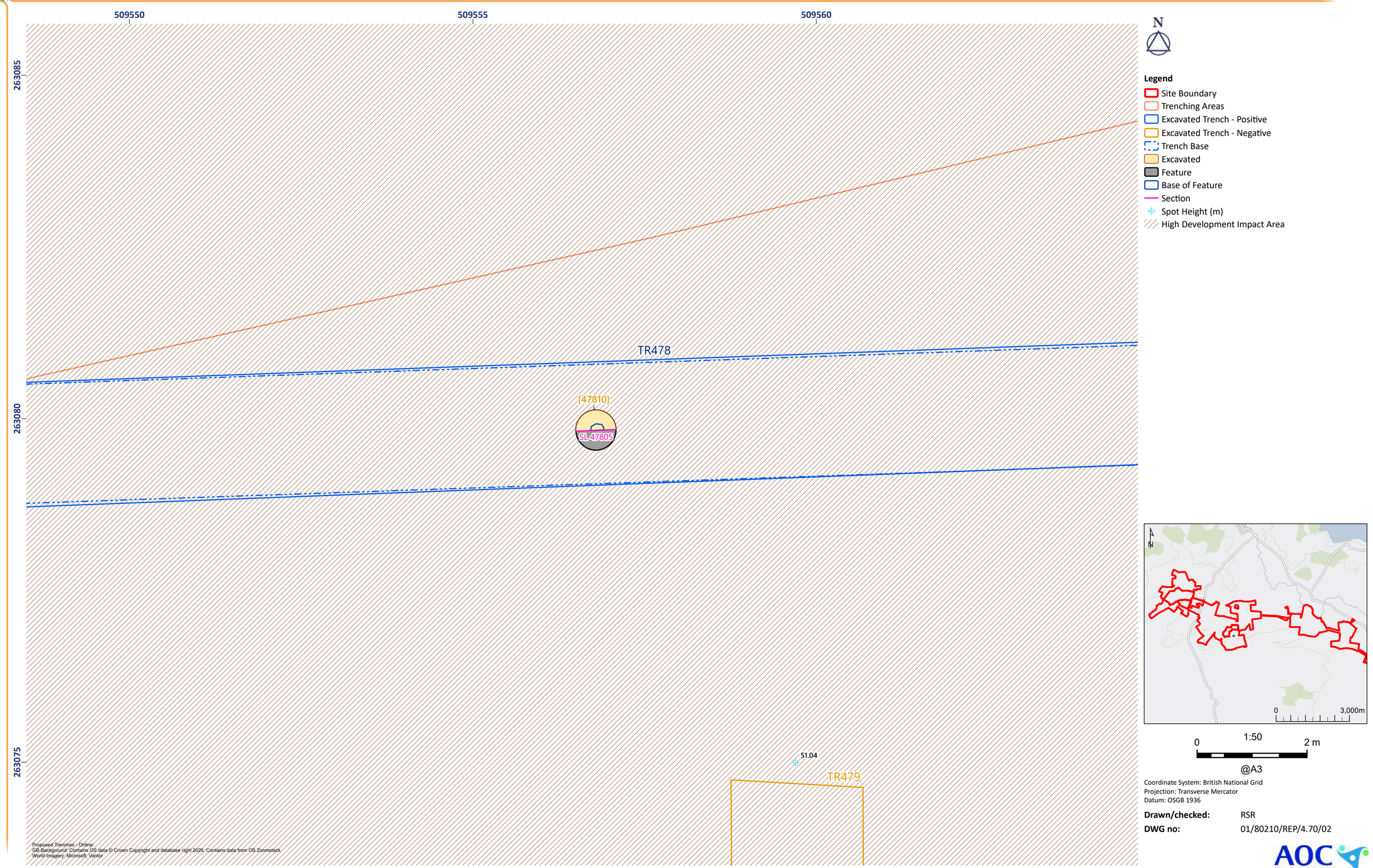


Figure 4.70: Trench 478 Excavated Feature



Figure 4.71: Trench 482 Excavated Feature

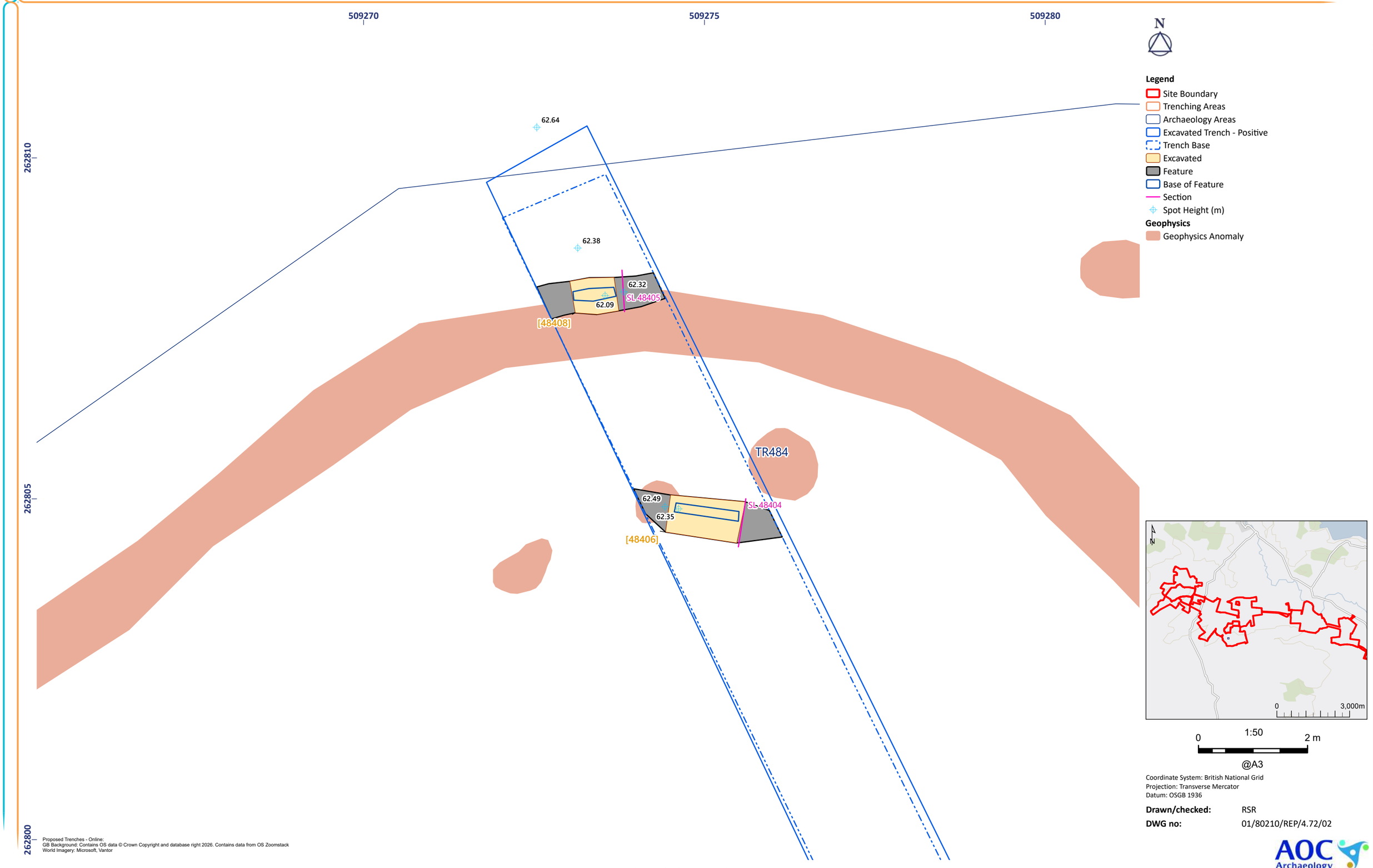
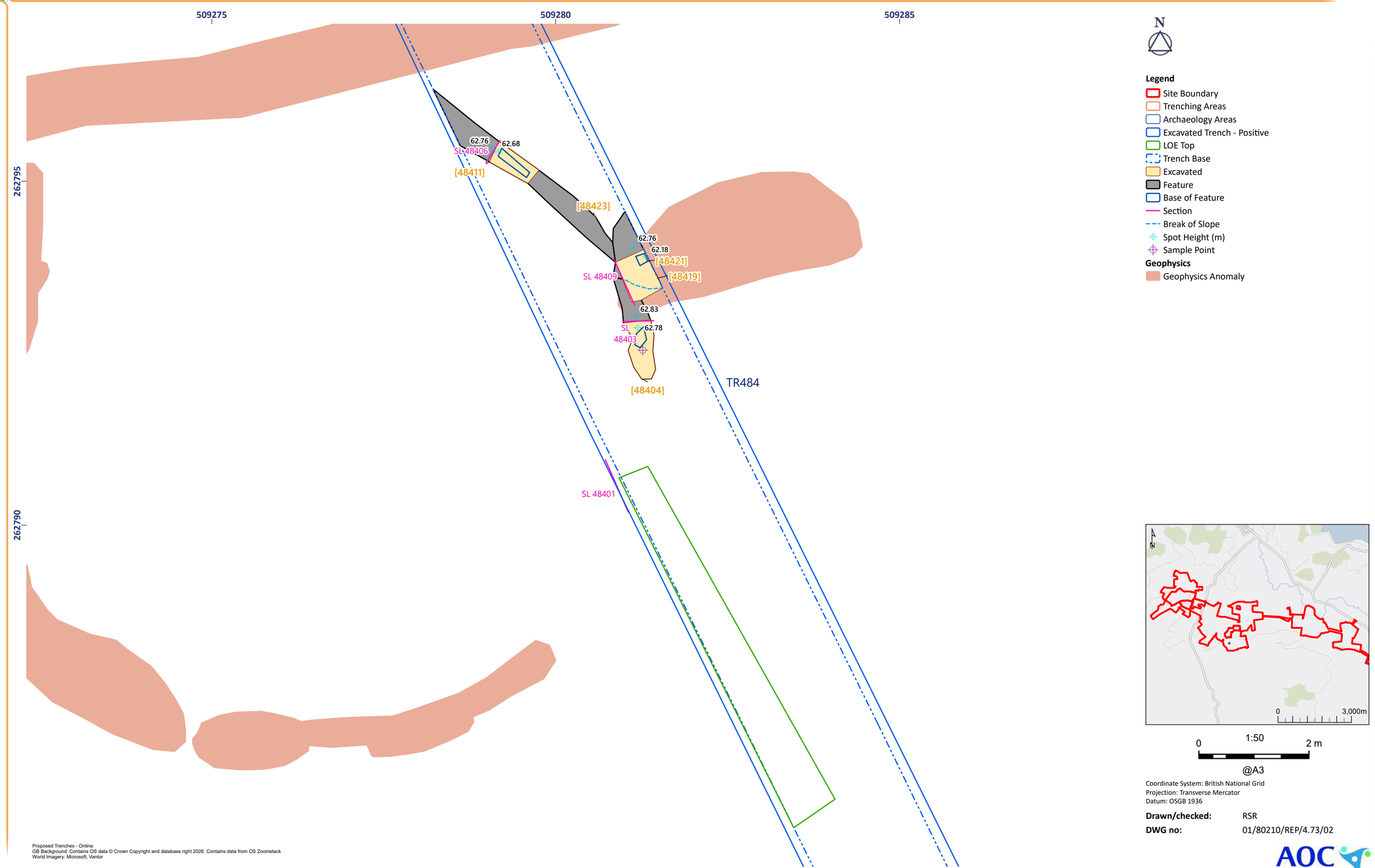


Figure 4.72: Trench 484 Excavated Feature



Proposed Trenches - Online:
GB Background: Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2026. Contains data from OS Zoomstack
World Imagery: Microsoft, Vantor

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.73/02

Figure 4.73: Trench 484 Excavated Feature

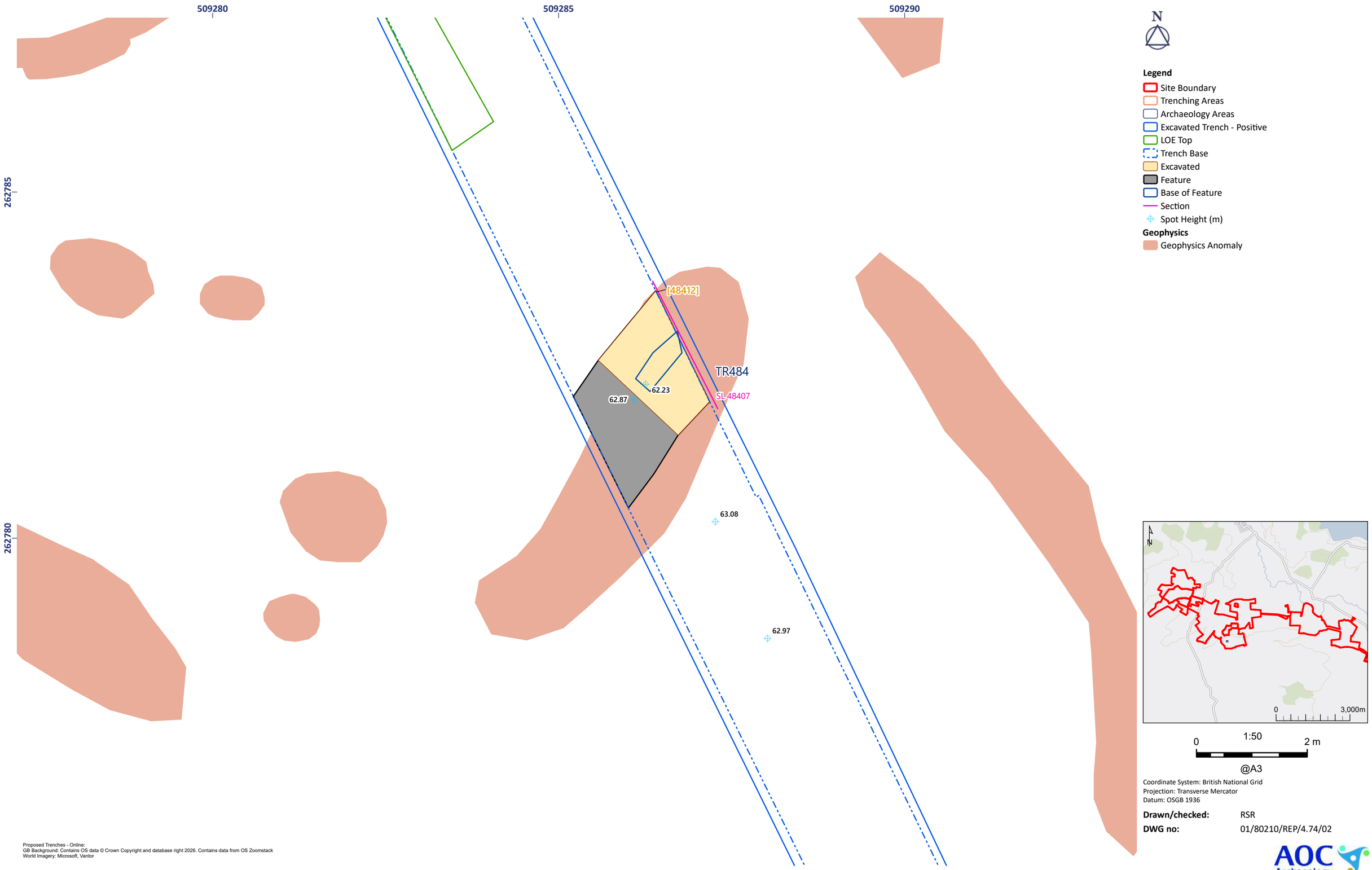


Figure 4.74: Trench 484 Excavated Feature

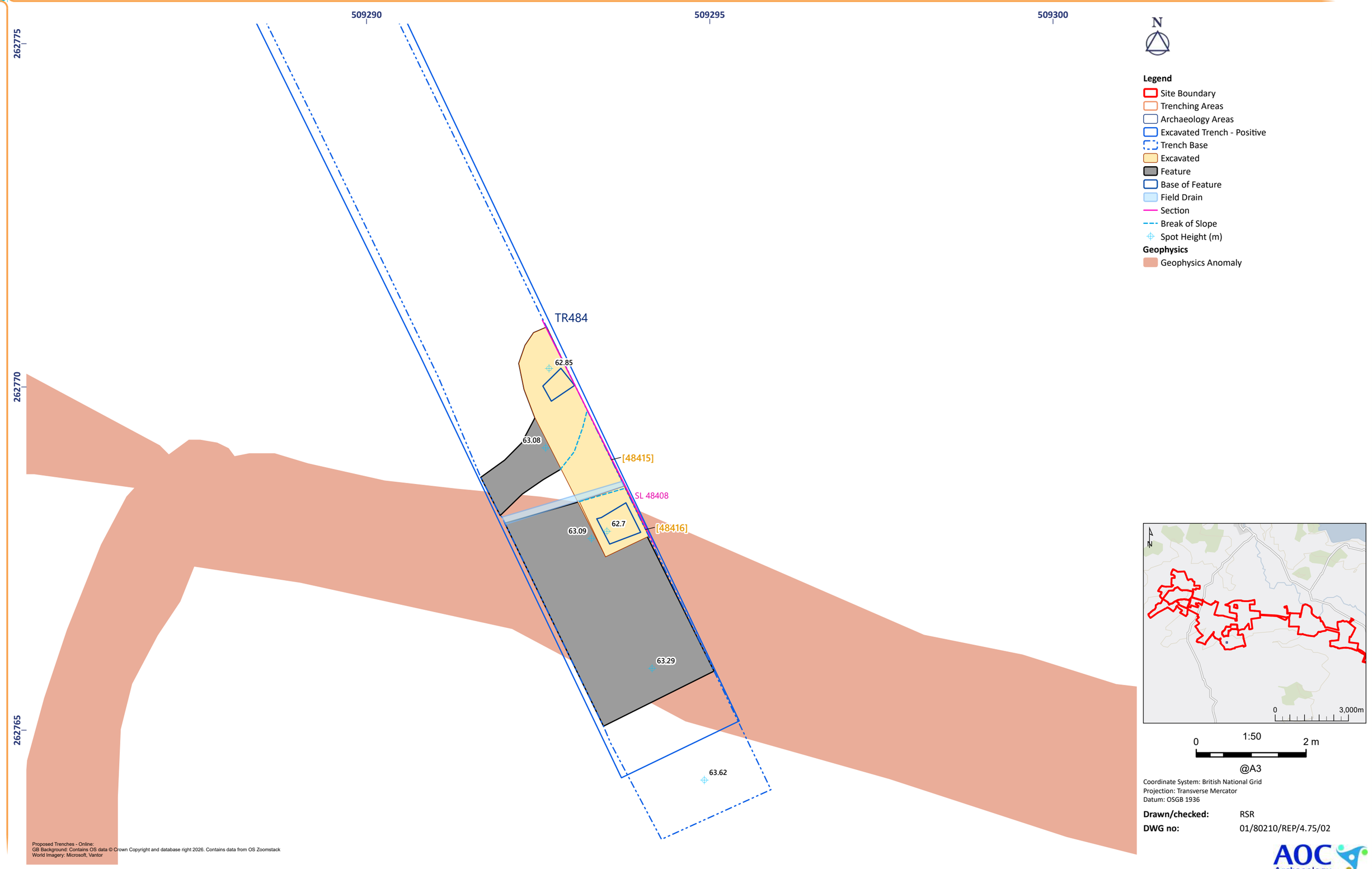


Figure 4.75: Trench 484 Excavated Feature

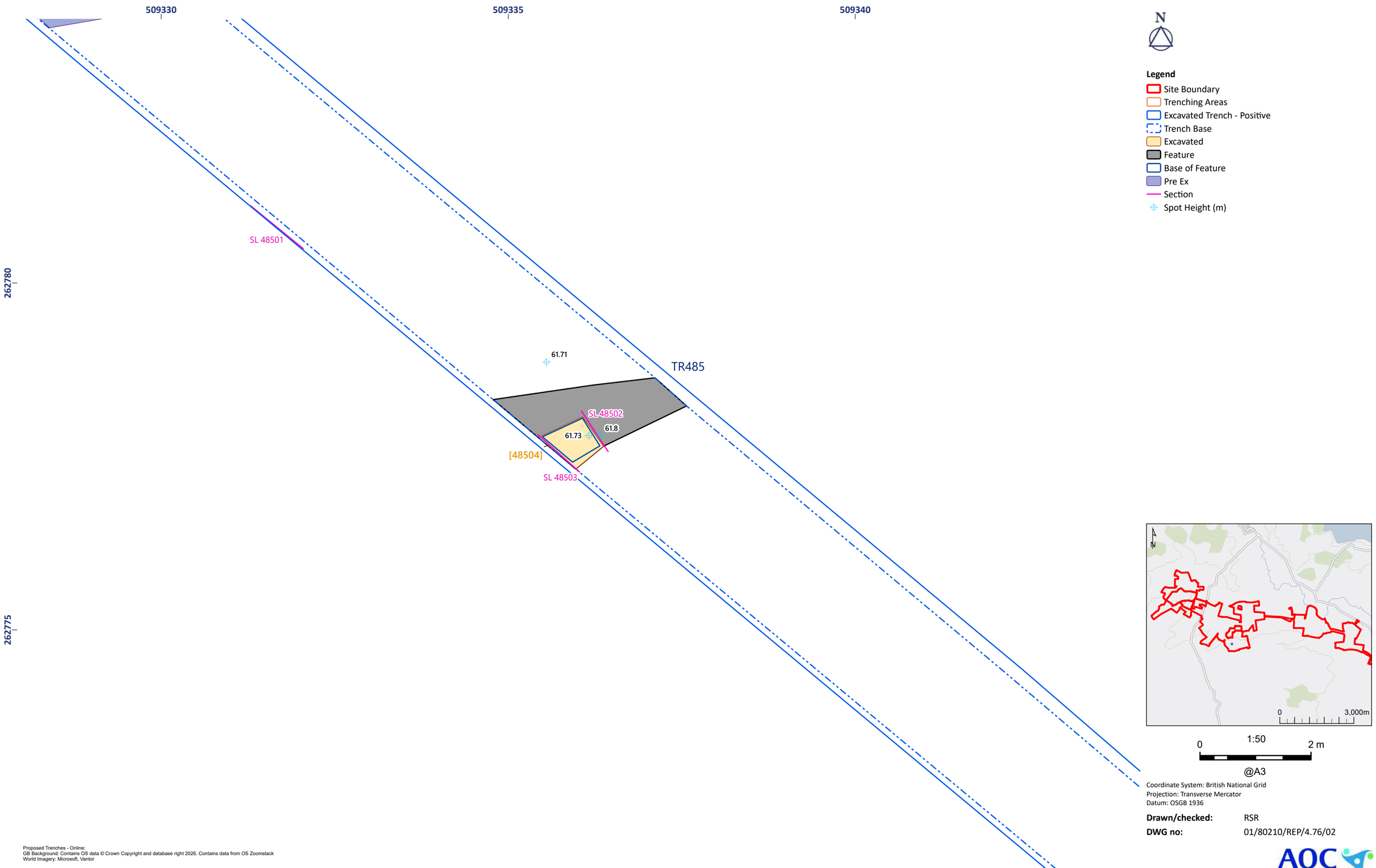


Figure 4.76: Trench 485 Excavated Feature

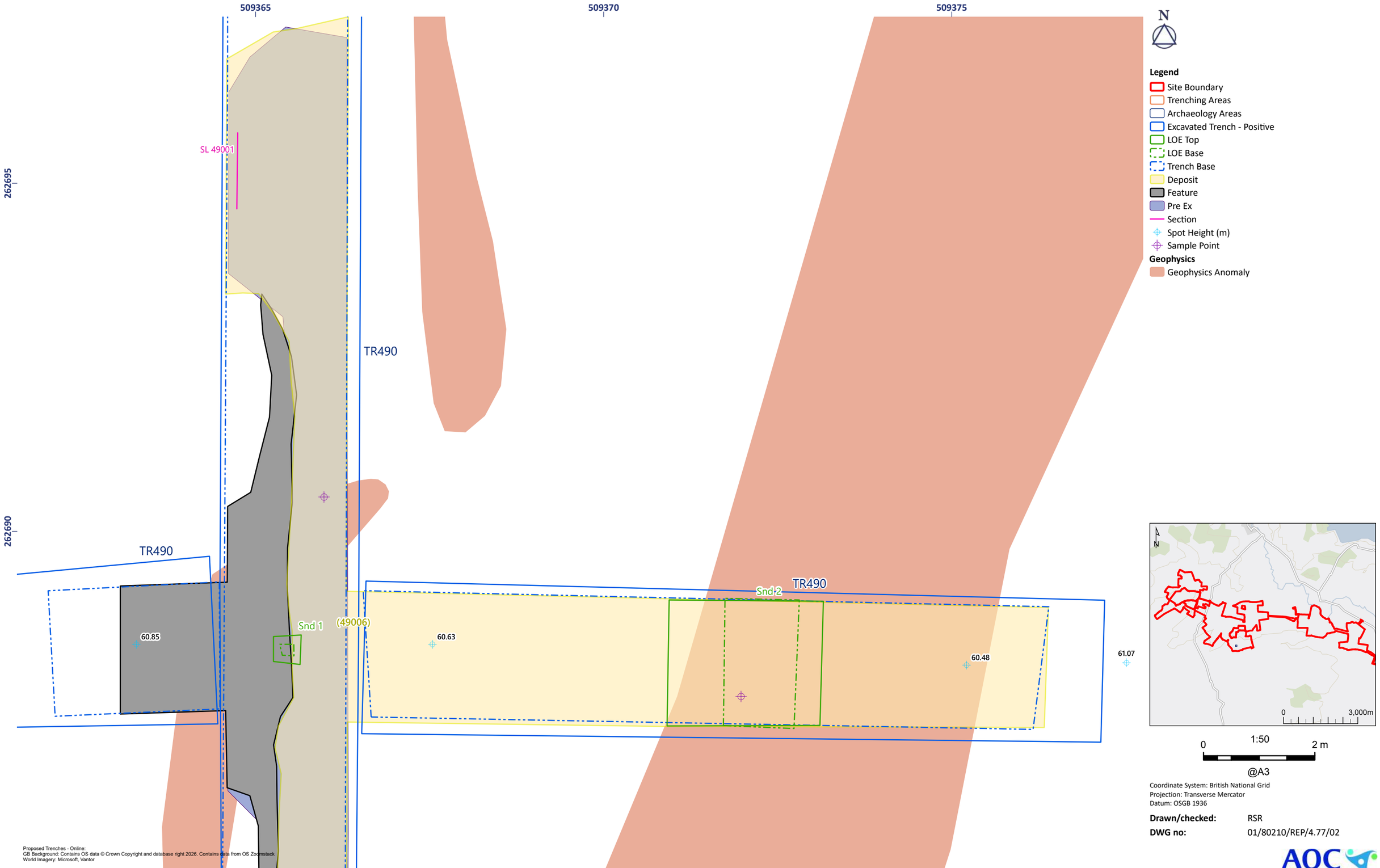


Figure 4.77: Trench 490 Excavated Feature

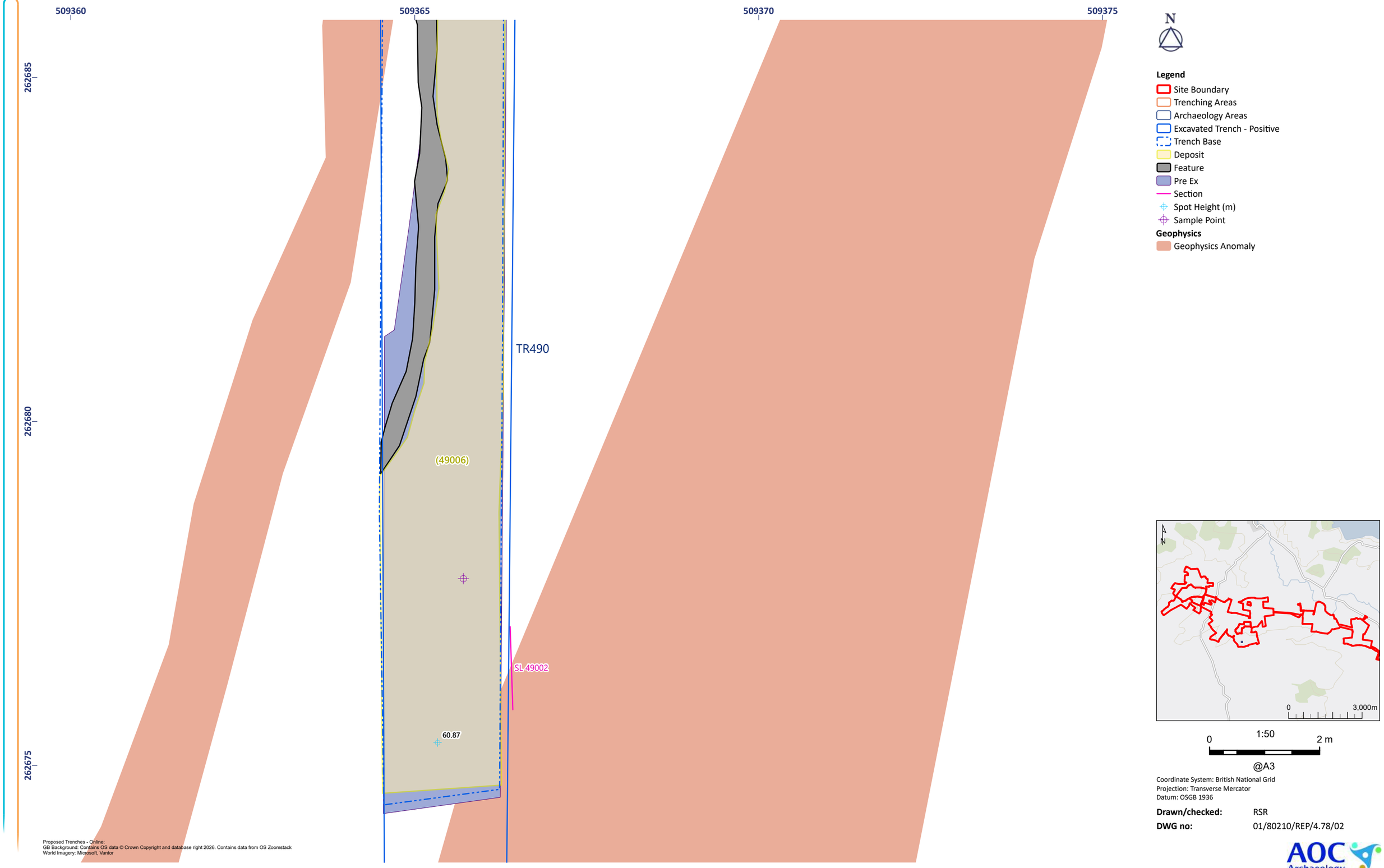


Figure 4.78: Trench 490 Excavated Feature

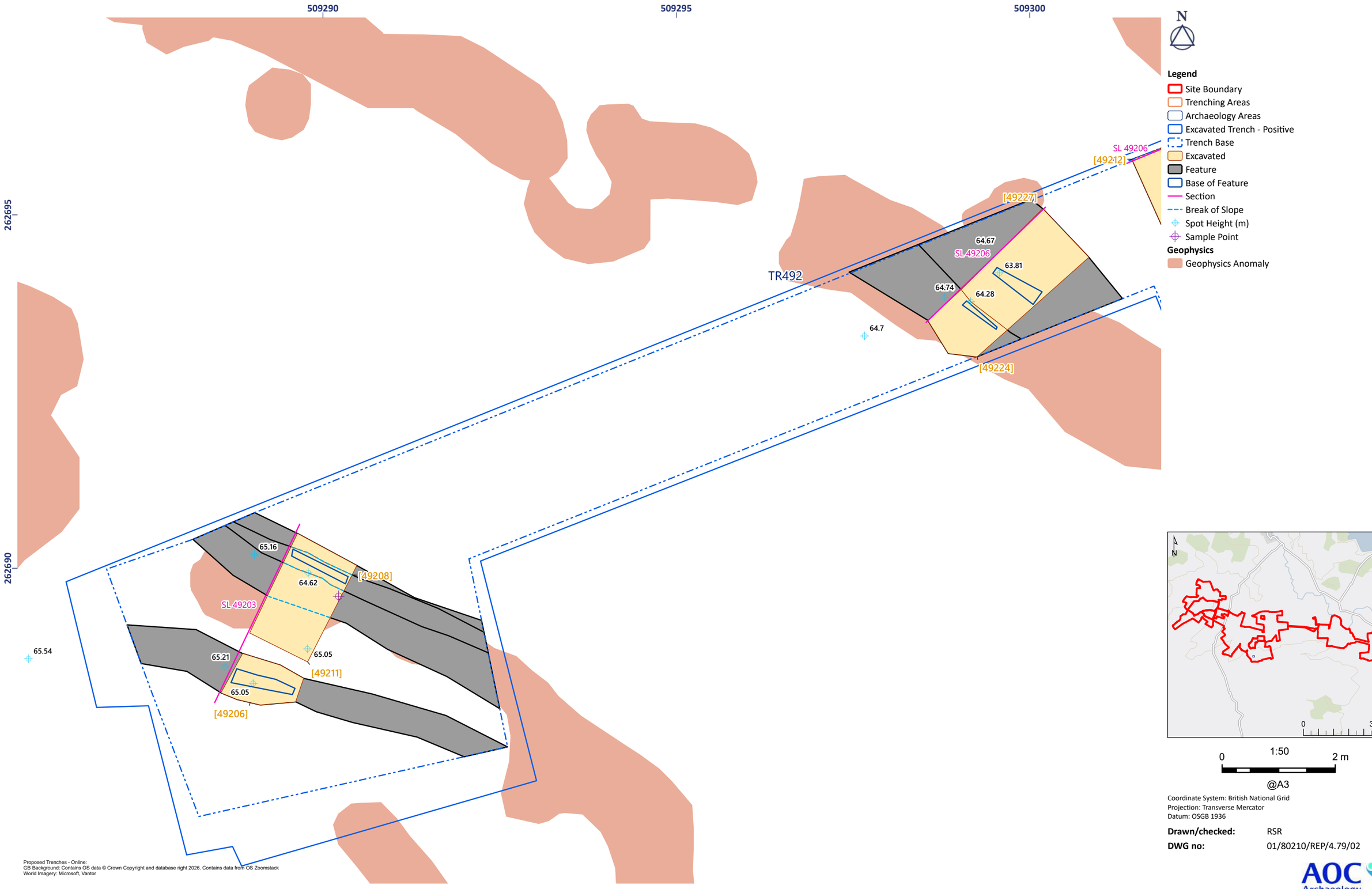


Figure 4.79: Trench 492 Excavated Feature

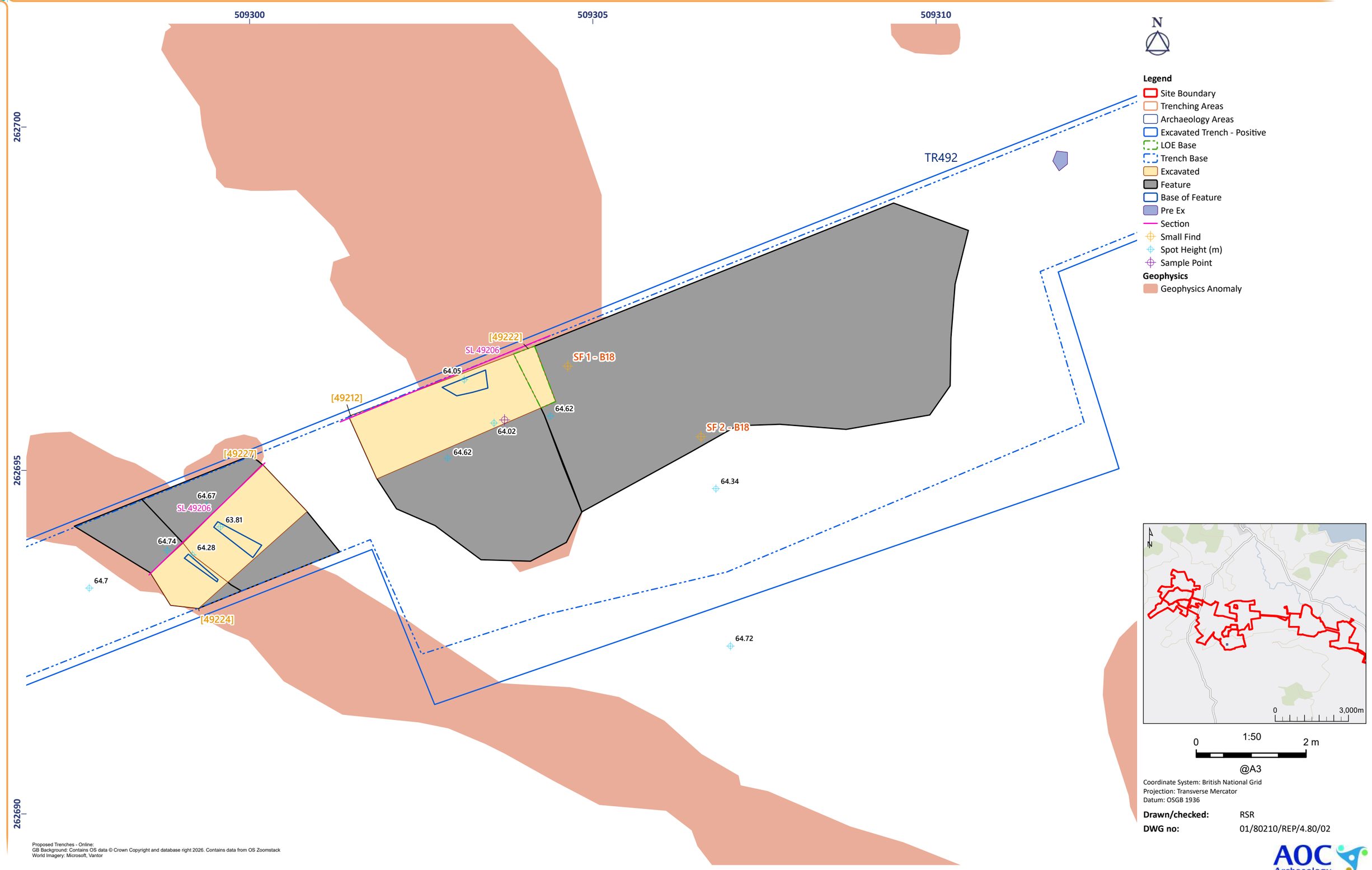
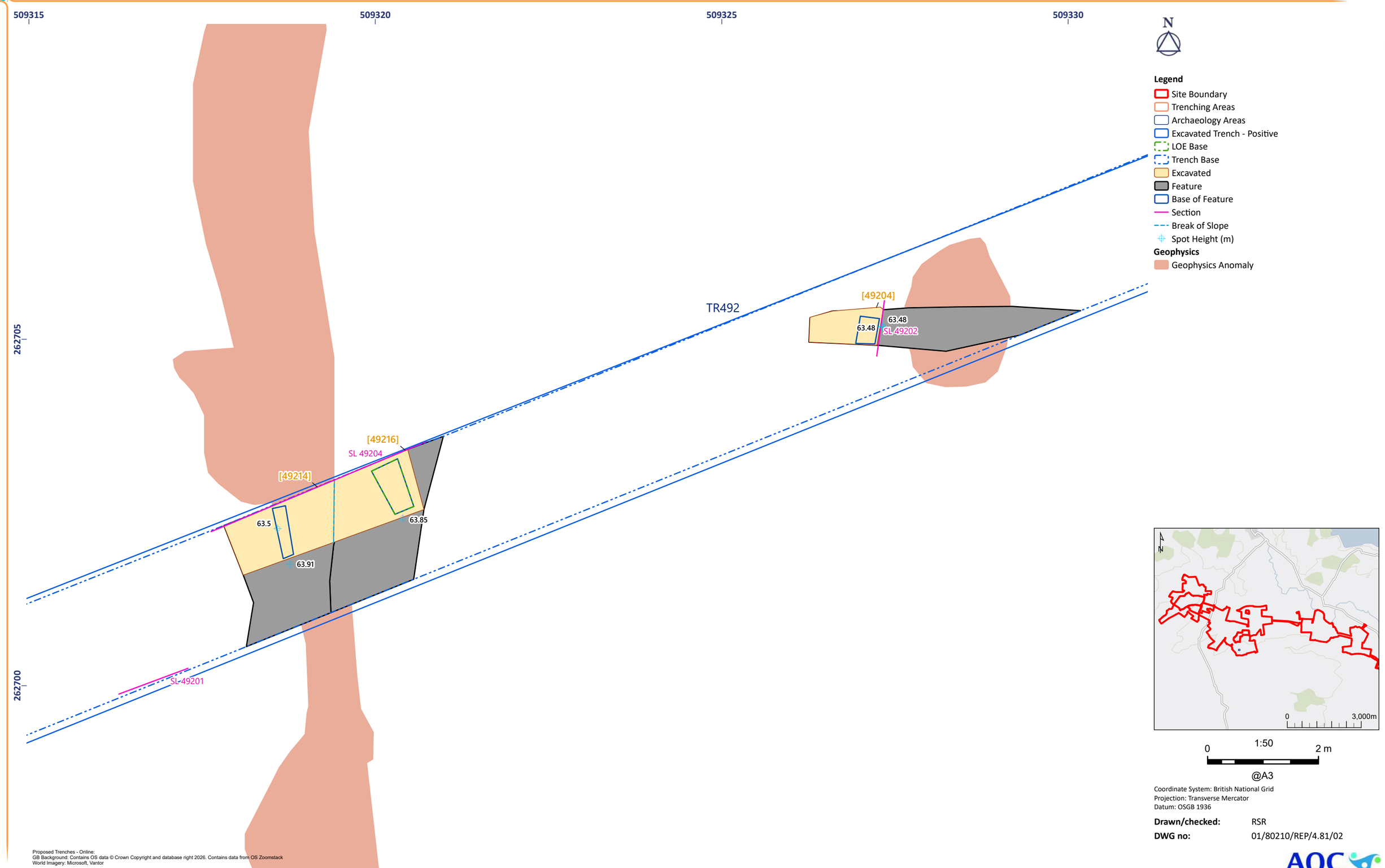


Figure 4.80: Trench 492 Excavated Feature



0 1:50 2 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.81/02

Figure 4.81: Trench 492 Excavated Feature

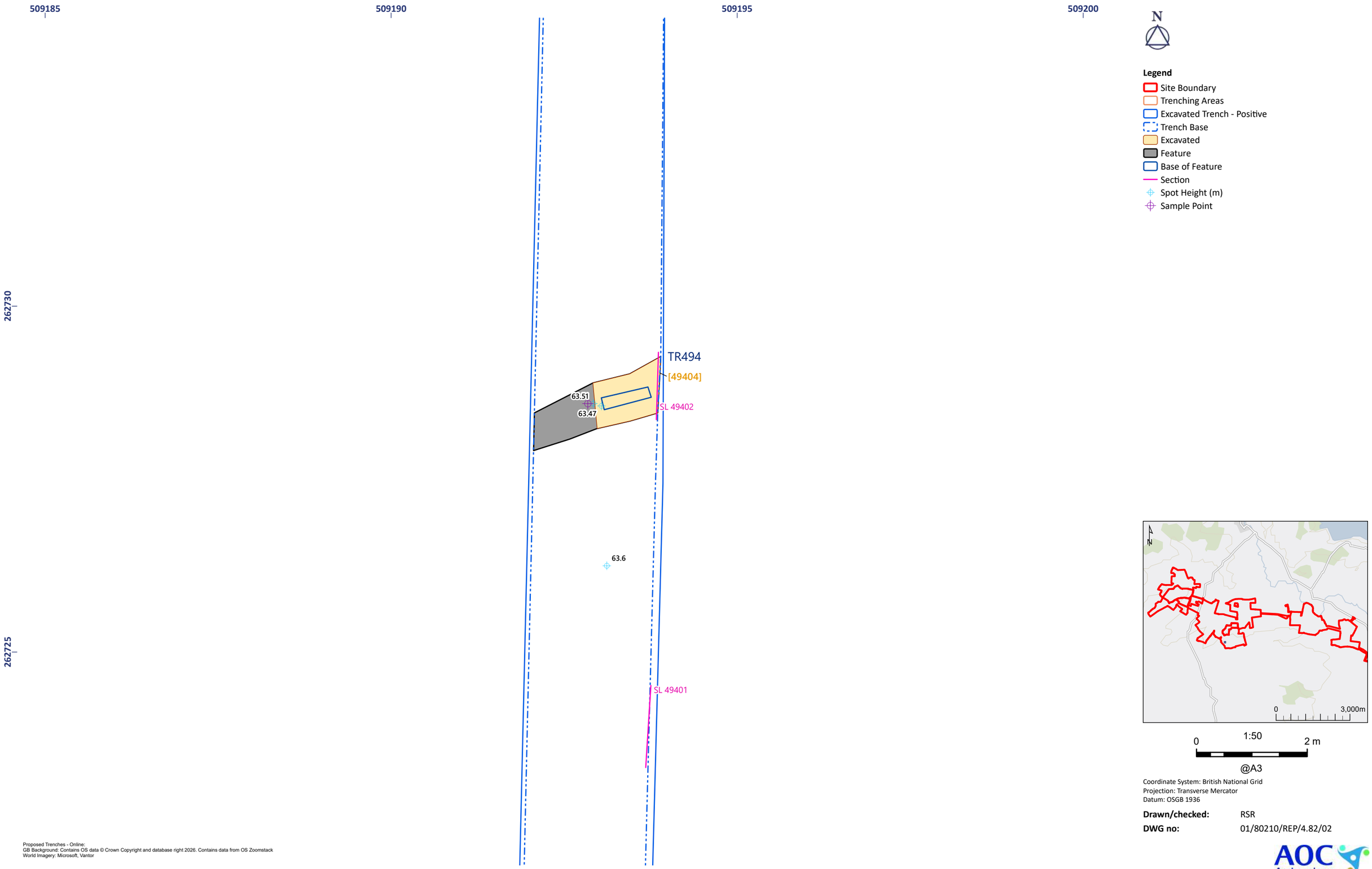


Figure 4.82: Trench 494 Excavated Feature

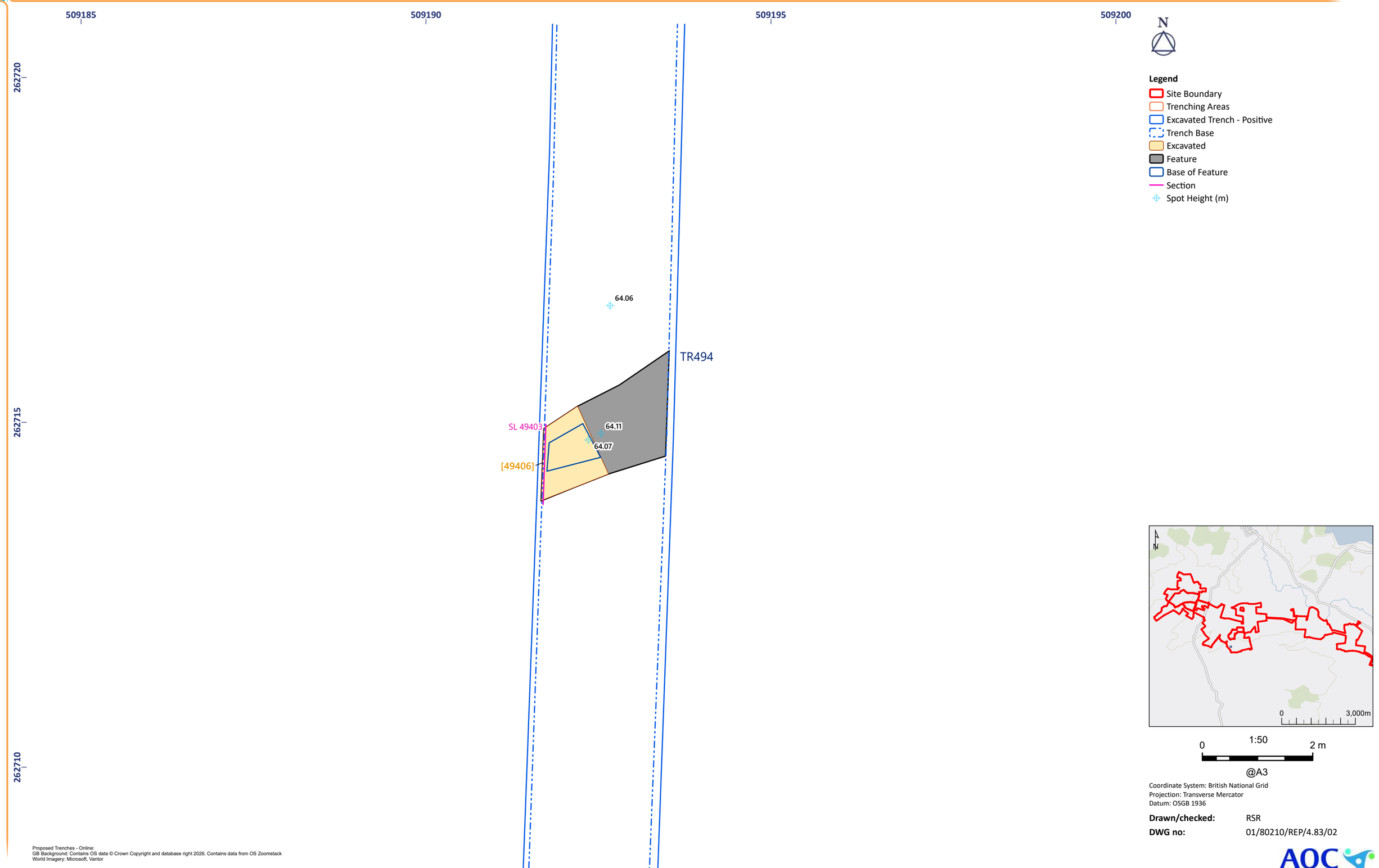


Figure 4.83: Trench 494 Excavated Feature

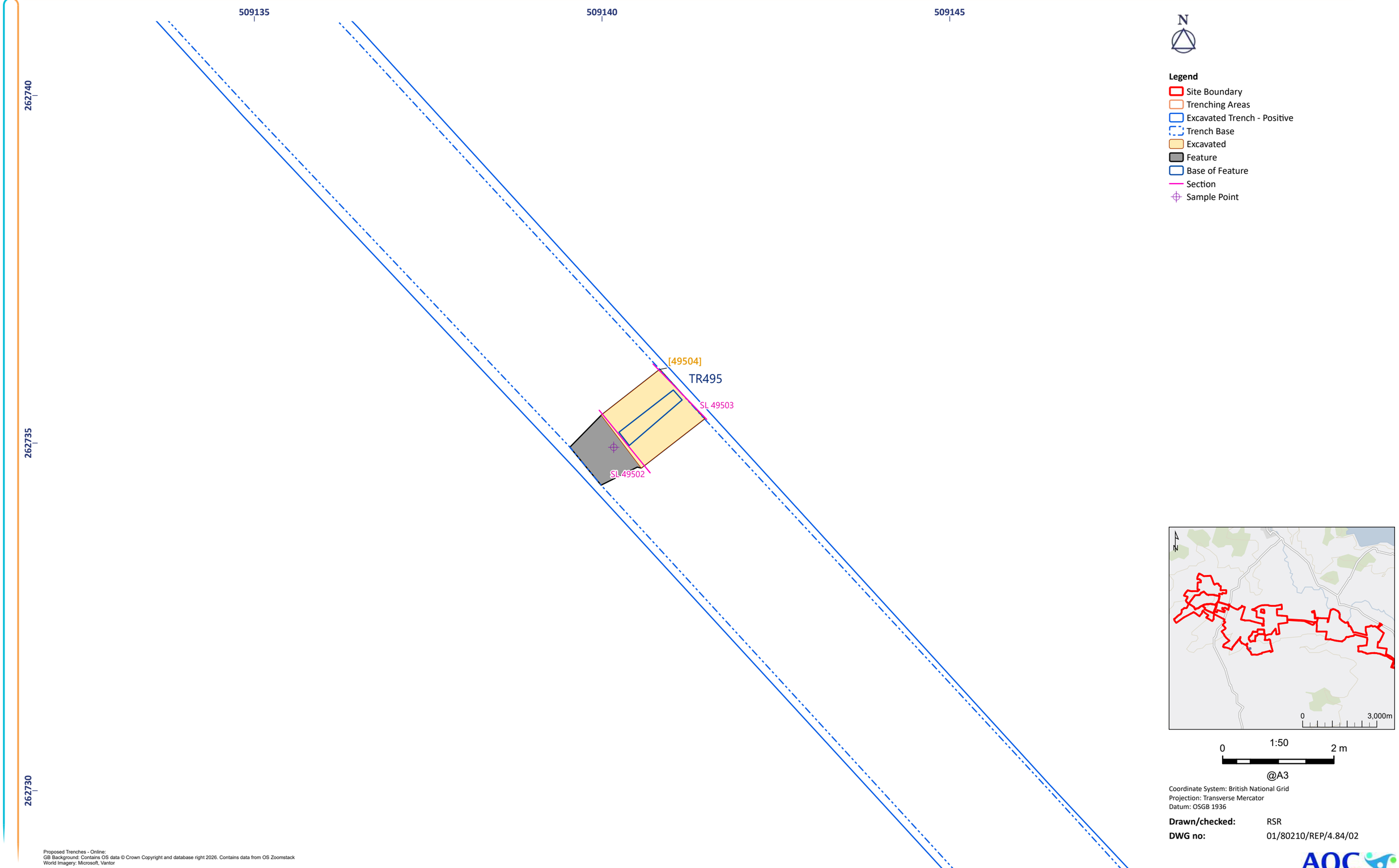


Figure 4.84: Trench 495 Excavated Feature

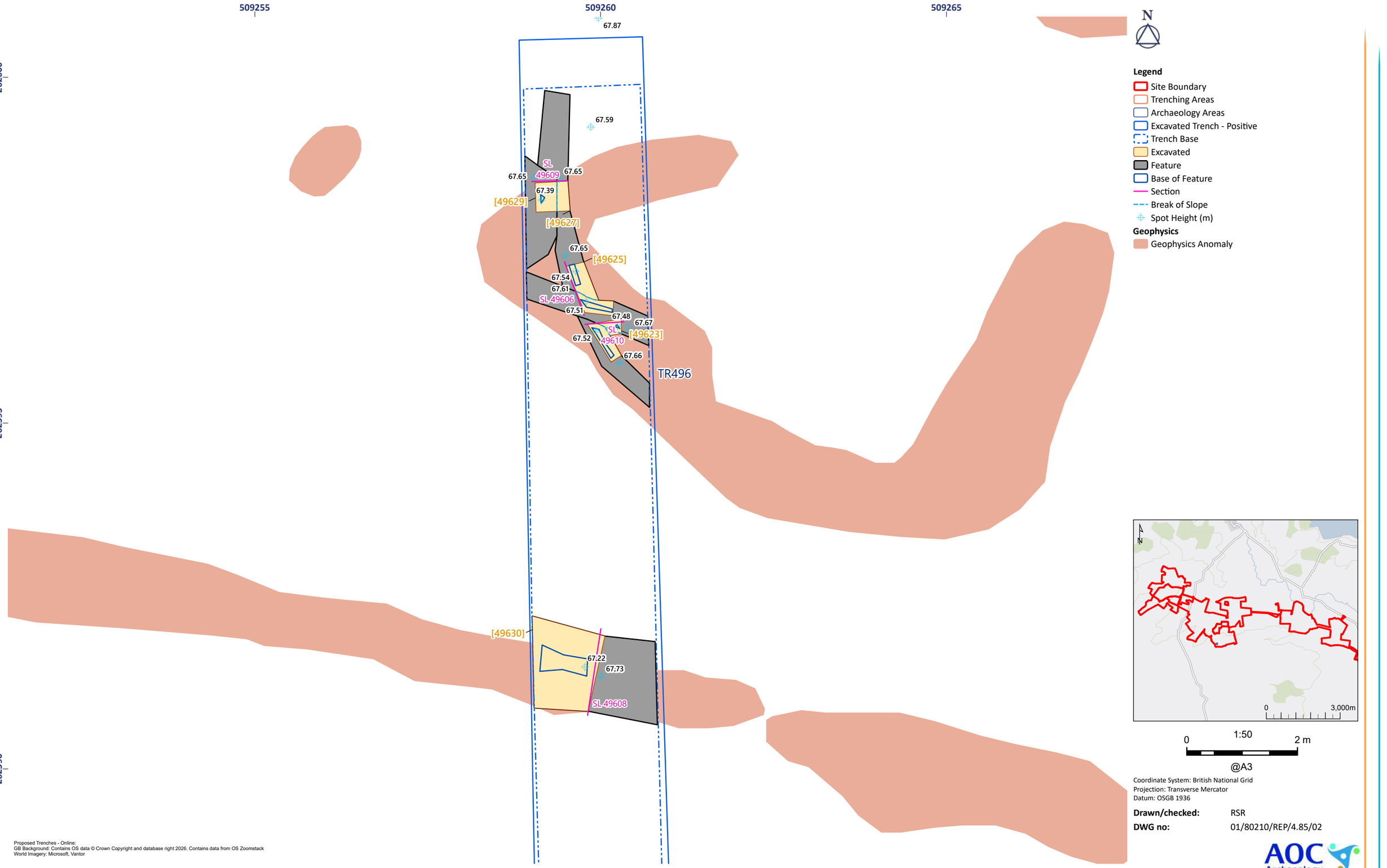


Figure 4.85: Trench 496 Excavated Feature

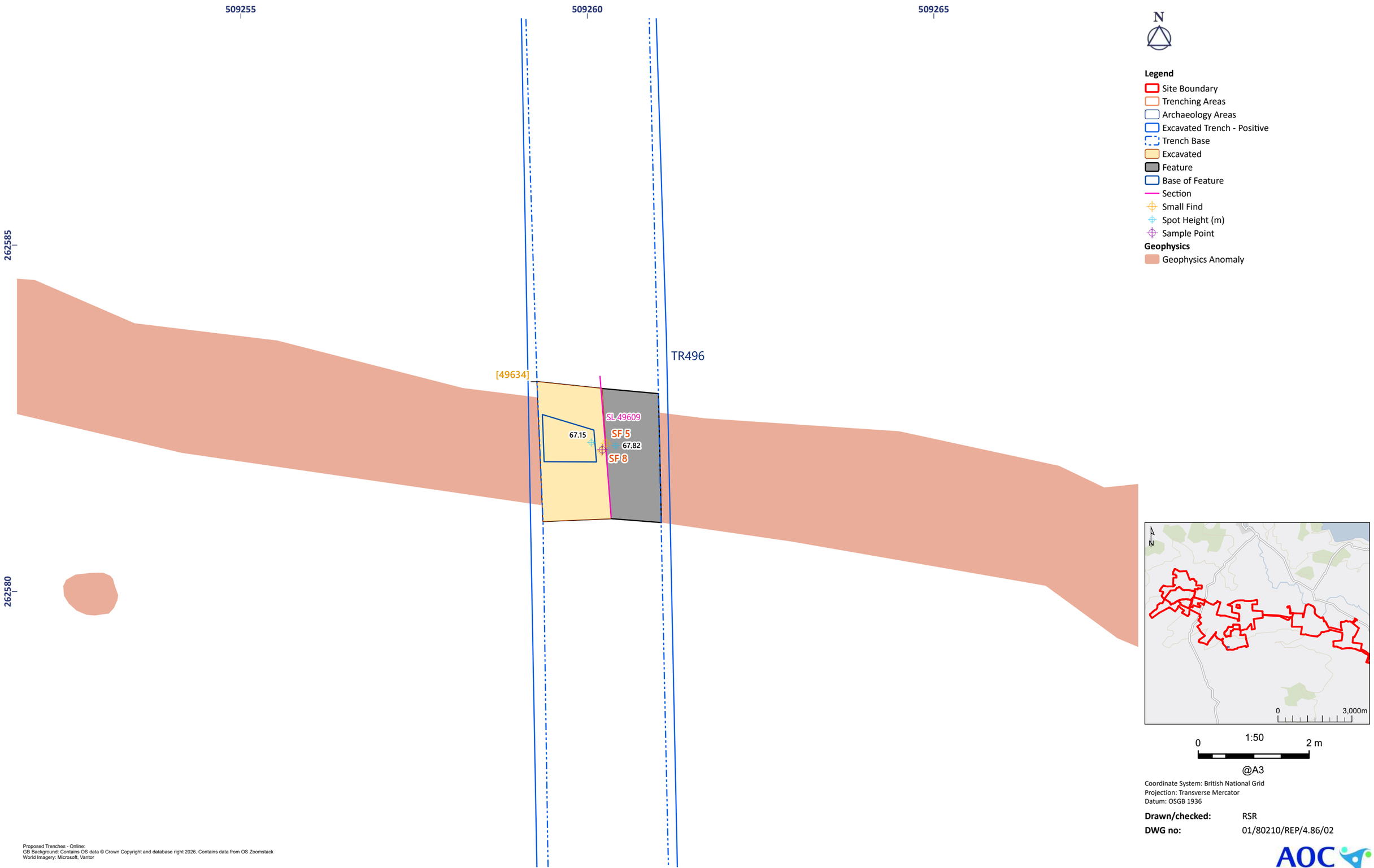


Figure 4.86: Trench 496 Excavated Feature

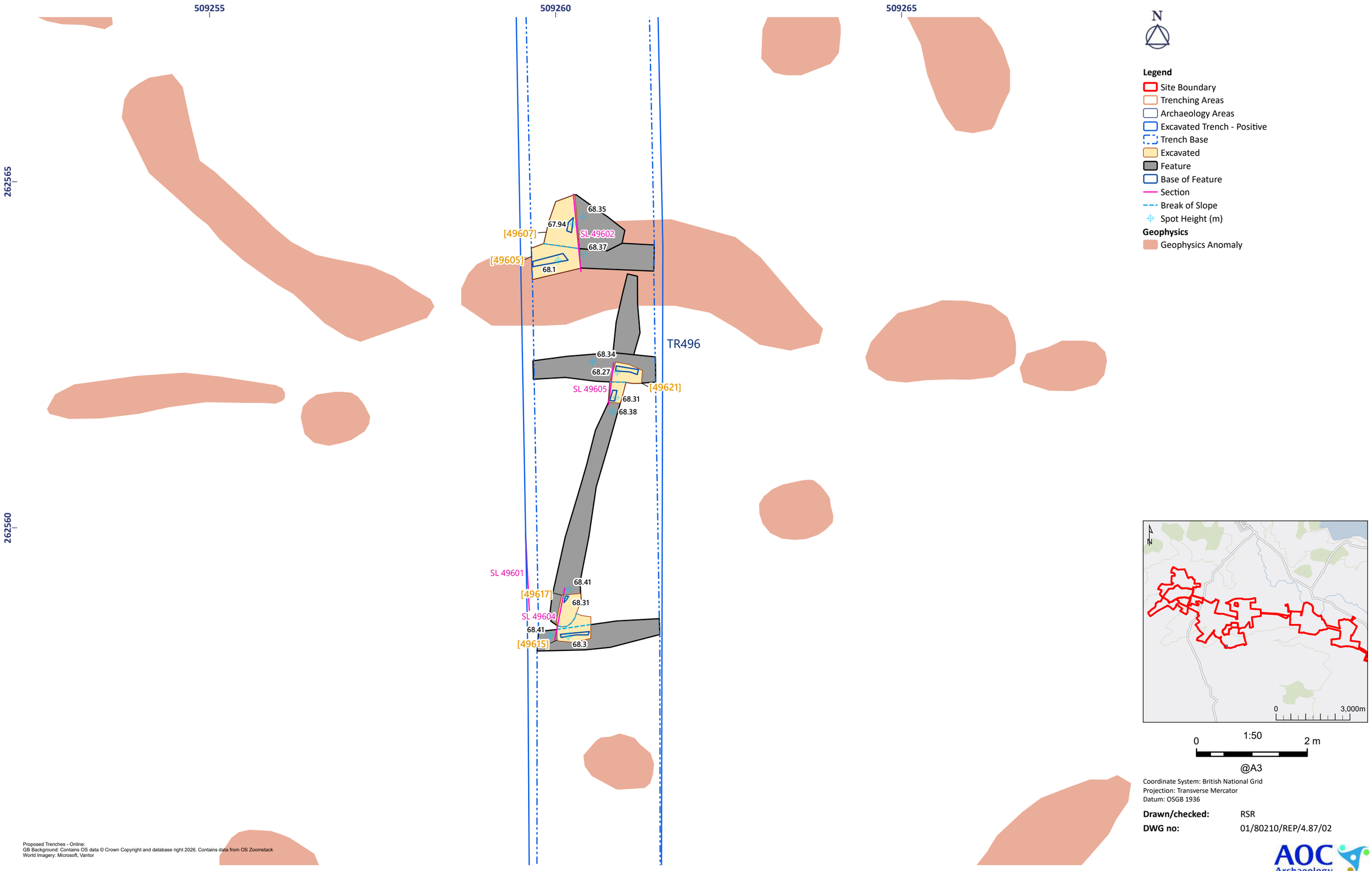


Figure 4.87: Trench 496 Excavated Feature

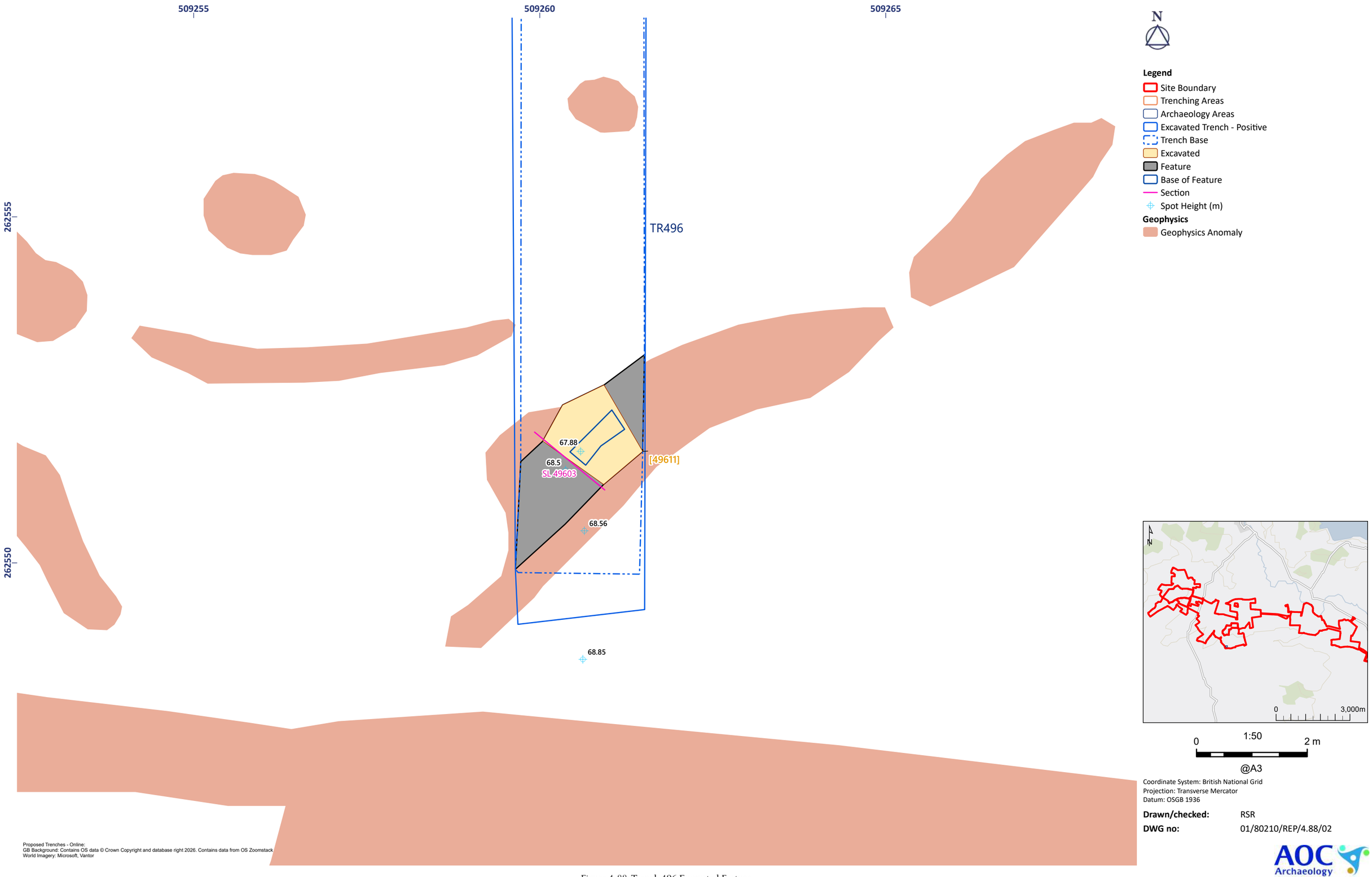


Figure 4.88: Trench 496 Excavated Feature

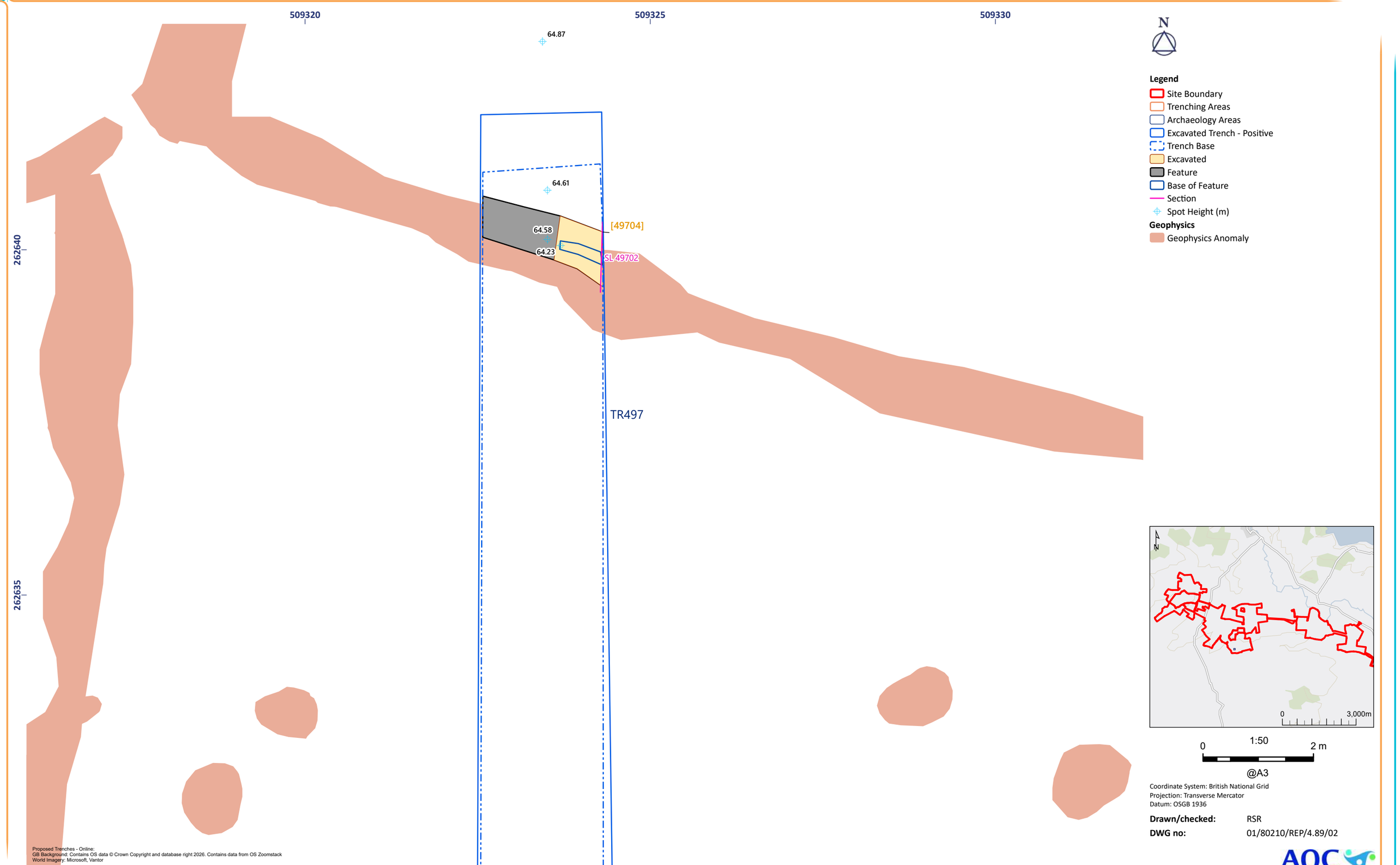


Figure 4.89: Trench 497 Excavated Feature

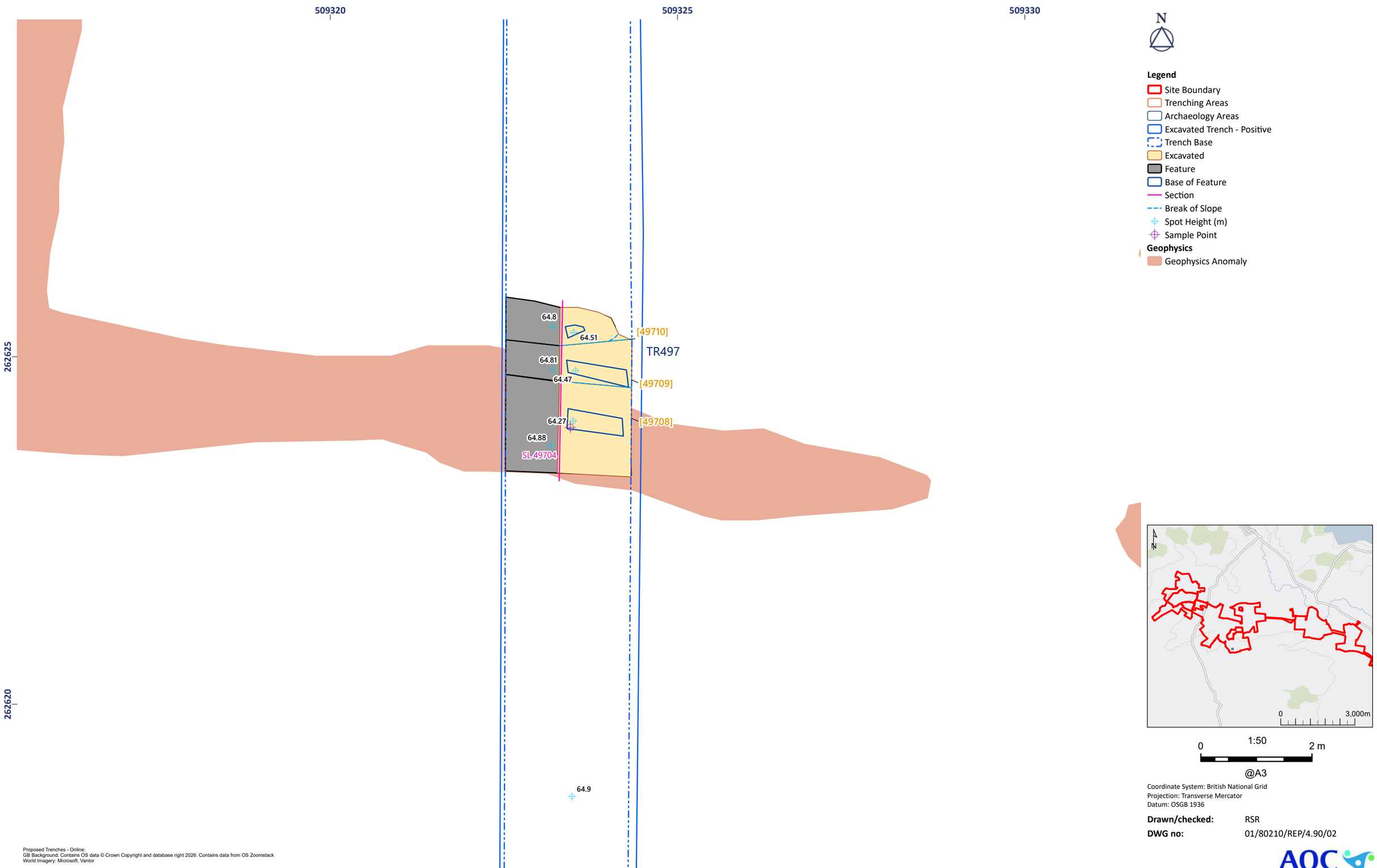


Figure 4.90: Trench 497 Excavated Feature

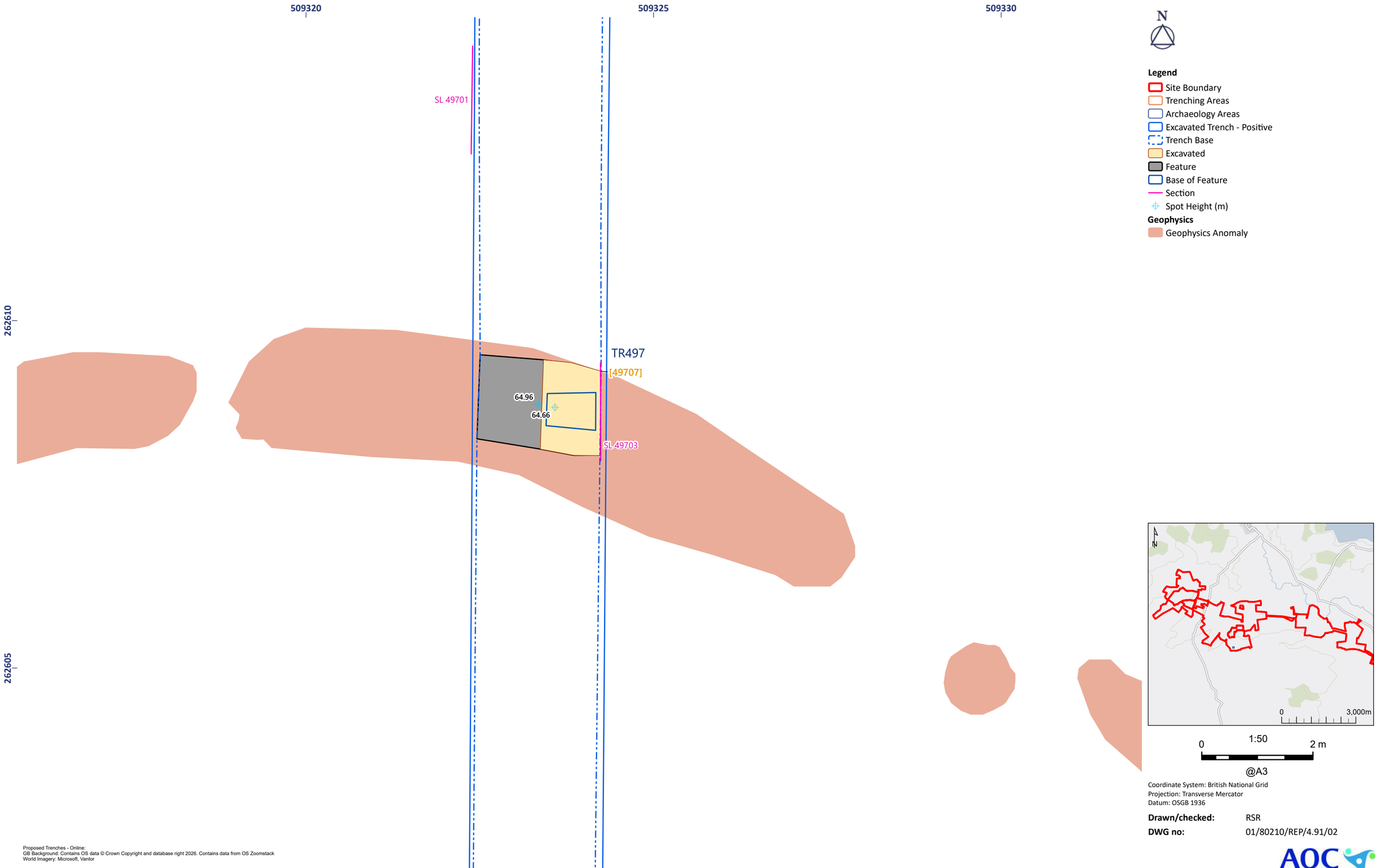


Figure 4.91: Trench 497 Excavated Feature

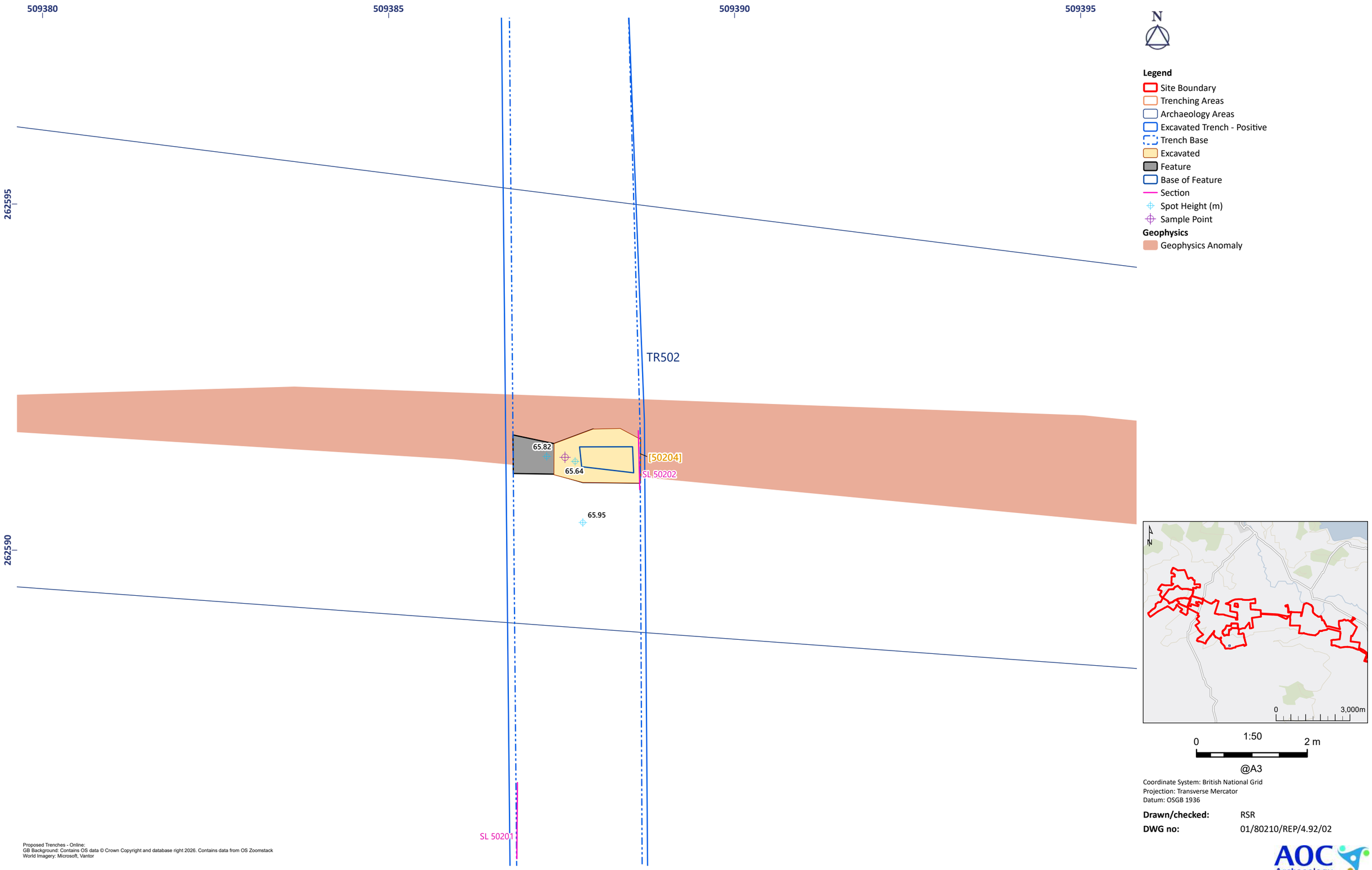


Figure 4.92: Trench 502 Excavated Feature

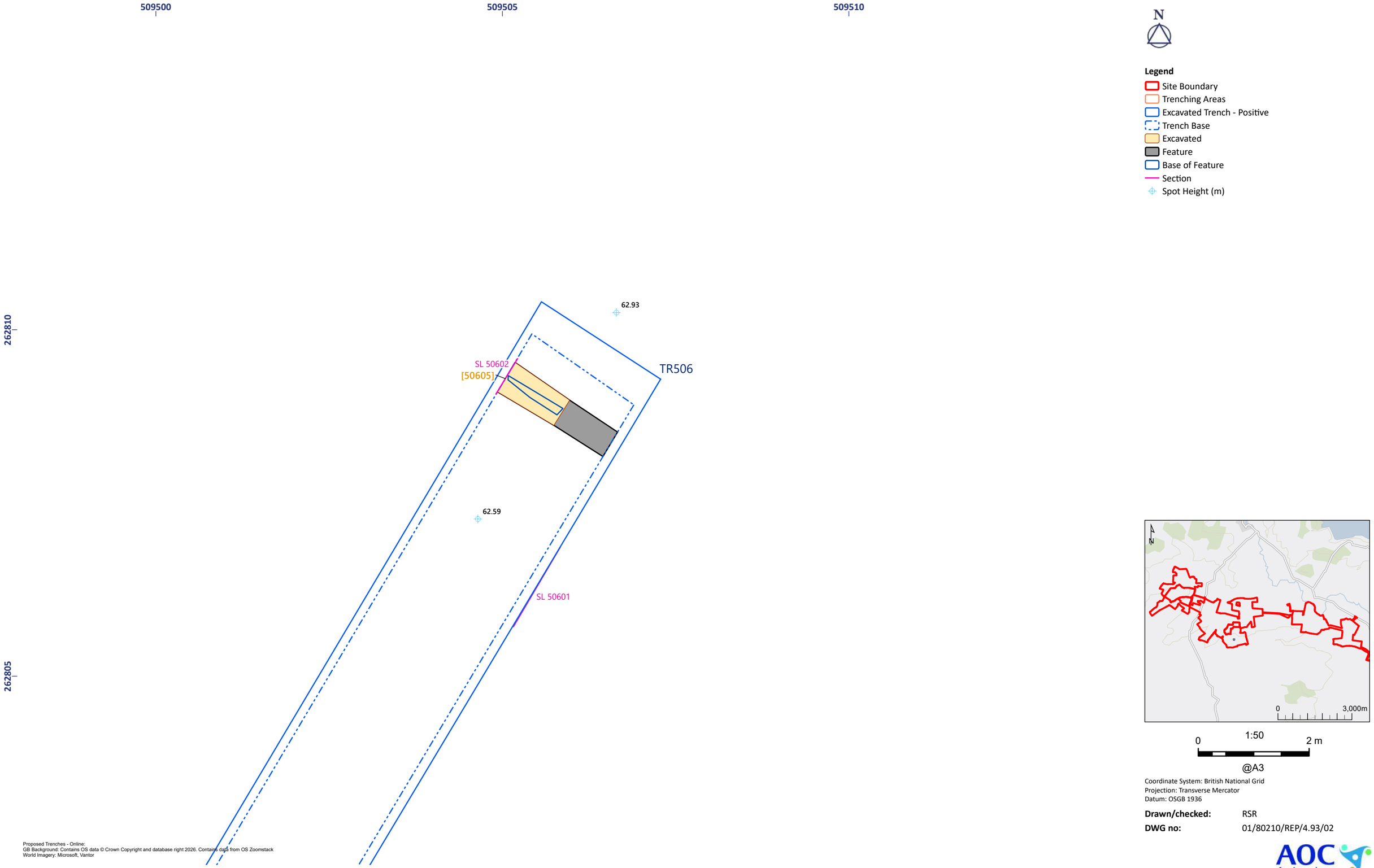


Figure 4.93: Trench 506 Excavated Features

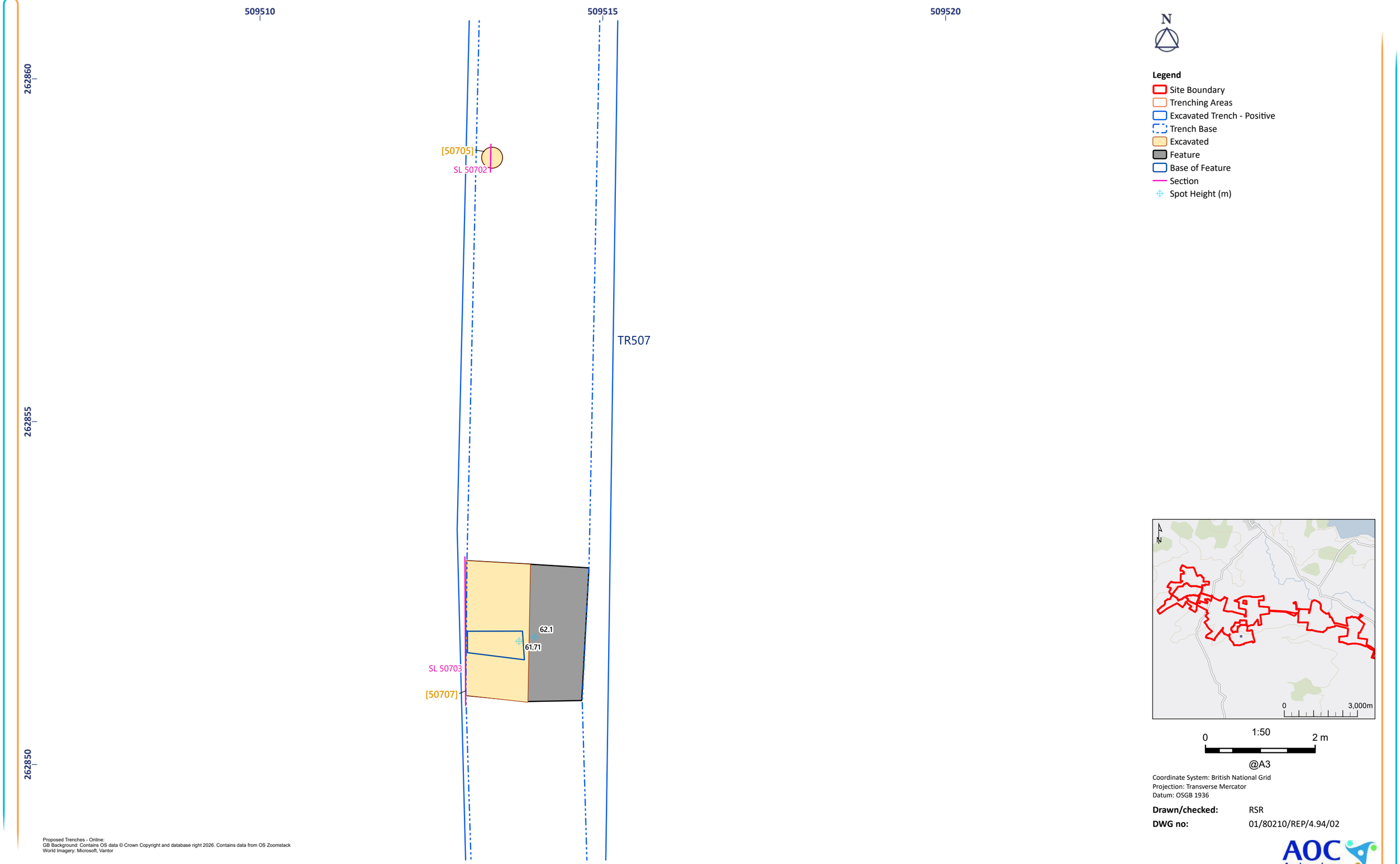


Figure 4.94: Trench 507 Excavated Features

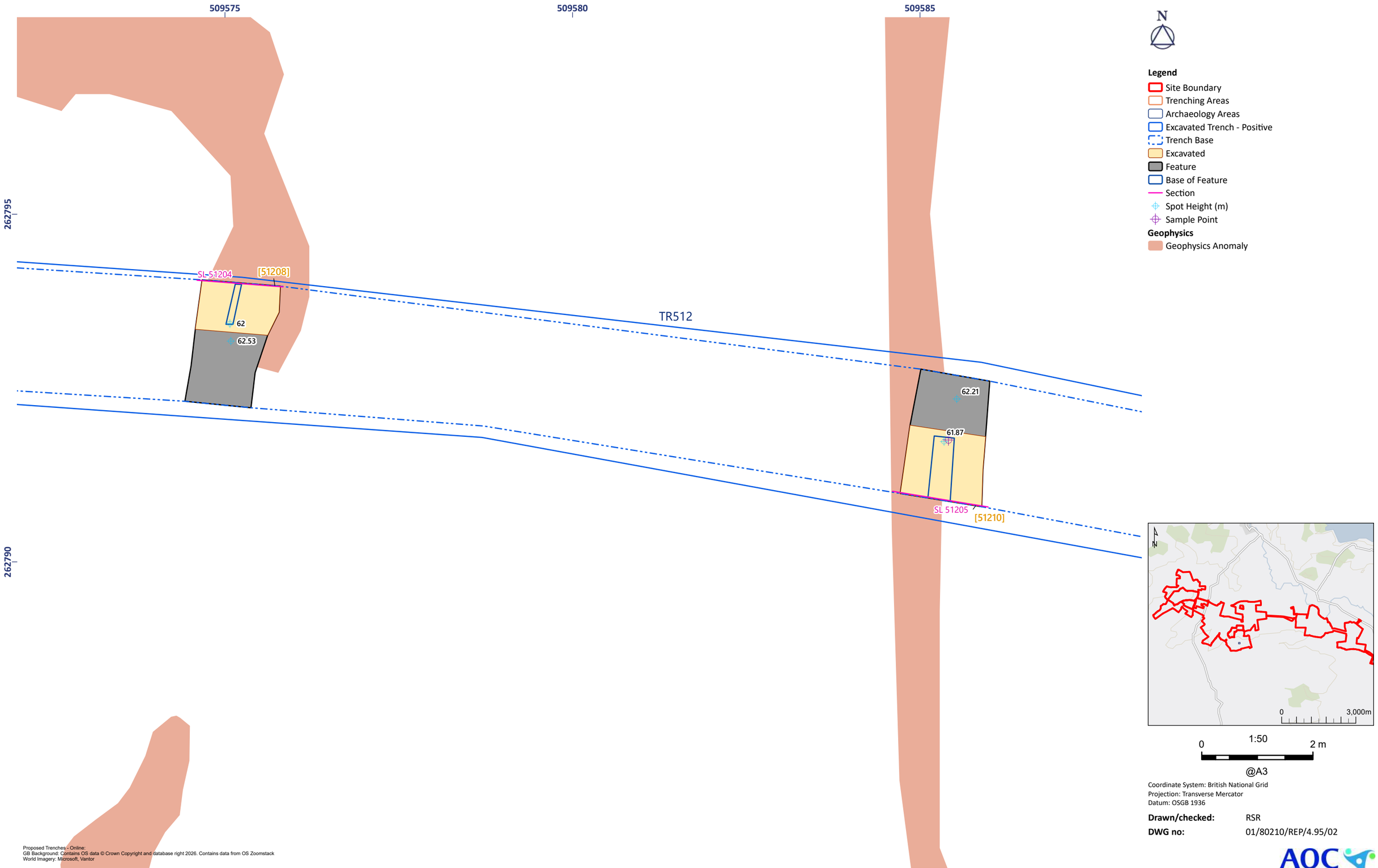


Figure 4.95: Trench 512 Excavated Features

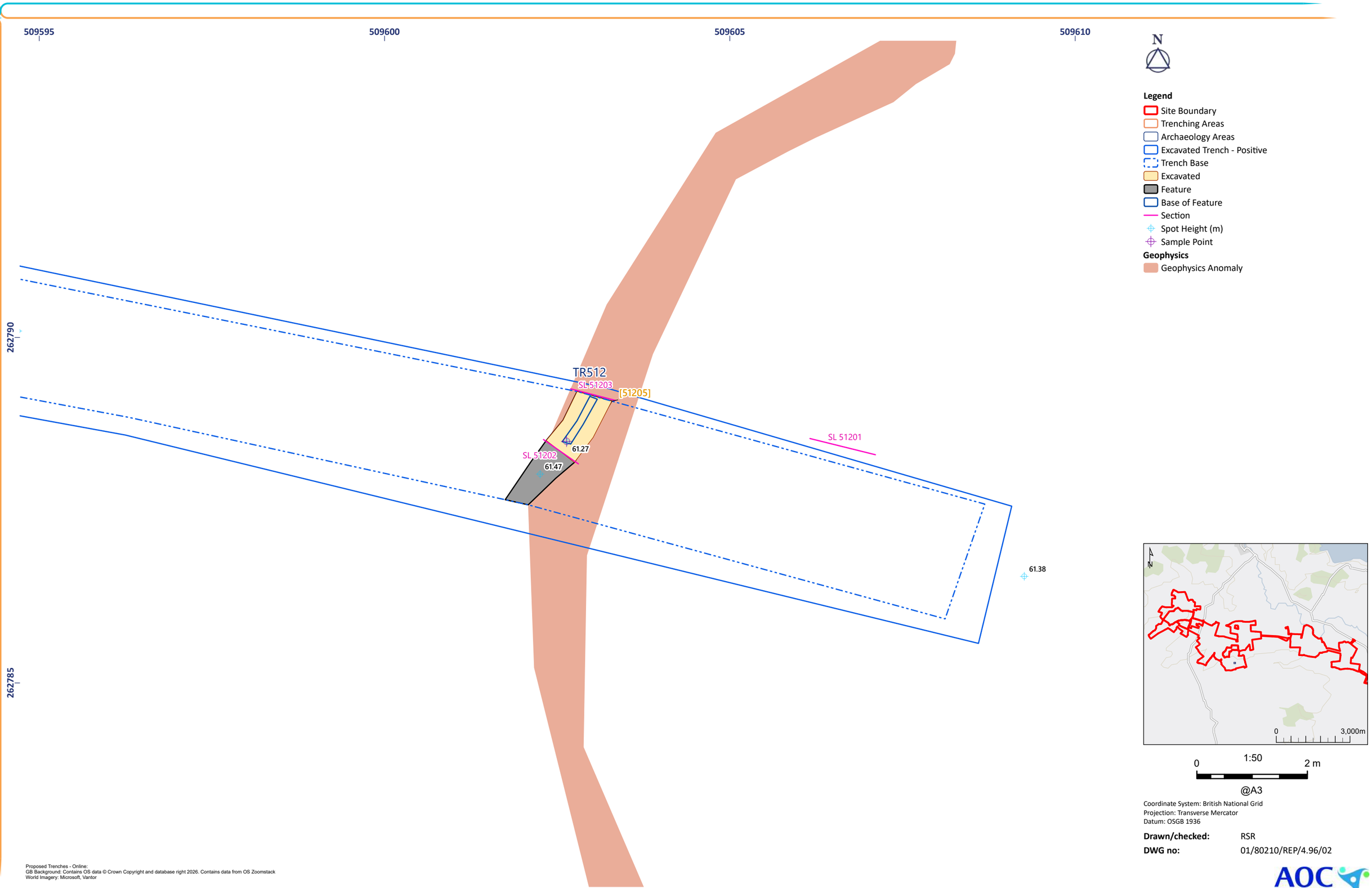


Figure 4.96: Trench 512 Excavated Features

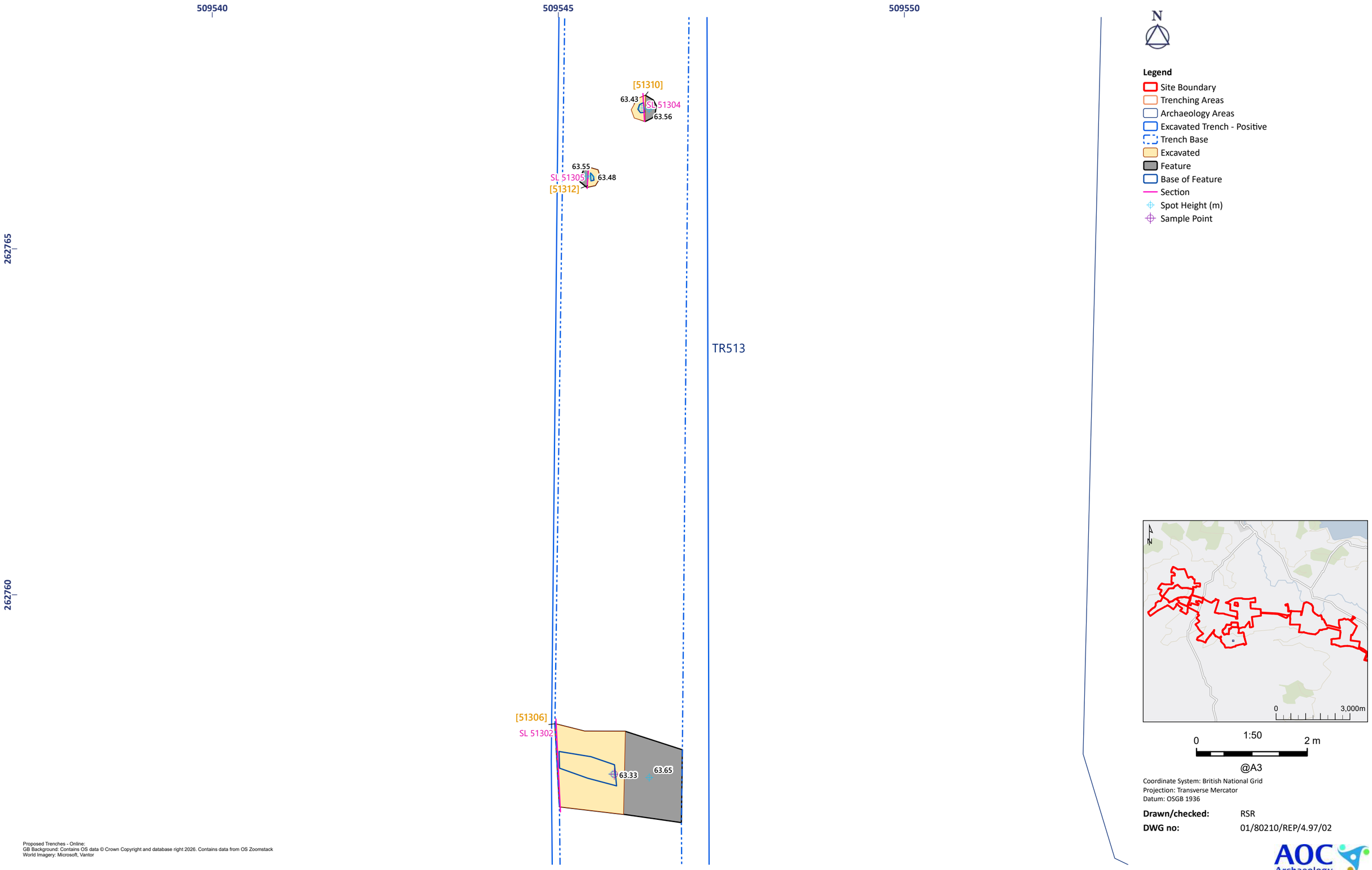


Figure 4.97: Trench 513 Excavated Features

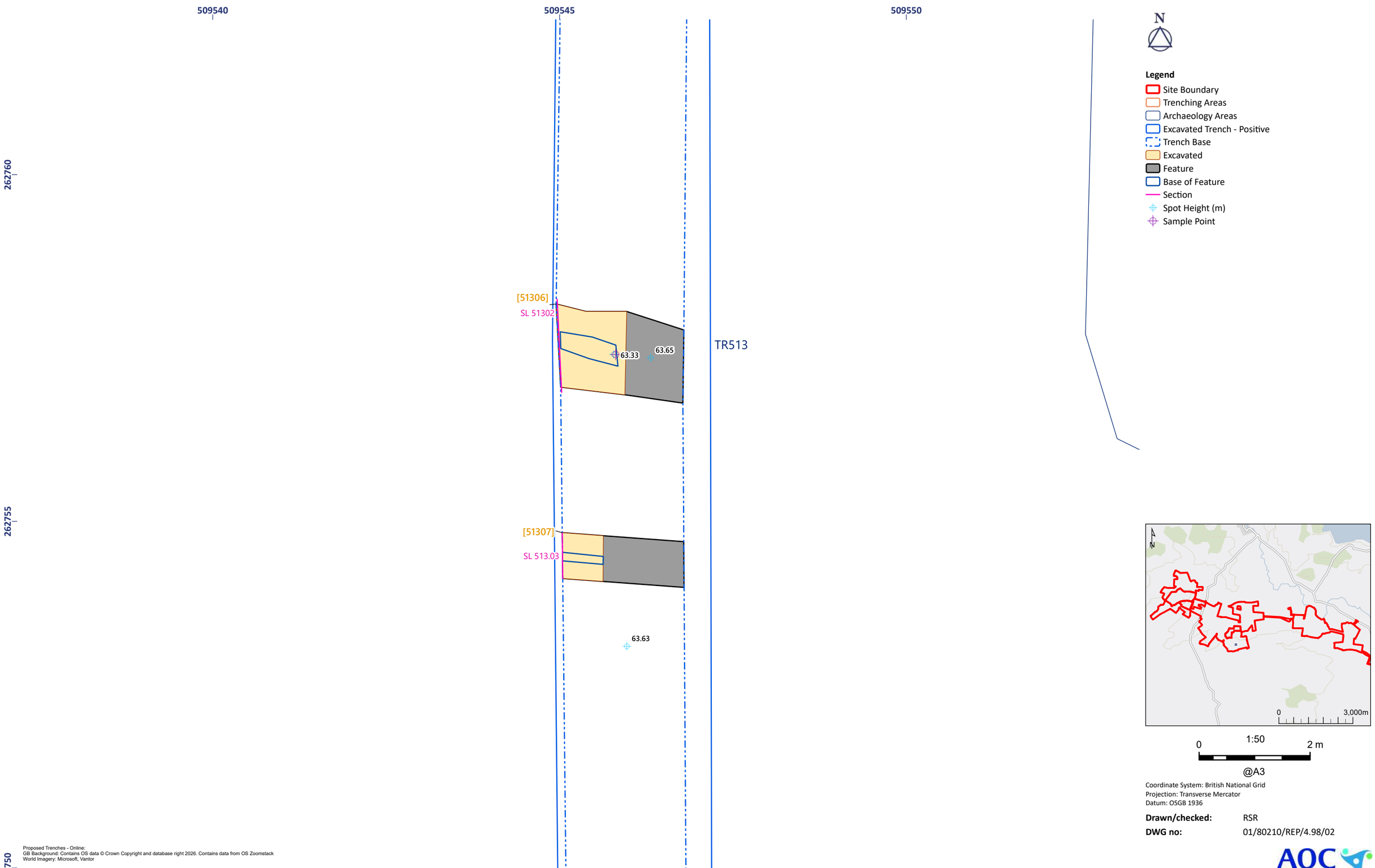


Figure 4.98: Trench 513 Excavated Features

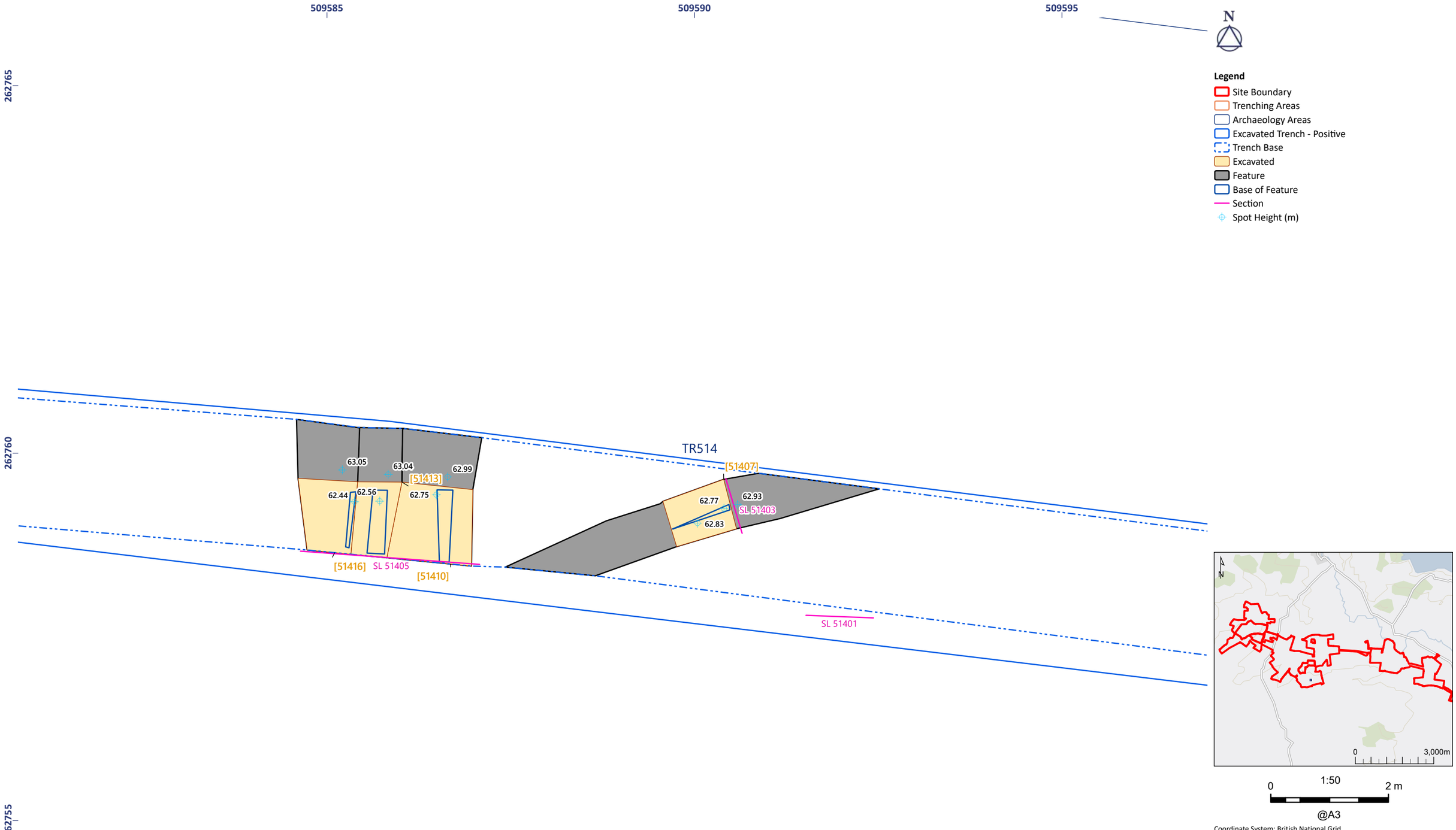


Figure 4.99: Trench 514 Excavated Features

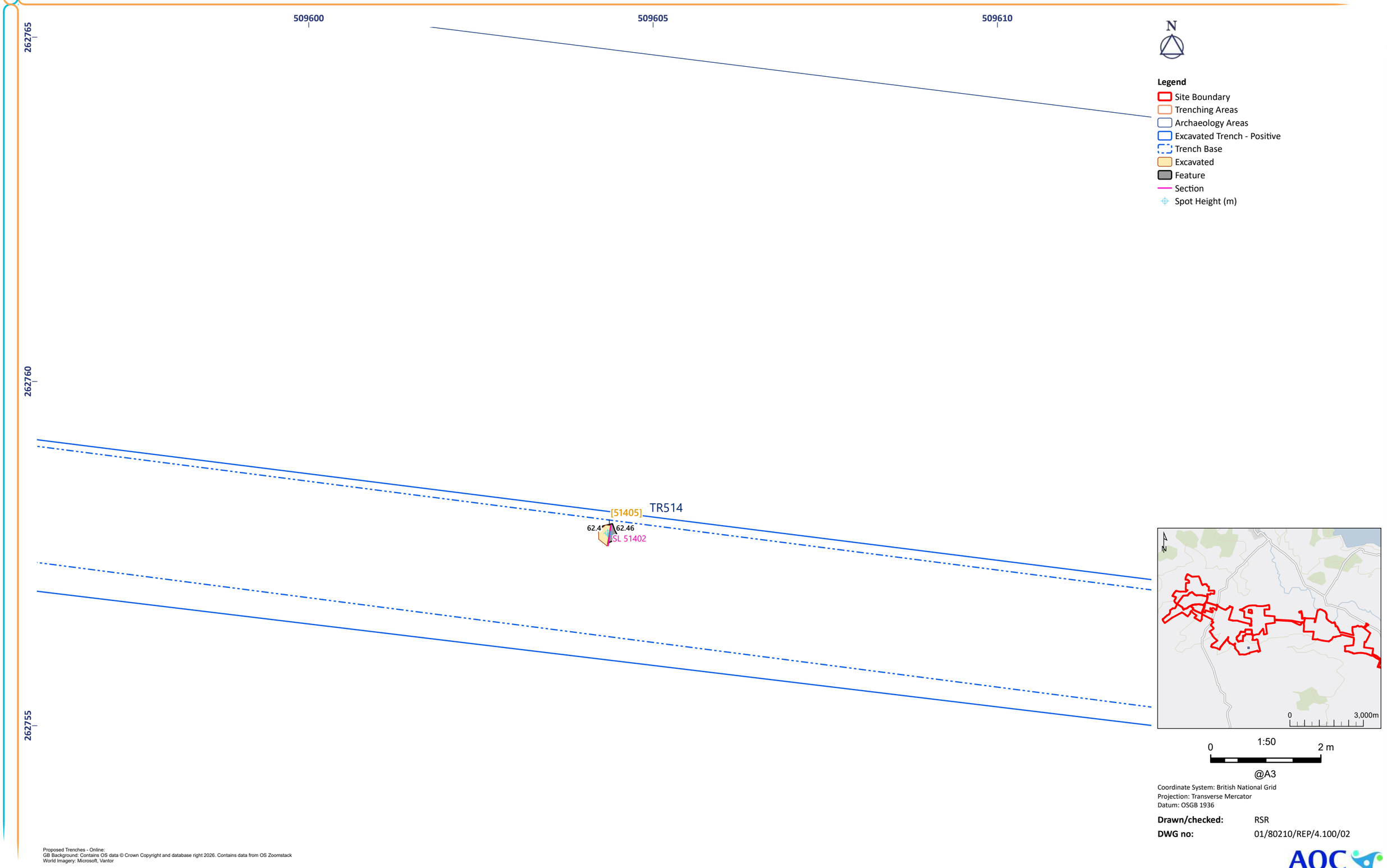
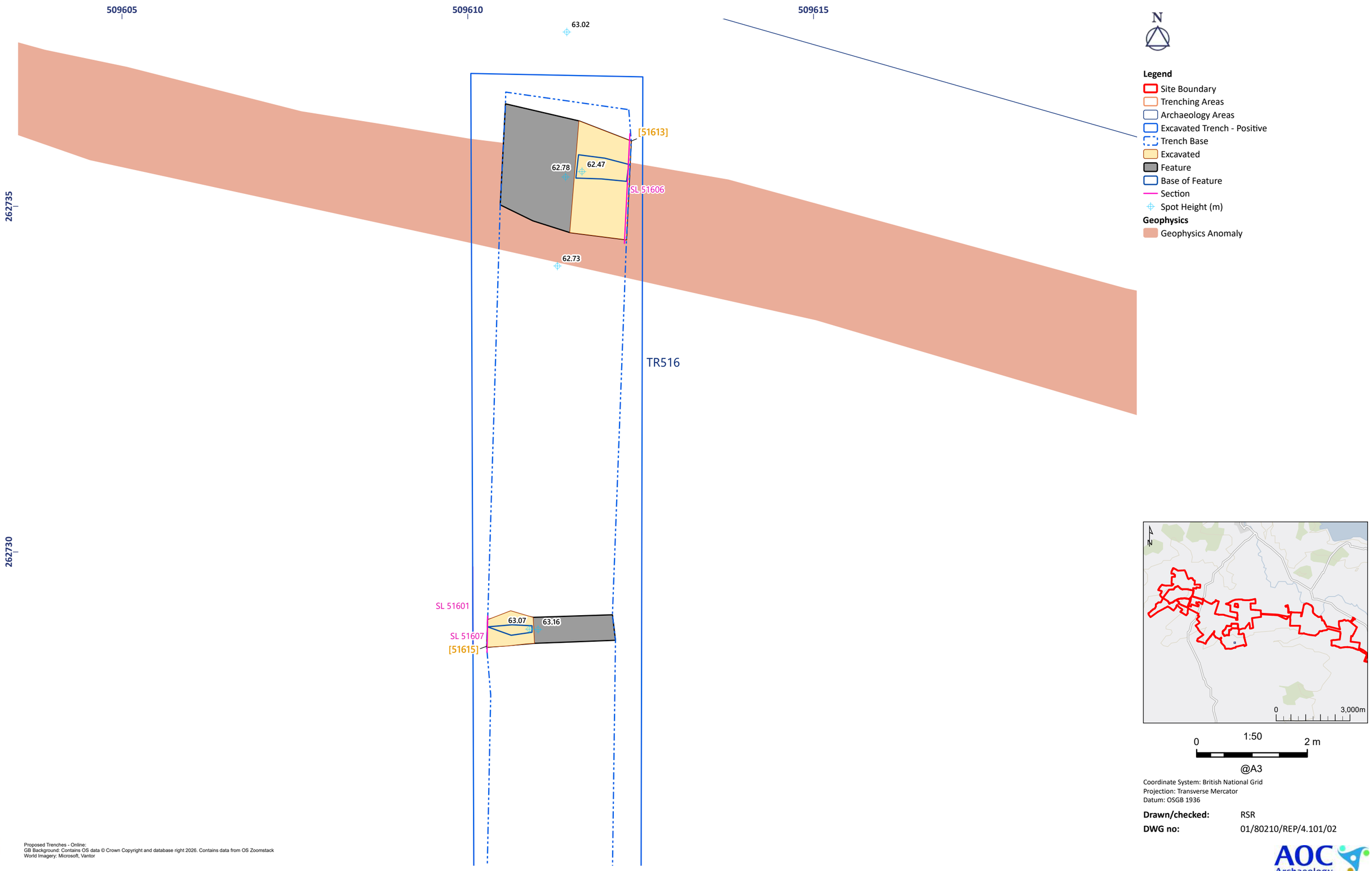


Figure 4.100: Trench 514 Excavated Features



Proposed Trenches - Online:
GB Background: Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2026. Contains data from OS Zoomstack
World Imagery: Microsoft, Vantor

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.101/02

Figure 4.101: Trench 516 Excavated Features

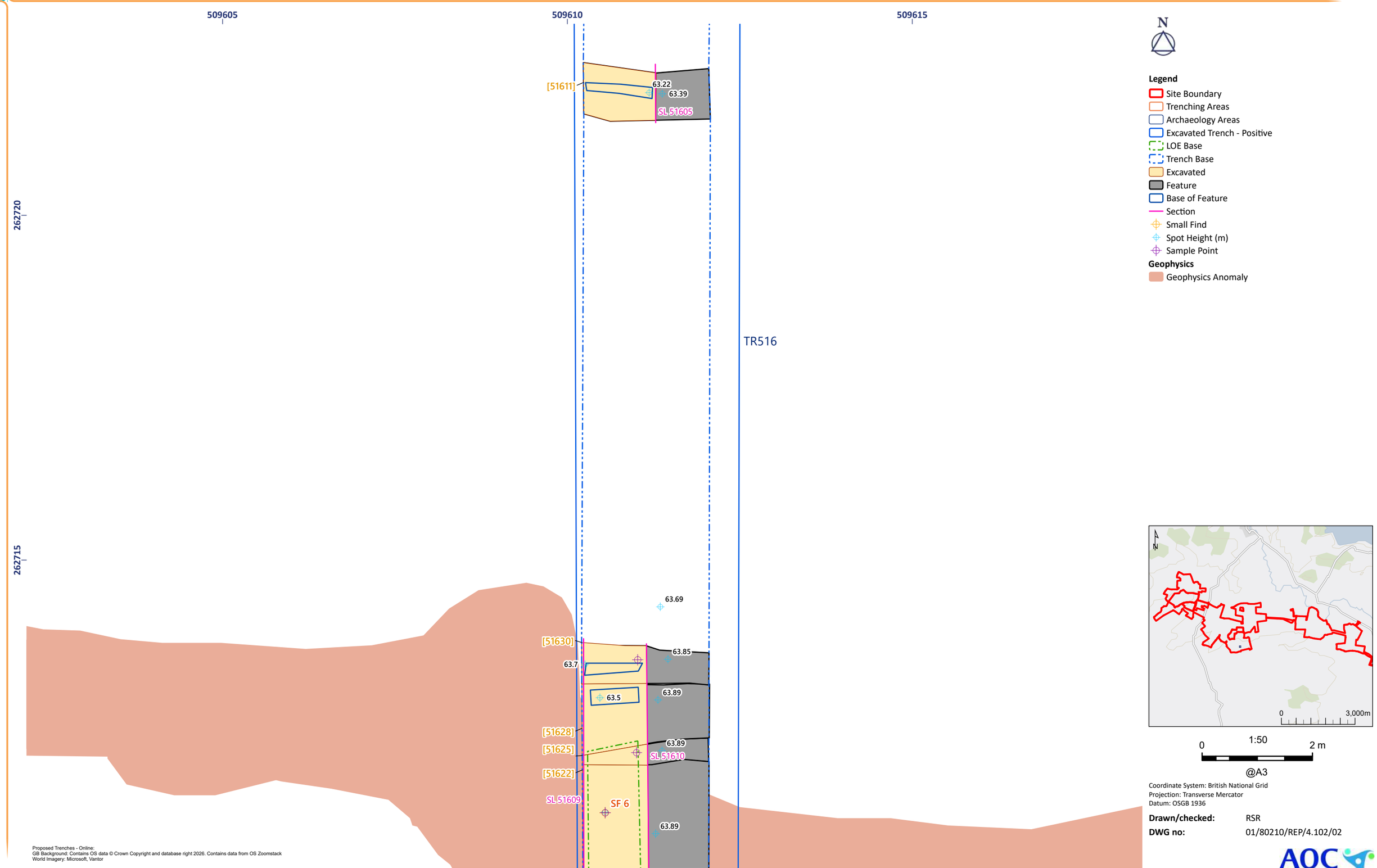


Figure 4.102: Trench 516 Excavated Features

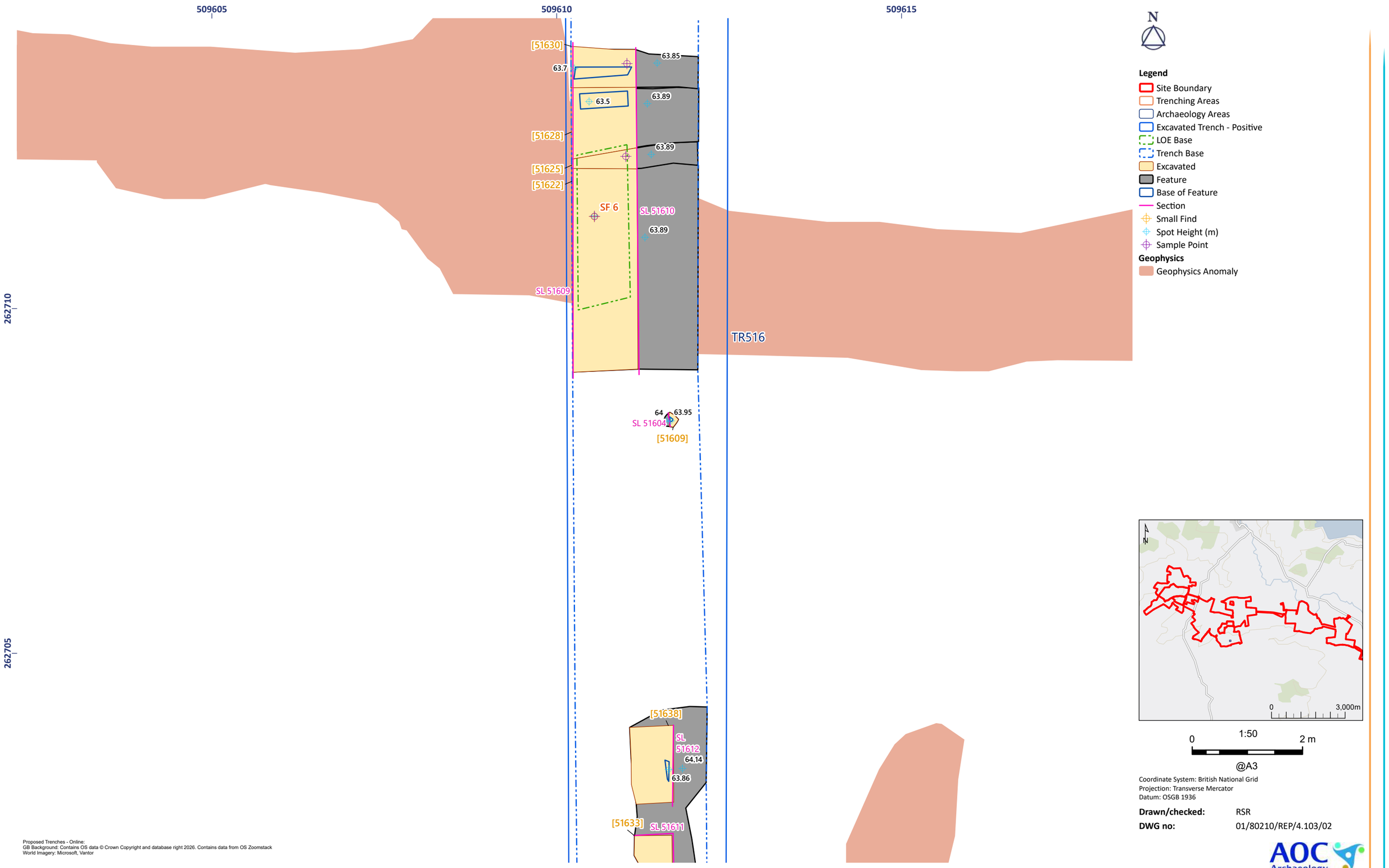
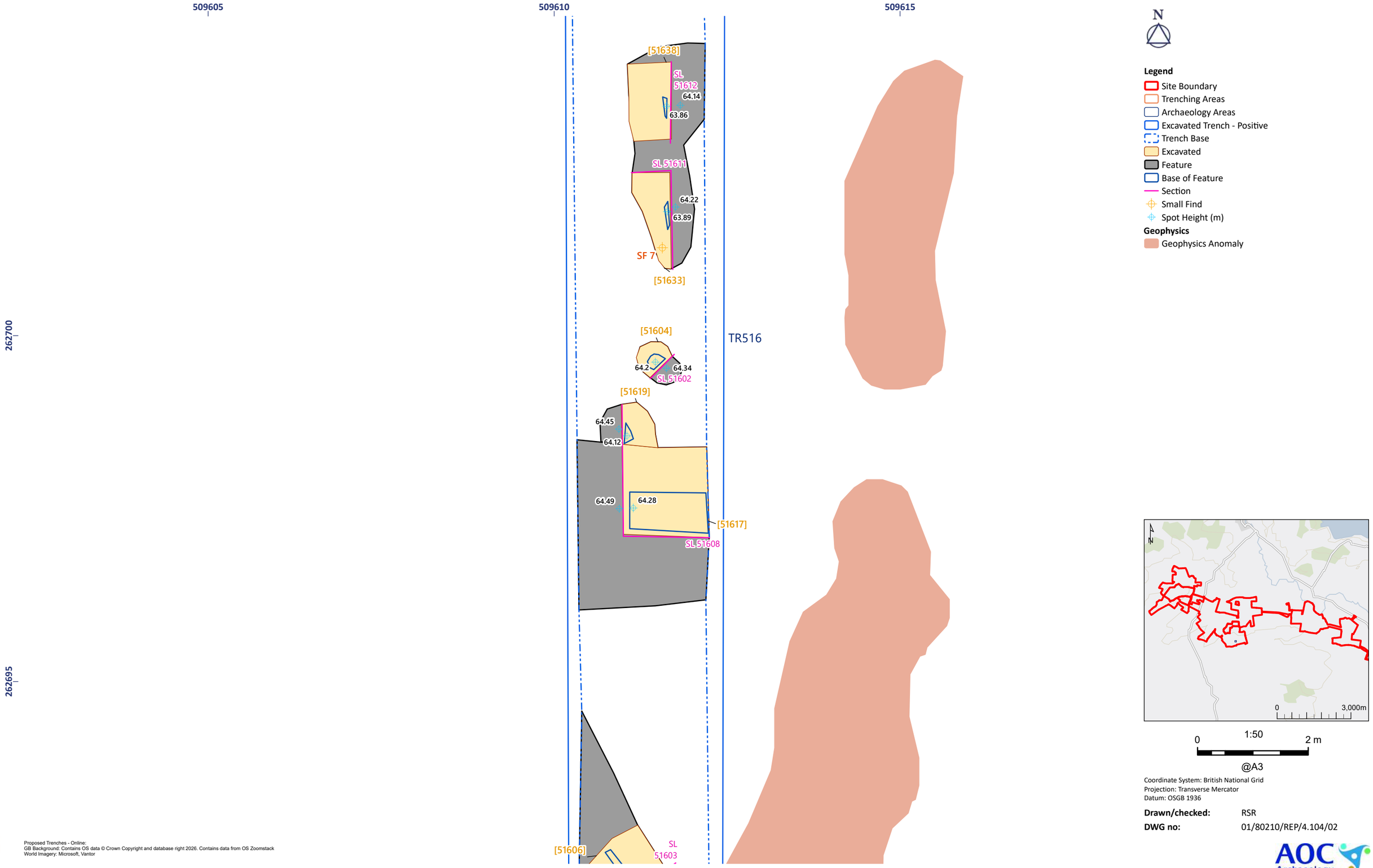


Figure 4.103: Trench 516 Excavated Features



Proposed Trenches - Online:
GB Background: Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2026. Contains data from OS Zoomstack
World Imagery: Microsoft, Vantor

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.104/02

Figure 4.104: Trench 516 Excavated Features

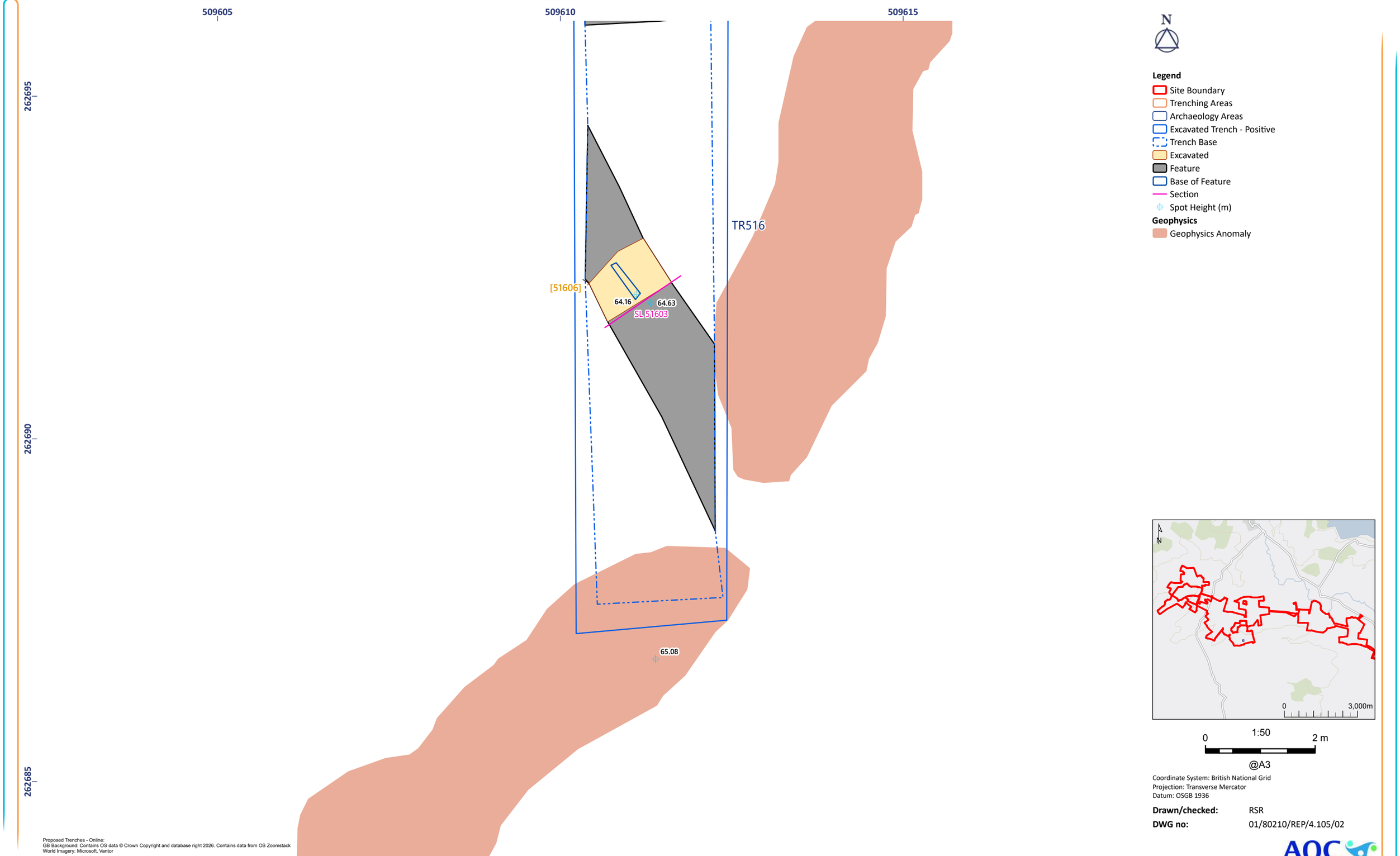


Figure 4.105: Trench 516 Excavated Features

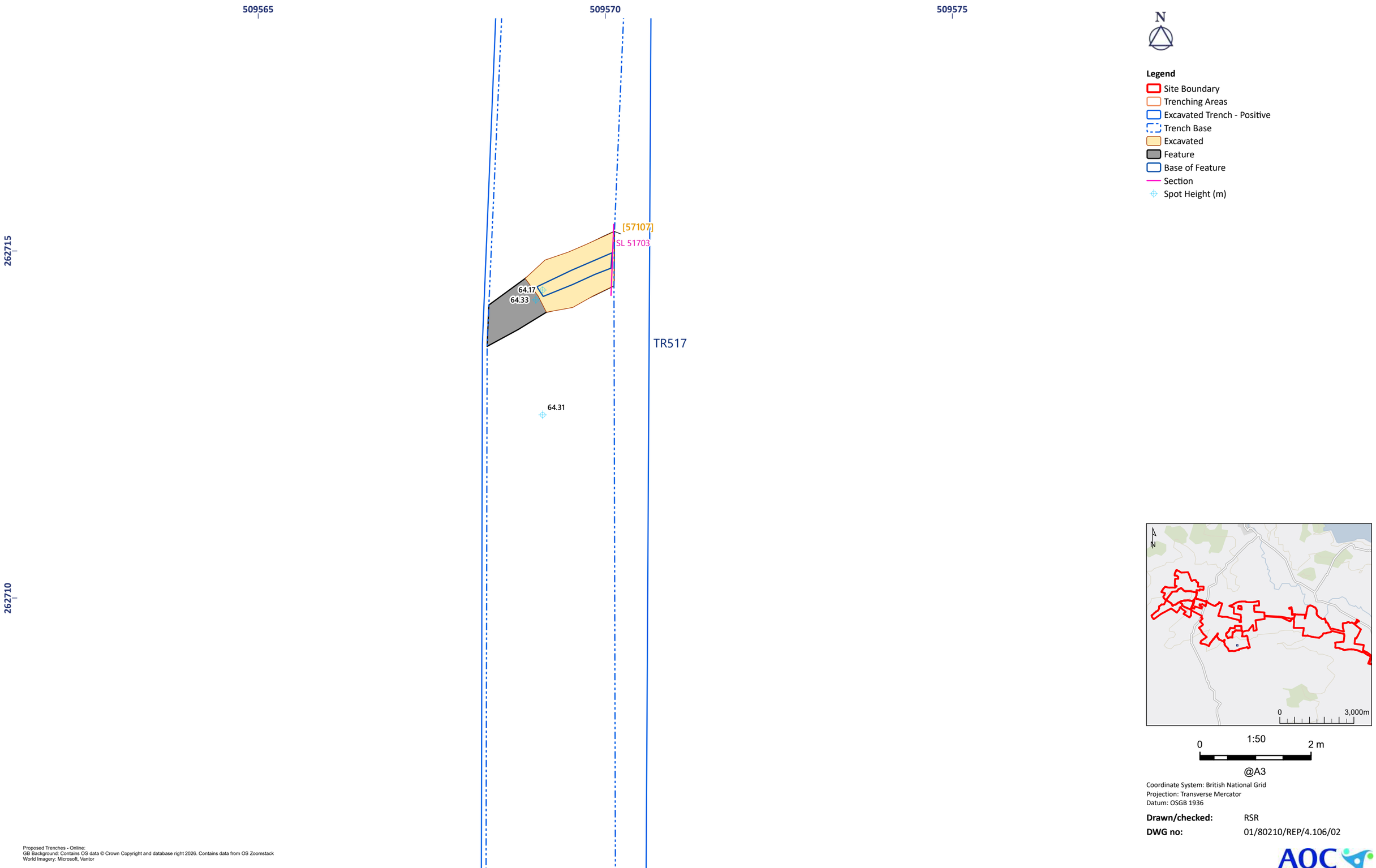


Figure 4.106: Trench 517 Excavated Features

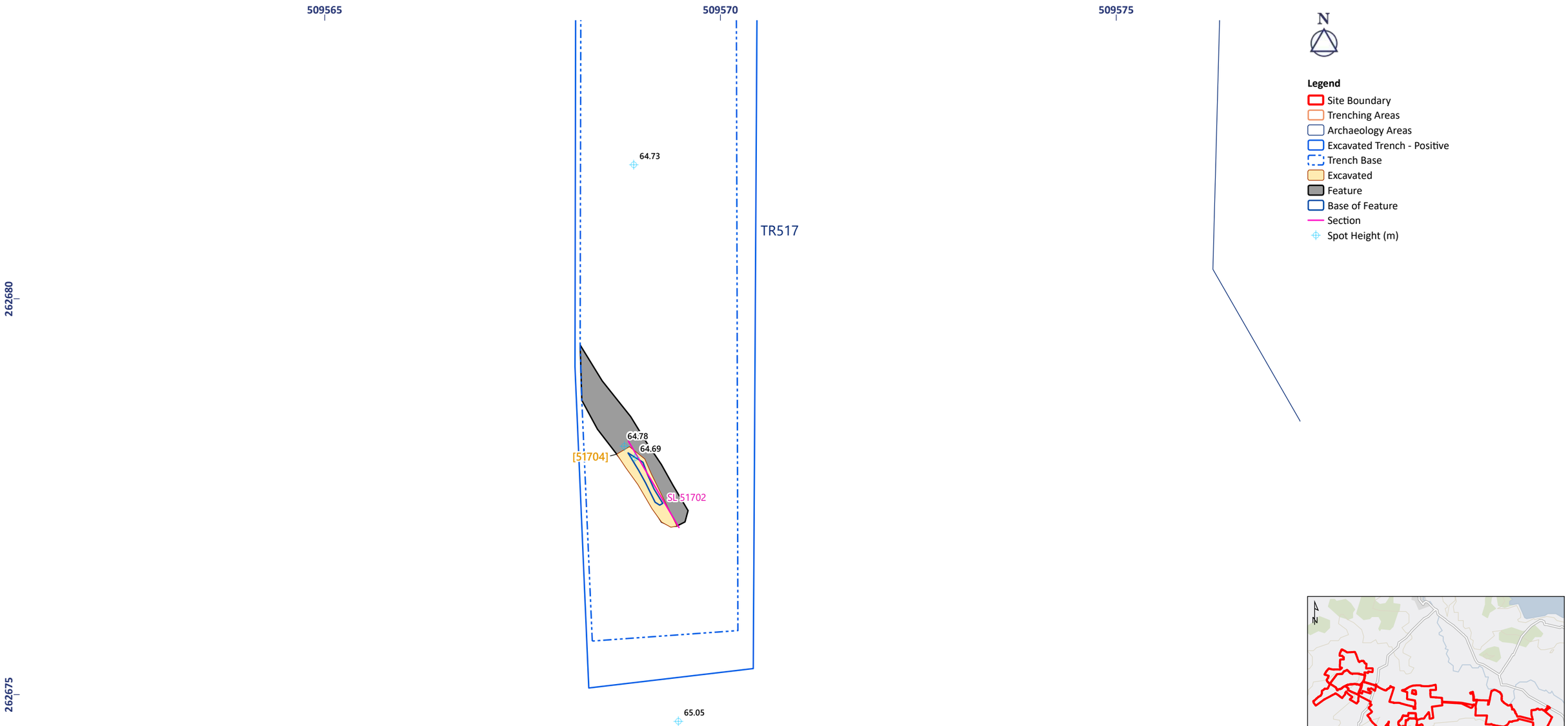


Figure 4.107: Trench 517 Excavated Features

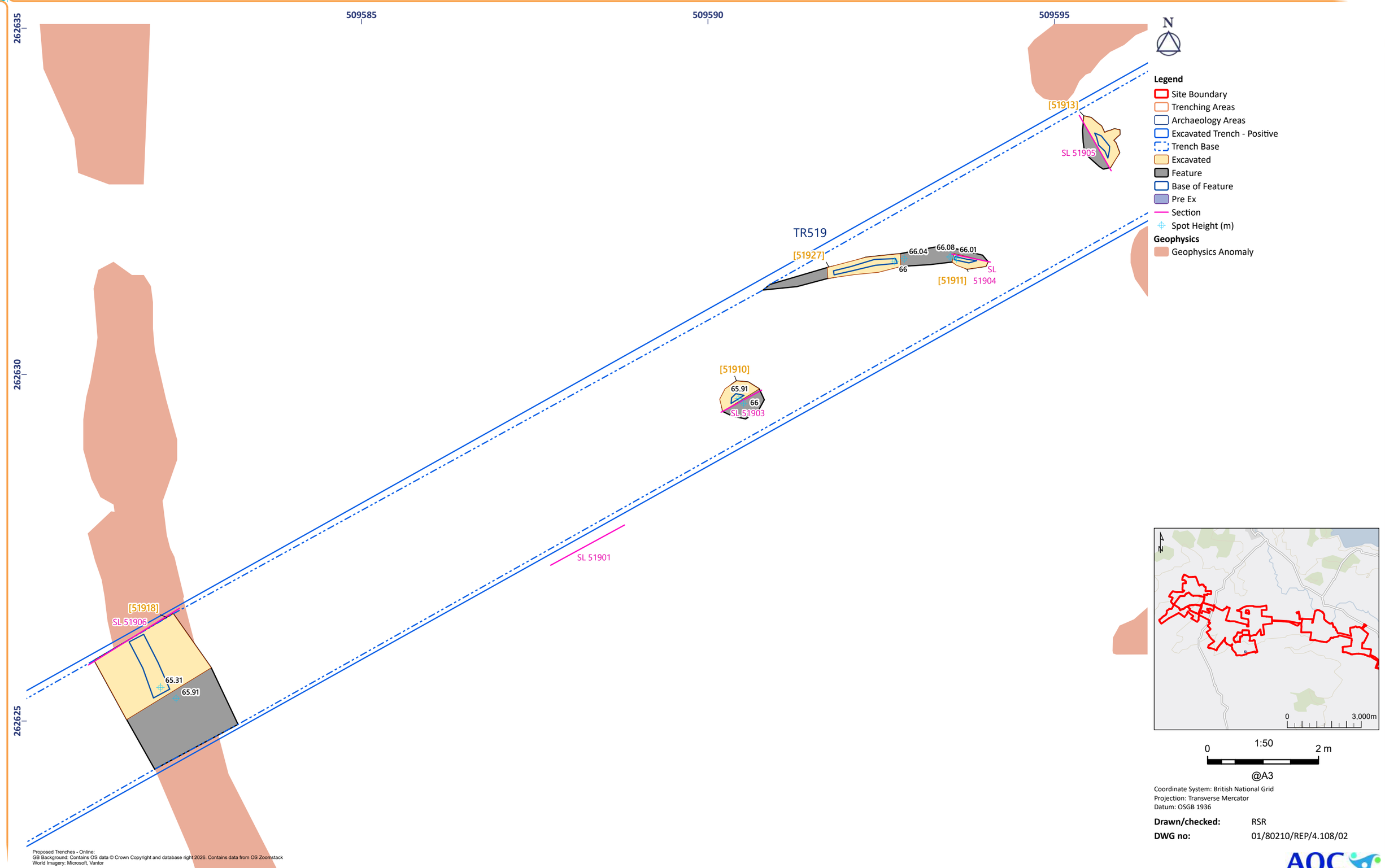
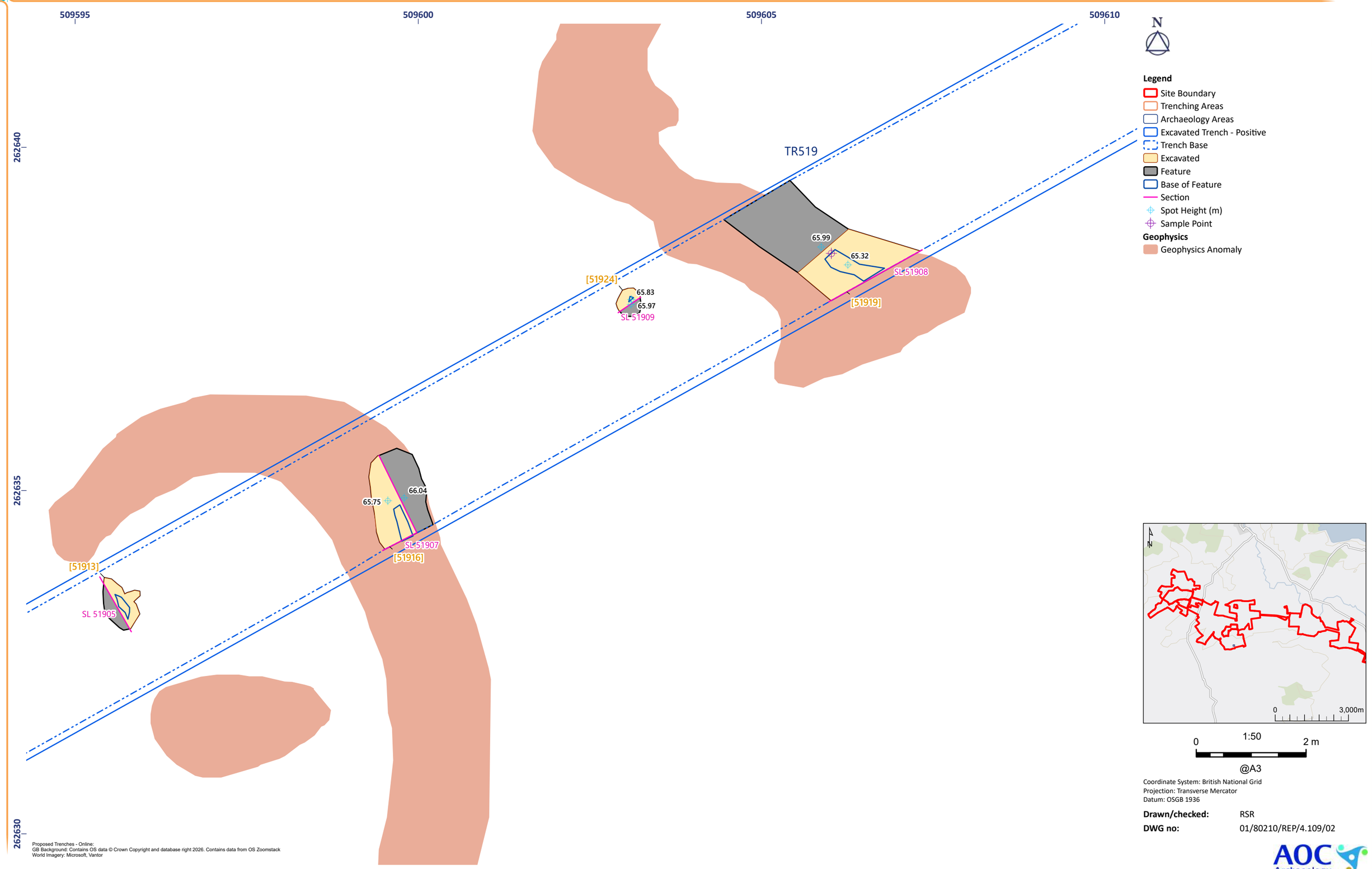


Figure 4.108: Trench 519 Excavated Features



0 1:50 2 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.109/02

Figure 4.109: Trench 519 Excavated Features

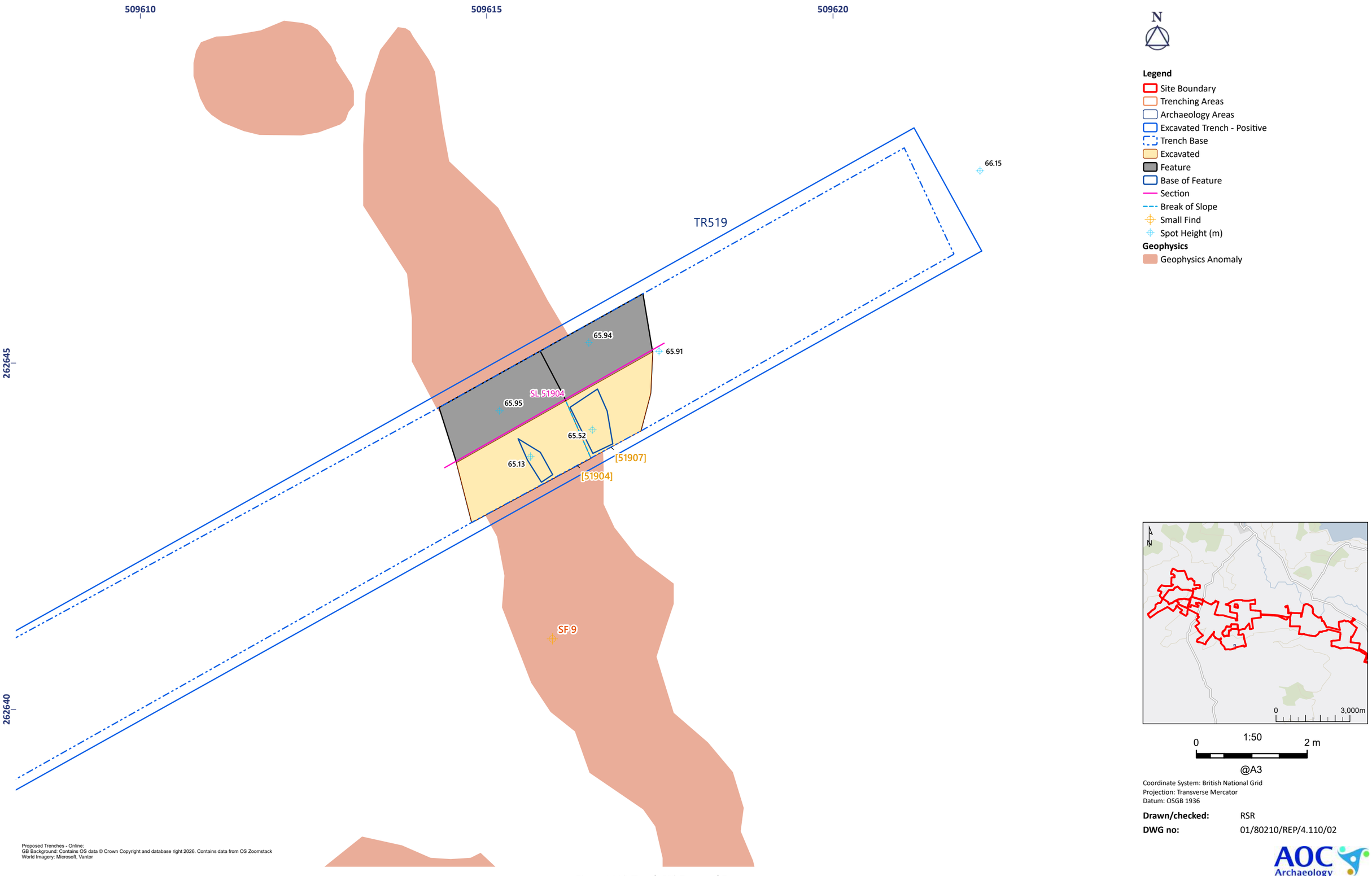


Figure 4.110: Trench 519 Excavated Features

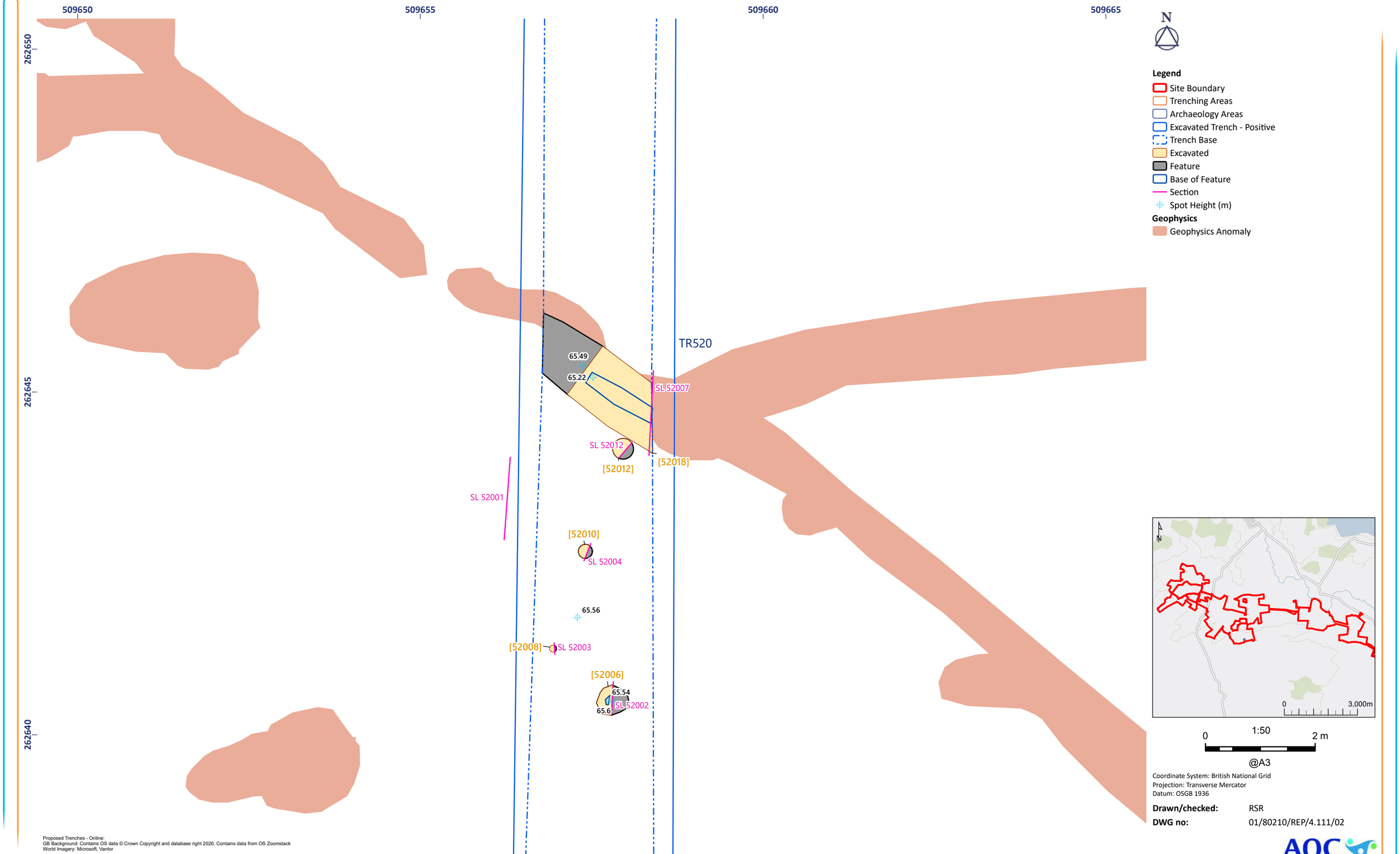


Figure 4.111: Trench 520 Excavated Feature

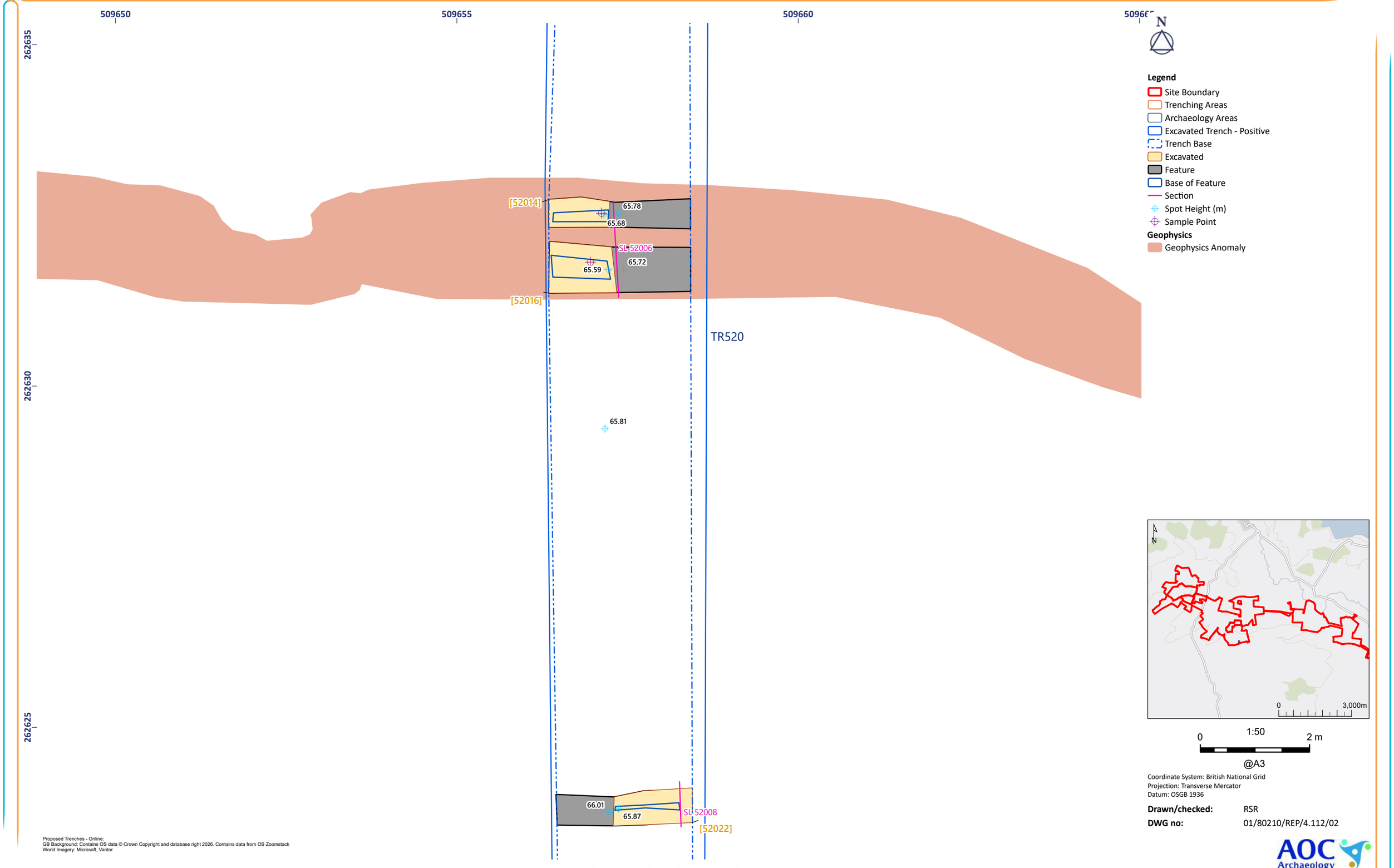


Figure 4.112: Trench 520 Excavated Feature

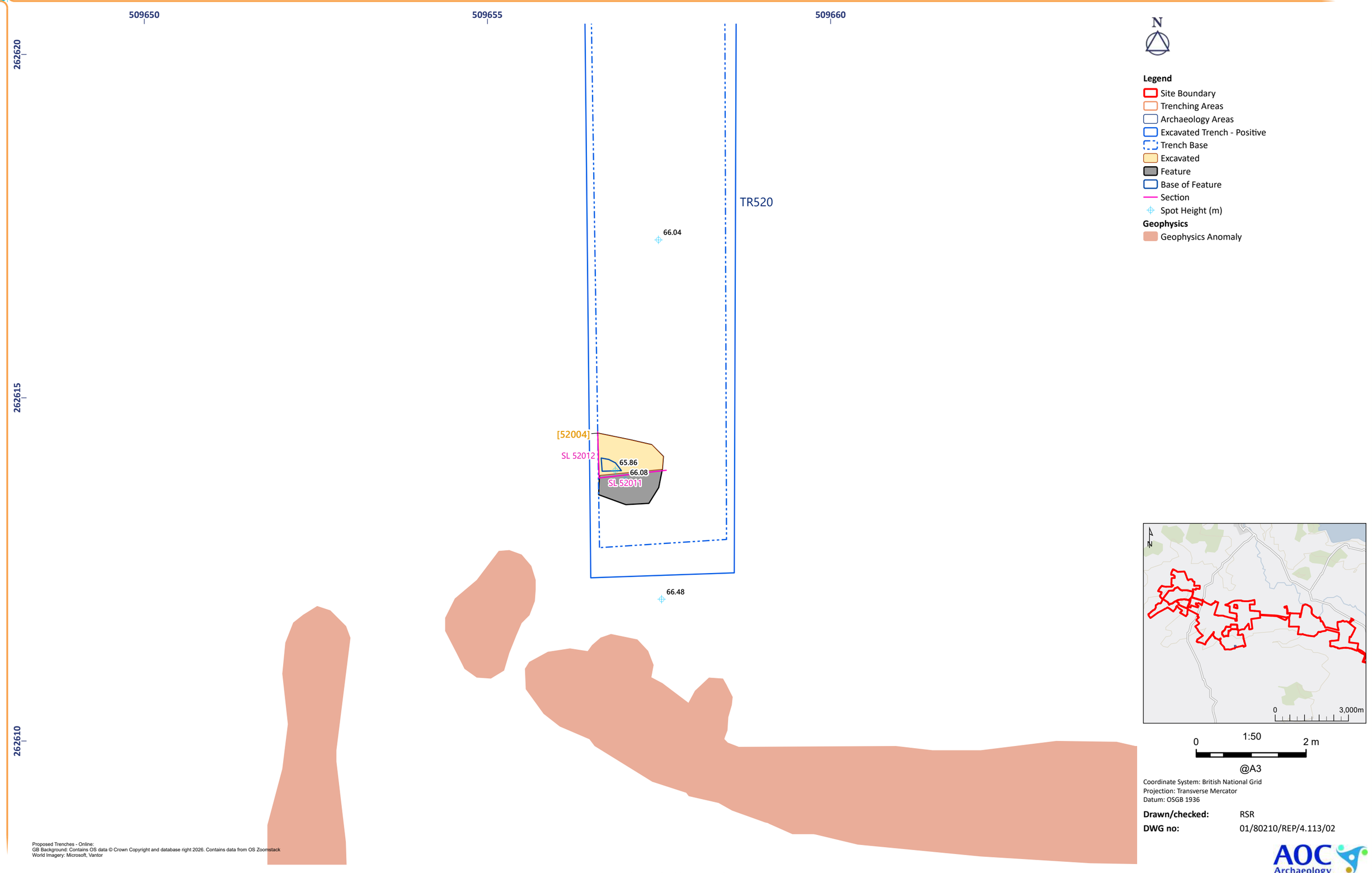


Figure 4.113: Trench 520 Excavated Feature

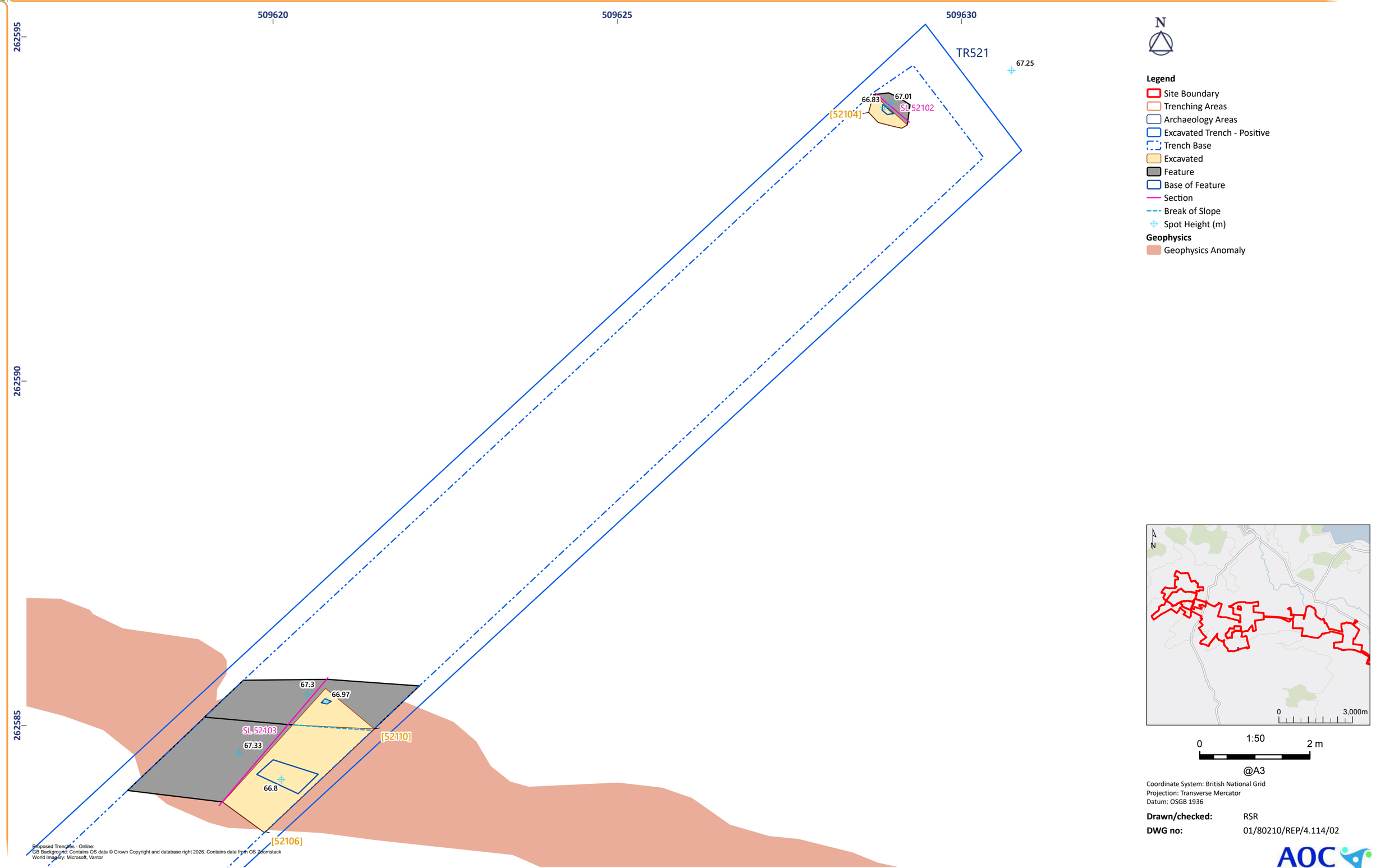


Figure 4.114: Trench 521 Excavated Feature

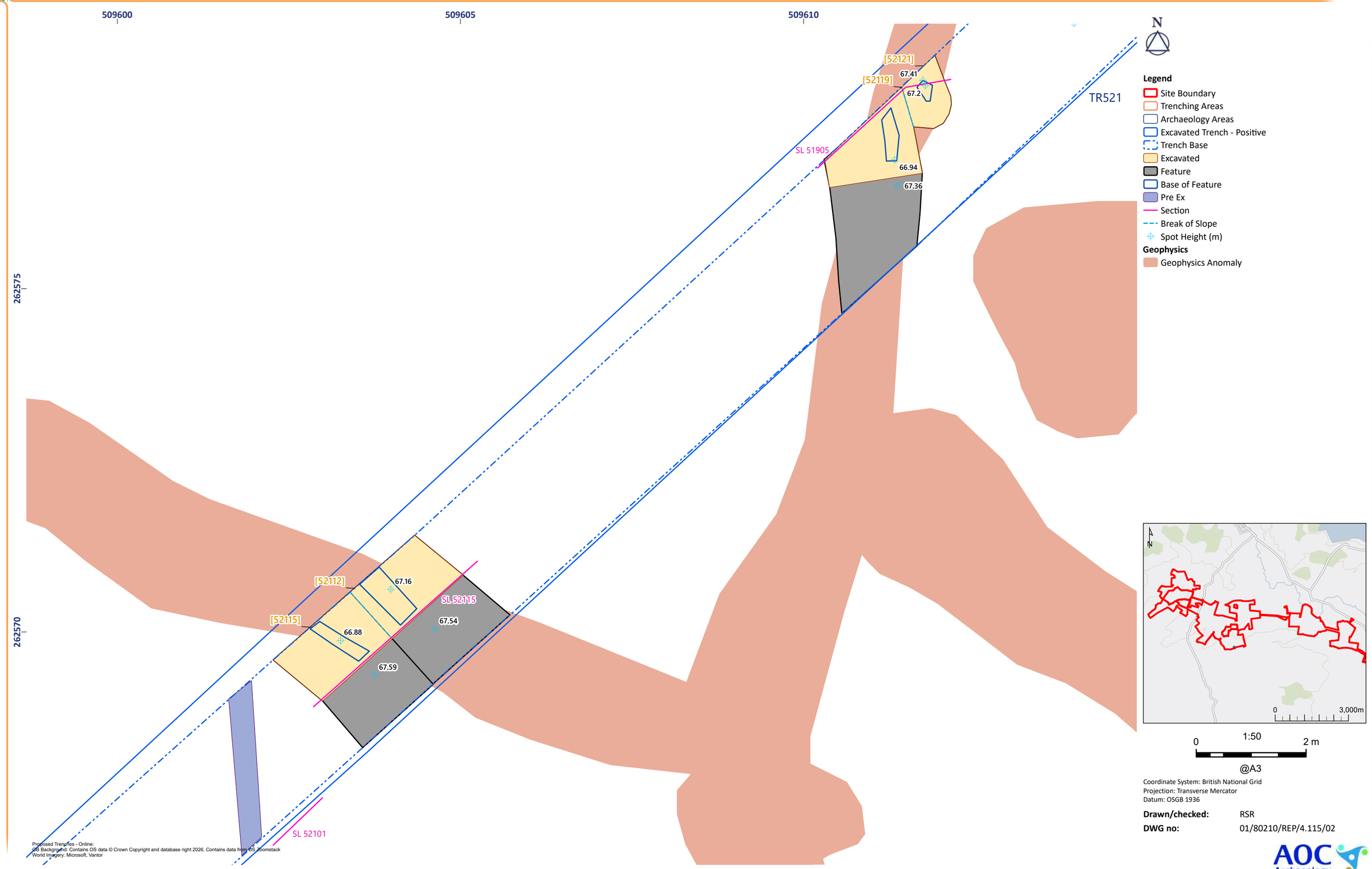


Figure 4.115: Trench 521 Excavated Feature



Figure 4.116: Trench 522 Excavated Feature

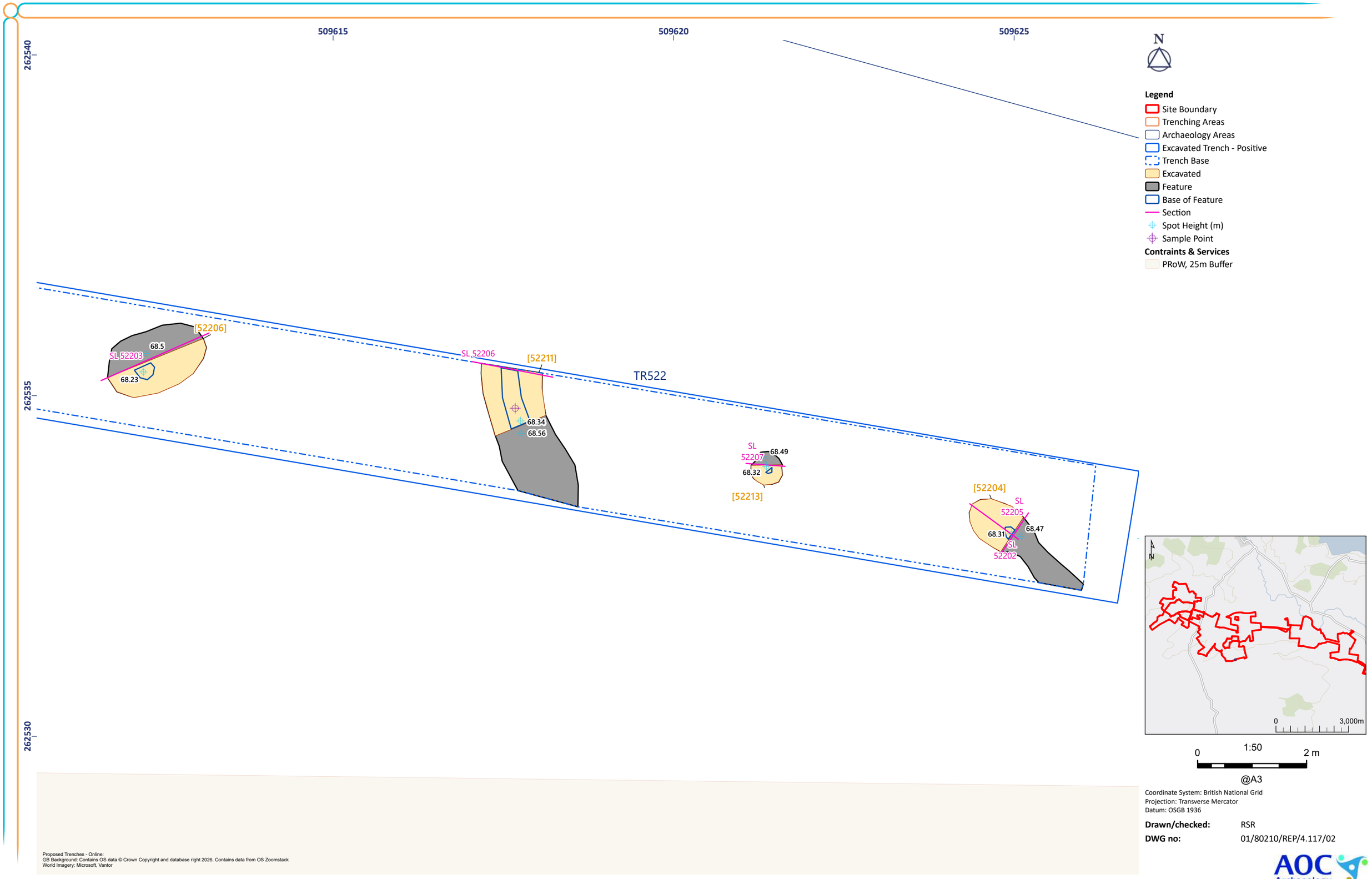


Figure 4.117: Trench 522 Excavated Feature

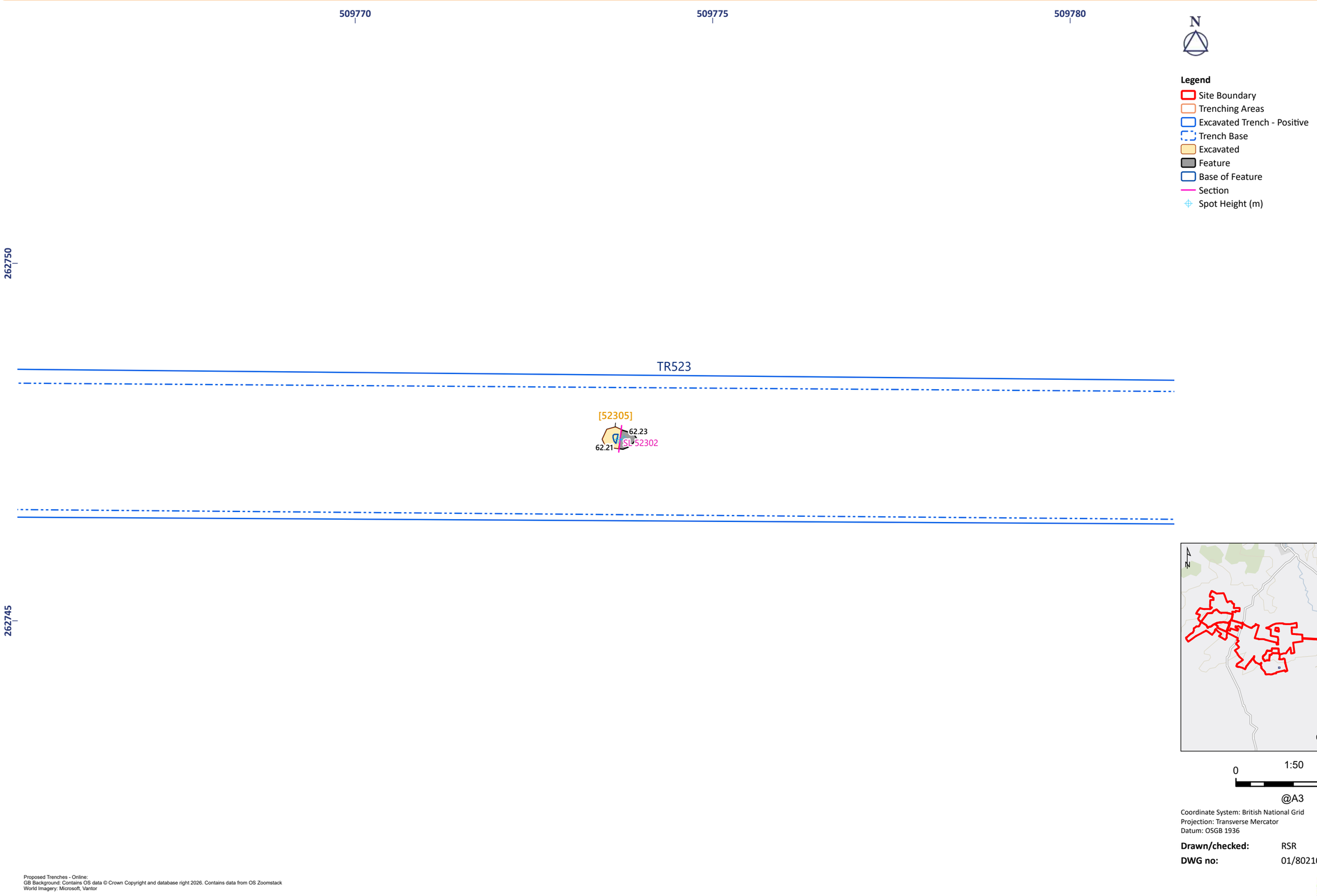


Figure 4.118: Trench 523 Excavated Feature

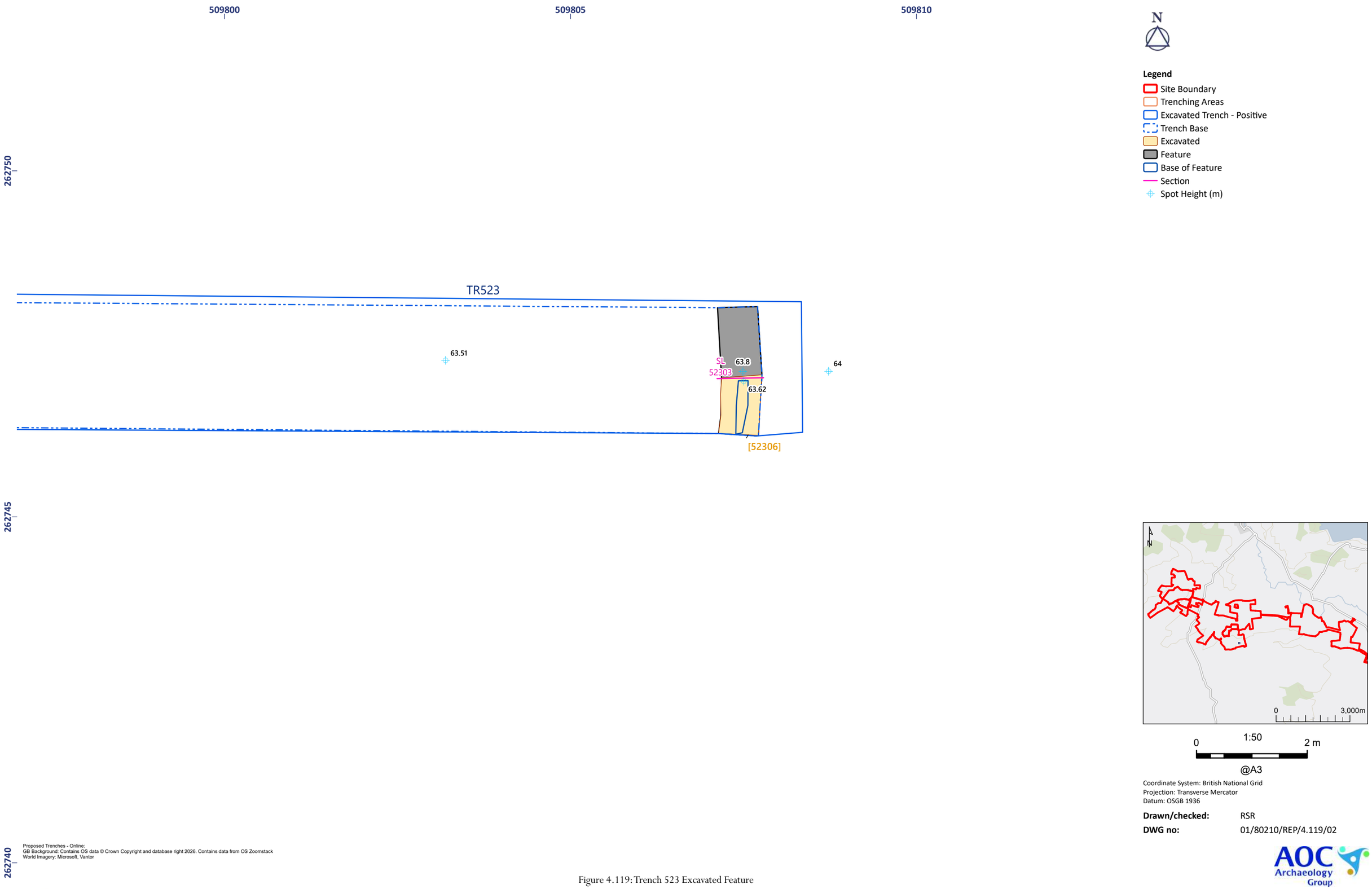


Figure 4.119: Trench 523 Excavated Feature

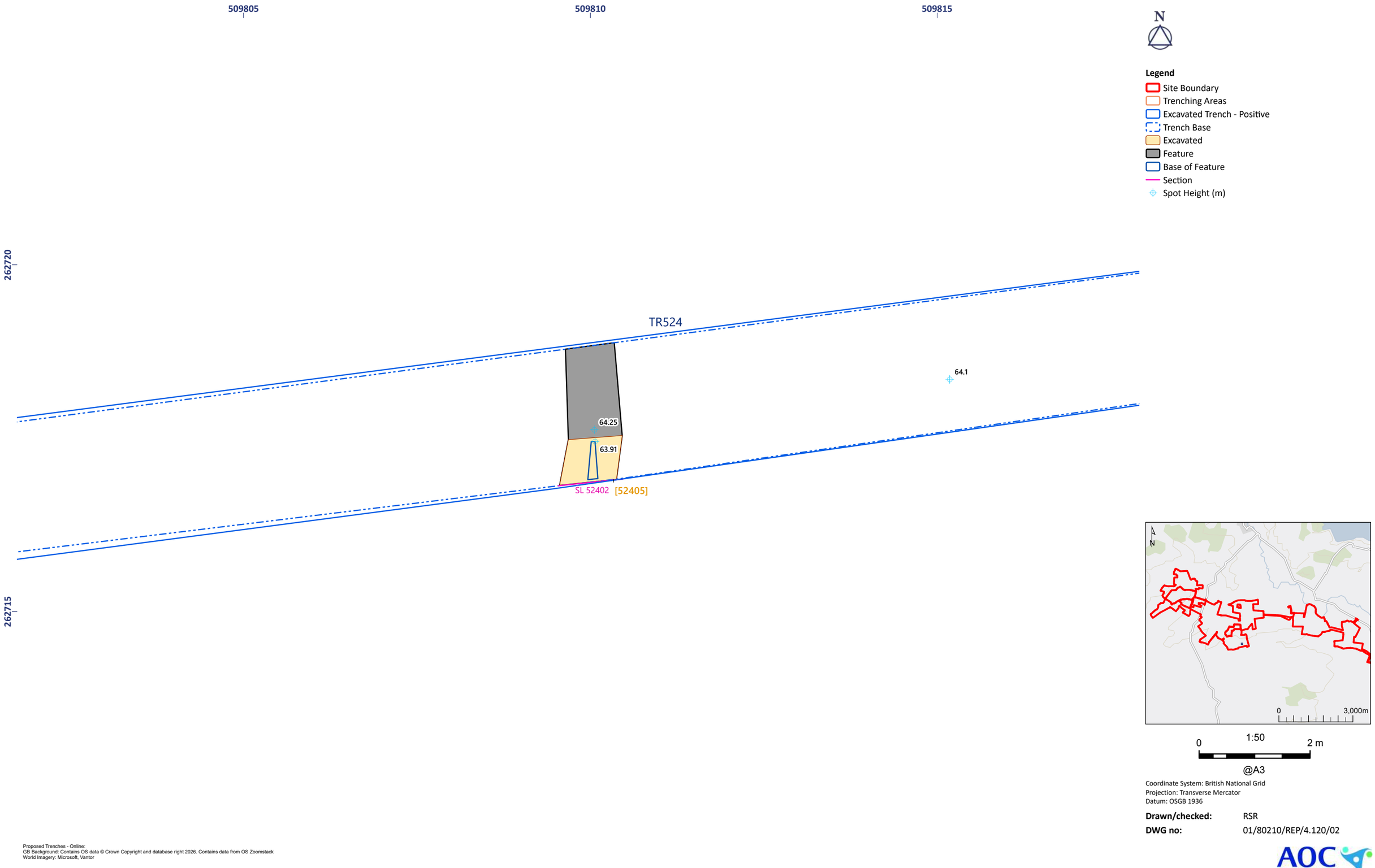


Figure 4.120: Trench 524 Excavated Feature

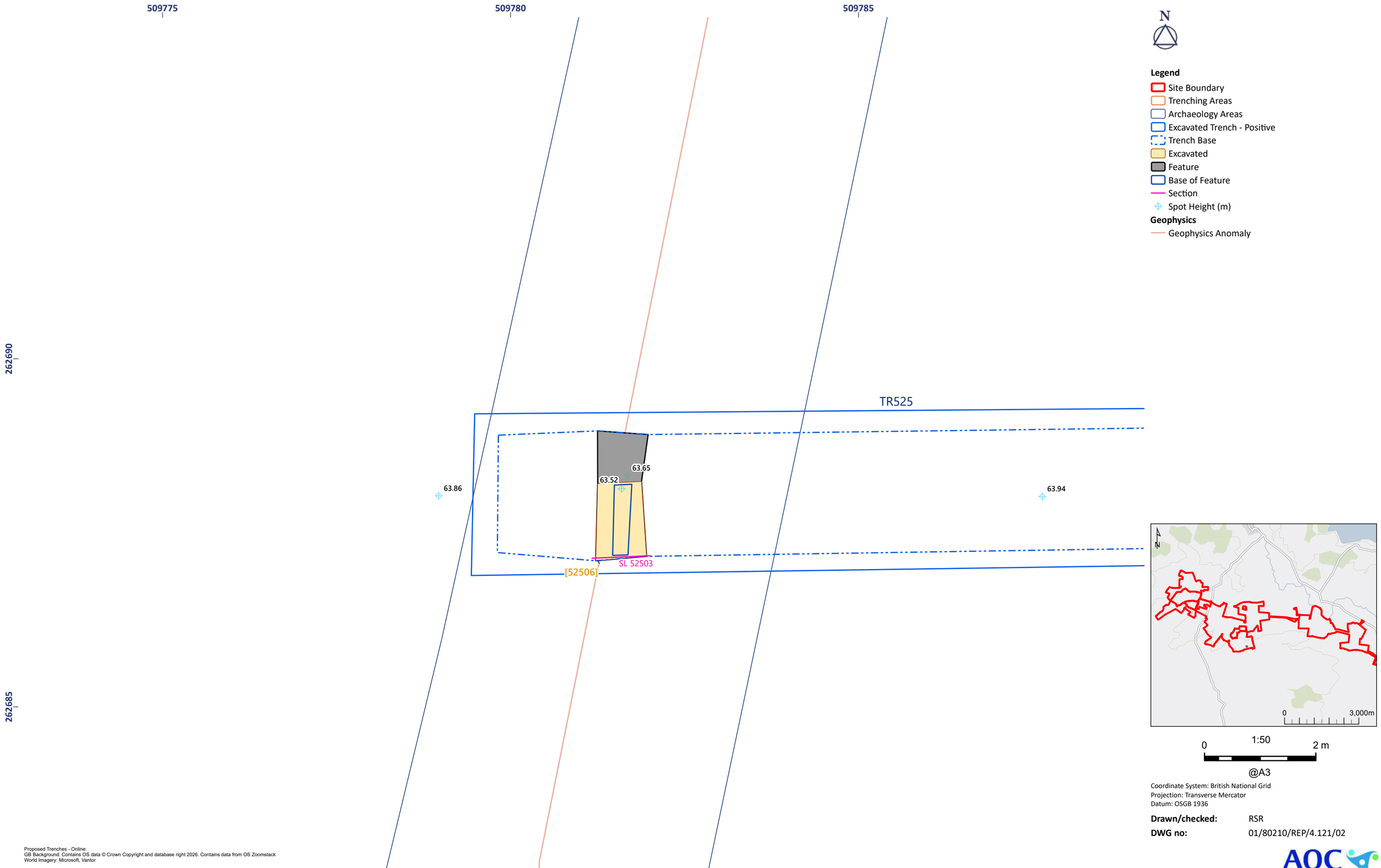


Figure 4.121: Trench 525 Excavated Feature

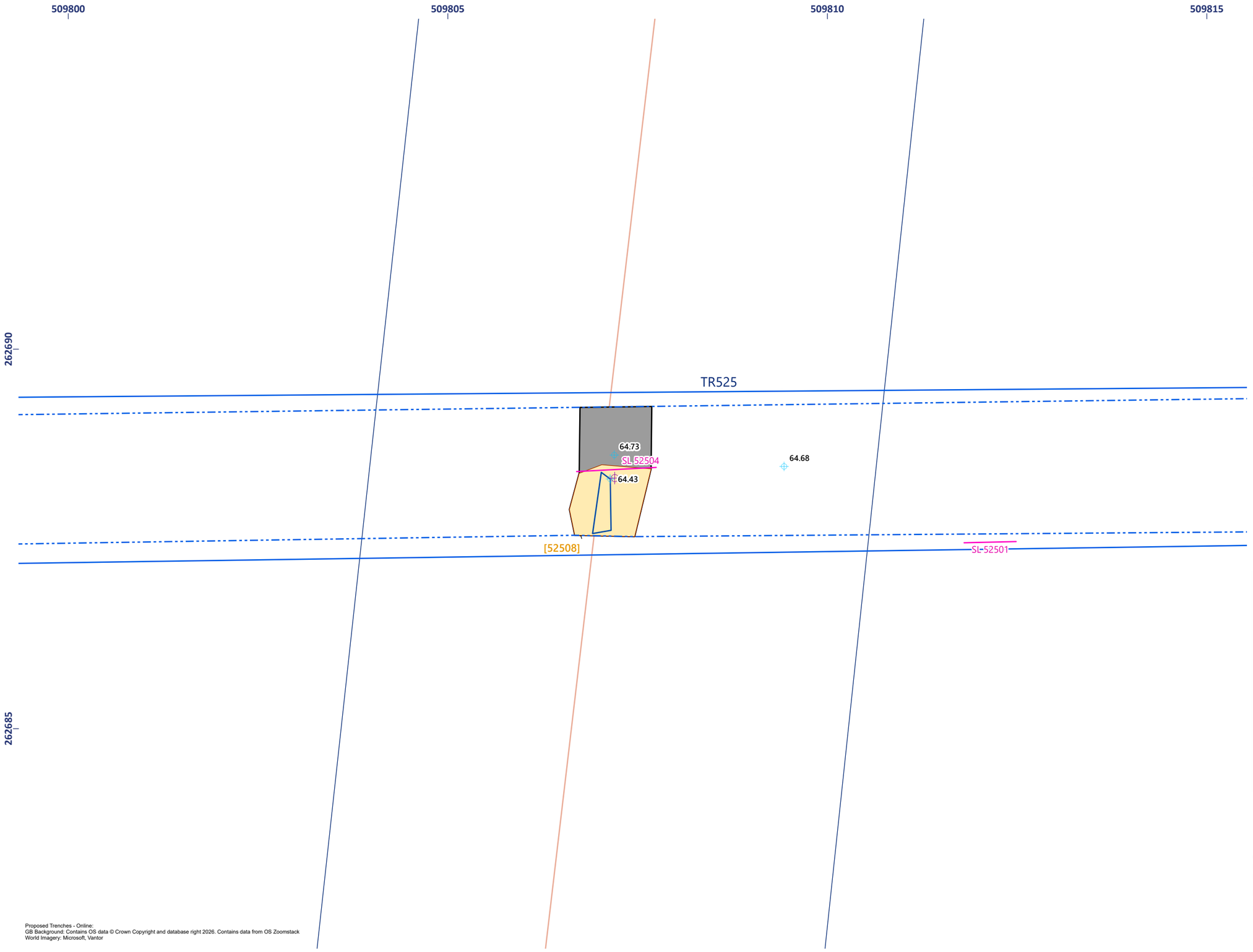


Figure 4.122: Trench 525 Excavated Feature

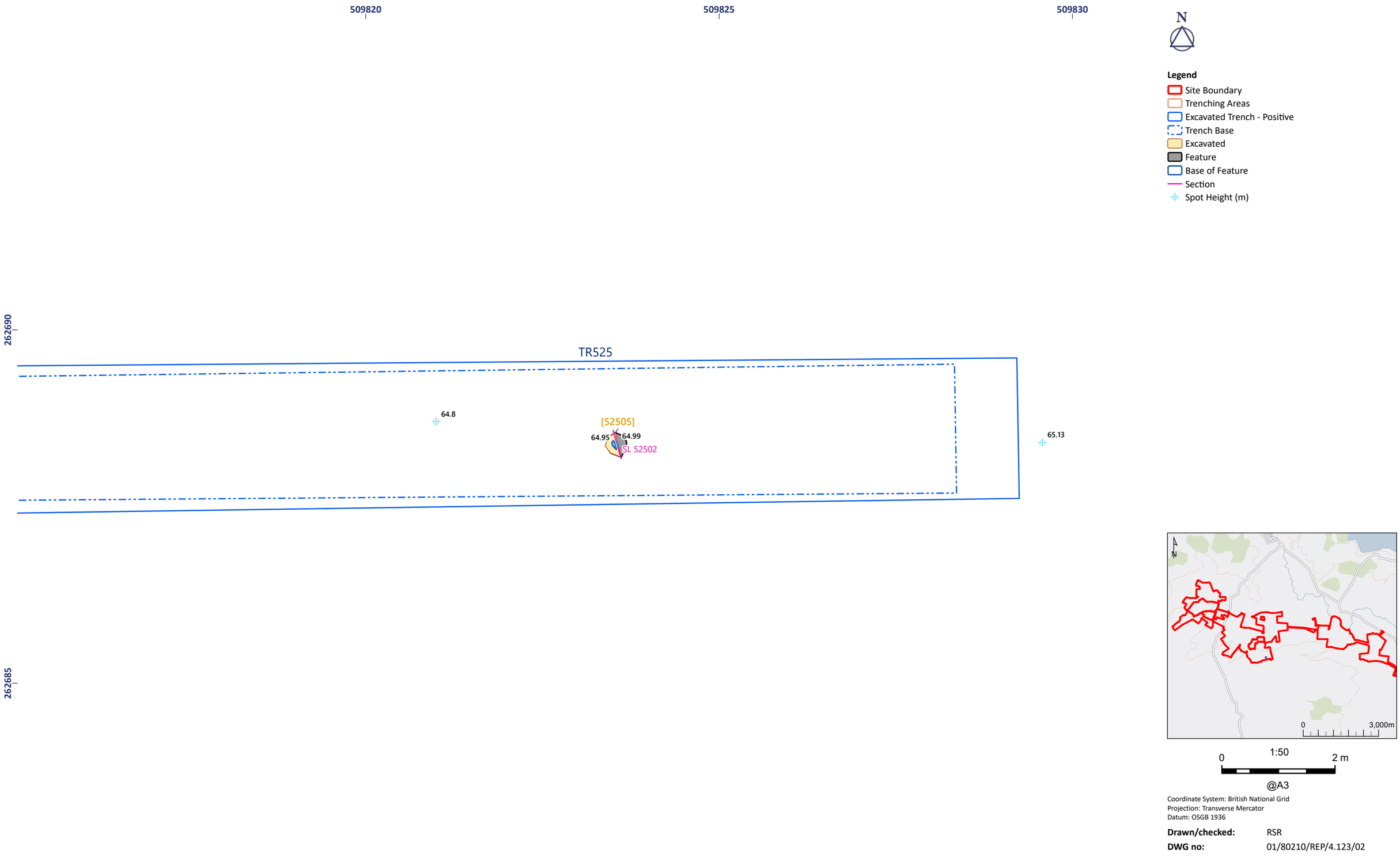


Figure 4.123: Trench 525 Excavated Feature

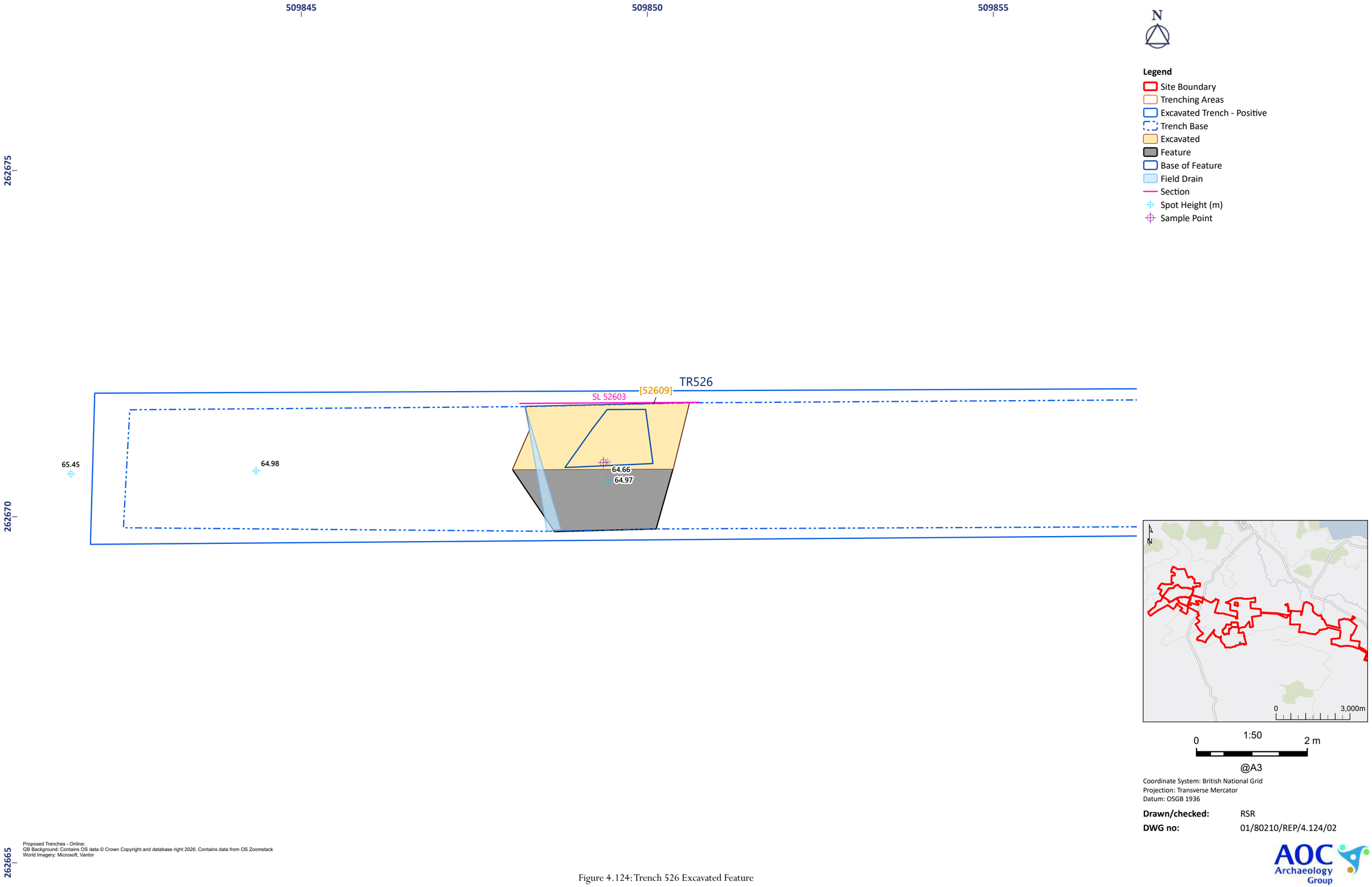


Figure 4.124: Trench 526 Excavated Feature

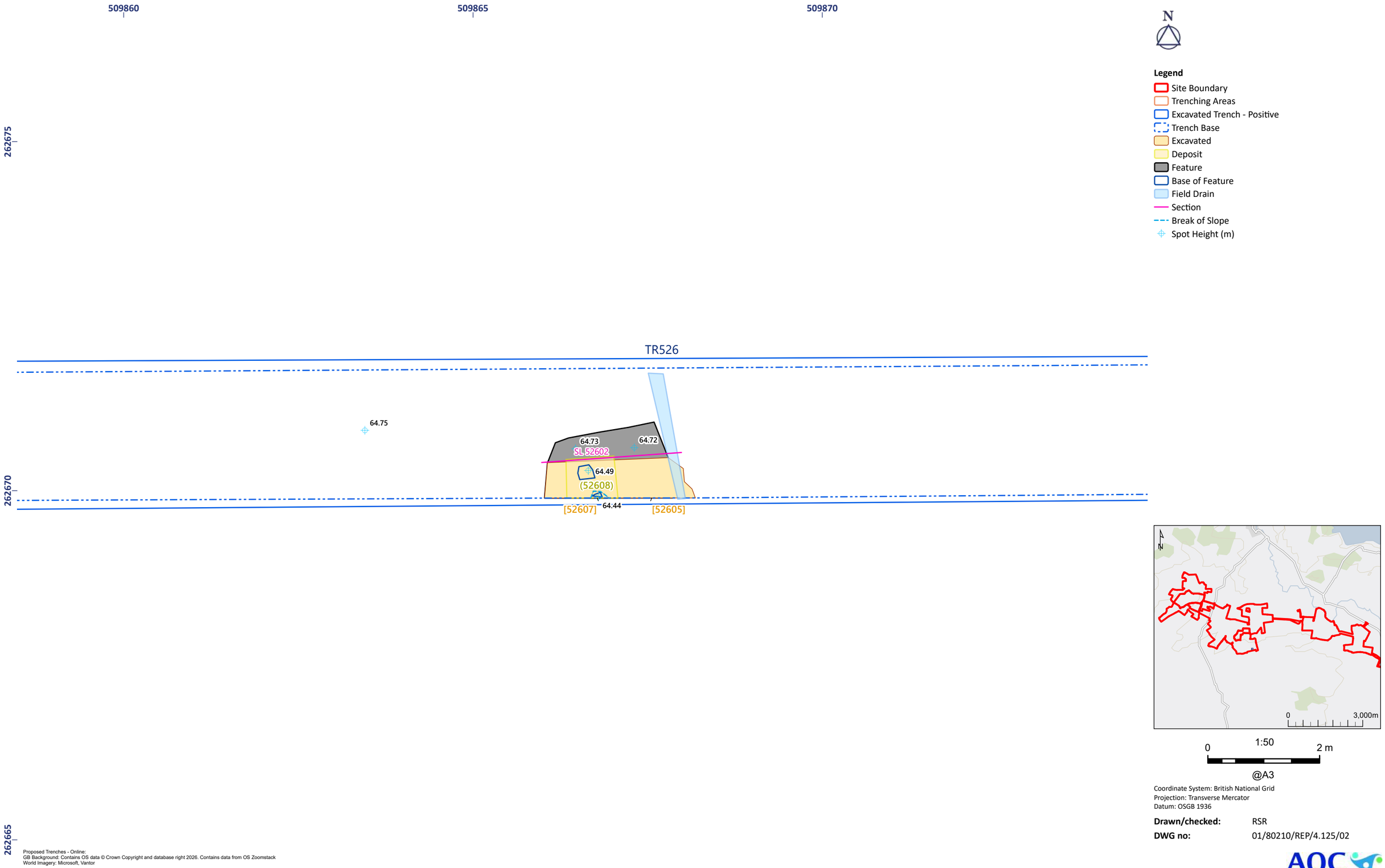


Figure 4.125: Trench 526 Excavated Feature

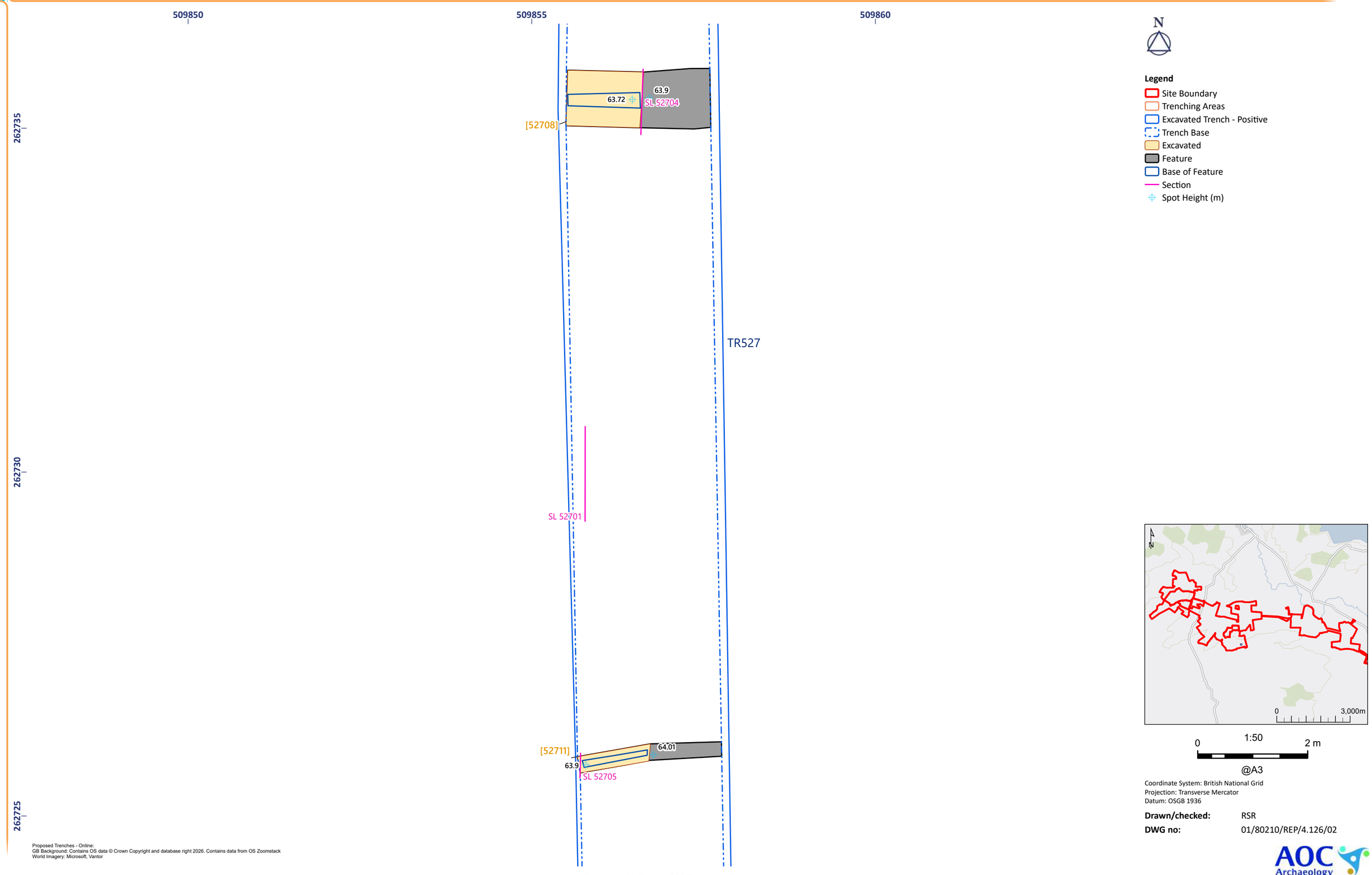


Figure 4.126: Trench 527 Excavated Feature

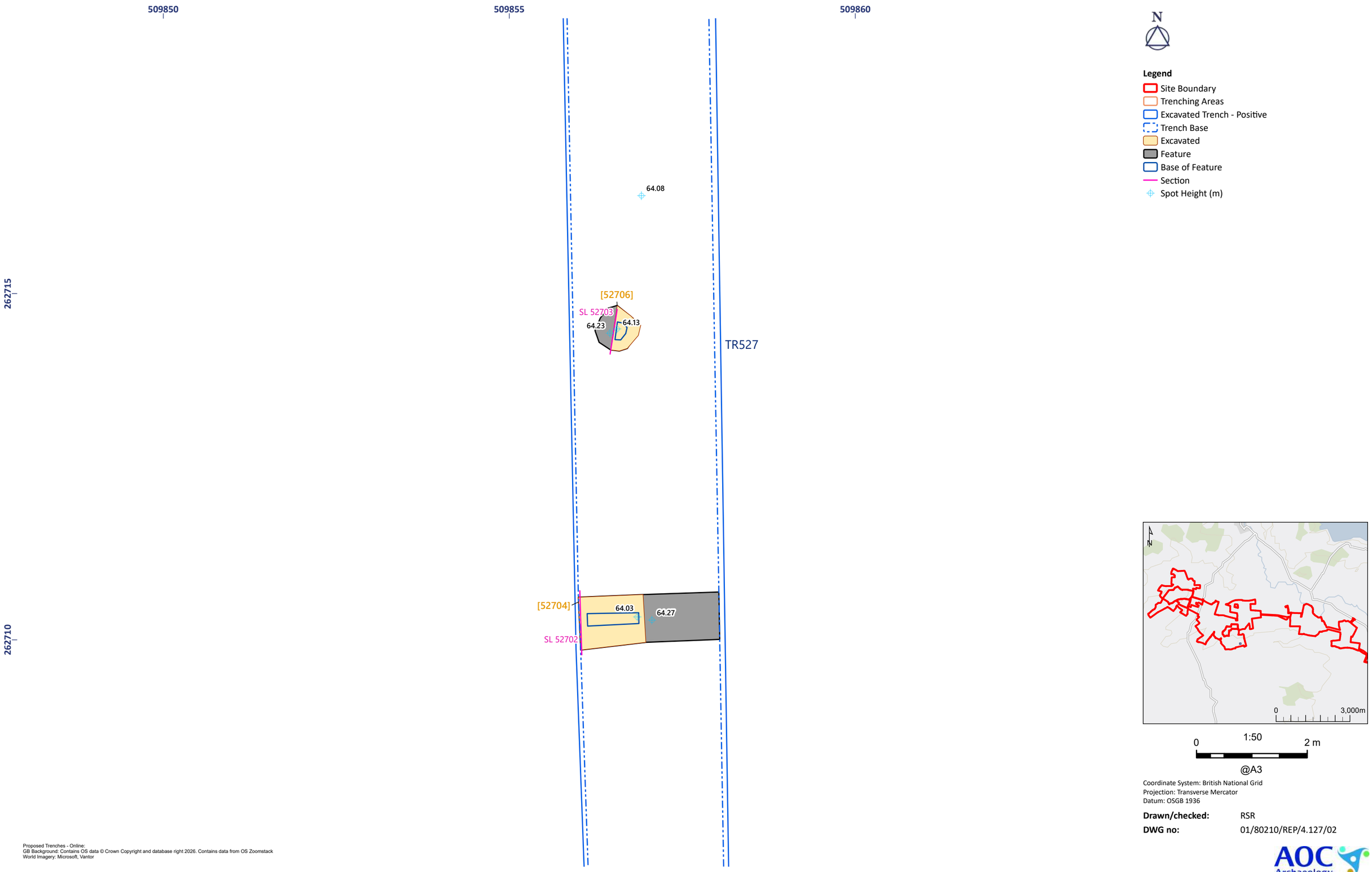


Figure 4.127: Trench 527 Excavated Feature

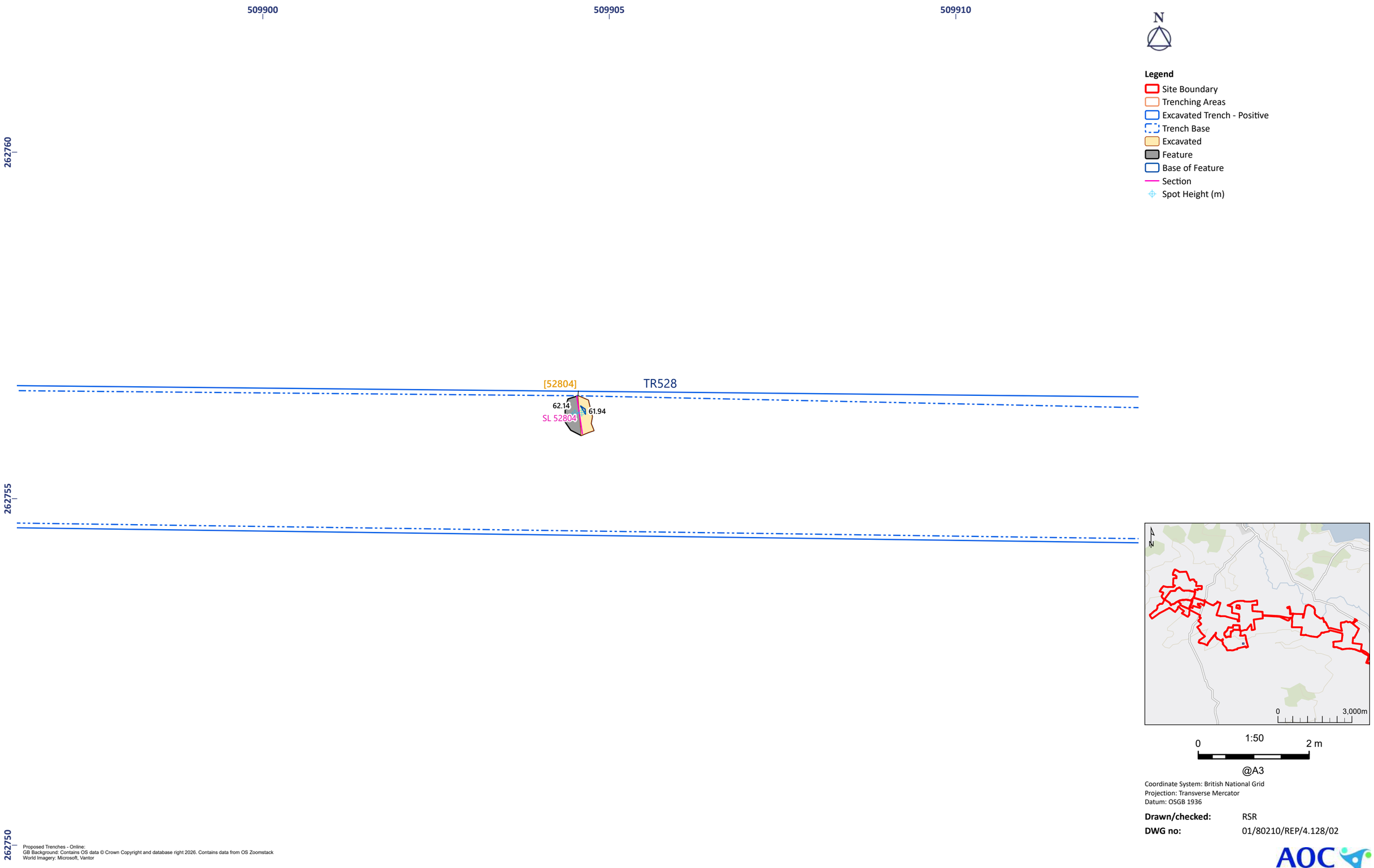


Figure 4.128: Trench 528 Excavated Feature

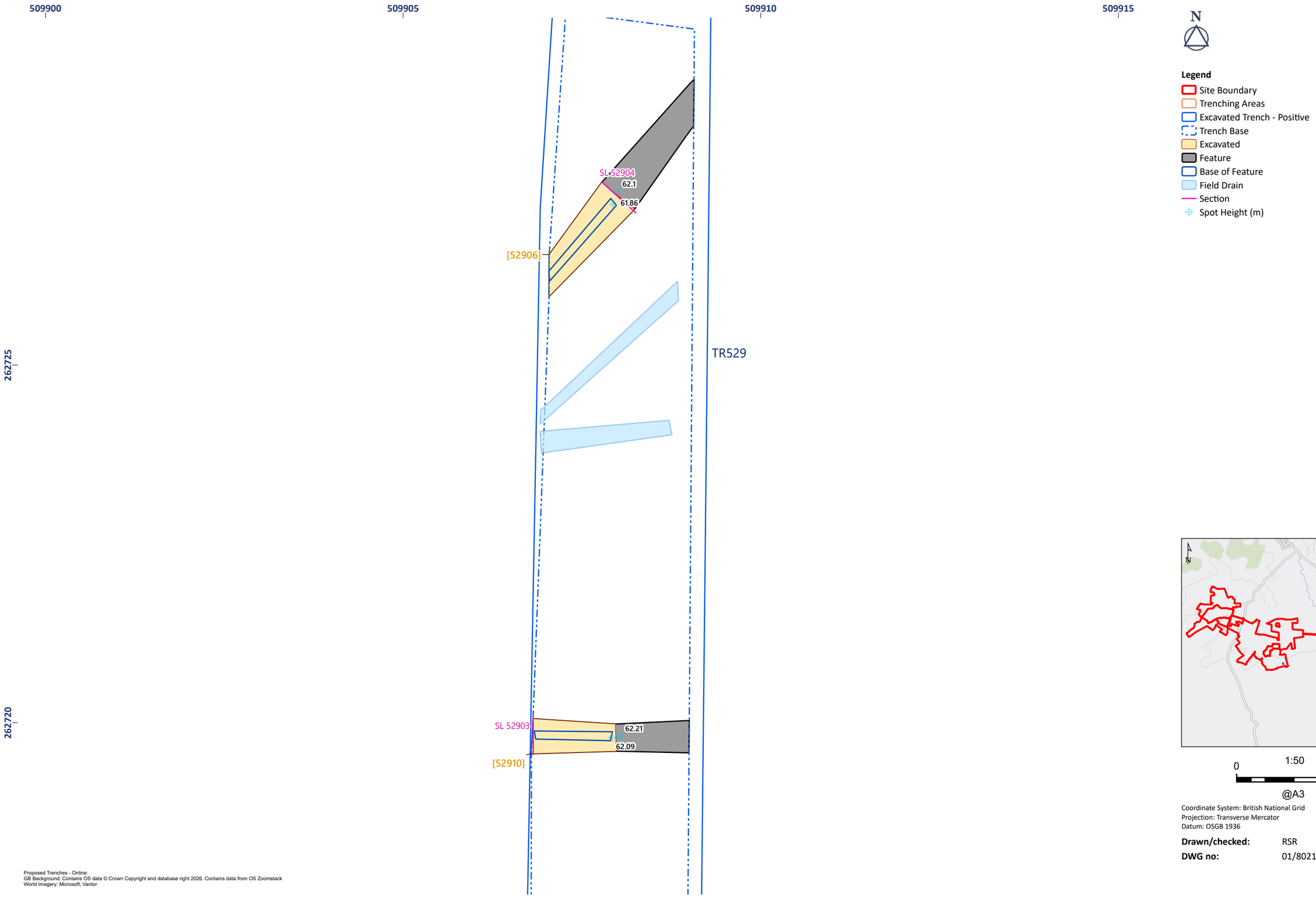


Figure 4.129: Trench 529 Excavated Feature

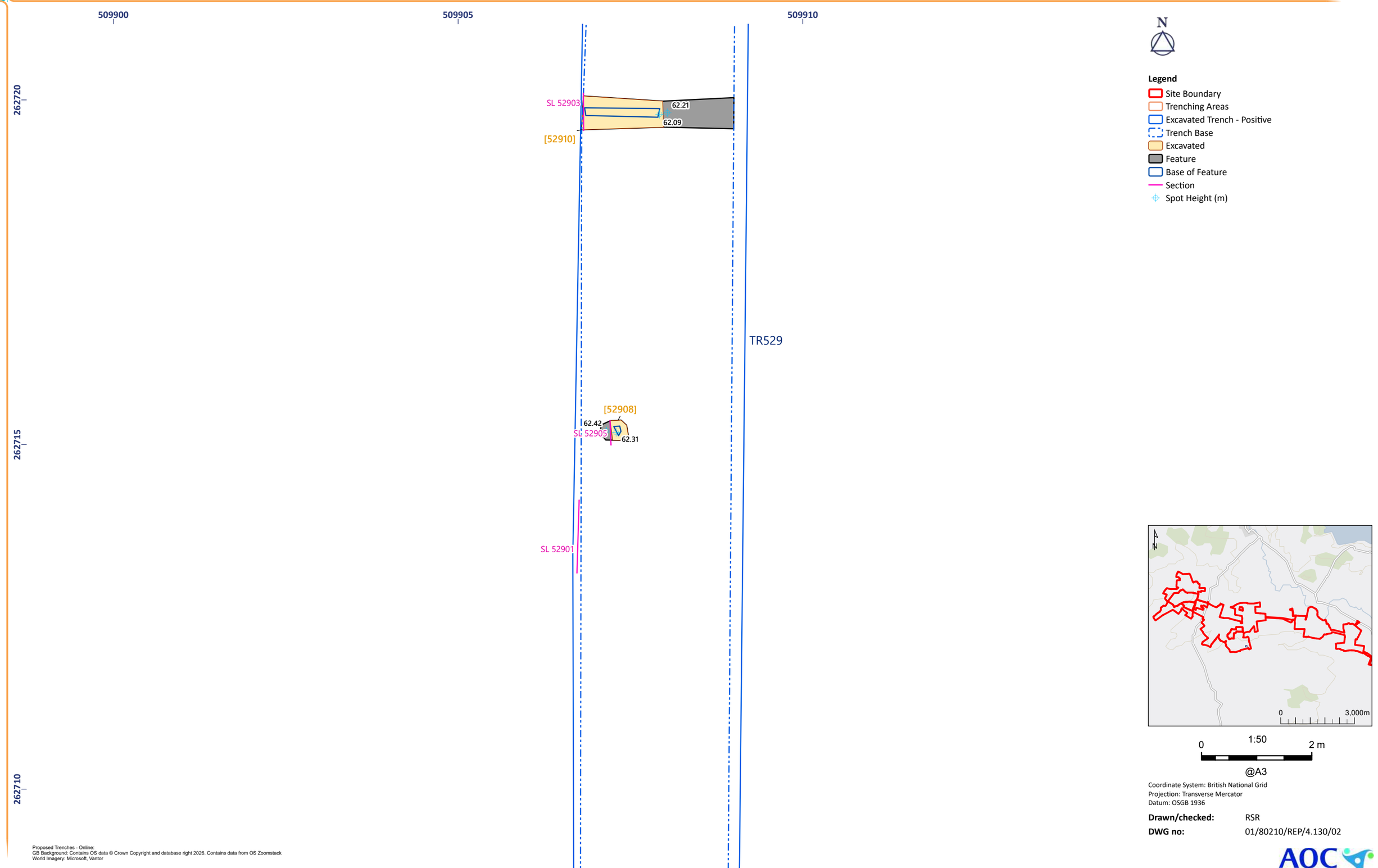


Figure 4.130: Trench 529 Excavated Feature

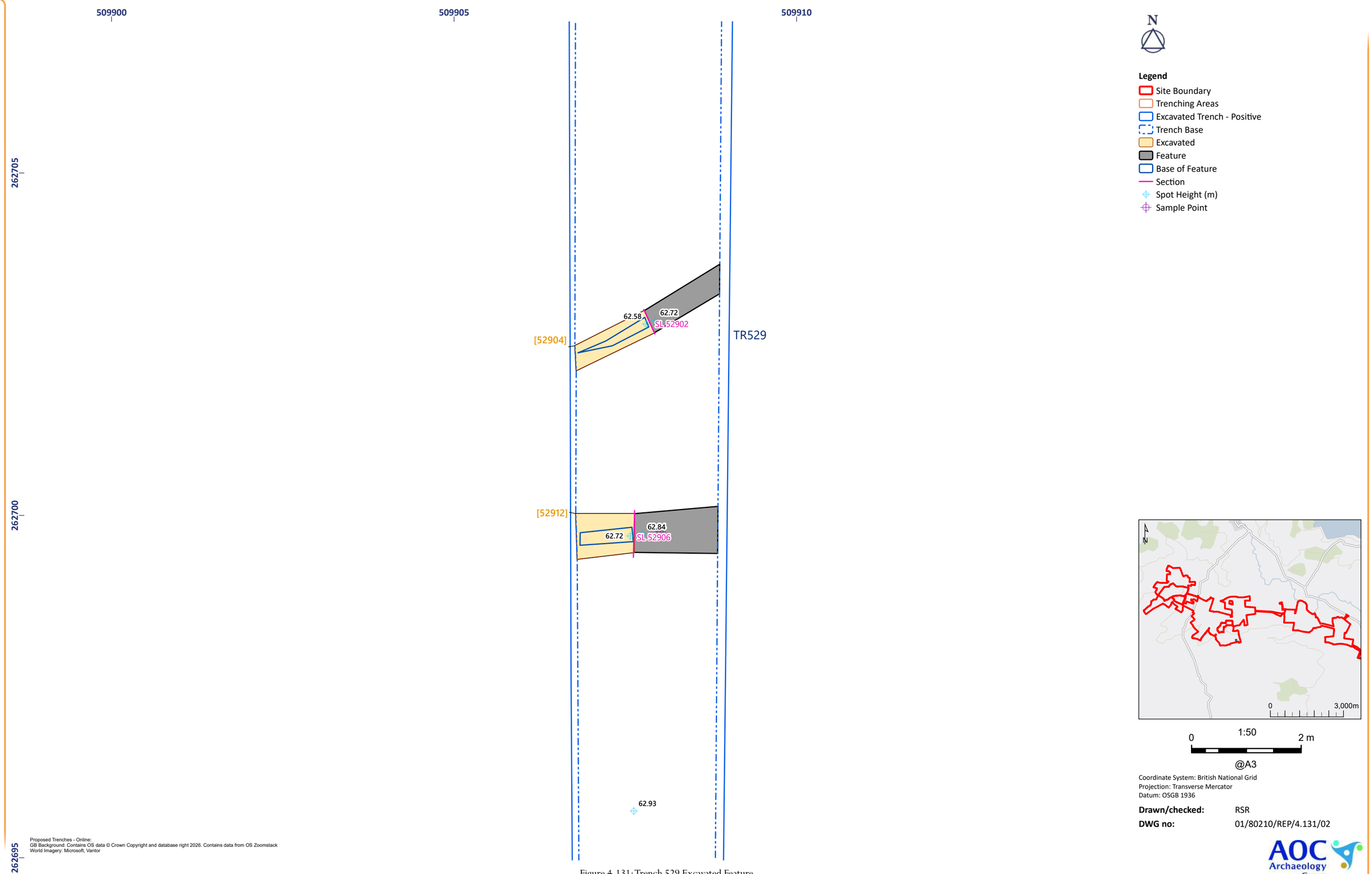


Figure 4.131: Trench 529 Excavated Feature

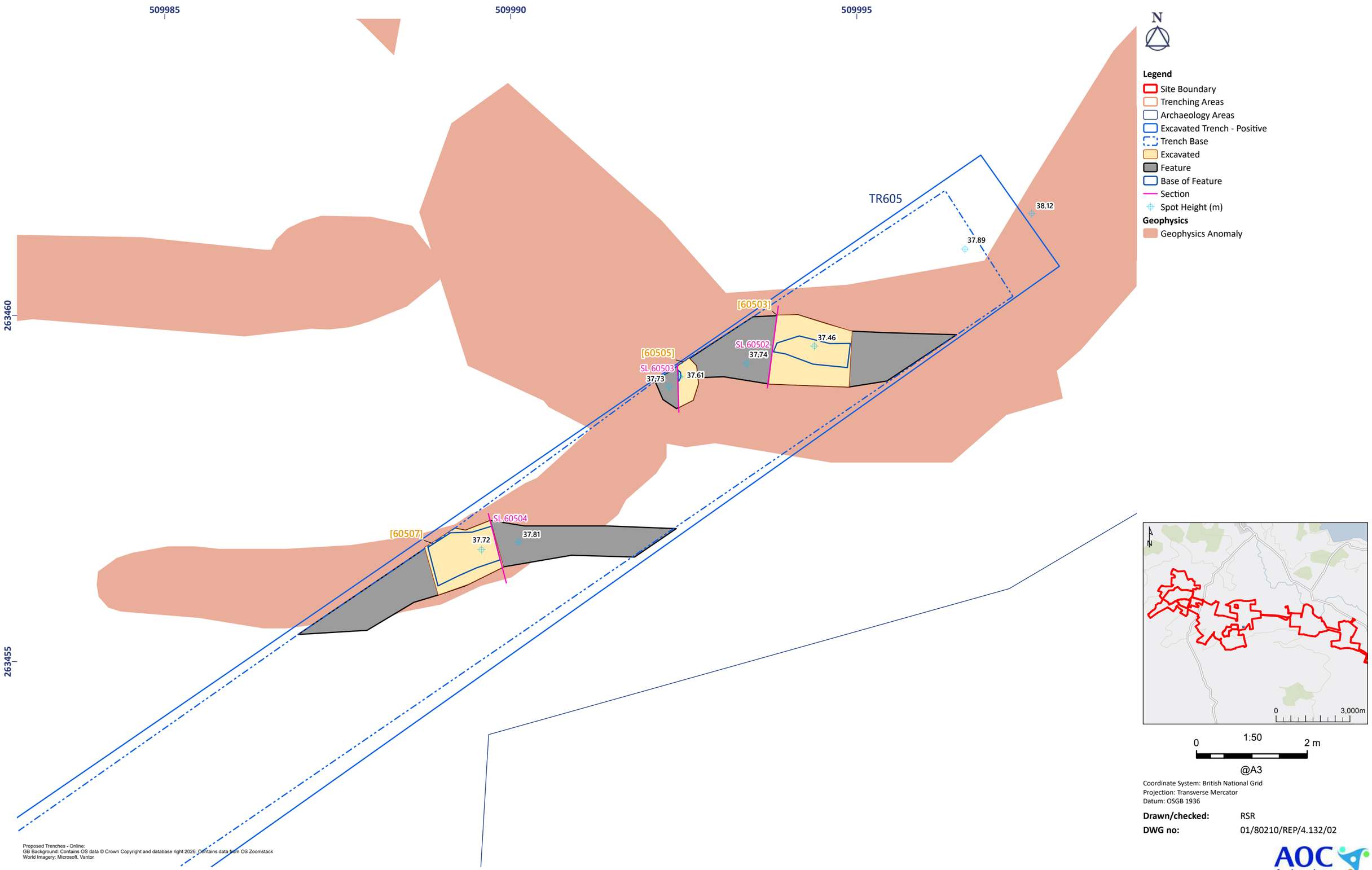


Figure 4.132: Trench 605 Excavated Features

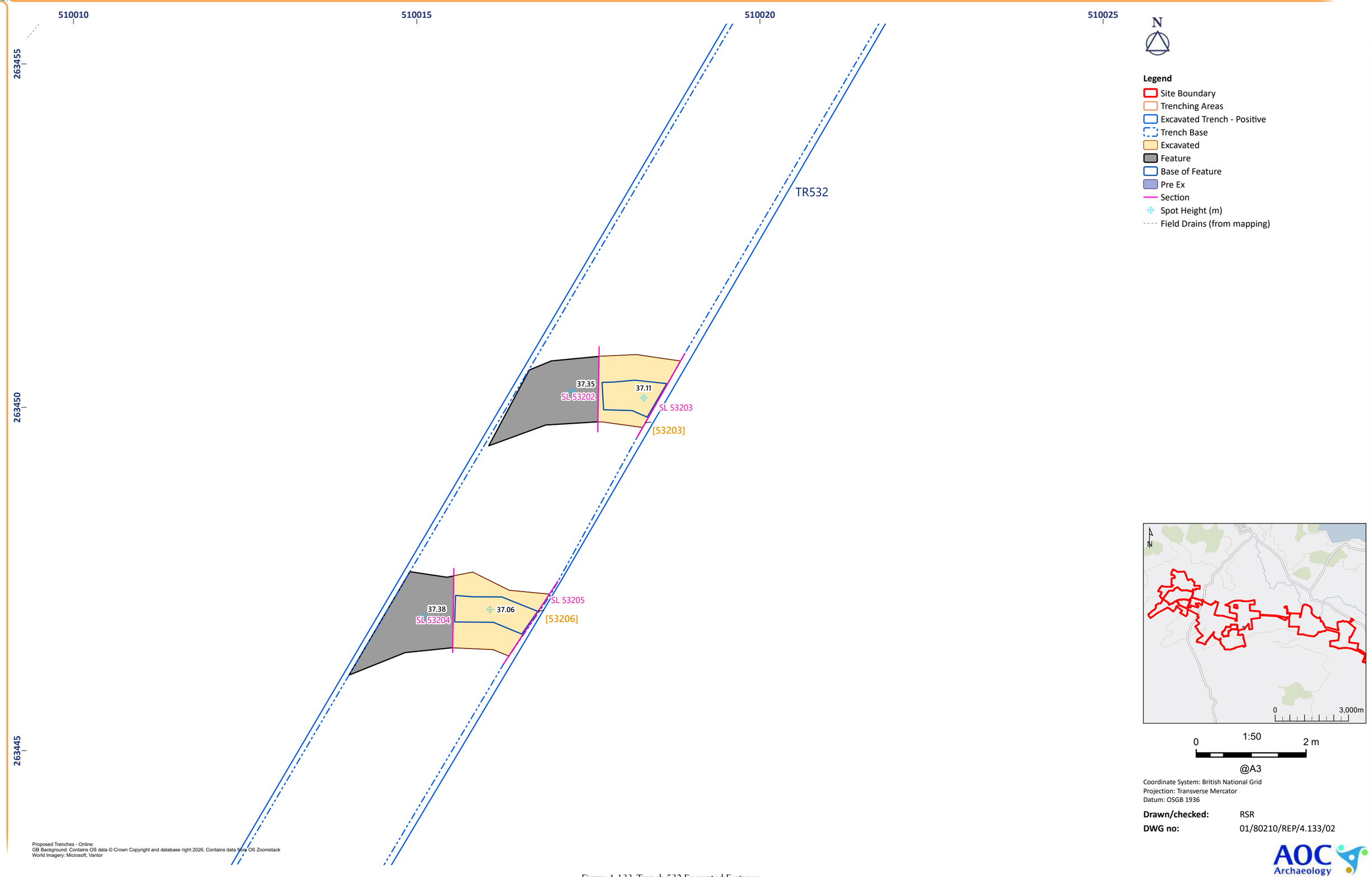


Figure 4.133: Trench 532 Excavated Features

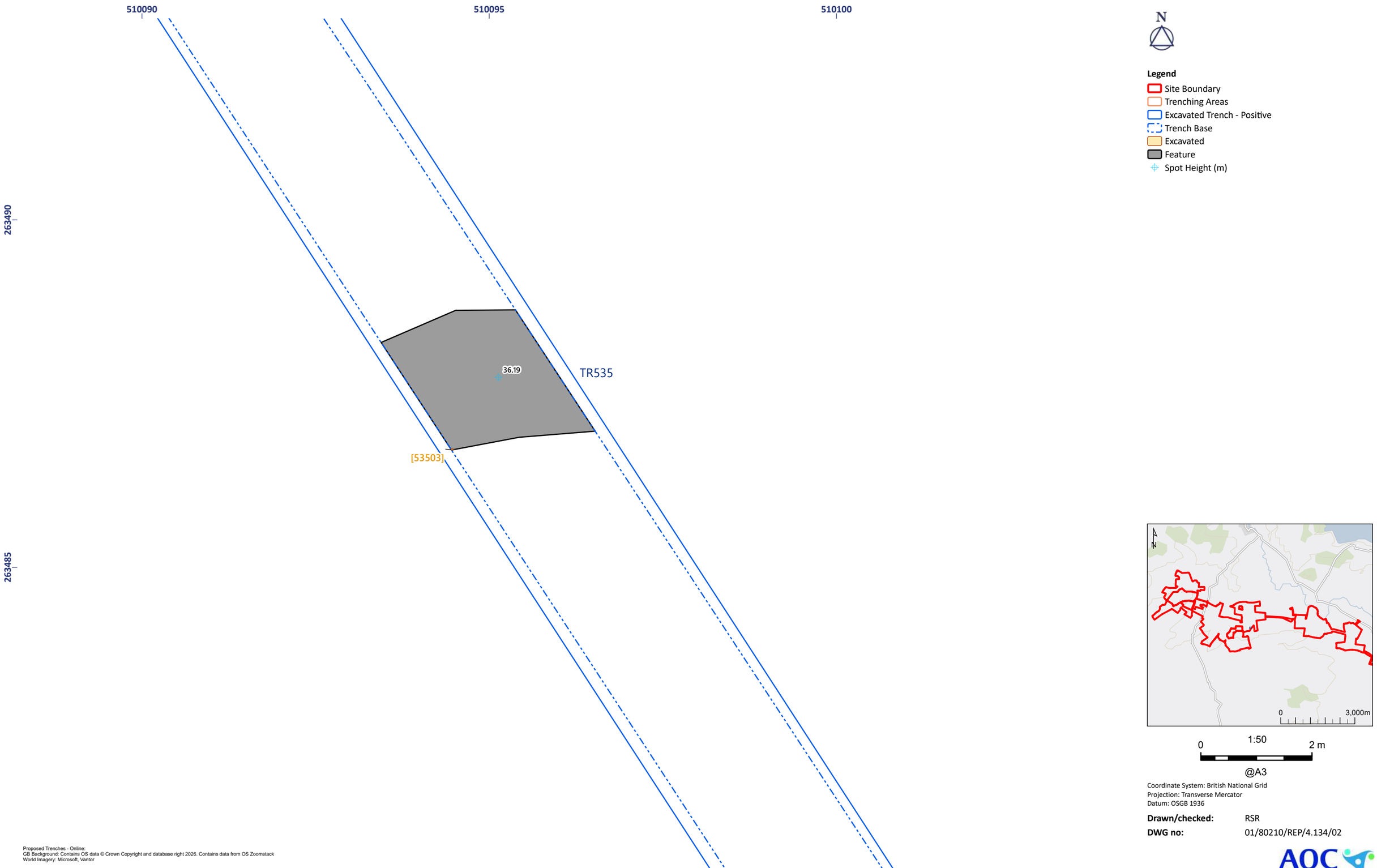


Figure 4.134: Trench 535 Excavated Feature

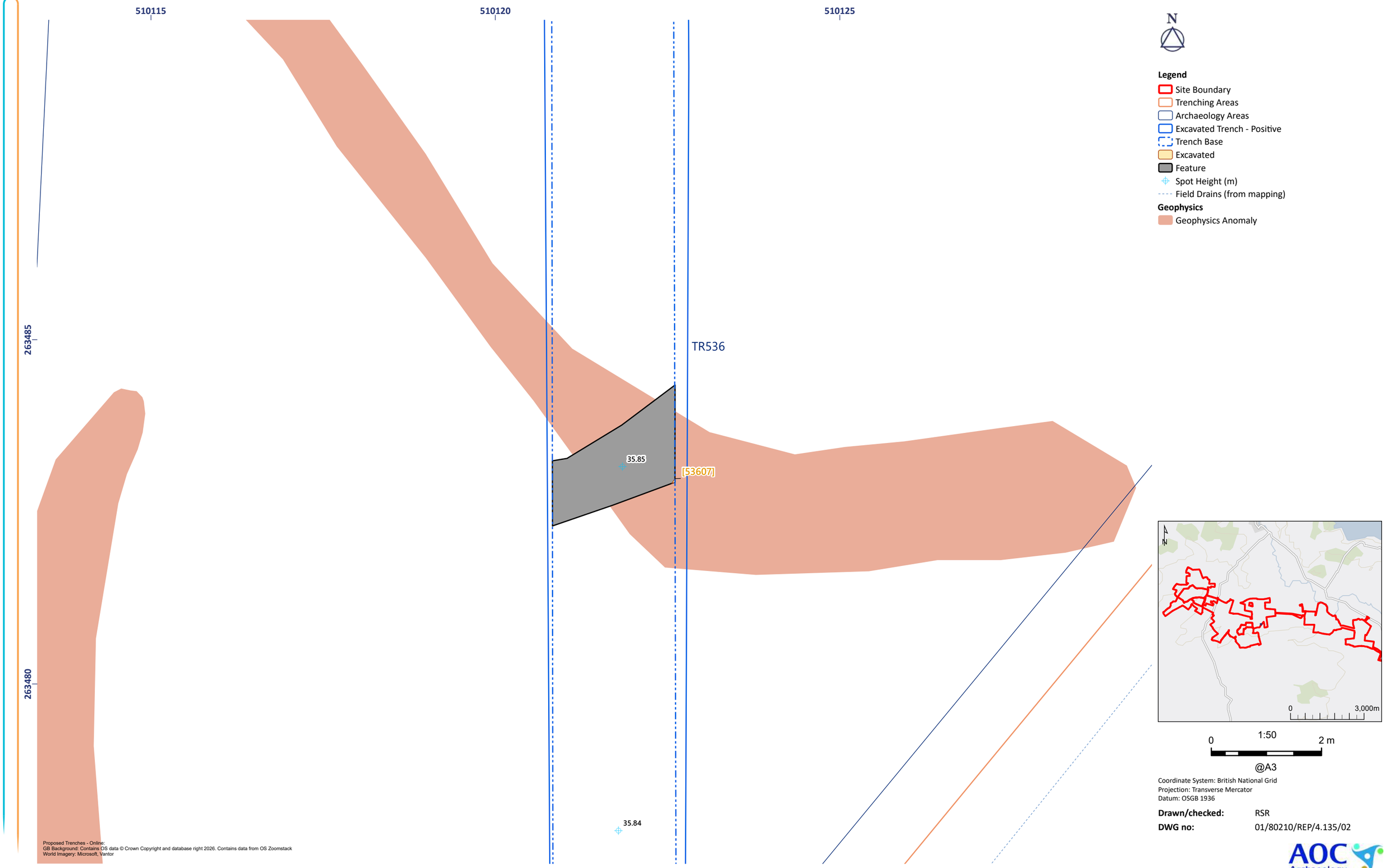


Figure 4.135: Trench 536 Excavated Feature

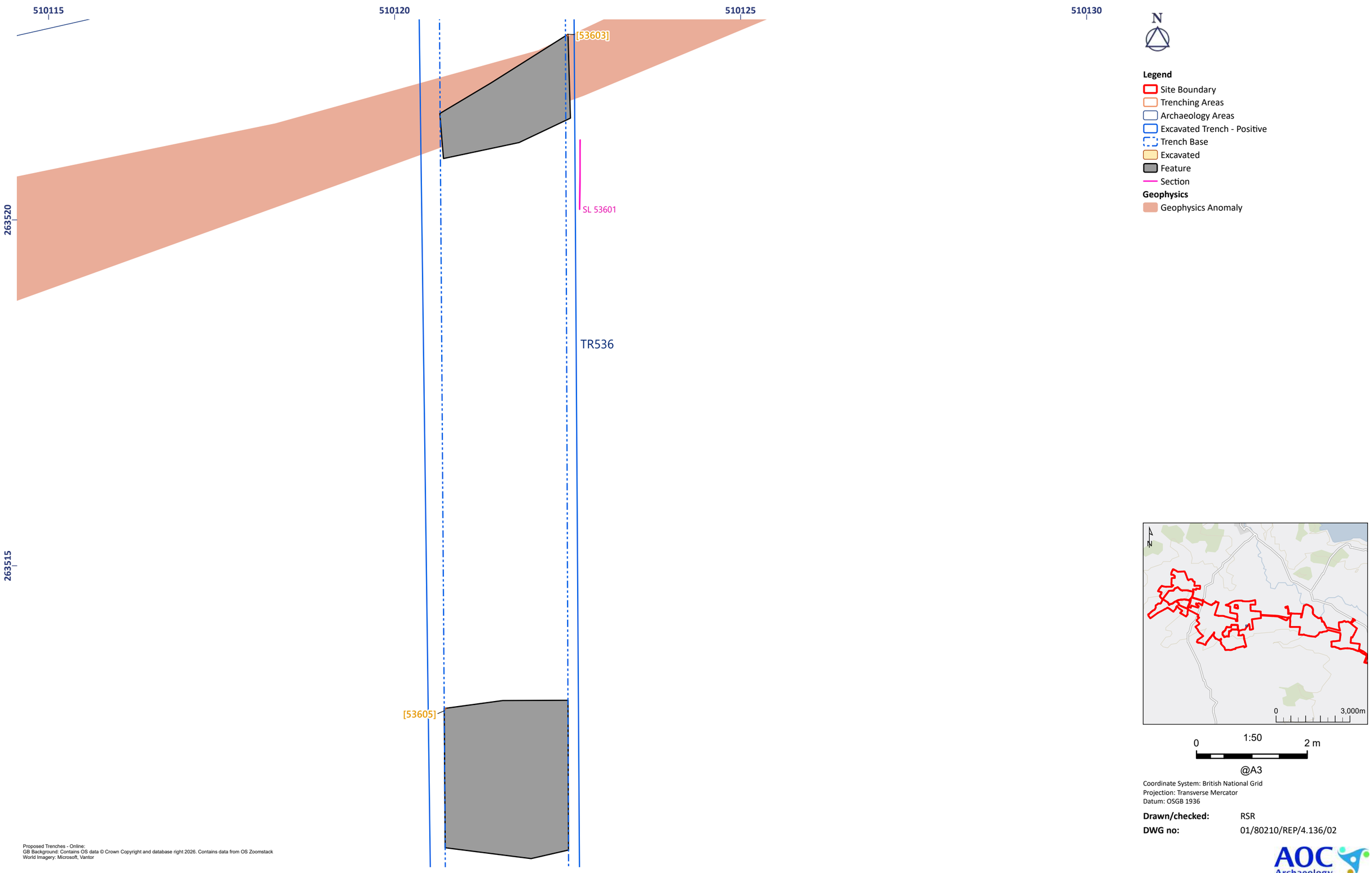


Figure 4.136: Trench 536 Excavated Feature

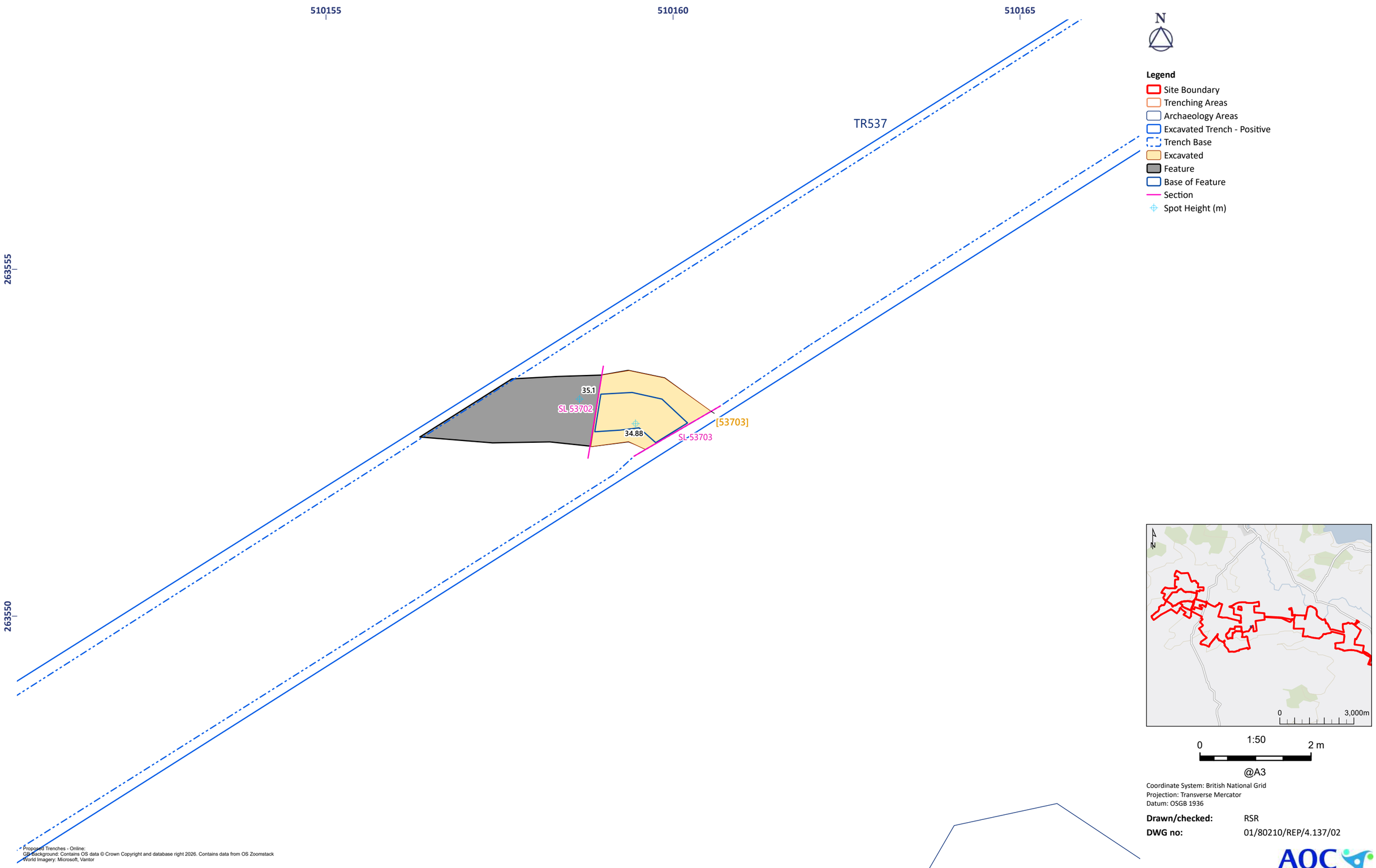


Figure 4.137: Trench 537 Excavated Feature

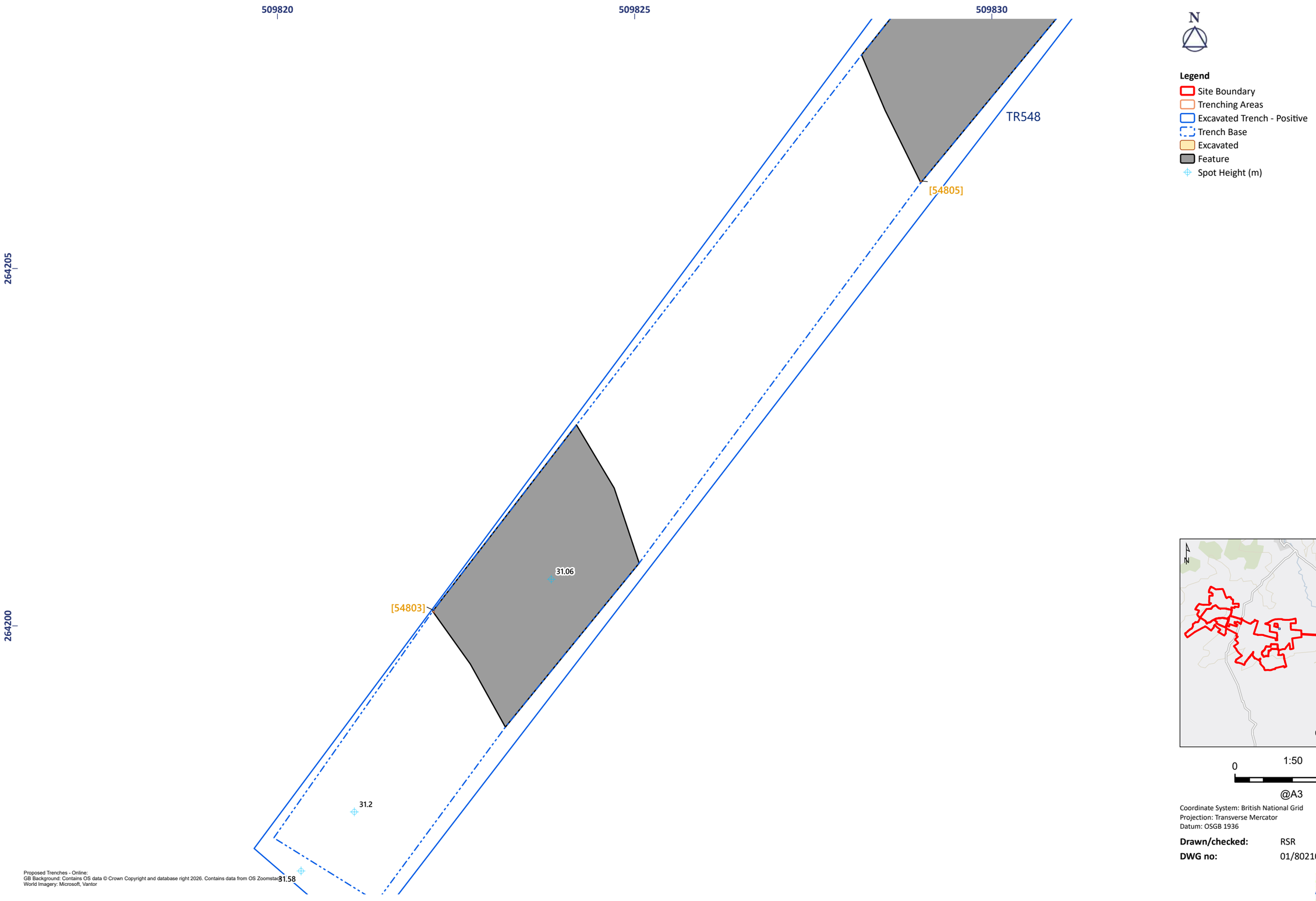


Figure 4.138: Trench 548 Excavated Feature

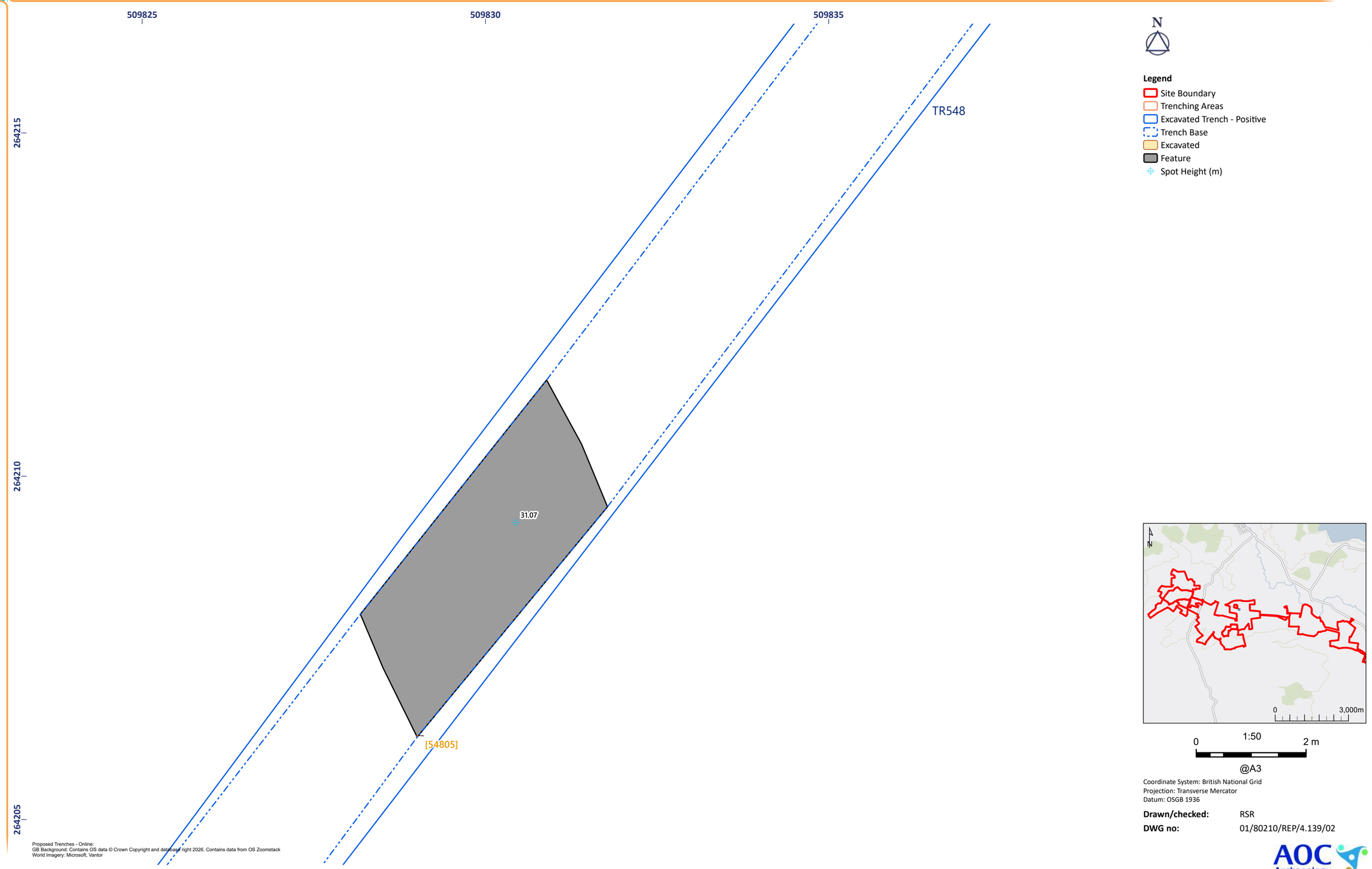


Figure 4.139: Trench 548 Excavated Feature

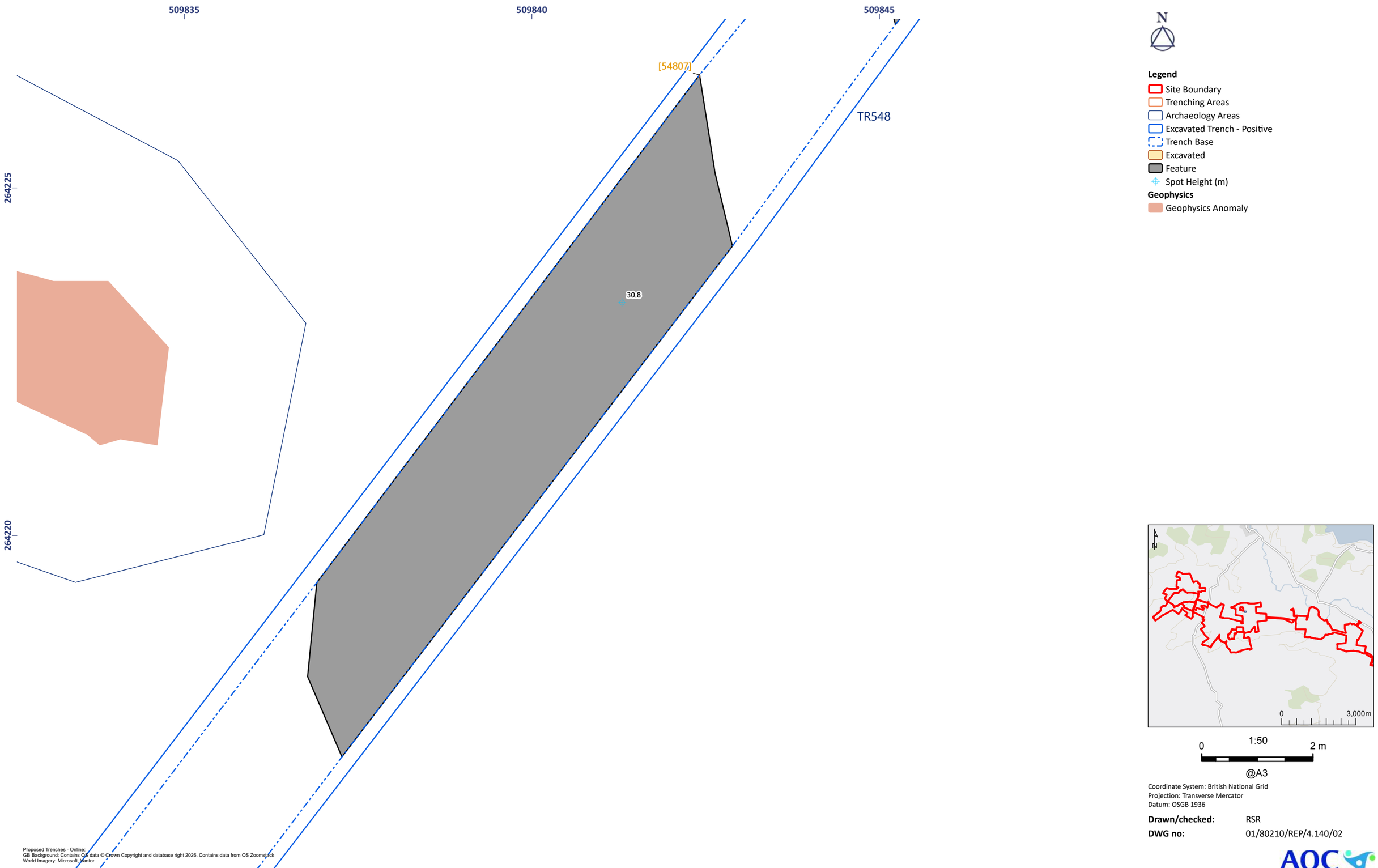


Figure 4.140: Trench 548 Excavated Feature

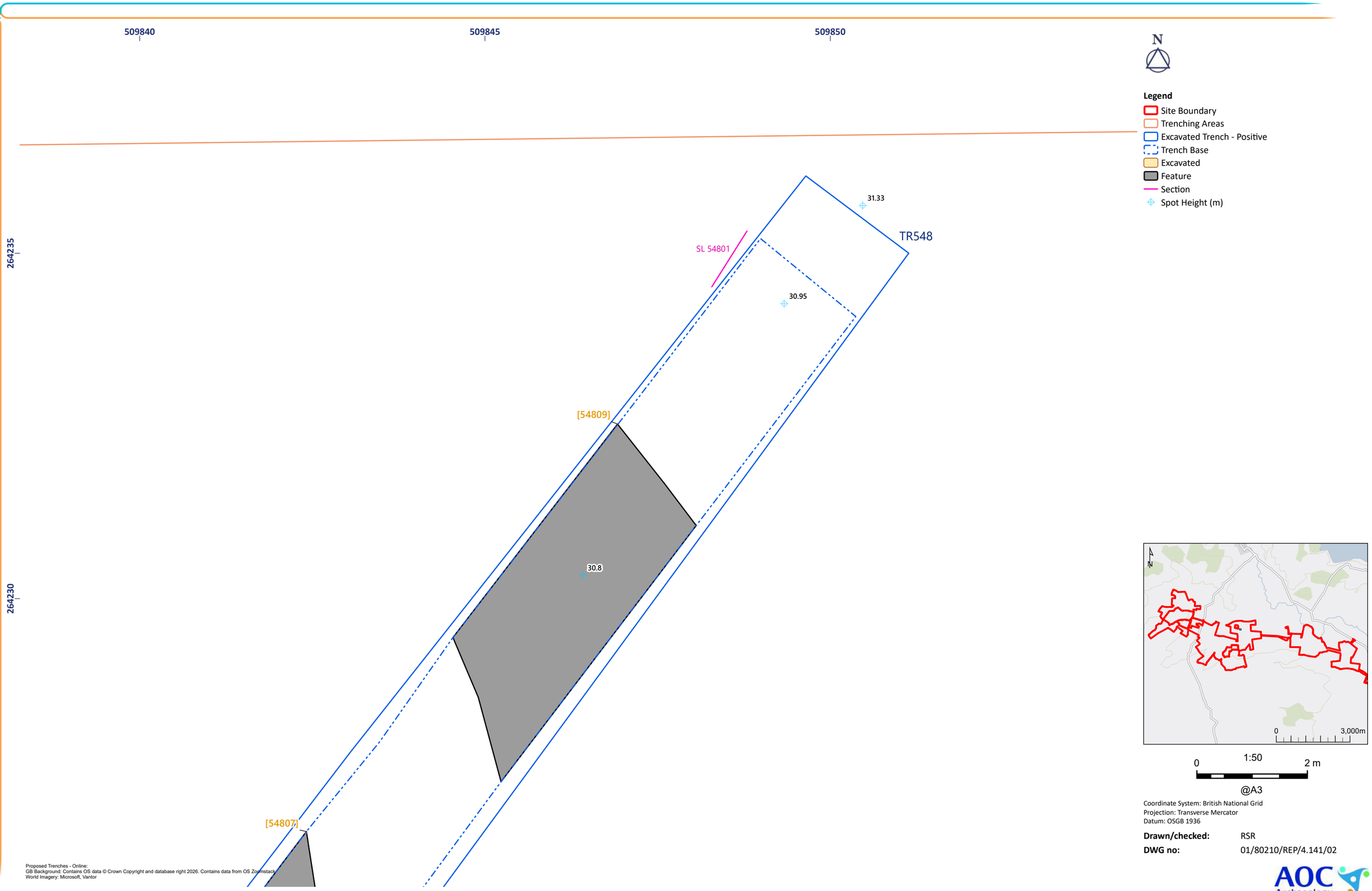


Figure 4.141: Trench 548 Excavated Feature

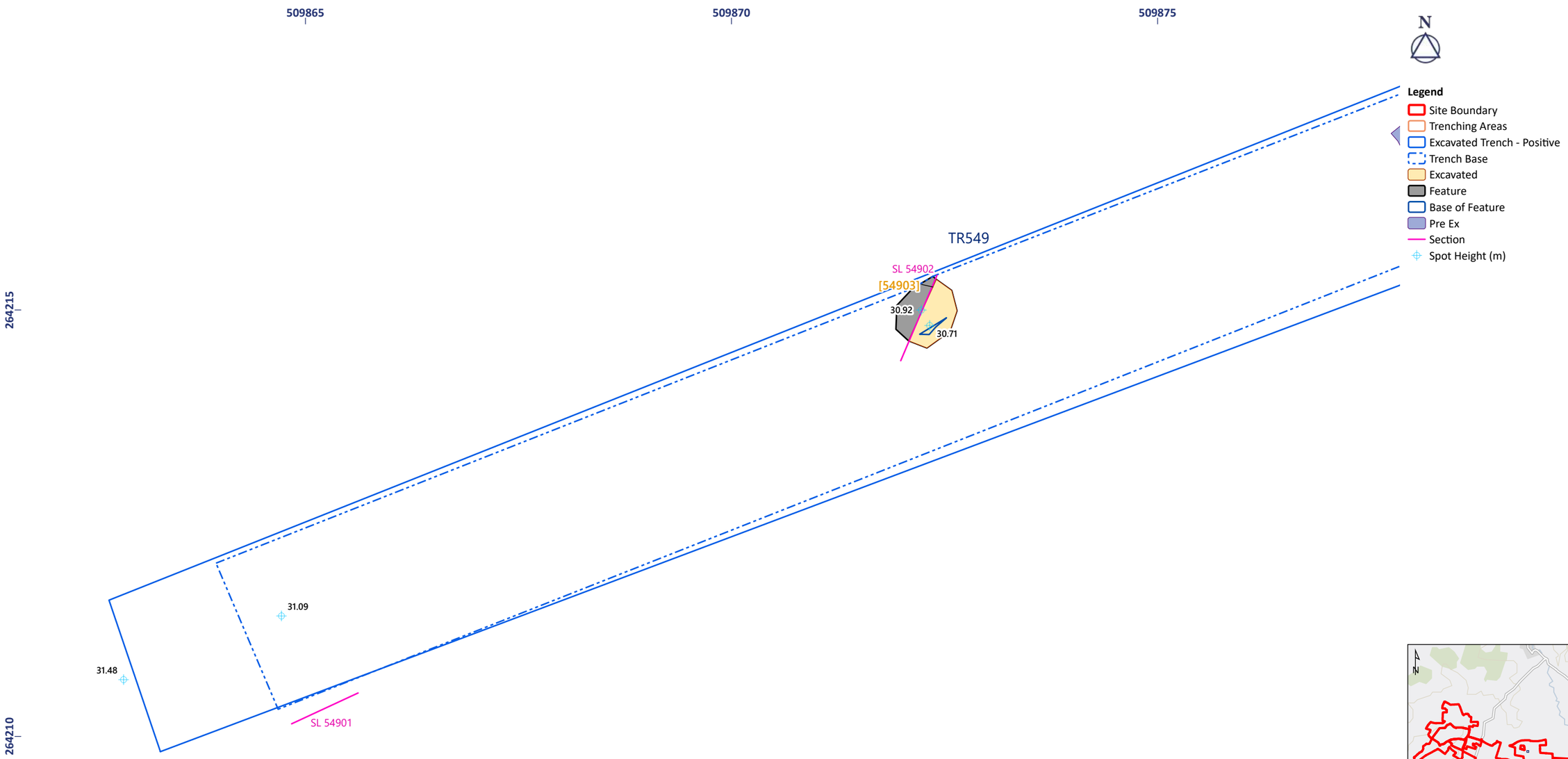


Figure 4.142: Trench 549 Excavated Feature

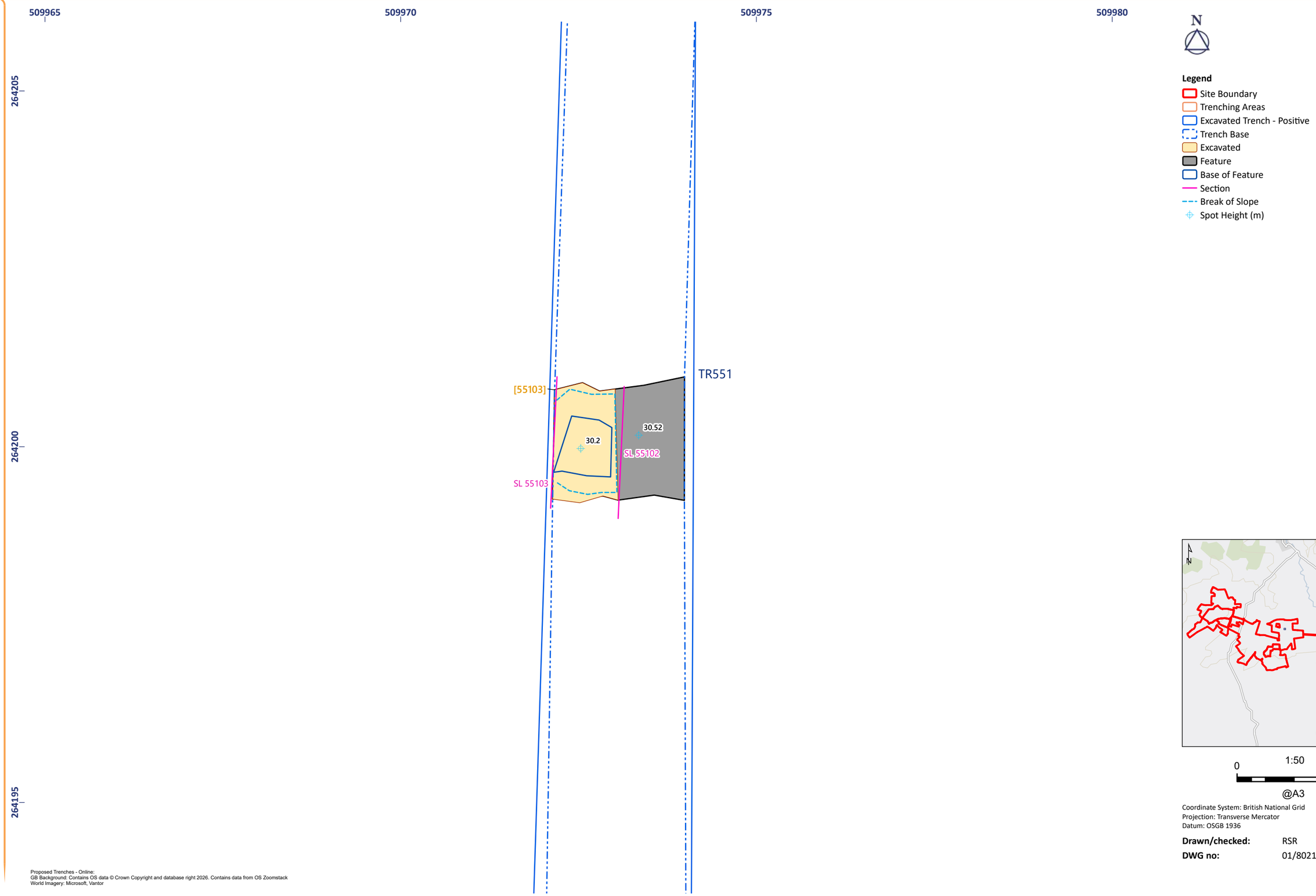


Figure 4.143: Trench 551 Excavated Feature

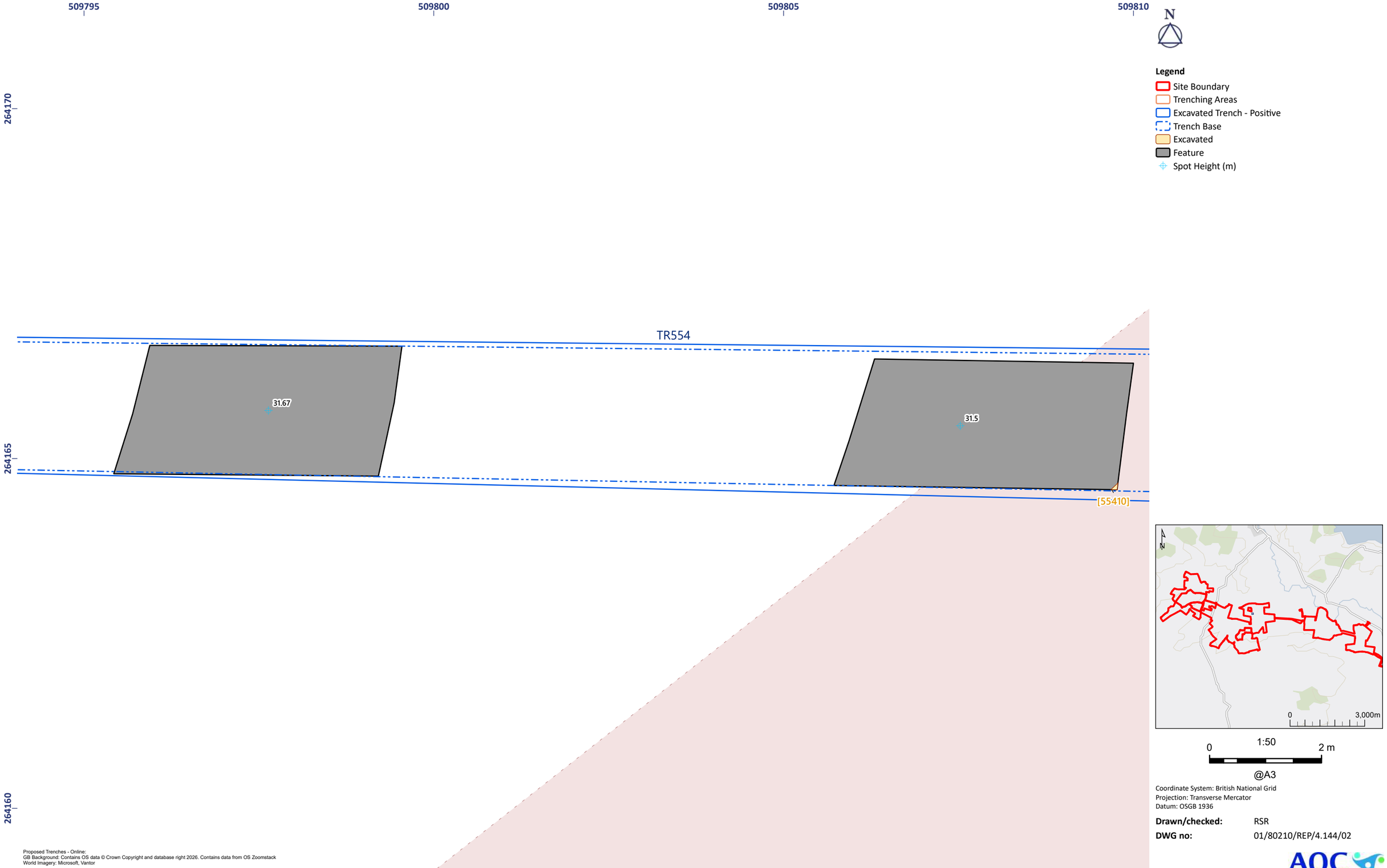
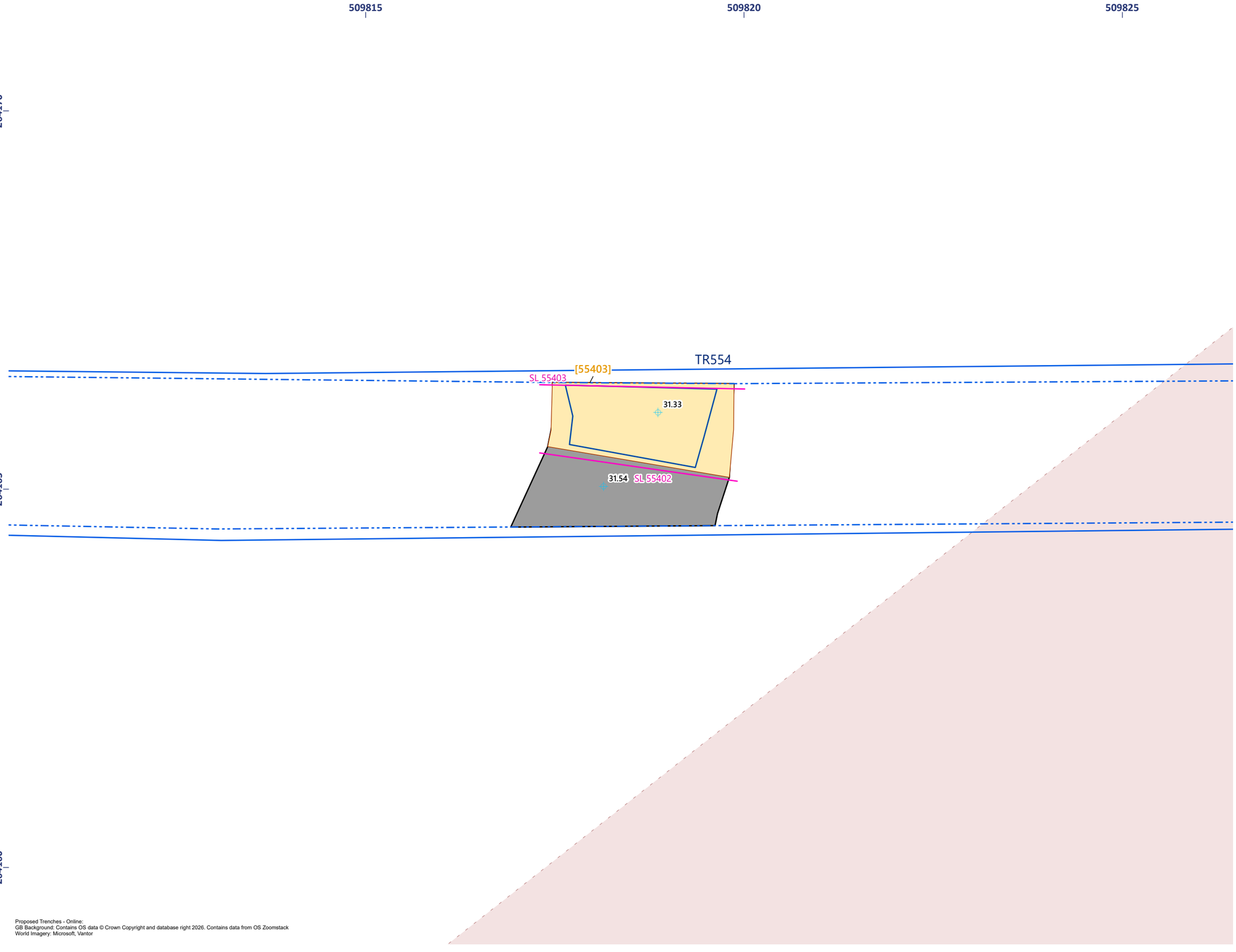
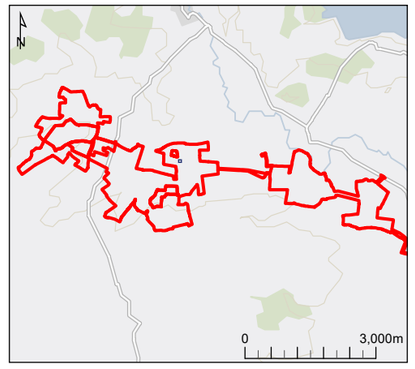


Figure 4.144: Trench 554 Excavated Feature





0 1:50 2 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.145/02

Figure 4.145: Trench 554 Excavated Feature

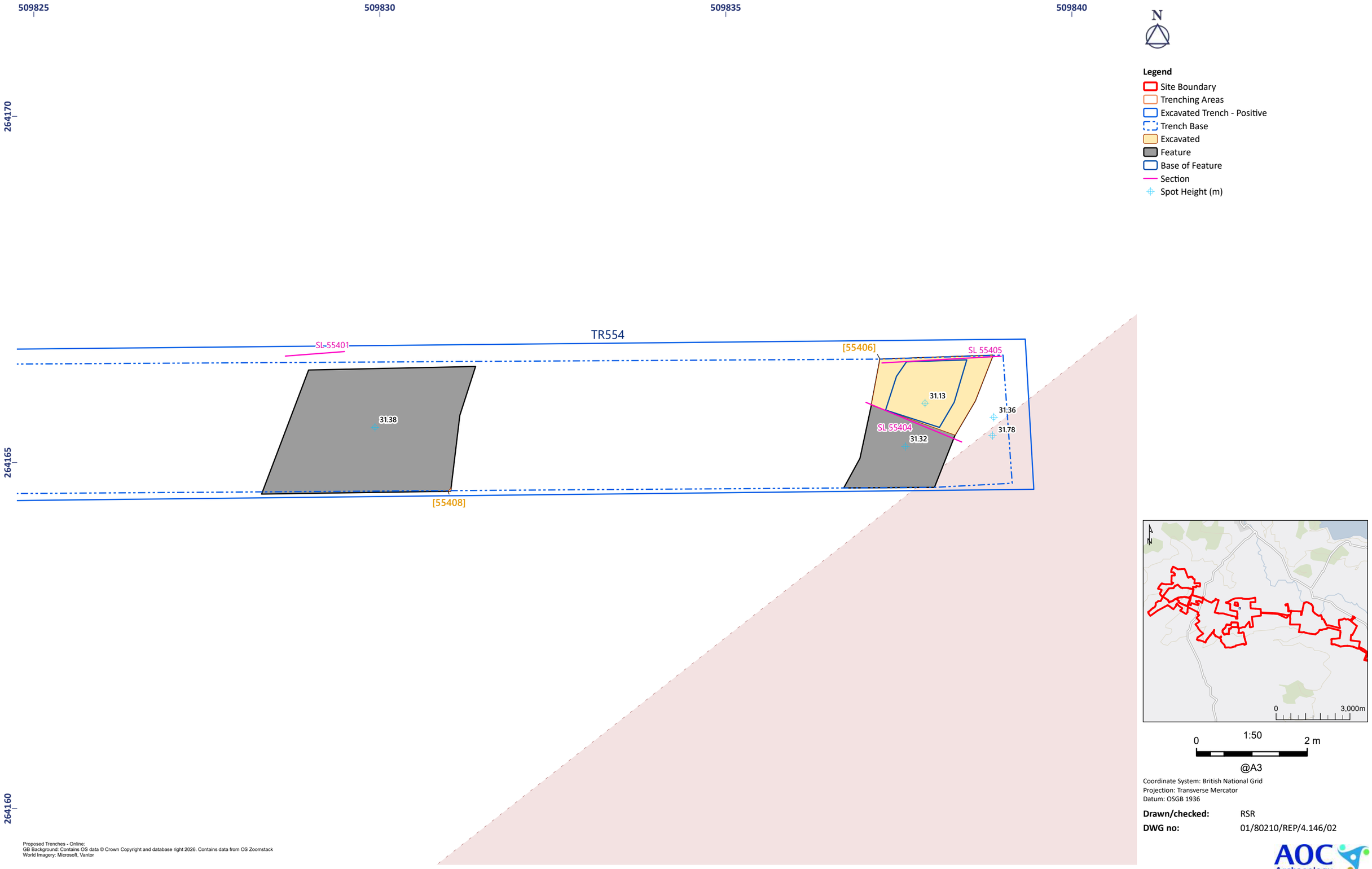


Figure 4.146: Trench 554 Excavated Feature

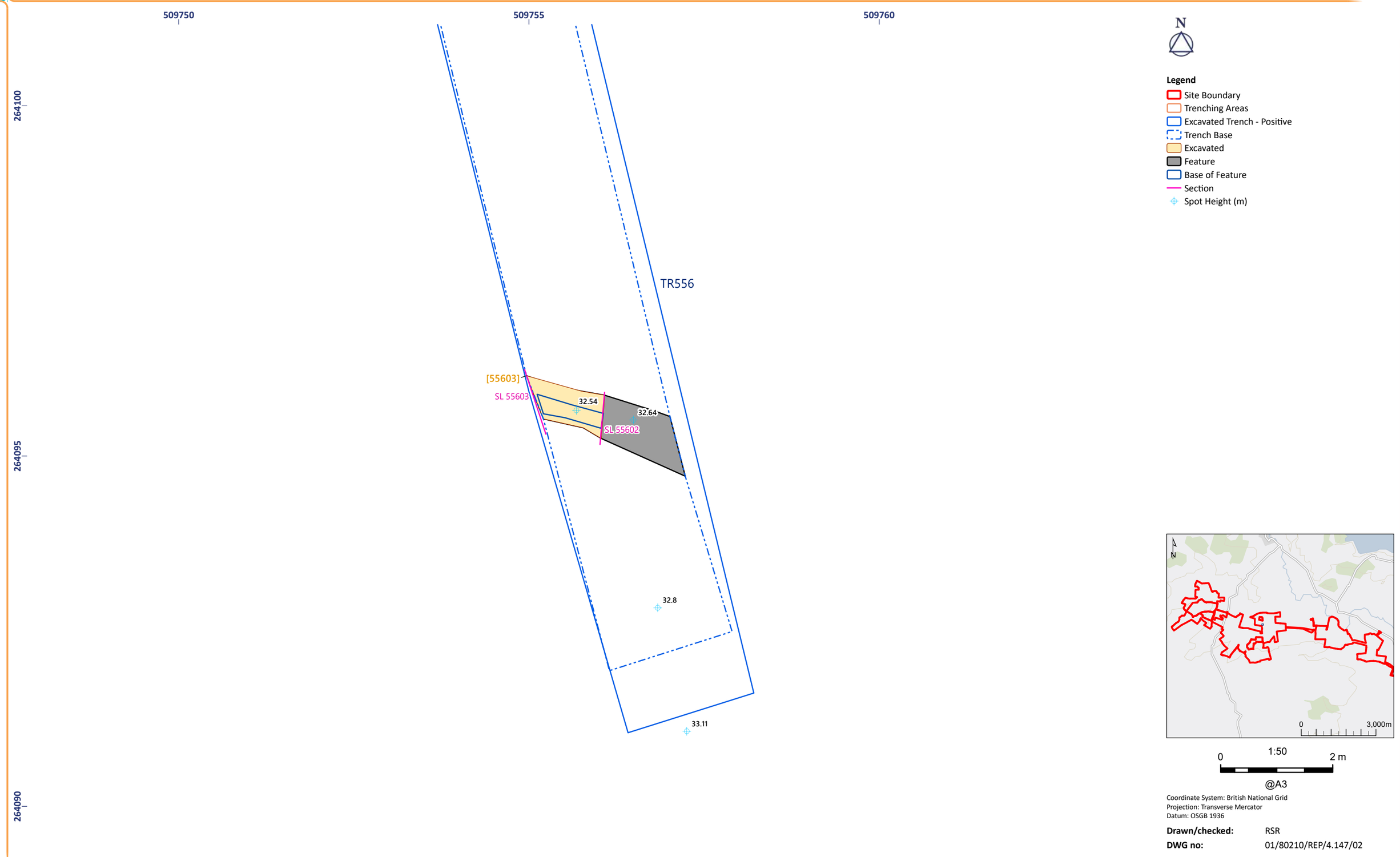


Figure 4.147: Trench 556 Excavated Feature

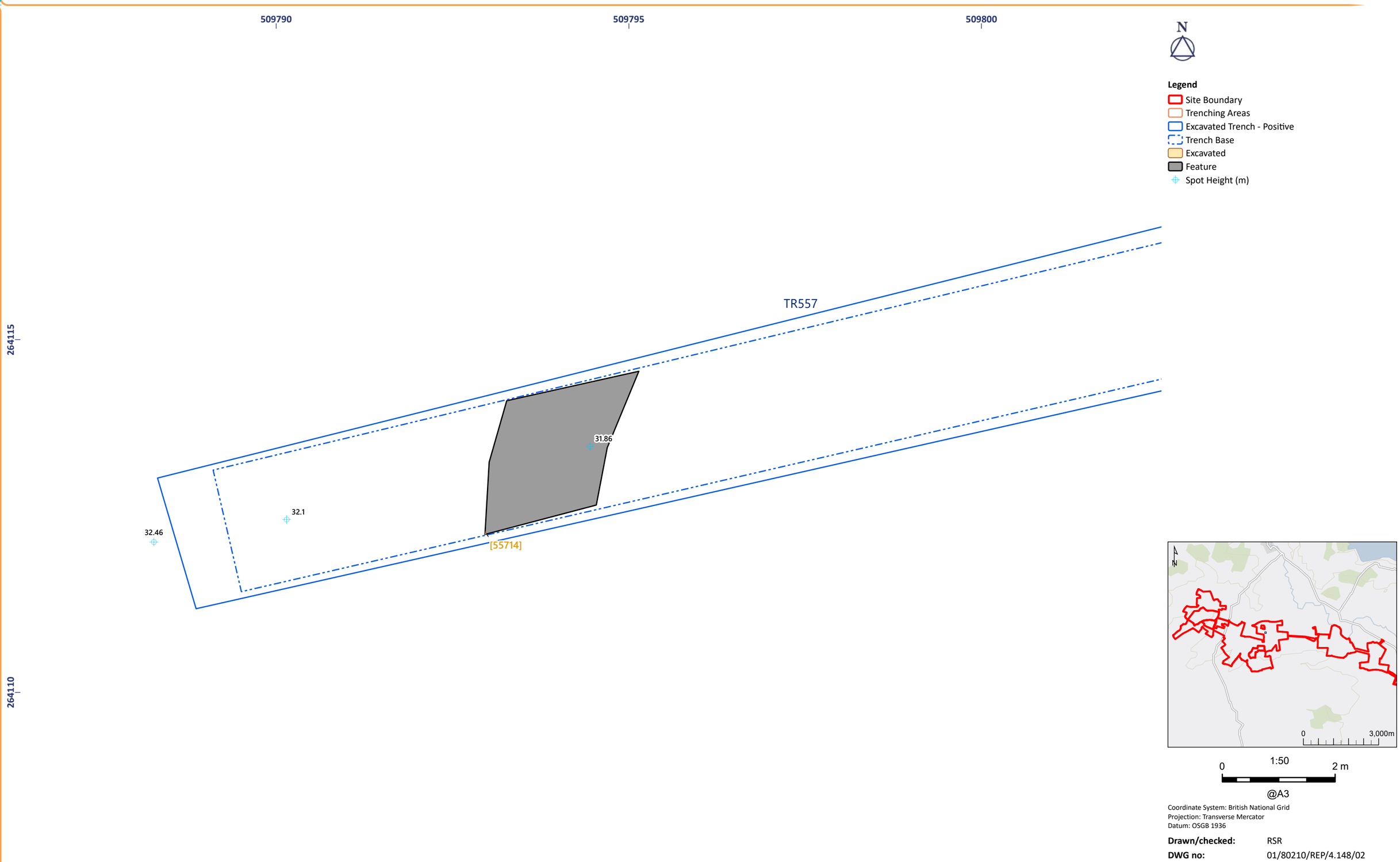


Figure 4.148: Trench 557 Excavated Feature

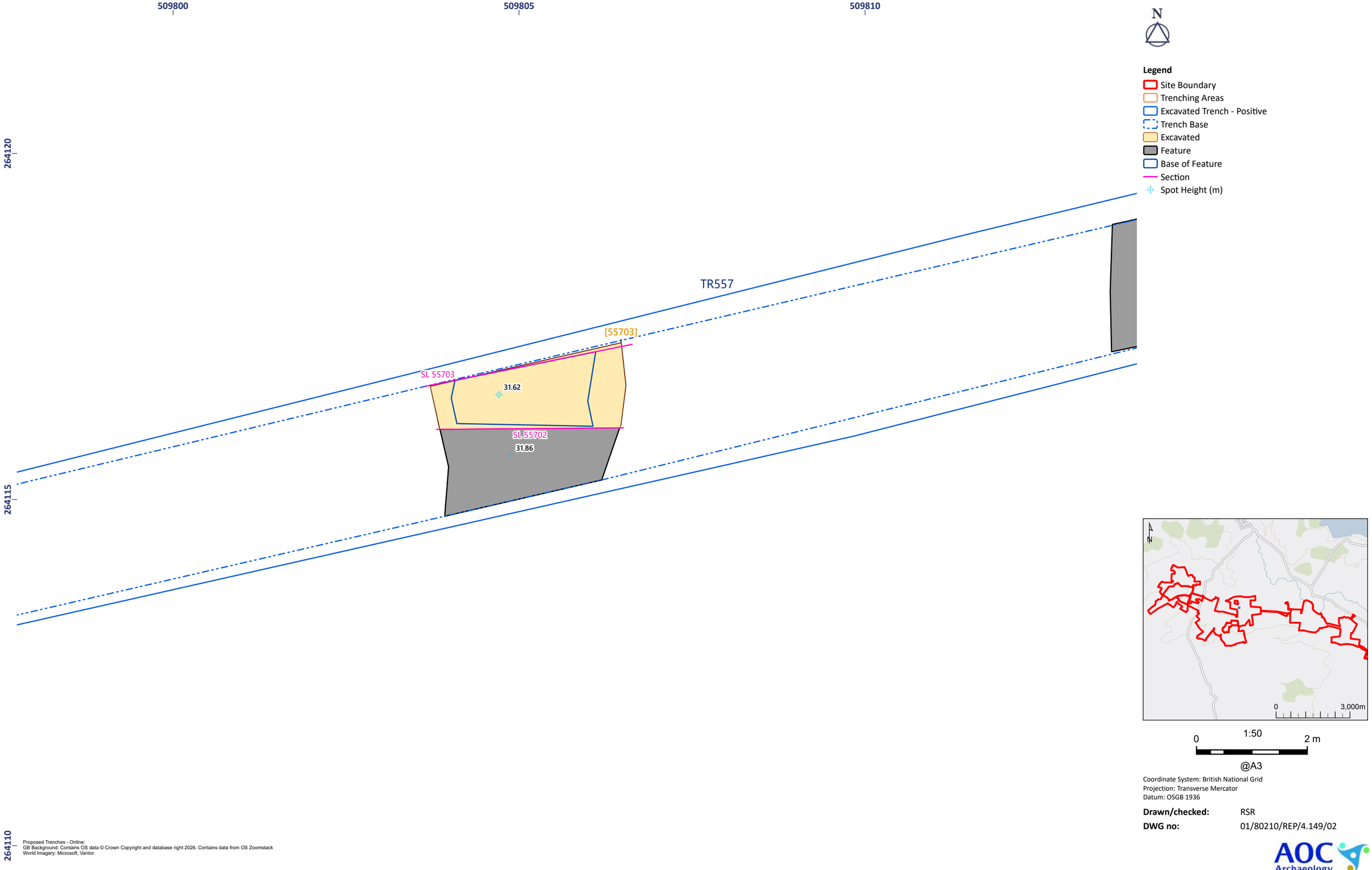
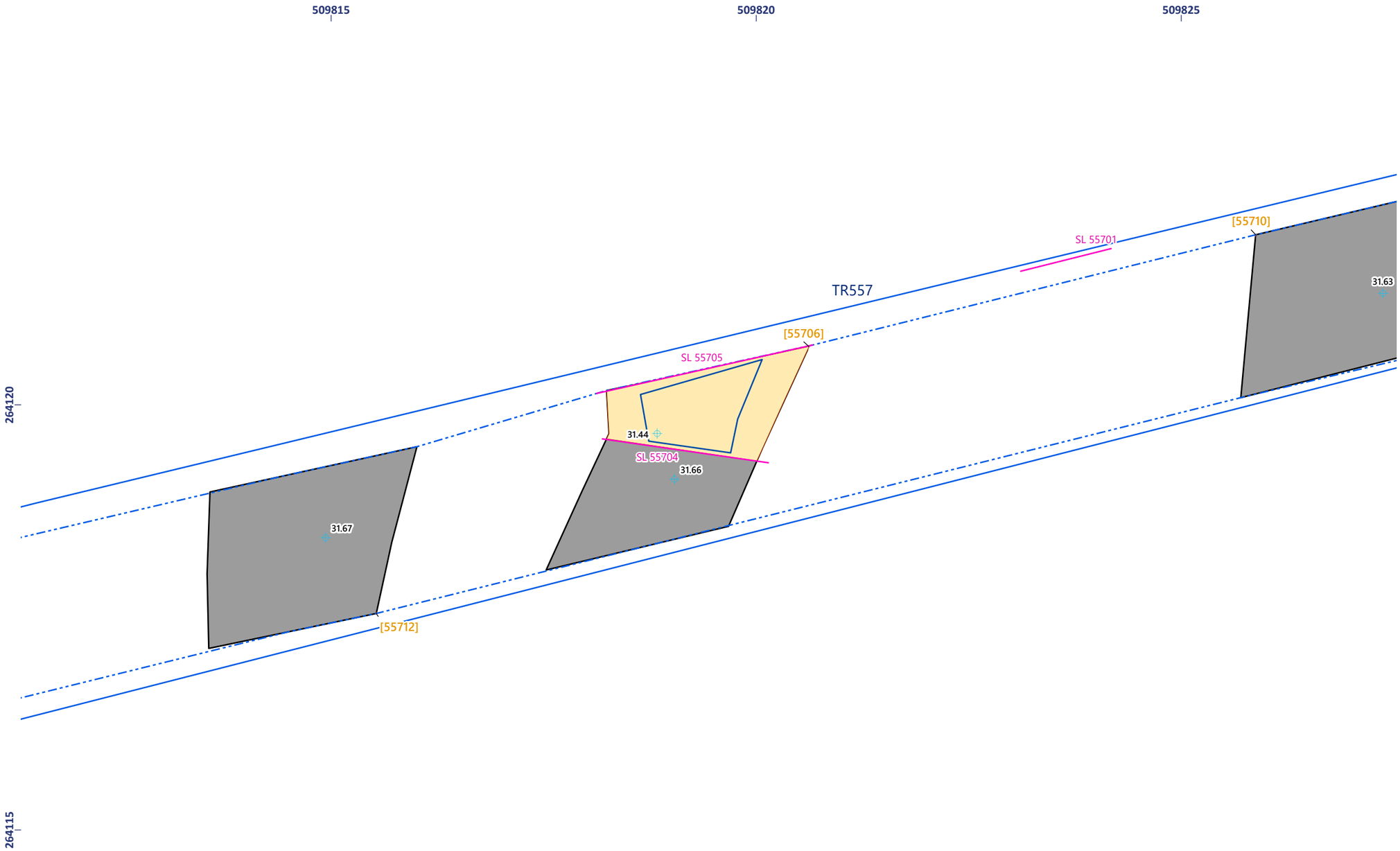
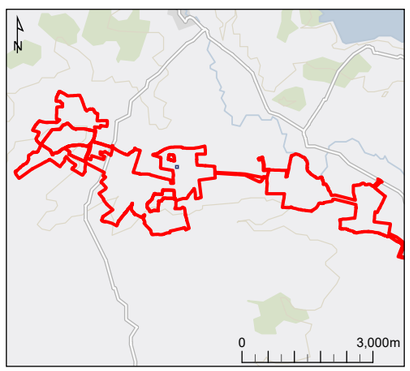


Figure 4.149: Trench 557 Excavated Feature





0 1:50 2 m

@A3

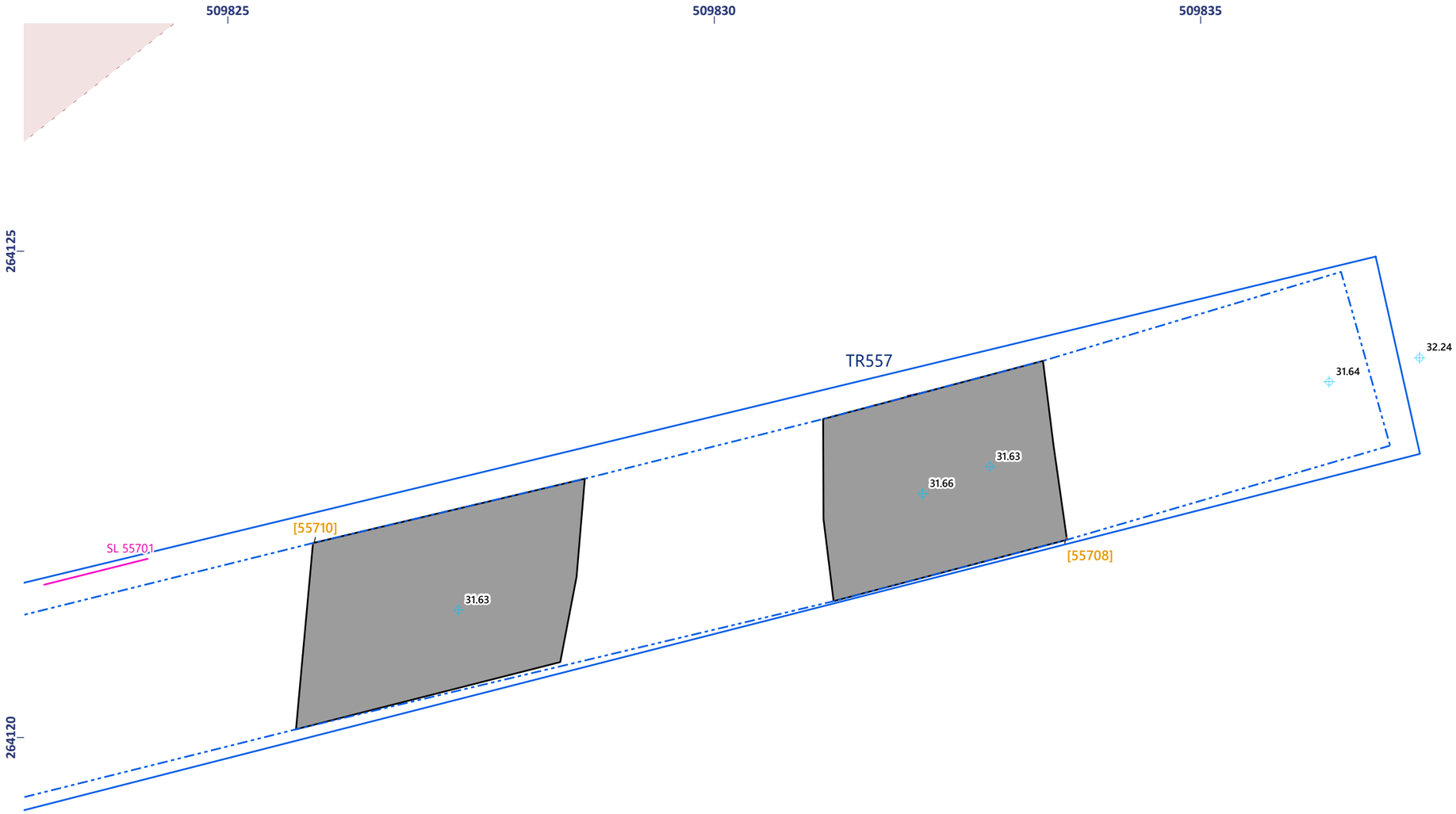
Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.150/02

Proposed Trenches - Online:
GB Background: Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2026. Contains data from OS Zoomstack
World Imagery: Microsoft, Vantor

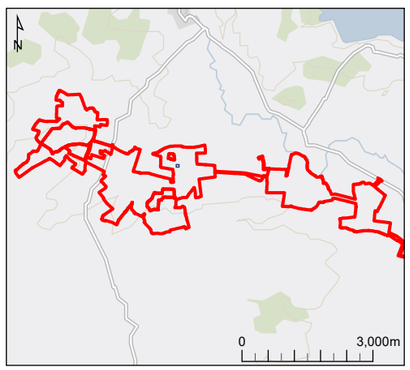
Figure 4.150: Trench 557 Excavated Feature





Legend

- Site Boundary
- Trenching Areas
- Excavated Trench - Positive
- Trench Base
- Excavated
- Feature
- Pre Ex
- Section
- Spot Height (m)



0 1:50 2 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.151/02

Proposed Trenches - Online:
GB Background: Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2026. Contains data from OS Zoomstack
World Imagery: Microsoft, Vantor

Figure 4.151: Trench 557 Excavated Feature

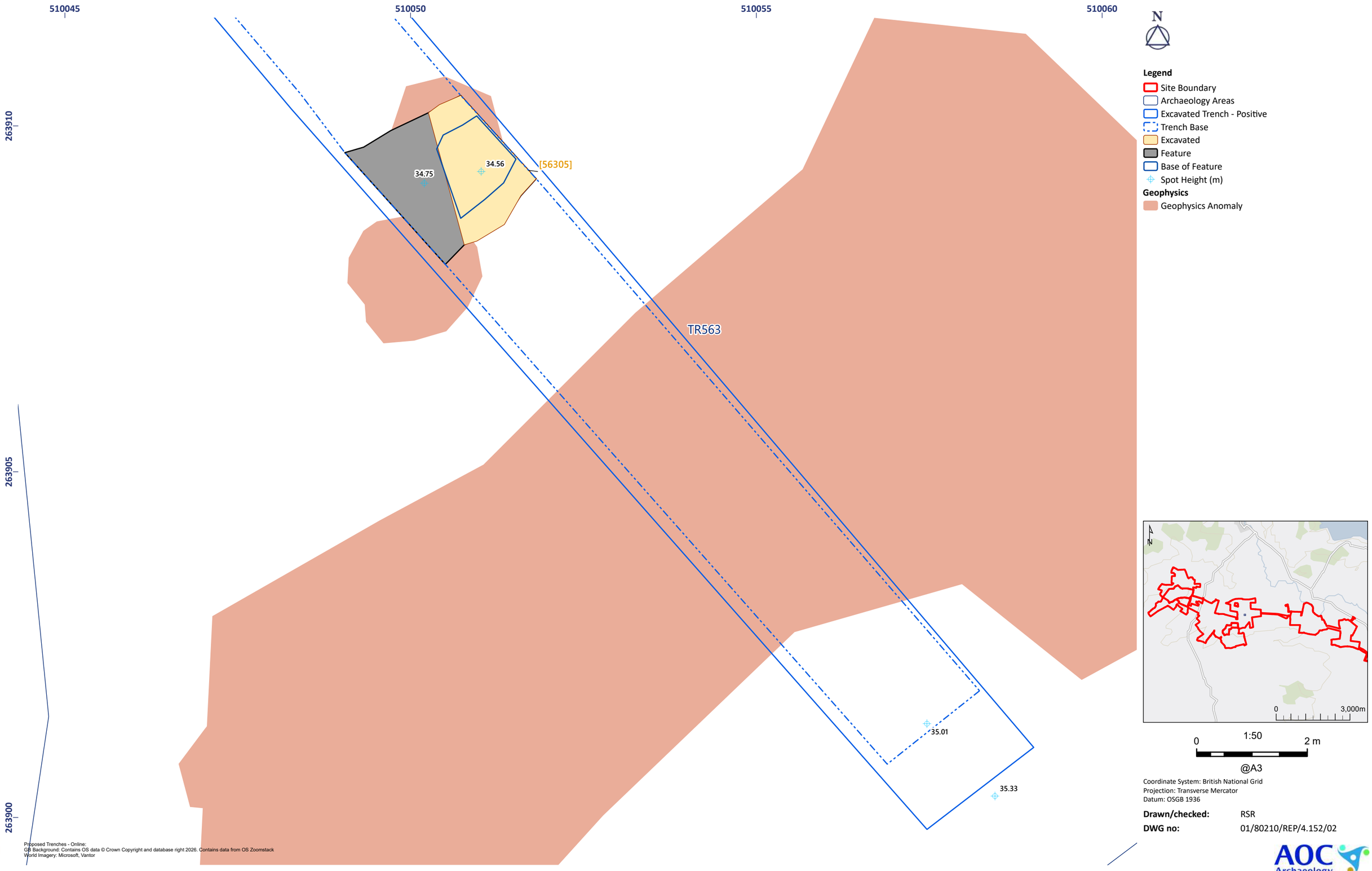


Figure 4.152: Trench 563 Excavated Feature

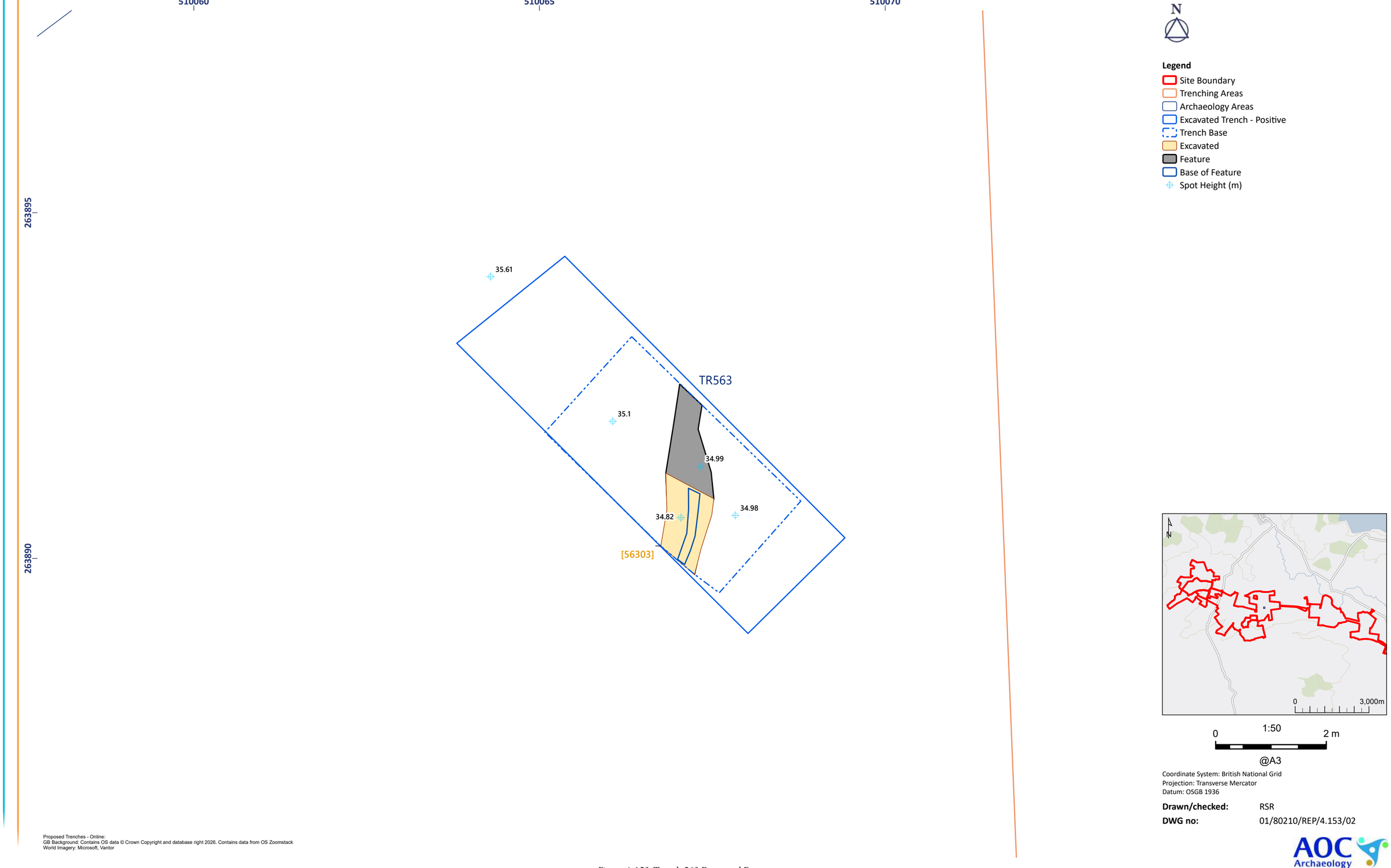


Figure 4.153: Trench 563 Excavated Feature

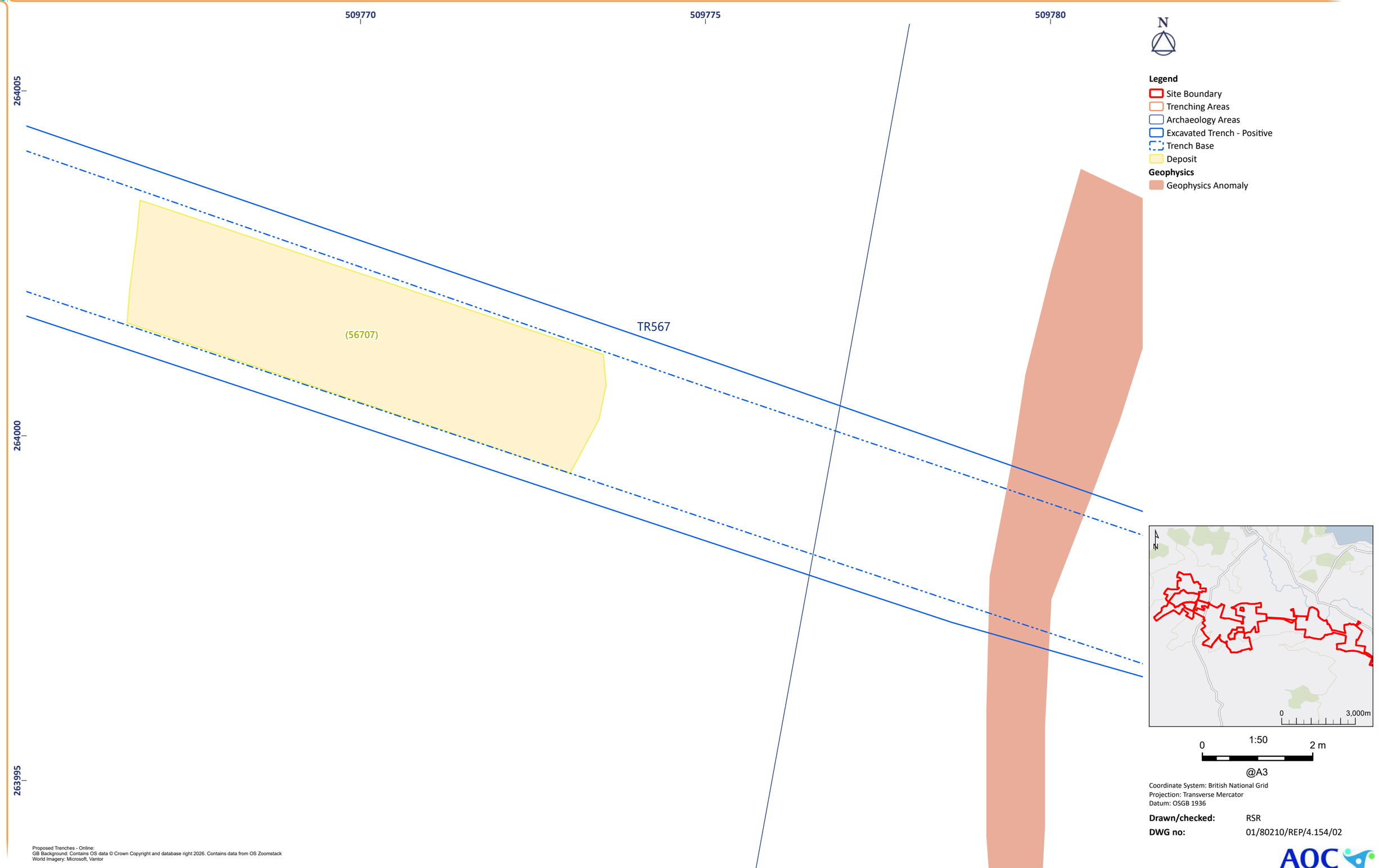


Figure 4.154: Trench 567 Excavated Feature

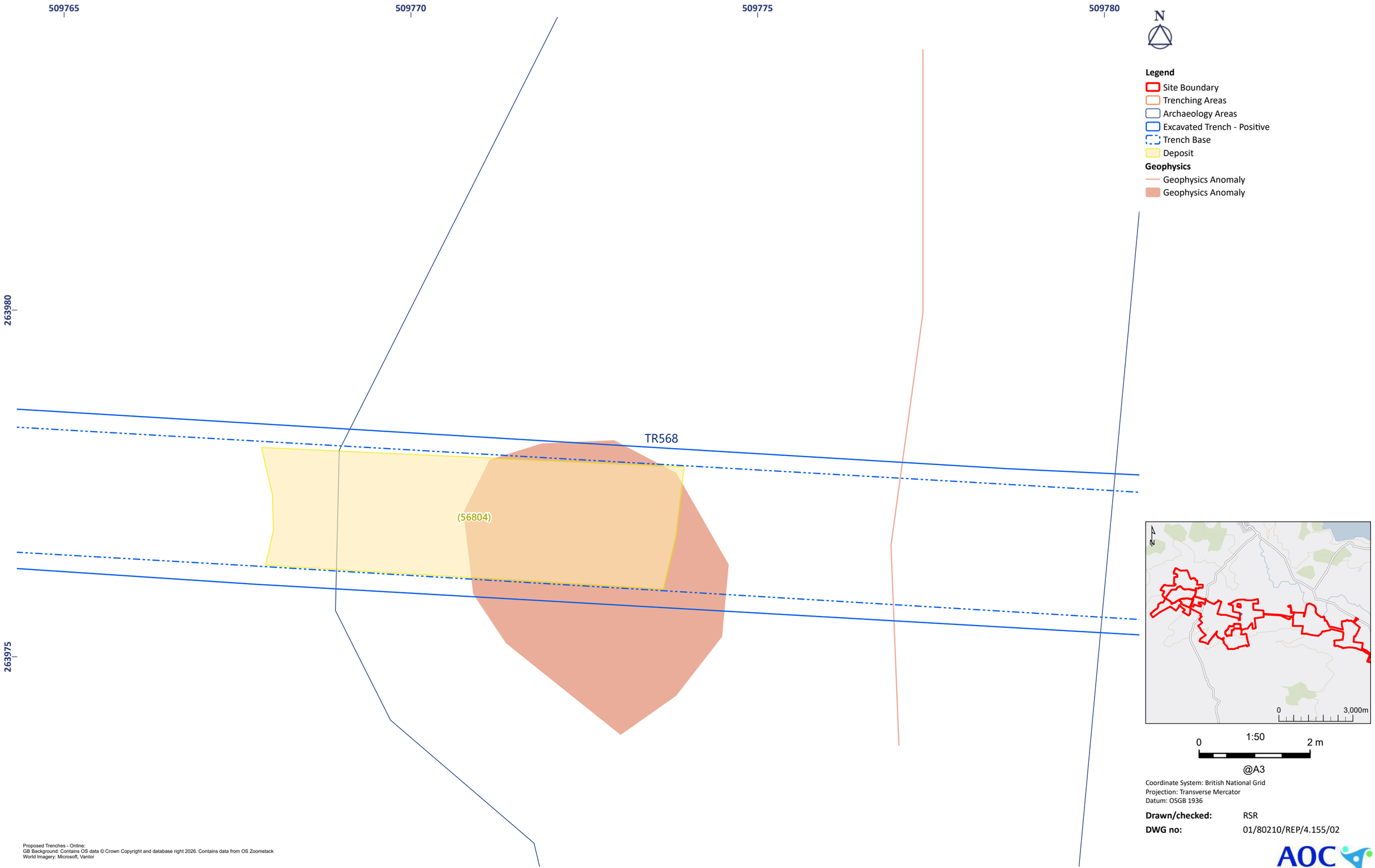


Figure 4.155: Trench 568 Excavated Feature

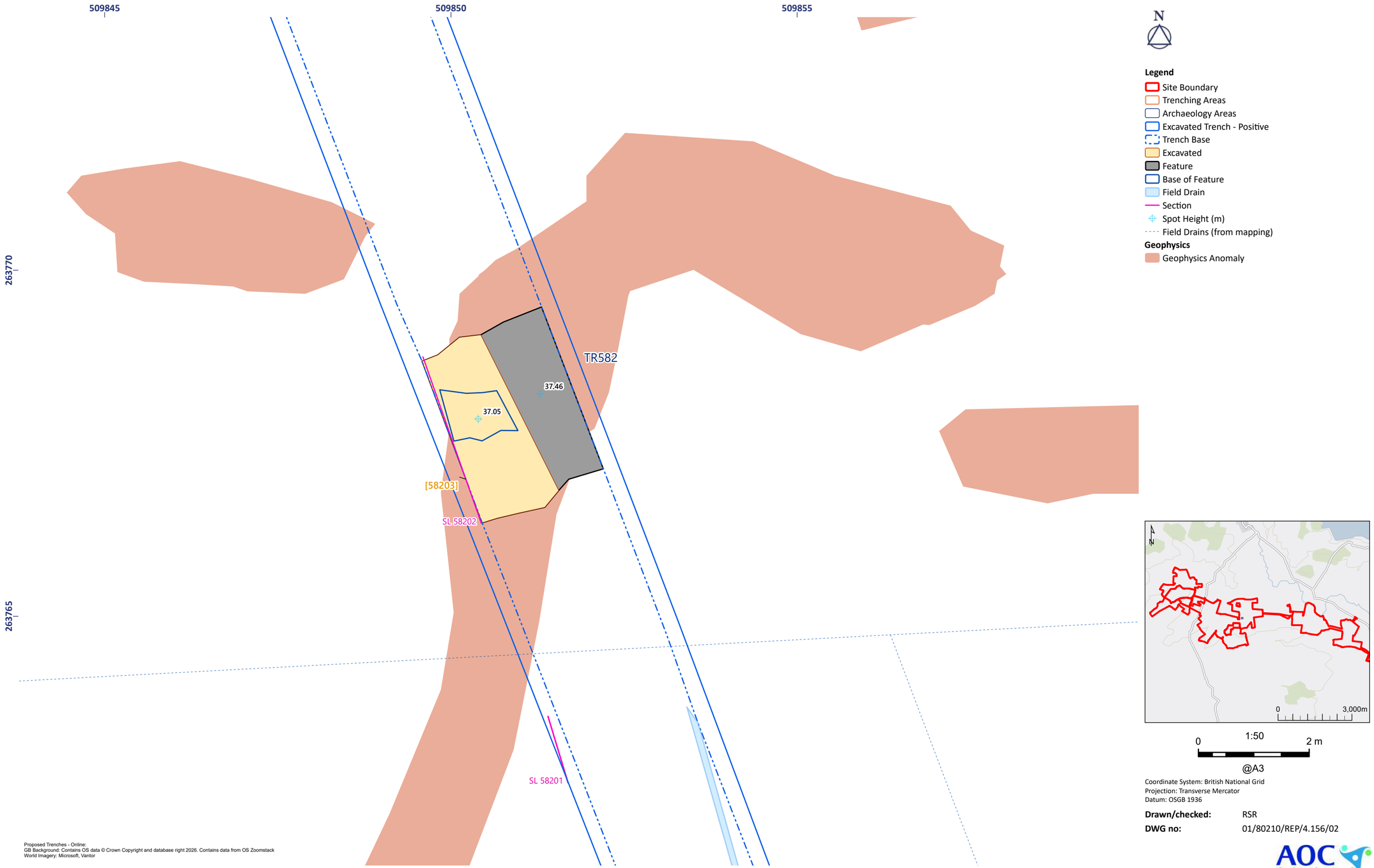


Figure 4.156: Trench 582 Excavated Feature

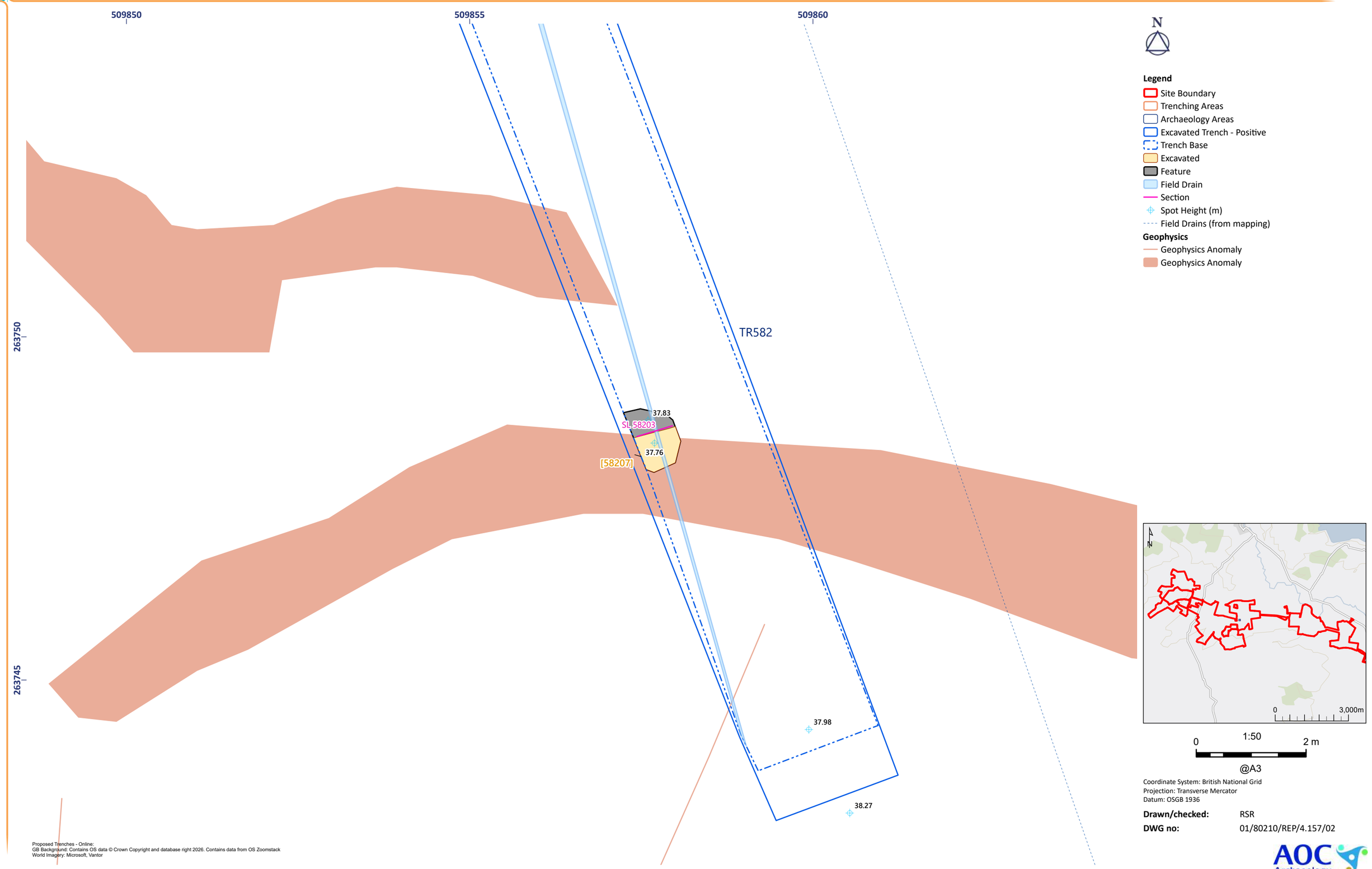


Figure 4.157: Trench 582 Excavated Feature

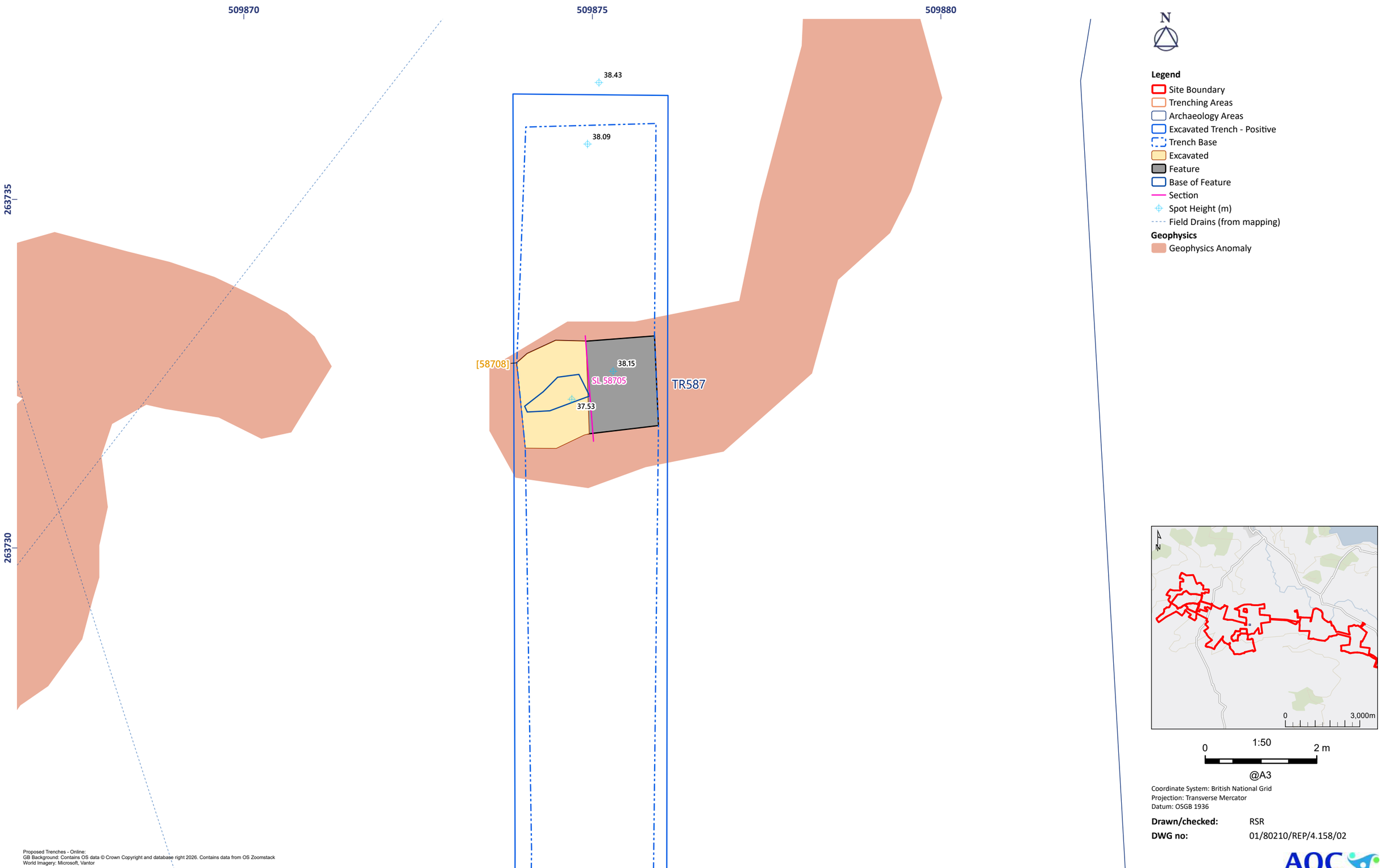
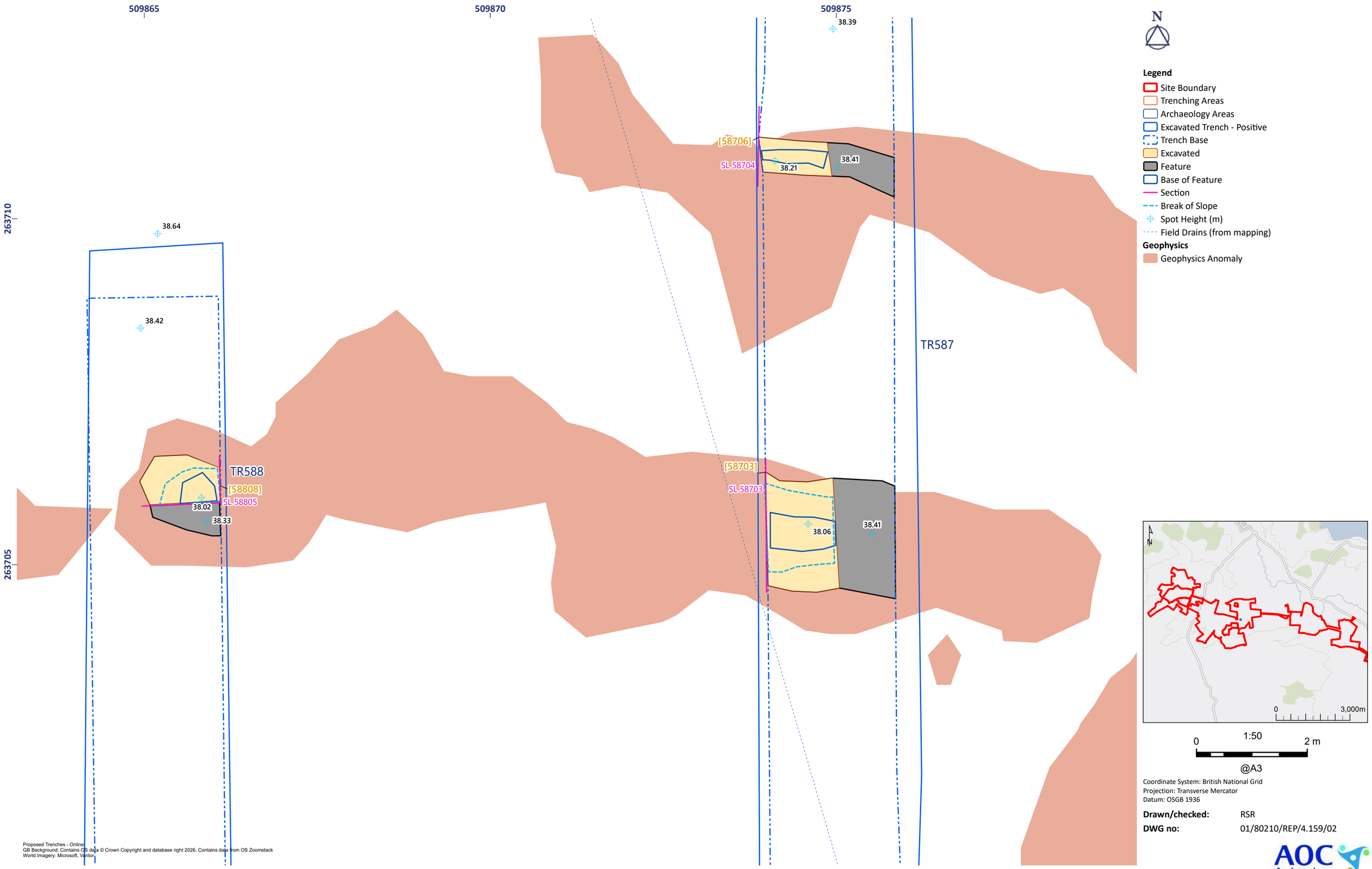


Figure 4.158: Trench 587 Excavated Feature

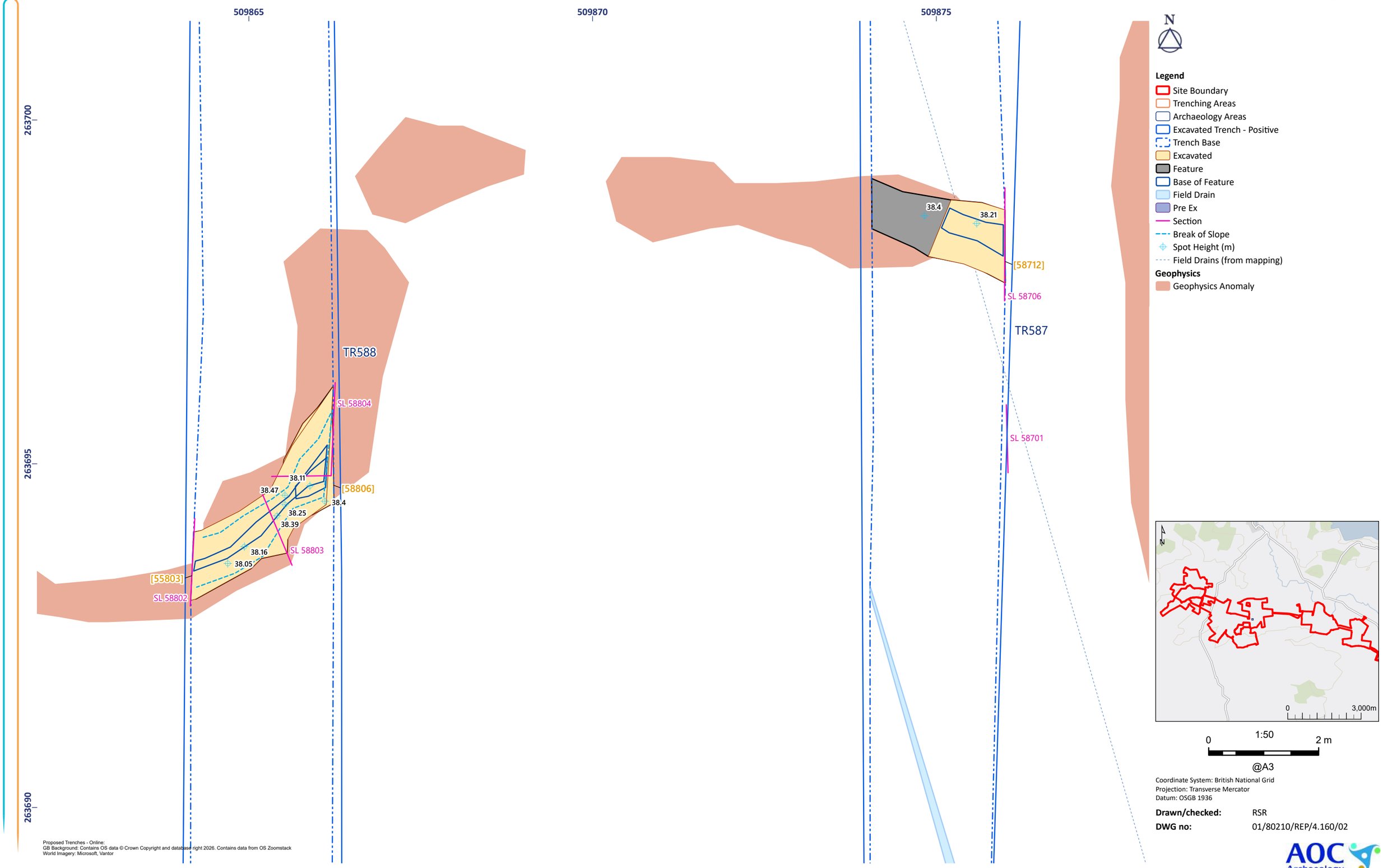


Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.159/02

Figure 4.159: Trenches 587 & 588 Excavated Feature



Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.160/02

Figure 4.160: Trenches 587 & 588 Excavated Feature

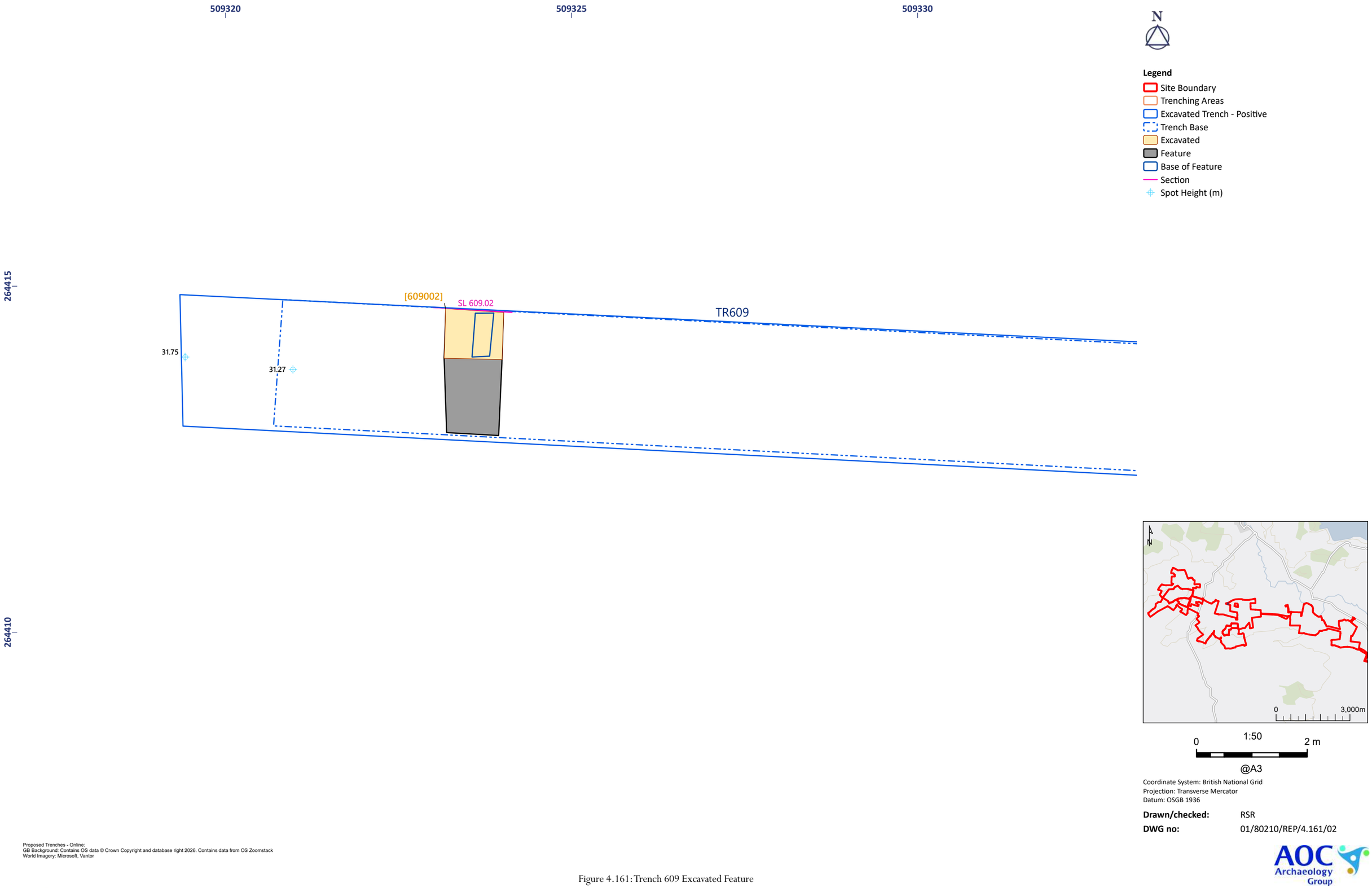


Figure 4.161: Trench 609 Excavated Feature

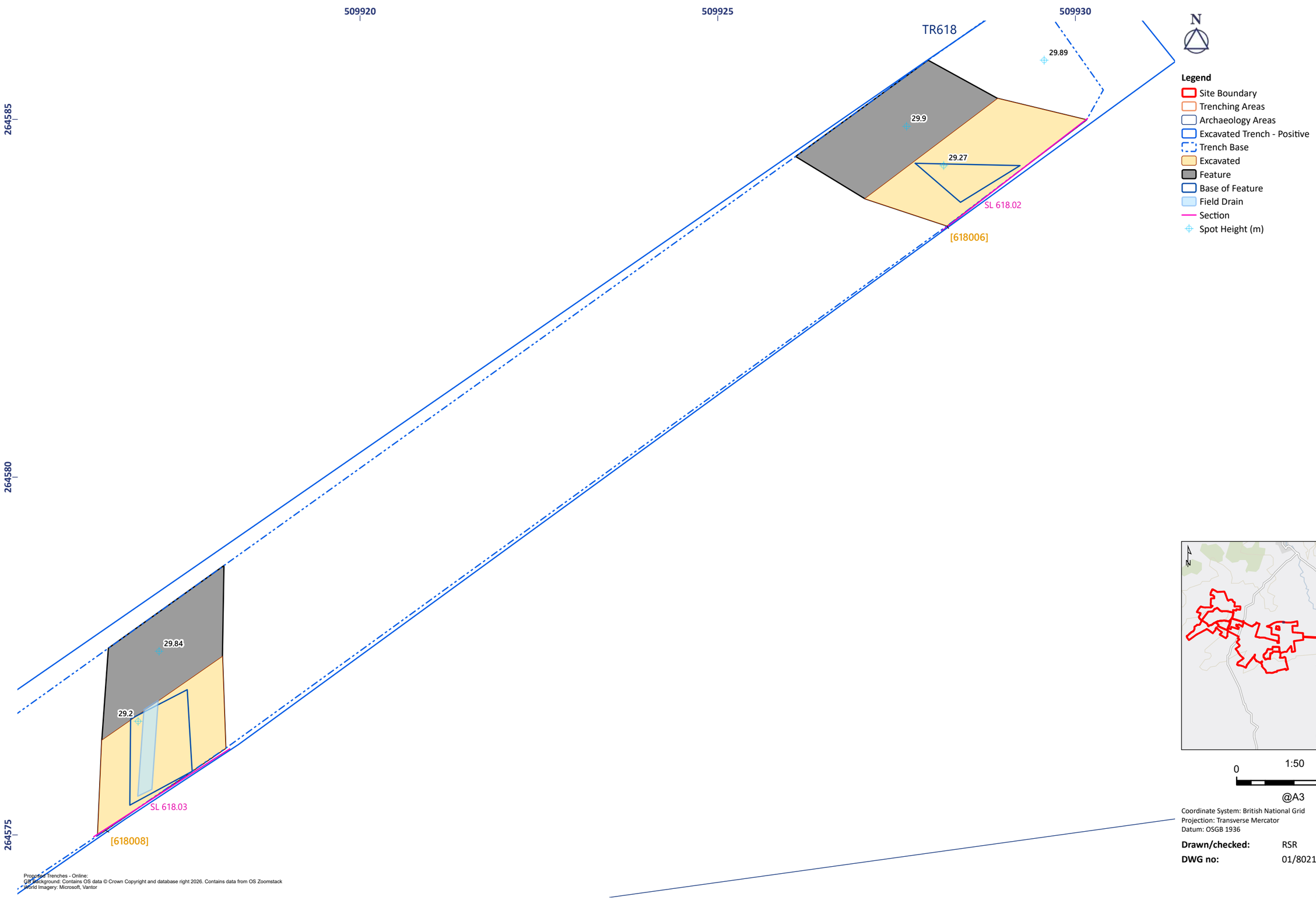


Figure 4.162: Trench 618 Excavated Feature

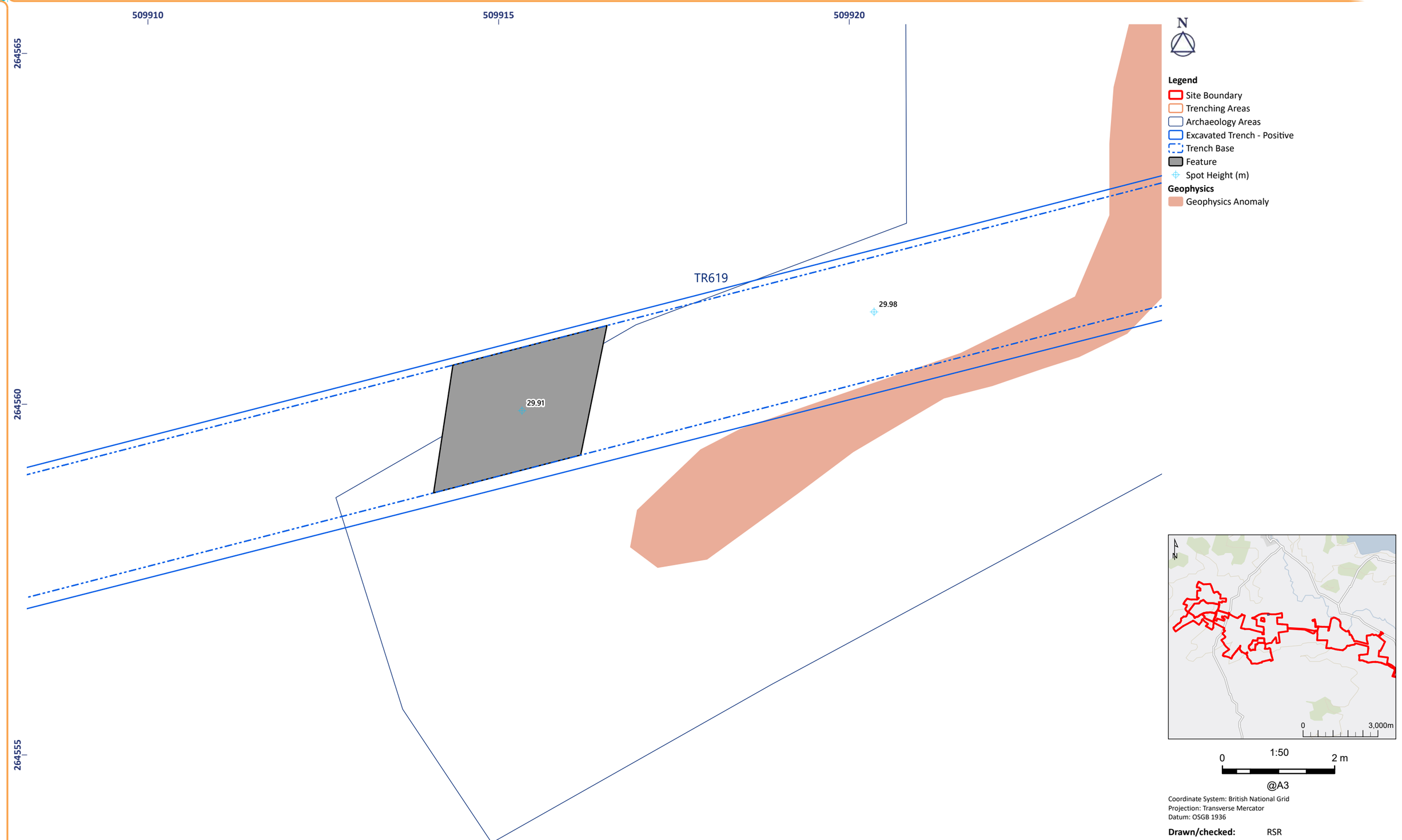


Figure 4.163: Trench 619 Excavated Feature

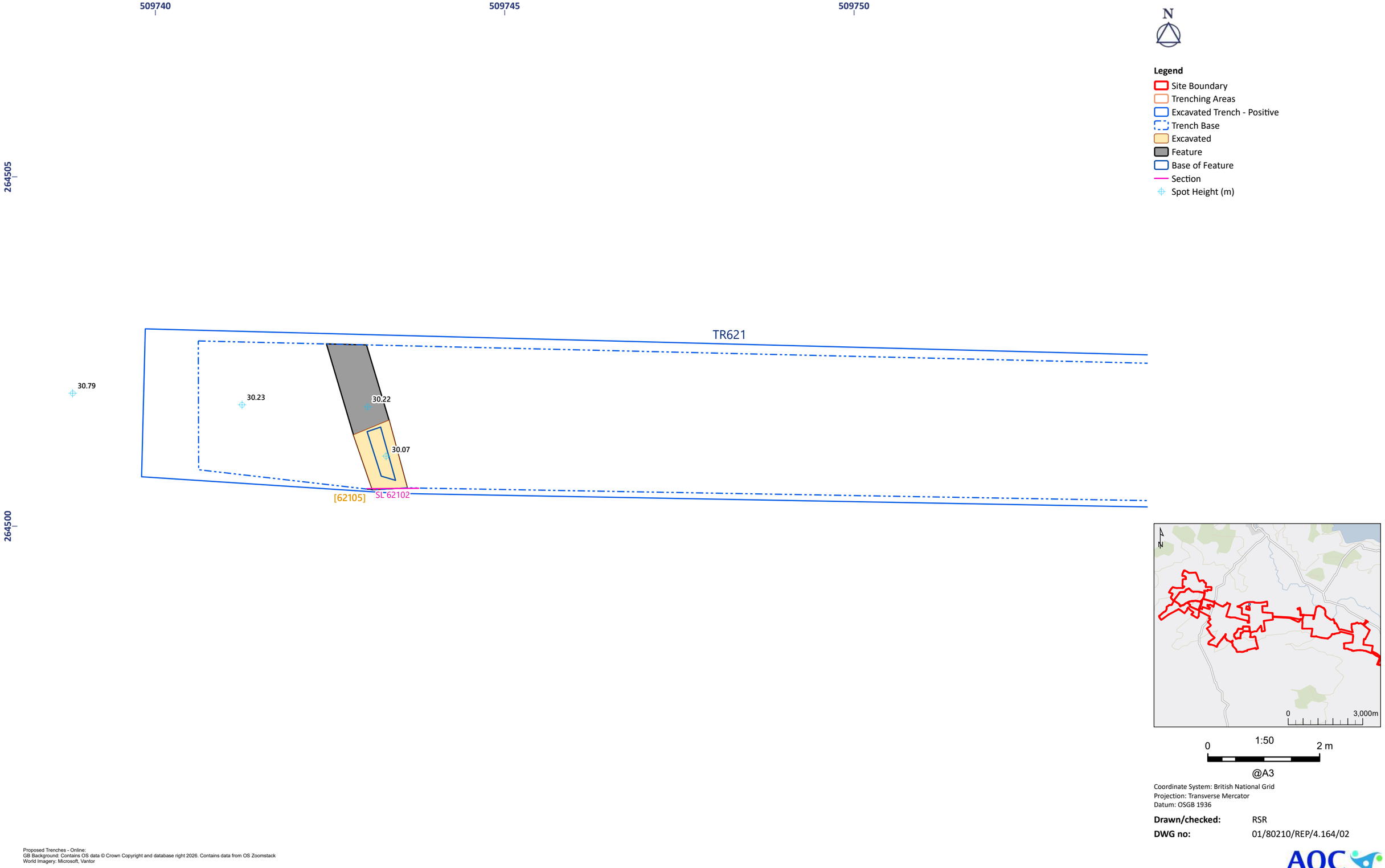


Figure 4.164: Trench 621 Excavated Feature

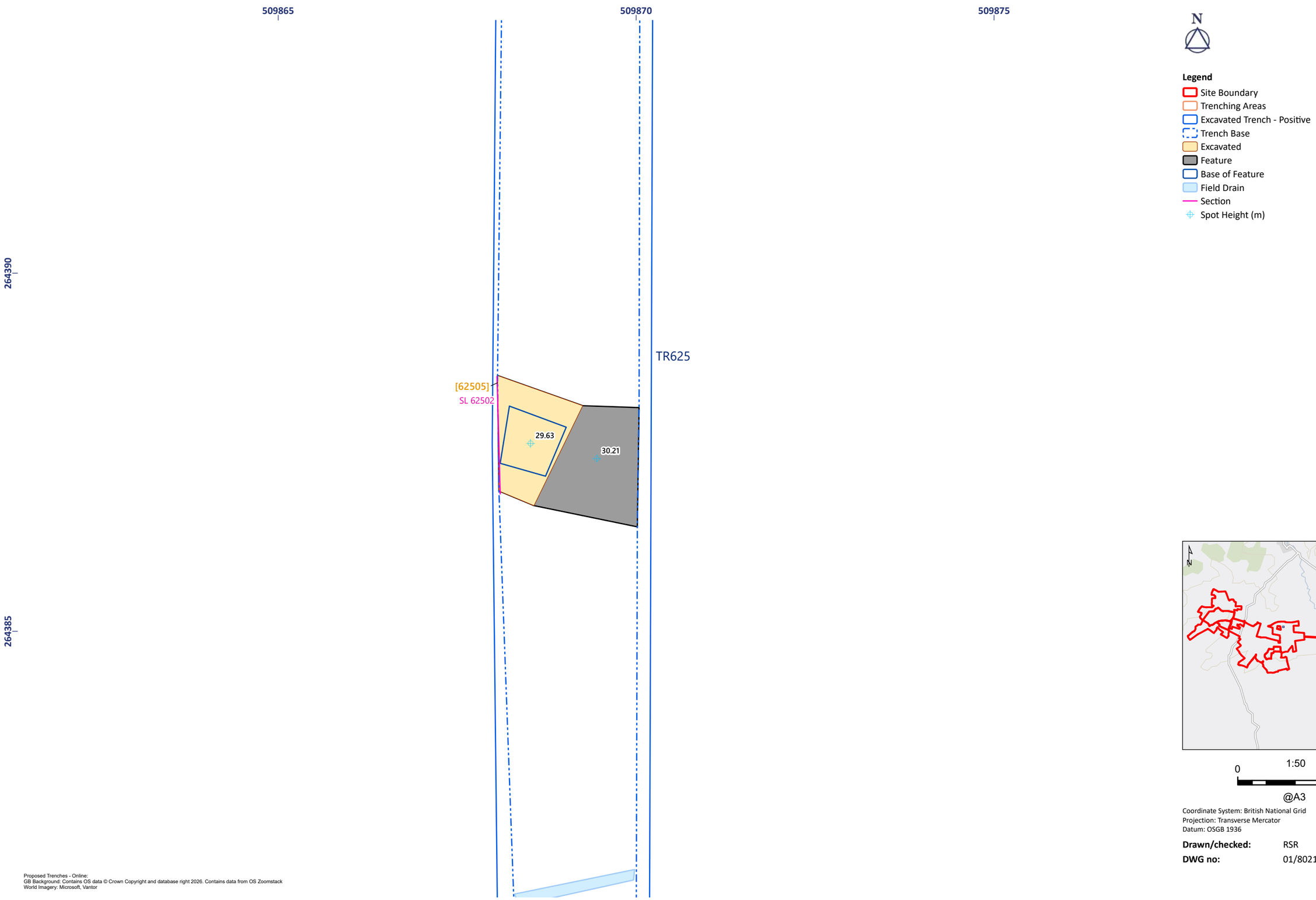


Figure 4.165: Trench 625 Excavated Feature

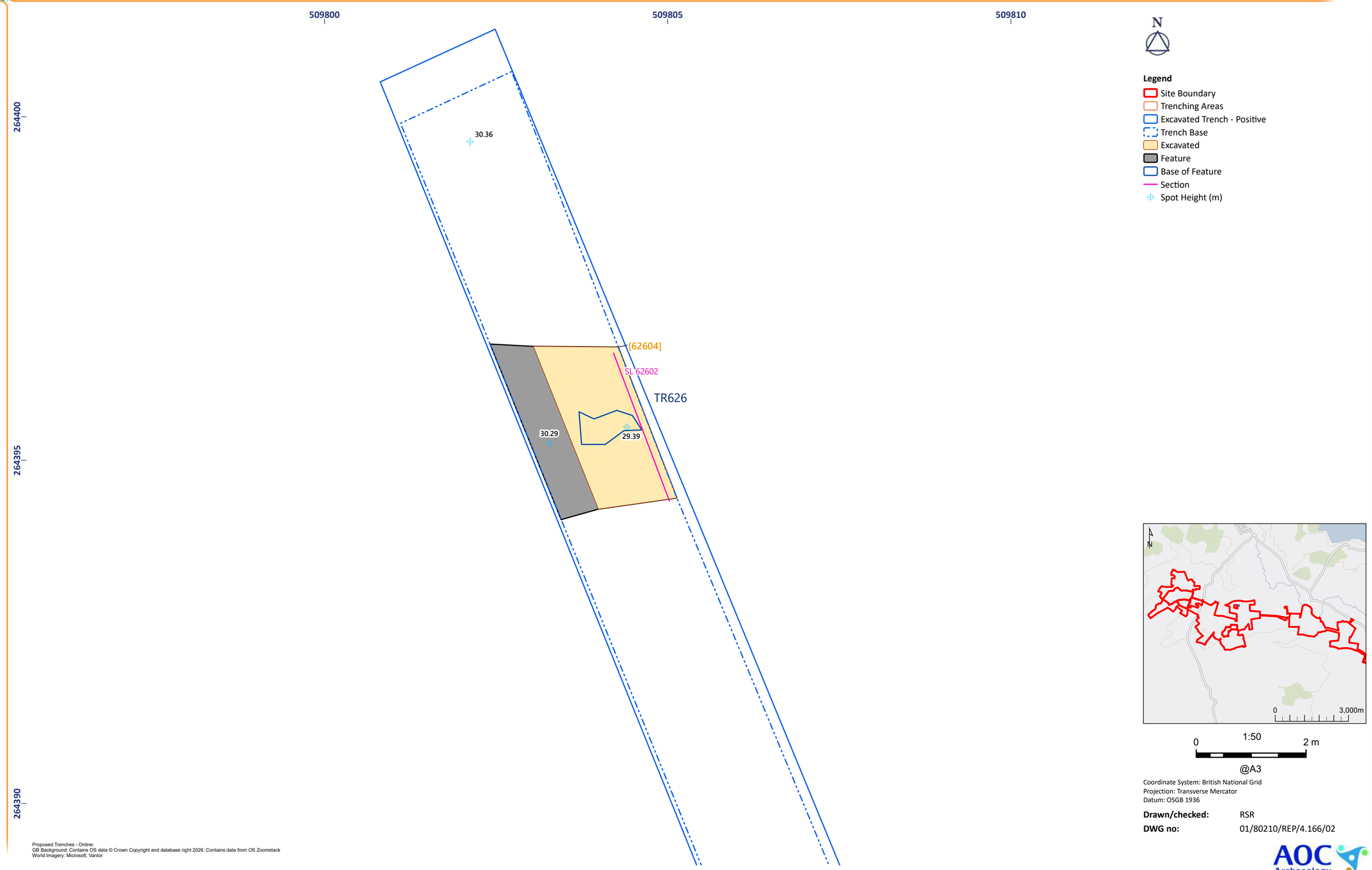


Figure 4.166: Trench 626 Excavated Feature

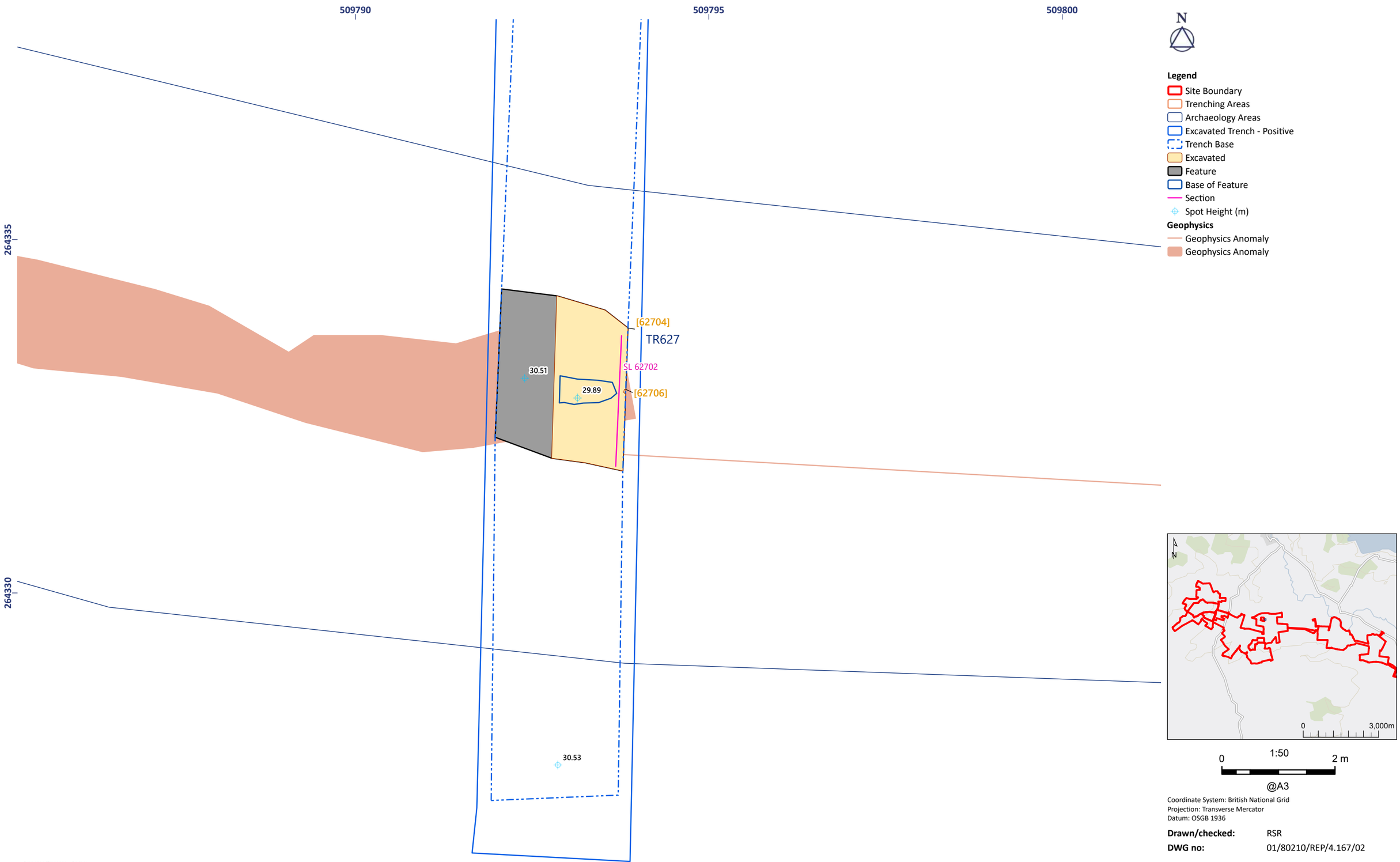


Figure 4.167: Trench 627 Excavated Feature

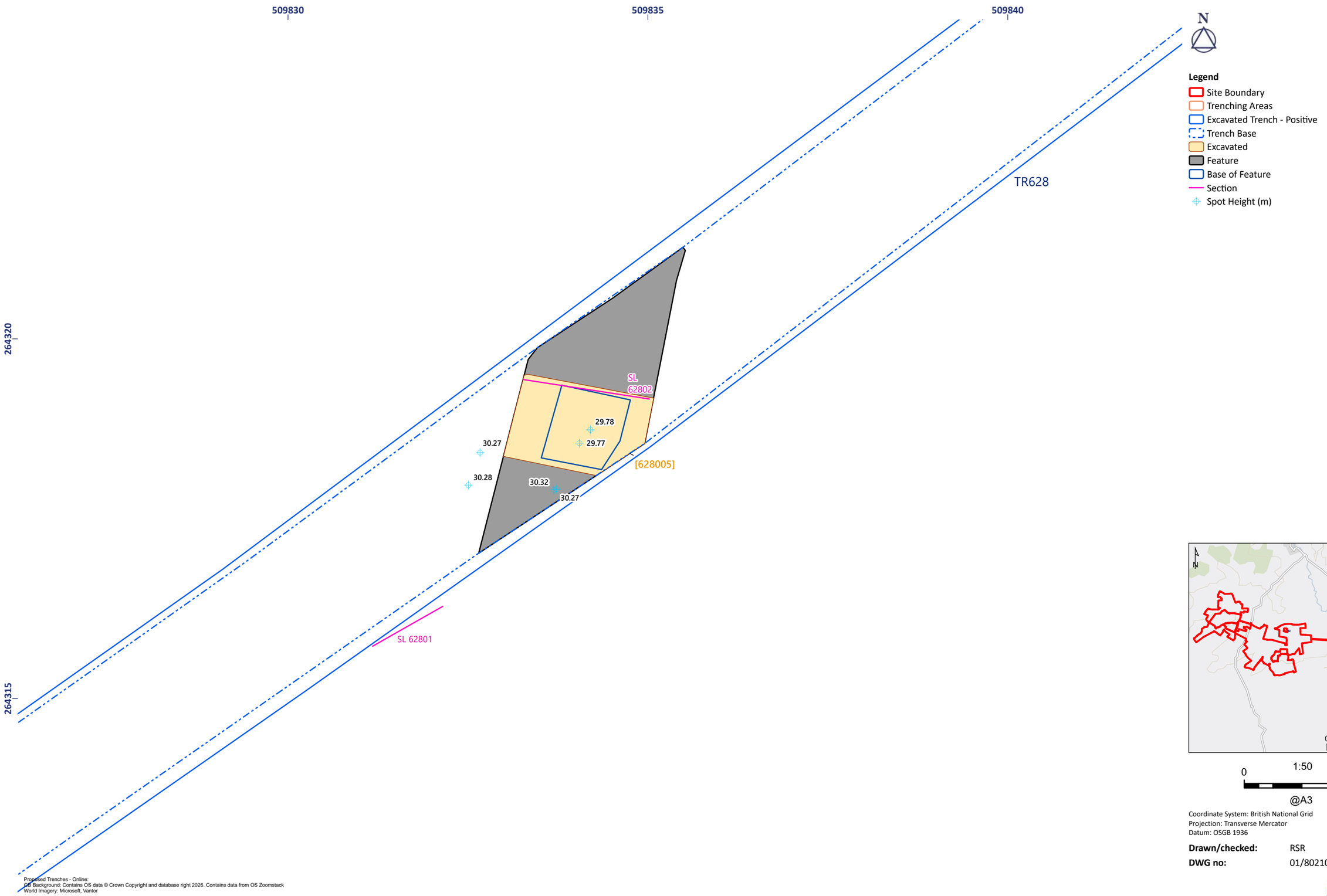
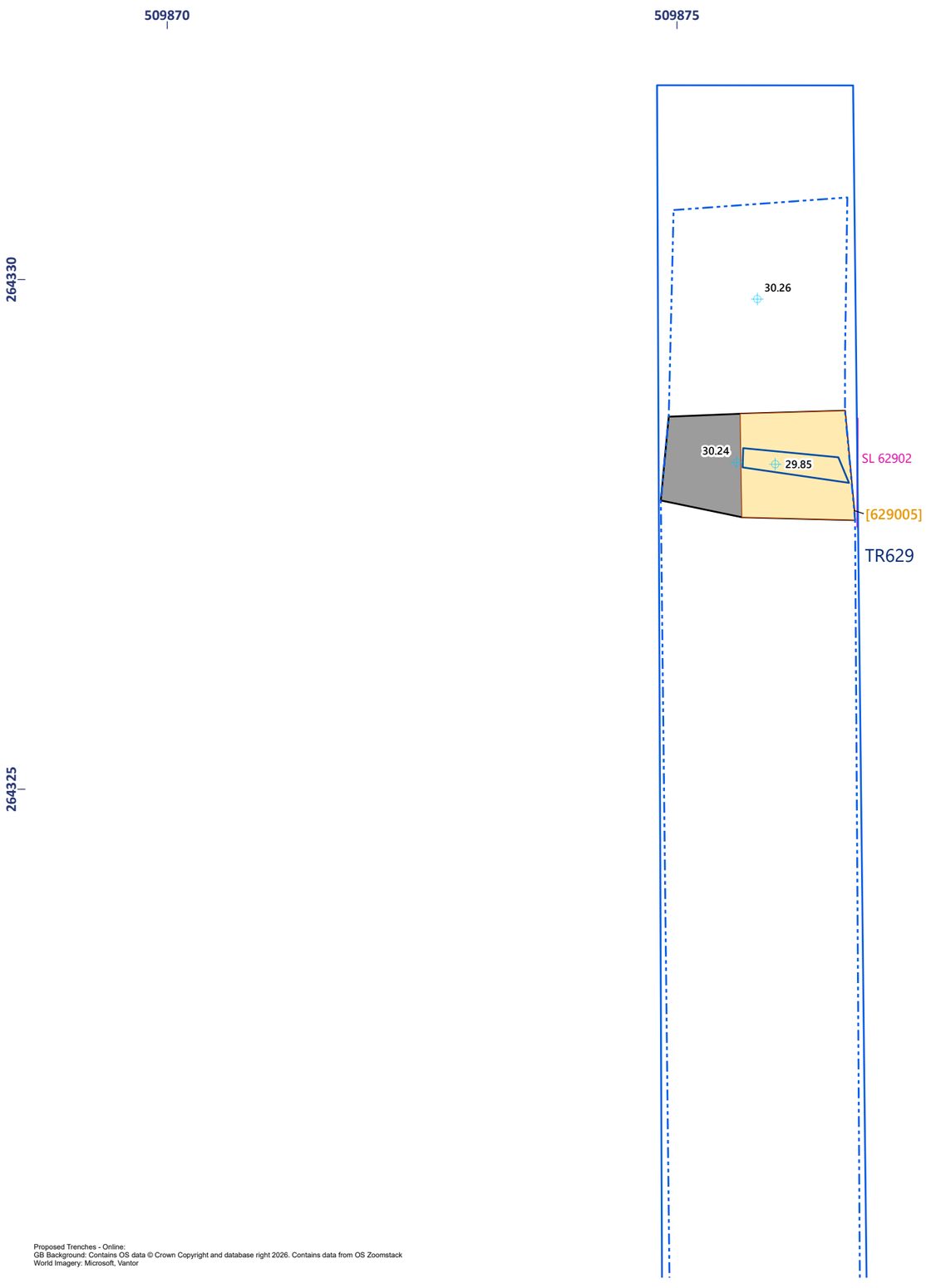
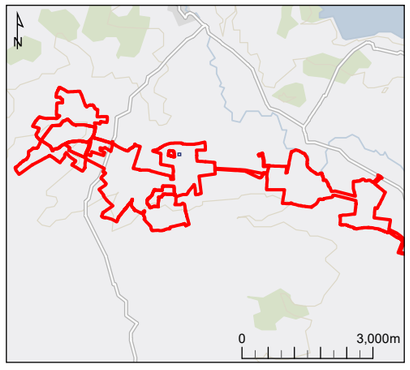


Figure 4.168: Trench 628 Excavated Feature



Proposed Trenches - Online:
GB Background: Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2026. Contains data from OS Zoomstack
World Imagery: Microsoft, Vantor





0 1:50 2 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.169/02

Figure 4.169: Trench 629 Excavated Feature

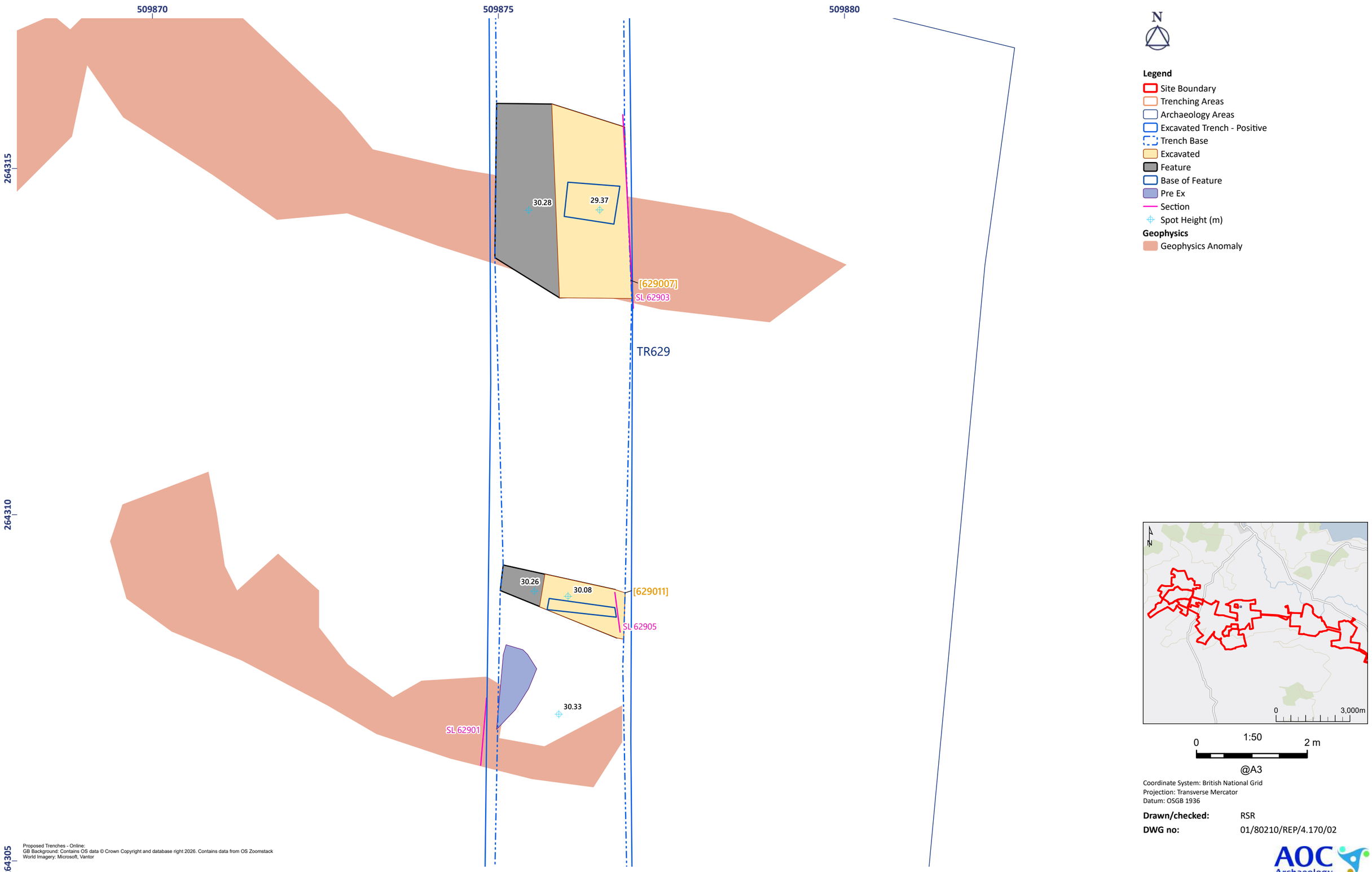


Figure 4.170: Trench 629 Excavated Feature

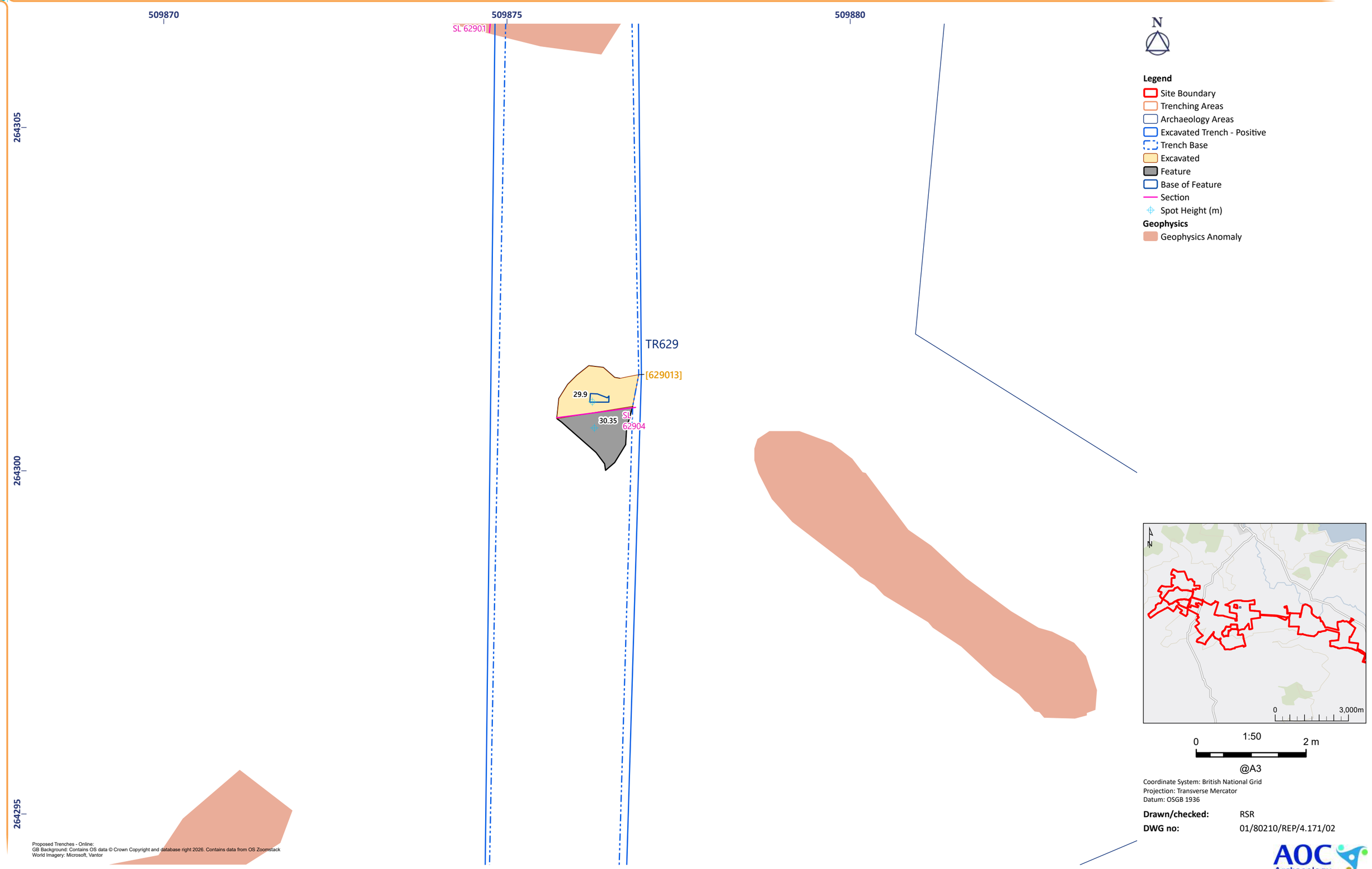
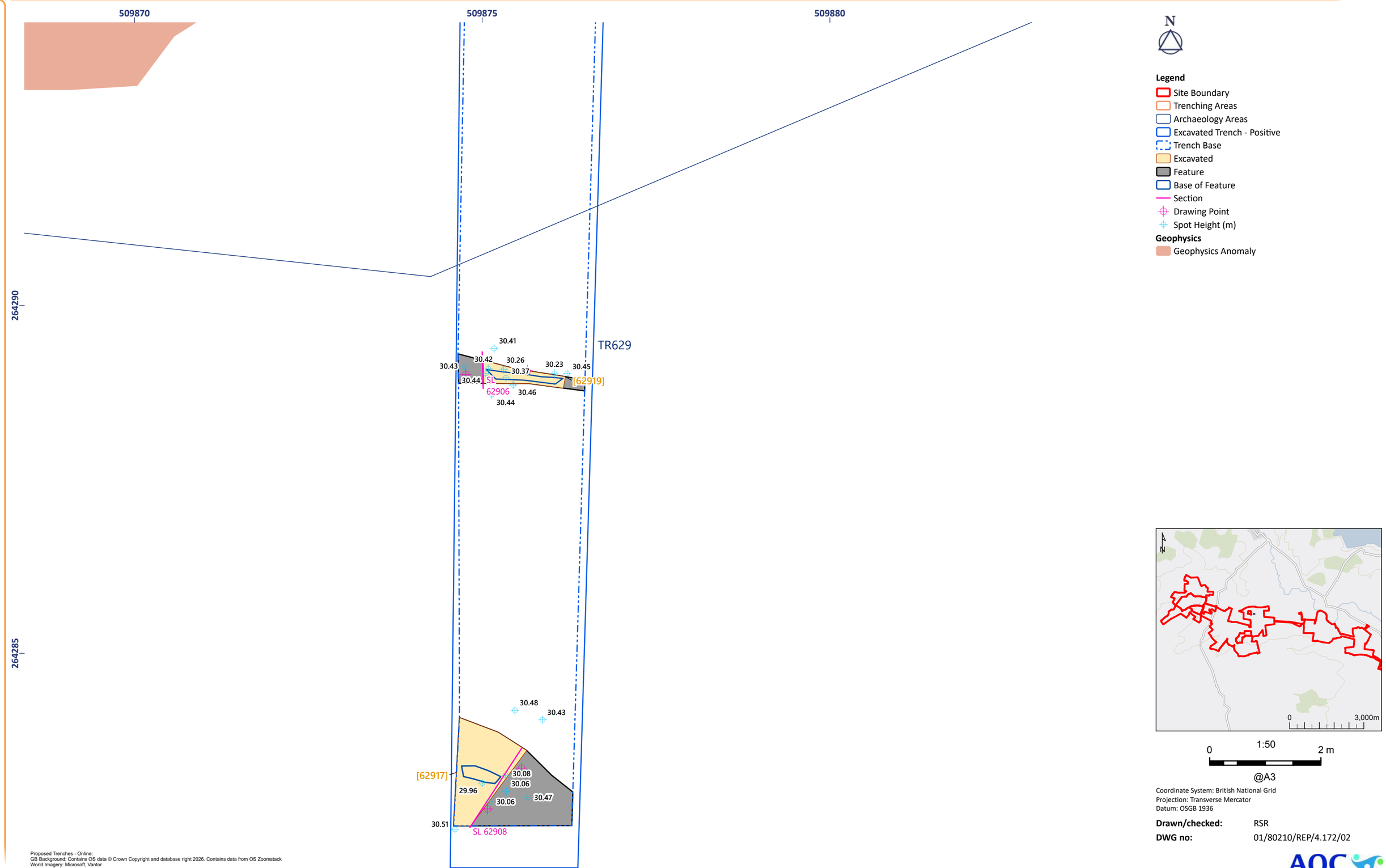


Figure 4.171: Trench 629 Excavated Feature



Proposed Trenches - Online:
GB Background: Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2026. Contains data from OS Zoomstack
World Imagery: Microsoft, Vantor

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.172/02

Figure 4.172: Trench 629 Excavated Feature

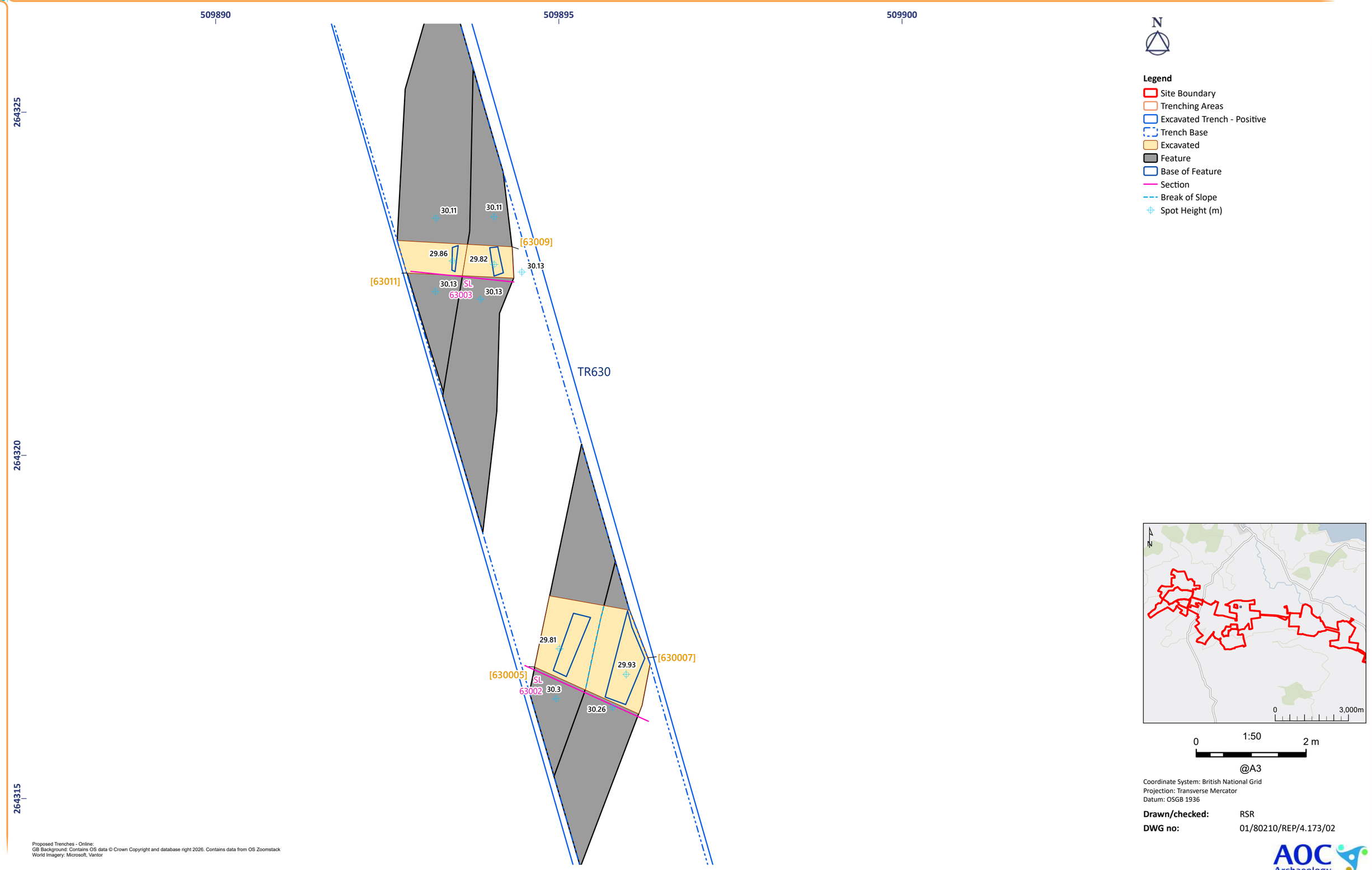


Figure 4.173: Trench 630 Excavated Feature

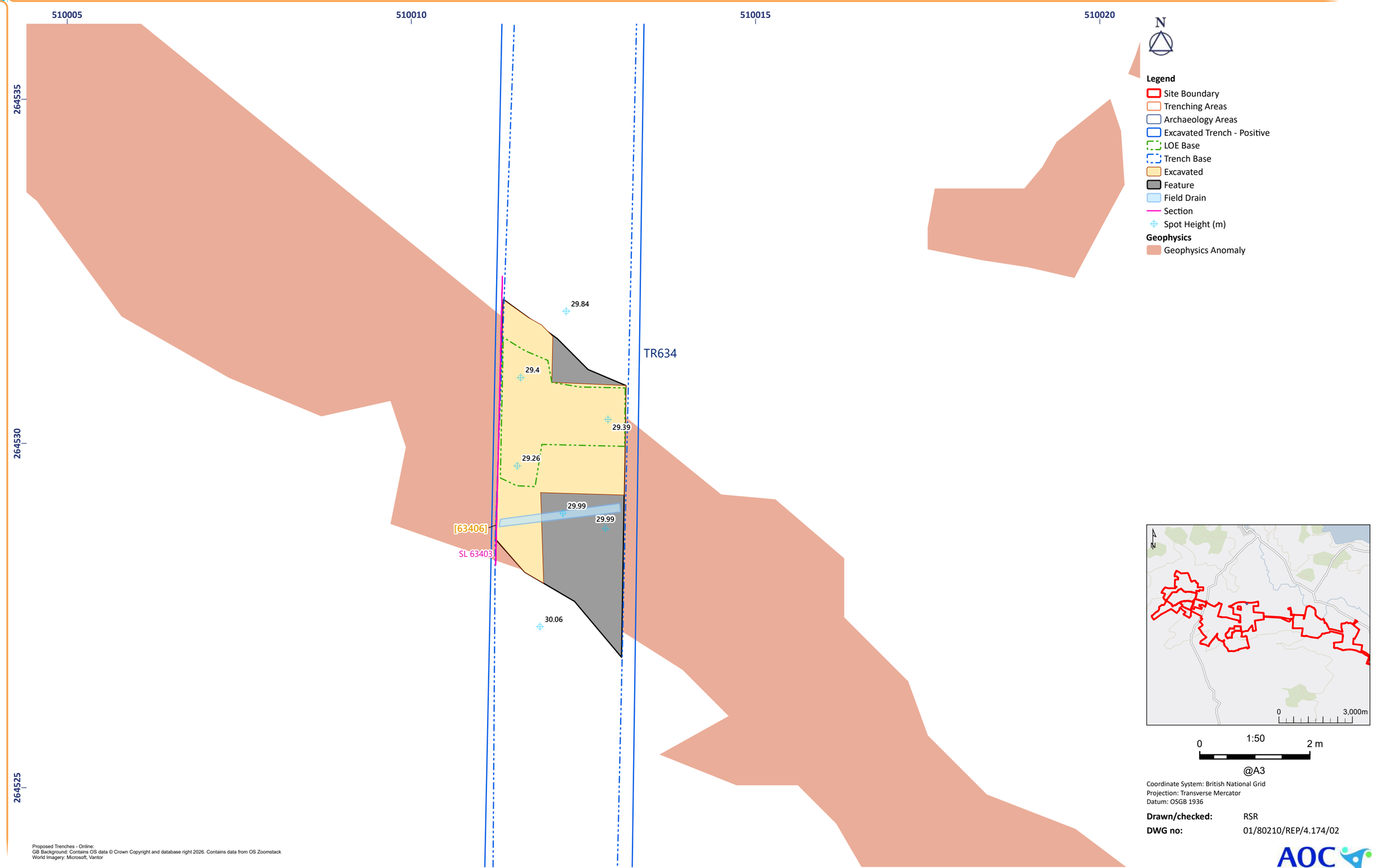


Figure 4.174: Trench 634 Excavated Features

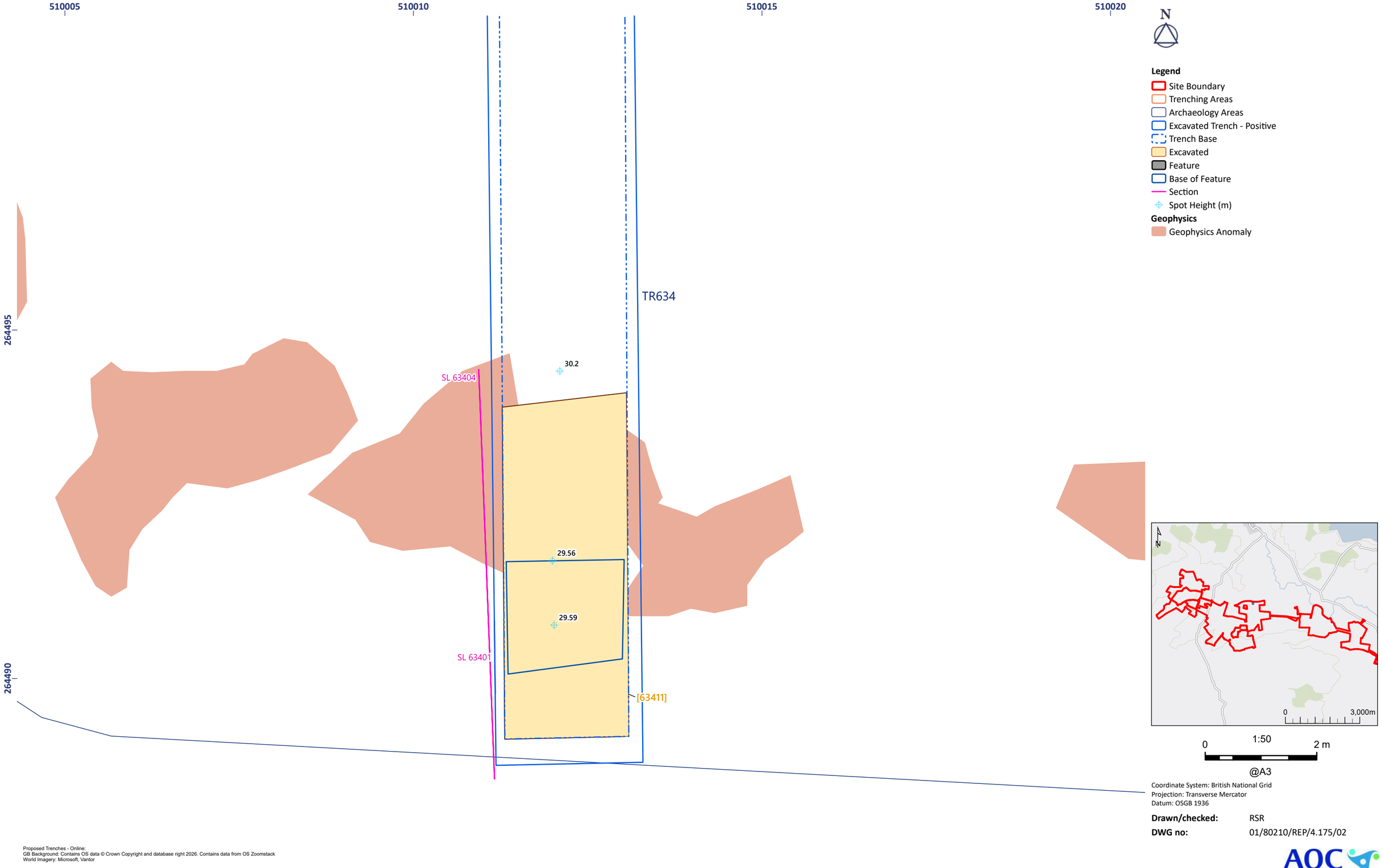


Figure 4.175: Trench 634 Excavated Features

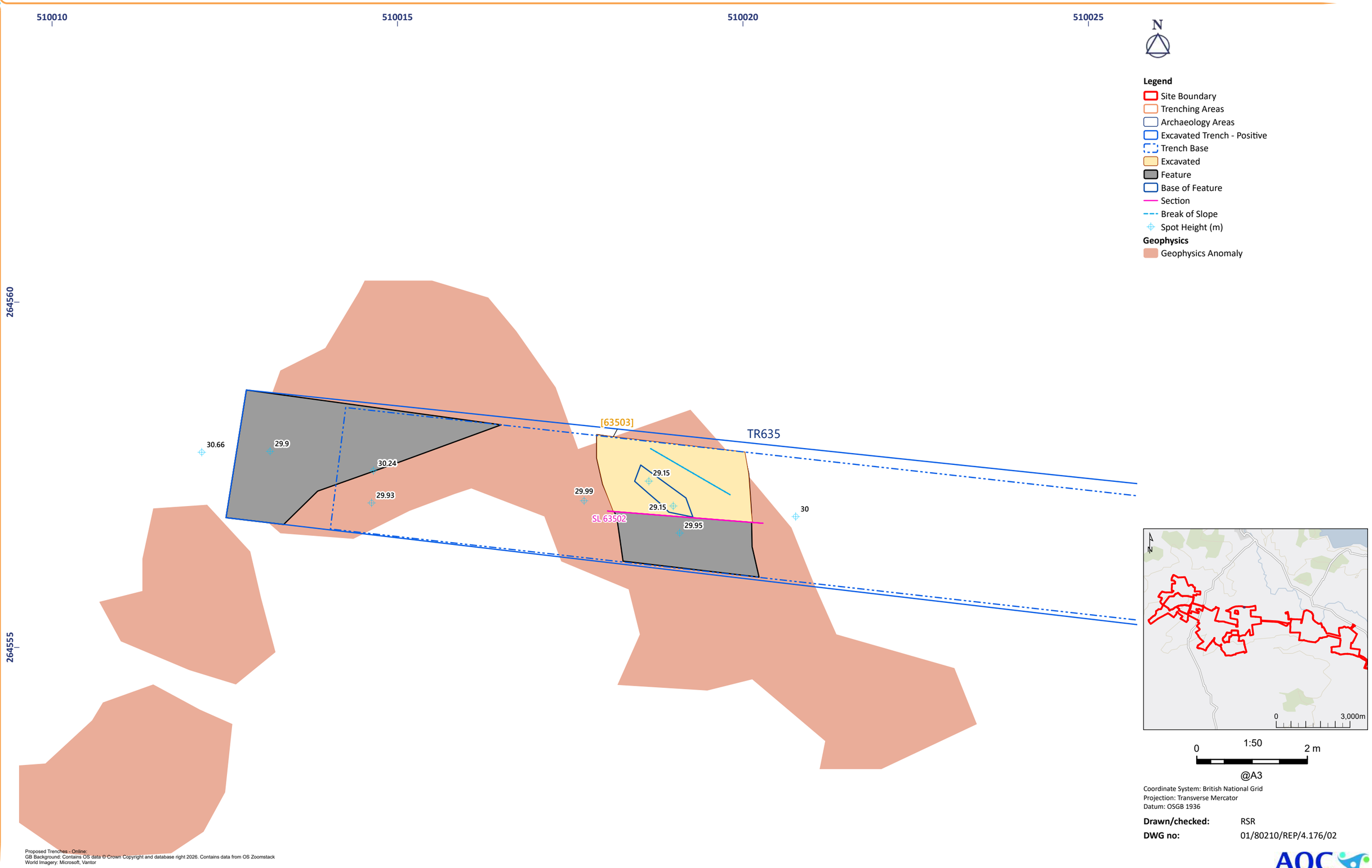


Figure 4.176: Trench 635 Excavated Features

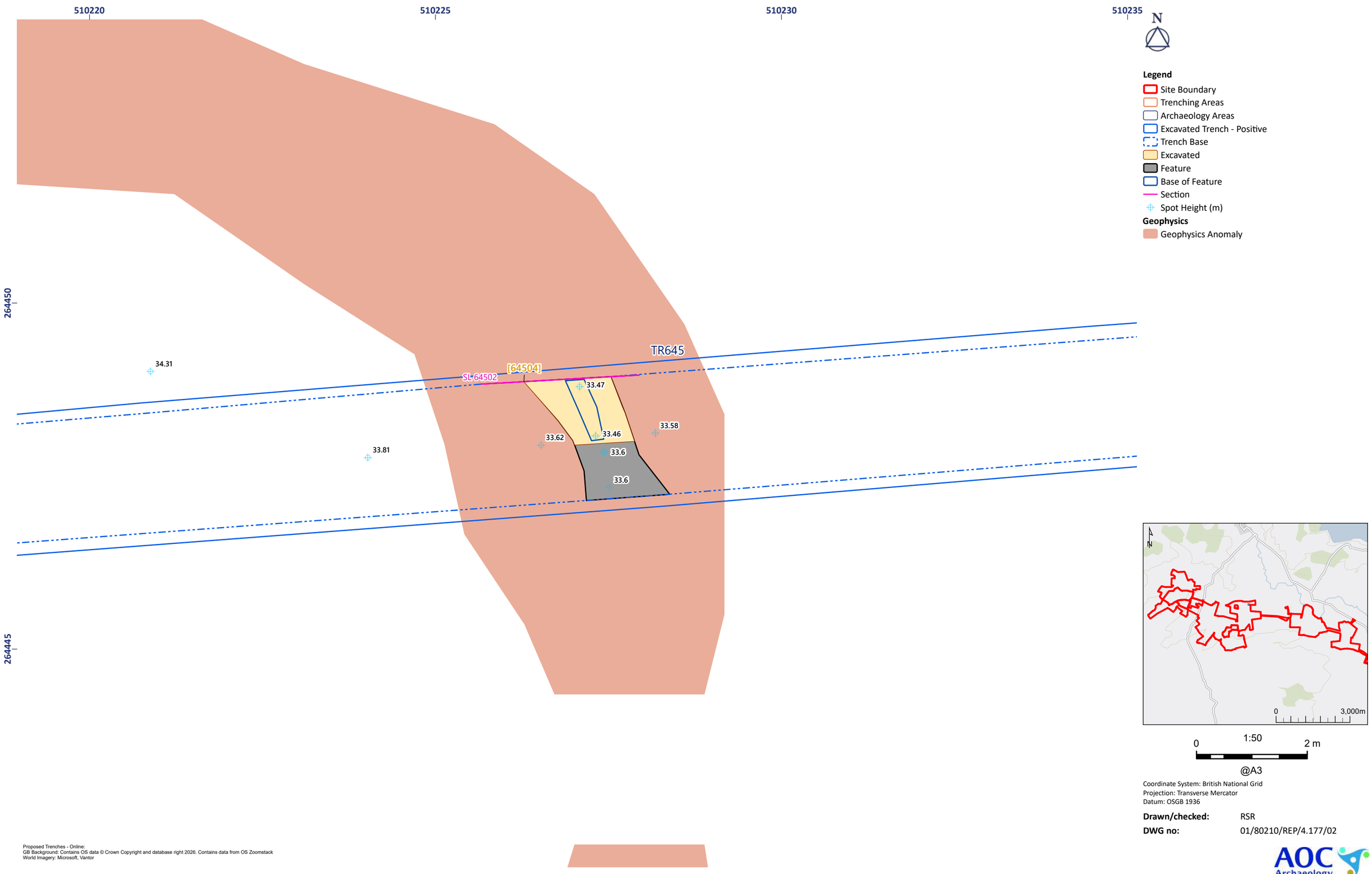


Figure 4.177: Trench 645 Excavated Features

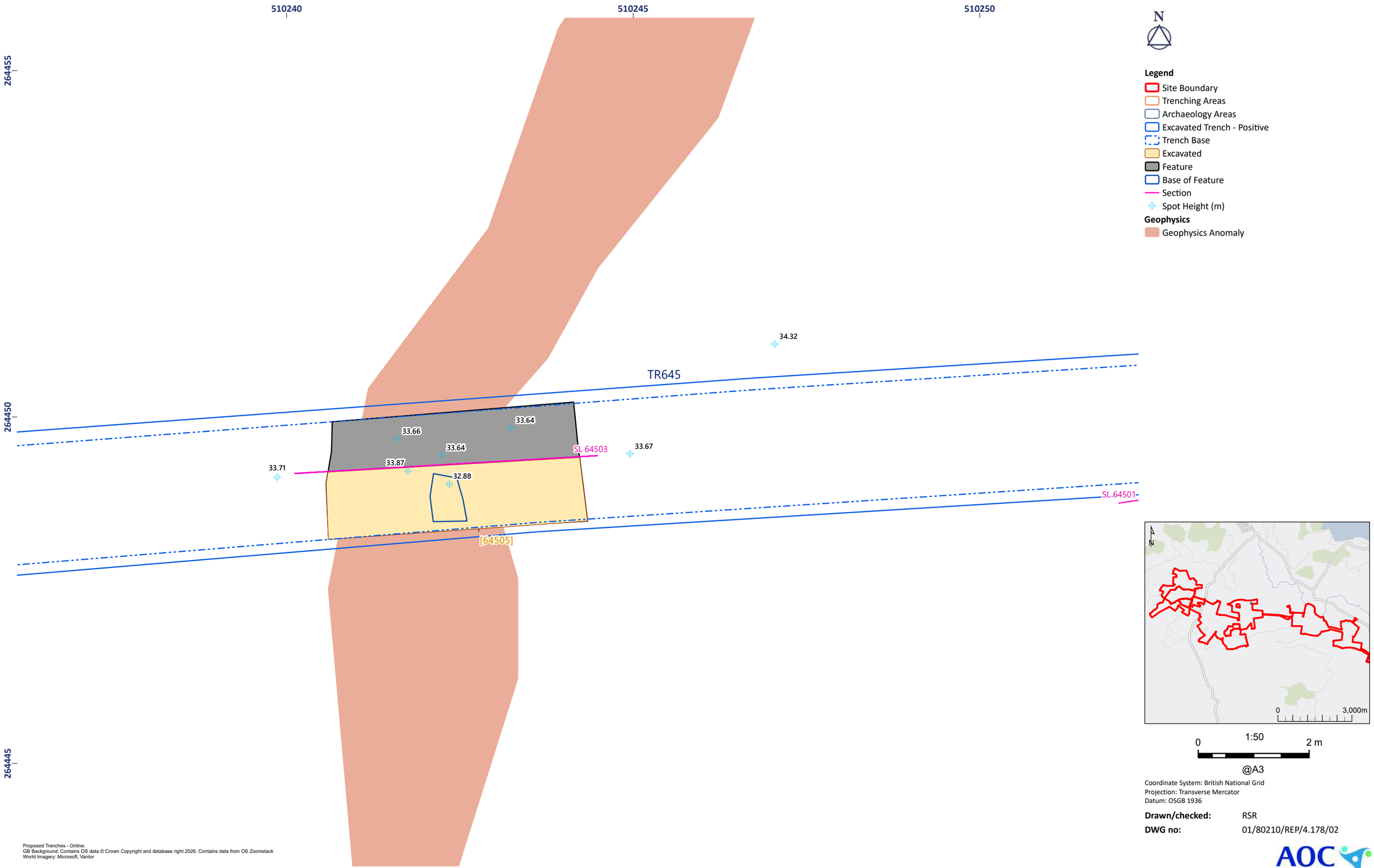
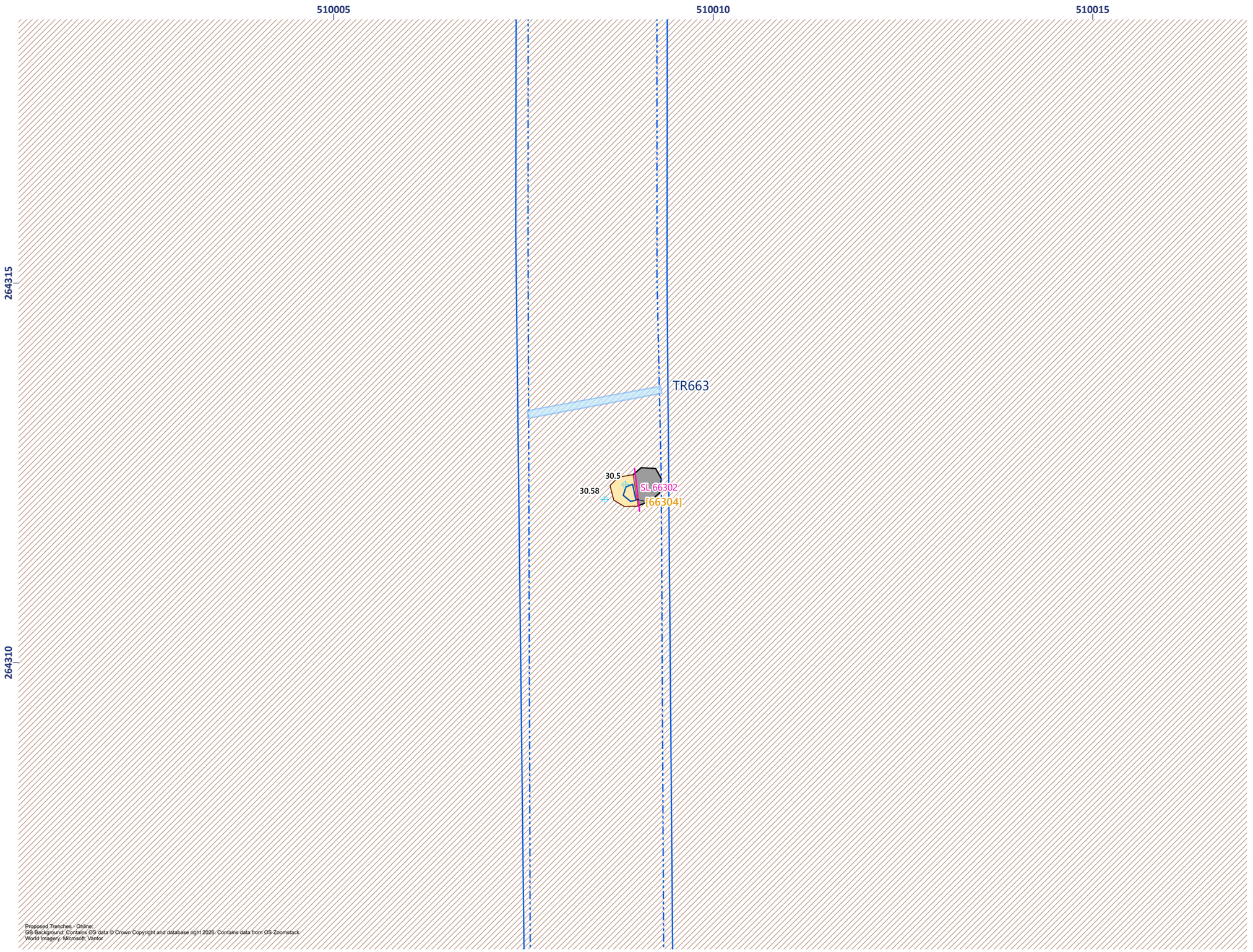
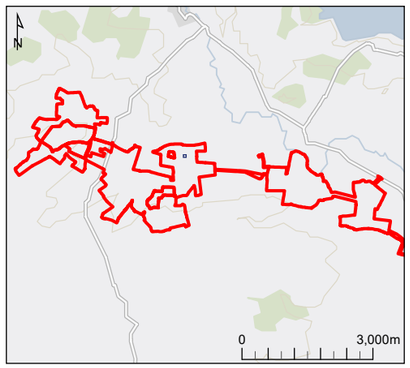


Figure 4.178: Trench 645 Excavated Features



Figure 4.179: Trench 662 Excavated Features





0 1:50 2 m

@A3

Coordinate System: British National Grid
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: OSGB 1936

Drawn/checked: RSR

DWG no: 01/80210/REP/4.180/02

Figure 4.180: Trench 663 Excavated Feature

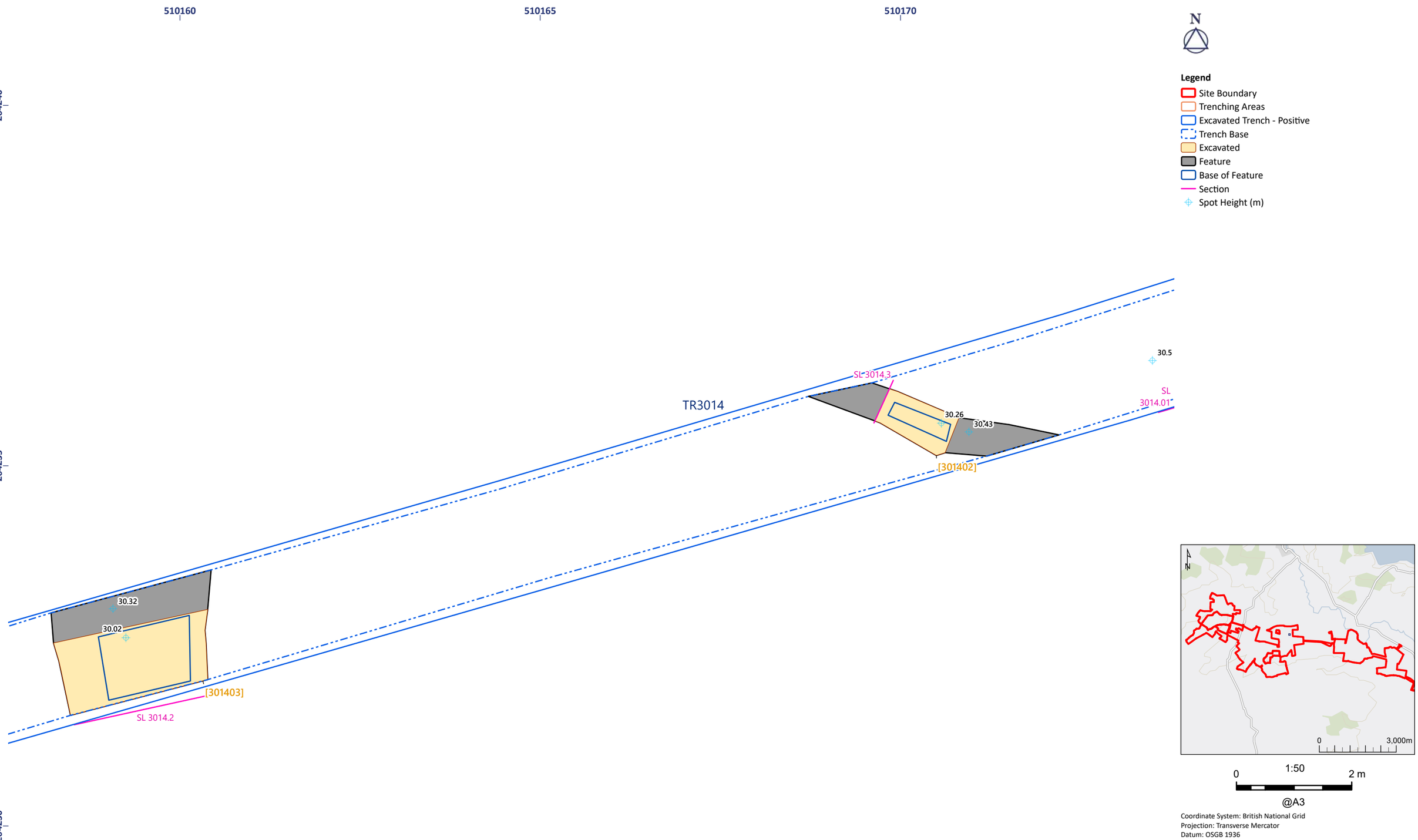


Figure 4.181: Trench 3014 Excavated Feature

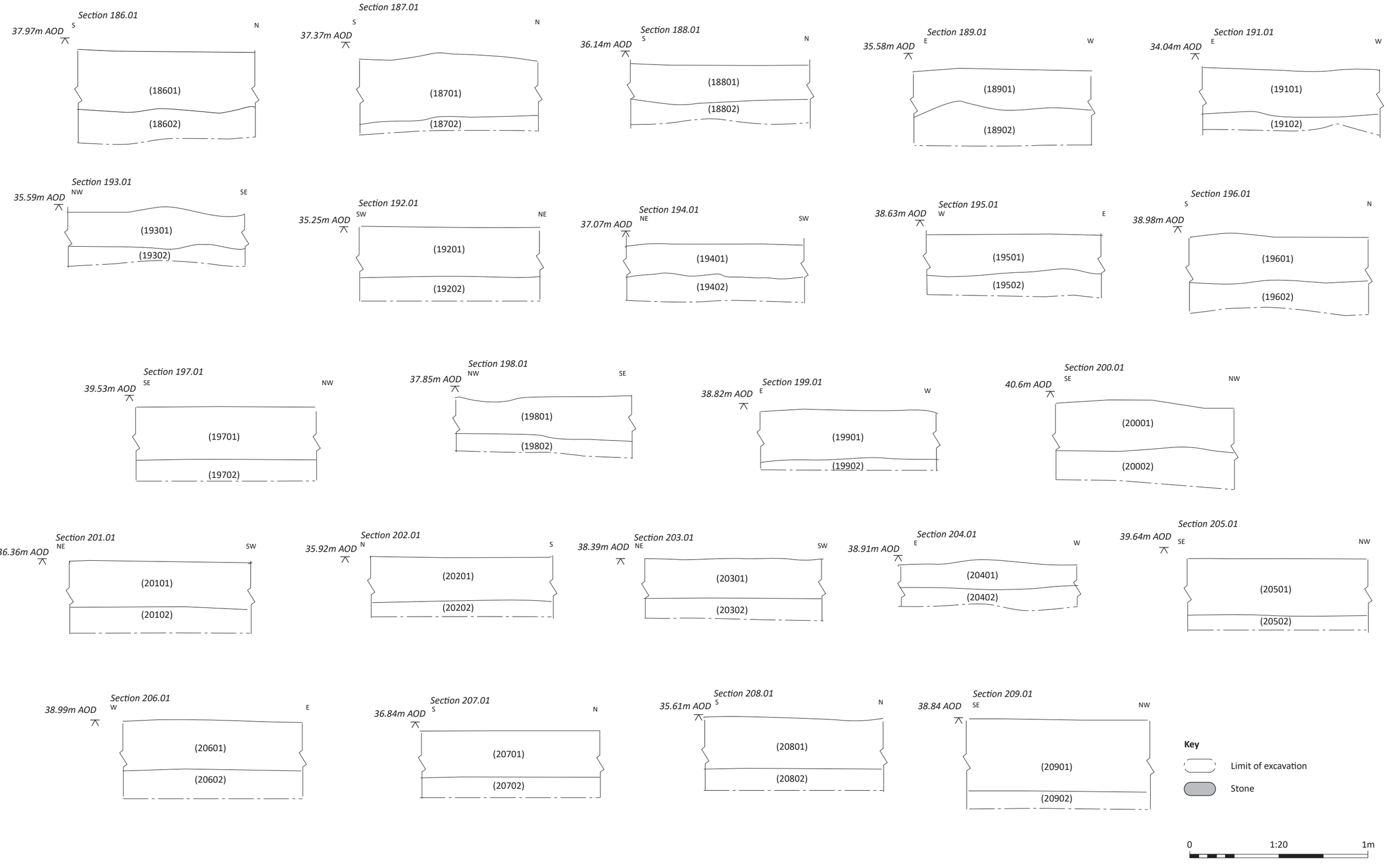


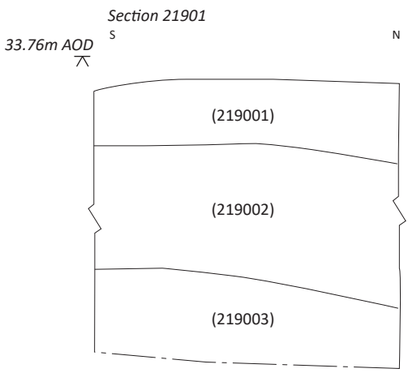
Figure 5.1: Area B01 Rep Sections

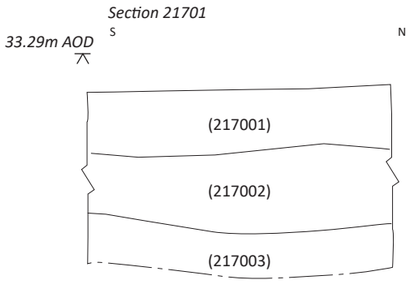
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

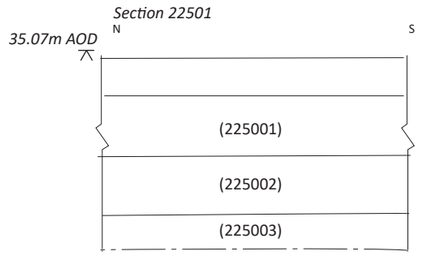


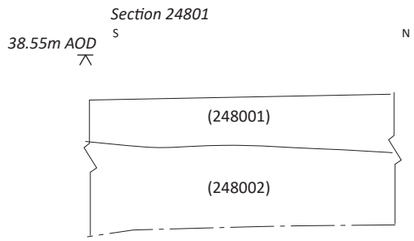
Figure 5.2: Area B02 Rep Sections

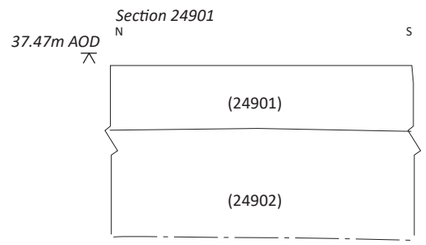
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

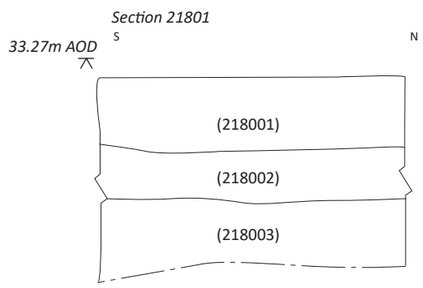


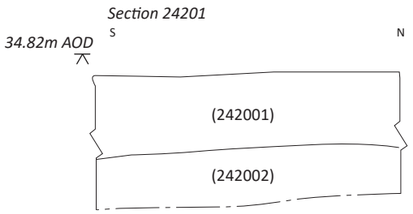


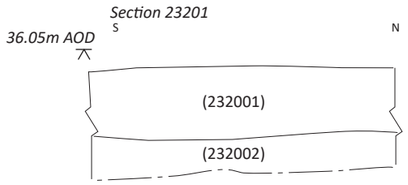


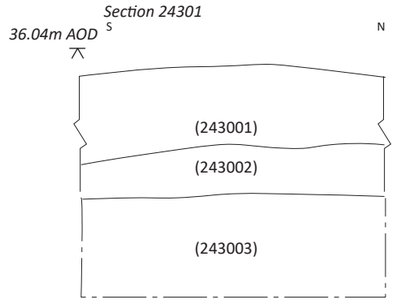


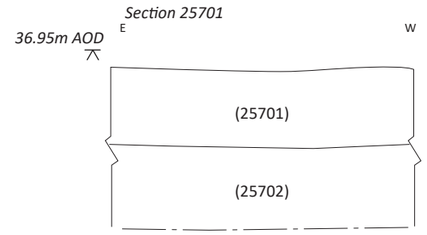


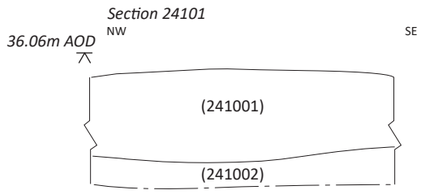


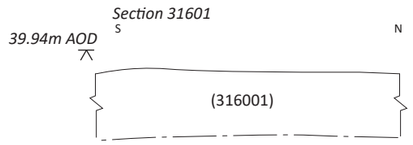


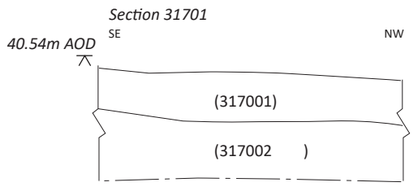


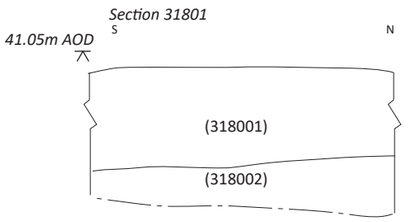


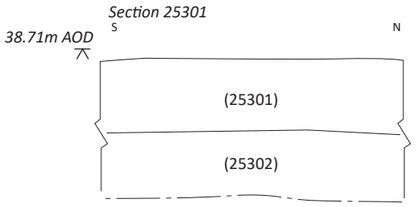


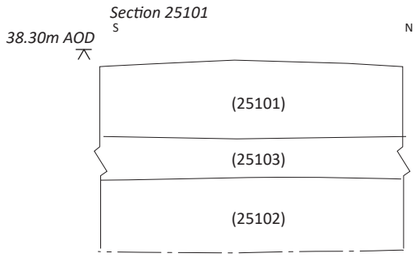


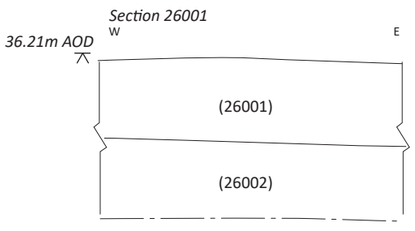


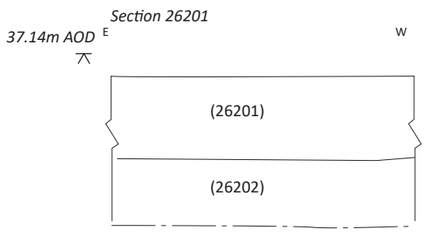


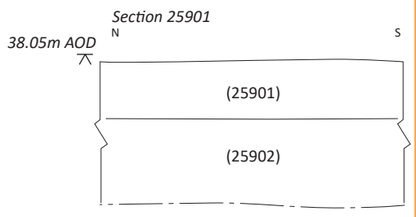


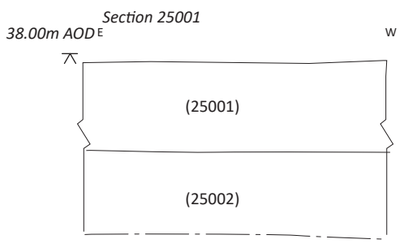


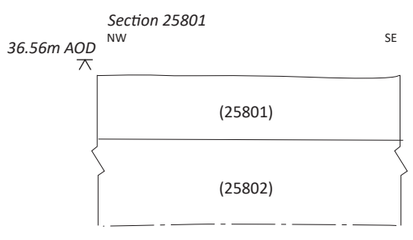


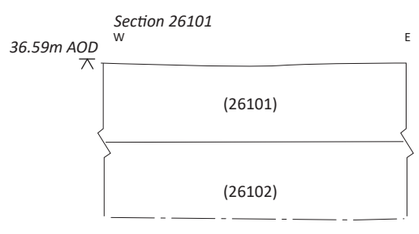












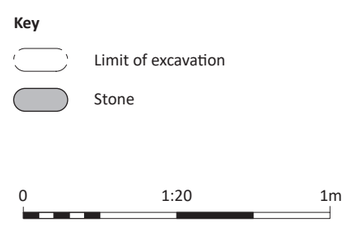
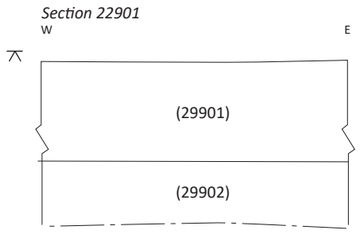
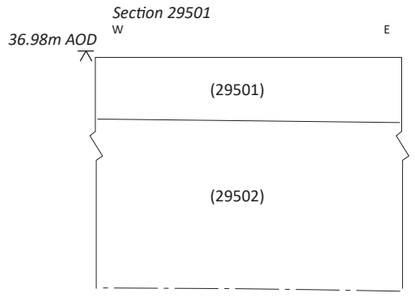
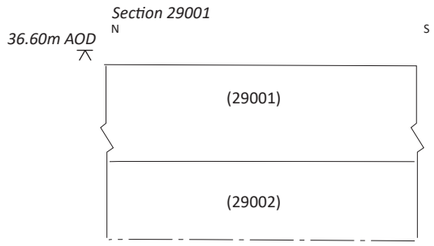


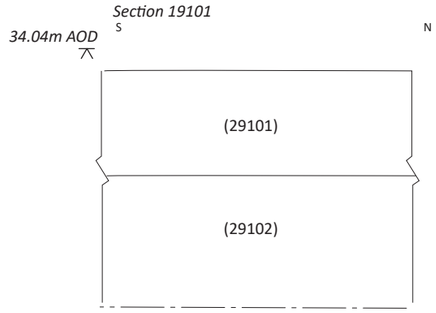
Figure 5.3 : Area B02 Rep Sections

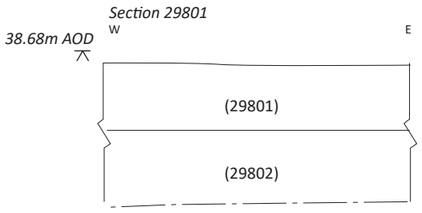
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

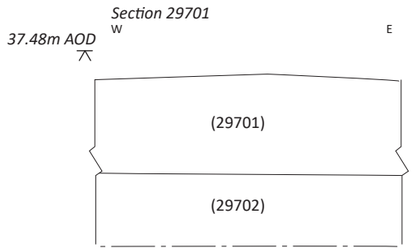


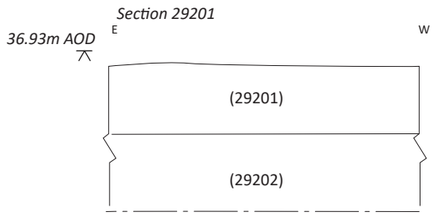


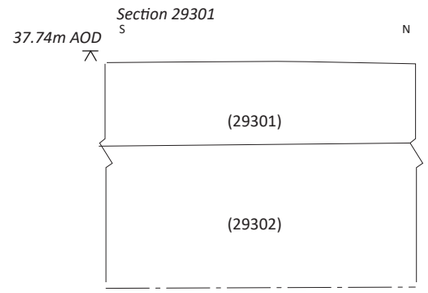


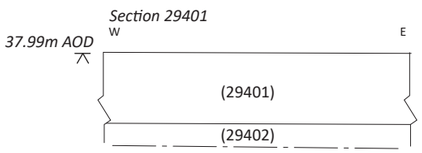


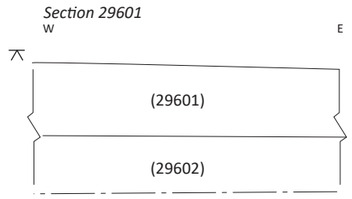


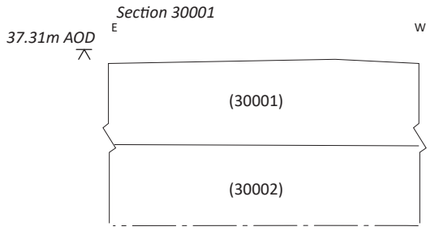












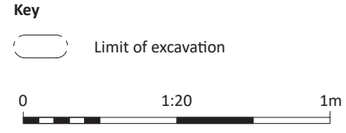
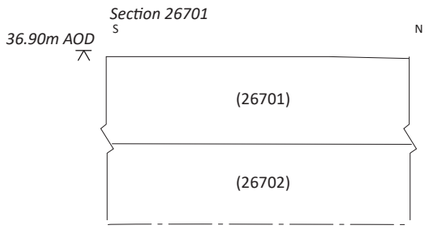
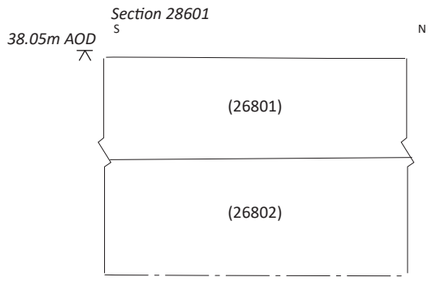


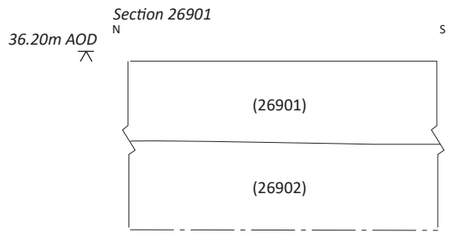
Figure 5.4: Area B 03 Rep Sections

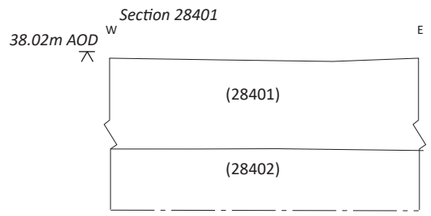
01/80210/REP/5.4/01

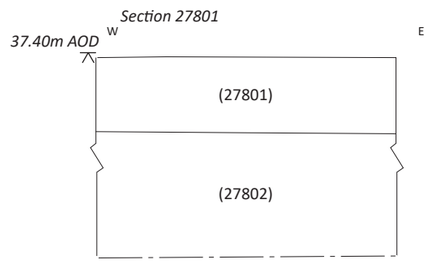
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

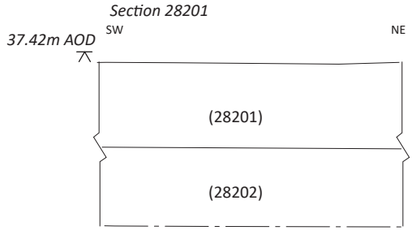


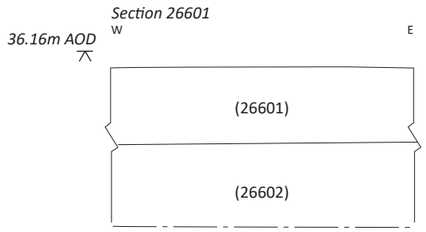


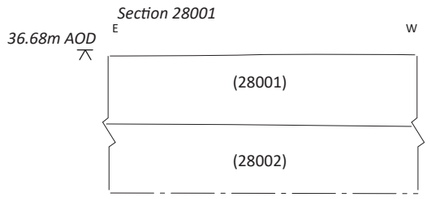


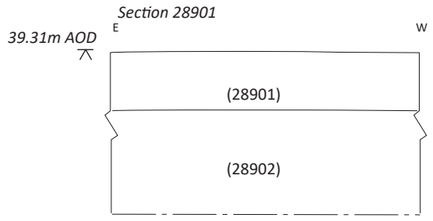


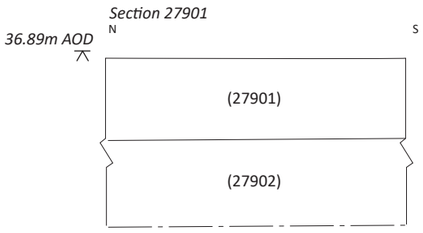


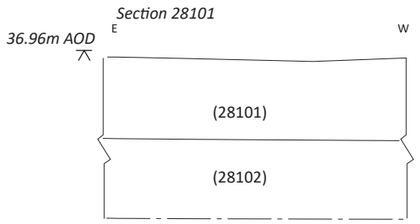


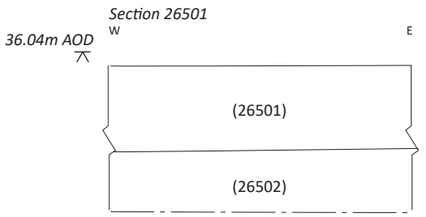


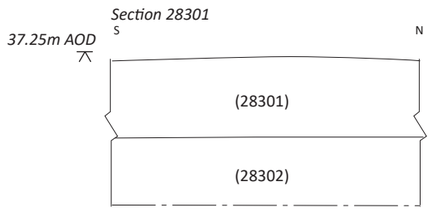


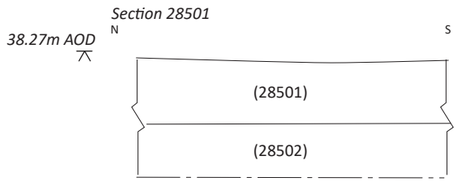


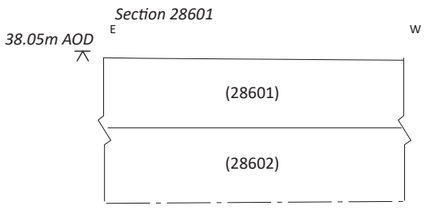


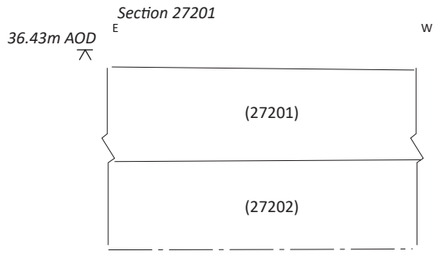


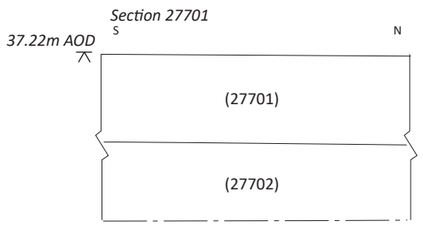


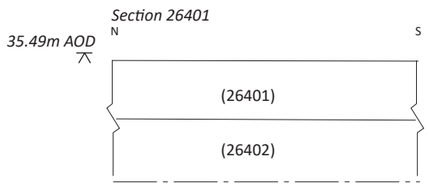


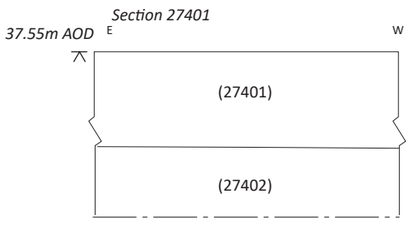


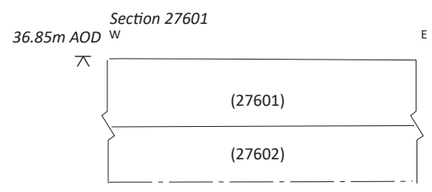


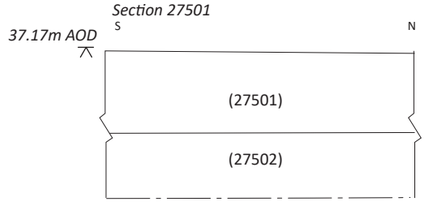


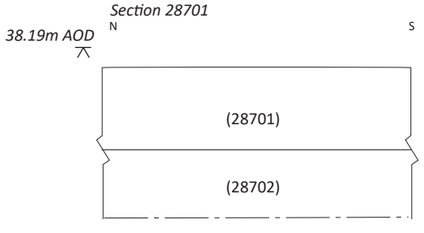


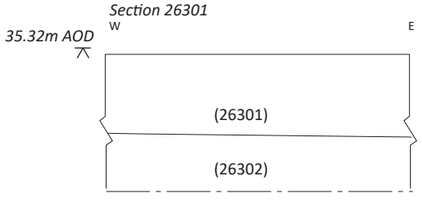


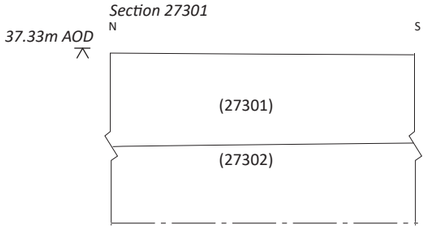


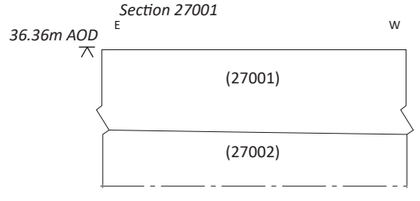


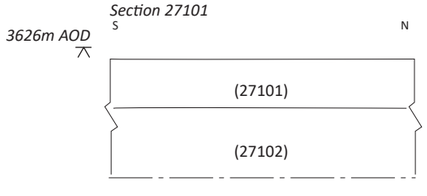


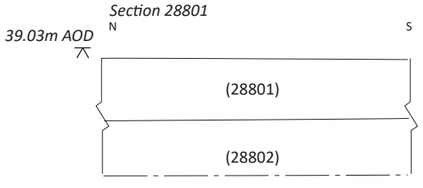












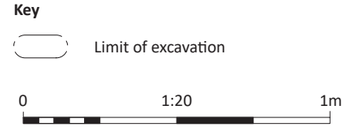
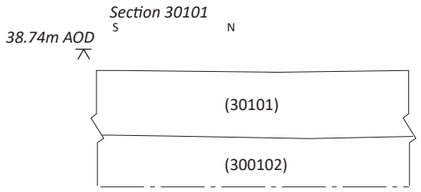
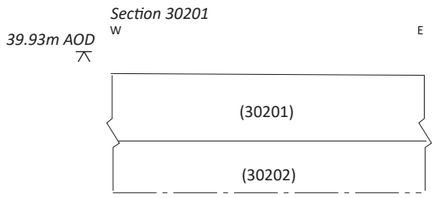
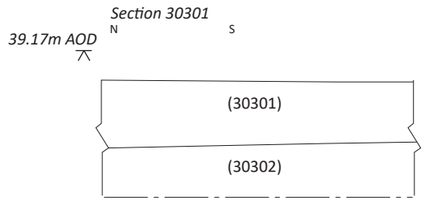


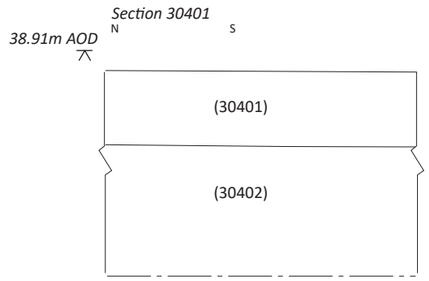
Figure 5.5 : Area B 04 Rep Sections

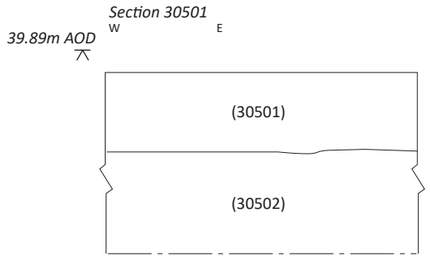
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

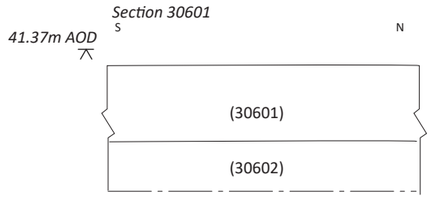


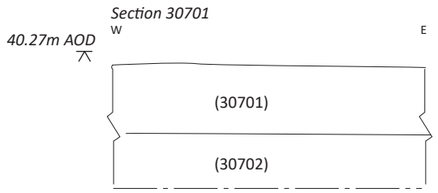


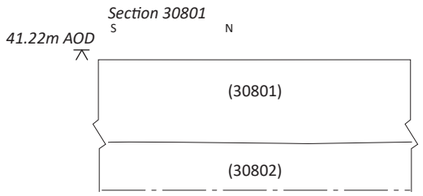


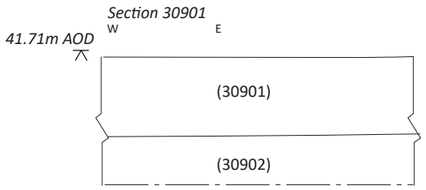


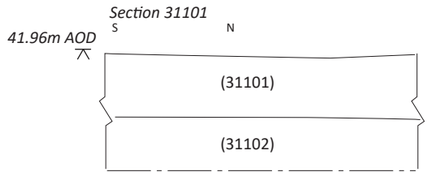


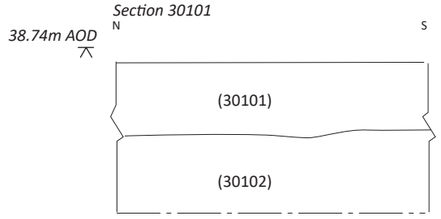












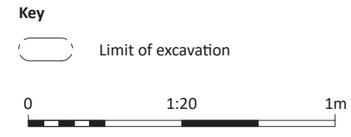
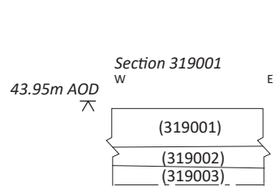
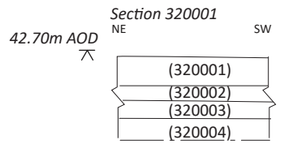
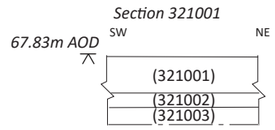


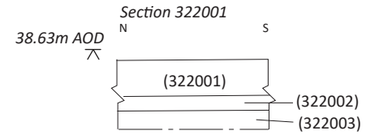
Figure 5.6 : Area B 05 Rep Sections

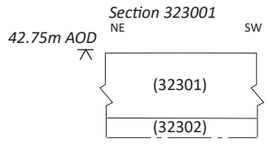
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

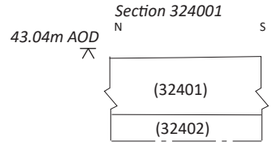


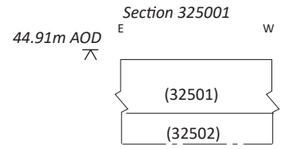


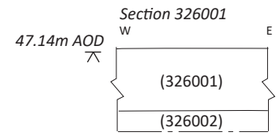












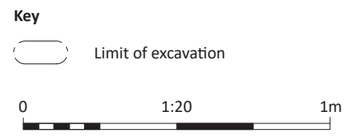


Figure 5.7 : Area B 07 Rep Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

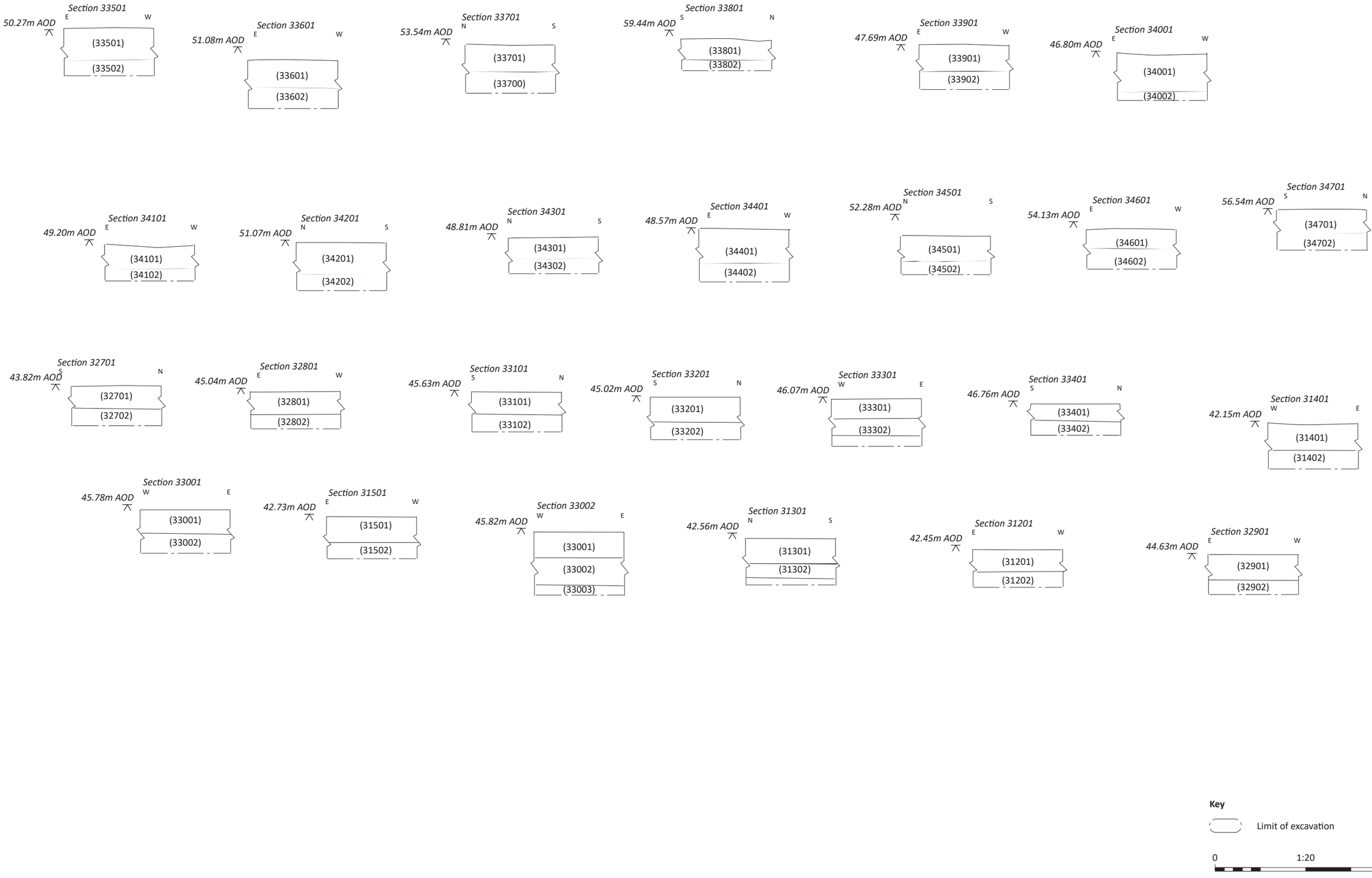


Figure 5.8: Areas B08-10 Rep Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

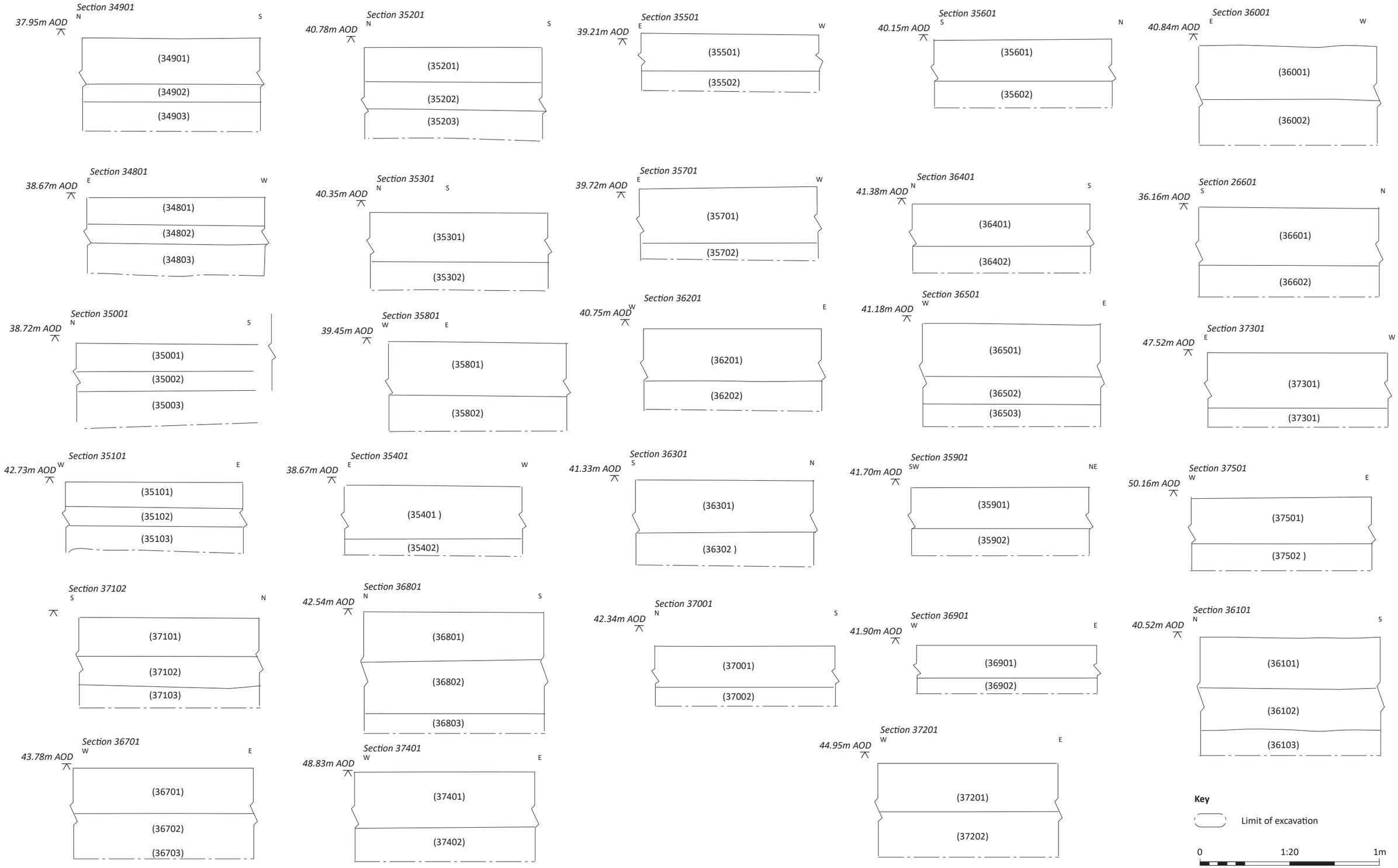


Figure 5.9: Areas B011 Rep Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

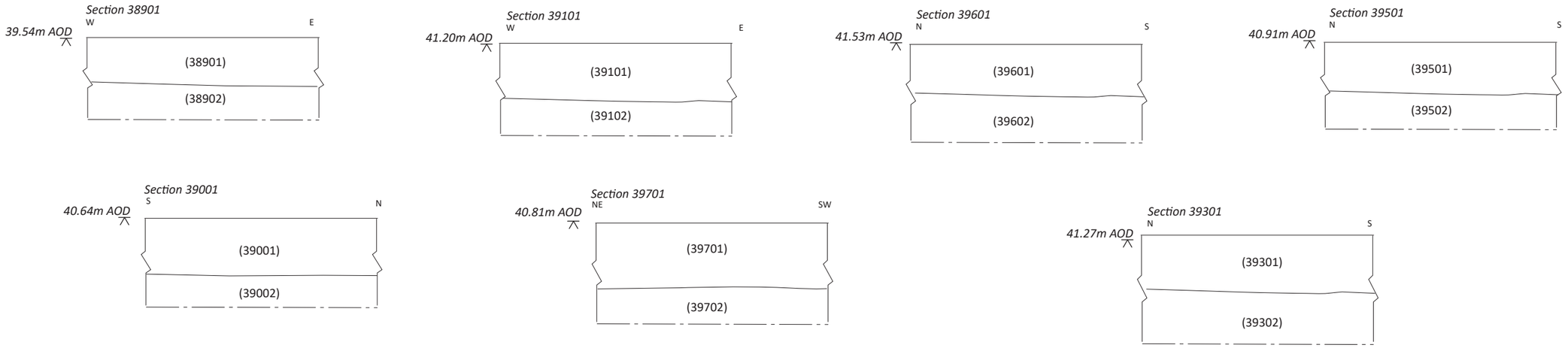


Figure 5.10: Area B012 Rep Sections

01/80210/REP/5.10/01

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

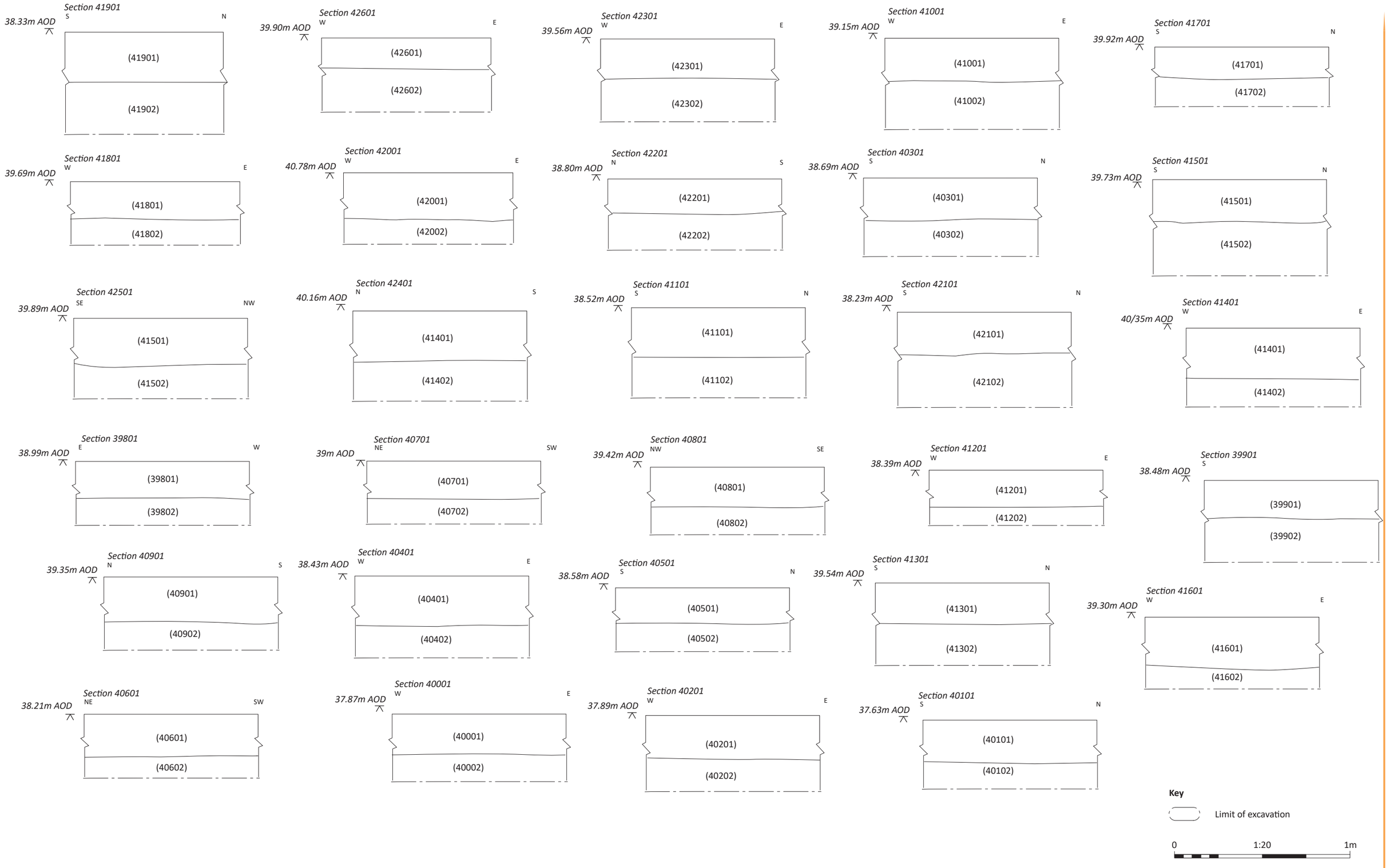


Figure 5.11: Area B013 Rep Sections

01/80210/REP/5.11/01

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

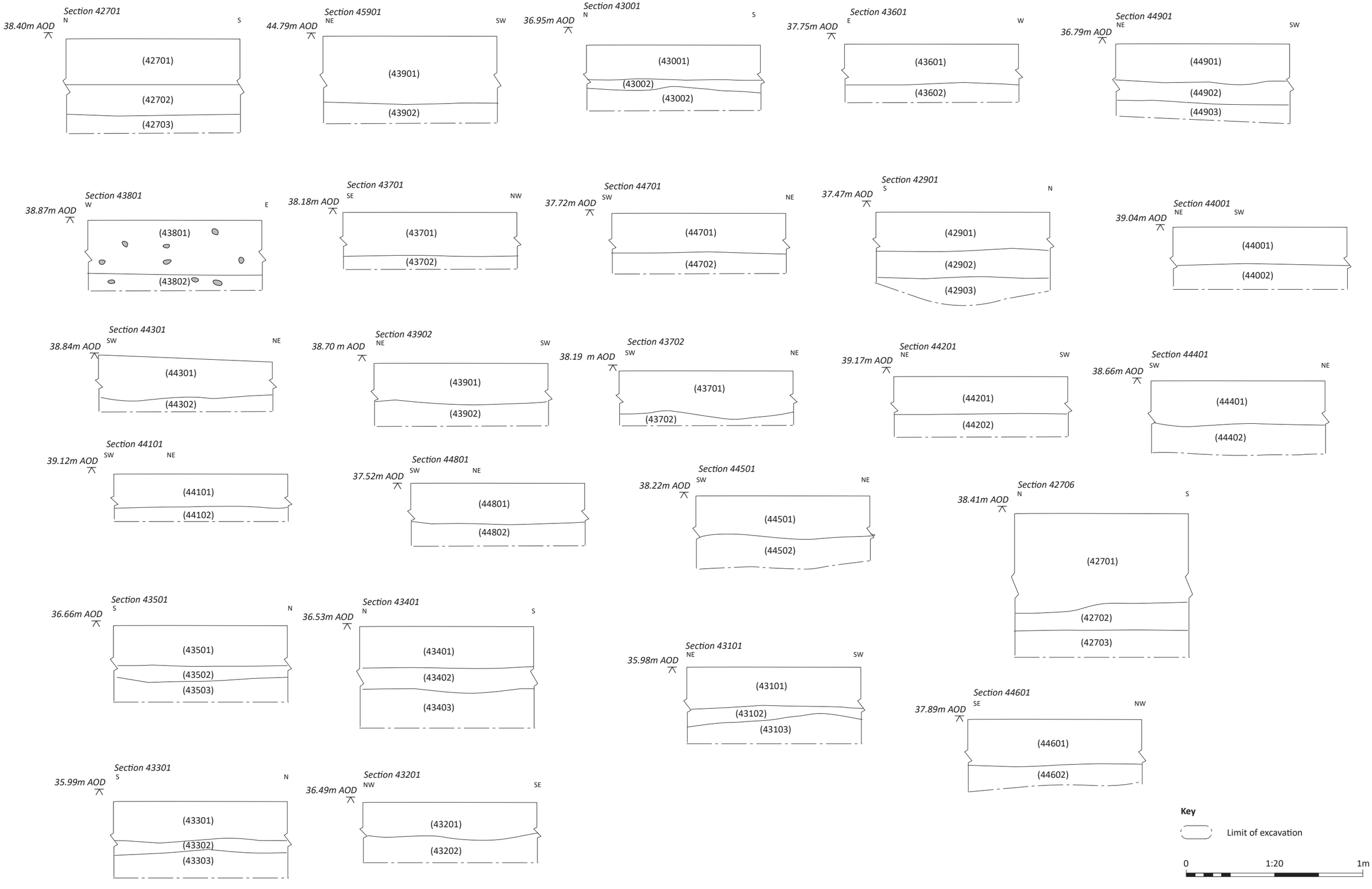


Figure 5.12: Area B014 Rep Sections

01/80210/REP/5.12/01

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

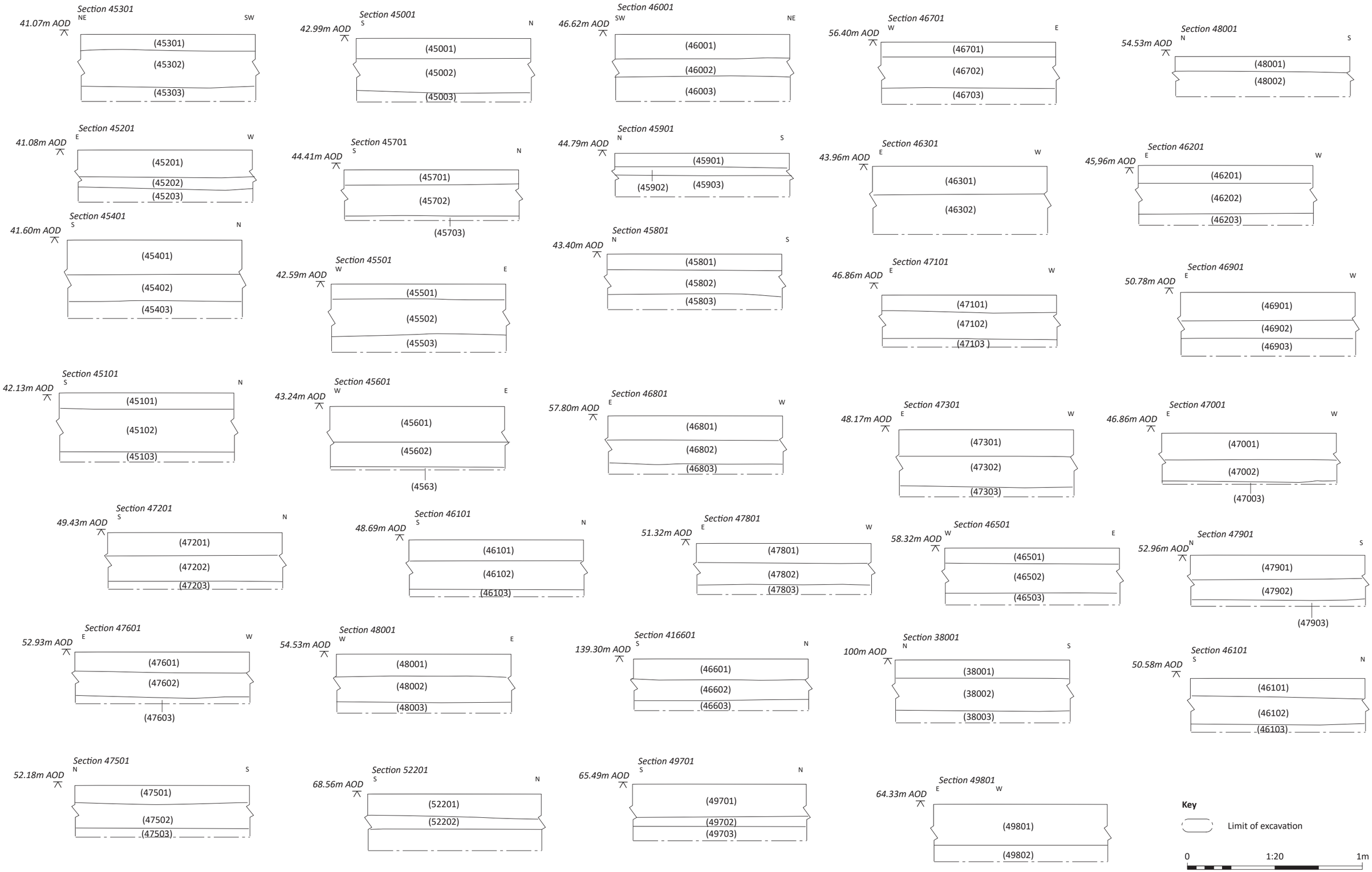


Figure 5.13: Area B015-20 Rep Sections

01/80210/REP/5.13/01

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

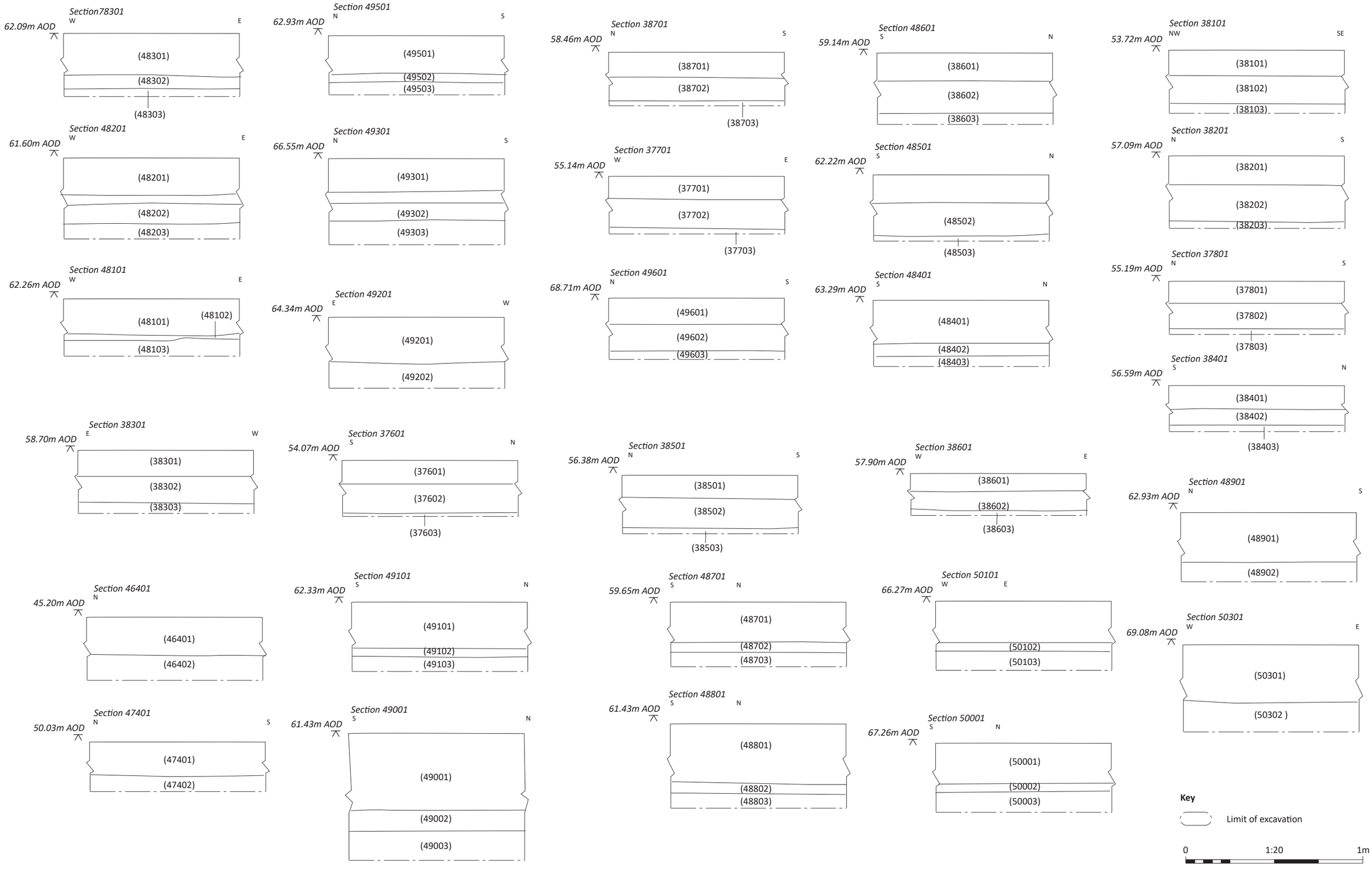


Figure 5.14: Area B015-20 Rep Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com



Figure 5.15: Area B015-20 Rep Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

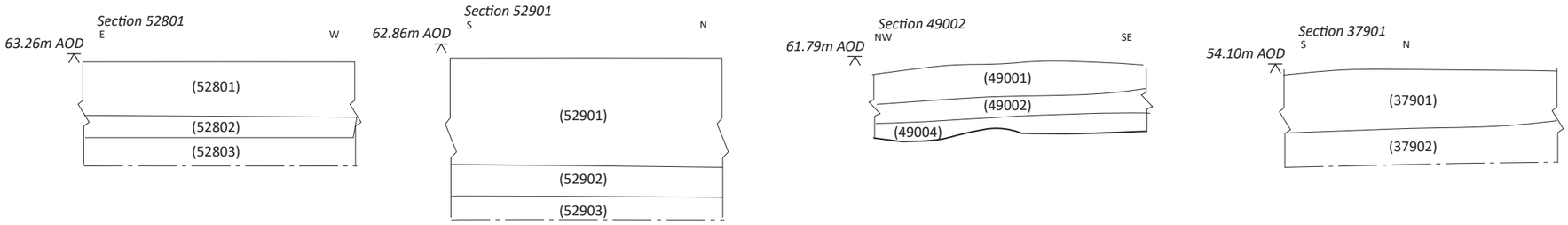


Figure 5.16: Area B015-20 Rep Sections

01/80210/REP/5.16/01

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

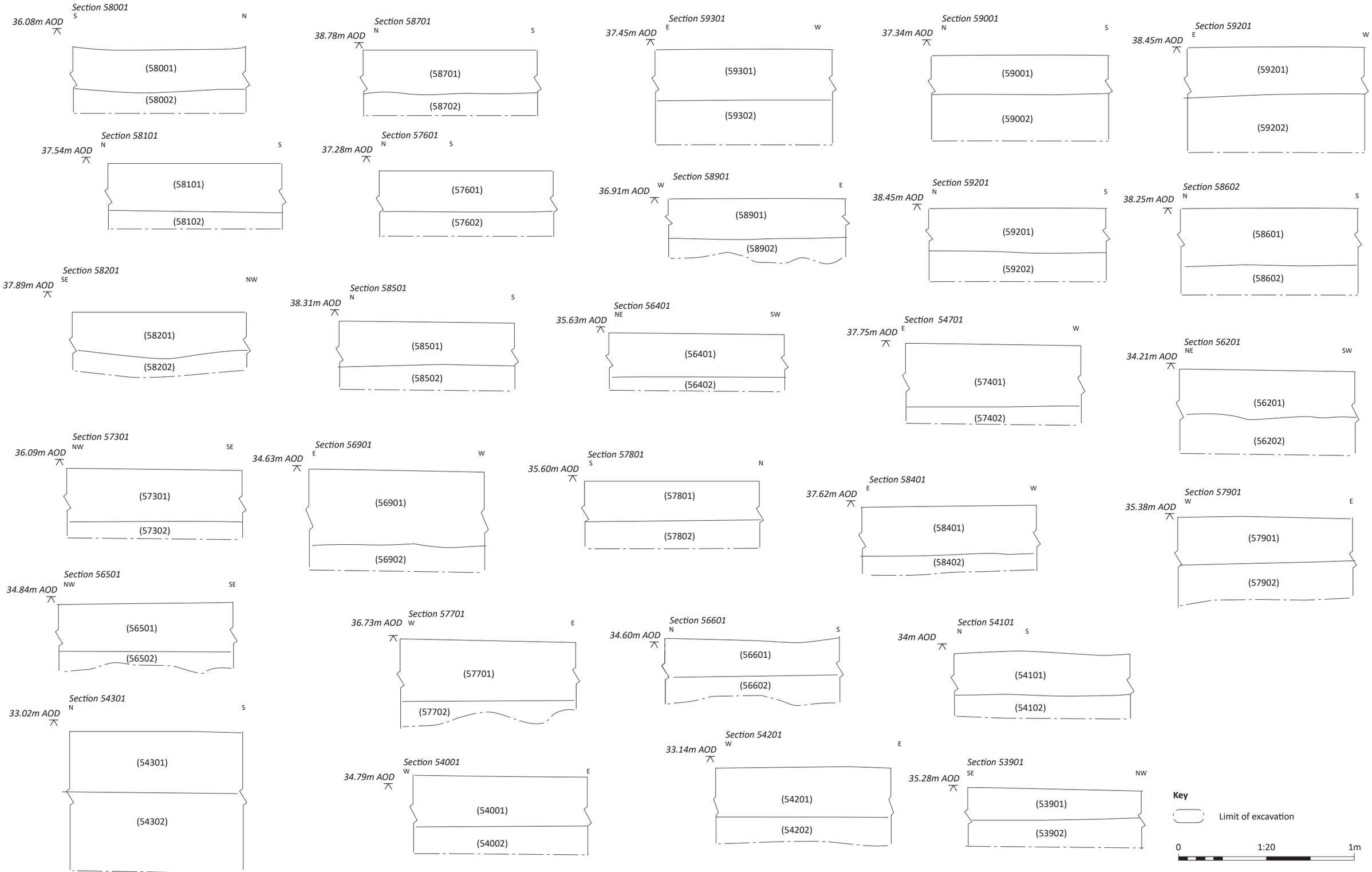


Figure 5.17: Area B021-25 Rep Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

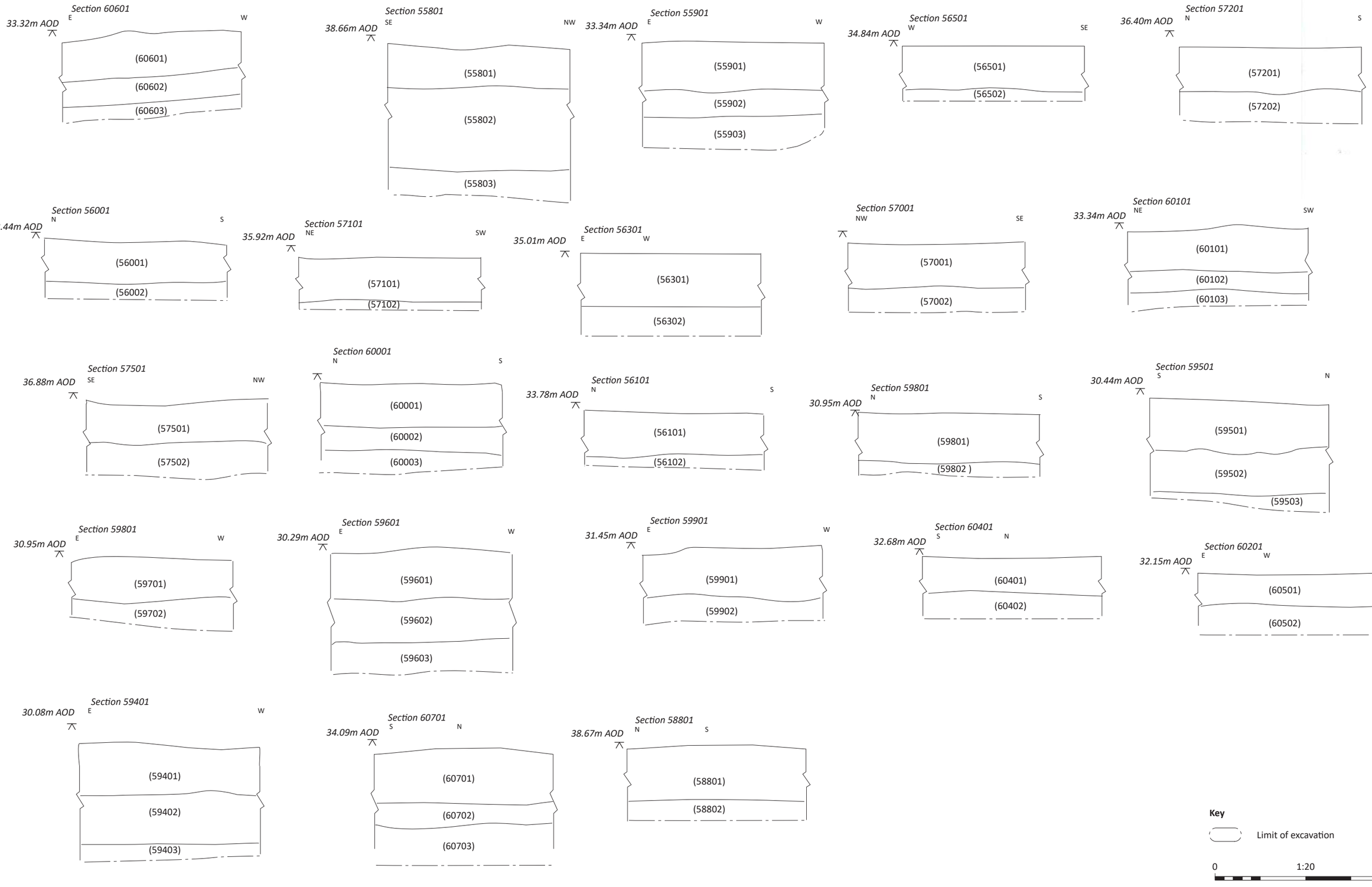
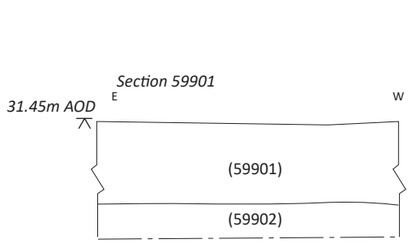
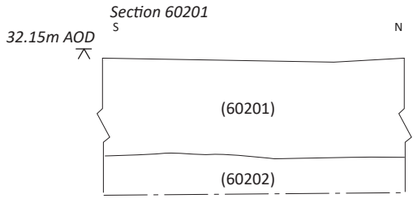


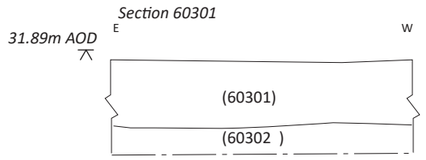
Figure 5.18: Area B015-20 Rep Sections

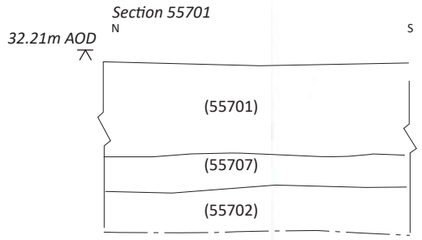
01/80210/REP/5.18/01

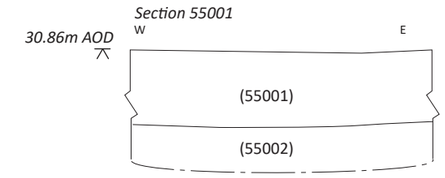
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

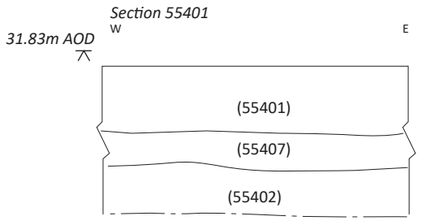


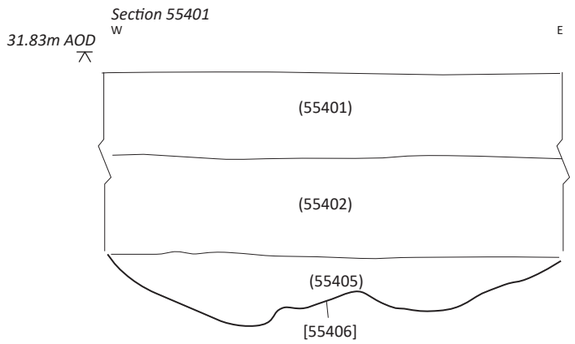


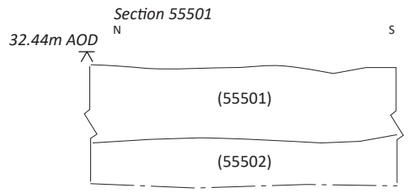


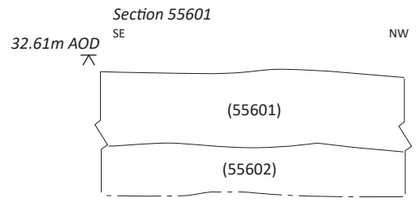


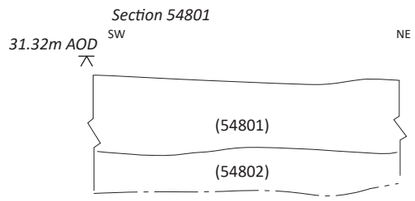


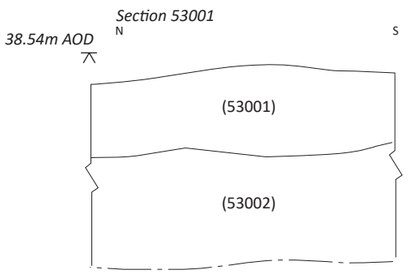


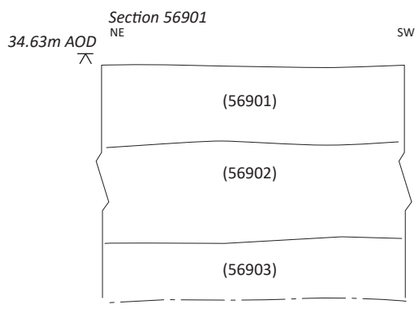


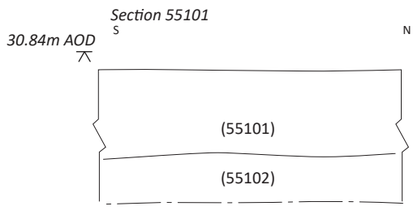


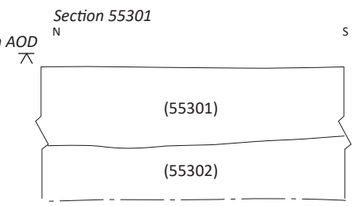


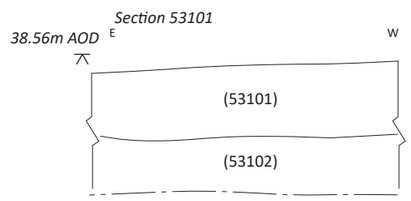


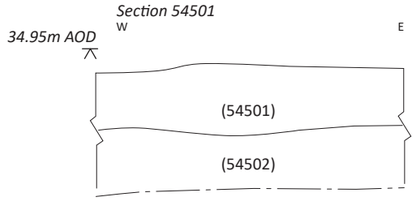


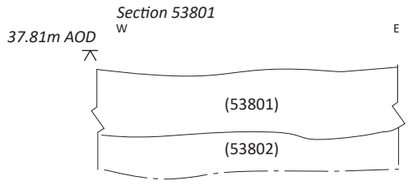


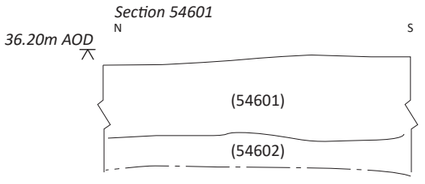


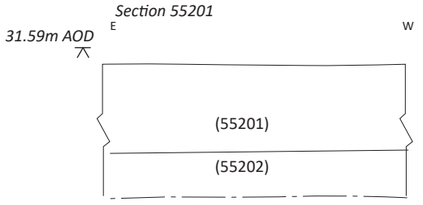


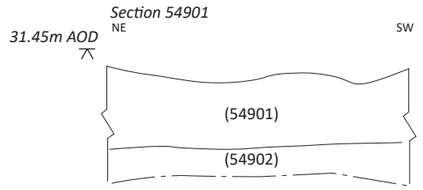


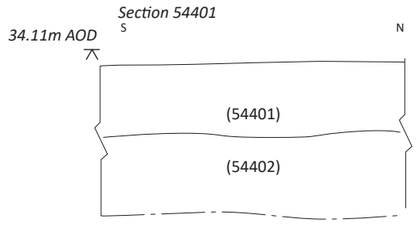


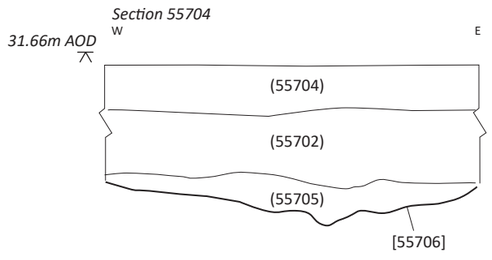


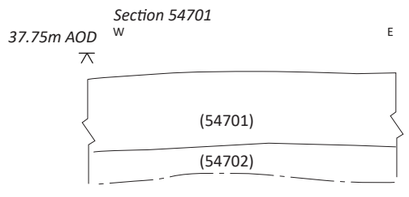












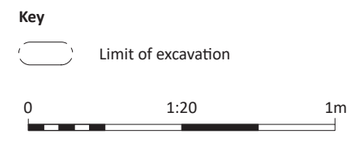


Figure 5.19: Area B015-20 Rep Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

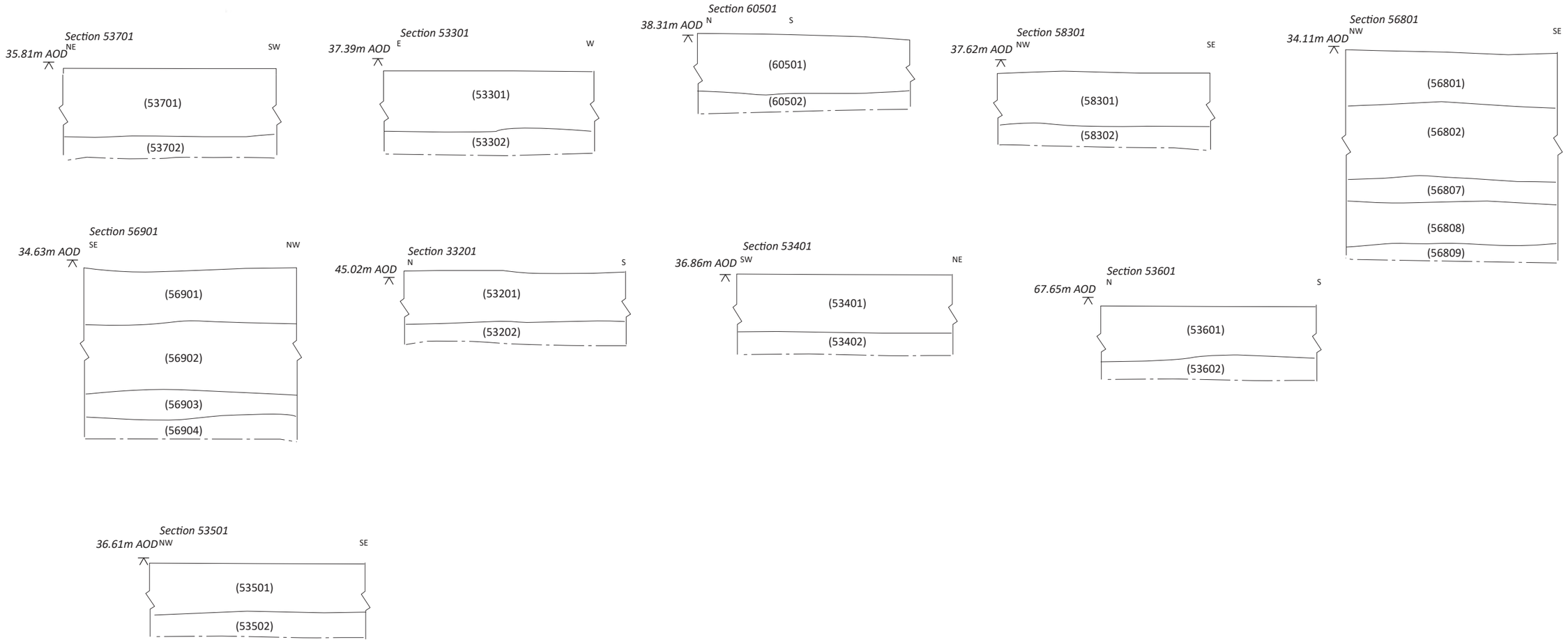
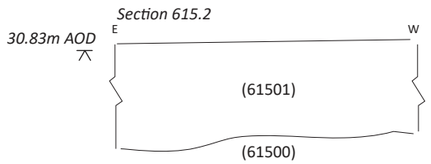
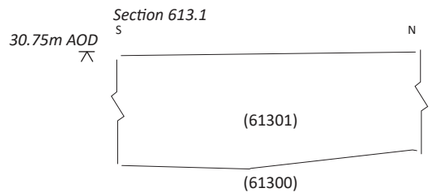


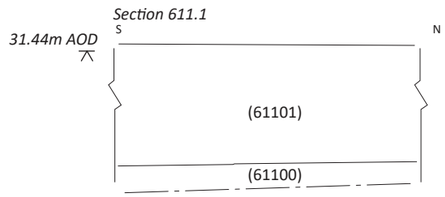
Figure 5.20: Area B015-20 Rep Sections

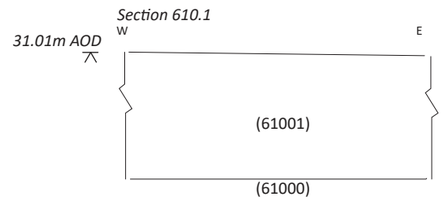
01/80210/REP/5.20/01

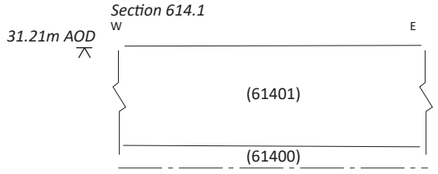
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

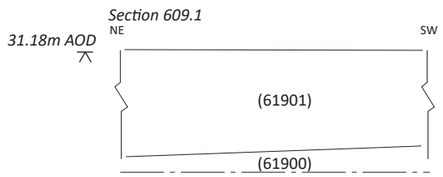


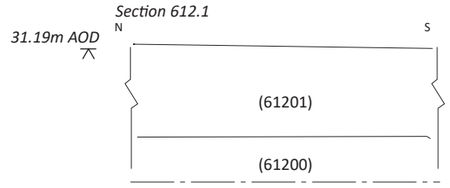












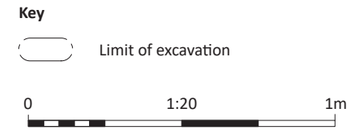
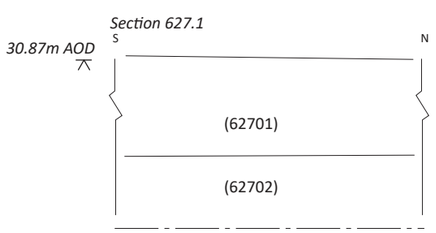
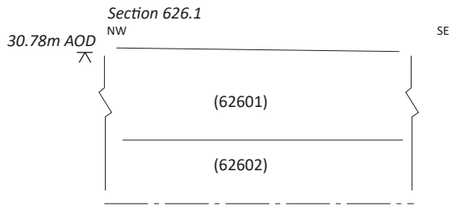


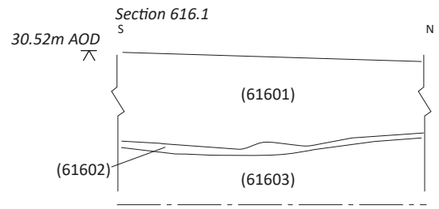
Figure 5.21: Area B026 Rep Sections

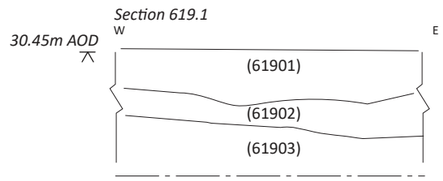
01/80210/REP/5.21/01

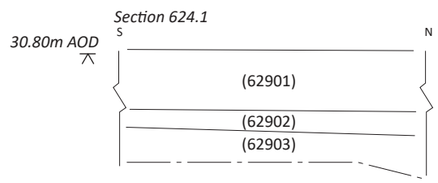
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

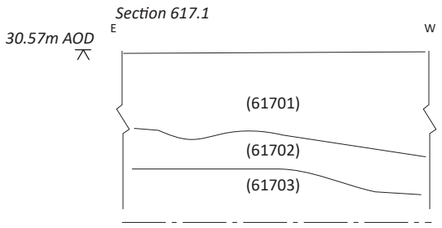


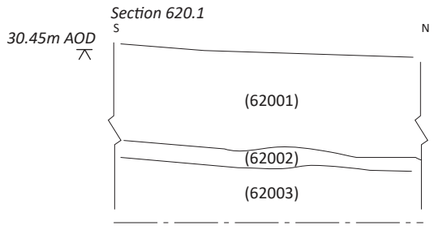


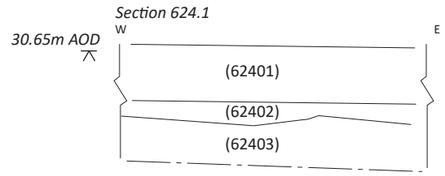


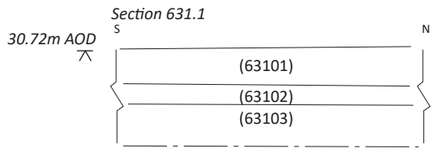


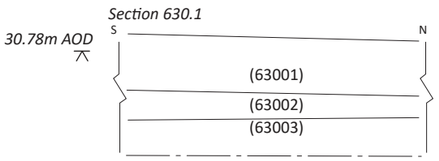


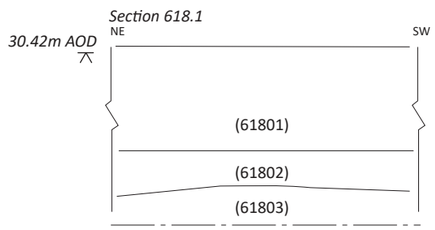


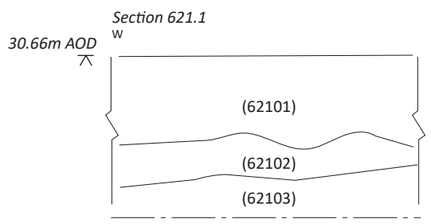


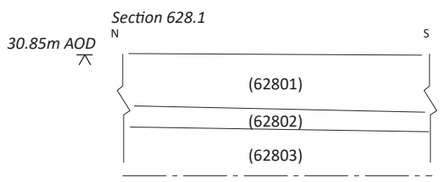


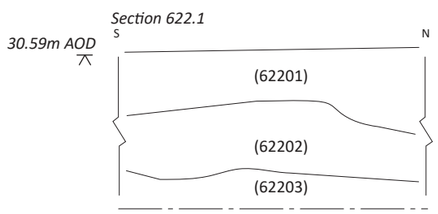


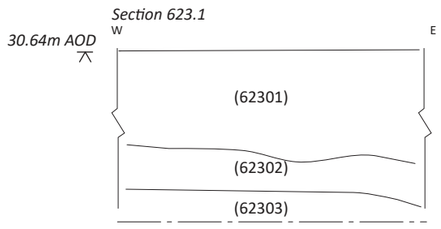


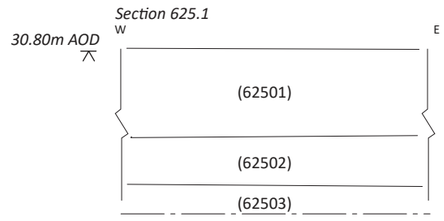












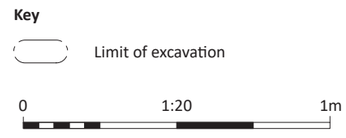
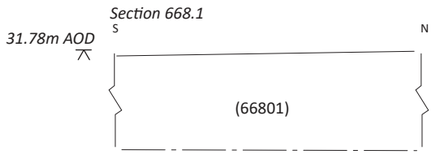
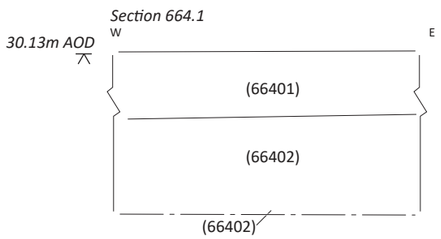


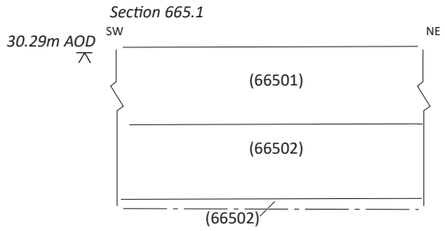
Figure 5.22: Area B027 Rep Sections

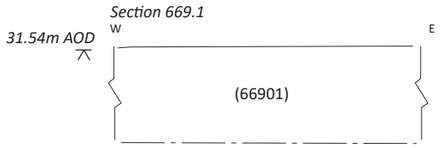
01/80210/REP/5.22/01

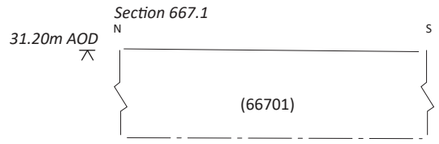
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

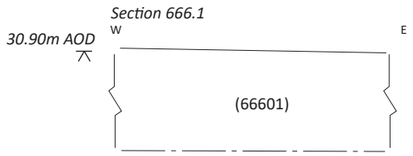


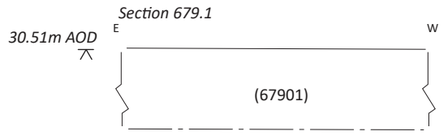


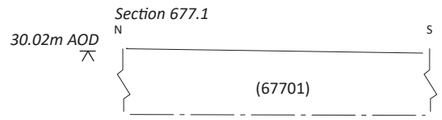


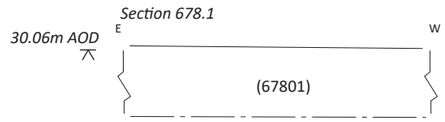


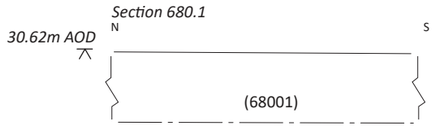


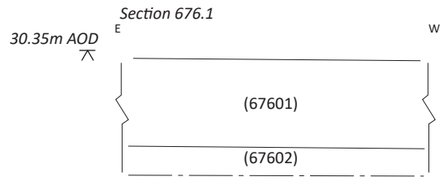


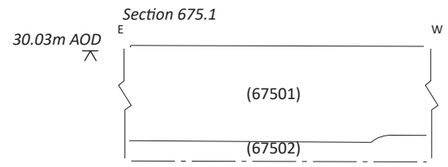


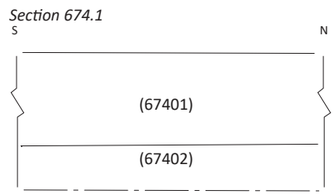


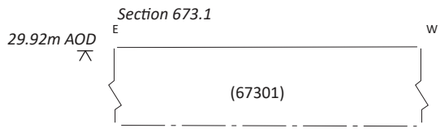


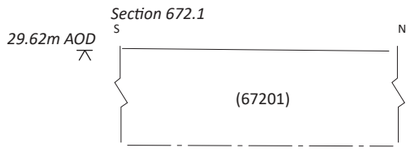


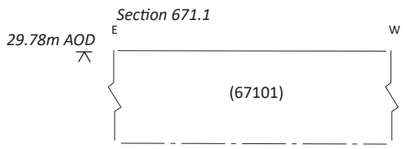












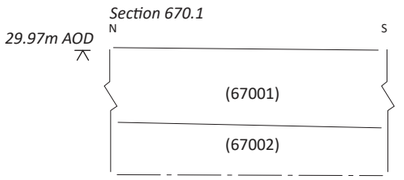


Figure 5.23 Area B0 30-31 REP Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

Area B25

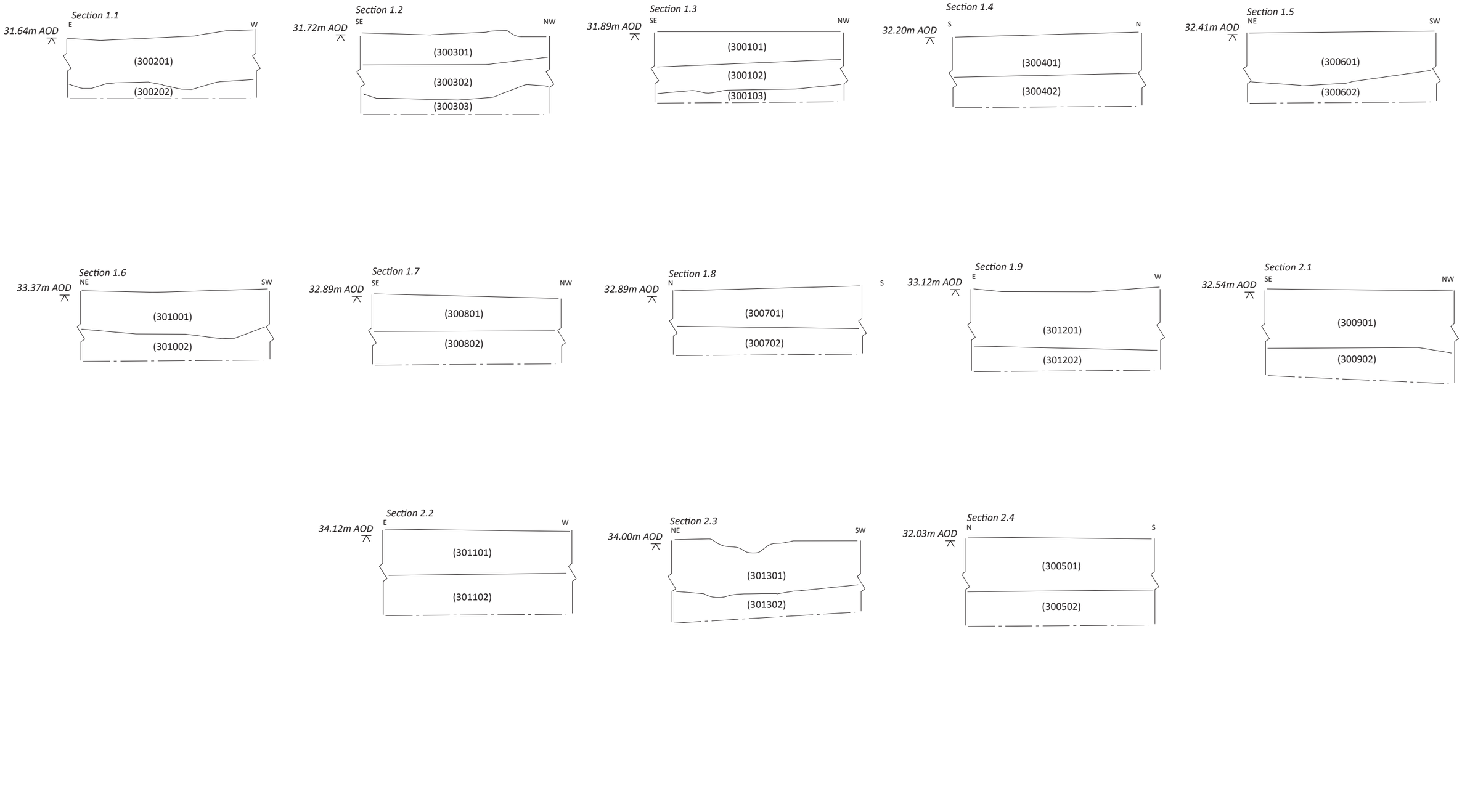


Figure 5.24: Area B25 Rep Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2026 | www.aocarchaeology.com

Area B28

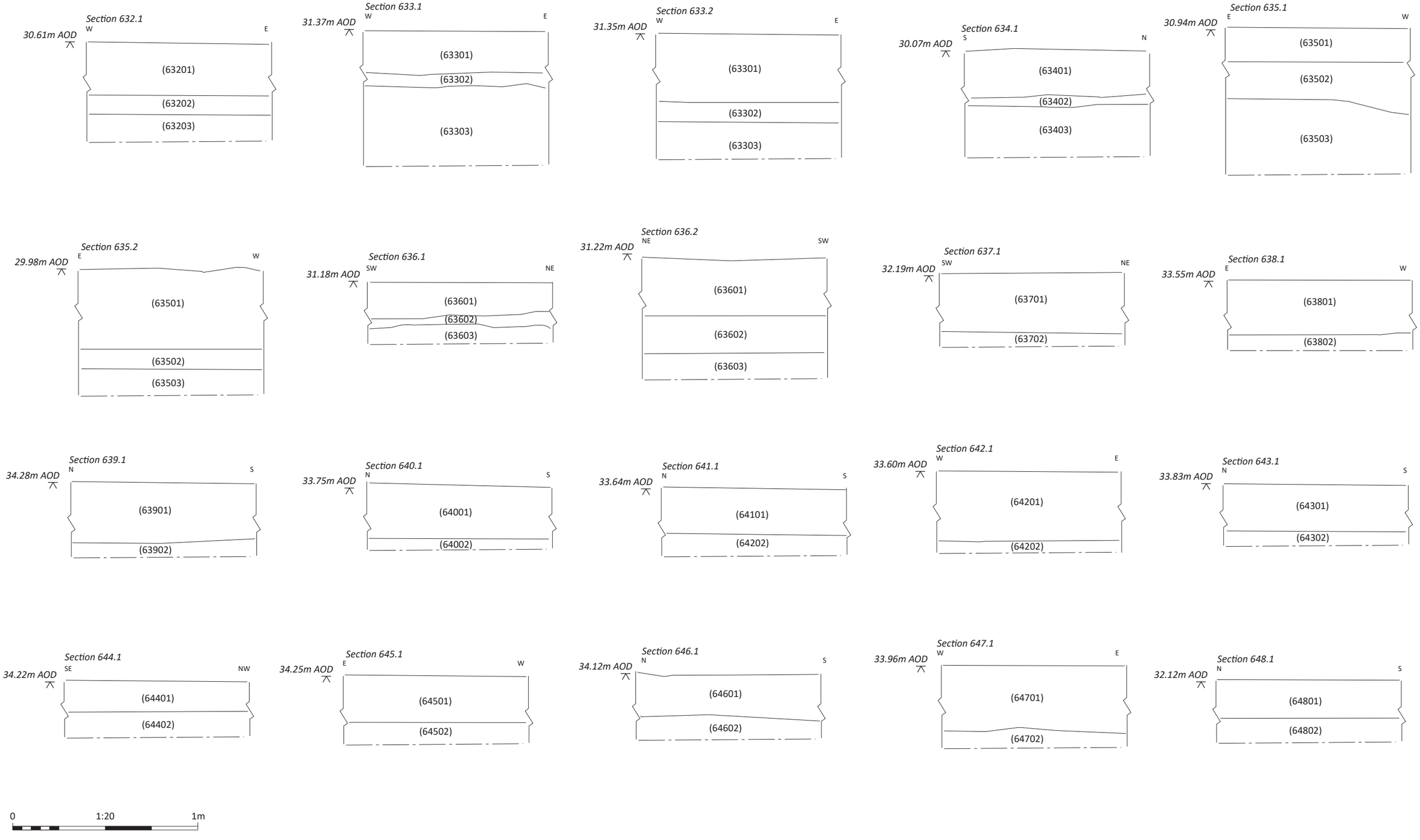
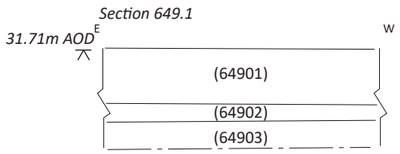
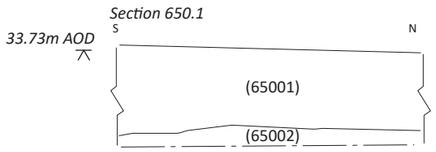


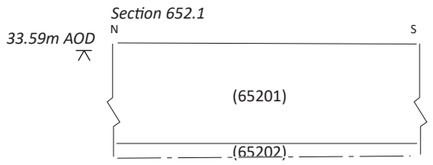
Figure 5.25: Area B28 & B29 Rep Sections

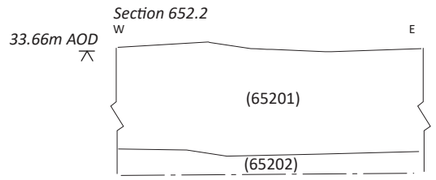
© AOC Archaeology Group 2026 | www.aocarchaeology.com

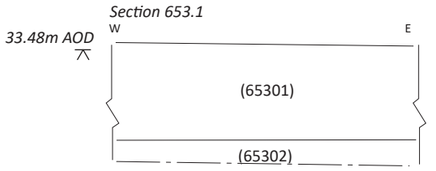
Area B28

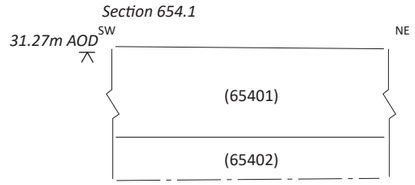


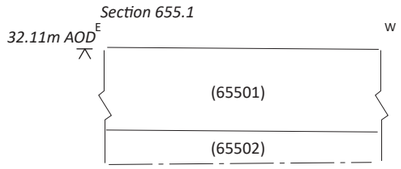


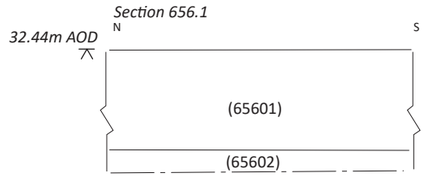


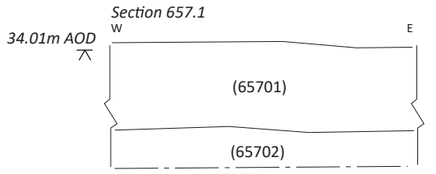


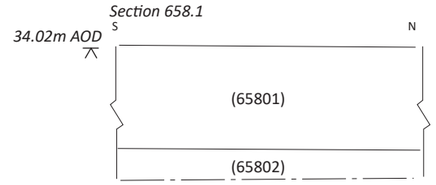


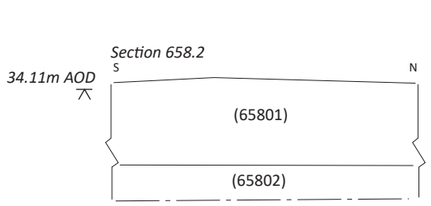


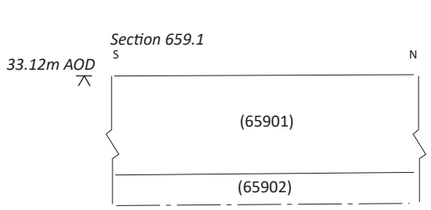


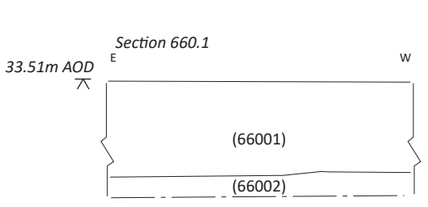


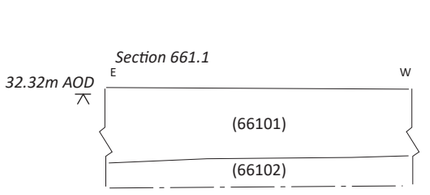


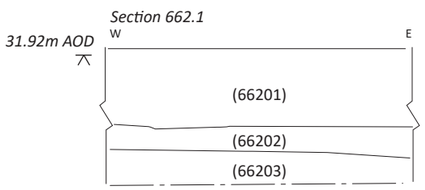


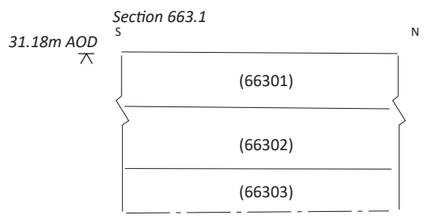




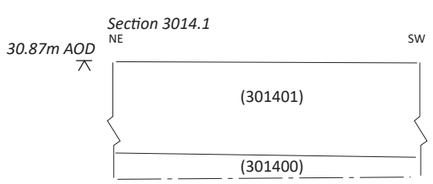


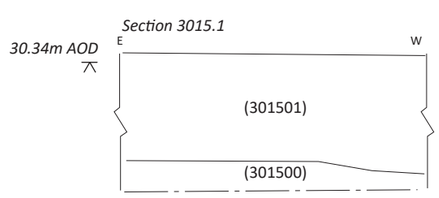






Area B29





0 1:20 1m

Figure 5.26: Area B28 & B29 Rep Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2026 | www.aocarchaeology.com

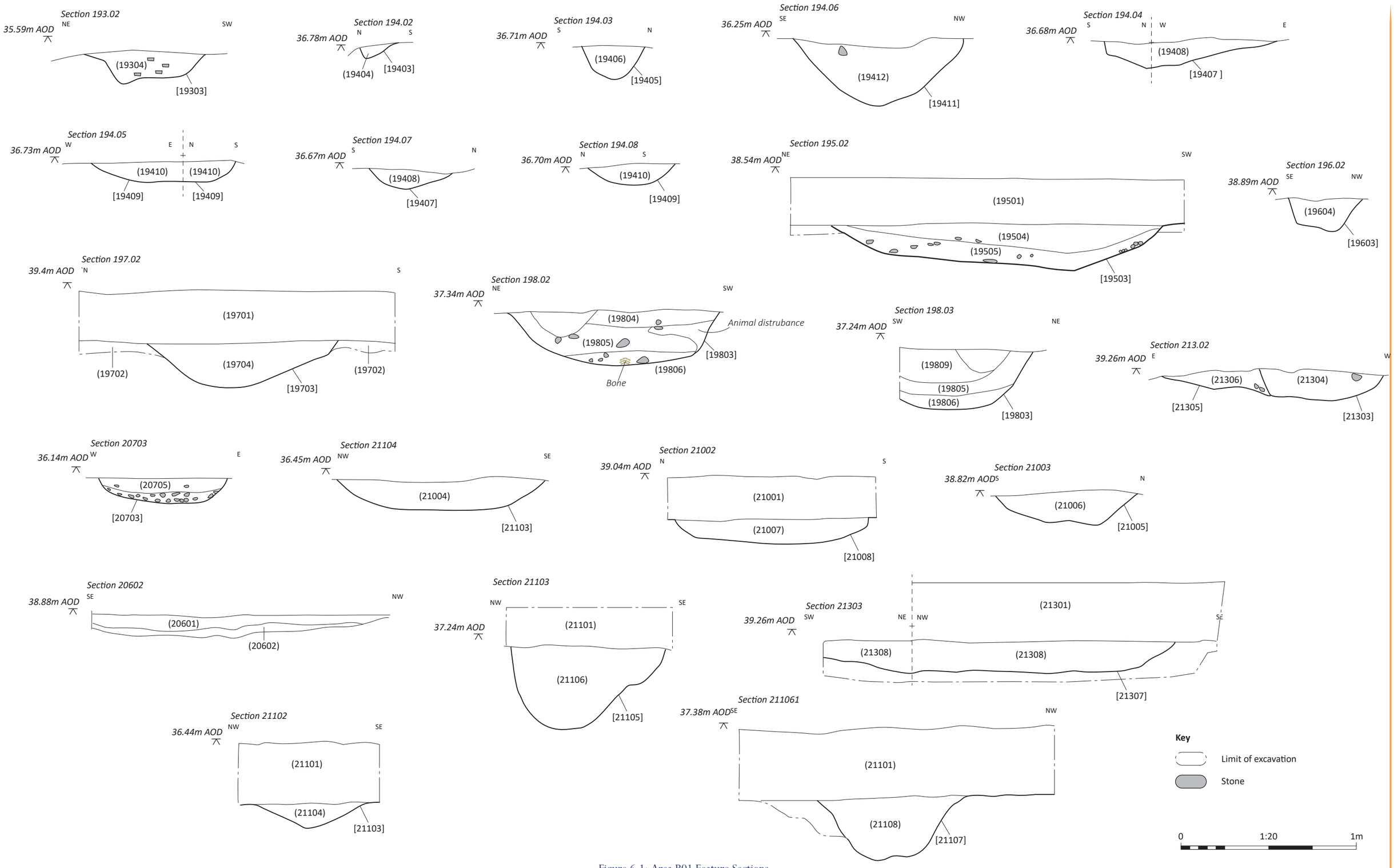
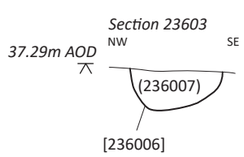
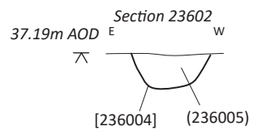
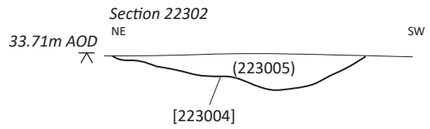


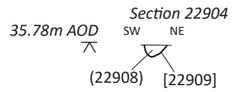
Figure 6.1: Area B01 Feature Sections

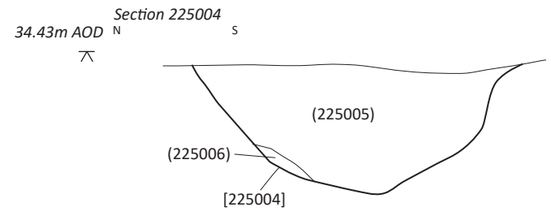
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

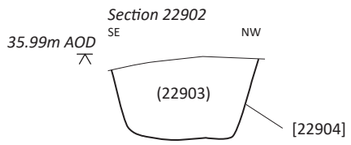




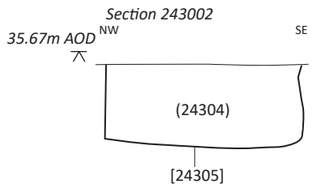


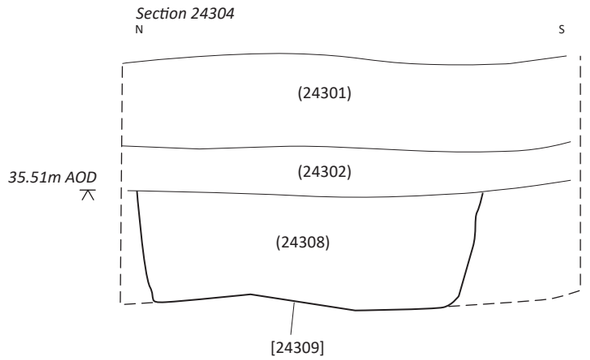


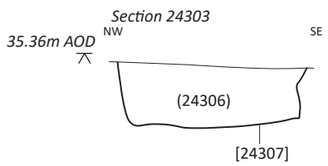




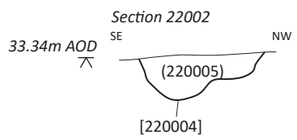












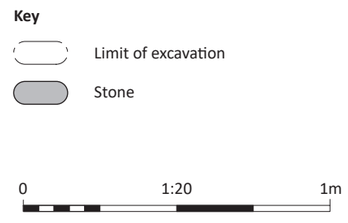
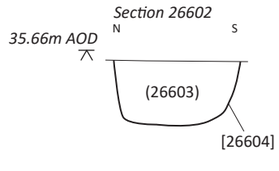
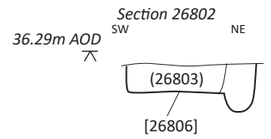
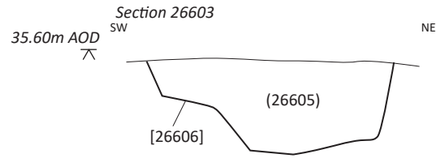


Figure 6.2: Area B02 Feature Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com







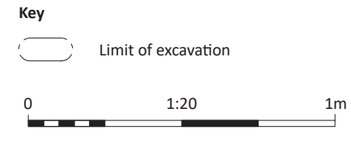
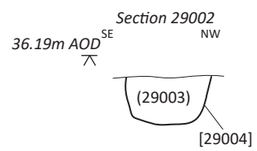
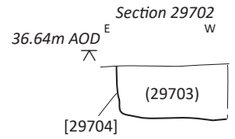
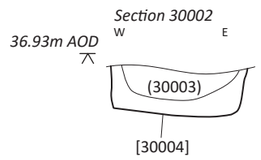


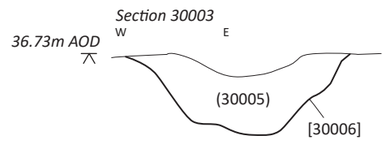
Figure 6.3 : Area B 04 Feature Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com









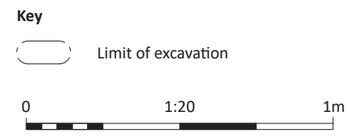


Figure 6.4: Area B 05 Feature Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

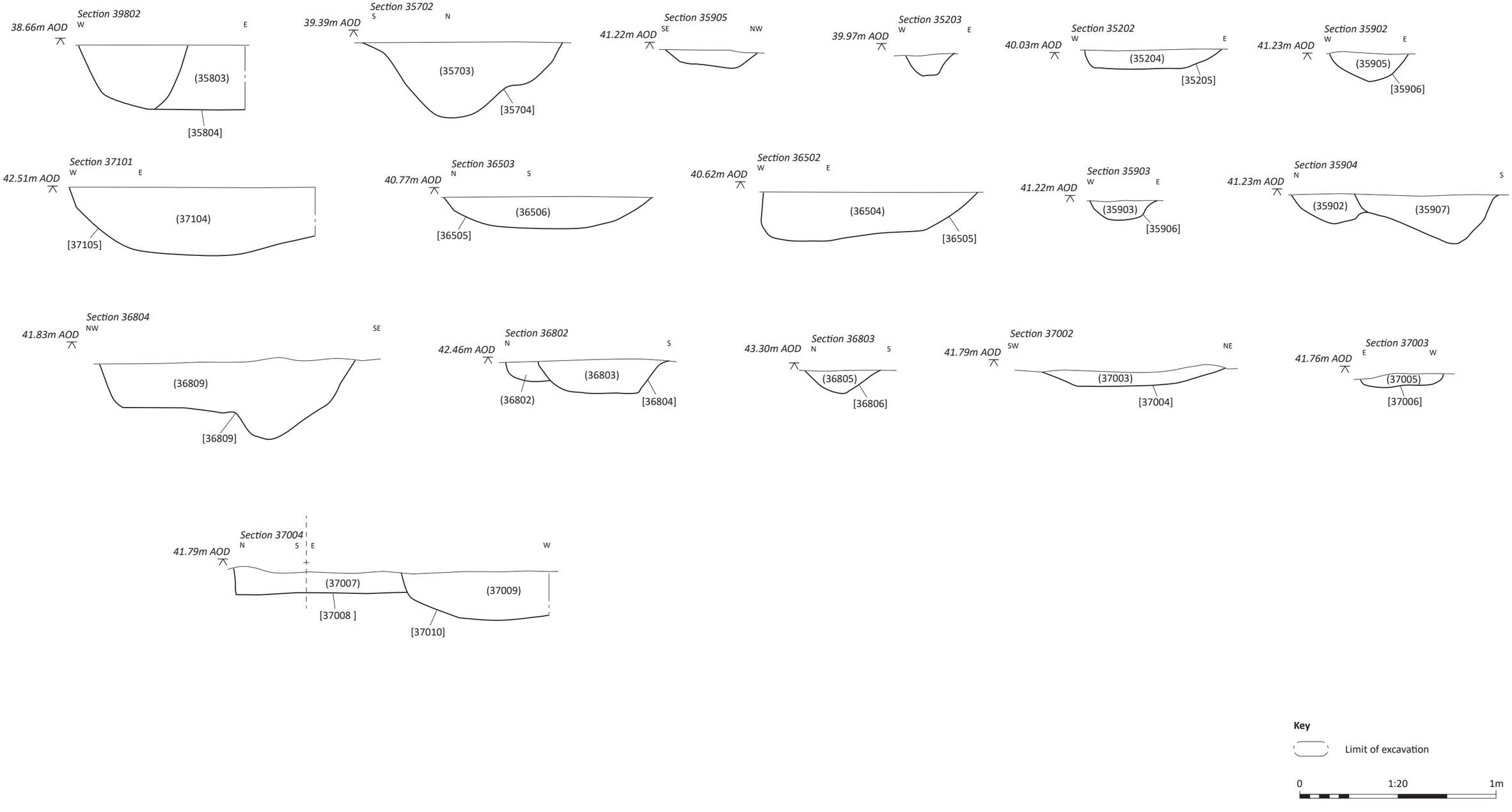
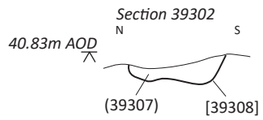
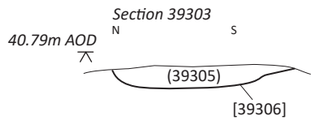
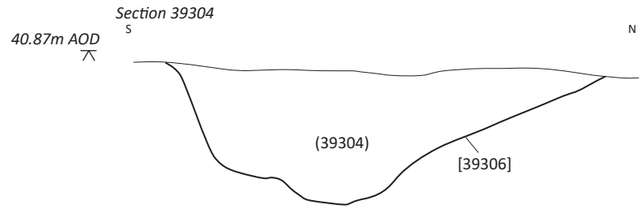


Figure 6.5: Areas B011 Feature Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com









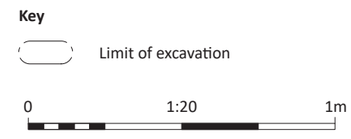
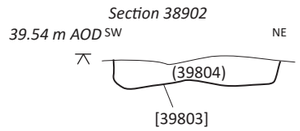
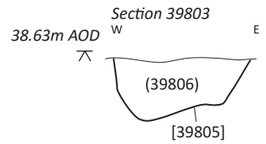
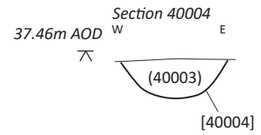


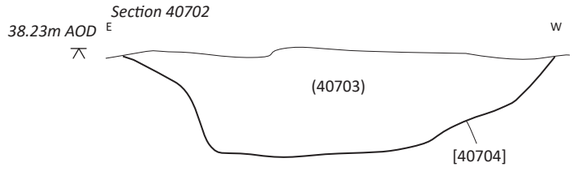
Figure 6.6: Area B012 Feature Sections

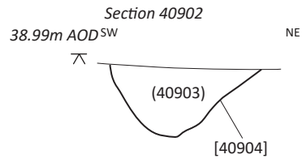
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

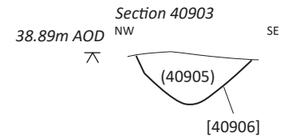












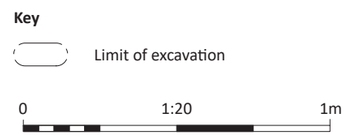


Figure 6.7: Area B013 Festure Sections

01/80210/REP/6.7/01

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

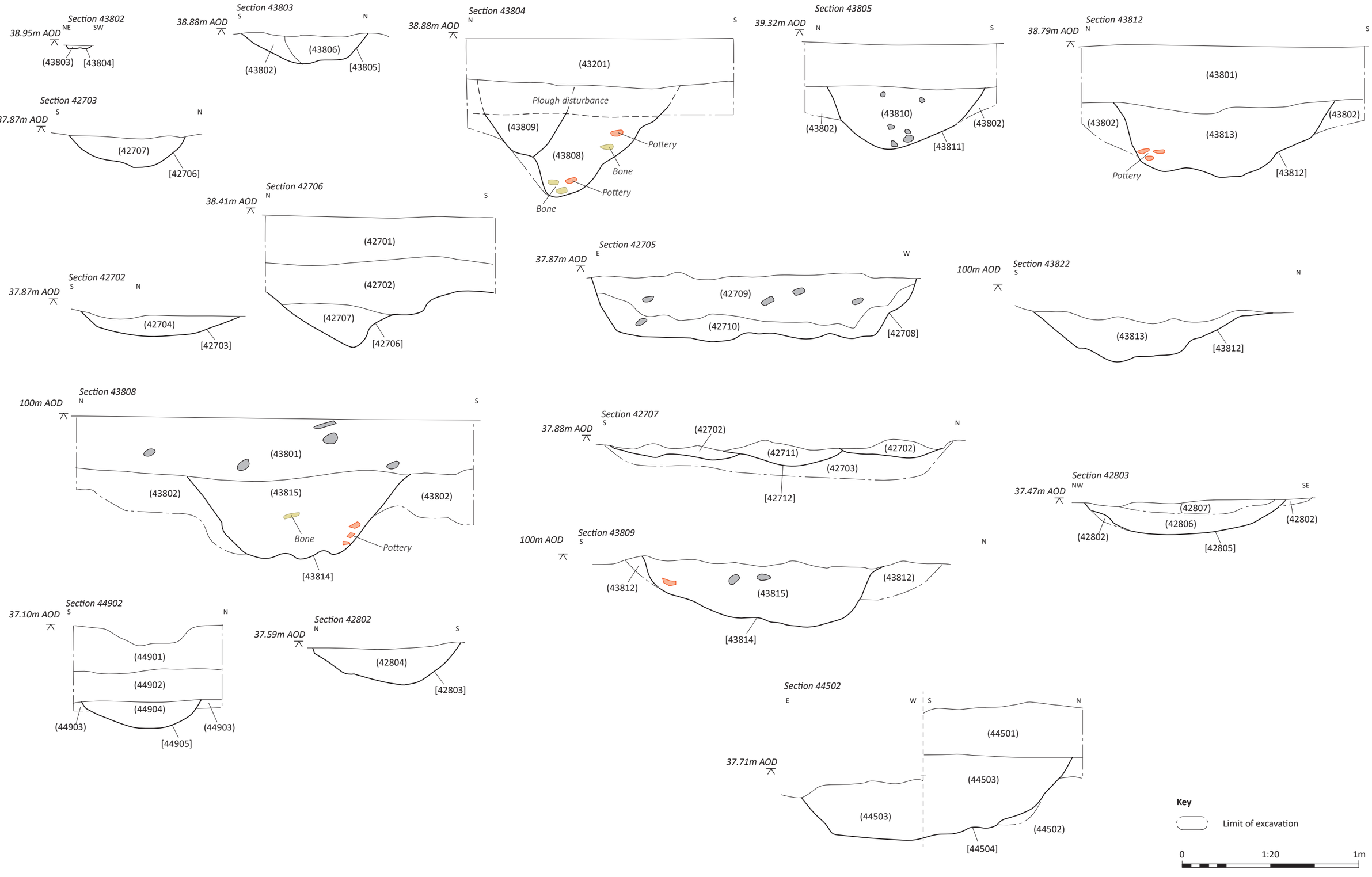
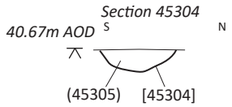
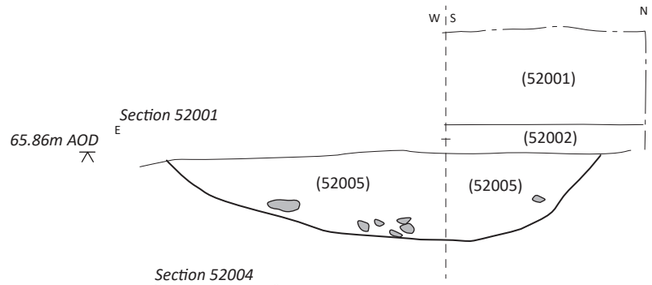


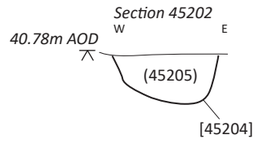
Figure 6.8: Area B014 Feature Sections

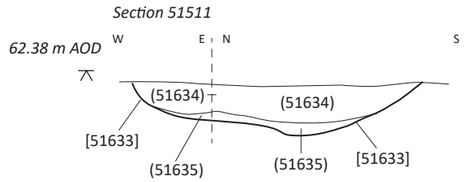
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

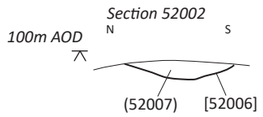


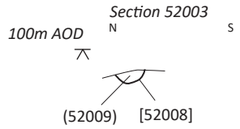


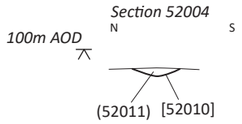


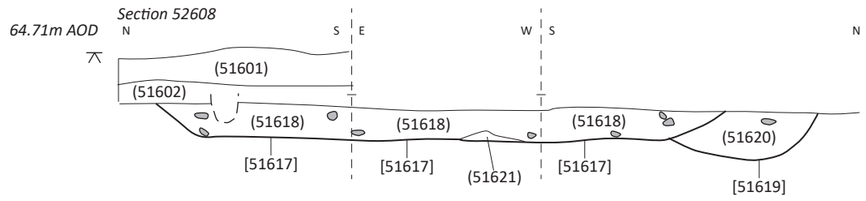


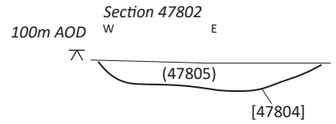


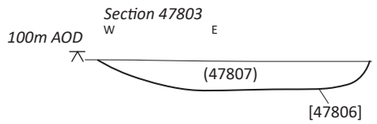






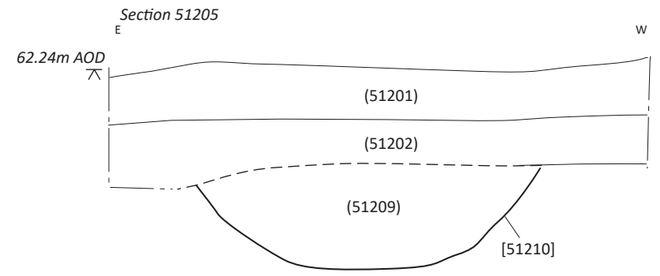


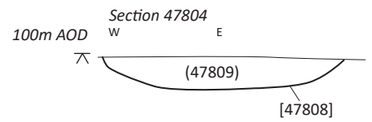


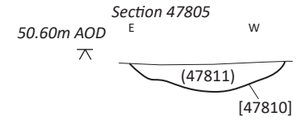


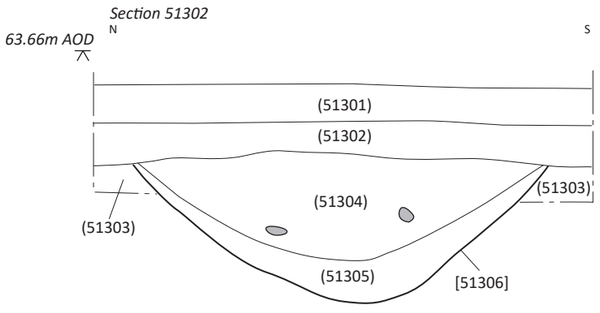


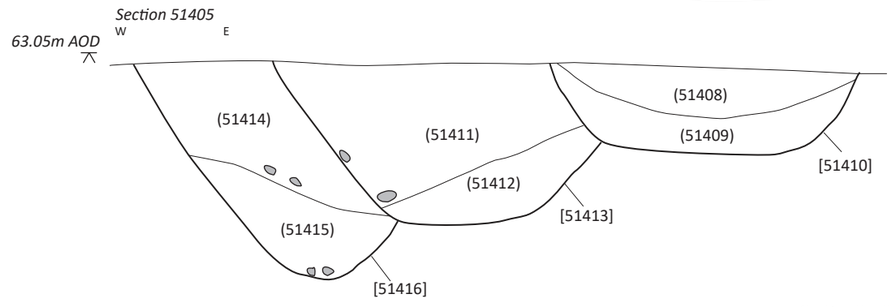


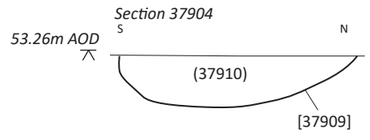


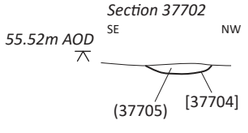


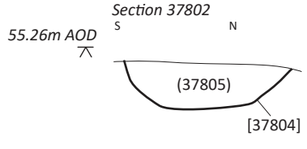


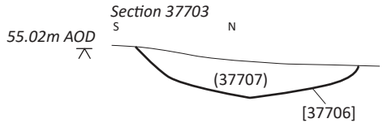


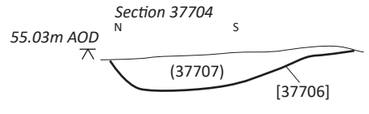


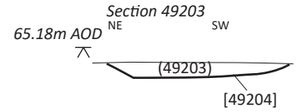


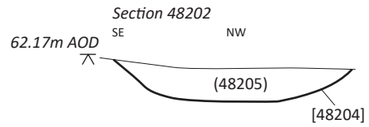












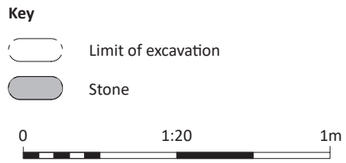


Figure 6.9: Area B015-20 Feature Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

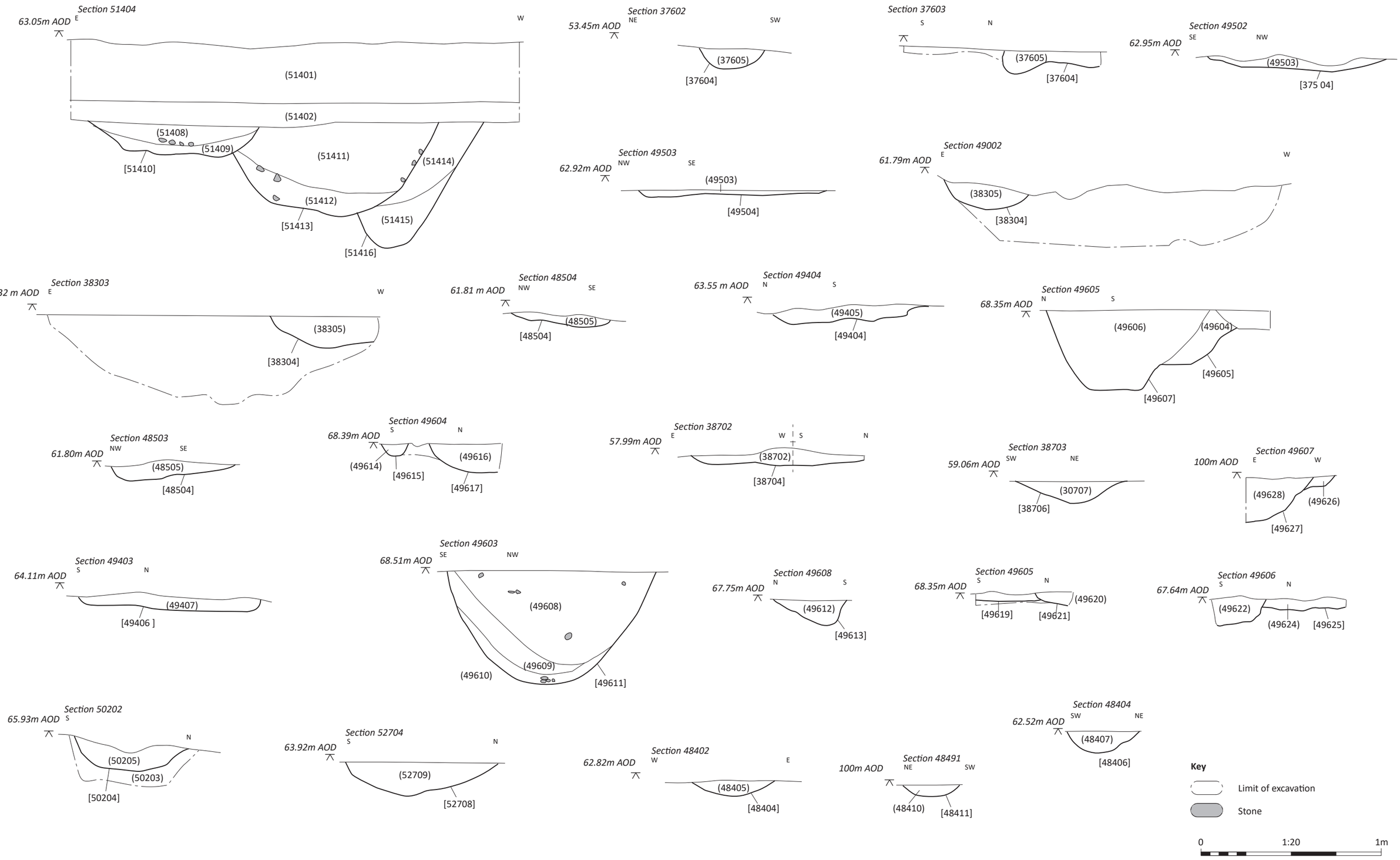


Figure 6.10: Area B015-20 Feature Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

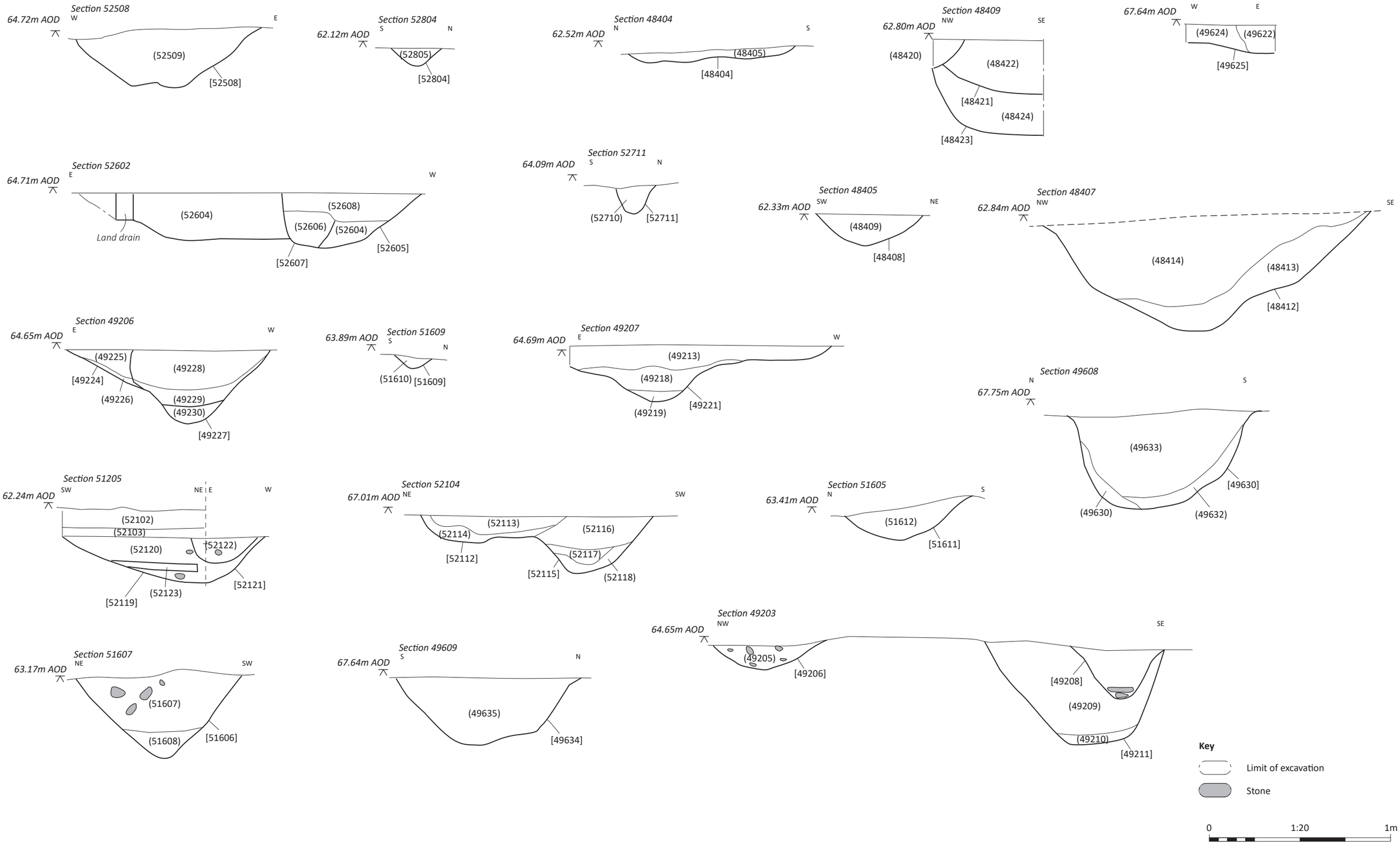
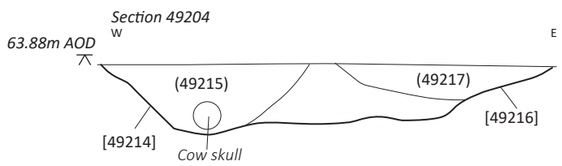


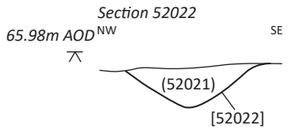
Figure 6.11: Area B015-20 Feature Sections

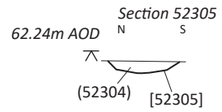
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

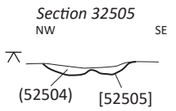


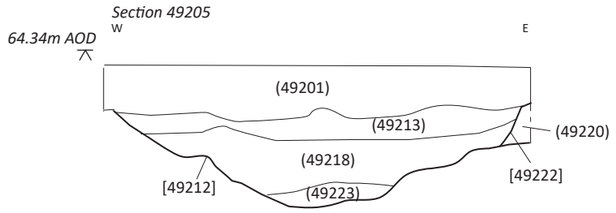


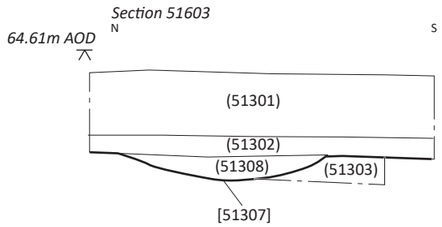


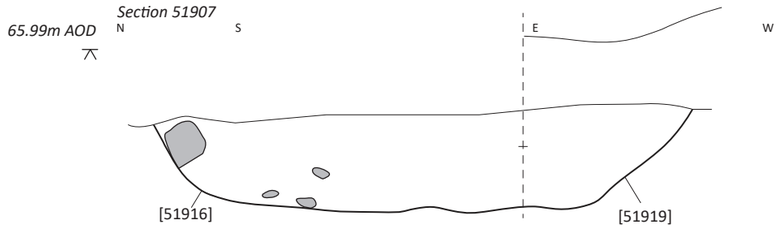


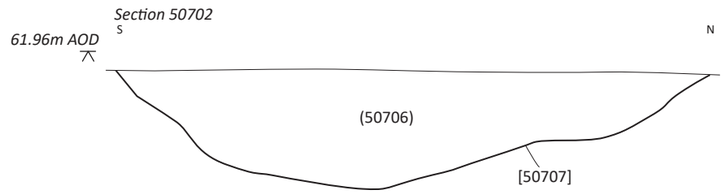


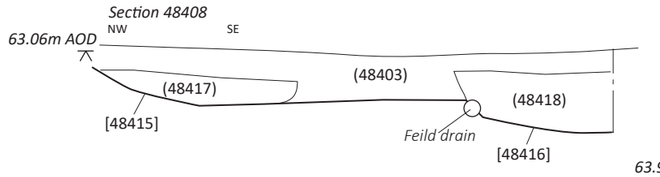






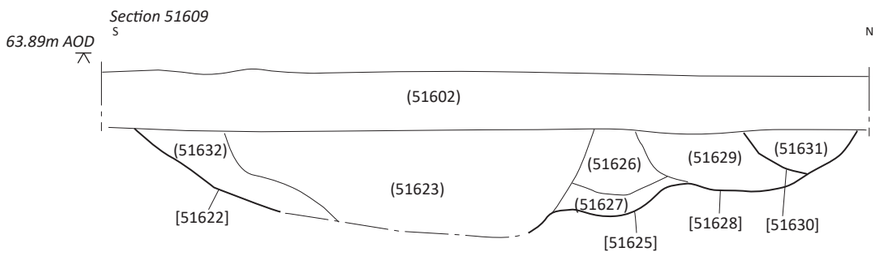


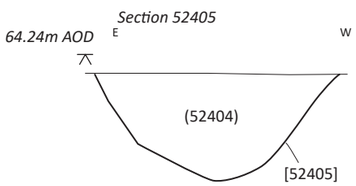


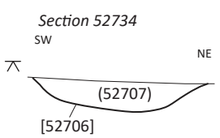


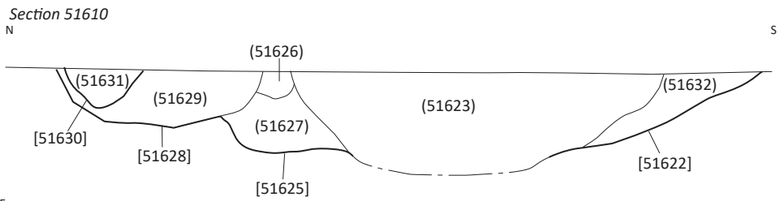




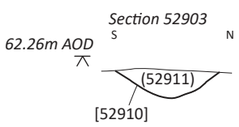


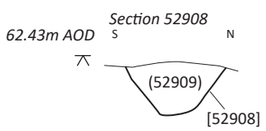


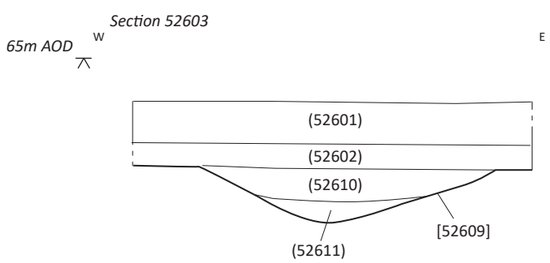


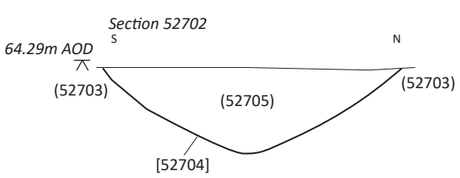


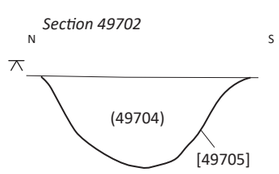












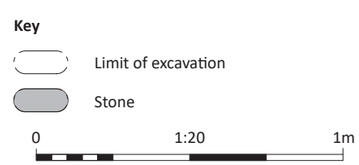
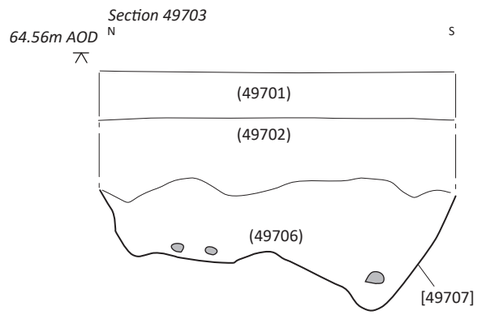
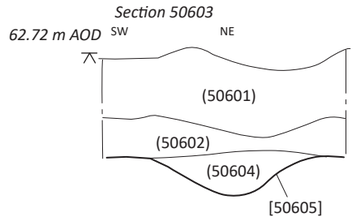
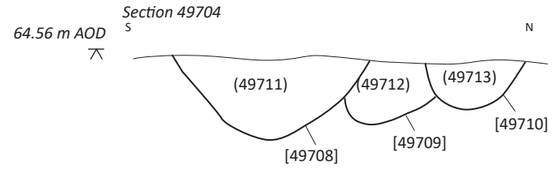


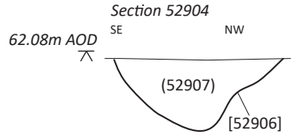
Figure 6.12: Area B015-20 Feature Sections

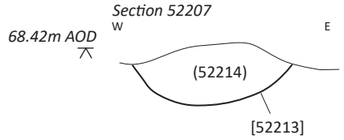
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

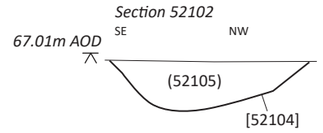


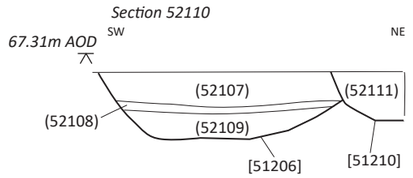


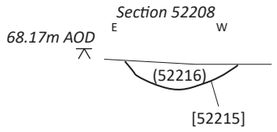


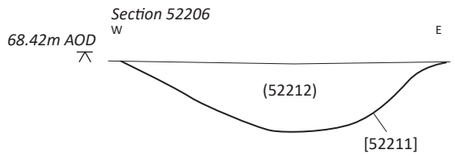


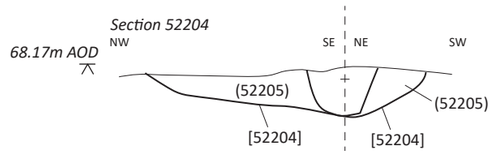




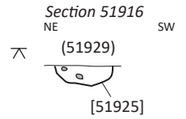




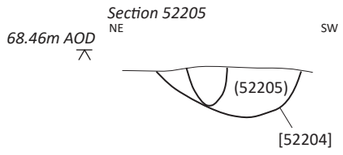


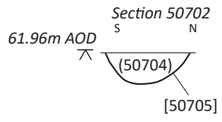


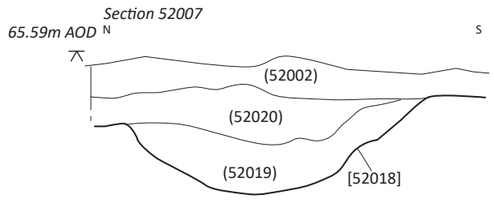


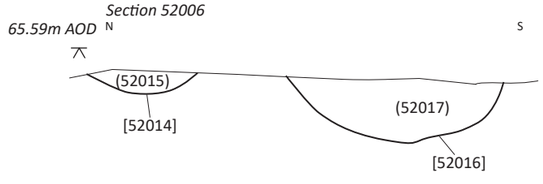


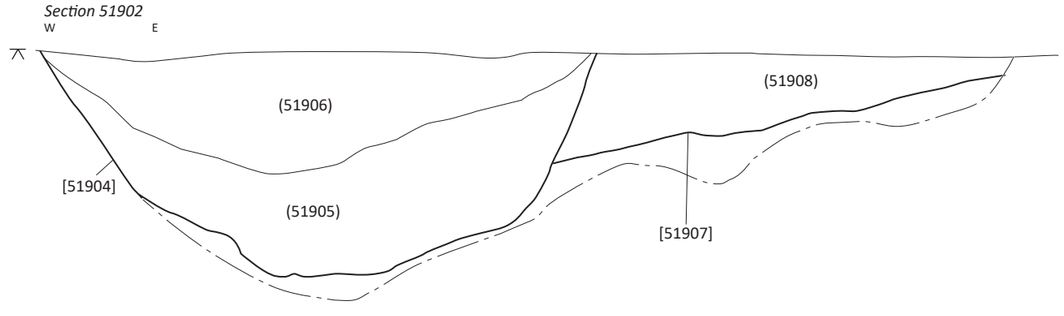


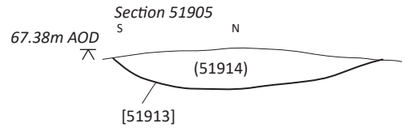


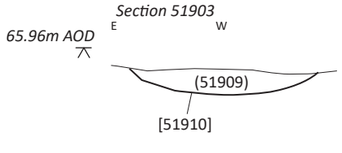


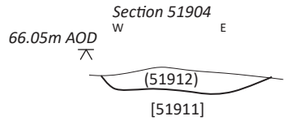












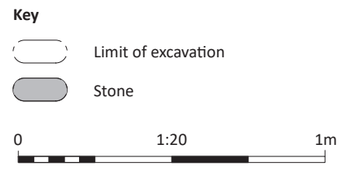
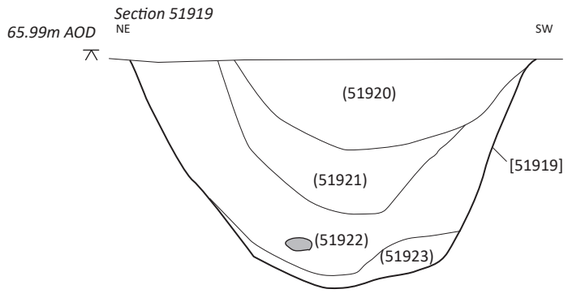
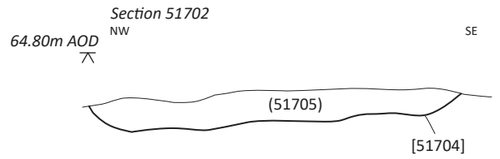


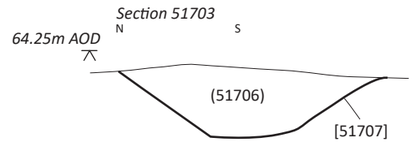
Figure 6.13: Area B015-20 Feature Sections

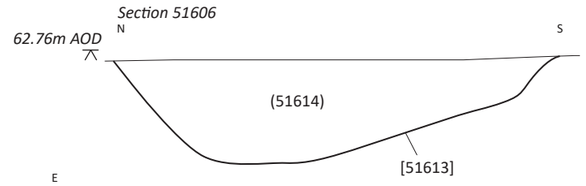
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

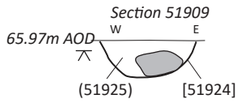


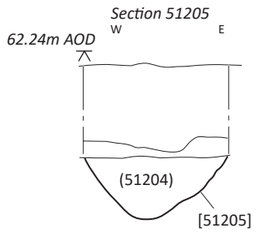


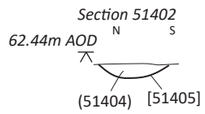


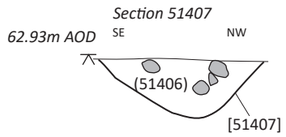


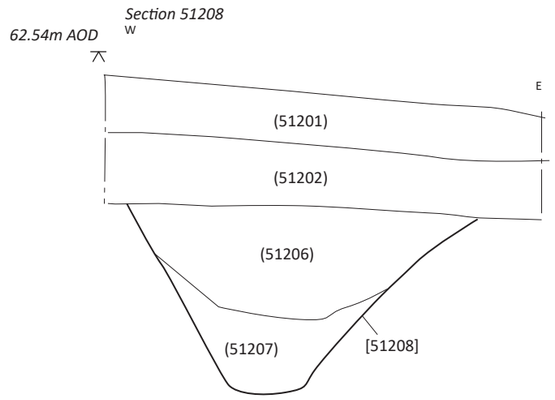


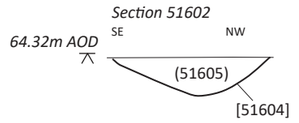


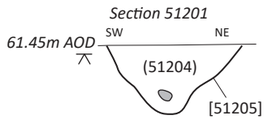


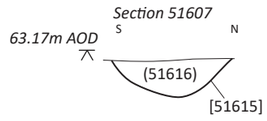


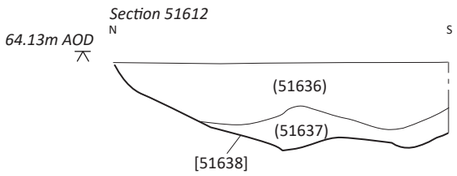












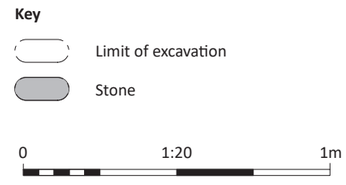
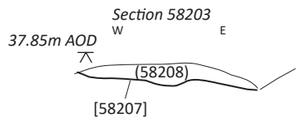


Figure 6.14: Area B015-20 Feature Sections

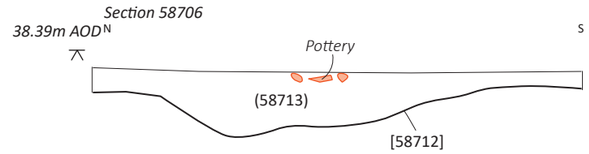
01/80210/REP/6.14/01

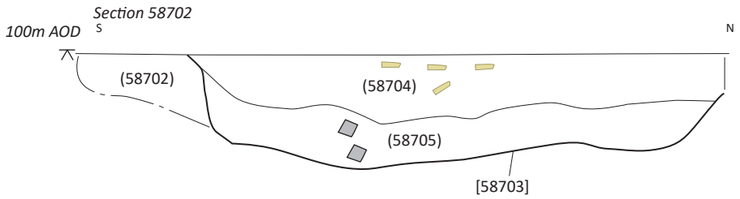
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

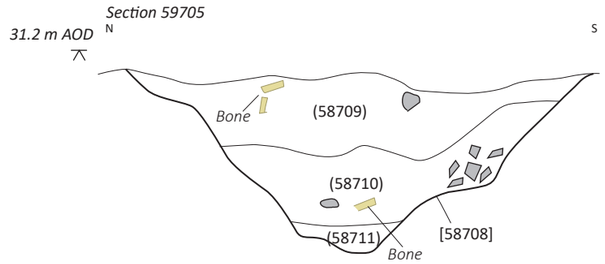


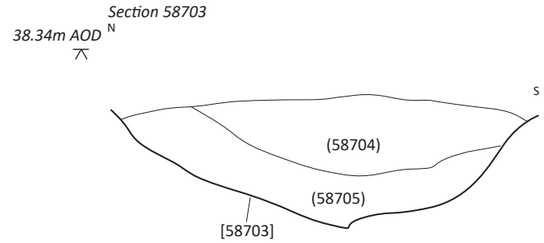


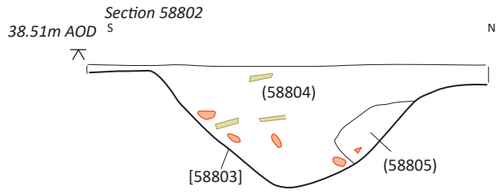


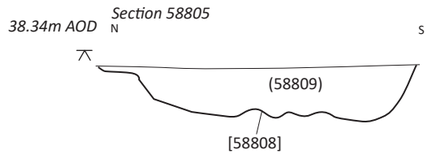


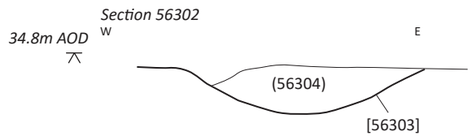


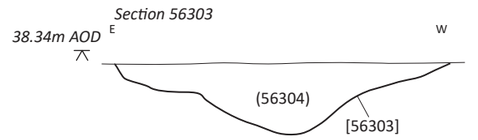


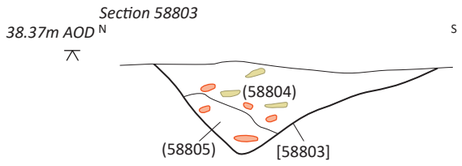


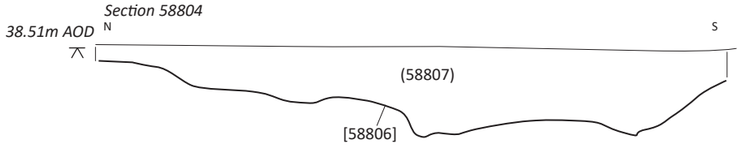




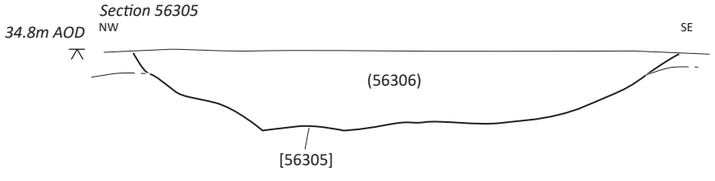


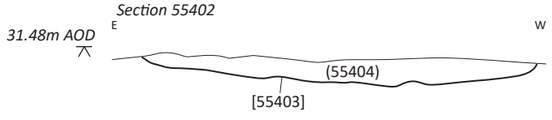


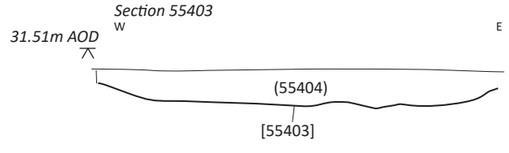














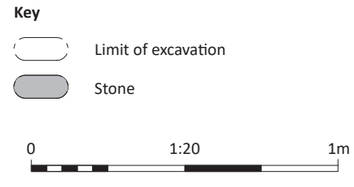
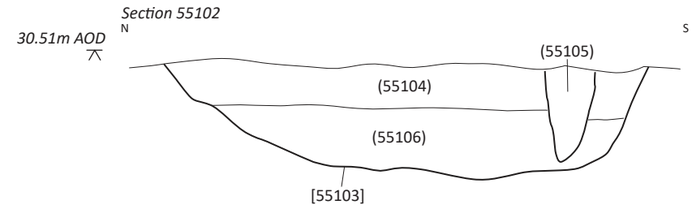
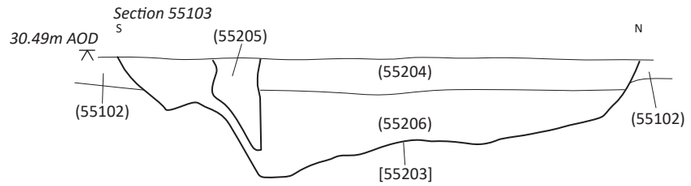
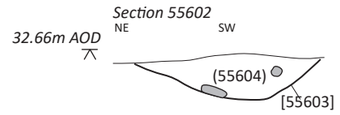


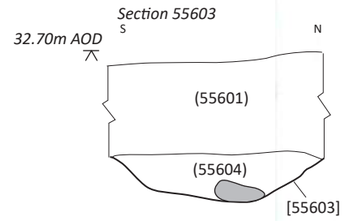
Figure 6.15: Area B021-25 Feature Sections

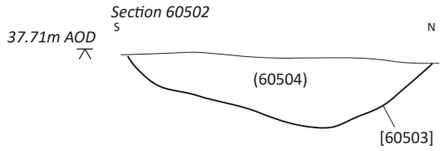
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

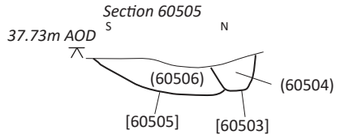


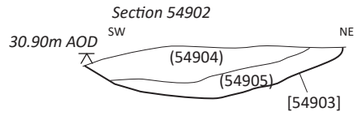


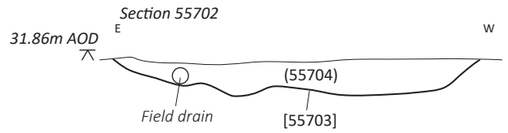


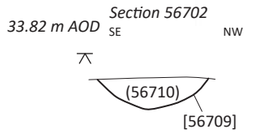


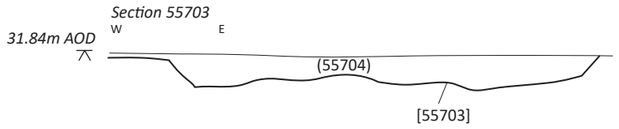


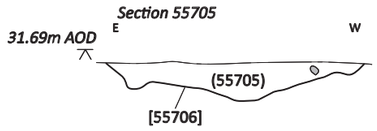


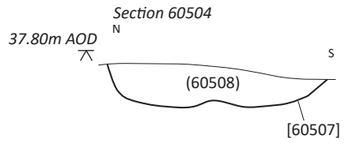




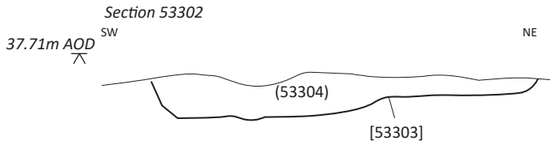


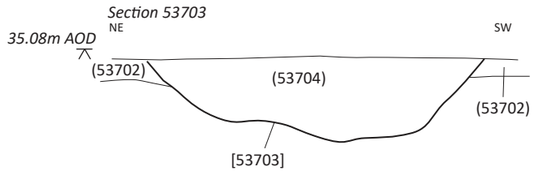


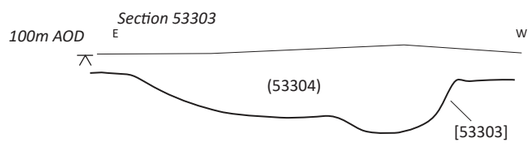


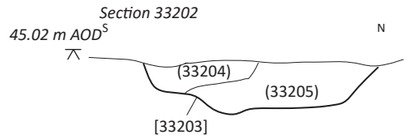




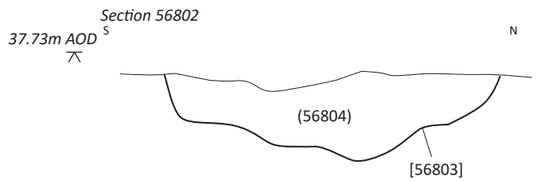




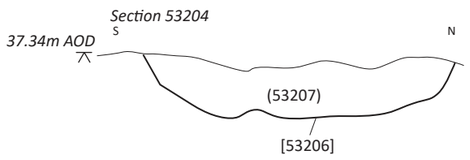


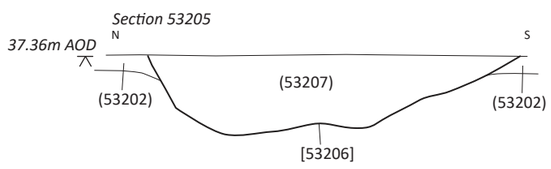












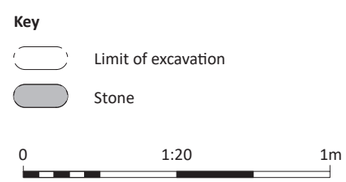


Figure 6.16: Area B021-25 Feature Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

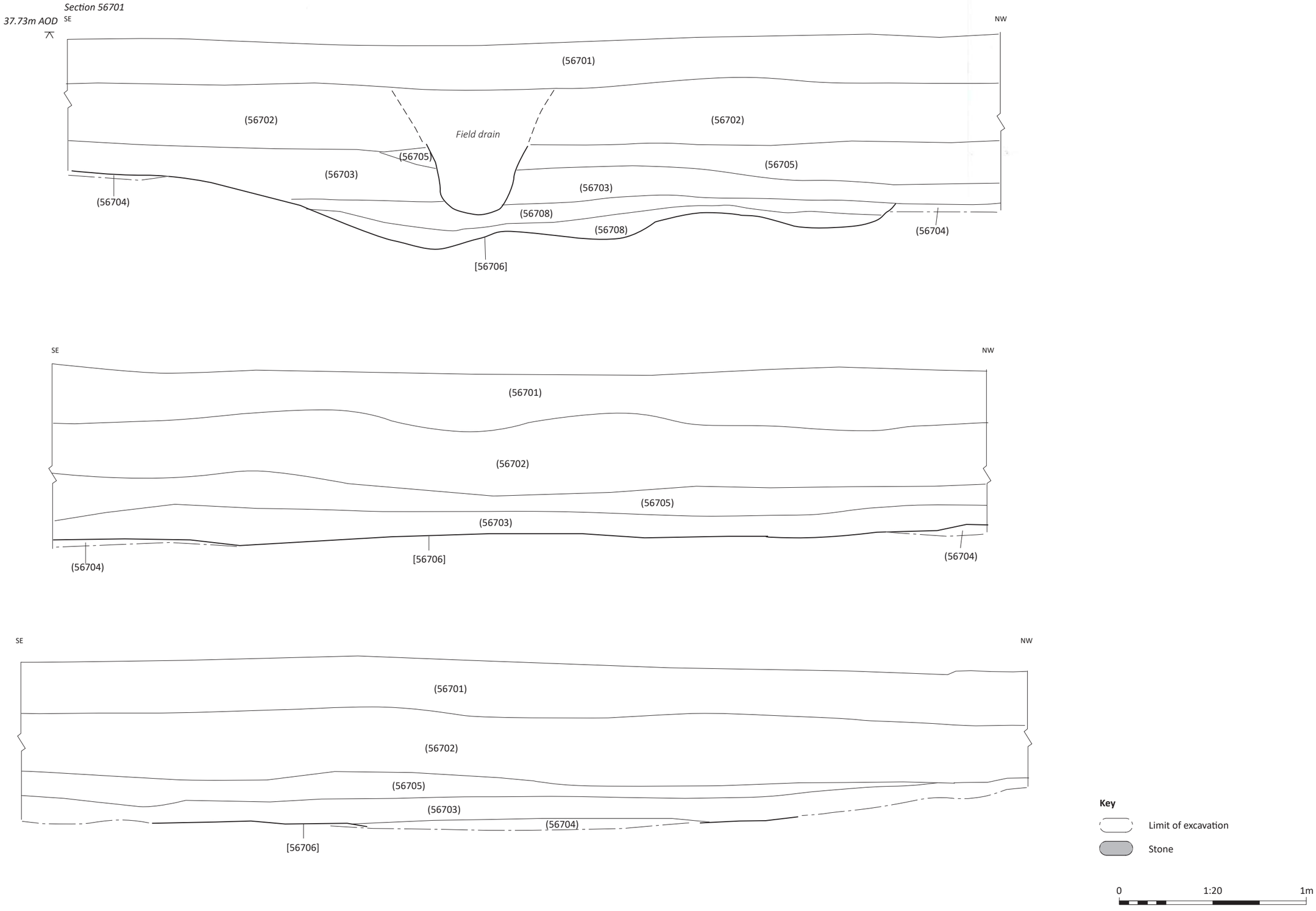
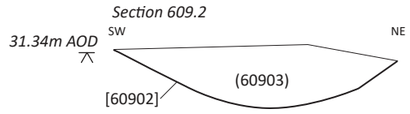


Figure 6.17: Area B021-25 Feature Sections

01/80210/REP/6.17/01

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com



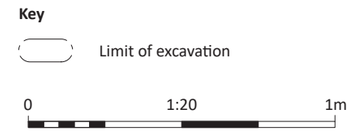


Figure 6.18: Area B026 Feature Sections

01/80210/REP/6.18/01

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

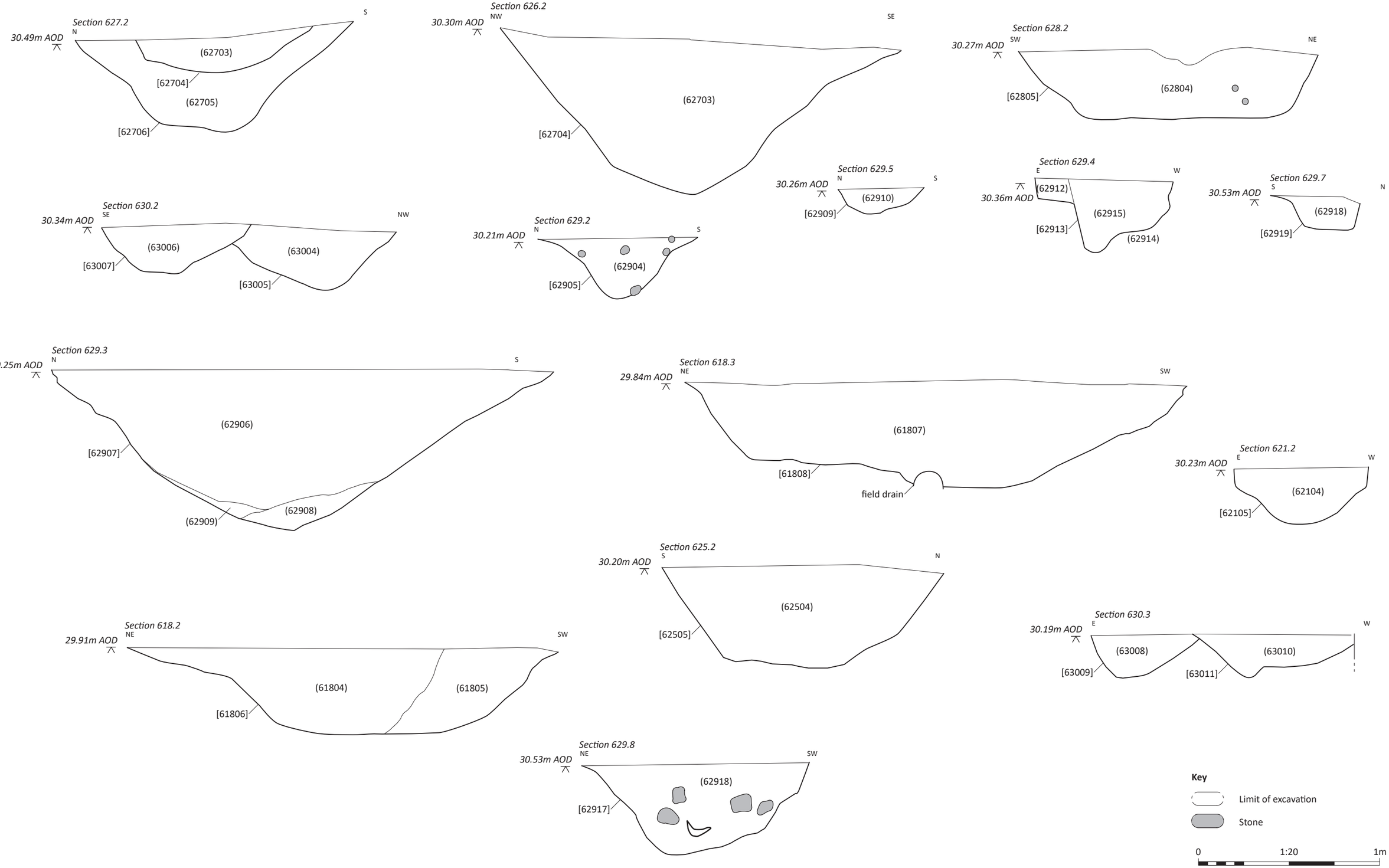
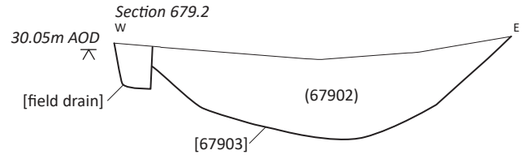


Figure 6.19: Area B027 Feature Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com



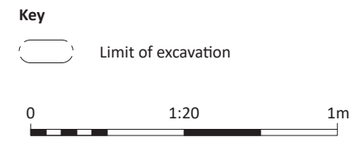
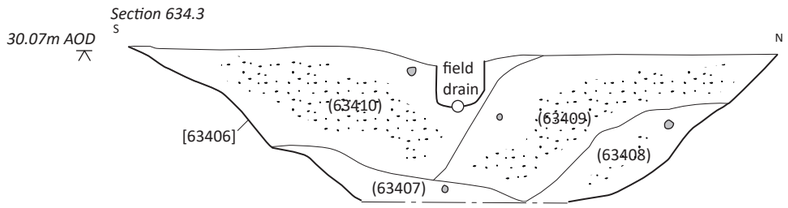


Figure 6.20 Area B0 30-31 Feature Sections

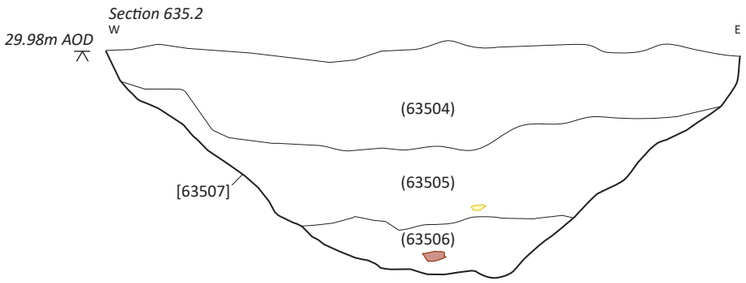
© AOC Archaeology Group 2025 | www.aocarchaeology.com

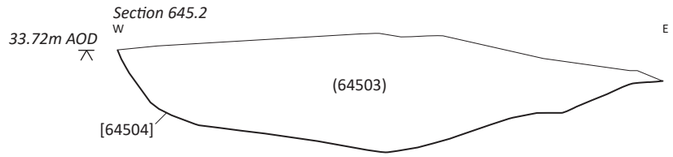
Area B28



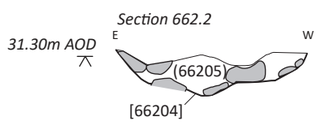


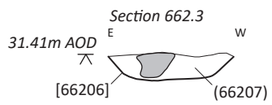






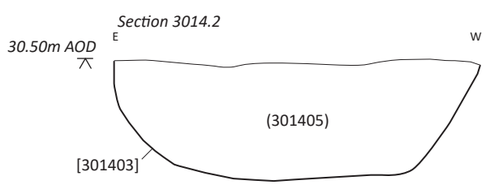


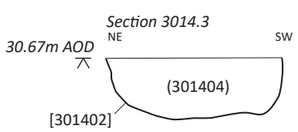






Area B29







0 1:20 1m

Figure 6.21: Area B28 & B29 Feature Sections

© AOC Archaeology Group 2026 | www.aocarchaeology.com







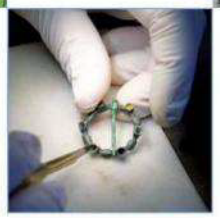












AOC Archaeology Group

www.aocarchaeology.com